OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED OCTOBER 21, 2024

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL, HEREIN DEFINED UNDER EXISTING LAW, INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, AND INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX ON INDIVIDUALS; HOWEVER, SUCH INTEREST IS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DETERMINING THE ANNUAL ADJUSTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT INCOME OF APPLICABLE CORPORATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX IMPOSED ON CORPORATIONS. SEE "TAX MATTERS" FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL.

The Bonds are **NOT** designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS – NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."

NEW ISSUE - Book Entry Only

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located within Williamson County) \$6,505,000

\$6,505,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2024

Dated: November 1, 2024
Interest Accrues: From the Date of Delivery

Due: October 1, as shown on inside cover

The \$6,505,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds"), are obligations of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the City of Georgetown, Texas; or any political subdivision or entity other than the District. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the City of Georgetown, Texas; nor any entity other than the District is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds.

Principal of the Bonds is payable upon presentation at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially, Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Houston, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are dated November 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date"), and will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about November 21, 2024 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable April 1, 2025, and each October 1 and April 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or redemption. Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check dated as of the Interest Payment Date and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar to registered owners ("Registered Owners") as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding each Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"). The Bonds are fully registered bonds in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which, in turn, will remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds as described herein. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System" herein for further information.

See "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on inside cover.

The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under an insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by **ASSURED GUARANTY INC.**



The Bonds are the fourth series of unlimited tax bonds to be issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing facilities necessary to provide water, sanitary sewer, and storm water drainage systems serving the District. When issued, the Bonds will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property within the District.

Investment in the Bonds is subject to certain Investment Considerations as described herein. Prospective purchasers should review this entire Official Statement, including particularly the section of this Official Statement entitled "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS," before making an investment decision. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered subject to prior sale, when, as, and if issued by the District and accepted by the winning bidder for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser"), subject to the approval of the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the District by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas, as Disclosure Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds is expected on or about November 21, 2024.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS

\$6,505,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024

\$6,085,000 Serial Bonds

Maturity (October 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 97002R (b)	Maturity (October 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 97002R (b)
2026	\$125,000	6.500%	3.150%	HS6	2041 (c)	\$235,000	4.000%	4.120%	JH8
2027	130,000	6.500%	3.150%	HT4	2042 (c)	245,000	4.000%	4.150%	JJ4
2028	135,000	6.500%	3.150%	HU1	2043 (c)	255,000	4.000%	4.170%	JK1
2029	140,000	6.500%	3.200%	HV9	2044 (c)	265,000	4.000%	4.190%	JL9
2030	150,000	6.500%	3.250%	HW7	2045 (c)	275,000	4.000%	4.210%	JM7
2031 (c)	155,000	6.125%	3.300%	HX5	2046 (c)	290,000	4.125%	4.230%	JN5
2032 (c)	160,000	4.000%	3.450%	НҮ3	2047 (c)	300,000	4.125%	4.240%	JP0
2033 (c)	165,000	4.000%	3.500%	HZ0	2048 (c)	315,000	4.125%	4.250%	JQ8
2034 (c)	175,000	4.000%	3.600%	JA3	2049 (c)	325,000	4.125%	4.260%	JR6
2035 (c)	180,000	4.000%	3.700%	JB1	2050 (c)	340,000	4.125%	4.270%	JS4
2036 (c)	190,000	4.000%	3.800%	JC9	2051 (c)	355,000	4.125%	4.280%	JT2
2037 (c)	200,000	4.000%	3.900%	JD7	2052 (c)	370,000	4.125%	4.290%	JU9
***	***	***	***	***	2053 (c)	385,000	4.125%	4.300%	JV7
2040 (c)	225,000	4.000%	4.090%	JG0					

\$420,000 Term Bonds

\$420,000 Term Bond Due October 1, 2039 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000% (Price: \$100.000) (a), CUSIP No. 97002R JF2 (b)

⁽a) Information with respect to the initial reoffering yields of the Bonds is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser (defined below). Initial reoffering yields represent the initial offering price, which may be changed for subsequent purchasers. The initial yield indicated above represents the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date.

⁽b) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by FactSet Research Systems Inc. on behalf of the American Bankers Association and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the Bonds.

⁽c) Bonds maturing on October 1, 2031, and thereafter, shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2030, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – Optional *Redemption*."

⁽d) Subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption by lot or other customary method of random selection on October 1 in the years and in the amounts set forth under "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – Mandatory Redemption."

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized to give any information, or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District or the Initial Purchaser.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audited financial statements, engineering and other related reports set forth in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Bond Counsel, for further information.

The Financial Advisor (herein defined) has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibility to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

This Official Statement is not to be used in connection with an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Assured Guaranty Inc. ("AG") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AG has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AG supplied by AG and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B – Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy."

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. The District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and to the extent such information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this Official Statement, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating of Official Statement" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this final official statement for any purposes.

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INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") of its \$6,505,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; an election held within the District on November 5, 2019; a resolution (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board"); and an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ").

This Official Statement also includes information about the District and certain reports and other statistical data. The summaries and references to all documents, statutes, reports and other instruments referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and each summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document, statute, report, or instrument.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate to the District, which was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds bearing the interest rates shown under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" at a price of 97.001949% of the par value, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 4.315882%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code.

Prices and Marketability

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sale, dated August 9, 2024, the District has no control over the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds or over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the date of delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public or held at initial offering prices. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bondhouse, broker, or similar person acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sale, the prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities

acts of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

Delivery of Official Statements

The District shall furnish to the Initial Purchaser (and to each participating underwriter of the Bonds, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(a), designated by the Initial Purchaser), within seven (7) business days after the sale date, the aggregate number of Official Statements agreed upon between the District and the Initial Purchaser. The District also shall furnish to the Initial Purchaser a like number of any supplements or amendments approved and authorized for distribution by the District for dissemination to potential underwriters of the Bonds, as well as such additional copies of the Official Statement or any such supplements or amendments as the Initial Purchaser may reasonably request prior to the 90th day after the end of the underwriting period described in SEC Rule 15c2-12(f)(2). The District shall pay the expense of preparing the number of copies of the Official Statement agreed upon between the District and the Initial Purchaser and an equal number of any supplements or amendments issued on or before the delivery date, but the Initial Purchaser shall pay for all other copies of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Assured Guaranty Inc. ("AG") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy (the "Policy") for the Bonds. The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as an appendix to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, Maryland, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Assured Guaranty Inc.

AG is a Maryland domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an indirect subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Ltd. ("AGL" and together with its subsidiaries, "Assured Guaranty"), a Bermuda-based holding company whose shares are publicly traded and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AGO." AGL, through its subsidiaries, provides credit enhancement products to the U.S. and non-U.S. public finance (including infrastructure) and structured finance markets and participates in the asset management business through ownership interests in Sound Point Capital Management, LP and certain of its investment management affiliates. Only AG is obligated to pay claims under the insurance policies AG has issued, and not AGL or any of its shareholders or other affiliates.

AG's financial strength is rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), "AA+" (stable outlook) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. ("KBRA") and "A1" (stable outlook) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). Each rating of AG should be evaluated independently. An explanation of the significance of the above ratings may be obtained from the applicable rating agency. The above ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and such ratings are subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies, including withdrawal initiated at the request of AG in its sole discretion. In addition, the rating agencies may at any time change AG's long-term rating outlooks or place such ratings on a watch list for possible downgrade in the near term. Any downward revision or withdrawal of any of the above ratings, the assignment of a negative outlook to such ratings or the placement of such ratings on a negative watch list may have an adverse effect on the market price of any security guaranteed by AG only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of bonds insured by AG on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the relevant insurance policy), and does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the securities it insures, nor does it guarantee that the ratings on such securities will not be revised or withdrawn.

Merger of Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. Into Assured Guaranty Inc.

On August 1, 2024, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp., a New York domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an affiliate of AG ("AGM"), merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company (such transaction, the "Merger"). Upon the Merger, all liabilities of AGM, including insurance policies issued or assumed by AGM, became obligations of AG.

Current Financial Strength Ratings

On October 18, 2024, KBRA announced it had affirmed AG's insurance financial strength rating of "AA+" (stable outlook).

On July 10, 2024, Moody's, following Assured Guaranty's announcement of the Merger, announced that it had affirmed AG's insurance financial strength rating of "A1" (stable outlook).

On May 28, 2024, S&P announced it had affirmed AG's financial strength rating of "AA" (stable outlook). On August 1, 2024, S&P stated that following the Merger, there is no change in AG's financial strength rating of "AA" (stable outlook).

AG can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that S&P, Moody's and/or KBRA may take. For more information regarding AG's financial strength ratings and the risks relating thereto, see AGL's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Capitalization of AG, AGM and Pro Forma Combined AG

As of June 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

	AG <u>(Actual)</u>	AGM <u>(Actual)</u>	AG (Pro Forma Combined)
Policyholders' surplus	\$1,649	\$2,599	\$3,960(1)
Contingency reserve	\$421	\$910	\$1,331
Net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income	\$355	\$2,078 ⁽²⁾	\$2,433(2)

⁽¹⁾ Net of intercompany eliminations.

The policyholders' surplus, contingency reserves, and net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AG, AGM, and the pro forma combined AG were determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGUK and AGE were determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

⁽²⁾ Such amount includes (i) 100% of the net unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM or proforma combined AG, as applicable, and (ii) the net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of Assured Guaranty UK Limited ("AGUK") and its 99.9999% owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty (Europe) SA ("AGE").

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

Portions of the following documents filed by AGL with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that relate to AG and AGM are incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 (filed by AGL with the SEC on February 28, 2024);
- (ii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024 (filed by AGL with the SEC on May 8, 2024); and
- (iii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024 (filed by AGL with the SEC on August 8, 2024).

All information relating to AG and AGM included in, or as exhibits to, documents filed by AGL with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, excluding Current Reports or portions thereof "furnished" under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, after the filing of the last document referred to above and before the termination of the offering of the Bonds shall be deemed incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing such documents. Copies of materials incorporated by reference are available over the internet at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov, at AGL's website at http://www.assuredguaranty.com, or will be provided upon request to Assured Guaranty Inc.: 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Communications Department (telephone (212) 974-0100). Except for the information referred to above, no information available on or through AGL's website shall be deemed to be part of or incorporated in this Official Statement.

Any information regarding AG and AGM included herein under the caption "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE – **Assured Guaranty Inc.**" or included in a document incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "AG Information") shall be modified or superseded to the extent that any subsequently included AG Information (either directly or through incorporation by reference) modifies or supersedes such previously included AG Information. Any AG Information so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this Official Statement, except as so modified or superseded.

Miscellaneous Matters

AG makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AG has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AG supplied by AG and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE".

RATINGS

The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) from S&P solely in reliance upon the issuance and delivery of the Bond Insurance Policy by the Insurer at the time of delivery of the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings of S&P may only be obtained from S&P. S&P is located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone number (212) 208-8000 and has engaged in providing ratings for corporate bonds since 1923 and municipal bonds since 1940. Long-term debt ratings assigned by S&P reflect its analysis of the overall level of credit risk involved in financings. At present, S&P assigns long-term debt ratings with symbols "AAA" (the highest rating) through "D" (the lowest rating). The ratings express only the view of S&P at the time the ratings are given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "A1" (stable outlook) from Moody's solely in reliance upon the issuance and delivery of the Bond Insurance Policy by the Insurer at the time of delivery of the Bonds. Moody's has assigned an underlying rating of "Baa3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings may be obtained from Moody's, 7 World Trade Center at 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007.

Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by Moody's, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.
The District is not aware of any rating assigned to the Bonds other than the ratings discussed above.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is a summary of certain information contained herein and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with the more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of this entire Official Statement and of the documents summarized or described herein.

THE BONDS

The District	Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located in Williamson County, Texas. See "THE DISTRICT."
The Bonds	"Bonds"), are dated November 1, 2024, and mature on October 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth on the inside cover page hereof. The Bonds are dated November 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date"), and will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about November 21, 2024 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable April 1, 2025, and each October 1 and April 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or redemption. See "THE BONDS."
Redemption of the Bonds	The Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2031, are subject to redemption, in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2030, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – <i>Optional Redemption</i> ."
	The Bonds maturing on October 1, 2026, through October 1, 2037, both inclusive, and October 1, 2040, through October 1, 2053, both inclusive, are serial bonds. The Bond maturing on October 1 in the year 2039 is a term bond (the "Term Bond") and is subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions as set forth herein under "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – <i>Mandatory Redemption</i> ."
Book-Entry-Only System	The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), pursuant to the book-entry-only system described herein. Beneficial ownership of the Bonds may be acquired in principal denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the Beneficial Owners (hereinafter defined) thereof. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Houston, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"), to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System."
Authority for Issuance	of Directors of the District on the date of sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas, particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; an election held within the District on November 5, 2019; and an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ").

Source of Payment	The Bonds will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied				
	upon all taxable property within the District. The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the City of Georgetown, Texas; or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."				
Payment Record	The Bonds, represent the District's fourth issuance of bonded indebtedness secured by property taxes for the purpose of acquiring or constructing facilities necessary to provide water, sanitary sewer, and storm water drainage systems serving the District (the "Utility System") and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Utility System.				
Outstanding Bonds	The District has previously issued the following seven series of unlimited tax bonds: \$4,565,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021, \$2,345,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021, \$5,860,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022, \$4,000,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022, \$11,455,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023, \$4,285,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023 and \$3,565,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2024. Of such seven series of bonds mentioned above, all \$35,705,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of November 21, 2024 (the "Outstanding Bonds"). See "THE BONDS – Outstanding Bonds."				
Use of Proceeds of the Bonds	Proceeds of Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer (herein defined) for a portion of the construction costs set out herein under "THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Proceeds of the Bonds." Proceeds of the Bonds will also be used to: pay twelve (12) months of capitalized interest on the Bonds, Developer Interest, and pay costs of issuance associated with the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Proceeds of the Bonds" for further information.				
NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations	The Bonds are <u>NOT</u> designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS – NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."				
Municipal Bond Insurance	ASSURED GUARANTY INC. ("AG"). See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."				
Ratings	S&P Global Ratings (Assured Guaranty Inc. Insured): "AA" (stable outlook). Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") (Assured Guaranty Inc. Insured): "A1" (stable outlook). Moody's (Underlying): "Baa3." See "RATINGS."				
Legal Opinion	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Austin, Texas. See "LEGAL MATTERS."				
Disclosure Counsel	Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas.				
Financial Advisor	Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Houston, Texas.				
	THE DISTRICT				
Description	The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas located approximately two miles west of the downtown area of the City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City"). The District consists of approximately 741 total acres situated entirely within the corporate limits of the City. The District is a municipal utility district created				

by an order of the TCEQ dated effective April 20, 2015, and operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and other statutes of Texas applicable to municipal utility districts. See "THE DISTRICT."

Chapter 552 Agreement with the City The District and the City have entered into an agreement in which the District has agreed to acquire or construct certain public improvements that, upon completion, are to be conveyed to the City, and the City has agreed to pay to the District, from the collection of taxes that are levied and received by the City and attributable to taxable property located within the District, an amount equal to \$0.15 per \$100 of taxable assessed value (the "Rebate") on an annual basis, but in no event shall such annual payments of the Rebate exceed the Maximum Reimbursement Amount (herein defined). The District intends to use the proceeds from the levy of its annual ad valorem tax as well as the proceeds from the Rebate to pay debt service on the Bonds. The Rebate, however, is not pledged to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. See "THE BONDS - Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT - Agreements with the City."

Development within the District......To date, approximately 262 acres within the District have been developed as 789 total single-family lots in the following residential subdivisions: Wolf Ranch West, Section 4B, Phases 1 and 2; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 1; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 3; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 4; and Wolf Ranch West, Section 1BG; Wolf Ranch West, Section 2G, Wolf Ranch West, Section 5 and Wolf Ranch West, Section 4G. As of July 15, 2024, the District included approximately 525 completed homes (approximately 420 occupied, 95 unoccupied, and 10 model homes); approximately 123 homes under construction (approximately 75 of which being under contract for sale to homebuyers); and approximately 141 vacant developed lots.

> As of July 15, 2024, there are four phases under development totaling 608 single family residential lots comprised of: Wolf Ranch West Section 8, Phase 3 (216 lots); Wolf Ranch West, Section 7B (117 lots), Wolf Ranch West, Section 6G (117 lots) and Wolf Ranch West, Section 3G (158 lots).

> In addition to the four single-family residential subdivisions currently under development, there are two remaining phases planned for development. Those phases consist of approximately 23 acres to be known as Wolf Ranch West, Section 7C (115 lots) and approximately 42 acres to be known as Wolf Ranch West Phase 5G (105 lots).

> The District also currently includes two tracts of land that have been developed for multi-family residential properties. Approximately 17 acres in the District have been subdivided as Wolf Ranch West. Section 6, Phase 2, which includes a 321 unit multi-family project that was developed by McCann Realty Partners known as Radius Wolf Ranch. The Radius Wolf Ranch is currently in the lease up phase. In addition, approximately 15.42 acres in in the District have been subdivided as Wolf Ranch West, Section 8, Phase 2, which includes a 360 unit multi-family project that was developed by Endeavor Real Estate known as Citizen House Wolf Ranch. Citizen House Wolf Ranch is currently in the lease up phase.

The District consists of approximately 741 total acres. Approximately 503 acres in the District are designated to serve single-family and multi-family homes. Approximately 32 acres in the District encompasses an elementary school, an amenity center, and roads. Approximately 82 acres of undevelopable lands, and approximately 124 acres of remaining developable land.

See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT - Status of Development within the District."

The Developer.....Lands within the District are being developed by Hillwood Development Company, LLC ("Hillwood"). Hillwood, a Perot Company, is a Dallas-based national real estate development company owned by H. Ross Perot, Jr., with over 30 years of experience developing land in Texas. Hillwood's development expertise and experience encompasses diverse product types, including: sports arenas, high-rise condominiums, offices, singlefamily residential communities, distribution centers, regional malls, mixed-use urban development, call centers, hotels, golf courses, airports, intermodal rail yards, corporate campuses, and major air facilities.

> Hillwood has formed H4 WR, LP; H4 Georgetown LP; H4 WR Phase 4, LLC; H4 Georgetown Phase 1G, LLC; H4 Georgetown Phase 2G, LLC, H4 Georgetown Phase 5, LLC H4 Georgetown Phase 4G, LLC, H4 Georgetown Phase 3G, LLC, and H4 Georgetown Phase 8 MIB, LLC, H4 Georgetown Phase 7B, LLC and other entities through which it owns and develops land in the District. Hillwood and its affiliates that own property in the District (such as H4 WR, LP; H4 Georgetown LP; and H4WR Phase 4 LLC and other entities referenced above) are collectively referred to herein as the "Developer." See "THE DEVELOPER" and "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT."

Homebuilders within the DistrictHomebuilders who are currently active in the District include Coventry Homes, Drees Homes, Highland Homes, Lennar, Perry Homes, Pulte Homes and Westin Homes. Prices of homes being constructed in the District range from \$450,000 -\$900,000. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT - Homebuilders within the District."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

THE DISTRICT'S TAXES ARE LEVIED ONLY ON THE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THEREFORE, THE INVESTMENT SECURITY AND QUALITY OF THE BONDS IS DEPENDENT UPON THE SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT AND THE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF TAXES LEVIED THEREON. THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD REVIEW THIS ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT, INCLUDING PARTICULARLY THE SECTION OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT ENTITLED "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS," BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	390,314,809	(a)
Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024	\$	432,520,000	(b)
Direct Debt: Outstanding Bonds (as of November 21, 2024) The Bonds Total	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	35,705,000 6,505,000 42,210,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt		26,767,531 68,977,531	(c) (c)
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024		10.81 9.76	% %
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024		17.67 15.95	% %
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 19, 2024)	\$	1,565,198 785,620 414,228	(d) (e)

⁽a) Represents the taxable assessed valuation as of January 1, 2024, of all taxable property in the District, as certified by the Williamson Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽b) Provided by the Williamson Central Appraisal District for informational purposes only, this amount is an estimate of the taxable value of all taxable property located within the District as of June 1, 2024 and includes an estimate of additional taxable value resulting from additional of taxable improvements constructed in the District through June 1, 2024. No taxes will be levied on this estimated value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement."

⁽d) In addition to this amount, twelve (12) months of capitalized interest will be deposited in the Utility System Debt Service Fund (herein defined) upon closing and delivery of the Bonds. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Road System (herein defined).

⁽e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (herein defined), including the Bonds.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

2024 Tax Rate per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Utility System Debt Service	\$0.360	(a)
Road System Debt Service	\$0.180	(a)
Maintenance and Operation	<u>\$0.110</u>	
Total	\$0.650	
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement		
on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2025-2053)	\$2,502,673	(b)
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement		
on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2047)	\$2,805,919	(b)
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirement		
on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2025-2053)		
Based on the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation at 95% Tax Collections	\$0.68	(c)
Based on the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024, at 95% Tax Collections	\$0.61	(c)
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement		
on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2047)		
Based on the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation at 95% Tax Collections	\$0.76	(c)
Based on the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024, at 95% Tax Collections	\$0.69	(c)

⁽a) The District is authorized to levy separate taxes for payment of debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (e.g., the Bonds) and for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; both such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT – Agreements with the City."

⁽b) Represents a requirement of debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "DISTRICT DEBT – Debt Service Requirement Schedule."

⁽c) Represents the amount of the combined debt service tax rate that is necessary to meet the requirement of debt service based on the corresponding valuation of the District and a collection rate of 95%. Such amounts do not reflect the District's use of funds from the Rebate (herein defined) towards payment of debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds (herein defined). Should the District apply all funds that it receives from the Rebate towards payment of debt service of the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds during each year that the Bonds remain outstanding, then, based on the amount of Rebate due from the corresponding valuation of the District and 95% collections, the necessary amount of each combined debt service tax rate will be \$0.15 less than the amount noted above. While the District intends to use the Rebate to pay a portion of the debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds, the Rebate is not pledged to the payment of debt service on the Bonds or the Outstanding Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT – Agreements with the City."

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") is provided to furnish information with respect to the issuance by the District of its \$6,505,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; an election held within the District on November 5, 2019; a resolution (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board"); and an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ").

The Bond Resolution is referred to hereinafter as the "Bond Resolution," and, unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the applicable Bond Resolution.

This Official Statement includes descriptions of the Bonds, the Developer (herein defined), the Bond Resolution, and certain information about the District and its finances. Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Resolution. All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each such document. Copies of such documents may be obtained from Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 919 Congress Avenue, Suite 1500, Austin, Texas 78701, upon payment of the costs of duplication therefor.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Resolution.

The Bonds are dated November 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date"), and will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about November 21, 2024 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable April 1, 2025, and each October 1 and April 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or redemption. The Bonds are fully registered bonds maturing on October 1 of the years shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Principal of the Bonds will be payable to the Registered Owners at maturity or redemption upon presentation at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially, Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Houston, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check, dated as of the Interest Payment Date, and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Registered Owners as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding the Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date") or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and a Registered Owner at the risk and expense of such Registered Owner.

Book-Entry-Only System

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), while the Bonds are registered in its nominee name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District and the Financial Advisor (herein defined) believe the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District and the Financial Advisor cannot and do not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of "AA+". The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the bookentry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede &

Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent/Registrar or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in the section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Successor Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacing the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the District replaces the Paying Agent/Registrar, such Paying Agent/Registrar shall, promptly upon the appointment of a successor, deliver the Paying Agent/Registrar's records to the successor Paying Agent/Registrar, and the successor Paying Agent/Registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the District shall be a commercial bank; a trust company organized under the laws of the State of Texas; or other entity duly qualified and legally authorized to serve and perform the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds are transferable only on the bond register kept by the Paying Agent/Registrar upon surrender at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Houston, Texas. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. At any time after the date of initial delivery, any Bond may be transferred upon its presentation and surrender at the designated offices of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Registered Owner. The Bonds are exchangeable upon presentation at the designated office(s) of the Paying Agent/Registrar, for an equal principal amount of Bonds of the same maturity in authorized denominations. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the Registered Owner or assignee of the Registered Owner within not more than three (3) business days after the receipt by the Paving Agent/Registrar of the request in proper form to transfer or exchange the Bonds. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 in principal amount for a Bond, or any integral multiple thereof for any one maturity and shall bear interest at the same rate and be for a like aggregate principal or maturity amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. Neither the Paying Agent/Registrar nor the District is required to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during a period beginning at the opening of business on a Record Date and ending at the close of business on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or to transfer or exchange any Bond selected for redemption, in whole or in part, beginning fifteen (15) calendar days prior to, and ending on the date of the mailing of notice of redemption. or where such redemption is scheduled to occur within thirty (30) calendar days. No service charge will be

made for any transfer or exchange, but the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Record Date for Interest Payment

Interest on the Bonds will be paid to the Registered Owner appearing on the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the "Record Date" (the fifteenth calendar day of the month next preceding each interest payment date) and shall be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar (i) by check sent by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of the Registered Owner recorded in the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar or (ii) by such other method, acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar, requested by, and at the risk and expense of, the Registered Owner. If the date for the payment of the principal or interest on the Bonds shall be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day when banking institutions in the city where the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar is located are authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not such a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day when banking institutions are authorized to close; and payment on such date shall have the same force and effect as if made on the original date payment was due.

In the event of non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date and for thirty (30) days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar when funds for the payment of such interest have been received. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest ("Special Payment Date" which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of each Registered Owner of a Bond appearing in the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day next preceding the date of mailing such notice.

Redemption of the Bonds

Optional Redemption

The Bonds that mature on October 1, 2031, and thereafter shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2030, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Notice of the exercise of the reserved right of redemption will be given at least thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date by sending such notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the bond register.

Mandatory Redemption

The Bond maturing on October 1 in the year 2039 is a term bond (the "Term Bond"), and shall be redeemed by lot or other customary method of random selection (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Bonds are in book-entry-only form) prior to maturity, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption (the "Mandatory Redemption Date"), and in the principal amount set forth in the following schedule:

\$420,000 Term Bond Maturing on October 1, 2039

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
October 1, 2038	\$ 205,000
October 1, 2039 (Maturity)	\$ 215,000

On or before thirty (30) days prior to each Mandatory Redemption Date set forth above, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall (i) determine the principal amount of such Term Bonds that must be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date, after taking into account deliveries for cancellation and optional redemptions as more fully provided for below, (ii) select, by lot or other customary random method, the Term Bonds or portions of the Term Bonds of such maturity to be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date, and (iii) give notice of such redemption as provided in the Bond Resolution. The principal amount of the Term Bonds to be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date, either has been purchased in the open market and delivered or tendered for cancellation by or on behalf of the District

to the Paying Agent/Registrar or optionally redeemed and which, in either case, has not previously been made the basis for a reduction under this sentence.

If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District. If less than all of the Bonds of a certain maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar prior to the redemption date by such random method as the Paying Agent/Registrar deems fair and appropriate in integral multiples of \$5,000 within any one maturity. The Registered Owner of any Bond, all or a portion of which has been called for redemption, shall be required to present such Bond to the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price on the portion of the Bonds so called for redemption and issuance of a new Bond in the principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed.

Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds to the Paying Agent/Registrar, or receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity as may be required by either of them to hold them harmless. The District may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; an election held within the District on November 5, 2019; the Bond Resolution adopted by the Board; and an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ").

The Bonds are the fourth series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$160,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of acquiring or constructing facilities necessary to provide water, sanitary sewer, and storm water drainage systems serving the District (the "Utility System") and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Utility System. Following issuance of the Bonds, \$132,415,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the refunding of bonds issued for the Utility System, will remain authorized but unissued.

The District has previously issued four series of bonds out of an aggregate \$141,025,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing roads and improvements in aid thereof to serve the District ("Road System") and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Road System; of which, \$126,830,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the refunding of bonds issued for the Road System, remains authorized but unissued.

In addition, voters of the District have authorized the District's issuance of \$79,115,000 principal amount unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds. To date, the District has issued no bonds from such voted authorization.

Source of Payment

The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants to levy sufficient taxes to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, with full allowance being made for delinquencies, costs of collections, Paying Agent/Registrar fees, and fees of the Appraisal District. Tax proceeds, after deduction for collection costs, will be placed in the Utility System Debt Service Fund (defined below) and used solely to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, any additional bonds payable from taxes that may be issued for the Utility System, and fees of the Paying Agent/Registrar.

Bonds issued for the Road System and for the Utility System are each supported by the proceeds of a separate unlimited tax levied annually by the District. Amounts on deposit in the Utility System Debt Service Fund (defined below) may not be used to pay debt service on the Bonds or any bonds issued by the District for the

Road System. Amounts on deposit in the Road System Debt Service Fund (defined below) may not be used on any other bonds issued by the District for the Utility System.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas; Williamson County, Texas; the City; or any entity other than the District.

Funds

The Bond Resolution confirms the District's fund for payment of debt service on the Bonds and any additional unlimited tax bonds that the District may hereafter issue for the Utility System (the "Utility System Debt Service Fund"). At closing of the Bonds, twelve (12) months of capitalized interest on the Bonds will be deposited from the proceeds from sale of the Bonds into the Utility System Debt Service Fund. The Utility System Debt Service Fund, which constitutes a trust fund for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and any additional unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the Utility System, is to be kept separate from all other funds of the District and is to be used for payment of debt service on the Bonds and any of the District's other duly authorized bonds issued for the Utility System that are payable in whole or in part from taxes. Amounts on deposit in the Utility System Debt Service Fund may also be used to pay the fees and expenses of the Paying Agent/Registrar, to defray the expenses of assessing and collecting taxes levied for payment of interest on and principal of the Bonds and any additional bonds for the Utility System payable in whole or in part from taxes, and to pay any tax anticipation notes issued, together with interest thereon, as such tax anticipation notes become due. Amounts deposited in the Utility System Debt Service Fund may not be used to pay debt service on any bonds that the District may issue for the Road System.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue additional bonds that are necessary to provide improvements and facilities consistent with the purposes for which the District was created. The District's voters have authorized the issuance of \$160,800,000 unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System and the refunding of such bonds, \$141,025,000 unlimited tax bonds for the Road System and refunding of such road bonds, \$79,115,000 principal amount unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds, and could authorize additional amounts.

The District has previously issued three series of bonds out of an aggregate \$160,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Utility System. The Bonds are the fourth series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$160,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Utility System. After issuance of the Bonds, the following principal amounts of unlimited tax bonds will remain authorized but unissued: \$132,415,000 for the Utility System and the refunding of such bonds; \$126,830,000 for the Road System and the refunding of such bonds; \$79,115,000 principal amount for parks and recreational improvements and the refunding of such bonds; and any additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board and voters of the District.

The Bond Resolution imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds that may be issued by the District, if authorized by the District's voters, and, in the case of bonds for the Utility System or for parks and recreational improvements, approved by the TCEQ.

Following issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe the Developer approximately \$14,153,163 for expenditures to construct the Utility System, \$1,860,370 for expenditures to construct the Road System, and approximately \$691,139 for expenditures to construct parks and recreational facilities in the District. If additional bonds are issued in the future and property values have not increased proportionately, such issuance may increase gross debt-to-property valuation ratios and thereby adversely affect the investment quality or security of the Bonds.

The District is also authorized by statute to engage in fire-fighting activities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purposes. Before the District could issue such bonds, the following actions would be required: (a) authorization of a detailed fire protection plan; (b) approval of the fire plan by the TCEQ; (c) approval of the fire plan by the voters of the District; and (d) approval of bonds, if any, by the Attorney General

of Texas. If additional debt obligations are issued in the future by the District, such issuance may increase gross debt-property ratios and might adversely affect the investment security of the Bonds.

The District is authorized by statute to develop parks and recreational facilities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purpose. Before the District could issue park bonds payable from taxes, the following actions would be required: (a) approval of the park bond application for the issuance of bonds by the TCEQ and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas. The District has not considered the preparation of a parks bond application at this time. If the District does issue park bonds, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds may not exceed an amount equal to one percent of the value of the taxable property in the District at the time of issuance, unless, the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent but not three percent of the value of the taxable property in the District.

No Arbitrage

The District will certify, on the date of delivery of the Bonds, that based upon all facts and estimates now known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Furthermore, all officers, employees, and agents of the District have been authorized and directed to provide certifications of facts and estimates that are material to the reasonable expectations of the District as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for. In particular, all or any officers of the District are authorized to certify to the facts and circumstances and reasonable expectations of the District on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for regarding the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. Moreover, the District covenants that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including, without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds, as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest, and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives

notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is an excerpt from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code and is applicable to the District:

- "(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.
- (b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Registered Owners' Remedies

Pursuant to Texas law, the Bond Resolution provides that, in the event the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on any of the Bonds when due, fails to make payments required by the Bond Resolution into the Debt Service Funds, or defaults in the observance or performance of any of the other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, any Registered Owner shall be entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of competent jurisdiction compelling and requiring the District to make such payments or to observe and perform such covenants, obligations, or conditions. Such right is in addition to other rights the Registered Owners may be provided by the laws of the State of Texas.

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners may seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy adequate taxes to make such payments. Except for the remedy of mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to a Registered Owner in the event of a District default, nor does it provide for the appointment of a trustee to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on the property of the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of or interest on the Bonds.

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. For example, a Chapter 9 bankruptcy proceeding by the District could delay or eliminate payment of principal or interest to the Registered Owners.

Use and Distribution of Proceeds of the Bonds

Proceeds from sale of the Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer (herein defined) for expenditures related to certain improvements in the District as set out below. Proceeds of the Bonds will also be used to pay twelve (12) months of capitalized interest on the Bonds and to pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

<u>Construction Costs</u>	Di	strict's Share
A. <u>Developer Contribution Items</u>		
1. Wolf Ranch West Section 2G – W, WW, D	\$	382,428
2. Wolf Ranch West Section 5 – W, WW, D		1,370,337
3. Engineering and Testing (Item Nos. 1 & 2)		331,012
Total Construction Costs	\$	2,083,777
B. District Items		
1. Land Costs	\$	472 076
	Э	473,876
2. City Impact Fees	_	2,549,144
Total District Items	\$	3,023,020
Total Construction Costs	\$	5,106,797
Non-Construction Costs		
A. Legal Fees	\$	170,100
B. Fiscal Agent Fees		130,100
C. Interest Costs		
1. Capitalized Interest		283,844
2. Developer Interest		451,555
D. Bond Discount		195,023
E. Bond Issuance Expenses		49,517
F. Bond Engineering Report		53,763
G. Attorney General Fee (0.10% or a maximum of \$9,500)		6,505
H. TCEQ Fee		16,263
I. Contingency (a)	_	41,533
Total Non-Construction Costs	\$	1,398,203
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	\$	6,505,000

⁽a) Represents the difference between the estimated and actual amounts of Bond Discount and Capitalized Interest.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed the actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ, where required. In the instance that actual costs exceed previously approved estimated amounts and contingencies, additional TCEQ approval and the issuance of additional bonds may be required. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

THE DISTRICT

Authority

The District was created by order of the TCEQ dated effective April 20, 2015, and by a confirmation election held within the District on November 3, 2015. The District operates under Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and other general laws of the State of Texas applicable to municipal utility districts.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate, and maintain all works, improvements, facilities, and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of storm water. The District is further empowered to construct roads as well as improvements in aid thereof.

The District also is authorized to construct, develop, and maintain park and recreational facilities using operating revenues or by issuing bonds payable from taxes. In addition, the District is authorized, upon TCEQ and voter approval, to establish, operate, and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, and provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

Description

At the time of the confirmation election, the District encompassed 375.415 acres. Thereafter, the District has undergone one annexation of acreage: on August 19, 2019, the District annexed 140.645 acres into its boundaries. On March 21, 2022, the District annexed 225.09 acres into its boundaries. The District currently comprises total 741 acres. The District is located wholly within Williamson County, Texas, and lies approximately two miles west of the City, and is situated entirely within the corporate limits of the City. A small, undeveloped tract of land (approximately 0.749 acres) within the District is also located within the boundaries of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 28.

Management of the District

The District is governed by the Board consisting of five directors, who have control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. All of the Directors own property in the District. The directors serve four-year staggered terms. Elections are held in May of even-numbered years. The current members and officers of the Board are listed below:

Name	Title	Term Expires May
Rebecca Liston Carter	President	2026
Dennis McDaniel	Vice President	2028
Manuel "Ned" Muñoz, Jr.	Secretary	2026
Martin A. Hubert	Asst. Vice President / Assistant Secretary	2028
Joe Castillo	Assistant Secretary	2026

Investment Policy

The District has adopted an Investment Policy (the "Investment Policy") as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act"). The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity in a diversified portfolio while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District are to be invested only in accordance with the Investment Policy. The Investment Policy states that the funds of the District may be invested in short term obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities, in certificates of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and secured by collateral authorized by the Act, and in TexPool and TexStar, which are public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate, the inclusion of long term securities or derivative products in the portfolio.

Consultants

Although the District does not have a general manager or any other full-time employees, it has contracted for utility system operating, bookkeeping, tax assessing and collecting, auditing, engineering, and legal services as follows:

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The tax assessor/collector for the District is Williamson County, Texas (the "Tax Assessor/Collector").

Bookkeeper: The District's bookkeeper is Bott & Douthitt PLLC.

Auditor: The District engaged McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC to audit its financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. See "APPENDIX A."

Engineer: The District's engineer is Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc. (the "Engineer").

<u>Bond & General Counsel</u>: The District has engaged Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Austin, Texas, as general counsel to the District and as bond counsel ("Bond Counsel") in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fees to be paid Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. See "LEGAL MATTERS."

<u>Disclosure Counsel</u>: Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas, serves as disclosure counsel ("Disclosure Counsel") to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fee to be paid Disclosure Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is contingent on the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>Financial Advisor</u>: Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated is engaged as financial advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds (the "Financial Advisor"). The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

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General Fund Operating Statement

The following sets forth in condensed form the results of the District's general operating fund for the previous five fiscal years. The summary below has been prepared by the Financial Advisor for inclusion herein based upon information obtained from the District's audited financial statements years ended April 30, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024 financial statements. Reference is made to such statements for further and more complete information. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2024.

	Fiscal Year Ended April 30								
		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020
<u>Revenues</u>									
Property Taxes	\$	253,559	\$	520,130	\$	224,115	\$	91,261	\$ 29,638
Interest and Other		17,562		4,115		71		29	41
Developer Advances			_	<u>-</u>	_	22,129		99,490	 142,000
Total Revenues	\$	271,121	\$	542,245	\$	246,315	\$	190,780	\$ 171,679
<u>Expenditures</u>									
Legal Fees	\$	108,539	\$	151,163	\$	94,770	\$	73,042	\$ 129,604
Engineering Fees		12,227		12,321		13,698		13,205	18,955
Bookkeeping Fees		20,375		19,500		15,700		15,425	7,250
Audit Fees		14,000		12,500		10,000		7,250	7,000
Director Fees		11,598		5,975		6,620		8,074	6,782
Insurance		11,796		10,123		6,964		5,549	2,992
Election Expenses		-		_		_		_	501
Tax Appraisal/Collection Fee		2,225		1,987		1,077		538	36
Public Notice		69		334		410		410	_
Other Consulting Fees		3,600		6,300		_		-	_
Other		5,622		7,475		2,754		29	1,388
Capital Outlay	_	1,402	_		_	<u> </u>		1,257	 <u> </u>
Total Expenditures	\$	191,453	\$	227,678	\$	151,993	\$	124,779	\$ 174,508
Revenues Excess (Deficiency)	\$	79,668	\$	296,567	9	\$ 94,322	\$	66,001	\$ (2,829)

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank]

Agreements with the City

Consent Agreement

The District is party to that certain Consent Agreement, as amended (the "Consent Agreement"), entered into by and among the City; Wolf Legacy, L.P., predecessor to the Developer in title to the original lands of the District and of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 28 ("MUD 28" and the lands of the District and MUD 28 being the "Land"); owners of the Guy Tract (defined below); the Developer; the District; and MUD 28.

In the Consent Agreement, as originally executed, the City consented to the creation of the District and MUD 28; annexed the Land into the corporate limits of the City; and agreed not to dissolve the District or MUD 28 until such time as one of the following occurs: (i) water, sanitary sewer, and drainage facilities sufficient to serve 90% of the Land have been completed and the Developer has been reimbursed by the District and MUD 28 to the maximum extent permitted by rules of the TCEQ or the City assumes such obligation for reimbursement under said rules or (ii) twenty-five (25) years have elapsed since August 12, 2014, the effective date of the Consent Agreement. The Consent Agreement, as amended, identifies approximately 366 additional acres of land adjacent to the District and MUD 28 (the "Guy Tract") that has been acquired by the Developer, formalizes the City's consent to the annexation of the Guy Tract into the boundaries of the District and/or MUD 28, and incorporates the Guy Tract into the definition of the Land for the purposes of the Consent Agreement.

The Consent Agreement also provides the purposes for which the District is authorized to issue bonds. Such purposes include those for the construction or acquisition of water, sewer, and drainage systems; roads and improvements in aid thereof; and parks and recreational facilities serving the District.

Chapter 552 Agreement

The District is party to that certain Chapter 552 Agreement, as amended, entered into by and between the District and the City (the "552 Agreement"). The 552 Agreement identifies certain public improvements, such as water, sewer, and drainage facilities, roadways, and park and recreational improvements (the "Public Improvements"), that the District intends to construct to service development within its boundaries and that will also provide a public benefit to the City by extending and improving the City's existing public infrastructure. The 552 Agreement is dated effective June 16, 2015, and shall remain in effect until the earlier of dissolution of the District or until such time as payments of the Rebate (defined below) accumulate to an amount equal to \$25,000,000 (the "Maximum Reimbursement Amount").

In the 552 Agreement, the District agrees to acquire or construct the Public Improvements, which, upon completion, are to be conveyed to the City, and the City agrees to pay to the District, from the collection of taxes that are levied and received by the City and attributable to taxable property located the District, an amount equal to \$0.15 per \$100 of taxable assessed value (the "Rebate") on an annual basis, but in no event shall such annual payments of the Rebate exceed the Maximum Reimbursement Amount. The initial payment of the Rebate to the District by the City occurred in 2022, and all subsequent payments of the Rebate during the term of the 552 Agreement will be paid on or before March 31 of each calendar year.

The 552 Agreement requires that the District deposit payments of the Rebate into an infrastructure fund that may be used for all costs associated with the Public Improvements, for payment of debt service on bonds (including the Bonds) that the District may issue for the purposes authorized under the Consent Agreement, and for no other purposes. The District intends to use the Rebate for payment of a portion of the debt service on the Bonds, however the Rebate is not pledged to payment of debt service on the Bonds.

Development Agreement

The District is also subject to the terms of that Development Agreement dated effective August 19, 2014, entered into by the City and the above-referenced predecessor to the Developer (the "Development Agreement"). Among other provisions, the Development Agreement provides certain requirements and standards for the intended development of the Land and establishes the terms and agreement of the parties for the construction of public infrastructure necessary to serve development of the Land. See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM" and "THE ROAD SYSTEM."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and not of the State of Texas, Williamson County, Texas, the City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City"), or any political subdivision other than the District, will be secured by the proceeds of a continuing, direct ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied annually by the District against all taxable property located within the District. Therefore, the ultimate security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District taxes levied against all taxable property located within the District, or, in the event taxes are not collected and foreclosure proceedings are instituted by the District, upon the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The District makes no representations that over the life of the Bonds the property within the District will maintain a value sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by the property owners. The potential increase in taxable valuation of District property is directly related to the economics of the residential housing industry, not only due to general economic conditions, but also due to the particular factors discussed below. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "TAX DATA," and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

Economic Factors: The rate of development of the District is directly related to the vitality of the residential housing industry in the Austin, Texas metropolitan area. New residential housing construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of home construction activity would restrict the growth of property values in the District. The District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of any future development or home construction in the District.

Principal Landowner/Developer: There is no commitment by, or legal requirement of, the principal landowners, the Developer, or any other landowner in the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land in the District, or of any homebuilder to proceed at any particular pace with the construction of homes in the District. Moreover, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Therefore, the District can make no representation about the probability of future development, if any, or the rate of future home construction activity in the District. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District and result in higher tax rates. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "THE DEVELOPER," and "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers."

Dependence on Principal Taxpayers: The ability of any principal landowner to make full and timely payments of taxes levied against its property by the District and similar taxing authorities will directly affect the District's ability to meet its debt service obligations. As illustrated in this Official Statement under the caption "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers," for the 2024 tax year, the District's principal taxpayers owned property located within the District the aggregate assessed valuation of which comprised approximately 41.74% of the District's total taxable assessed valuation as of original certification of the 2024 appraisal rolls. In the event that the Developer, any other taxpayer, or any combination of taxpayers should default in the payment of taxes in an amount which exceeds the District's debt service fund surplus, the ability of the District to make timely payment of debt service on the Bonds will be dependent on its ability to enforce and liquidate its tax liens, which is a time-consuming process. Failure to recover or borrow funds in a timely fashion could result in an excessive District tax rate. The District is not required by law or the Bond Resolution to maintain any specified amount of surplus in its interest and sinking fund. See "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers" and "TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Maximum Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development or home construction, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners to pay their taxes. The taxable assessed valuation as of January 1, 2024, of all taxable property located within the District is \$390,314,809, and the estimate of value as of June 1, 2024, is \$432,520,000. See "TAX DATA." After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2047) is \$2,805,919, and the average

annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2025-2053) is \$2,502,673. Assuming no decrease to the District's taxable assessed valuation as of January 1, 2024, combined debt service tax rates of \$0.76 and \$0.68 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement and the average annual debt service requirement, respectively. Assuming no decrease from the estimate of value as of June 1, 2024, combined debt service tax rates of \$0.69 and \$0.61 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement and the average annual debt service requirement, respectively.

For the 2024 tax year, the District levied a total tax rate of \$0.65 per \$100 of assessed taxable value composed of a tax rate of \$0.110 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for maintenance and operations, a tax rate of \$0.360 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for utility debt service, and a tax rate of \$0.180 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for road debt service. The District is authorized to levy separate debt service taxes, both of which unlimited as to rate or amount, for road debt and water and sewer debt. The District can make no representation that the taxable property values in the District will increase in the future or will maintain a value sufficient to support the proposed District tax rate or to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners.

In addition to the revenues that the District will receive from its annual levy of a tax for payment of debt service on the Bonds, the District anticipates that a portion of the debt service on the Bonds will be paid with the Rebate (hereinafter defined) that the District will receive from the City under the terms of the 552 Agreement (hereinafter defined). Until payments of the Rebate accumulate to the Maximum Reimbursement Amount (hereinafter defined) of \$25,000,000 or the 552 Agreement otherwise expires under its provisions, the Rebate is to be paid to the District by the City on an annual basis in an amount that is equal to the tax revenues received by the City that are attributable to taxable property located within the District from a tax in the amount of \$0.15 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation, which represents \$0.15 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation out of the amount of the total tax rate to be levied annually by the City upon all taxable property within the District. While the District intends to use the Rebate to pay a portion of debt service on the Bonds, the Rebate is not pledged to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT – Agreements with the City."

Competitive Nature of Austin Residential Housing Market

The housing industry in the Austin, Texas area is very competitive, but the District can give no assurance that the building programs which are planned by any homebuilder will be continued or completed. The respective competitive position of the homebuilders listed herein and any other developer or homebuilder which might attempt future home building or development projects in the District, the sale of developed lots or in the construction and sale of single-family residential units, are affected by most of the factors discussed in this section, and such competitive positions are directly related to tax revenues received by the District and the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District.

Tax Collection Limitations

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time-consuming, and expensive collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer, (c) market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property, or (d) the taxpayer's right to redeem the property within two (2) years of foreclosure for residential homestead and agricultural use property and within six (6) months of foreclosure for other property. While the District has a lien on taxable property within the District for taxes levied against such property, such lien can be foreclosed only in a judicial proceeding. Moreover, the value of property to be sold for delinquent taxes and thereby the potential sales proceeds available to pay debt service on the Bonds, may be limited by among other factors, the existence of other tax liens on the property, by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, or by the taxpayer's right to redeem residential or agricultural use property within two (2) years of foreclosure and all other

property within six (6) months of foreclosure. Finally, a bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the registered owners of the Bonds (the "Registered Owners") have a right to seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy sufficient taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default, and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by a direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Since there is no trust indenture or trustee, the Registered Owners would have to initiate and finance the legal process to enforce their remedies. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be limited further by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. In this regard, should the District file a petition for protection from creditors under federal bankruptcy laws, the remedy of mandamus or the right of the District to seek judicial foreclosure of its tax lien would be automatically stayed and could not be pursued unless authorized by a federal bankruptcy judge.

Marketability

The District has no understanding (other than the initial reoffering yields) with the winning bidder for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser") regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over the trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made for the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the bid and asked spread of other bonds generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market. See "SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS."

Outstanding Bonds

The District has previously issued the following seven series of unlimited tax bonds: \$4,565,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021, \$2,345,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021, \$5,860,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022, \$4,000,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022, \$11,455,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023, \$4,285,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023, and \$3,565,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2024. Of such seven series of bonds mentioned above, \$35,705,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of November 21, 2024.

Future Debt

The Bonds are the fourth series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$160,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Utility System. Following issuance of the Bonds, \$132,415,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the refunding of bonds issued for the Utility System, will remain authorized but unissued.

The District has previously issued four series of bonds out of an aggregate \$141,025,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Road System; of which, \$126,830,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the refunding of bonds issued for the Road System, remains authorized but unissued.

In addition, voters of the District have authorized the District's issuance of \$79,115,000 principal amount unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds. To date, the District has issued no bonds from such voted authorization.

Following issuance of the Bonds, the District has the right to issue the remaining \$132,415,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the Utility System and for the refunding of such bonds; \$126,830,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the Road System and for the refunding of such bonds; \$79,115,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for park and recreational improvements and for refunding of such bonds; and any additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board and voters of the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." The District also has the right to issue certain other additional bonds, revenue bonds, special project bonds, and other obligations as described in the Bond Resolution.

Issuance of the remaining \$132,415,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System and the \$79,115,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized for park and recreational improvements shall be subject to prior approval by the TCEQ. Further, the principal amount of park and recreational facilities bonds issued by the District may not exceed one percent of the District's certified taxable assessed valuation, unless, the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent (1%) but not three percent (3%) of the value of the taxable property in the District.

Following issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe the Developer approximately \$14,153,163 for expenditures to construct the Utility System, \$1,860,370 for expenditures to construct the Road System, and approximately \$691,139 for expenditures to construct parks and recreational facilities in the District. If additional bonds are issued in the future and property values have not increased proportionately, such issuance may increase gross debt-to-property valuation ratios and thereby adversely affect the investment quality or security of the Bonds.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

The Bond Resolution contains covenants by the District intended to preserve the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds. Failure of the District to comply with such covenants on a continuous basis prior to maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

Environmental Regulations

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

<u>Air Quality Issues.</u> Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ") may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Austin area. Under the Clean Air Act ("CAA") Amendments of

1990, the five-county Austin area ("Austin Area")—Travis, Hays, Williamson, Bastrop, and Caldwell Counties—has been designated an attainment/unclassifiable area under three separate federal ozone standards: the one-hour (124 parts per billion ("ppb")) and eight-hour (84 ppb) standards promulgated by the EPA in 1997; the tighter, eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008, and the EPA's most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015.

Although the Austin Area is currently in attainment, the Austin Area has been and continues to be near the non-attainment thresholds for ozone. Accordingly, it is possible that the Austin Area could be re-classified as a nonattainment area should ozone levels increase. A designation of nonattainment for ozone or any other pollutant could negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. In the past, the Austin Area has entered into agreements with the TCEQ to undertake voluntary actions to help avoid a nonattainment designation. Since 2004, the Austin Area has been party to a curtailment agreement with the TCEQ, and the Austin Area is currently part of an EPA Ozone Advance Program.

In order to comply with the EPA's ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan ("SIP") setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the Austin Area. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the Austin Area to maintain attainment with the ozone standards. Such additional controls could have a negative impact on the Austin Area's economic growth and development.

<u>Water Supply & Discharge Issues.</u> Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the Austin Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000) ("CGP"), with an effective date of March 5, 2023, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain non-stormwater discharges into surface water in the state. The CGP has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The District is subject to the TCEQ's General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the "MS4 Permit"), which was issued by the TCEQ on August 15, 2024. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems While the District is currently not subject to the MS4 Permit, if the District's inclusion were required at a future date, the District could incur substantial costs to develop, implement, and maintain the necessary plans as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff in order to comply with the MS4 Permit.

In addition to the foregoing, special district activities in the Austin Area involving the clearing of acreage and construction within the Edwards Aquifer recharge, transition, and contributing zones are subject to the TCEQ's Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, which requires a site-specific application, construction plan approval, and the implementation of temporary and permanent structural and non-structural Best Management Practices and the protection of sensitive features.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the "waters of the United States." The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

On May 25, 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, which clarified the definition of "waters of the United States" and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the *Sackett* decision, "waters of the United States" includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as "streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes" and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. Subsequently, the EPA and USACE issued a final rule amending the definition of "waters of the United States" under the CWA to conform with the Supreme Court's decision.

While the *Sackett* decision and subsequent regulatory action removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Potential Impact of Natural Disaster

The District could be impacted by a natural disaster such as wide-spread fires, earthquakes, or weather events such as hurricanes, tornados, tropical storms, or other severe weather events that could produce high winds, heavy rains, hail, and flooding. In the event that a natural disaster should damage or destroy improvements and personal property in the District, the assessed value of such taxable properties could be substantially reduced, resulting in a decrease in the taxable assessed value of the District or an increase in the District's tax rates. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – Valuation of Property for Taxation."

There can be no assurance that a casualty will be covered by insurance (certain casualties, including flood, are usually excepted unless specific insurance is purchased), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild, repair, or replace any taxable properties in the District that were damaged. Even if insurance proceeds are available and damaged properties are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values in the District would be adversely affected. There can be no assurance the District will not sustain damage from such natural disasters.

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such

acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the issuer which is recovered by the issuer from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the provider of the Policy (the "Bond Insurer") at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absence such prepayment by the District unless the Bond Insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the Bond Insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the Bond Insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the Bond Insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the Bond Insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the Bond Insurer and its claim paying ability. The Bond Insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Bond Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Bond Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATINGS."

The obligations of the Bond Insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the Bond Insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the Bond Insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Bond Insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the Bond Insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein for further information provided by the Bond Insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the Bond Insurer.

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DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT

To date, approximately 262 acres within the District have been developed as 789 total single-family lots in the following residential subdivisions: Wolf Ranch West, Section 4B, Phases 1 and 2; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 1; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 3; Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 4; Wolf Ranch West, Section 1BG, Wolf Ranch West Section 2G and Wolf Ranch West Section 5 and Wolf Ranch West Section 4G. As of July 15, 2024, the District included approximately 525 completed homes (approximately 420 occupied, 95 unoccupied, and 10 model homes); approximately 123 homes under construction (approximately 75 of which being under contract for sale to homebuyers); and approximately 141 vacant developed lots.

In addition, the following four single-family residential subdivisions are currently under development: approximately 68 acres in the District have been subdivided into Wolf Ranch West, Section 8, Phase 3 which will consist of 216 single family residential lots ("lots"); approximately 44 acres that has been subdivided into Wolf Ranch West, Section 7B which will consist of 117 lots; approximately 47 acres that have been subdivided into Wolf Ranch West Section 6G which will consist of 117 lots and approximately 49 acres that have been subdivided into Wolf Ranch West Section 3G, which will consist of 158 lots. Upon completion of such subdivisions, approximately 608 lots will be developed.

The District also currently includes two tracts of land that consist of multi-family residential properties. Approximately 17 acres in the District have been subdivided as Wolf Ranch West, Section 6, Phase 2, which includes a multi-family project comprised of 321 apartment units developed by McCann Realty Partners and is approximately 83% occupied. In addition, approximately 15.42 acres in in the District have been subdivided as Wolf Ranch West, Section 8, Phase 2, which includes a multi-family project comprised of 360 units that was developed by Endeavor Real Estate and is 55% occupied.

The District consists of approximately 741 total acres. Approximately 503 acres in the District are designated to serve single-family and multi-family homes. Approximately 32 acres in the District encompasses an elementary school, an amenity center, and roads. Approximately 82 acres of undevelopable lands, and approximately 124 acres of remaining developable land.

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Status of Development within the District

The following is a summary of the status of construction of single-family housing within the District as of July 15, 2024:

				Homes	
	Section	Section	Homes	Under	Vacant
Wolf Ranch West	Acreage	Lots	Completed	Construction	Lots
Section 4B, Phase 1 and 2	31.00	97	94	0	3
Section 6, Phase 1	47.43	150	150	0	0
Section 6, Phase 3	3.32	14	0	14	0
Section 6, Phase 4	20.07	85	53	29	3
Section 1BG	62.94	165	130	6	29
Section 2G	43.88	125	75	24	26
Section 5	19.44	76	23	32	21
Section 4G	34.4	77	0	18	59
Totals	262.48	789	525	123	141
Single-Family Developed (a)	262.48				
Single-Family Under Construction (a)	208.00				
Multi-Family Developed (a)	32.88				
Elementary School	17.67				
Amenity Center	11.10				
Road	2.94				
Undevelopable	82.44				
Remaining Developable	123.64				
District Total	741.15				

⁽a) Reflects total acreage within the existing subdivisions in the District and includes acres dedicated to the following: drainage easements, parkland and open spaces, roads, water quality and detention ponds, and lift stations.

Homebuilders within the District

Homebuilders who are currently active in the District include Coventry Homes, Drees Custom Homes, Highland Homes, Lennar, Perry Homes, Pulte Homes and Westin Homes. Prices of homes being constructed in the District range from the \$450,000 – \$900,000.

Lot-Sales Contracts

The Developer entered into lot-sales contracts with each of Coventry Homes (49 lots) and Perry Homes (48 lots), for the purchase of lots located in Section 4B. According to the Developer, said homebuilders have purchased 96 contracted lots in Section 4B of Wolf Ranch within the District.

The Developer also entered into lot-sales contracts with each of Coventry Homes, Drees Custom Homes, Highland Homes and Perry Homes for the purchase of 165 lots located in Section 1BG of Wolf Ranch. As of July 15, 2024, the Developer has sold 154 of the 165 lots under contract to builders.

The Developer also sold approximately 70 acres within the District to Lennar Homes which has developed 249 lots which began home sale activity in January 2021. As of July 15, 2024, Lennar has sold approximately 171 homes.

The Developer has entered into contracts with Coventry Homes, Drees Custom Homes, Highland Homes and Perry Homes for the purchase of 125 lots located in Section 2G of Wolf Ranch. As of July 15, 2024, the Developer has sold all 125 lots under contract to builders.

The Developer has entered into contracts with Pulte Homes and Perry Homes for the purchase of 76 lots located in Section 5 of Wolf Ranch. As of July 15, 2024, the Developer has sold all 76 lots under contract to builders.

The Developer has entered into contracts with Perry Homes and Westin Homes for the purchase of 77 lots located in Section 4G. The Developer has sold all 77 lots to Perry Homes and Westin Homes.

The Developer has entered into contracts with Highland Homes and Pulte Homes for all lots (117 lots)in Wolf Ranch West, Section 7B and with Coventry Homes, David Weekley Homes and Drees Custom Homes for all lots (117 lots) in West Ranch West, Section 6G. Lastly, the Developer has entered into contracts with Drees Custom Homes, Highland Homes, Perry Homes and Westin Homes for all lots (158 lots) in Wolf Ranch West, Section 3G. Wolf Ranch West, Section 8-3 (216 lots that are scheduled to be complete in November 2024) is owned by Coventry Homes and TriPointe Homes and will begin sell homes in early 2025. The Developer sold that section of the District to Coventry Homes in August 2022.

Generally, the contracts for the sale of lots between the Developer and the builders require that earnest money be deposited with a title company, typically fifteen percent (15%) of the total price of the completed lots. The sales contracts establish certain required lot purchases quarterly or upon substantial completion of a Section, with the earnest money deposit being returned to the builders upon purchase of the last lots under each contract. The Developer's sole remedy for builders not purchasing lots in accordance with the contracts is cancellation of the contract and retention of the remaining earnest money on deposit. For those lots in Section 7B as noted above, the amount of earnest money on deposit is approximately \$2,100,000 as of July 15, 2024, and, for those lots in Section 6G, as noted above, the amount of earnest money on deposit is approximately \$3,300,000 as of July 15, 2024. For those lots in Section 3G as noted above, the amount of earnest money on deposit to be received by the Developer no later than August 5th will total \$3,600,000. According to the Developer, each of the builders is in compliance with their respective lot-sales contracts.

THE DEVELOPER

Role of the Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include purchasing the land within the District, designing the subdivision, designing the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivision, designing any community facilities to be built, defining a marketing program and building schedule, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, wastewater, and drainage facilities pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, as well as gas, telephone, and electric service) and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders, developers, or other third parties. In most instances, the developer will be required to pay up to thirty percent of the cost of constructing certain of the water, wastewater, and drainage facilities in a utility district pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in development of the property within a utility district may have a profound effect on the security of the unlimited tax bonds issued by a district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a district to develop the property which it owns in a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which it owns within a district. In addition, a developer is ordinarily a major taxpayer within a municipal utility district during the development phase of the property.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should note that the prior real estate experience of a developer should not be construed as an indication that further development within the District will occur, or construction of taxable improvements upon property within the District will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the District will be successful. Circumstances surrounding development within the District may differ from circumstances surrounding development of other land in several respects, including the existence of different economic conditions, financial arrangements, homebuilders, geographic location, market conditions, and regulatory climate.

Neither the Developer, nor any affiliate entity, is obligated to pay principal of or interest on the Bonds. Furthermore, neither the Developer, nor any affiliate entity, has a binding commitment to the District to carry out any plan of development, and the furnishing of information related to the proposed development by the Developer or affiliate entities should not be interpreted as such a commitment. Prospective purchasers are encouraged to inspect the District in order to acquaint themselves with the nature of development that has occurred or is occurring within the District's boundaries.

The Developer

Lands within the District are being developed by Hillwood Development Company, LLC ("Hillwood"). Hillwood, a Perot Company, is a Dallas-based national real estate development company owned by H. Ross Perot, Jr., with over 30 years of experience developing land in Texas. Hillwood's development expertise and experience encompasses diverse product types, including: sports arenas, high-rise condominiums, offices, single-family residential communities, distribution centers, regional malls, mixed-use urban development, call centers, hotels, golf courses, airports, intermodal rail yards, corporate campuses, and major air facilities.

Hillwood has formed H4 WR, LP; H4 Georgetown LP; H4 WR Phase 4, LLC; H4 Georgetown Phase 1G, LLC; H4 Georgetown Phase 2G, LLC, H4 Georgetown Phase 5, LLC; H4 Georgetown Phase 4G, LLC, H4 Georgetown Phase 8 MIB, H4 Georgetown Phase 3G, LLC and other entities through which it owns and develops land in the District. Hillwood and its affiliates that own property in the District (such as H4 WR, LP; H4 Georgetown LP; and H4WR Phase 4 LLC and other entities referenced above) are collectively referred to herein as the "Developer."

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should note that the prior real estate experience of a developer should not be construed as an indication that further development within the District will occur, construction of taxable improvements upon property within the District will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the District will be successful. Circumstances surrounding development within the District may differ from circumstances surrounding development of other land in several respects, including the existence of different economic conditions, financial arrangements, homebuilders, geographic location, market conditions, and regulatory climate.

Development Financing

In January 2022, the Developer obtained a Line of Credit ("LOC") from Third Coast Bank, SSB secured by certain lands located in Phase 1BG, Phase 2G, Phase 5 and excess land of Wolf Ranch within the District. The excess land includes the other Phases referenced in this Preliminary Offering Statement. The LOC has a maximum principal balance of \$22,000,000 of which approximately \$2,400,000 was outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and matures in July 2027. According to the Developer, it is in compliance with all material conditions of the loan.

THE UTILITY SYSTEM

Regulation

According to the Engineer, the water distribution and wastewater collection lines constructed by the District have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the requirements of all governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over the construction and operation of such facilities including, among others, the TCEQ and the City. According to the Engineer, the design of all such completed facilities has been approved by all required governmental agencies.

Operation of the District's waterworks and sewer treatment facilities is subject to regulation by, among others, the Environmental Protection Agency and the TCEQ. In many cases, regulations promulgated by these agencies have become effective only recently and are subject to further development and revisions.

Water Supply

The City provides utility services to the District in accordance with the terms of the Development Agreement. Under the Development Agreement, the City agrees to provide sufficient water supply to serve full development within the District and to own and maintain all public infrastructure necessary to provide such water supply. The District is required to construct necessary facilities within its boundaries, and once constructed and accepted by the City, such facilities are conveyed to the City. The City charges users in the District rates for water service an amount equal to the rates charged by the City to other customers in the City's corporate limits, identified in the City's rate order as the "In-City MUD Rates." The City may also charge a connection fee provided such fee is uniformly charged to other customers in the City's corporate limits in the same customer class.

Wastewater Treatment

Under the Development Agreement, the City agrees to provide wastewater treatment to serve full development within the District and will own and maintain all infrastructure that is necessary to provide such services. The

District is required to construct necessary facilities within its boundaries, and once constructed and accepted by the City. such facilities are conveved to the City.

The City charges users in the District rates for sewer service in an amount equal to the rates charged by the City to other customers in the City's corporate limits, identified in the City's rate order as the "In-City MUD Rates." The City may also charge a connection fee provided such fee is uniformly charged to other customers in the City's corporate limits in the same customer class.

Drainage

Storm water is collected through an underground system of lines that flows in a southerly direction leading to water quality ponds and eventually to the South San Gabriel River.

The District lies partially within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and therefore was required to construct a water quality pond in Wolf Ranch West, Section 4B and a water quality pond in Section 6, Phase 1 as well.

Proceeds from the sale of any utility bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for certain expenditures related to the construction of the internal storm drainage system and water quality facilities that service said residential section.

100-Year Flood Plain

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency Map Panel No. 48491C0290E dated September 26, 2008, and 48491C0480F effective December 20, 2019, approximately 40 acres within the District are located in the 100-year flood plain. Such acreage is not considered to be developable.

THE ROAD SYSTEM

The residential sections that have been developed in the District to date are served by certain segments of Wolf Ranch Parkway that are designated as collector roadway on the thoroughfare pane of the City. The internal subdivision streets of the developed sections in the District direct residents to Wolf Ranch Parkway. Wolf Ranch Parkway extends beyond the District's boundaries and connects to Rivery Boulevard on the north, State Highway 29, and Southwest Bypass on the south, all of which provide access to Interstate Highway 35. The design and construction of all roadways and associated improvements within the District is subject to the specifications and terms of the Development Agreement.

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PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (May 2024)













PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (May 2024)













DISTRICT DEBT

Debt Service Requirement Schedule

The following schedule sets forth the total debt service requirements of the District as of the delivery of the Bonds, plus the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds and the on the Outstanding Bonds. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Calendar	Outstanding	The Bonds		Total Combined
Year	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2025	\$2,275,214	_	\$244,421	\$2,519,635
2026	2,326,106	\$125,000	283,844	2,734,950
2027	2,320,925	130,000	275,719	2,726,644
2028	2,303,563	135,000	267,269	2,705,831
2029	2,294,706	140,000	258,494	2,693,200
2030	2,281,581	150,000	249,394	2,680,975
2031	2,276,544	155,000	239,644	2,671,188
2032	2,282,544	160,000	230,150	2,672,694
2033	2,286,425	165,000	223,750	2,675,175
2034	2,292,894	175,000	217,150	2,685,044
2035	2,300,225	180,000	210,150	2,690,375
2036	2,310,263	190,000	202,950	2,703,213
2037	2,321,725	200,000	195,350	2,717,075
2038	2,320,688	205,000	187,350	2,713,038
2039	2,332,156	215,000	179,150	2,726,306
2040	2,340,394	225,000	170,550	2,735,944
2041	2,345,650	235,000	161,550	2,742,200
2042	2,352,563	245,000	152,150	2,749,713
2043	2,361,450	255,000	142,350	2,758,800
2044	2,372,075	265,000	132,150	2,769,225
2045	2,374,050	275,000	121,550	2,770,600
2046	2,387,788	290,000	110,550	2,788,338
2047	2,407,331	300,000	98,588	2,805,919
2048	1,986,725	315,000	86,213	2,387,938
2049	1,997,250	325,000	73,219	2,395,469
2050	1,998,463	340,000	59,813	2,398,275
2051	1,320,588	355,000	45,788	1,721,375
2052	217,425	370,000	31,144	618,569
2053	<u>218,925</u>	<u>385,000</u>	<u>15,881</u>	<u>619,806</u>
Total	\$61,206,233	\$6,505,000	\$ 4,866,277	\$72,577,510

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2025-2053)\$	2,502,673
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2047)\$	2,805,919

Bonded Indebtedness

2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 3	390,314,809	(a)
Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024	\$ 4	432,520,000	(b)
Direct Debt: The Outstanding Bonds (as of November 21, 2024) The Bonds Total	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	35,705,000 6,505,000 42,210,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt		26,767,531 68,977,531	(c) (c)
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024		10.81 9.76	% %
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024		17.67 15.95	% %
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of August 19, 2024)	\$		
2024 Tax Rate per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation Utility System Debt Service		\$0.360 \$0.180 <u>\$0.110</u> \$0.650	(f) (f)

⁽a) Represents the taxable assessed valuation as of January 1, 2024, of all taxable property in the District, as certified by the Williamson Central Appraisal District. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽b) Provided by the Williamson Central Appraisal District for informational purposes only, this amount is an estimate of the taxable value of all taxable property located within the District as of June 1, 2024 and includes an estimate of additional taxable value resulting from additional of taxable improvements constructed in the District through June 1, 2024. No taxes will be levied on this estimated value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement."

⁽d) In addition to this amount, twelve (12) months of capitalized interest will be deposited in the Utility System Debt Service Fund (herein defined) upon closing and delivery of the Bonds. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Road System (herein defined).

⁽e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (herein defined), including the Bonds.

⁽f) The District is authorized to levy separate taxes for payment of debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (e.g., the Bonds) and for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; both such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "THE BONDS - Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT - Agreements with the City."

Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from information contained in *Texas Municipal Reports*, published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, or other available information. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot presently be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for payment of their debt, and some are presently levying and collecting such taxes.

	Outstanding DebtOverlapp			ping		
Taxing Jurisdiction	August 31, 2024	Percent		Amount		
Williamson County City of Georgetown Georgetown Independent School District	\$ 1,311,170,000 442,330,000 899,940,000	0.30% 1.69% 1.71%	\$	3,905,162 7,472,707 15,389,662	,	
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt			\$	26,767,531		
The District (a)			<u>\$</u>	42,210,000	<u> </u>	
Total Direct & Estimated Overlapping Debt (a)		\$	68,977,531		
Debt Ratios						
Ratios of Direct Debt (a): As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable As a percentage of the Estimate of V				10.81 9.76	% %	
Ratios of Direct and Estimated Overlapping As a percentage of the 2024 Taxable As a percentage of the Estimate of V	e Assessed Valuation			17.67 15.95	% %	

⁽a) Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds.

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes that the District may hereafter issue for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. In the Bond Resolution, the District agrees to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." The Board is further authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes that the District may hereafter issue for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. In the Bond Resolution, the District agrees to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the operation and maintenance of the District for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA – Maintenance Tax."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the Appraisal District. The Appraisal District has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within Williamson County, including the District. Such appraisal values will be subject to review and change by the Williamson County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, will be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; travel trailers; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years of age or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board of Directors of the District. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve the same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax-supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption of full value of the veteran's residential homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse, and surviving spouses of a deceased veteran who had received a disability rating of 100% are entitled to receive a residential homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse until such surviving spouse remarries.

A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption also applies to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the state to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised market value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been

pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted before July 1. The District has never adopted a homestead exemption. See "TAX DATA."

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goodsin-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption includes tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before July 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent vears.

Tax Abatement

Williamson County may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, Williamson County and the District, at the option and discretion of each entity, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdictions. At this time, Williamson County has not designated any of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. The Texas Constitution limits increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads to 10 percent annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market

value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years for agricultural use, open space land, and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in the Appraisal District at least once every three years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisals will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense, has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the Appraisal District chooses to formally include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

During the 2nd Special Session, convened on June 27, 2023, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 2 ("SB 2"), which, among other things, includes provisions that prohibit an appraisal district from increasing the appraised value of real property during the 2024 tax year on non-homestead properties (the "Subjected Property") whose appraised values are not more than \$5,000,000 (the "Maximum Property Value") to an amount not to exceed the lesser of: (1) the market value of the Subjected Property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the appraisal office or (2) the sum of: (a) 20 percent of the appraised value of the Subjected Property for the preceding tax year; and (c) the market value of all new improvements to the Subjected Property. After the 2024 tax year, through December 31, 2026, the Maximum Property Value may be increased or decreased by the product of the preceding state fiscal year's increase or decrease in consumer price index, as applicable, to the Maximum Property Value. SB 2 was signed into law by the Governor on July 22, 2023. The provisions described hereinabove took effect January 1, 2024, after the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. 2, 88th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 2023, was approved by voters at an election held on November 7, 2023.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda that could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax

Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals that are higher than renditions and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

The Effect of FIRREA on Tax Collections of the District

The Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989 ("FIRREA") contains certain provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution.

Under FIRREA, real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary liens shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties, interest, or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real or personal property tax when due, and (iii) notwithstanding failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

To the extent the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District and to the extent that the affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property, if any, owned by the FDIC in the District and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. A delinquent tax on personal property incurs an additional penalty, in an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney, 60 days after the date the taxes become delinquent. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, which may be rejected by taxing units. The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed

can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

Special Taxing Units

Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

Developed Districts

Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

Developing Districts

Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

The District

For the 2024 tax year, the District has designated itself as a Developing District. For future years, a determination as to a district's status as a Special Taxing Unit, Developed District or Developing District will be made by the Board of Directors on an annual basis. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

TAX DATA

General

All taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy, and collection by the District of a continuing, direct ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." In the Bond Resolution, the Board covenants to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "THE BONDS" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

For the 2024 tax year, the District levied a total tax rate of \$0.65 per \$100 of assessed taxable value composed of a tax rate of \$0.110 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for maintenance and operations, a tax rate of \$0.360 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for utility debt service, and a tax rate of \$0.180 per \$100 of assessed taxable value for road debt service. The District is authorized to levy separate debt service taxes, both unlimited as to

rate or amount, for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System, and for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System, including the Bonds.

Tax Rate Limitation

Utility System Debt Service:

Road System Debt Service:

Maintenance General:

Maintenance Road:

Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).

Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).

\$1.20 per \$100 taxable assessed valuation.

\$0.25 per \$100 taxable assessed valuation.

Maintenance Tax

The Board has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance of the District's improvements if such maintenance tax is authorized by vote of the District's electors. The Board is authorized by the District's voters to levy such maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.20 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such tax, when levied, is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds and any parity bonds which have been issued or may be issued in the future. See "Tax Rate Distribution" below.

Additional Penalties

The Tax Assessor/Collector has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District can establish an additional penalty of fifteen percent (15%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This fifteen percent (15%) penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than June 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Property Tax Code.

Tax Payment Installments After Disaster

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a designated disaster area or emergency area, and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing judication such as the District if the taxpayer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

Additionally, the Texas Tax Code authorizes a taxing jurisdiction such as the District, solely at the jurisdictions discretion, to adopt a similar installment payment option for taxes imposed on property that is located within a designated disaster area or emergency area, and is owned or leased by certain qualified business entities, regardless of whether the property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency.

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the combined debt service tax rates per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation that would be required to meet certain debt service requirements on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds, if no growth in the District's tax base occurs beyond the taxable assessed valuation as of January 1, 2024 (\$390,314,809), or the estimate of value as of June 1, 2024 (\$432,520,000). The calculations assume collection of 95% of taxes levied, the sale of the Bonds, but not the sale of any additional bonds by the District.

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and on the Outstanding Bonds (2025-2053)	2,521,434
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds	
and on the Outstanding Bonds (2047)\$2	2,805,919
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.76 on the 2024 Taxable Assessed Valuation produces\$2	2,818,073
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.69 on the Estimate of Value as of June 1, 2024, produces\$2	2,835,169

The combined debt service tax rates above are the amounts necessary to meet the requirement of debt service based on the corresponding valuation of the District and a collection rate of 95%. Such amounts do not reflect the District's use of funds from the Rebate towards payment of debt service on the Bonds. Should the District apply all funds that it receives from the Rebate towards payment of debt service of the Bonds during each year that the Bonds remain outstanding, then, based on the amount of Rebate due from the corresponding valuation of the District and 95% collections, the necessary amount of each combined debt service tax rate will be \$0.15 less than the amount noted above. While the District intends to use the Rebate to pay a portion of the debt service on the Bonds, the Rebate is not pledged to the payment of debt service on the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment" and "THE DISTRICT – Agreements with the City."

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions (see "DISTRICT DEBT – Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement"), certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is an estimation of all 2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. No prediction can be made of the tax rates that will be levied in future years by the respective taxing jurisdictions. A small, undeveloped tract of land (approximately 0.749 acres) within the District is also located within the boundaries of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 28, which does levy an ad valorem tax, at a 2024 tax rate of \$0.6075 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2024 Tax Rate
The District	\$0.650000
Williamson County	0.355670
Williamson County Road	0.044329
City of Georgetown (a)	0.364700
Georgetown Independent School District	<u>1.054400</u>
Total Tax Rate	\$2.469099

⁽a) See "THE DISTRICT - Agreements with the City."

Historical Tax Collections

Tax Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Adjusted Levy	Collections Current Year	Current Year Ended 9/30	Collections 08/31/24
2019	\$ 4,559,762	\$ 0.65	\$29,638	100.00%	2020	100.00%
2020	14,033,672	0.65	91,219	100.00%	2021	100.00%
2021	31,974,785	0.65	207,836	99.70%	2022	100.00%
2022	110,795,244	0.65	720,169	98.93%	2023	98.93%
2023	261,816,438	0.65	1,701,807	84.13% (a)	2024	84.13%(a)
2024	390,314,809	0.65	2,537,046	(b)		(b)

⁽a) In process of collections. MRP Georgetown LP ("MRP"), the owner of one of the two multi-family developments in the District, is currently involved in litigation in which MRP is contesting the assessed value assigned by the Appraisal District to its property for the 2023 tax year. Such contested valuation is \$47,000,000 of the District's total taxable valuation of \$261,816,438 for the 2023 tax year. Until this matter is resolved, MRP has paid the minimum property tax required under state statues, which is the tax obligations for the property based on the assessed value for the 2022 tax year. The majority of the remaining uncollected amount of \$268,728.59 is attributable to MRP's dispute with the Appraisal District. See "PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS."

⁽b) In process of collections.

Tax Rate Distribution

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Utility System Debt Service	\$0.3600	\$0.3600	\$0.1200	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
Road System Debt Service	\$0.1800	\$0.1800	\$0.0800	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
Maintenance and Operations	<u>\$0.1100</u>	<u>\$0.1100</u>	<u>\$0.4500</u>	<u>\$0.6500</u>	<u>\$0.6500</u>
Total	\$0.6500	\$0.6500	\$0.6500	\$0.6500	\$0.6500

Taxable Assessed Valuation Summary

The following represents the type of property comprising the 2020–2024 tax rolls as certified by the Appraisal District.

	2024 Taxable	2023 Taxable	2022 Taxable	2021 Taxable	2020 Taxable
Type of Property	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Land	\$ 97,502,760	\$ 80,240,353	\$ 59,938,633	\$ 25,097,955	\$ 15,470,046
Improvements	318,870,357	193,464,856	79,615,128	35,896,939	50,805
Personal Property	1,441,255	742,847	597,277	49,293	-
Exemptions (a)	(27,499,563)	(12,631,618)	(29,355,794)	(29,069,402)	(1,487,179)
Total	\$ 390,314,809	\$261,816,438	\$110,795,244	\$ 31,974,785	\$ 14,033,672

⁽a) "Exemptions," as categorized above, includes productivity loss from special valuation for agricultural designation, inventory deferments, values assigned to properties that are exempt from taxation (e.g, the elementary school in the District), and state-mandated homestead exemptions such as those for disabled veterans.

Principal Taxpayers

The following are the principal taxpayers in the District as shown on the Appraisal District's original certification of the appraisal rolls for the 2024 tax year. The values and percentages below are subject to adjustment due to supplemental certifications of the 2024 appraisal rolls by the Appraisal District.

		Taxable Value	Percent of
Taxpayer	Types of Property	2024 Tax Roll	District Value
OP II ATX 1201 Wolf Canyon RD Land LP (a)	Land & Improvements	\$55,230,774	14.15%
MRP Georgetown LP (a)	Land & Improvements	55,000,000	14.09%
Lennar Homes of Texas Land & Construction LTD (b)	Land & Improvements	20,123,675	5.16%
H4 Georgetown Phase 4G LLC (c)	Land	5,457,297	1.40%
H4 Georgetown Phase 1 LLC (c)	Land	5,262,386	1.35%
H4 Georgetown LP (c)	Land	5,202,591	1.33%
Perry Homes LLC (b)	Land & Improvements	4,864,923	1.25%
Pulte Homes of Texas LP (b)	Land & Improvements	4,775,651	1.22%
Drees Custom Homes LP (b)	Land & Improvements	4,309,497	1.10%
Highland Homes Austin LLC (b)	Land & Improvements	2,676,414	0.69%
Total		\$162,903,208	41.74%

⁽a) Such entity is an owner of property that includes a multi-family development.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property within the District and based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds; the legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a

⁽b) See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT - Homebuilders within the District."

⁽c) See "THE DEVELOPER."

like effect, and to the effect that, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of applicable corporations for the purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under "THE BONDS" (except for information under the subheadings "– Book-Entry-Only System" and "– Use and Distribution of Proceeds of Bonds"), "THE DISTRICT – Authority," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAX MATTERS," and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" solely to determine whether such information, insofar as it relates to matters of law, is true and correct and whether such information fairly summarizes matters of law and the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP also serves as general counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds. The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, executed by the President and Secretary of the Board, and dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, that to their knowledge, no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds, or the levy and/or collection of taxes for the payment thereof, or the organization or boundaries of the District, or the title of the officers thereof to their respective offices.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of applicable corporations (as defined in section 59(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code")) for the purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations.

The Code imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of proceeds and the source of repayment, limitations on the investment of proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the

Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"). The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution that is will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution pertaining to those sections of the Code which affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purpose, and in addition, will rely on representations by the District and the Initial Purchaser with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District and the Initial Purchaser, respectively, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District should fail to comply with the covenants in the Bond Resolution or if the foregoing representations or report should be determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become taxable from the date of delivery of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such taxability occurs.

Under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax-exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received, or accrued during the year. Payments of interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds are in many cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any owner who is not an "exempt recipient" and who fails to provide certain identifying information. Individuals generally are not exempt recipients, whereas corporations and certain other entities generally are exempt recipients.

Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any federal, state, or local tax consequences resulting from the ownership of, receipt of interest on, or disposition of, the Bonds.

Prospective purchaser of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations, taxpayers owning an interest in a FASIT that holds tax-exempt obligations, and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the "branch profits tax" on their effectively connected earnings and profits, including tax-exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds. These categories of prospective purchaser should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds

The issue price of certain of the Bonds is less than the stated redemption price at maturity (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds"). In such case, under existing law, and based upon the assumptions hereinafter stated (a) the difference between (i) the stated amount payable at the maturity of each Original Issue Discount Bond and (ii) the issue price of such Original Issue Discount Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond at the initial public offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds; and (b) such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such

Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such Original Issue Discount Bond continues to be owned by such owner.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income. (Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussion regarding interest on the Bonds under the caption "TAX MATTERS" generally applies, except as otherwise provided below, to original issue discount on an Original Issue Discount Bond held by an owner who purchased such Bond at the initial offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds, and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.)

The foregoing is based on the assumptions that (a) the Initial Purchaser has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the general public and not for investment purposes, and (b) all of the Original Issue Discount Bonds have been offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a cash price (and with no other consideration being included) equal to the initial offering prices thereof stated on the cover page of this Official Statement, and (c) the respective initial offering prices of the Original Issue Discount Bonds to the general public are equal to the fair market value thereof. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel warrants that the Original Issue Discount Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price plus the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds.

NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

The Bonds are **NOT** "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Resolution, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"). The MSRB has established the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB annually. The financial information and operating data which will be provided with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this Official Statement under the headings "DISTRICT DEBT" (except for "Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement"), "TAX

DATA," and in "APPENDIX A" – Financial Statements of the District. The District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2025. Any information so provided shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to the MSRB within such six-month period, and audited financial statements when and if the audit report becomes available.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "obligated person" and "financial obligation" when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from EMMA

The District has agreed to provide the information only to the MSRB. The MSRB has prescribed that such information must be filed via EMMA. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge and investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of specified events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement, or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders and beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or operations of the District but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments and interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the agreement if the United States Securities and Exchange Commission amends or repeals the applicable provisions of such rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid, but in either case only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the offering described herein. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the past five years, the District has complied in all material respects with its prior continuing disclosure agreements pursuant to the Rule.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

General

The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained primarily from the Developer, the District's records, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Appraisal District, and other sources believed to be reliable; however, no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, except as described below. The summaries of the statutes, resolutions and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are included subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information.

Experts

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to engineering and to the description of the Utility System, and, in particular, that engineering information included in the sections entitled "THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds," "THE DISTRICT – Description," "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT – Status of Development within the District," "THE ROAD SYSTEM," and "THE UTILITY SYSTEM" has been provided by the Engineer and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to assessed valuations of property generally and, in particular, that information concerning collection rates and valuations contained in the sections captioned "TAX DATA" and "DISTRICT DEBT" was provided by the Tax Assessor/Collector and the Appraisal District. Such information has been included herein in reliance upon the Tax Assessor/Collector's authority as an expert in the field of tax collection and the Appraisal District's authority as an expert in the field of appraisal.

Certification as to Official Statement

The District, acting by and through its Board in its official capacity and in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, descriptions, and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof.

Updating of Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes the Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to so amend or supplement the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District in writing on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time (but not more than 90 days after the date the District delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District's records, audited financial statements and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents, and resolutions contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of the provisions of such statutes, documents, and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 as of the date shown on the cover page hereof.

/s/ Rebecca Liston Carter
President, Board of Directors
Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29

ATTEST:

/s/ <u>Joe Castillo</u>
Assistant Secretary, Board of Directors
Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29

APPENDIX A Financial Statements of the District

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29

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ANNUAL FILING AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF WILLIAMSON } I, Noel W. Barfoot of the (Name of Duly Authorized District Representative) Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (Name of District) hereby swear, or affirm, that the district named above has reviewed and approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the District on the 19th day of August, 2024, its annual audit report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 and that copies of the annual audit report have been filed in the district office, located at 919 Congress Avenue, Suite 1500, Austin, Texas 78701 (Address of District) The annual filing affidavit and the attached copy of the audit report are being submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in satisfaction of the annual filing requirements of Texas Water Code Section 49.194. Date: September 3, 2024. By: Noel W. Barfoot, Auditor (Typed Name & Title of above District Representative) Sworn to and subscribed to before me this the 3rd day of September, 2024. Much Mount (Signature of Notary)

My Commission Expires On: August 12, 2027. Notary Public in the State of Texas.

TONIA FRENZA My Notary ID # 132125859 Expires August 12, 2027



McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 Williamson County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the *Water District Financial Management Guide* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the Other Supplementary Information included in the annual report. The Other Supplementary Information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the Other Supplementary Information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

M'Call Dibson Swedlund Barfort PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

August 19, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS APRIL 30, 2024

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 ("GASB 34"), the management of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") offers the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended April 30, 2024. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements that follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund: At the end of the current fiscal year, the nonspendable and unassigned fund balance was \$516,960, an increase of \$79,668 from the previous fiscal year. General Fund revenues were \$271,121 and expenditures were \$191,453.
- *Debt Service Fund*: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Debt Service Fund had a balance of \$2,324,396. For the year ended April 30, 2024, Debt Service Fund revenues, including bond proceeds of \$748,237, were \$2,387,011 and expenditures were \$940,946.
- Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Projects Fund had a \$253,079 increase in fund balance since the prior fiscal year. The District issued \$11,455,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds and \$4,285,000 of Unlimited Tax Road Bonds during the current fiscal year. Proceeds from the bond issues were used to purchase \$11,974,374 of infrastructure, pay \$1,226,911 for developer interest and \$1,314,722 of debt issuance expenditures.
- Governmental Activities: On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the District had expenses net of revenues of \$2,379,312 in the current fiscal year. Net position decreased from a deficit balance of \$3,739,052 at April 30, 2023 to a deficit balance of \$6,118,364 at April 30, 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE DISTRICT

The District was duly created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission") dated April 20, 2015 as a conservation and reclamation district created under and essential to accomplish the purposes of Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution.

The District is located on approximately 741 acres located west of the intersection of Interstate 35 and Highway 29. The District is divided into three non-contiguous areas. The eastern two tracts are located east of Southwest Bypass just south of Highway 29. The western tract is located west of Southwest Bypass and south of Highway 29. The District is wholly within the corporate limits of the City of Georgetown.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS APRIL 30, 2024

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of five parts:

- 1. Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section)
- 2. Basic Financial Statements
- 3. Required Supplementary Information
- 4. *Texas Supplementary Information* (required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the TSI section))
- 5. Other Supplementary Information (the OSI section)

For purposes of GASB 34, the District is considered a special purpose government. This allows the District to present the required fund and government-wide statements in a single schedule. The requirement for fund financial statements that are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting is met with the "Governmental Funds Total" column. An adjustment column includes those entries needed to convert to the full accrual basis government-wide statements. Government-wide statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a column (titled "Governmental Funds Total") that represents a balance sheet prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The adjustments column converts those balances to a balance sheet that more closely reflects a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will indicate financial health.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a column (titled "Governmental Funds Total") that derives the change in fund balance resulting from current year revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources or uses. These amounts are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The adjustments column converts those activities to full accrual, a basis that more closely represents the income statement of a private-sector business.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information presented in the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The Required Supplementary Information presents a comparison statement between the District's adopted budget and its actual results.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Summary Statement of Net Position

	Govern	Change	
	Activ	vities	Increase
	2024	2023	(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 3,688,039	\$ 1,665,645	\$ 2,022,394
Capital and non-current assets	22,999,662	11,878,502	11,121,160
Total Assets	\$ 26,687,701	\$ 13,544,147	\$ 13,143,554
	•		
Current liabilities	\$ 519,381	\$ 113,003	\$ 406,378
Long-term liabilities	32,286,684	17,170,196	15,116,488
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,806,065	\$ 17,283,199	\$ 15,522,866
	•		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (9,127,209)	\$ (4,823,341)	\$ (4,303,868)
Restricted	2,443,833	822,892	1,620,941
Unrestricted	565,012	261,397	303,615
Total Net Position	\$ (6,118,364)	\$ (3,739,052)	\$ (2,379,312)

The District's net position decreased by \$2,379,312 during the 2024 fiscal year to a deficit balance of \$6,118,364 at April 30, 2024 from the previous year's deficit balance of \$3,739,052.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued) -

Revenues and Expenses:

Summary Statement of Activities									
		Govern	me	ental	Change				
		Activ	/iti	es		Increase			
		2024		2023		(Decrease)			
Property taxes	\$	1,699,954	\$	757,725	\$	942,229			
Property tax rebates		390,173		166,945		223,228			
Interest and other		109,991		32,419		77,572			
Total Revenues	\$	2,200,118	\$	957,089	\$	1,243,029			
				_		_			
Professional fees	\$	155,141	\$	195,484	\$	(40,343)			
Other		40,343		32,953		7,390			
Developer interest		1,226,911		847,867		379,044			
Debt service		2,302,419		1,590,206		712,213			
Depreciation/amortization		854,616		516,087		338,529			
Total Expenses	\$	4,579,430	\$	3,182,597	\$	1,396,833			
Change in Net Position	\$	(2,379,312)	\$	(2,225,508)	\$	(153,804)			
Beginning Net Position		(3,739,052)		(1,513,544)		(2,225,508)			
Ending Net Position	\$	(6,118,364)	\$	(3,739,052)	\$	(2,379,312)			

Revenues were \$2,200,118 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 while expenses were \$4,579,430. Net position decreased \$2,379,312 during the 2024 fiscal year.

Governmental Funds by Year

ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 2024	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,978,545	\$ 1,430,028	\$ 965,194
Receivables	698,912	234,049	122,640
Prepaid expenditures	 35,377	51,218	51,547
Total Assets	\$ 3,712,834	\$ 1,715,295	\$ 1,139,381
Accounts payable	\$ 32,926	\$ 55,834	\$ 66,728

2022

2022

Cash and cash equivalents	Э	2,978,343	Ф	1,430,028	Э	905,194
Receivables		698,912		234,049		122,640
Prepaid expenditures		35,377		51,218		51,547
Total Assets	\$	3,712,834	\$	1,715,295	\$	1,139,381
Accounts payable	\$	32,926	\$	55,834	\$	66,728
Other		24,795		49,650		42,229
Total Liabilities	\$	57,721	\$	105,484	\$	108,957
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	283,944	\$	17,454	\$	997
Nonspendable	\$	13,865	\$	11,526	\$	9,318
Restricted		2,854,209		1,155,065		888,702
Unassigned		503,095		425,766		131,407
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,371,169	\$	1,592,357	\$	1,029,427
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,712,834	\$	1,715,295	\$	1,139,381

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, the District's General Fund reflects a fund balance of \$516,960.

The Debt Service Fund reflects a fund balance increase of \$1,446,065 in fiscal year 2024. The Debt Service Fund received \$748,237 of bond proceeds and remitted bond interest of \$933,513 during the current fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Capital Projects Fund purchases the District's infrastructure. The Capital Projects Fund had a \$253,079 increase in fund balance for the current period. The District issued \$11,455,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds and \$4,285,000 of Unlimited Tax Road Bonds during the current fiscal year. Proceeds from the bond issues were used to purchase \$11,974,374 of infrastructure, pay \$1,226,911 for developer interest and \$1,314,722 of debt issuance expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The District's governmental activities have invested \$22,999,662 in capital assets and intangible assets as of April 30, 2024. The detail is reflected in the following schedules:

Summary of Intangible Assets, net

	2024	2023
Intangible Assets -		_
Right to Receive Service from:		
Water and Wastewater System	\$ 10,490,984	\$ 5,921,576
Roads	6,489,187	4,061,885
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(1,470,462)	(674,596)
Total Net Intangible Assets	\$ 15,509,709	\$ 9,308,865

Summary of Capital Assets, net

	2024	2023		
Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 2,396,696	\$ 1,262,919		
Drainage Facilities	5,180,614	1,335,325		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(87,357)	(28,607)		
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 7,489,953	\$ 2,569,637		

More detailed information about the District's capital assets and intangible assets is presented in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund pays for daily operating expenditures. The Board of Directors adopted the 2024 fiscal year budget on April 27, 2023. The budget included revenues of \$275,000 as compared to expenditures of \$214,530 for the 2024 fiscal year. When comparing actual figures to budgeted amounts, the District had a positive net variance of \$19,198. More detailed information about the District's budgetary comparison is presented in the *Required Supplementary Information*.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS, OR CONDITIONS

The property tax assessed value for the 2024 tax year is approximately \$391 million.

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2025 projects an increase of \$29,030 to the operating fund balance. Compared to the fiscal year 2024 budget, revenues are expected to increase by approximately \$7,000 and expenditures are expected to increase by approximately \$39,000.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District in care of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 919 Congress Ave., Suite 1500, Austin, Texas 78701.



WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET APRIL 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds Total	Adjustments Note 2	Government - Wide Statement of Net Position
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash	\$ 16,013	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 16,013	\$ -	\$ 16,013
Cash equivalents	495,213	1,937,506		529,813	2,962,532	-	2,962,532
Receivables:							
Property taxes	48,052	235,892		-	283,944	-	283,944
Property tax rebate	-	390,173		-	390,173	-	390,173
Interfund	24,795	-		-	24,795	(24,795)	-
Prepaid costs	13,865	-		21,512	35,377	-	35,377
Intangible assets, net of							
accumulated amortization:							
Right to receive service	-	-		-	-	9,530,147	9,530,147
Roads	-	-		-	-	5,979,562	5,979,562
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation:							
Land	-	-		-	-	2,396,696	2,396,696
Drainage facilities				-		5,093,257	5,093,257
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 597,938	\$ 2,563,571	\$	551,325	\$ 3,712,834	22,974,867	26,687,701
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 32,926	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 32,926	_	32,926
Accrued interest payable	-	· _	·	_	-	116,455	116,455
Interfund payables	-	3,283		21,512	24,795	(24,795)	-
Bonds payable:							
Due within one year	-	-		-	-	370,000	370,000
Due after one year	-	-		-	-	32,286,684	32,286,684
TOTAL LIABILITIES	32,926	3,283		21,512	57,721	32,748,344	32,806,065
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes	48,052	235,892		_	283,944	(283,944)	_
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	,					(===;, : 1)	
OF RESOURCES	 48,052	235,892		-	283,944	(283,944)	
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION							
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	13,865	-		-	13,865	(13,865)	-
Restricted for debt service	-	2,324,396		-	2,324,396	(2,324,396)	-
Restricted for authorized construction	-	-		529,813	529,813	(529,813)	-
Unassigned	 503,095			-	503,095	(503,095)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 516,960	2,324,396		529,813	3,371,169	(3,371,169)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$ 597,938	\$ 2,563,571	\$	551,325	\$ 3,712,834		
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets						(9,127,209)	(9,127,209
Restricted for debt service						2,443,833	2,443,833
Unrestricted						565,012	565,012
TOTAL NET POSITION						\$ (6,118,364)	\$ (6,118,364

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds Total	Adjustments Note 2	Governme Wide Statemen Activitie	t of
REVENUES:							
Property taxes, including penalties	\$ 253,559	\$ 1,179,905	\$ -	\$ 1,433,464	\$ 266,490	\$ 1,699	,954
Property tax rebate	-	390,173	-	390,173	-),173
Interest and other	 17,562	68,696	23,733	109,991		109	9,991
TOTAL REVENUES	 271,121	1,638,774	23,733	1,933,628	266,490	2,200),118
EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES:							
Legal fees	108,539	-	-	108,539	-	108	3,539
Engineering fees	12,227	-	-	12,227	-	12.	2,227
Bookkeeping fees	20,375	-	-	20,375	-),375
Audit fees	14,000	-	-	14,000	-		1,000
Director fees, including payroll taxes	11,598	-	-	11,598	-		,598
Insurance	11,796	-	-	11,796	-		,796
Tax appraisal/collection fees	2,225	5,093	-	7,318	-	7,	7,318
Public notice	69	340	-	409	-	_	409
Other consulting fees	3,600	-	1 22 6 01 1	3,600	-		3,600
Developer interest		-	1,226,911	1,226,911	=	1,226	,
Other Debt service:	5,622	-	-	5,622	-	5,	5,622
Interest		933,513		933,513	52.184	005	5.697
Fiscal agent fees	-	2,000	-	2.000	32,184		2,000
Bond issuance fees	_	2,000	1,314,722	1,314,722	-	1,314	-
Capital outlay	1.402	-	11,974,374	11,975,776	(11,975,776)	1,514	-, 122
Depreciation/amortization	-	_	-	-	854,616	854	1,616
TOTAL EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES	191,453	940,946	14,516,007	15,648,406	(11,068,976)	4,579	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 						
(under) expenditures/expenses	 79,668	697,828	(14,492,274)	(13,714,778)	11,335,466	(2,379	,312
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	748,237	14,991,763	15,740,000	(15,740,000)		-
Premium on sale of bonds	-	-	202,915	202,915	(202,915)		-
Discount on sale of bonds	-	-	(257,706)	(257,706)	257,706		-
Repayment of developer advances	 		(191,619)	(191,619)	191,619		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, NET	-	748,237	14,745,353	15,493,590	(15,493,590)		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	 79,668	1,446,065	253,079	1,778,812	(1,778,812)		_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(2,379,312)	(2,379	,312
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION:							
Beginning of the year	 437,292	878,331	276,734	1,592,357	(5,331,409)	(3,739	,052
End of the year	\$ 516,960	\$ 2,324,396	\$ 529,813	\$ 3,371,169	\$ (9,489,533)	\$ (6,118	3,364

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 29 (the "District") relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental entities. GAAP for local governments includes those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which constitutes the primary source of GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

Reporting Entity - The District was duly created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission") dated April 20, 2015 as a conservation and reclamation district created under and essentially to accomplish the purposes of Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution, and Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code. The reporting entity of the District encompasses those activities and functions over which the District's elected officials exercise significant oversight or control. The District is governed by a five member Board of Directors (the "Board") which has been elected by District residents or appointed by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB standards since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units which are included in the District's reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints
 placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,
 contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law
 through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) -

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, and include a column for government-wide (based upon the District as a whole) and fund financial statement presentations. GASB Statement No. 34 also requires as supplementary information Management's Discussion and Analysis, which includes an analytical overview of the District's financial activities. In addition, a budgetary comparison schedule is presented that compares the adopted General Fund budget with actual results.

• Government-wide Statements: The District's Statement of Net Position includes both non-current assets and non-current liabilities of the District. In addition, the government-wide Statement of Activities column reflects depreciation and amortization expense on the District's capital and intangible assets, including infrastructure, if any.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from financial activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the individual funds of the governmental categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

• Fund Financial Statements: Fund based financial statement columns are provided for governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category) for the determination of major funds. The District's three funds are reported as major funds.

Governmental Fund Types - The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are grouped by category and type in the financial statements. The District maintains the following fund types:

- **General Fund** The General Fund accounts for financial resources in use for general types of operations which are not encompassed within other funds. This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District provides for its residents. Tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund.
- **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest and related costs.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition/construction of facilities.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) -

Non-current Governmental Assets and Liabilities - GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the government-wide financial statement column in the Statement of Net Position.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements - The government-wide financial statement column is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Fund Financial Statements - The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in the net fund balance. Governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e. both measurable and available).

"Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means the amount of the transaction is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Expenditures, if measurable, are generally recognized on the accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include the unmatured principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, which is recognized when due. This exception is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. In this case, available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Such time thereafter shall not exceed 60 days. Tax collections expected to be received subsequent to the 60-day availability period are reported as deferred inflows of resources. All other revenues of the District are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

The District may report unearned revenue on its balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, unearned revenues are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) -

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - An unappropriated budget was adopted on April 27, 2023, for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The District's Board utilizes the budget as a management tool for planning and cost control purposes. The budget was not amended during the fiscal year. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original budget amounts compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Pensions - The District has not established a pension plan as the District does not have employees. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that fees of office received by Directors are considered to be wages subject to federal income tax withholding for payroll purposes only.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Includes cash on deposit as well as investments with maturities of three months or less. The investments, consisting of obligations in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool, are recorded at amortized cost.

Intangible Assets - Intangible assets, consisting of rights to receive service from the City of Georgetown, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Intangible assets are valued at the cost of water and wastewater facilities and road infrastructure conveyed to the City of Georgetown and amortized over the term of the applicable development agreement, which is 25 years from the execution date of the agreement.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land and drainage facilities, are reported in the government-wide column in the Statement of Net Position. Public domain ("infrastructure") capital assets including drainage facilities, are capitalized. Items purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed fixed assets are recorded as capital assets at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Interest incurred during construction of capital facilities is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

-	Asset	Years
Drainas	ge Facilities	10 - 50

Interfund Transactions - Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay that amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Operating transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Accounting Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) –

Fund Balance - Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

- *Nonspendable*: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted*: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.
- *Committed*: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.
- Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District does not have any assigned fund balances.
- *Unassigned*: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

2. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Adjustments to convert the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 3,371,169
Intangible assets and capital assets used in governmental		
activities are not current financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Intangible assets	16,980,171	
Less: Accumulated amortization	(1,470,462)	15,509,709
Capital assets	7,577,310	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(87,357)	7,489,953
Revenue is recognized when earned in the government-wide		
statements, regardless of availability. Governmental		
funds report deferred inflows of resources for revenues		
earned but not available.		283,944
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the		
governmental funds:		
Bonds payable, net of bond discounts/premiums		(32,656,684)
Accrued interest		(116,455)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (6,118,364)

Adjustments to convert the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities are as follows:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,778,812
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report:	
Capital expenditures in period purchased	11,975,776
Developer advances when received/repaid	191,619
Interest expenditures in period paid	(52,184)
Tax collections in period received	266,490
Bond proceeds and premiums/discounts as	
other financing sources/uses	(15,685,209)
Governmental funds do not report -	
Depreciation/amortization	(854,616)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (2,379,312)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The investment policies of the District are governed by State statute and an adopted District investment policy that includes depository contract provisions and custodial contract provisions. Major provisions of the District's investment policy include: depositories must be FDIC-insured Texas banking institutions; depositories must fully insure or collateralize all demand and time deposits; and securities collateralizing time deposits are held by independent third-party trustees.

<u>Cash</u> – At April 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$16,013 and the bank balance was \$30,351. The District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk at April 30, 2024.

Investments -

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values through investment diversification and limiting investments as follows:

- Money market mutual funds are required to have weighted average maturities of 90 days or fewer; and
- Other mutual fund investments are required to have weighted average maturities of less than two years.

Credit risk. The District's investment policy requires the application of the prudent-person rule: investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, and considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived. The District's investment policy requires that District funds be invested in:

- Obligations of the United States Government and/or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Money market mutual funds with investment objectives of maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1 per share;
- Mutual funds rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Securities issued by a State or local government or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; or
- Public funds investment pools rated AAA or AAAm by a nationally recognized rating agency.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued) -

At April 30, 2024, the District held the following investments:

				(Gove					
				General		ebt Service	e Capital Projects		Inves	tment Rating
	j	Fair Value	e						_	
Investment		at 4/30/24	Uı	Unrestricted		Restricted (1)		stricted (2)	Rating	Rating Agency
Texpool	\$	2,962,532	\$	495,213	\$	1,937,506	\$	529,813	AAAm	Standard & Poors
	\$	2,962,532	\$	495,213	\$	1,937,506	\$	529,813		

⁽¹⁾ Restricted for payment of debt service and cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("Texpool"), an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of the pool. Federated Hermes, Inc. manages the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller. Texpool measures all of its portfolio assets at amortized cost. As a result, the District also measures its investments in Texpool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from Texpool.

Concentration of credit risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, investments in individual securities are to be limited to ensure that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. As of April 30, 2024, the District did not own any investments in individual securities.

Custodial credit risk-deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The government's investment policy requires that the District's deposits be fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized with obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. As of April 30, 2024, the District's bank deposits were fully insured.

⁽²⁾ Restricted for purchase of capital assets.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1. Taxes are levied on or about October 1, are due on November 1, and are past due the following February 1. The Williamson Central Appraisal District established appraisal values in accordance with requirements of the Texas Legislature. The District levies taxes based upon the appraised values. The Williamson County Tax Collector bills and collects the District's property taxes. The Board of Directors set the tax rate for the 2023 tax year on September 7, 2023.

The property tax rate, established in accordance with state law, was based on 100% of the net assessed valuation of real and taxable personal property within the District on the 2023 tax roll. The tax rate, based on total taxable assessed valuation of \$260,445,776, was \$0.65 on each \$100 valuation and was allocated \$0.11 to the General Fund, \$0.36 to debt service for water, sewer and drainage, and \$0.18 for road debt service. Taxes receivable at April 30, 2024 totaled \$48,052 for the General Fund and \$235,892 for the Debt Service Fund. The maximum allowable maintenance tax of \$1.20 for facilities and \$0.25 for roads was established by the voters on November 3, 2015.

5. INTERFUND ACCOUNTS AND TRANSFERS

A summary of interfund accounts, which resulted from the time lag between dates that payments are made between funds, is as follows at April 30, 2024:

	Interfund				
	Receivable			Payable	
General Fund:					
Debt Service Fund	\$	3,283	\$	-	
Capital Projects Fund		21,512		-	
Debt Service Fund -					
General Fund		-		3,283	
Capital Projects Fund -					
General Fund		-		21,512	
	\$	24,795	\$	24,795	

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In accordance with the Development Agreement (see Note 9) entered into between the developer and the City of Georgetown, upon completion of construction of certain water and wastewater facilities and road infrastructure, these assets are conveyed to the City of Georgetown for ownership, operation and maintenance. In exchange for the conveyance of these assets, the City of Georgetown agrees to provide water and wastewater services to the District and repair and maintain the roads within the District, which results in an intangible asset of the District. The term of the agreement is 25 years from the date the agreement was executed.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued) -

A summary of changes in intangible assets follows:

	5/1/2023	Additions	De	eletions	4/30/2024
Intangible assets being amortized - Right to receive service from:					
Water and wastewater system	\$ 5,921,576	\$ 4,569,408	\$	-	\$ 10,490,984
Roads	4,061,885	2,427,302		-	6,489,187
Total intangible assets being amortized	 9,983,461	6,996,710		-	16,980,171
Less accumulated amortization for - Right to receive service from:					
Water and wastewater system	(481,195)	(479,642)		-	(960,837)
Roads	(193,401)	(316,224)		-	(509,625)
Total accumulated amortization	(674,596)	(795,866)		-	(1,470,462)
Total intangible assets, net	\$ 9,308,865	\$ 6,200,844	\$	-	\$ 15,509,709

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	 5/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	4	4/30/2024
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 1,262,919 \$	1,133,777	\$	- \$	2,396,696
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 1,262,919	1,133,777	Ψ	-	2,396,696
Capital assets being depreciated -					
Drainage facilities	1,335,325	3,845,289		-	5,180,614
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,335,325	3,845,289		-	5,180,614
Less accumulated depreciation for -					
Drainage facilities	(28,607)	(58,750)		-	(87,357)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (28,607)	(58,750)		-	(87,357)
Total capital assets being depreciated,					
net of accumulated depreciation	1,306,718	3,786,539		-	5,093,257
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,569,637 \$	4,920,316	\$	- \$	7,489,953

8. BONDED DEBT

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the District for the year ended April 30, 2024:

	Uı	nlimited Tax
		Bonds
Bonds payable at May 1, 2023	\$	16,770,000
Bonds issued		15,740,000
Bonds retired		-
Less: Bond premiums/discounts, net of accumulated amortization		146,684
Bonds payable at April 30, 2024	\$	32,656,684

Bonds payable at April 30, 2024 were comprised of the following individual issues:

Unlimited Tax Road Bonds:

\$2,345,000 - 2021 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds payable serially through the year 2047 at interest rates which range from 2.00% to 3.00%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2027 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2026 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2042, 2044 and 2047 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

\$4,000,000 - 2022 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds payable serially through the year 2050 at interest rates which range from 4.75% to 7.25%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2030 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2029 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2044, 2047 and 2050 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

\$4,285,000 – 2023 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds payable serially through the year 2051 at interest rates which range from 4.00% to 6.50%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2031 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2030 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2048 and 2051 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

Unlimited Tax Bonds:

\$4,565,000 - 2021 Unlimited Tax Bonds payable serially through the year 2047 at interest rates which range from 2.125% to 4.625%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2027 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2026 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2044 and 2047 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

\$5,860,000 - 2022 Unlimited Tax Bonds payable serially through the year 2050 at interest rates which range from 4.75% to 7.25%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2030 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2029 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2044, 2047 and 2050 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

8. BONDED DEBT (continued) -

\$11,455,000 - 2023 Unlimited Tax Bonds payable serially through the year 2051 at interest rates which range from 4.00% to 6.50%. The District may redeem prior to maturity bonds maturing on and after October 1, 2031 in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2030 or any date thereafter. Term bonds maturing on October 1, 2032, 2034, 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044, 2046, 2048 and 2051 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

On December 19, 2023, the District closed on the issuance of \$4,285,000 of Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50%. The net proceeds of \$3,924,452 (after payment of the underwriter's fees and other bond issue costs) were deposited with the District's investment accounts to finance road improvements constructed by the developer and to pay for accrued bond interest and subsequent bond issuance costs.

On December 19, 2023, the District closed on the issuance of \$11,455,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50%. The net proceeds of \$10,560,194 (after payment of the underwriter's fees and other bond issue costs) were deposited with the District's investment accounts to finance improvements constructed by the developer and to pay for accrued bond interest and subsequent bond issuance costs.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt at April 30, 2024, including interest, are as follows:

	Annual Requirements for All Series						
Year Ended	•		_				
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2025	\$ 370,000	\$ 1,459,749	\$ 1,829,749				
2026	665,000	1,430,285	2,095,285				
2027	690,000	1,390,504	2,080,504				
2028	730,000	1,348,781	2,078,781				
2029	755,000	1,305,384	2,060,384				
2030-2034	4,350,000	5,887,670	10,237,670				
2035-2039	5,485,000	4,862,734	10,347,734				
2040-2044	6,895,000	3,594,486	10,489,486				
2045-2049	8,300,000	1,954,927	10,254,927				
2050-2052	4,270,000	282,774	4,552,774				
	\$ 32,510,000	\$ 23,517,294	\$ 56,027,294				

8. BONDED DEBT (continued) -

The total amount of bonds approved by the voters of the District but not issued as of April 30, 2024 is as follows:

Type	 Amount
Unlimited Tax Bonds	\$ 138,920,000
Park and Recreational Bonds	\$ 79,115,000
Road Bonds	\$ 130,395,000

At April 30, 2024, \$2,324,396 is available in the Debt Service Fund to service the bonded debt.

9. DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

Effective August 19, 2014, the City of Georgetown (the "City") and the developer entered into a Development Agreement (the "Agreement"). Upon its creation, the District became a party to the Agreement. Pursuant to the Agreement, the developer or the District will construct, at no cost to the City, all on-site water, wastewater and drainage improvements within the District, as well as roadways to serve the District. Upon completion of construction, and with exception of the drainage facilities and the land associated with the drainage facilities, the developer or the District will convey all on-site facilities to the City for ownership, operation and maintenance. In exchange, the City will provide water and wastewater service to customers within the District on a retail basis in the same manner and at the same rates as the City provides service to customers outside the corporate limits of the City. The City will also maintain all roadways constructed in the District for public use. The developer or the District will also grant park land and certain trail improvements to the City, who will then own and maintain the park land and trails for public use. The City will be solely responsible for the collection of City impact fees and for billing and collecting for water, wastewater, garbage collection, fire protection and electrical services provided to customers within the District.

In consideration of the development of the land within the District and the related increase in taxable value as a result of conveyance of the facilities to the City, the City has agreed to reimburse the District an amount equal to \$0.15 per \$100 of taxable assessed value payable from collections of the City's ad valorem taxes attributable to property in the District. There is a maximum reimbursement amount of \$25,000,000 related to the Property, as defined in the related agreements, which includes property also in Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 28. During the year ended April 30, 2024, the District recognized \$390,173 in property tax reimbursements from the City. In total, as of April 30, 2024, the District and Williamson County Municipal Utility District No. 28 have recognized \$636,532 and \$2,745,183, respectively, in property tax reimbursement from the City.

The term of the agreement will be 25 years from the effective date of the Agreement.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Developer of the land within the District has incurred costs for the construction of facilities, as well as costs pertaining to the creation and operation of the District. Claims for reimbursement of construction costs and operational advances will be evaluated upon receipt of adequate supporting documentation and proof of contractual obligation. Such costs may be reimbursable to the Developer by the District from proceeds of future District bond issues, subject to approval by the Commission, or from operations. On November 5, 2019, a bond election held within the District approved authorization to issue \$160,800,000 of bonds to fund costs of a proposed waterworks system, sanitary sewer system, drainage system, storm sewer system, and the costs of creation, \$79,115,000 of bonds to fund costs for recreational facilities and \$141,025,000 to fund road improvements. As of April 30, 2024, the District has issued \$21,880,000 of tax bonds and \$10,630,000 of road tax bonds. The District has reimbursed the developer \$191,619 of advances during the current fiscal year. The following is a summary of the due to developer transactions for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2024:

Due to Developer – May 1, 2023	\$	191,619
Plus: Current Year Additions		-0-
Less: Current Year Payments	(1	91,619)
Due to Developer – April 30, 2024	\$	-0-

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies to effectively manage its risk. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered.

12. USE OF SURPLUS FUNDS

On September 7, 2023, the District approved using surplus funds from its Series 2022 Road Bonds to reimburse the Developer \$31,074 for road improvements related to Wolf Ranch West, Section 1AG/1BG and \$879 for developer interest.

On December 12, 2023, the District approved using surplus funds from its Series 2021 and 2022 Bonds to reimburse the Developer \$181,150 for improvements related to Wolf Ranch West, Section 2G and \$8,983 for developer interest.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Actual	iginal and Final Budget	F	ariance Positive (egative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes, including penalties	\$ 253,559	\$ 275,000	\$	(21,441)
Interest and other	 17,562			17,562
TOTAL REVENUES	 271,121	275,000		(3,879)
EXPENDITURES:				
Legal fees	108,539	120,000		11,461
Engineering fees	12,227	21,000		8,773
Bookkeeping fees	20,375	22,750		2,375
Audit fees	14,000	14,000		=
Director fees, including payroll taxes	11,598	9,780		(1,818)
Insurance	11,796	10,000		(1,796)
Tax appraisal/collection fees	2,225	2,000		(225)
Public notice	69	_		(69)
Other consulting fees	3,600	6,000		2,400
Other	5,622	9,000		3,378
Capital outlay	 1,402	_		(1,402)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 191,453	214,530		23,077
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	79,668	\$ 60,470	\$	19,198
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of the year	 437,292			
End of the year	\$ 516,960			

TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-1. SERVICES AND RATES APRIL 30, 2024

1. Services Providence	ded by the District du	ring the Fiscal Y	ear:		
X Parks/R Solid W Particip emerge	Water Wastewater Recreation Vaste/Garbage pates in joint venture, rency interconnect) specify):	egional system and		X	Drainage Irrigation Security Roads
2. Retail Service la. Retail Rates	Providers Based on 5/8'' Meter	(or equivalent):			
	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Levels
WATER:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
WASTEWATER:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
SURCHARGE:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District employs w	vinter averaging for wa	stewater usage?	Yes	No X	
Total charges per	10,000 gallons usage:	Water	(1)	Wastewater	(1)
b. Water and V	Vastewater Retail Co	nnections:			
	Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC's
	Unmetered			1.0	
	< 3/4"			1.0	
	1"			2.5	
	1 1/2"			5.0	
	2"			8.0	
	3"			15.0	
	4"			25.0	
	6"			50.0	
	8"			80.0	
	10"	(1)	(1)	115.0	(1)
	Total Water	(1)	(1)	1.0	(1)

⁽¹⁾ The District receives retail water and wastewater services from the City of Georgetown, Texas.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 **TSI-1. SERVICES AND RATES (continued) APRIL 30, 2024**

3. Total Water Consumption during the Fi	scal Year (roun	ded to the	nearest t	housand):
Gallons pumped into system:	(1)		<u>W</u>	Vater Accountability Ratio
Gallons billed to customers:	(1)		(Gallons billed / Gallons Pumped) N/A
4. Standby Fees (authorized only under TWO	C Section 49.231):		
Does the District assess standby f	Pees?	Yes \square	o No	x
If yes, Date of the most recent Co	ommission Order	:		
Does the District have Operation Maintenance standby fees?	and	Yes \square	o No	x
If yes, Date of the most recent Co	ommission Order	:		
5. Location of District				
County(ies) in which district is located:		Willia	mson Cou	nty, Texas
Is the District located entirely within one of	county?	Yes X	No	
Is the District located within a city?	Entirely X	Partly	Not at a	11
City(ies) in which district is located:		City of	f Georgeto	own, Texas
Is the District located within a city's extra	territorial jurisdi	iction (ETJ	()?	
	Entirely	Partly	Not at a	ll X
ETJ's in which district is located:				
Are Board members appointed by an office	ce outside the dis	trict?		
		Yes	No	X
If Yes, by whom?				

(1) The District receives retail water and wastewater services from the City of Georgetown, Texas.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-2. GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES APRIL 30, 2024

Personnel Expenditures (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees: Auditing Legal Engineering Financial Advisor		14,000 108,539 12,227
Purchased Services For Resale - Bulk Water and Wastewater Purchases		-
Contracted Services: Bookkeeping General Manager Appraisal District/Tax Collector Other Contracted Services		20,375 - 2,225 3,600
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-
Chemicals		-
Administrative Expenditures: Directors' Fees Office Supplies Insurance Other Administrative Expenditures Capital Outlay:		11,598 - 11,796 5,691
Capitalized Assets Expenditures not Capitalized		1,402
Bad Debt		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		\$ 191,453
Number of persons employed by the District:	□ Full-Time	Part-Time

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-3. TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

Funds	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year]	Accrued Interest Receivable at End of Year
General Fund -						
TexPool	XXX0001	Varies	N/A	\$ 495,213	\$	_
Total				 495,213		_
Debt Service Fund:						
TexPool	XXX0002	Varies	N/A	\$ 14,493	\$	-
TexPool	XXX0005	Varies	N/A	847,443		-
TexPool	XXX0007	Varies	N/A	417,570		-
TexPool	XXX0010	Varies	N/A	58,027		-
TexPool	XXX0012	Varies	N/A	50,065		-
TexPool	XXX0014	Varies	N/A	399,278		-
TexPool	XXX0016	Varies	N/A	 150,630		-
Total - Debt Service Fund				 1,937,506		_
Capital Projects Fund:						
TexPool	XXX0006	Varies	N/A	40,087		-
TexPool	XXX0011	Varies	N/A	16,257		-
TexPool	XXX0013	Varies	N/A	3,279		-
TexPool	XXX0015	Varies	N/A	354,078		-
TexPool	XXX0017	Varies	N/A	116,112		-
Total				 529,813		-
Total - All Funds				\$ 2,962,532	\$	-

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-4. TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE APRIL 30, 2024

				Maintenance Taxes			Debt Service Taxes		
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year				\$	15,724	•	\$	1,730	
2023 Original Tax Levy, less abatements					287,777			1,412,723	
Prior Year Adjustments					(2,399)	-		(1,066)	
Total to be accounted for					301,102			1,413,387	
Tax collections:						•			
Current year					239,725			1,176,831	
Prior years					13,325	_		664	
Total collections					253,050	•		1,177,495	
Taxes Receivable, End of Year				\$	48,052	_	\$	235,892	
Taxes Receivable, By Tax Years						-			
2022 and before				\$	-		\$	-	
2023					48,052	_		235,892	
Taxes Receivable, End of Year				\$	48,052	:	\$	235,892	
Property Valuations:		2023	-		2022	-		2021	
Land and improvements	\$	260,445,776	(a)	\$	110,795,244	(a)	\$	31,974,785 (a)	
Total Property Valuations	\$	260,445,776	=	\$	110,795,244	=	\$	31,974,785	
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:									
Debt Service tax rates	\$	0.54		\$	0.20		\$	-	
Maintenance tax rates		0.11	_		0.45	-		0.65	
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:	\$	0.65	=	\$	0.65	=	\$	0.65	
Original Tax Levy	\$	1,700,500	=	\$	723,933	=	\$	207,836	
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied *		83.3%	=		100.0%	:		100.0%	
Maximum Maintenance Tax Approved by Voters for Facilities:	\$	1.20	on_		11/3/2015	-			
Maximum Maintenance Tax Approved by Voters for Roads:	\$	0.25	on		11/3/2015	•			

^{*}Calculated as taxes collected in current and previous years divided by tax levy.

⁽a) Valuations are provided by the appropriate Appraisal District. Due to various factors including tax protests and disputes, such valuations change over time; therefore, they may vary slightly from those disclosed to the District's bond offering documents or the District's annual bond disclosure filings.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-5. LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BY YEARS APRIL 30, 2024

	Un	llimited Tax Road E Series 2021	Bonds	Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2021				Unlimited Tax Bond Series 2022	ls	Un	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series 2022			
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total		
2025	\$ 65,000	\$ 61,606	\$ 126,606	\$ 130,000	\$ 135,462	\$ 265,462	\$ 105,000	\$ 305,518	\$ 410,518	\$ 70,000	\$ 208,925	\$ 278,92		
2026	70,000	60,256	130,256	135,000	129,334	264,334	110,000	297,725	407,725	75,000	203,669	278,66		
2027	70,000	58,856	128,856	135,000	123,090	258,090	115,000	289,569	404,569	80,000	198,050	278,0		
2028	75,000	57,406	132,406	140,000	116,818	256,818	120,000	281,050	401,050	85,000	192,069	277,0		
2029	75,000	55,906	130,906	145,000	110,496	255,496	125,000	272,169	397,169	85,000	186,013	271,0		
2030	75,000	54,406	129,406	150,000	105,075	255,075	135,000	263,250	398,250	90,000	179,775	269,7		
2031	80,000	52,856	132,856	155,000	100,500	255,500	140,000	254,312	394,312	95,000	173,069	268,0		
2032	80,000	51,156	131,156	160,000	95,775	255,775	150,000	244,887	394,887	100,000	166,000	266,0		
2033	85,000	49,247	134,247	165,000	90,900	255,900	155,000	235,362	390,362	105,000	159,750	264,7		
2034	90,000	47,113	137,113	170,000	85,876	255,876	165,000	225,762	390,762	110,000	154,375	264,3		
2035	90,000	44,863	134,863	175,000	81,247	256,247	175,000	216,656	391,656	120,000	148,625	268,6		
2036	95,000	42,550	137,550	185,000	76,972	261,972	180,000	208,225	388,225	125,000	142,500	267,5		
2037	95,000	40,056	135,056	190,000	71,925	261,925	190,000	199,437	389,437	130,000	136,287	266,2		
2038	100,000	37,375	137,375	195,000	66,150	261,150	200,000	190,175	390,175	140,000	129,875	269,8		
2039	105,000	34,425	139,425	200,000	60,225	260,225	210,000	180,438	390,438	145,000	123,106	268,		
2040	105,000	31,275	136,275	210,000	54,075	264,075	220,000	170,225	390,225	150,000	116,100	266,		
2041	110,000	28,050	138,050	215,000	47,700	262,700	235,000	159,419	394,419	160,000	108,738	268,		
2042	115,000	24,675	139,675	220,000	41,176	261,176	245,000	148,019	393,019	170,000	100,900	270,		
2043	115,000	21,225	136,225	230,000	34,425	264,425	260,000	136,025	396,025	175,000	92,706	267,		
2044	120,000	17,700	137,700	235,000	27,450	262,450	275,000	123,319	398,319	185,000	84,156	269,		
2045	125,000	14,025	139,025	245,000	20,250	265,250	285,000	110,019	395,019	195,000	75,131	270,		
2046	130,000	10,200	140,200	250,000	13,918	263,918	300,000	95,750	395,750	205,000	65,375	270,		
2047	135,000	6,225	141,225	260,000	8,500	268,500	320,000	80,250	400,250	215,000	54,875	269,		
2048	140,000	2,100	142,100	270,000	2,869	272,869	335,000	63,875	398,875	230,000	43,750	273,		
2049	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,000	46,750	396,750	240,000	32,000	272,		
2050	-	-	-	-	-	-	370,000	28,750	398,750	255,000	19,625	274,		
2051	-	-	-	-	-	-	390,000	9,750	399,750	265,000	6,625	271,		
2052														
	\$ 2,345,000	\$ 903,552	\$ 3,248,552	\$ 4,565,000	\$ 1,700,208	\$ 6,265,208	\$ 5,860,000	\$ 4,836,686	\$ 10,696,686	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,302,069	\$ 7,302		

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-5. LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BY YEARS APRIL 30, 2024

		Unlimited Tax Bond Series 2023	ls	Un	limited Tax Road Boundary Series 2023	onds	Total - All Series				
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Due 4/1, 10/1	Total		
2025	\$ -	\$ 543,282	\$ 543,282	\$ -	\$ 204,956	\$ 204,956	\$ 370,000	\$ 1,459,749	\$ 1,829,749		
2026	200,000	536,782	736,782	75,000	202,519	277,519	665,000	1,430,285	2,095,285		
2027	210,000	523,457	733,457	80,000	197,482	277,482	690,000	1,390,504	2,080,504		
2028	225,000	509,319	734,319	85,000	192,119	277,119	730,000	1,348,781	2,078,781		
2029	235,000	494,369	729,369	90,000	186,431	276,431	755,000	1,305,384	2,060,384		
2030	250,000	478,607	728,607	95,000	180,656	275,656	795,000	1,261,769	2,056,769		
2031	260,000	462,032	722,032	95,000	174,956	269,956	825,000	1,217,725	2,042,725		
2032	275,000	448,082	723,082	100,000	169,106	269,106	865,000	1,175,006	2,040,006		
2033	290,000	436,782	726,782	110,000	163,906	273,906	910,000	1,135,947	2,045,947		
2034	305,000	424,691	729,691	115,000	159,406	274,406	955,000	1,097,223	2,052,223		
2035	320,000	411,800	731,800	120,000	154,631	274,631	1,000,000	1,057,822	2,057,822		
2036	335,000	398,081	733,081	125,000	149,578	274,578	1,045,000	1,017,906	2,062,906		
2037	355,000	383,418	738,418	135,000	144,131	279,131	1,095,000	975,254	2,070,254		
2038	375,000	367,906	742,906	140,000	138,287	278,287	1,150,000	929,768	2,079,768		
2039	390,000	351,650	741,650	145,000	132,140	277,140	1,195,000	881,984	2,076,984		
2040	415,000	334,284	749,284	155,000	125,578	280,578	1,255,000	831,537	2,086,537		
2041	435,000	315,690	750,690	160,000	118,588	278,588	1,315,000	778,185	2,093,185		
2042	455,000	295,937	750,937	170,000	111,163	281,163	1,375,000	721,870	2,096,870		
2043	480,000	274,900	754,900	180,000	103,288	283,288	1,440,000	662,569	2,102,569		
2044	505,000	252,737	757,737	190,000	94,963	284,963	1,510,000	600,325	2,110,325		
2045	535,000	229,337	764,337	200,000	86,063	286,063	1,585,000	534,825	2,119,825		
2046	560,000	204,350	764,350	210,000	76,581	286,581	1,655,000	466,174	2,121,174		
2047	590,000	177,756	767,756	220,000	66,499	286,499	1,740,000	394,105	2,134,105		
2048	620,000	149,387	769,387	235,000	55,693	290,693	1,830,000	317,674	2,147,674		
2049	655,000	119,106	774,106	245,000	44,293	289,293	1,490,000	242,149	1,732,149		
2050	690,000	87,162	777,162	255,000	32,418	287,418	1,570,000	167,955	1,737,955		
2051	725,000	53,556	778,556	270,000	19,950	289,950	1,650,000	89,881	1,739,881		
2052	765,000	18,169	783,169	285,000	6,769	291,769	1,050,000	24,938	1,074,938		
	\$ 11,455,000	\$ 9,282,629	\$ 20,737,629	\$ 4,285,000	\$ 3,492,150	\$ 7,777,150	\$ 32,510,000	\$ 23,517,294	\$ 56,027,294		

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-6. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BONDED DEBT APRIL 30, 2024

Interest Rate	Series 2021 Tax Road Bonds 2.00 - 3.00%	Series 2021 <u>Tax Bonds</u> 2.125 - 4.625%	Series 2022 <u>Tax Bonds</u> 4.75 - 7.25%	Series 2022 Tax Road Bonds 4.75 - 7.25%	Series 2023 Tax Bonds 4.00 - 6.50%	Series 2023 <u>Tax Road Bonds</u> 4.00 - 6.50%	Total
Dates Interest Payable	4/1, 10/1	4/1, 10/1	4/1, 10/1	4/1, 10/1	4/1, 10/1	4/1, 10/1	
Maturity Dates	10/1/2047	10/1/2047	10/1/2050	10/1/2050	10/1/2051	10/1/2051	
Bonds Outstanding at Beginning of Current Period	\$ 2,345,000	\$ 4,565,000	\$ 5,860,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,770,000
Bonds Sold During the Current Period	-	-	-	-	11,455,000	4,285,000	15,740,000
Retirements During the Current Period: Principal Refunded	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
Bonds Outstanding at End of Current Period	\$ 2,345,000	\$ 4,565,000	\$ 5,860,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 11,455,000	\$ 4,285,000	\$ 32,510,000
Interest Paid During the Current Period	\$ 62,256	\$ 138,469	\$ 309,325	\$ 211,463	\$ 153,930	\$ 58,070	\$ 933,513
Paying Agent's Name and Address:	Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	n Zions Bancorporation Houston, TX	
Bond Authority: Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued Remaining To Be Issued	Unlimited Tax Bonds \$ 160,800,000 21,880,000 \$ 138,920,000	Park and Recreational Facilities Bonds \$ 79,115,000	Road Bonds \$ 141,025,000 10,630,000 \$ 130,395,000				
Debt Service Fund Cash and Temporary Inve	estments balances as of April	30, 2024:	\$ 1,937,506				
Average Annual Debt Service Payment (Prin	cipal and Interest) for the rer	maining term of all debt:	\$ 2,000,975				

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-7. COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS APRIL 30, 2024

Property tasks, including penalties \$25\$,559 \$20,100 \$20,21 \$20,000 \$20,40 \$20,30 \$20,20 \$20,100					A	mounts				Fund	Percent of I Total Revenu	ies	
Property taxes, including penalties 17,562 4,115 71 72 9,40 16,50 0,35 0,20 17,00		2024		2023			2021	2020	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES \$21,121 \$24,245 \$246,315 \$190,780 \$171,679 \$100,096 \$1000,096 \$100,096 \$100,096 \$100,096 \$1000,096 \$1000,096 \$1000,096 \$1000,096 \$1000	Property taxes, including penalties Interest and other	T,	\$,	\$	71	\$ 29	\$ 41		0.8%	-	-	17.3%
Legal fees	TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING	271,121		524,245			 		100.0%				82.7% 100.0%
Engineering fees	EXPENDITURES:												
Engineering fees 12,227 12,321 13,608 13,205 18,955 4,5% 2,4% 5,6% 6.9% Bookkeeping fees 20,375 19,500 15,000 15,425 7,250 7,5% 3,7% 6.4% 8.1% Audit fees 14,400 12,500 10,000 17,250 7,000 5.2% 2,2% 4,1% 3,8% Director fees, including payroll taxes 11,598 5.975 6.60 8,074 6,782 4.3% 1.1% 2,7% 4.2% Insurance 11,796 10,123 6,964 5,549 2,992 44,4% 1.1% 2,7% 4.2% Insurance 11,796 10,123 6,964 5,549 2,992 44,4% 1.1% 2,7% 2.8% 2.9% Election expenses 2,225 1,987 1,077 5,588 36 0.8% 0.4% 0.4% 0.3% Public notice 69 334 410 410 - 0.0% 0.1% 0.2% 0.2% Other 5,602 7,475 2,754 2.9 1,888 2,1% 1,4% 1,1% - 0.0% Capital outlay 1,402 1,257 - 0.5% - 0.5% Capital outlay 1,402 2 1,257 - 0.5% - 0.5% - 0.7% TOTAL EXPENDITURES 191,453 227,678 351,993 124,79 174,508 70.6% 43.4% 61.7% 65.4% EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) 79,668 5,296,567 5,94,322 5,66,001 5,029 29.4% 56.6% 38.3% 34.6% EDET SERVICE FUND REVENUES: 179,905 221,138 1.30 1.45 1.44% 1.43 1.45 1.45 Property taxes, including penalties 1,179,005 221,138 1.30 1.44 1.44% 1.44 1.45 1.45 1.45 EDET SERVICE FUND REVENUES: 1,179,005 2,21,318 1.30 1.44 1.44 1.45		108,539		151,163		94,770	73.042	129,604	40.0%	28.8%	38.4%	38.3%	75.5%
Bookkeeping fees		,		- ,		. ,		. ,					11.0%
Audit fices	č č												4.2%
Director fees, including payroll taxes				. ,									4.1%
Insurance		,				,				1.1%			4.0%
Election expenses		,		10,123		6,964	,	2,992	4.4%	1.9%	2.8%	2.9%	1.7%
Tax appraisal/collection fees		,				-	-		-		-		0.3%
Public notice		2,225		1.987		1.077	538		0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	_
Other consulting fees 3,600 6,300 -						,							_
Chief	Other consulting fees	3,600		6,300		_	_	-	1.3%	1.2%	-	-	-
Capital outlay	5	5,622		7.475		2.754	29	1.388	2.1%	1.4%	1.1%	_	0.8%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 191,453 227,678 151,993 124,779 174,508 70.6% 43.4% 61.7% 65.4%				-		_,,		-,				0.7%	-
Total active retail water connections Sources over (Under Sources over (Under Expenditures Sources over (Under Sources (Under Sources over (Under Sources over (Under Sources over (Under Sources (Under				227,678		151,993		 174,508		43.4%	61.7%		101.6%
Property tax rebates	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER)	\$ 79,668	\$	296,567	\$	94,322	\$ 66,001	\$ (2,829)	29.4%	56.6%	38.3%	34.6%	(1.6)%
Property taxes, including penalties													
Interest and other 68,696 20,431 130 - 2.9% 2.2% - 3.80 - 3.13% 55.2% 79.1% - 3.13% 38.8% 15.2% - 3.13% 38.8% 38.8% 15.2% - 3.13% 38.8%		+,	\$		\$	79,414	\$ -	\$ -			20.9%	-	-
Bond proceeds, net of discount/premium 748,237 503,000 301,087 - - 31.3% 55.2% 79.1% - TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES 2,387,011 911,514 380,631 - - 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% -						-	-	-			-	-	-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES 2,387,011 911,514 380,631 - - 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% - DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES - Bond interest 933,513 354,068 57,987 - - 39.1% 38.8% 15.2% - Fiscal agent fees and other 7,433 1,759 - - - 0.3% 0.2% - - TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES 940,946 355,827 57,987 - - 39.4% 39.0% 15.2% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,446,065 \$ 555,687 \$ 322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		,		,			-	-				-	-
DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES -						,	 	 				_	
Bond interest 933,513 354,068 57,987 - - 39.1% 38.8% 15.2% - Fiscal agent fees and other 7,433 1,759 - - - 0.3% 0.2% - - - TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES 940,946 355,827 57,987 - - 39.4% 39.0% 15.2% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$1,446,065 \$555,687 \$322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1)	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES	2,387,011		911,514		380,631	 -	 	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	<u> </u>	-
Fiscal agent fees and other 7,433 1,759 0,3% 0.2% TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES 940,946 355,827 57,987 - 5 39.4% 39.0% 15.2% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$1,446,065 \$555,687 \$322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES -												
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES 940,946 355,827 57,987 - - 39.4% 39.0% 15.2% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,446,065 \$ 555,687 \$ 322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Bond interest	933,513		354,068		57,987	-	-	39.1%	38.8%	15.2%	-	-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURES 940,946 355,827 57,987 - - 39,4% 39,0% 15,2% - EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,446,065 \$ 555,687 \$ 322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Fiscal agent fees and other	7,433		1,759		´ -	_	-	0.3%	0.2%	_	-	-
EXCESS OF DEBT SERVICE FUND REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,446,065 \$ 555,687 \$ 322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1) </td <td></td>													
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 1,446,065 \$ 555,687 \$ 322,644 \$ - \$ - 60.6% 61.0% 84.8% - TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS (1)	FUND EXPENDITURES	940,946		355,827		57,987	 -		39.4%	39.0%	15.2%	<u> </u>	-
		\$ 1,446,065	\$	555,687	\$	322,644	\$ 	\$ 	60.6%	61.0%	84.8%		-
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS	(1)		(1)		(1)	 (1)	 (1)					
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)													
	TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS	(1)	_	(1)	_	(1)	 (1)	 (1)					

⁽¹⁾ City of Georgetown, Texas to provide water and wastewater service.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 TSI-8. BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS APRIL 30, 2024

Complete District Mailing Address:	-	919	Congress Av			
District Dusiness Telephone Number	-		Austin, 7			
District Business Telephone Number:	-		(512) 5	18-2424		
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form (TWC Sections 36.054 and	Registration Form (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):					
Limits on Fees of Office that a Director may during a fiscal year: (Set by Board Resolution TWC Section 49.060)			\$7,2	200*		
Name and Address:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Of	Fees of Office Paid * 4/30/2024		expense oursements 50/2024	Title at Year End
Board Members:						
REBECCA L. CARTER	(Elected) 5/7/2022 - 5/2/2026	\$	1,918	\$	135	President
DENNIS MCDANIEL	(Elected) 5/4/2024 - 5/6/2028	\$	2,068	\$	191	Vice President
MANUEL MUNOZ, JR.	(Elected) 5/7/2022 - 5/2/2026	\$	2,510	\$	39	Secretary
MARTIN HUBERT	(Elected) 5/4/2024 - 5/6/2028	\$	2,289	\$	32	Assistant Secretary
JOSE CASTILLO	(Appointed) 8/21/2023 - 5/2/2026	\$	1,989	\$	35	Assistant Secretary
Consultants:						
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	6/16/15	\$ \$	111,189 406,109	\$ \$	- -	Attorney Bond Related Services
Jones-Heroy & Associates, Inc.	6/16/15	\$ \$	13,445 84,158	\$ \$	- -	Engineer Bond Related Services
Bott & Douthitt, PLLC	11/16/15	\$	20,375	\$	418	Accountant
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	1/27/20	\$ \$	14,000 37,000	\$ \$	-	Auditor Bond Related Services
Robert W. Baird & Co.	6/16/15	\$	299,725	\$	-	Financial Advisor
Williamson County Tax Collector	3/19/19	\$	326	\$	-	Tax Collector

^{*}Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 OSI-1. PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS APRIL 30, 2024

			Tax Roll Year	
Taxpayer	Type of Property	2024	2023	2022
OP II ATX 1201 Wolf Canyon Rd. Land LP	N/A	\$ 55,230,774	\$ 3,483,067	\$ -
MRP Georgetown LP	N/A	55,000,000	47,000,000	6,121,439
Lennar Homes of Texas Land and Construction Ltd.	N/A	20,123,675	9,418,991	22,079,678
H4 Georgetown Phase 4G LLC	N/A	5,457,297	-	-
H4 Georgetown Phase 1 LLC	N/A	5,262,386	6,676,660	5,132,058
H4 Georgetown LP	N/A	5,202,591	7,332,953	1,626,301
Perry Homes LLC	N/A	4,864,923	4,648,017	2,002,200
Pulte Homes of Texas LP	N/A	4,775,651	4,276,900	-
Drees Custom Homes LP	N/A	4,309,497	-	-
Highland Homes Austin LLC	N/A	2,676,414	2,909,789	1,372,000
H4 Georgetown Phase 2G LLC	N/A	-	5,503,300	5,121,805
2022 WR Holdings LLC	N/A	-	4,719,592	-
DFH Coventry LLC	N/A	-	-	1,575,084
Highland Homes Austin LLC	N/A	-	-	1,216,000
Homeowner	N/A			792,885
		\$ 162,903,208	\$ 95,969,269	\$ 47,039,450
Total		41.6% *	36.8% *	42.5% *

Percent of Assessed Valuation

^{*} Top ten values are provided by Williamson County Appraisal District as of the certification date and are not updated as subsequent assessed values are made available.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 29 OSI-2. ASSESSED VALUE BY CLASSIFICATION APRIL 30, 2024

	Tax Roll Year										
		2024			2023		2022				
Type of Property	Amount		%		Amount	%	Amount	%			
Single Family Residential	\$	194,543,441	49.7%	\$	134,762,703	51.7%	\$ 54,025,516	48.8%			
Multi-Family		110,230,774	28.2%		50,483,067	19.4%	-	-			
Vacant Lots		1,784,774	0.5%		925,570	0.4%	18,213,358	16.4%			
Real Acreage		13,046,361	3.3%		16,468,587	6.3%	15,753,224	14.2%			
Farm and Ranch Improvements		10,598,970	2.7%		111,000	-	5,240,348	4.7%			
Commercial/Industrial		-	-		-	-	6,121,439	5.5%			
Business Personal Property		510,265	0.1%		1,347,293	0.5%	472,712	0.4%			
Real Inventory		75,598,988	19.3%		63,612,541	24.4%	33,862,593	30.6%			
Exempt		28,104,996	7.2%		27,029,452	10.4%	25,897,555	23.4%			
Adjustments		(43,277,682)	-11.0%		(34,294,437)	-13.1%	(48,791,501)	-44.0%			
Total	\$	391,140,887	100.0%	\$	260,445,776	100.0%	\$ 110,795,244	100.0%			

APPENDIX B Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: Policy No.: -N

BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of Effective Date:

Premium: \$

ASSURED GUARANTY INC. ("AG"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance of and securing the Bonds) for the Bonds, for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of AG, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the Business Day next following the Business Day on which AG shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, AG will disburse to or for the benefit of each Owner of a Bond the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bond that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by AG, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of the principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in AG. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by AG is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by AG for purposes of the preceding sentence and AG shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, who may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement in respect of a Bond, AG shall become the owner of the Bond, any appurtenant coupon to the Bond or right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on the Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under the Bond, to the extent of any payment by AG hereunder. Payment by AG to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners shall, to the extent thereof, discharge the obligation of AG under this Policy.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity unless AG shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment of principal or interest that is Due for Payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer which has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code by a trustee in bankruptcy in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means telephonic or telecopied notice, subsequently confirmed in a signed writing, or written notice by registered or certified mail, from an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent to AG which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount and (d) the date such claimed amount became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer or any person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

AG may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee and the Paying Agent specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee and the Paying Agent, (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to AG pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to AG and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by AG under this Policy may be made directly by AG or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of AG. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of AG only and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of AG to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, AG agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to AG to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of AG, and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, (a) any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity and (b) this Policy may not be canceled or revoked. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW.

In witness whereof, ASSURED GUARANTY INC. has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

ASS	SURED GUARANTY INC.
)	
Ву	
	Authorized Officer

1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019

(212) 974-0100

Form 500 (8/24)