OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE, OFFICIAL BID FORM and PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT



CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Kendall, Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas)

\$3,580,000*

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

(THE "BONDS")

The Bonds will be designated as "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS"

Bids due
Thursday, September 5, 2024
at
10:30 A.M., Central Time

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change based on bid structures. See "THE BONDS – MATURITY SCHEDULE" and "THE BONDS – ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE BONDS" in the Official Notice of Sale relating to the Bonds.



This Official Notice of Sale does not alone constitute an invitation for bids but is merely notice of sale of the Bonds defined and described herein. The invitation for bids on the Bonds is being made by means of this Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form and the Preliminary Official Statement.

THE BONDS WILL BE DESIGNATED AS "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE

\$3,580,000*

CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located in Kendall, Bexar, and Comal Counties, Texas)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

BONDS OFFERED FOR SALE AT COMPETITIVE BID: The City Council (the "City Council") of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the "City" or the "Issuer") is offering for sale at competitive bid its \$3,580,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds").

BIDS BY INTERNET: Interested bidders may, at their option and risk, submit their bid by electronic media, as described below, by 10:00 A.M., Central Time, on Thursday, September 5, 2024. Bidders submitting a bid by internet shall not be required to submit signed Official Bid Forms prior to the award. Any prospective bidder that intends to submit an electronic bid must submit its electronic bid via the facilities of the i-Deal, LLC Parity System ("PARITY") and should, as a courtesy, register with PARITY by 9:00 A.M., Central Time, on Thursday, September 5, 2024 indicating their intent to submit a bid by internet.

In the event of a malfunction in the electronic bidding process, bidders may submit their bids by email to mmcliney@samcocapital.com. If there is a malfunction of the electronic bidding process and a bidder submits a bid via email please call 210-832-9760 to notify the Financial Advisor (defined below) of the incoming bid. Any bid received after the scheduled time for their receipt will not be accepted.

The official time for the receipt of bids shall be the time maintained by PARITY. All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Official Notice of Sale, Official Bid Form and the Preliminary Official Statement. To the extent that any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY conflict with this Official Notice of Sale, the terms of this Official Notice of Sale shall control. For further information about the PARITY System, potential bidders may contact PARITY, c/o Ipreo Holdings LLC, 1359 Broadway, New York, New York 10018, 212-849-5021.

An electronic bid made through the facilities of PARITY shall be deemed an irrevocable offer to purchase the Bonds on the terms provided in this Official Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed sealed bid delivered to the City. The City shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of PARITY, the use of such facilities being at the sole risk of the prospective bidder.

<u>OPENING OF BIDS:</u> Bids will be opened and publicly read at 10:30 A.M., Central Time, on Thursday, September 5, 2024, following which the bids will be evaluated by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Financial Advisor") and the City Council shall provide final approval of the award at a City Council meeting later that evening. The Mayor of the City or his representative shall award the Bonds as described in the section entitled "AWARD AND SALE OF THE BONDS" below.

<u>AWARD AND SALE OF THE BONDS</u>: By 11:00 A.M. Central Time, on the date set for receipt of bids, the Mayor of the City or their representative shall award the Bonds to the **low qualified bidder (the "Winning Bidder"), as described in the section entitled "CONDITIONS OF SALE – Basis of Award" herein subject to final approval of the City Council which will take action to adopt an ordinance (the "Ordinance")** authorizing the issuance and awarding sale of the Bonds or will reject all bids promptly at a scheduled meeting to commence at 6:30 P.M. Central Time on Thursday, September 5, 2024. The City reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any irregularities, except time of filing.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change based on bid structures. See "THE BONDS – ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE BONDS" herein.

THE BONDS

<u>DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN TERMS OF THE BONDS</u>: The Bonds will be dated September 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date") with interest to accrue from the Dated Date and be payable initially on February 1, 2025, and semiannually on each August 1 and February 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered obligations in book-entry form only and when issued will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository (the "Securities Depository"). Book-entry interests in the Bonds will be made available for purchase in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof within a stated maturity. Purchasers of the Bonds ("Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas, as Paying Agent/Registrar, to the Securities Depository, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" in the Preliminary Official Statement.) The Bonds will be stated to mature on February 1 in each of the following years in the following amounts:

MATURITY SCHEDULE

(Due February 1)

Stated	Principal	l	Stated	Principal
Maturity	Amount*	l	Maturity	Amount*
2025	\$305,000	•	2035	\$170,000
2026	115,000		2036	175,000
2027	120,000		2037	185,000
2028	125,000		2038	190,000
2029	130,000		2039	200,000
2030	135,000		2040	205,000
2031	140,000		2041	215,000
2032	150,000		2042	225,000
2033	155,000		2043	235,000
2034	160,000		2044	245,000

ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE BONDS: The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Bonds, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities; provided, however, that the aggregate principal (denominational) amount of the Bonds shall not exceed \$3,580,000*. Notice of any such changes shall be given to the successful bidder as soon as practicable following the notification of award, as described below, and this Notice of Sale may be amended at the sole discretion of the City to reflect such increase or decrease. The City will attempt to maintain total per bond underwriter spread when adjusting maturities. No such adjustment will have the effect of altering the basis upon which the best bid is determined. The successful bidder may not withdraw its bids or change the rates bid or any initial reoffering prices as a result of any changes made to the principal (denominational) amounts.

<u>SERIAL BONDS AND/OR TERM BONDS:</u> Bidders may provide that all of the Bonds be issued as serial maturities or may provide that any two or more consecutive annual principal amounts be combined into one or more term bonds, not to exceed five term bonds (the "Term Bonds").

MANDATORY SINKING FUND REDEMPTION: If the Winning Bidder designates principal amounts to be combined into one or more Term Bonds, each such Term Bond will be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on February 1 of the first year which has been combined to form such Term Bond and continuing on February 1 in each year thereafter until the stated maturity date of that Term Bond. The amount redeemed in any year will be equal to the principal amount for such year set forth in the table above under the caption "MATURITY SCHEDULE". Bonds to be redeemed in any year by mandatory sinking fund redemption will be redeemed at par and will be selected by lot from among the Bonds then subject to redemption. The City, at its option, may credit against any mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement Term Bonds of the maturity then subject to redemption which have been purchased and canceled by the City or have been optionally redeemed and not theretofore applied as a credit against any mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION: The City reserves the right, at its option, to redeem the Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2034, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on February 1, 2033, or any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement.

<u>SECURITY FOR PAYMENT</u>: The Bonds are direct obligations of the City payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, within the limitations prescribed by law, on all taxable property located within the City. (See "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION" in the Preliminary Official Statement.)

<u>OTHER TERMS AND COVENANTS</u>: Other terms of the Ordinance and the various covenants of the City contained in the Ordinance are described in the Official Statement, to which reference is made for all purposes.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change. See "THE BONDS – ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE BONDS".

<u>SUCCESSOR PAYING AGENT/REGISTRAR</u>: The initial Paying Agent/Registrar is BOKF, NA, Dallas Texas. In the Ordinance, the City covenants to provide a Paying Agent/Registrar at all times while the Bonds are outstanding, and any Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the City shall be a commercial bank or trust company organized under the laws of the United States and any state and duly qualified and legally authorized to serve and perform the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The Paying Agent/Registrar will maintain the Security Register containing the names and addresses of the registered owners of the Bonds.

In the Ordinance, the City retains the right to replace the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the City, the new Paying Agent/Registrar shall accept the previous Paying Agent/Registrar's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar, selected at the sole discretion of the City, shall be qualified as described in the Preliminary Official Statement. Upon a change in the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds, the City agrees to promptly cause written notice thereof to be sent to each registered owner of the Bonds by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

TYPES OF BIDS AND INTEREST RATES: The Bonds will be sold in one block on an "All or None" basis, and at a price of not less than their par value, plus accrued interest on the Bonds from the Dated Date of the Bonds to the date of Initial Delivery (defined herein) of the Bonds. No bid producing a cash premium on the Bonds that results in a dollar price of less than 102% will be considered; provided, however, that any bid is subject to adjustment as described under the caption "THE BONDS - ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS". Bidders are invited to name the rate(s) of interest to be borne by the Bonds, provided that each rate bid must be in a multiple of 1/8 of 1% or 1/20 of 1% and the net effective interest for the Bonds (calculated in the manner required by Chapter 1204, as amended, Texas Government Code) must not exceed 15%. The highest rate bid may not exceed the lowest rate bid by more than 200 basis points (or 2% in rate). No limitation is imposed upon bidders as to the number of rates or changes which may be used. All Bonds of one stated maturity must bear one and the same rate. No bids involving supplemental interest rates will be considered.

BASIS OF AWARD: The sale of the Bonds will be awarded to the bidder making a bid that conforms to the specifications herein (the "Winning Bidder" or "Purchaser") and which produces the lowest True Interest Cost (defined herein) rate to the City. The "True Interest Cost" rate is that rate which, when used to compute the total present value as of the Dated Date of all debt service payments on the Bonds on the basis of semi-annual compounding, produces an amount equal to the sum of the par value of the Bonds plus the premium bid, (but not interest accrued from the Dated Date to the date of their initial delivery to the Purchaser). In the event of a bidder's error in interest cost rate calculations, the interest rates, and premium, set forth in the Official Bid Form will be considered as the intended bid.

In order to provide the City with information required to enable it to comply with certain conditions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") to the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, relating to the excludability of interest on the Bonds from the gross income of their owners, the Purchaser will be required to complete, execute, and deliver to the City (on or before the date of initial delivery of the Bonds) a certification as to their initial offering prices of the Bonds (the "Issue Price Certificate") substantially in the form and to the effect attached hereto or accompanying this Official Notice of Sale (See "ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE PRICE" herein).

ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE PRICE:

- (a) The Winning Bidder shall assist the City in establishing the issue price of the Bonds and shall execute and deliver to the City by the Delivery Date an "issue price" or similar certificate setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, such issue price certificate substantially in the form attached hereto, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of the Winning Bidder, the City, and Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, the City's Bond Counsel (but not to the extent that would preclude the establishment of issue price of the Bonds under applicable federal regulations). All actions to be taken by the City under this Official Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Bonds may be taken on behalf of the City by the City's Financial Advisor and any notice or report to be provided to the City may be provided to the City's Financial Advisor.
- (b) The City intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Bonds) will apply to the initial sale of the Bonds (the "competitive sale requirements") because:
 - (1) the City shall disseminate this Official Notice of Sale to potential underwriters (defined below) in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential underwriters;
 - (2) all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
 - (3) the City may receive bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds; and
 - (4) the City anticipates awarding the sale of the Bonds to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Bonds at the highest price (or lowest interest cost), as set forth in this Official Notice of Sale.

Any bid submitted pursuant to this Official Notice of Sale shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, as specified in the bid.

- (c) In the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied, the City shall so advise the Winning Bidder. In such event, the City intends to treat the initial offering price to the public (defined below) as of the sale date (defined below) of each maturity of the Bonds as the issue price of that maturity (the "hold-the-offering-price rule"). The City shall promptly advise the Winning Bidder, at or before the time of award of the Bonds, if the competitive sale requirements were not satisfied, in which case the hold-the-offering-price rule shall apply to the Bonds. Bids will not be subject to cancellation in the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied and the hold-the-offering-price rule applies. In the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied, resulting in the application of the hold-the-price rule, the issue price certificate shall be modified as necessary in the reasonable judgment of Bond Counsel and the City.
- (d) By submitting a bid, the Winning Bidder shall (i) confirm that the underwriters have offered or will offer the Bonds to the public on or before the date of award at the offering price or prices (the "initial offering price"), or at the corresponding yield or yields, set forth in the bid submitted by the Winning Bidder and (ii) agree, on behalf of the underwriters participating in the purchase of the Bonds, that the underwriters will neither offer nor sell unsold Bonds of any maturity to which the hold-the-offering-price rule applies to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the public during the period starting on the sale date and ending on the earlier of the following:
 - (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the sale date; or
 - (2) the date on which the underwriters have sold at least 10% of that maturity of the Bonds to the public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the public.

The Winning Bidder will advise the City promptly after the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the sale date whether it has sold 10% of that maturity of the Bonds to the public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the public.

- (e) The City acknowledges that, in making the representations set forth above, the Winning Bidder will rely on (i) the agreement of each underwriter to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in an agreement among underwriters and the related pricing wires, (ii) in the event a selling group has been created in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, the agreement of each dealer who is a member of the selling group to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in a selling group agreement and the related pricing wires, and (iii) in the event that an underwriter or dealer who is a member of the selling group is a party to a retail or other third-party distribution agreement that was employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, the agreement of each broker-dealer that is a party to such agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, as set forth in the third-party distribution agreement and the related pricing wires. The City further acknowledges that each underwriter shall be solely liable for its failure to comply with its agreement regarding the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering price rule, if applicable to the Bonds, and that no underwriter shall be liable for the failure of any other underwriter, or of any dealer who is a member of a selling group, or of any broker-dealer that is a party to a retail or other third-party distribution agreement to comply with its corresponding agreement to comply with the requirements for establishing issue price of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, its agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule as applicable to the Bonds.
- (f) By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail or other third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable, if and for so long as directed by the Winning Bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, (ii) any agreement among underwriters or selling group agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each underwriter or dealer that is a party to a retail or other third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to comply with the hold-the-offering-price rule, if applicable, if and for so long as directed by the Winning Bidder or the underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.
- (g) Sales of any Bonds to any person that is a related party (defined below) to an underwriter shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this Official Notice of Sale. Further, for purposes of this section of the Official Notice of Sale entitled "ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE PRICE":
 - (1) "public" means any person other than an underwriter or a related party,
 - "underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the City (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail or other third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public),

- (3) a purchaser of any of the Bonds is a "related party" to an underwriter if the underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
- (4) "sale date" means the date that the Bonds are awarded by the City to the Winning Bidder.

<u>ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS</u>: See "THE BONDS – ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE BONDS" for a description of the City's reservation of the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Bonds, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities.

GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT: A bank cashier's check payable to the order of "City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas" in the amount of \$71,600, which is 2% of the par value of the Bonds (the "Good Faith Deposit"), is required. The Good Faith Deposit will be retained uncashed by the City until the Bonds are delivered, and at that time it will be returned to the Purchaser uncashed on the date of delivery of the Bonds; however, should the Purchaser fail or refuse to take up and pay for the Bonds, said Good Faith Deposit is to be cashed by the City and the proceeds accepted as full and complete liquidated damages, except as provided under the caption "ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS OF AWARD – Statutory Representations and Covenants". See "ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS OF AWARD - Texas Attorney General Standing Letter". The above mentioned Good Faith Deposit may accompany the bid, or it may be submitted separately; however, if submitted separately, it shall be made available to the City prior to the opening of the bids and shall be accompanied by instructions from the bank on which it is drawn which will authorize its use as a Good Faith Deposit by the Purchaser who shall be named in such instructions. No interest will be paid or allowed on any Good Faith Deposit. The checks accompanying all other bids will be returned immediately after the bids are opened and the award of the sale of the Bonds has been made.

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS OF AWARD

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTED PARTY FORM. It is the obligation of the City to receive information from Winning Bidder if bidder is not a publicly traded business entity (a "Privately Held Bidder"). Pursuant to Texas Government Code Section 2252.908 (the "Interested Party Disclosure Act"), the City may not award the Bonds to a Winning Bidder which is a Privately Held Bidder unless such party submits a Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "Disclosure Form") to the City as prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission ("TEC"). In the event that a Privately Held Bidder's bid for the Bonds is the best bid received, the City, acting through its financial advisor, will promptly notify the winning Privately Held Bidder. That notification will serve as the City's conditional verbal acceptance of the bid, and will obligate the winning Privately Held Bidder to establish (unless such winning Privately Held Bidder has previously so established) an account with the TEC, and promptly file a completed Disclosure Form, as described below, in order to allow the City to complete the award.

PROCESS FOR COMPLETING THE DISCLOSURE FORM. For purposes of illustration, the Disclosure Form is attached hereto, and reference should be made to such form for the following information needed to complete it: (a) item 2 - name of the governmental entity (City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas) and (b) item 3 - the identification number assigned to this contract by the City (FOR GOB 2024–Bid Form) and description of the goods or services (Purchase of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024). The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the rules adopted by the TEC with respect thereto (the "Disclosure Rules") require a non-publicly traded business entity contracting with the City to complete the Disclosure Form electronically at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/filinginfo/1295, print, sign, and deliver, in physical form, the certified Disclosure Form that is generated by the TEC's "electronic portal" to the City. The executed Disclosure Form must be sent by email to the City's financial advisor at mmcliney@samcocapital.com, as soon as possible following the notification of conditional verbal acceptance and prior to the final written award. Upon receipt of the final written award, the Disclosure Form with original signatures must be submitted by mail to Stephanie Leibe, c/o Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, 98 San Jacinto Blvd., Suite 1100, Austin, Texas 78701, along with a PDF executed version sent to stephanie.leibe@nortonrosefulbright.com.

PREPARATIONS FOR COMPLETION, AND THE SIGNIFICANCE OF, THE REPORTED INFORMATION. In accordance with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the information reported by the winning Privately Held Bidder must be declared by an authorized agent of the Privately Held Winning Bidder. No exceptions may be made to that requirement. The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the Disclosure Form provides that such acknowledgment is made "under penalty of perjury." Consequently, a winning Privately Held Bidder should take appropriate steps prior to completion of the Disclosure Form to familiarize itself with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the Disclosure Rules and the Disclosure Form. Time will be of the essence in submitting the form to the City, and no final award will be made by the City regarding the sale of the Bonds until a completed Disclosure Form is received. If applicable, the City reserves the right to reject any bid that does not satisfy the requirement of a completed

Disclosure Form, as described herein. Neither the City nor its consultants have the ability to verify the information included in a Disclosure Form, and neither party has an obligation nor undertakes responsibility for advising any bidder with respect to (1) the bidder's obligation to submit the Disclosure Form or (2) the proper completion of the Disclosure Form. Consequently, an entity intending to bid on the Bonds should consult its own advisors to the extent it deems necessary and be prepared to submit the completed form, if required, promptly upon notification from the City that its bid is the conditional winning bid. Instructional videos on logging in and creating a certificate are provided on the TEC's website at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/filinginfo/1295.

<u>STATUTORY REPRESENTATIONS AND COVENANTS.</u> By submitting a bid, each bidder makes the following representations and, if its bid is accepted, covenants pursuant to Chapters 2252, 2271, 2274, and 2276, Texas Government Code, as heretofore amended (the "Government Code"). As used in therein, "affiliate" means an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17 C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit. If a bidder's bid is accepted, then liability for breach of any such representation or covenant during

the term of the contract for purchase and sale of the Bonds created thereby (the "Purchase Contract") shall survive until barred by the applicable statute of limitations, and shall not be liquidated or otherwise limited by any provision of the bid or this Official Notice of Sale, notwithstanding anything herein or therein to the contrary.

NOT A SANCTIONED COMPANY. Each bidder represents that neither it nor any of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates is a company identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Government Code. The foregoing representation excludes each bidder and each of its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization.

NO BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL. Each bidder hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott Israel and, if its bid is accepted, will not boycott Israel during the term of the Purchase Contract. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott Israel" has the meaning provided in Section 2271.001, Government Code.

NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST FIREARM ENTITIES. Each bidder hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not have a practice, policy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association and, if its bid is accepted, will not discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association during the term of the Purchase Contract. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" has the meaning provided in Section 2274.001(3), Government Code.

NO BOYCOTT OF ENERGY COMPANIES. Each bidder hereby verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott energy companies and, if its bid is accepted, will not boycott energy companies during the term of the Purchase Contract. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" has the meaning provided in Section 2276.001(1), Government Code.

TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL STANDING LETTER. The winning bidder represents that it has, as of the date bids are due on the Bonds and as of Closing, on file with the Texas Attorney General a standing letter addressing the representations and verifications hereinbefore described in this Notice of Sale in the form attached as Exhibit B to the Updated Recommendations for Compliance with the Texas BPA Verification and Representation Requirements (December 1, 2023) of the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas or any other form accepted by the Texas Attorney General (a "Standing Letter"). In addition, if subsequent to the filing of its Standing Letter, the winning bidder or the parent company, a wholly- or majority-owned subsidiary or another affiliate of such winning bidder receives or has received a letter from the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts or the Texas Attorney General seeking (a) confirmation or verification of the these representations and verifications or (b) written verification that such bidder is a member of the Net Zero Banking Alliance, Net Zero Insurance Alliance, Net Zero Asset Owner Alliance, or Net Zero Asset Managers or of the representations and certifications contained in the winning bidder's Standing Letter (each a "Request Letter"), the winning bidder shall promptly notify the City and Bond Counsel (if it has not already done so) and provide to the City or Bond Counsel, two business days prior to Closing and additionally upon request by the City or Bond Counsel, written verification to the effect that its Standing Letter described in the preceding sentence remains in effect and may be relied upon by the City and the Texas Attorney General (the "Bringdown Verification"). The Bringdown Verification shall also confirm that the winning bidder (or the parent company, a wholly- or majority-owned subsidiary or other affiliate of the winning bidder that received the Request Letter) intends to timely respond or has timely responded to the Request Letter. The Bringdown Verification may be in the form of an e-mail. The City reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any bid from a bidder that does not satisfy the foregoing requirements as of the deadline for bids for the Bonds. Liability for breach of any such verification during the term of this contract for purchase shall survive until barred by the applicable statute of limitations, and shall not be liquidated or otherwise limited by any provision of this contract for purchase, notwithstanding anything in this contract for purchase to the contrary.

IMPACT OF BIDDING SYNDICATE ON AWARD: For purposes of contracting for the sale of the Bonds, the entity signing the bid form as Purchaser shall be solely responsible for the payment of the purchase price of the Bonds. The Purchaser may serve as a syndicate manager and contract under a separate agreement with other syndicate members. However, the City is not a party to that agreement and any information provided regarding syndicate managers would be for informational purposes only.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

To assist the Purchaser in complying with Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the "Rule"), of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the City and the Purchaser contract and agree, by the submission and acceptance of the winning bid, as follows:

COMPLIANCE WITH RULE: The City has approved and authorized distribution of the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Bonds but does not presently intend to prepare any other document or version thereof for such purpose, except as described below. Accordingly, the City deems the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement to be final as of its date, within the meaning of the Rule, except for information relating to the offering prices, interest rates, final debt service schedule, selling compensation, identity of the Purchaser and other similar information, terms and provisions to be specified in the competitive bidding process. The Purchaser shall be responsible for promptly informing the City of the initial offering yields of the Bonds.

The City agrees to provide, or cause to be provided, to the Purchaser, the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and any amendments or supplements thereto in a "designated electronic format" (or printed format with respect to the final Official Statement) as may be required for the Purchaser to comply with the Rule or the rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The City consents to the distribution of such documents in a "designated electronic format." Upon receipt, the Purchaser shall promptly file the Official Statement with the MSRB in accordance with the applicable MSRB rules.

The City will complete and authorize distribution of the Official Statement identifying the Purchaser and containing information omitted from the Preliminary Official Statement. The City does not intend to amend or supplement the Official Statement otherwise, except to take into account certain subsequent events, if any, as described below. By delivering the final Official Statement or any amendment or supplement thereto in the requested quantity to the Purchaser on or after the sale date, the City intends the same to be final as of such date, within the meaning of Section 15c2-12(b)(3) of the Rule. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City makes no representation concerning the absence of material misstatements or omissions from the Official Statement, except only as and to the extent under "CERTIFICATION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT" as described below. To the best knowledge and belief of the City, the Official Statement contains information, including financial information or operating data, concerning every entity, enterprise, fund, account, or person that is material to an evaluation of the offering of the Bonds.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT: In addition to delivering the Official Statement in a "designated electronic format", the City will furnish to the Purchaser, within seven (7) days after the sale date, an aggregate maximum of fifty (50) copies of the Official Statement, together with information regarding interest rates and other terms relating to the reoffering of the Bonds, in accordance with Section 15c2-12(b)(3) of the Rule. The Purchaser may arrange, at its own expense, to have the Official Statement reproduced and printed if it requires more than 50 copies and may also arrange, at its own expense and responsibility, for completion and perfection of the first or cover page of the Official Statement so as to reflect interest rates and other terms and information related to the reoffering of the Bonds. The Purchaser will be responsible for providing information concerning the City and the Bonds to subsequent purchasers of the Bonds, and the City will undertake no responsibility for providing such information other than to make the Official Statement available to the Purchaser as provided herein. The City agrees to provide, or cause to be provided, to the Purchaser the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and any amendments or supplements thereto in a "designated electronic format" (or printed format with respect to the final Official Statement) as may be required for the Purchaser to comply with the Rule or the rules of the MSRB. The City consents to the distribution of such documents in a "designated electronic format". Upon receipt, the Purchaser shall promptly file the Official Statement with the MSRB in accordance with the MSRB Rule G-32. The City's obligation to supplement the Official Statement to correct key representations determined to be materially misleading, after the date of the Official Statement, shall terminate upon initial delivery of the Bonds to the Purchaser, unless the Purchaser notifies, in writing, the City that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers on or before such date, in which case the obligation will extend for an additional period of time (but not more than 90 days after the sale date) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

CHANGES TO OFFICIAL STATEMENT: If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement, the City learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Purchaser of any adverse event which causes the Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, as described below under "DELIVERY AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS - CONDITIONS TO DELIVERY", the City will promptly prepare and supply to the Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Official Statement satisfactory to the Purchaser and in a "designated electronic format"; provided, however, that the obligation of the City to do so will terminate when the City delivers the Bonds to the Purchaser, unless the Purchaser notifies the City on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the City's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time (but not more than 90 days after the date the City delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

CERTIFICATION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT: At the time of payment for and delivery of the hereinafter defined Initial Bond (the "Delivery Date"), the Purchaser will be furnished a certificate, executed by proper officials of the City, acting in their official capacities, to the effect that to the best of their knowledge and belief: (a) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to the City contained in its Official Statement, and any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto, for the Bonds, on the date of such Official Statement, on the date of said Bonds and the acceptance of the best bid therefor, and on the date of the initial delivery thereof, were and are true and correct in all material respects; (b) insofar as the City and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, such Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (c) insofar as the descriptions and statements including financial data, of or pertaining to entities, other than the City, and their activities contained in such Official Statement are concerned, such statements and data have been obtained from sources which the City believes to be reliable and the City has no reason to believe that they are untrue in any material respect; and (d) there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City since the date of the last financial statements of the City appearing in the Official Statement. The Official Statement and Official Notice of Sale will be approved as to form and content and the use thereof in the offering of the Bonds will be authorized, ratified and approved by the City Council of the City on the date of sale, and the Purchaser will be furnished, upon request, at the time of payment for and the delivery of the Bonds, a certified copy of such approval, duly executed by the p

<u>CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT</u>: The City will agree in the Ordinance to provide certain periodic information and notices of certain events in accordance with the Rule, as described in the Official Statement under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION". The Purchaser's obligation to accept and pay for the Bonds is conditioned upon delivery to the Purchaser or its agent of a certified copy of the Ordinance containing the agreement described under such heading.

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR UNDERTAKINGS: During the past five years, the City has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements made in accordance with the Rule.

DELIVERY AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

INITIAL DELIVERY OF INITIAL BONDS: The initial delivery of the Bonds to the Purchaser on the "Delivery Date", will be accomplished by the issuance of either (i) a single fully registered Bond in the total principal amount of \$3,580,000 (preliminary, subject to change) payable in stated installments to the Purchaser and numbered T-1, or (ii) as one (1) fully registered Bond for each year of stated maturity in the applicable principal amount and denomination, to be numbered consecutively from R-1 and upward (in either case, the "Initial Bond"), signed by manual or facsimile signature of the Mayor and the City Secretary approved by the Attorney General of Texas, and registered and manually signed by an authorized representative of the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas. Initial Delivery (defined below) of the Bonds will be

at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon delivery of the Initial Bond, they shall be immediately canceled and one Bond for each stated maturity will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. and deposited with DTC in connection with DTC's Book-Entry-Only System. Payment for the Initial Bond must be made in immediately available funds for unconditional credit to the City, or as otherwise directed by the City. The Purchaser will be given six (6) business days' notice of the time fixed for delivery of the Bonds. It is anticipated that Initial Delivery of the Initial Bond can be made on or about September 26, 2024, but if for any reason the City is unable to make delivery by September 26, 2024, then the City shall immediately contact the Purchaser and offer to allow the Purchaser to extend for an additional thirty (30) days its obligation to take up and pay for the Bonds. If the Purchaser does not so elect within six (6) business days thereafter, then the Good Faith Deposit will be returned, and both the City and the Purchaser shall be relieved of further obligation. In no event shall the City be liable for any damages by reason of its failure to deliver the Bonds, provided such failure is due to circumstances beyond the City's reasonable control.

EXCHANGE OF INITIAL BONDS FOR DEFINITIVE BONDS: Upon payment for the Initial Bond at the time of such delivery, the Initial Bond is to be canceled by the Paying Agent/Registrar and registered definitive Bonds delivered in lieu thereof, in multiples of \$5,000 for each stated maturity, in accordance with written instructions received from the Purchaser and/or members of the Purchaser's syndicate. Such Bonds shall be registered by the Paying Agent/Registrar. It shall be the duty of the Purchaser and/or members of the Purchaser's syndicate to furnish to the Paying Agent/Registrar, at least five days prior to the delivery of the Initial Bond, final written instructions identifying the names and addresses of the registered owners, the stated maturities, interest rates, and denominations. The Paying Agent/Registrar will not be required to accept changes in such written instructions after the five day period, and if such written instructions are not received by the Paying Agent/Registrar five days prior to the delivery, the cancellation of the Initial Bond and delivery of registered definitive Bonds may be delayed until the fifth day next following the receipt of such written instructions by the Paying Agent/Registrar.

<u>CUSIP NUMBERS</u>: It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds, but neither the failure to print such number on any Bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Official Bid Form and this Official Notice of Sale. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds shall be paid by the City; however, the CUSIP Service Bureau's charge for the assignment of the numbers shall be paid by the Purchaser.

<u>CONDITIONS TO DELIVERY</u>: The obligation to take up and pay for the Bonds is subject to the following conditions: the issuance of an approving opinion of the Attorney General of Texas, the Purchaser's acknowledgment of the receipt of the Initial Bond, the Purchaser's receipt of the legal opinions of Bond Counsel and the no-litigation certificate, and the non-occurrence of the events described below under the caption "NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE", all as described below. In addition, if the City fails to comply with its obligations described under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT- FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT" above, the Purchaser may terminate its contract to purchase the Bonds by delivering written notice to the City within five (5) days thereafter.

NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE: The obligation of the Purchaser to take up and pay for the Bonds, and of the City to deliver the Initial Bond, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Initial Bond, there shall have been no material adverse change in the affairs of the City subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been finalized, supplemented or amended through the date of delivery.

<u>LEGAL OPINIONS</u>: The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approval of certain legal matters by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and Bond Counsel (see discussion "LEGAL MATTERS - Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate" in the Preliminary Official Statement).

CHANGE IN TAX-EXEMPT STATUS: At any time before the Bonds are tendered for initial delivery to the Purchaser, the Purchaser may withdraw its bid if the interest on obligations such as the Bonds shall be declared to be includable in the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Code, of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, either by U.S. Treasury regulations, by ruling or administrative guidance of the Internal Revenue Service, by a decision of any federal court, or by the terms of any federal income tax legislation enacted subsequent to the date of this Official Notice of Sale.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS: The City will designate the Bonds as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions (see discussion under "Tax Matters – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" in the Preliminary Official Statement).

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

FUTURE REGISTRATION: The Bonds may be transferred, registered, and assigned on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent/Registrar, and such registration and transfer shall be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such registration and transfer. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. A new Bond or Bonds will be delivered by the Paying Agent/Registrar in lieu of the Bonds being transferred or exchanged at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, or sent by United States registered mail to the new registered owner at the registered owner's request, risk, and expense. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner or assignee of the registered owner in not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be canceled in the exchange or transfer and the written instrument of transfer or request for exchange duly executed by the registered owner or its duly authorized agent, in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in denominations of \$5,000 for any one stated maturity or any integral multiple thereof and for a like aggregate principal amount and interest rate as the Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer.

RECORD DATE: The record date ("Record Date") for determining the party to whom the semiannual interest on the Bonds is payable on any interest payment date is the fifteenth day of the month next preceding such interest payment date.

RATINGS: A municipal bond rating application has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the results will be made available to the Purchaser as soon as possible. (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Ratings" in the Preliminary Official Statement). An explanation of the significance of such a rating may be obtained from S&P. The rating of the Bonds by S&P reflects only the view of S&P at the time the rating is given, and the City makes no representations as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time, or that the rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if, in the judgment of such company, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

SALE OF ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS: Concurrently with the sale and delivery of the Bonds, the City expects to sell its \$3,735,000 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the "Bonds"), which are expected to sell on September 5, 2024 and close on September 26, 2024. The Certificates will be secured primarily by and payable from the levy and collection of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and are further secured by a lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues, being a limited amount of the Net Revenues derived from the operation of the City's combined utility system not to exceed \$1,000, as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement pertaining to the Certificates. The Certificates will be publicly offered under a separate offering document. This Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement relate only to the sale of the Bonds and not to the sale of the Certificates.

REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION OF BONDS FOR SALE: No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), in reliance upon exemptions provided in such Act. The Bonds have not been approved or disapproved by the SEC, nor has the SEC passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of the Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon exemptions contained therein, nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdiction. The City assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

It is the obligation of the Purchaser to register or qualify the sale of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The City agrees to cooperate, at the Purchaser's written request and expense and within reasonable limits, in registering or qualifying the Bonds, or in obtaining an exemption from registration or qualification in any state where such action is necessary, but will in no instance execute a general consent to service of process in any state that the Bonds are offered for sale.

<u>ADDITIONAL COPIES</u>: Subject to the limitations described herein, an electronic copy of this Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form, and the Official Statement may be obtained from www.samcocapital.com.

On the date of the sale, the City Council will, in the Ordinance authorizing the issuance of the Bonds, reconfirm its approval of the form and content of the Official Statement, and any addenda, supplement, or amendment thereto, and authorize its further use in the reoffering of the Bonds by the Purchaser.

	_/s/
	Mayor,
ATTEST:	City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas
/s/	
City Secretary, City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas	

September 5, 2024



OFFICIAL BID FORM

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Fair Oaks Ranch 7286 Dietz Elkhorn Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015 September 5, 2024

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

Subject to the terms of your Official Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement dated August 29, 2024, which terms are incorporated by reference to this proposal (and which are agreed to as evidenced by our submission of this bid), we hereby submit the following bid for \$3,580,000* (preliminary, subject to change) CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024, dated September 1, 2024 (the "Bonds").

For said legally issued Bonds, we will pay you \$_____ (being a price of no less than 102% par value) plus accrued interest from their date to the date of delivery to us for Bonds maturing on February 1 in each of the following years, and bearing interest per annum as follows:

Year of Stated Maturity	Principal Amount at Stated Maturity	Coupon %	Year of Stated Maturity	Principal Amount at Stated Maturity	Coupon %
2025	\$305,000		2035*	\$170,000	
2026	115,000		2036*	175,000	
2027	120,000	_	2037*	185,000	
2028	125,000		2038*	190,000	
2029	130,000	_	2039*	200,000	
2030	135,000		2040*	205,000	
2031	140,000		2041*	215,000	
2032	150,000		2042*	225,000	
2033	155,000		2043*	235,000	
2034*	160,000		2044*	245,000	

^{*}Maturities available for Term Bonds.

Our calculation (which is not part of this bid) of the True	
Interest Cost from the above is:	

ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS: As a condition to our submittal of this bid for the Bonds, we acknowledge the following: The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Bonds, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities; provided, however, that the aggregate principal (denominational) amount of the Bonds shall not exceed \$3,580,000*. Notice of any such changes shall be given to the successful bidder as soon as practicable following the notification of award, as described below, and this Official Notice of Sale may be amended at the sole discretion of the City to reflect such increase or decrease. The City will attempt to maintain total per bond underwriter spread when adjusting maturities. No such adjustment will have the effect of altering the basis upon which the best bid is determined. The successful bidder may not withdraw its bids or change the rates bid or any initial reoffering prices as a result of any changes made to the principal (denominational) amounts.

Of the principal maturities set forth in the table above, we have created term Bonds (the "Term Bonds") as indicated in the following table (which may include no more than five Term Bonds. For those years which have been combined into a Term Bond, the principal amount shown in the table shown on page ii of the Official Notice of Sale will be the mandatory sinking fund redemption amounts in such years except that the amount shown in the year of the Term Bond maturity date will mature in such year. The Term Bonds created are as follows:

Term Bond Maturity Date February 1	Year of First Mandatory Redemption	Principal Amount of Term Bond	Interest Rate

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

The Initial Bond shall be registered in the name of Bonds, be cancelled by the Paying Agent/Registrar. nominee), under the Book-Entry-Only System.	The Bonds will then be registere	which will, upon payment for the ed in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership
Cashier's Check of the represents our Good Faith Deposit (is attached here submitted in accordance with the terms as set forth in to the Purchaser.	eto) or (has been made available	
We agree to accept delivery of the Bonds utilizing th immediately available funds at the Corporate Trust Thursday, September 26, 2024 or thereafter on the Official Notice of Sale. It will be the obligation of the undersigned agrees to the provisions of the Official N PRICE" and, as evidenced thereof, agrees to complete "issue price" of the Bonds in the form and to the effect as may be acceptable to Bond Counsel for the City. (S of Sale.)	Division, BOKF, NA, Dallas, Tex date the Bonds are tendered fo purchaser of the Bonds to comp otice of Sale under the heading " e, execute, and deliver to the City t attached to or accompanying the	as, not later than 10:00 A.M., Central Time, on r delivery, pursuant to the terms set forth in the lete and file the DTC Eligibility Questionnaire. The CONDITIONS OF SALE – ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE, by the Delivery Date, a certificate relating to the e Official Notice of Sale, with such changes thereto
Through submittal of this executed Official Bid Form, to Sale and Bidding Instructions under the heading "and "—Texas Attorney General Standing Letter."		
For purposes of contracting for the sale of the Bond payment of the purchase price of the Bonds. The Purc with other syndicate members. However, the City is managers would be for informational purposes only.	chaser may serve as a syndicate n	nanager and contract under a separate agreement
Upon notification of conditional verbal acceptance, to Notice of Sale under the heading "ADDITIONAL CON electronic form of the Bond of Interested Parties Formelectronic portal and the resulting certified Disclosures sent by email to the City's financial stephanie.leibe@nortonrosefulbright.com. The under prohibit the City from providing final written award of	NDITION OF AWARD — DISCLOSUM 1295 (the "Disclosure Form") to Form that is generated by the advisor at mmcliney@sapersigned understands that the fa	JRE OF INTERESTED PARTY FORM", complete an hrough the Texas Ethics Commission's (the "TEC") FEC's electronic portal will be printed, signed, and amcocapital.com and Bond Counsel at
	Bidder:	
	Ву:	
		Authorized Representative
		Telephone Number
		E-mail Address
	ACCEPTANCE CLAUSE	
The above and foregoing bid is hereby in all things with the Official Notice of Sale and Official Bid Fore		
	Mayo	or, of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas
ATTEST:	City	or rail Cans naticit, rexas
<u>/s/</u>	<u></u>	
City Secretary, City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas		
City of Full Outo Hullell, Texas		

\$3,580,000* CITY OF FAIR OAKS, TEXAS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The und	ersigned, on behalf of	,,, (the "Purchaser"), hereby
certifies as set for Ranch, Texas (the		e-captioned obligations (the "Obligations") of the City of Fair Oaks
1.	Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.	
(a)		ected initial offering prices of the Obligations to the Public by the "Expected Offering Prices"). The Expected Offering Prices are
		"Purchaser" in formulating its bid to purchase the Obligations. by ovided by the "Purchaser" to purchase the Obligations.
(b)	was not given th	ne opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid.
(c)	The bid submitted by	constituted a firm offer to purchase the Obligations.
2.	Defined Terms.	
(a) dates, or Obligatio		credit and payment terms. Obligations with different maturity stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
	r than an Underwriter or a related party to	ndividual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.
(c) Obligations. The S	Sale Date means the first day on which then Sale Date of the Obligations is September 5, 2	re is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the 024.
that agrees pursual in the initial sale of	m an underwriting syndicate) to participate in ant to a written contract directly or indirectly w	es pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead at the initial sale of the Obligations to the Public, and (ii) any person with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate ember of a selling group or a party to a retail or other third-party ligations to the Public).
the Purchaser's in amended, and the upon by the Issue and with respect t in connection with tax purposes, the	terpretation of any laws, including specificall e Treasury Regulations thereunder. The unde r with respect to certain of the representation to compliance with the federal income tax rul n rendering its opinion that the interest on the	ited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents y sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as rsigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied ons set forth in the tax certificate with respect to the Obligations es affecting the Obligations, and by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP ne Obligations is excluded from gross income for federal income orm 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give
		By:
		Name:
		Title:
		nue.

Dated: September 5, 2024

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.



SCHEDULE A EXPECTED OFFERING PRICES



SCHEDULE B COPY OF PURCHASER'S BID



NEW ISSUE BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Rating: S&P "Applied for"

(See: "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION— Rating" herein)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT August 29, 2024

In the opinion of Bond Counsel (identified below), assuming continuing compliance by the Issuer (defined below) after the date of initial delivery of the Bonds (defined below) with certain covenants contained in the Ordinance (defined below) and subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein, interest on the Bonds under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions (1) will be excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended to the date of initial delivery of the Bonds and (2) will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof who are individuals. (See "TAX MATTERS" herein.)

The Issuer will designate the Bonds as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions.

\$3,580,000* CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located in Kendall, Bexar and Comal Counties) GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

Dated Date: September 1, 2024 Due: February 1, as shown on page 2

The \$3,580,000* City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the "City" or the "Issuer") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 1251 and 1331, as amended, Texas Government Code, the City's Home Rule Charter, an election held on May 4, 2024 and an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council on September 5, 2024. (See "THE BONDS - Authority for herein.)

The Bonds are direct obligations of the Issuer payable from an annual ad valorem tax levied, against all taxable property in the City, within the limits prescribed by law. (See "THE BONDS - Security for Payment" and "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION" herein.)

Interest on the Bonds will accrue from September 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date") and will be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2025 until stated maturity or prior redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. The definitive Bonds will be issued as fully registered obligations in book-entry form only and when issued will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository (the "Securities Depository"). Book-entry interests in the Bonds will be made available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof within a maturity. Purchasers of the Bonds ("Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by BOKF, NA, Austin, Texas, as initial Paying Agent/Registrar, to the Securities Depository, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to its Participants, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the purpose of (i) designing, demolishing, constructing, renovating, improving, reconstructing, restructuring, extending streets and thoroughfares and related land and right-of-way sidewalks, streetscapes, collectors, drainage, landscape, signage, acquiring lands and rights-of-way necessary thereto or incidental therewith, and (ii) to pay costs of issuance and expenses relating to the Bonds. (See "THE BONDS – Purpose of Bonds" herein.)

SEE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR STATED MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS,
INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, CUSIP NUMBERS, AND REDEMPTION PROVISIONS FOR THE BONDS

The Bonds are offered for delivery, when, as and if issued and received by the initial purchaser thereof at a competitive sale (the "Purchaser") and subject to the approving opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel. The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will be printed on, or attached to, the Bonds. (See "LEGAL MATTERS – Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate" and "APPENDIX C - Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel" herein.) It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery through DTC on or about September 26, 2024.

BIDS DUE THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 2024 AT 10:30 A.M., CENTRAL TIME

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

\$3,580,000*

CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located in Kendall, Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas) GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

STATED MATURITY SCHEDULE*

CUSIP No. Prefix (1) 303343

Stated				CUSIP	Stated				CUSIP
Maturity	Principal	Interest	Initial	No.	Maturity	Principal	Interest	Initial	No.
<u>2/1</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	Suffix (1)	<u>2/1</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	Suffix (1)
2025	\$ 305,000				2035	\$ 170,000			
2026	115,000				2036	175,000			
2027	120,000				2037	185,000			
2028	125,000				2038	190,000			
2029	130,000				2039	200,000			
2030	135,000				2040	205,000			
2031	140,000				2041	215,000			
2032	150,000				2042	225,000			
2033	155,000				2043	235,000			
2034	160,000				2044	245,000			

(Interest to accrue from the Dated Date)

The Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2034 are subject to optional redemption prior to their scheduled maturities at the option of the Issuer, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on February 1, 2033 or any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption as further described herein. Additionally, the Purchaser may select certain maturities of the Bonds to be grouped together as a "term bond" and such term bonds would be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. (See "THE BONDS - Redemption Provisions" herein.)

SALE OF ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS: Concurrently with the sale and delivery of the Bonds, the City expects to sell its \$3,735,000 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the "Certificates"), which are expected to sell on September 5, 2024 and close on September 26, 2024. The Certificates will be secured primarily by and payable from the levy and collection of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and are further secured by a lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues, being a limited amount of the Net Revenues derived from the operation of the City's combined utility system not to exceed \$1,000, as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement pertaining to the Certificates. The Certificates will be publicly offered under a separate offering document. This Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement relate only to the sale of the Bonds and not to the sale of the Certificates.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

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CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS

7286 Dietz Elkhorn Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015

ELECTED OFFICIALS

	Years	Term Expires
Name	Served	(May)
Greg Maxton	7	2027
Mayor		
Laura Koerner	7	2025
Mayor Pro-Tem, Place 4		
Emily Stroup	3	2027
Councilmember, Place 1		
Keith Rhoden	1	2025
Councilmember, Place 2		
Ruben J. Olvera	.5	2025
Councilmember, Place 3		
Scott Parker	3	2025
Councilmember, Place 5		
Chesley Muenchow	3	2026
Councilmember, Place 5		

ADMINISTRATION

Name	Position	Years with The City
Scott Huizenga	City Manager	2.5
Carole Vanzant	Assistant City Manager	26
Summer Fleming	Director of Finance	7
Christina Picioccio	City Secretary	14.5

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Bond Counsel	Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP Austin, Texas
Certified Public Accountants	
Financial Advisor	SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. San Antonio, Texas

For Additional Information Please Contact:

Mr. Scott Huizenga
City Manager
Ms. Summer Fleming
Director of Finance
City of Fair Oaks Ranch
7286 Dietz Elkhorn
Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015
Telephone: (210) 698-0900
shuizenga@fairoaksranch.org
sfleming@fairoaksranch.org

Mr. Mark McLiney
Senior Managing Director
SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc.
1020 Northeast Loop 410, Suite 640
San Antonio, Texas 78209
Telephone: (210) 832-9760
mmcliney@samcocapital.com

Mr. Andrew T. Friedman Senior Managing Director SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. 1020 Northeast Loop 410, Suite 640 San Antonio, Texas 78209 Telephone: (210) 832-9760 afriedman@samcocapital.com

USE OF INFORMATION IN THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, as amended (the "Rule"), and in effect on the date of this Preliminary Official Statement, this document constitutes an "official statement" of the Issuer with respect to the Bonds that has been "deemed final" by the Issuer as of its date except for the omission of no more than the information permitted by the Rule.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized to give any information, or to make any representation other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Issuer. This Official Statement is not to be used in connection with an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Any information or expression of opinion herein contained is subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create an implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or other matters described herein since the date hereof.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder will under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the information or opinions set forth herein after the date of this Official Statement. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" for a description of the Issuer's undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion of this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with its responsibilities to the Issuer and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The Purchaser has provided the following statement for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Purchaser has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and a part of, its responsibility to investors under the federal securities laws applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Purchaser does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

THE BONDS ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION WITH THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND CONSEQUENTLY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED THEREWITH. THE REGISTRATION, QUALIFICATION, OR EXEMPTION OF THE BONDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAW PROVISIONS OF THE JURISDICTIONS IN WHICH THE BONDS HAVE BEEN REGISTERED, QUALIFIED, OR EXEMPTED SHOULD NOT BE REGARDED AS A RECOMMENDATION THEREOF.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE THE MARKET PRICE OF THIS ISSUE AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

None of the Issuer, the Financial Advisor or the Purchaser make any representation or warranty with respect to the information contained in this Official Statement regarding The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its Book-Entry-Only System as such information is provided by DTC.

The agreements of the City and others related to the Bonds are contained solely in the contracts described herein. Neither this Official Statement or any other statement made in connection with the offer or sale of the Bonds is to be construed as constituting an agreement with the purchasers of the Bonds. INVESTORS SHOULD READ THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT, INCLUDING ALL APPENDICES ATTACHED HERETO, TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ESSENTIAL TO MAKING AN INFORMED INVESTMENT DECISION.

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SELECTED DATA FROM THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The selected data is subject in all respects to the more complete information and definitions contained or incorporated in this Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. No person is authorized to detach this page from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement.

The Issuer

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the "City" or "Issuer") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The City's Home Rule Charter was adopted on May 18, 2017. The City operates under a Mayor-Council-City Manager form of government, with the City Council comprised of seven members, including the Mayor. (See "APPENDIX C - General Information Regarding the City of Fair Oaks Ranch and Bexar, Comal and Kendall Counties, Texas" herein.)

The Bonds

The \$3,580,000* City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 1251 and 1331, as amended, Texas Government Code, an election held on May 4, 2024, the City's Home Rule Charter, and an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council on September 5, 2024.

Paying Agent/Registrar

The initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds is BOKF, NA, Austin, Texas.

Security for the Bonds

The Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the Issuer payable from an annual ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property in the City, within the limits prescribed by law. (See "THE BONDS - Security for Payment" and "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION" herein.)

Redemption Provisions

The Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2034 are subject to optional redemption prior to their scheduled maturities at the option of the Issuer, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on February 1, 2033 or any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest as further described herein. Additionally, the Purchaser may select certain consecutive maturities of the Bonds to be grouped together as one or more term bonds and such term bonds would be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. (See "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions of the Bonds" herein.)

Tax Matters

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, the interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein. (See "TAX MATTERS" and "APPENDIX C – Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel" herein.)

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

The Issuer will designate the Bonds as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions. (See "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" herein.)

Use of Bond Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for of (i) designing, demolishing, constructing, renovating, improving, reconstructing, restructuring, extending streets and thoroughfares and related land and right-of-way sidewalks, streetscapes, collectors, drainage, landscape, signage, acquiring lands and rights-of-way necessary thereto or incidental therewith, and (ii) to pay costs of issuance and expenses relating to the Bonds. (See "THE BONDS – Purpose of Bonds" herein.)

Rating

A municipal bond rating application for the Bonds has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the results will be made available as soon as possible. (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION – Ratings")

Book-Entry-Only System

The Issuer intends to utilize the Book-Entry-Only System of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York relating to the method and timing of payment and the method and transfer relating to the Bonds. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

Payment Record

The City has never defaulted on the payment of its general obligation or revenue indebtedness.

Concurrent Debt Issues

Concurrently with the sale and delivery of the Bonds, the City expects to sell its \$3,735,000 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the "Certificates"), which are expected to sell on September 5, 2024 and close on September 26, 2024. The Certificates will be secured primarily by and payable from the levy and collection of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and are further secured by a lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues, being a limited amount of the Net Revenues derived from the operation of the City's combined utility system not to exceed \$1,000, as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement pertaining to the Certificates. The Certificates will be publicly offered under a separate offering document. This Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement relate only to the sale of the Bonds and not to the sale of the Certificates.

Delivery	When issued, anticipated to occur on or about September 26, 2024.
Legality	Delivery of the Bonds is subject to the approval by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

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PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Relating to

\$3,580,000* CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located in Kendall, Bexar and Comal Counties) GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement, including the appendices hereto, provides certain information in connection with the issuance by the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the "City" or "Issuer") of its \$3,580,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") identified on page 2 hereof.

The Issuer is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and a home-rule municipal corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas. The Bonds are being issued by the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas (the "State"), including Chapters 1251 and 1331, as amended, Texas Government Code, the City's Home Rule Charter, an election held on May 4, 2024 and an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council on September 5, 2024.

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Ordinance. Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Bonds and certain information about the Issuer and its finances. *ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE SUMMARIES ONLY AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT*. Copies of such documents may be obtained upon request from the Issuer or its Financial Advisor, SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc., 1020 NE Loop 410, Suite 640, San Antonio, Texas 78209, via electronic mail or upon payment of reasonable copying, handling, and delivery charges.

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the City from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of information, including tables of receipts from taxes and other sources, is intended to show recent historic information, and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in financial position or other affairs of the City. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement speaks only as to its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. A copy of the Final Official Statement (defined below) pertaining to the Bonds will be filed by the Purchaser with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" herein for a description of the City's undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

THE BONDS

General Description

The Bonds will be dated September 1, 2024 (the "Dated Date"), will be issued in denominations of \$5,000 principal or any integral multiple thereof within a stated maturity, and will mature on the dates and in the principal amounts and will bear interest at the rates set forth on page 2 of this Official Statement. Interest on the Bonds will accrue from the Dated Date, with such interest payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2025, until stated maturity or prior redemption. Principal and interest on the Bonds are payable in the manner described herein under "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the interest on the Bonds will be payable to the registered owner as shown on the security register maintained by BOKF, NA, Austin, Texas, as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar, as of the Record Date (defined herein) by check, mailed first-class, postage prepaid, to the address of such person on the security register or by such other method acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar requested by and at the risk and expense of the registered owner. In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, principal of the Bonds will be payable at Stated Maturity or prior redemption upon presentation and surrender thereof at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar.

If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds will be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday or a day when banking institutions in the city where the Paying Agent/Registrar is located are authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment will be the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions are authorized to close; and payment on such date will have the same force and effect as if made on the original date payment was due.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 1251 and 1331, as amended, Texas Government Code, an Ordinance to be adopted by the City Council on September 5, 2024, and election held on May 4, 2024 and the City's Home Rule Charter.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Security for Payment

The Bonds are direct obligations payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, within the limitations prescribed by law, on all taxable property located within the City. (See "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION" herein.)

Purpose of the Bonds

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for of (i) designing, demolishing, constructing, renovating, improving, reconstructing, restructuring, extending streets and thoroughfares and related land and right-of-way sidewalks, streetscapes, collectors, drainage, landscape, signage, acquiring lands and rights-of-way necessary thereto or incidental therewith, and (ii) to pay costs of issuance and expenses relating to the Bonds. ((See "THE BONDS – Purpose of Bonds" herein.)

Redemption Provisions

The Issuer reserves the right, at its sole option, to redeem Bonds stated to mature February 1, 2034, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof (if within a stated maturity, selected at random and by lot by the Paying Agent/Registrar) on February 1, 2033 or any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. Two or more consecutive maturities of the Bonds may be grouped together as a term bond by the Purchaser, and such term bonds would be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in accordance with the Ordinance. If less than all of the Bonds within a stated maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds to be redeemed will be selected by lot or by other customary random method by the Paying Agent/Registrar.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption

If less than all of the Bonds are to be redeemed, the City shall determine the amounts and maturities thereof to be redeemed and shall direct the Paying Agent/Registrar to select by lot the Bonds, or portions thereof, to be redeemed.

Notice of Redemption

At least 30 days prior to the date fixed for any redemption of any Bonds or portions thereof prior to stated maturity, the Issuer shall cause notice of such redemption to be sent by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, to the registered owner of each Bond or a portion thereof to be redeemed at its address as it appeared on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar on the day such notice of redemption is mailed. By the date fixed for any such redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar for the payment of the required redemption price for the Bonds or portions thereof which are to be so redeemed. If such notice of redemption is given and if due provision for such payment is made, all as provided above, the Bonds or portions thereof which are to be so redeemed thereby automatically shall be treated as redeemed prior to their scheduled maturities, and they shall not bear interest after the date fixed for redemption, and they shall not be regarded as being outstanding except for the right of the registered owner to receive the redemption price from the Paying Agent/Registrar out of the funds provided for such payment.

ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION SO MAILED SHALL BE CONCLUSIVELY PRESUMED TO HAVE BEEN DULY GIVEN IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER ONE OR MORE BONDHOLDERS FAILED TO RECEIVE SUCH NOTICE, AND, PROVIDED THAT PROVISION FOR PAYMENT OF THE REDEMPTION PRICE IS MADE AND ANY OTHER CONDITIONS TO REDEMPTION ARE SATISFIED, INTEREST ON THE REDEEMED BONDS SHALL CEASE TO ACCRUE FROM AND AFTER SUCH REDEMPTION DATE NOTWITHSTANDING THAT A BOND HAS NOT BEEN PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT.

Bonds of a denomination larger than \$5,000 may be redeemed in part (\$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof). Any Bond to be partially redeemed must be surrendered in exchange for one or more new Bonds of the same stated maturity and interest rate for the unredeemed portion of the principal. In the event of redemption of less than all of the Bonds of a particular stated maturity, the Paying Agent/Registrar is required to select the Bonds of such stated maturity to be redeemed by such random method as it deems fair and appropriate and which may provide for the selection for redemption of portions (equal to any authorized denomination) of the Bonds of a denomination larger than \$5,000.

The Paying Agent/Registrar and the Issuer, so long as a Book-Entry-Only System is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption, notice of proposed amendment to the Ordinance or other notices with respect to the Bonds only to DTC. Any failure by DTC to advise any DTC participant, or of any DTC participant or indirect participant to notify the Beneficial Owner, will not affect the validity of the redemption of the Bonds called for redemption or any other action premised on any such notice. Redemption of portions of the Bonds by the Issuer will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such Bonds held by DTC. In such event, DTC may implement, through its Book-Entry-Only System, a redemption of such Bonds held for the account of DTC participants in accordance with its rules or other agreements with DTC participants and then DTC participants and indirect participants may implement a redemption of such Bonds from the Beneficial Owners. Any such selection of Bonds to be redeemed will not be governed by the Ordinance and will not be conducted by the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Neither the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar will have any responsibility to DTC participants, indirect participants or the persons for whom DTC participants act as nominees, with respect to the payments on the Bonds or the providing of notice to DTC participants, indirect participants, or Beneficial Owners of the selection of portions of the Bonds for redemption. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

Sources and Uses

Sources of Funds	<u>The Bonds</u>
Par Amount	\$
Accrued Interest	
[Net] Reoffering Premium	
Total Sources of Funds	<u>\$</u>
Uses of Funds	
Deposit to Project Fund	\$
Costs of Issuance	
Purchaser's Discount	
Total Uses of Funds	¢

Payment Record

The City has never defaulted on the payment of its ad valorem tax-backed indebtedness.

Legality

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approval by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the rendering of opinions as to certain legal matters by Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas ("Bond Counsel"). The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will accompany the Bonds to be deposited with DTC or will be printed on the Bonds should the Book-Entry-Only System be discontinued. A form of the legal opinion of Bond Counsel appears in APPENDIX C attached hereto.

Defeasance

The Ordinance provides for the defeasance of the Bonds when payment of the principal amount of the Bonds plus interest accrued on the Bonds to their due date (whether such due date be by reason of stated maturity, redemption, or otherwise), is provided by irrevocably depositing with a paying agent (or financial institution permitted by applicable state law), in trust (1) money sufficient to make such payment, (2) Government Securities (defined below) of such maturities and interest payment dates and bear such interest as will, without further investment or reinvestment of either the principal amount thereof or the interest earnings therefrom, be sufficient to make such payment, or (3) a combination of money and Government Securities together so certified sufficient to make such payment. The foregoing deposits shall be certified as to sufficiency by an independent accounting firm, the City's Financial Advisor, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or such other qualified financial institution (as provided in the Ordinance). The City has additionally reserved the right, subject to satisfying the requirements of (1) and (2) above, to substitute other Government Securities originally deposited, to reinvest the uninvested moneys on deposit for such defeasance and to withdraw for the benefit of the City moneys in excess of the amount required for such defeasance. The Ordinance provides that "Government Securities" means any securities and obligations now or hereafter authorized by State law that are eligible to discharge obligations such as the Bonds. Current State law permits defeasance with the following types of securities: (a) direct, noncallable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date of the purchase thereof, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that on the date the governing body of the City adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the financial arrangements have been refunded and are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (d) any additional securities and obligations hereafter authorized by State law as eligible for use to accomplish the discharge of obligations such as the Bonds. City officials may restrict the use of such Government Securities as deemed appropriate. There is no assurance that the ratings for U.S. Treasury securities acquired to defease any Bonds, or those for any other Government Securities, will be maintained at any particular rating category. Further, there is no assurance that current State law will not be amended in a manner that expands or contracts the list of permissible defeasance securities (such list consisting of these securities identified in clauses (a) through (c) above), or any rating requirement thereon, that may be purchased with defeasance proceeds relating to the Bonds ("Defeasance Proceeds"), though the City has reserved the right to utilize any additional securities for such purpose in the event the aforementioned list is expanded. Because the Ordinance does not contractually limit such permissible defeasance securities and expressly recognizes the ability of the City to use lawfully available Defeasance Proceeds to defease all or any portion of the Bonds, registered owners of Bonds are deemed to have consented to the use of Defeasance Proceeds to purchase such other defeasance securities, notwithstanding the fact that such defeasance securities may not be of the same investment quality as those currently identified under State law as permissible defeasance securities.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded to be outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the City to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, the City has the option, to be exercised at the time of the defeasance of the Bonds, to call for redemption at an earlier date those Bonds

which have been defeased to their maturity date, if the City (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption, (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements, and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

Amendments

The Issuer may amend the Ordinance without the consent of or notice to any registered owners in any manner not detrimental to the interests of the registered owners, including the curing of any ambiguity, inconsistency, or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the Issuer may, with the written consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to, or rescind any of the provisions of the Ordinance; except that, without the consent of the registered owners of all of the Bonds affected, no such amendment, addition, or rescission may (1) change the date specified as the date on which the principal of or any installment of interest on any Bond is due and payable, reduce the principal amount thereof, or the rate of interest thereon, change the place or places at or the coin or currency in which any Bond or interest thereon is payable, change the redemption price or amount, or in any other way modify the terms of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (2) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (3) reduce the aggregate principal amount of Bonds required for consent to any amendment, addition, or waiver.

Default and Remedies

If the City defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Ordinance, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Ordinance, the registered owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel City officials to carry out their legally imposed duties with respect to the Bonds, if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Bonds or the Ordinance and the City's Bonds are not uncertain or disputed. The issuance of a writ of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles and rests with the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Ordinance does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the bondholders upon any failure of the City to perform in accordance with the terms of the Ordinance, or upon any other condition and, accordingly, all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. The Texas Supreme Court (the "Court") ruled in *Tooke v. City of Mexia*, 197 S.W.3d 325 (Tex. 2006) that a waiver of sovereign immunity in a contractual dispute must be provided for by statute in "clear and unambiguous" language.

Furthermore, Tooke, and subsequent jurisprudence, held that a municipality is not immune from suit for torts committed in the performance of its proprietary functions, as it is for torts committed in the performance of its governmental functions (the "Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy"). Governmental functions are those that are enjoined on a municipality by law and are given by the State as a part of the State's sovereignty, to be exercised by the municipality in the interest of the general public, while proprietary functions are those that a municipality may, in its discretion, perform in the interest of the inhabitants of municipality.

In Wasson Interests, Ltd., v. City of Jacksonville, 489 S.W. 3d 427 (Tex. 2016), ("Wasson") the Court addressed whether the distinction between governmental and proprietary acts (as found in tort-based causes of action) applies to breach of contract claims against municipalities. The Court analyzed the rationale behind the Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy to determine that "a city's proprietary functions are not done pursuant to the 'will of the people'" and protecting such municipalities "via the [S]tate's immunity is not an efficient way to ensure efficient allocation of [S]tate resources". While the Court recognized that the distinction between government and proprietary functions is not clear, the Wasson opinion held that Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy applies in contract-claims context. The Court reviewed Wasson again in June 2018 and clarified that to determine whether governmental immunity applies to a breach of contract claim, the proper inquiry is whether the municipality was engaged in a governmental or proprietary function when it entered into the contract, not at the time of the alleged breach. Therefore, in regard to municipal contract cases (as in tort claims), it is incumbent on the courts to determine whether a function was proprietary at the time of conception of the contractual relationship.

Notwithstanding the foregoing new case law issued by the Court, such sovereign immunity issues have not been adjudicated in relation to bond matters (specifically, in regard to the issuance of municipal debt). Each situation will be prospectively evaluated based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the contract in question to determine if a suit, and subsequently, a judgment, is justiciable against a municipality.

If a judgment against the City could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the City's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the City or sell property within the City to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. As noted above, the Ordinance provides that Bondholders may exercise the remedy of mandamus to enforce the obligations of the City under the Ordinance. Neither the remedy of mandamus nor any other type of injunctive relief was at issue in Tooke, and it is unclear whether Tooke will be construed to have any effect with respect to the exercise of mandamus, as such remedy has been interpreted by Texas courts. In general, Texas courts have held that a writ of mandamus may be issued to require public officials to perform ministerial acts that clearly pertain to their duties. Texas courts have held that a ministerial act is defined as a legal duty that is prescribed and defined with a precision and certainty that leaves nothing to the exercise of discretion or judgment, though mandamus is not available to enforce purely contractual duties. However, mandamus may be used to require a public officer to perform legally imposed ministerial duties necessary for the performance of a valid contract to which the State or a political subdivision of the State is a party (including the payment of monies due under a contract). Furthermore, the City is eligible to seek relief from its creditors

under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or bondholders of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the City avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Ordinance and the Bonds are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors or general principles of equity which permit the exercise of judicial discretion.

REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE

Paying Agent/Registrar

The initial Paying Agent/Registrar is BOKF, NA, Austin, Texas. In the Ordinance, the Issuer retains the right to replace the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the Issuer, the new Paying Agent/Registrar shall accept the previous Paying Agent/Registrar's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar, selected at the sole discretion of the Issuer, shall be a national or state banking institution, shall be an association or a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any state, authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, shall be subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, and shall be authorized by law to serve as a Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon a change in the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds, the Issuer agrees to promptly cause written notice thereof to be sent to each registered owner of the Bonds by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid.

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form in multiples of \$5,000 for any one stated maturity, and principal and semiannual interest will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar. Interest will be paid by check or draft mailed on each interest payment date by the Paying Agent/Registrar to the registered owner at the last known address as it appears on the Paying Agent/Registrar's books or by such other method, acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar, requested by and at the risk and expense of the registered owner. Principal will be paid to the registered owner at stated maturity or earlier redemption upon presentation to the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds shall be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday or a day when banking institutions in the city where the Paying Agent/ Registrar is located are authorized to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not such a day, and payment on such date shall have the same force and effect as if made on the date payment was due.

Record Date

The record date ("Record Date") for determining the person entitled to the receipt of the interest payable on a Bond on any interest payment date means the fifteenth (15th) day of the month next preceding each interest payment date. In the event of a non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date, and for 30 days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar. (See "Special Record Date for Interest Payment" herein.)

Special Record Date for Interest Payment

In the event of a non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date, and for 30 days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar, if and when funds for the payment of such interest have been received from the Issuer. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest (the "Special Payment Date" which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, to the address of each registered owner of a Bond appearing on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day next preceding the date of mailing of such notice.

Future Registration

In the event the Bonds are not in the Book-Entry-Only System, the Bonds may be transferred, registered, and assigned on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent/Registrar, and such registration and transfer shall be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such registration and transfer. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bond or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. A new Bond or Bonds will be delivered by the Paying Agent/Registrar in lieu of the Bond being transferred or exchanged at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, or sent by United States registered mail to the new registered owner at the registered owner's request, risk and expense. New Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner or assignee of the registered owner in not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be canceled in the exchange or transfer and the written instrument of transfer or request for exchange duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent, in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in denominations of \$5,000 for any one stated maturity or any integral multiple thereof and for a like aggregate principal amount and rate of interest as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein for a description of the system to be utilized in regard to ownership and transferability of the Bonds.)

Limitation on Transfer of Bonds

Neither the City nor the Paying Agent/Registrar shall be required to make any such transfer, conversion or exchange (i) during the period commencing with the close of business of any Record Date and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or (ii) with respect to any Bond or any portion thereof called for redemption prior to maturity, within 45 days prior to its redemption date; provided, however, that such limitation shall not apply to uncalled portions of a Bond redeemed in part.

Replacement Bonds

The Issuer has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost, or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds to the Paying Agent/Registrar, or receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss, or theft, and receipt by the Issuer and Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity as may be required by either of them to hold them harmless. The Issuer may require payment of taxes, governmental charges, and other expenses in connection with any such replacement. The person requesting the authentication of and delivery of a replacement Bond must comply with such other reasonable regulations as the Paying Agent/Registrar may prescribe and pay such expenses as the Paying Agent/Registrar may incur in connection therewith.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by the Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") while the Bonds are registered in its nominee name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The City, the Financial Advisor, and the Purchaser believe the source of such information to be reliable, but take no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The City, the Financial Advisor, and the Purchaser cannot and do not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or any notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the applicable series of Bonds), or any notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully registered certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of each maturity, and will be deposited with DTC. DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of certificated securities. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). Direct Participants and Indirect Participants are jointly referred to as "Participants". DTC has a S&P Global Ratings rating of "AA+". The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of Bonds ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive Bonds representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts

such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Obligation documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

Neither DTC or Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the Record Date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of the Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bonds are required to be printed and delivered to DTC Participants or the Beneficial Owners, as the case may be.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Issuer and the Purchaser believe to be reliable, but the Issuer, the Financial Advisors and the Purchaser take no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the Book-Entry-Only System, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which the Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to registered owners under the Ordinance will be given only to DTC.

Effect of Termination of Book-Entry-Only System

In the event that the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by DTC or the use of the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by the City, printed certificates representing the Bonds will be issued to the holders and the Bonds will be subject to transfer, exchange and registration provisions as set forth in the Ordinance and summarized under "REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE – Future Registration".

INVESTMENT POLICIES

The Issuer invests its investable funds in investments authorized by Texas law in accordance with investment policies approved by the City Council of the Issuer. Both State law and the Issuer's investment policies are subject to change.

Legal Investment

Under Texas law and subject to certain limitations, the Issuer is authorized to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations issued and secured by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; (5) "A" or better rated obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state; (6) bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the State of Israel; (7) federally insured interest-bearing bank deposits, brokered pools of such deposits, and collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates; (8) fully collateralized United States government securities repurchase agreements; (9) one-year or shorter securities lending agreements secured by obligations described in clauses

(1) through (7) above or (11) through (14) below or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by an "A" or better rated state or national bank; (10) 270-day or shorter bankers' acceptances, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank or its holding company are rated at least "A-1" or "P-1"; (11) commercial paper rated at least "A-1" or "P-1"; (12) SEC-registered no-load money market mutual funds that are subject to SEC Rule 2a-7; (13) SEC-registered no-load mutual funds that have an average weighted maturity of less than two years; (14) "AAA" or "AAAm"-rated investment pools that invest solely in investments described above; and (15) in the case of bond proceeds, guaranteed investment contracts that are secured by obligations described in clauses (1) through (7) above and, except for debt service funds and reserves, have a term of 5 years or less.

The Issuer may not, however, invest in (1) interest only obligations, or non-interest bearing principal obligations, stripped from mortgage-backed securities; (2) collateralized mortgage obligations that have a remaining term that exceeds 10 years; and (3) collateralized mortgage obligations that bear interest at an index rate that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index. In addition, the Issuer may not invest more than 15% of its monthly average fund balance (excluding bond proceeds and debt service funds and reserves) in mutual funds described in clause (13) above or make an investment in any mutual fund that exceeds 10% of the fund's total assets.

Except as stated above or inconsistent with its investment policy, the Issuer may invest in obligations of any duration without regard to their credit rating, if any. If an obligation ceases to qualify as an eligible investment after it has been purchased, the Issuer is not required to liquidate the investment unless it no longer carries a required rating, in which case the Issuer is required to take prudent measures to liquidate the investment that are consistent with its investment policy.

Investment Policies

Under State law, the Issuer is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management; and that include a list of authorized investments for Issuer funds, the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment and the maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund groups. All Issuer funds must be invested consistent with a formally adopted "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment. Each Investment Strategy Statement will describe its objectives concerning: (1) suitability of investment type, (2) preservation and safety of principal, (3) liquidity, (4) marketability of each investment, (5) diversification of the portfolio, and (6) yield.

Under State law, the Issuer's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." At least quarterly the investment officers of the Issuer must submit an investment report to the City Council detailing: (1) the investment position of the Issuer, (2) that all investment officers jointly prepared and signed the report, (3) the beginning market value, and any additions and changes to market value and the ending value of each pooled fund group, (4) the book value and market value of each separately listed asset at the beginning and end of the reporting period, (5) the maturity date of each separately invested asset, (6) the account or fund or pooled fund group for which each individual investment was acquired, and (7) the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to: (a) the investment strategy expressed in the Issuer's investment policy, and (b) the Public Funds Investment Act. No person may invest Issuer funds without express written authority from the City Council.

Current Investments (1) TABLE 1

As of July 1, 2024 the City held investments as follows:

Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Cash, Money Markets, and Certificates of Deposit	\$ 833,026.24	4.00%
Investment Pools	20,451,575.96	96.00%
Total	\$21,284,602.60	100.00%

As of such date, the market value of such investments (as determined by the Issuer by reference to published quotations, dealer bids, and comparable information) was approximately 100% of their book value. No funds of the Issuer are invested in derivative securities, *i.e.*, securities whose rate of return is determined by reference to some other instrument, index, or commodity.

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⁽¹⁾ Unaudited.

AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION

The following is a summary of certain provisions of State law as it relates to ad valorem taxation and is not intended to be complete. Prospective investors are encouraged to review Title I of the Texas Tax Code, as amended (the "Property Tax Code"), for identification of property subject to ad valorem taxation, property exempt or which may be exempted from ad valorem taxation if claimed, the appraisal of property for ad valorem tax purposes, and the procedures and limitations applicable to the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes.

Valuation of Taxable Property

The Property Tax Code provides for countywide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State an appraisal district and an appraisal review board (the "Appraisal Review Board") responsible for appraising property for all taxing units within the county. The Bexar Appraisal District, the Comal Appraisal District, and the Kendall Appraisal District (collectively, the "Appraisal District") are primarily responsible for appraising property within the City generally as of January 1 of each year. Except as generally described below, the Appraisal District is required to appraise all property within the Appraisal District on the basis of 100% of its market value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. In determining market value of property, the Appraisal District is required to consider the cost method of appraisal, the income method of appraisal and the market data comparison method of appraisal, and use the method the chief appraiser of the Appraisal District considers most appropriate. The Property Tax Code requires appraisal districts to reappraise all property in its jurisdiction at least once every three (3) years. A taxing unit may require annual review at its own expense, and is entitled to challenge the determination of appraised value of property within the taxing unit by petition filed with the Appraisal Review Board.

State law requires the appraised value of an owner's principal residence ("homestead" or "homesteads") to be based solely on the property's value as a homestead, regardless of whether residential use is considered to be the highest and best use of the property. State law further limits the appraised value of a homestead to the lesser of (1) the market value of the property or (2) 110% of the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year plus the market value of all new improvements to the property.

State law provides that eligible owners of both agricultural land and open-space land, including open-space land devoted to farm or ranch purposes or open-space land devoted to timber production, may elect to have such property appraised for property taxation on the basis of its productive capacity. The same land may not be qualified as both agricultural and open-space land.

The appraisal values set by the Appraisal District are subject to review and change by the Appraisal Review Board. The appraisal rolls, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, are used by taxing units, such as the City, in establishing their tax rolls and tax rates (see "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION – City and Taxpayer Remedies").

State Mandated Homestead Exemptions

State law grants, with respect to each taxing unit in the State, various exemptions for disabled veterans and their families, surviving spouses of members of the armed services killed in action and surviving spouses of first responders killed or fatally wounded in the line of duty.

Local Option Homestead Exemptions

The governing body of a taxing unit, including a city, county, school district, or special district, at its option may grant: (1) an exemption of up to 20% of the appraised value of all homesteads (but not less than \$5,000) and (2) an additional exemption of at least \$3,000 of the appraised value of the homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older and the disabled. Each taxing unit decides if it will offer the local option homestead exemptions and at what percentage or dollar amount, as applicable. The exemption described in (2), above, may also be created, increased, decreased or repealed at an election called by the governing body of a taxing unit upon presentment of a petition for such creation, increase, decrease, or repeal of at least 20% of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election of the taxing unit.

Local Option Freeze for the Elderly and Disabled

The governing body of a county, municipality or junior college district may, at its option, provide for a freeze on the total amount of ad valorem taxes levied on the homesteads of persons 65 years of age or older or of disabled persons above the amount of tax imposed in the year such residence qualified for such exemption. Also, upon voter initiative, an election may be held to determine by majority vote whether to establish such a freeze on ad valorem taxes. Once the freeze is established, the total amount of taxes imposed on such homesteads cannot be increased except for certain improvements, and such freeze cannot be repealed or rescinded.

Personal Property

Tangible personal property (furniture, machinery, supplies, inventories, etc.) used in the "production of income" is taxed based on the property's market value. Taxable personal property includes income-producing equipment and inventory. Intangibles such as goodwill, accounts receivable, and proprietary processes are not taxable. Tangible personal property not held or used for production of income, such

as household goods, automobiles or light trucks, and boats, is exempt from ad valorem taxation unless the governing body of a taxing unit elects to tax such property.

Freeport and Goods-In-Transit Exemptions

Certain goods that are acquired in or imported into the State to be forwarded outside the State, and are detained in the State for 175 days or less for the purpose of assembly, storage, manufacturing, processing or fabrication ("Freeport Property") are exempt from ad valorem taxation unless a taxing unit took official action to tax Freeport Property before April 1, 1990 and has not subsequently taken official action to exempt Freeport Property. Decisions to continue taxing Freeport Property may be reversed in the future; decisions to exempt Freeport Property are not subject to reversal.

Certain goods, that are acquired in or imported into the State to be forwarded to another location within or without the State, stored in a location that is not owned by the owner of the goods and are transported to another location within or without the State within 175 days ("Goods-in-Transit"), are generally exempt from ad valorem taxation; however, the Property Tax Code permits a taxing unit, on a local option basis, to tax Goods-in-Transit if the taxing unit takes official action, after conducting a public hearing, before January 1 of the first tax year in which the taxing unit proposes to tax Goods-in-Transit. Goods-in-Transit and Freeport Property do not include oil, natural gas or petroleum products, and Goods-in-Transit does not include aircraft or special inventories such as manufactured housing inventory, or a dealer's motor vehicle, boat, or heavy equipment inventory.

A taxpayer may receive only one of the Goods-in-Transit or Freeport Property exemptions for items of personal property.

Other Exempt Property

Other major categories of exempt property include property owned by the State or its political subdivisions if used for public purposes, property exempt by federal law, property used for pollution control, farm products owned by producers, property of nonprofit corporations used for scientific research or educational activities benefitting a college or university, designated historic sites, solar and wind-powered energy devices, and certain classes of intangible personal property.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones

A city or county, by petition of the landowners or by action of its governing body, may create one or more tax increment reinvestment zones ("TIRZ") within its boundaries. At the time of the creation of the TIRZ, a "base value" for the real property in the TIRZ is established and the difference between any increase in the assessed valuation of taxable real property in the TIRZ in excess of the base value is known as the "tax increment". During the existence of the TIRZ, all or a portion of the taxes levied against the tax increment by a city or county, and all other overlapping taxing units that elected to participate, are restricted to paying only planned project and financing costs within the TIRZ and are not available for the payment of other obligations of such taxing units.

Tax Abatement Agreements

Taxing units may also enter into tax abatement agreements to encourage economic development. Under the agreements, a property owner agrees to construct certain improvements on its property. The taxing unit, in turn, agrees not to levy a tax on all or part of the increased value attributable to the improvements until the expiration of the agreement. The abatement agreement could last for a period of up to 10 years. For a discussion of how the various exemptions described above are applied by the City, see "CITY'S APPLICATION OF PROPERTY TAX CODE" herein.

City and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the City, may appeal the determinations of the Appraisal District by timely initiating a protest with the Appraisal Review Board. Additionally, taxing units such as the City may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

Owners of certain property with a taxable value in excess of the current year "minimum eligibility amount", as determined by the State Comptroller, and situated in a county with a population of one million or more, may protest the determinations of an appraisal district directly to a three-member special panel of the appraisal review board, appointed by the chairman of the appraisal review board, consisting of highly qualified professionals in the field of property tax appraisal. The minimum eligibility amount was set at \$59,562,331 for the 2024 tax year, and is adjusted annually by the State Comptroller to reflect the inflation rate.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda that could result in the repeal of certain tax increases (see "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION – Public Hearing and Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate Limitations"). The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for providing notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property value, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The City is responsible for the collection of its taxes, unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to twenty percent (20%) if imposed by the City. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes for certain taxpayers. Furthermore, the City may provide, on a local option basis, for the split payment, partial payment, and discounts for early payment of taxes under certain circumstances.

City's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the City are a personal obligation of the owner of the property. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the City, having power to tax the property. The City's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the City is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the City may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the City must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property.

Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, adverse market conditions, taxpayer redemption rights, or bankruptcy proceedings which restrain the collection of a taxpayer's debt.

Federal bankruptcy law provides that an automatic stay of actions by creditors and other entities, including governmental units, goes into effect with the filing of any petition in bankruptcy. The automatic stay prevents governmental units from foreclosing on property and prevents liens for post-petition taxes from attaching to property and obtaining secured creditor status unless, in either case, an order lifting the stay is obtained from the bankruptcy court. In many cases, post-petition taxes are paid as an administrative expense of the estate in bankruptcy or by order of the bankruptcy court.

Public Hearing and Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate Limitations

The following terms as used in this section have the meanings provided below:

"adjusted" means lost values are not included in the calculation of the prior year's taxes and new values are not included in the current year's taxable values.

"de minimis rate" means the maintenance and operations tax rate that will produce the prior year's total maintenance and operations tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's values (adjusted), plus the rate that produces an additional \$500,000 in tax revenue when applied to the current year's taxable value, plus the debt service tax rate.

"foregone revenue amount" means the greater of zero or the amount expressed in dollars calculated according to the following formula: the voter-approval tax rate less the actual tax rate, then multiplied by the taxing unit's current total value in the applicable preceding tax year.

"no-new-revenue tax rate" means the combined maintenance and operations tax rate and debt service tax rate that will produce the prior year's total tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's total taxable values (adjusted).

"preceding total value" means a taxing unit's current total value in the applicable preceding tax year.

"special taxing unit" means a city for which the maintenance and operations tax rate proposed for the current tax year is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value.

"unused increment rate" means the cumulative difference between a city's voter-approval tax rate and its actual tax rate for each of the tax years 2020 through 2022, which may be applied to a city's tax rate in tax year 2021 through 2023 without impacting the voter-approval tax rate.

"voter-approval tax rate" means the maintenance and operations tax rate that will produce the prior year's total maintenance and operations tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's values (adjusted) multiplied by 1.035, plus the debt service tax rate, plus the "unused increment rate".

The City's tax rate consists of two components: (1) a rate for funding of maintenance and operations expenditures in the current year (the "maintenance and operations tax rate"), and (2) a rate for funding debt service in the current year (the "debt service tax rate"). Under State law, the assessor for the City must submit an appraisal roll showing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all property in the City to the City Council by August 1 or as soon as practicable thereafter.

A city must annually calculate its voter-approval tax rate and no-new-revenue tax rate in accordance with forms prescribed by the State Comptroller and provide notice of such rates to each owner of taxable property within the city and the county tax assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of the city is located. A city must adopt a tax rate before the later of September 30 or the 60th day after receipt of the certified appraisal roll, except that a tax rate that exceeds the voter-approval tax rate must be adopted not later than the 71st day before the next occurring November uniform election date. If a city fails to timely adopt a tax rate, the tax rate is statutorily set as the lower of the no-new-revenue tax rate for the current tax year or the tax rate adopted by the city for the preceding tax year.

As described below, the Property Tax Code provides that if a city adopts a tax rate that exceeds its voter-approval tax rate or, in certain cases, its de minimis rate, an election must be held to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

A city may not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the lower of the voter-approval tax rate or the no-new-revenue tax rate until each appraisal district in which such city participates has posted notice prominently on the appraisal district's website (if the appraisal district maintains as website) and the assessor for the city has prominently posted on the city's website notice informing property owner of the estimated total amount of property taxes owed and the city has held a public hearing on the proposed tax increase. The appraisal district is also required to post notice in a newspaper of general circulation by August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable or if there is no newspaper of general circulation, the notice must be posted in the appraisal district's office.

For cities with a population of 30,000 or more as of the most recent federal decennial census, if the adopted tax rate for any tax year exceeds the voter-approval tax rate, that city must conduct an election on the next occurring November uniform election date to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

For cities with a population less than 30,000 as of the most recent federal decennial census, if the adopted tax rate for any tax year exceeds the greater of (i) the voter-approval tax rate or (ii) the de minimis rate, the city must conduct an election on the next occurring November uniform election date to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate. However, for any tax year during which a city has a population of less than 30,000 as of the most recent federal decennial census and does not qualify as a special taxing unit, if a city's adopted tax rate is equal to or less than the de minimis rate but greater than both (a) the no-new-revenue tax rate, multiplied by 1.08, plus the debt service tax rate or (b) the city's voter-approval tax rate, then a valid petition signed by at least three percent of the registered voters in the city would require that an election be held to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

Any city located at least partly within an area declared a disaster area by the Governor of the State or the President of the United States during the current year may calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a 1.08 multiplier, instead of 1.035, until the earlier of (i) the second tax year in which such city's total taxable appraised value exceeds the taxable appraised value on January 1 of the year the disaster occurred, or (ii) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.

State law provides cities and counties in the State the option of assessing a maximum one-half percent (1/2%) sales and use tax on retail sales of taxable items for the purpose of reducing its ad valorem taxes, if approved by a majority of the voters in a local option election. If the additional sales and use tax for ad valorem tax reduction is approved and levied, the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate must be reduced by the amount of the estimated sales tax revenues to be generated in the current tax year.

The calculations of the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate do not limit or impact the City's ability to set a debt service tax rate in each year sufficient to pay debt service on all of the City's tax-supported debt obligations, including the Bonds.

Reference is made to the Property Tax Code for definitive requirements for the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and the calculation of the various defined tax rates.

Debt Tax Rate Limitations

All taxable property within the City is subject to the assessment, levy and collection by the City of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax sufficient to provide for the payment of principal of and interest on all ad valorem tax-supported debt within the limits prescribed by law. Article XI, Section 5, of the Texas Constitution is applicable to the City, and limits its maximum ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. Administratively, the Attorney General of the State of Texas will permit allocation of \$1.50 of the \$2.50 maximum tax rate for all debt service on ad valorem tax-supported debt, as calculated at the time of issuance.

CITY'S APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY TAX CODE

The City grants a homestead exemption to the appraised value of the residence homestead of \$5,000.

The City grants an exemption to the appraised value of the residence homestead of persons 65 years of age or older of \$50,000.

The City grants an exemption to the appraised value of the residence homestead of qualifying disabled persons of \$50,000.

The City has adopted a tax freeze for qualified disabled citizens.

The City permits split payments but does not permit discounts.

The City does not tax freeport property.

The City does not tax goods-in-transit.

The City has no TIRZ/TIF Zones.

The City may create additional TIRZ/TIF Zones in the future with business entities existing or to be constructed within the City. Any such zones will provide benefits and impose requirements pursuant to the City's TIRZ/TIF policy.

TAX MATTERS

Tax Exemption

The delivery of the Bonds is subject to the opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes (1) will be excludable from the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of such opinion (the "Code"), of the owners thereof pursuant to section 103 of the Code and existing regulations, published rulings, and court decisions, and (2) will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof who are individuals. The statutes, regulations, rulings, and court decisions on which such opinion is based are subject to change. A form of Bond Counsel's opinion is reproduced as APPENDIX C.

In rendering the foregoing opinions, Bond Counsel will rely upon the representations and certifications of the City pertaining to the use, expenditure, and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and will assume continuing compliance by the City with the provisions of the Ordinance subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds. The Ordinance contains covenants by the City with respect to, among other matters, the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the facilities financed or refinanced therewith by persons other than state or local governmental units, the manner in which the proceeds of the Bonds are to be invested, if required, the periodic calculation and payment to the United States Treasury of any arbitrage "profits" from the investment of proceeds, and the reporting of certain information to the United States Treasury. Failure to comply with any of these covenants may cause interest on the Bonds to be includable in the gross income of the owners thereof from the date of the issuance of the Bonds.

Except as described above, Bond Counsel will express no other opinion with respect to any other federal, state or local tax consequences under present law, or proposed legislation, resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or the acquisition or disposition of, the Bonds. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result, but represents its legal judgment based upon its review of existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions and the representations and covenants of the City described above. No ruling has been sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to the matters addressed in the opinion of Bond Counsel, and Bond Counsel's opinion is not binding on the IRS. The IRS has an ongoing program of auditing the tax-exempt status of the interest on municipal obligations. If an audit of the Bonds is commenced, under current procedures the IRS is likely to treat the City as the "taxpayer," and the owners of the Bonds would have no right to participate in the audit process. In responding to or defending an audit of the tax-exempt status of the interest on the Bonds, the City may have different or conflicting interests from the owners of the Bonds. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit, regardless of its ultimate outcome.

Tax Changes

Existing law may change to reduce or eliminate the benefit to Bond holders of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation or administrative action, whether or not taken, could also affect the value and marketability of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed or future changes in tax law.

Ancillary Tax Consequences

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds may result in collateral federal tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions (see "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" herein), property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, corporations subject to the alternative minimum tax on adjusted financial statement income, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, S corporations with subchapter C earnings and profits, owners of an

interest in a financial asset securitization investment trust ("FASIT"), individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences to their particular circumstances.

For taxable years beginning after 2022, the Code imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income of certain large corporations, generally consisting of corporations (other than S corporations, regulated investment companies and real estate investment trusts) with more than \$1 billion in average annual adjusted financial statement income, determined over a three-year period. For this purpose, adjusted financial statement income generally consists of the net income or loss of the taxpayer set forth on the taxpayer's applicable financial statement for the taxable year, subject to various adjustments, but is not reduced for interest earned on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds. Prospective purchasers that could be subject to this minimum tax should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the potential impact of owning the Bonds.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Discount Bonds

The initial public offering price to be paid for certain Bonds may be less than the amount payable on such Bonds at maturity (the "Discount Bonds"). An amount equal to the difference between the initial public offering price of a Discount Bond (assuming that a substantial amount of the Discount Bonds of that maturity are sold to the public at such price) and the amount payable at maturity constitutes original issue discount to the initial purchaser of such Discount Bonds. A portion of such original issue discount, allocable to the holding period of a Discount Bond by the initial purchaser, will be treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, excludable from gross income on the same terms and conditions as those for other interest on the Bonds. Such interest is considered to be accrued actuarially in accordance with the constant interest method over the life of a Discount Bond, taking into account the semiannual compounding of accrued interest, at the yield to maturity on such Discount Bond and generally will be allocated to an initial purchaser in a different amount from the amount of the payment denominated as interest actually received by the initial purchaser during his taxable year.

However, such interest may be required to be taken into account in determining the amount of the branch profits tax applicable to certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment. In addition, the accrual of such interest may result in certain other collateral federal income tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions (see "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" herein), life insurance companies, property and casualty insurance companies, corporations subject to the alternative minimum tax on adjusted financial statement income, S corporations with "subchapter C" earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit, owners of an interest in a FASIT, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations. Moreover, in the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of a Discount Bond by the initial owner prior to maturity, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Discount Bond was held) is includable in gross income.

Owners of Discount Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal income tax purposes of accrued interest upon disposition of Discount Bonds and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning Discount Bonds. It is possible that, under applicable provisions governing determination of state and local income taxes, accrued interest on the Discount Bonds may be deemed to be received in the year of accrual even though there will not be a corresponding cash payment.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Premium on Certain Bonds

The initial public offering price to be paid for certain Bonds (the "Premium Bonds") may be greater than the stated redemption price on such Bonds at maturity. An amount equal to the difference between the initial public offering price of a Premium Certificate (assuming that a substantial amount of the Premium Bonds of that maturity are sold to the public at such price) and the amount payable at maturity constitutes premium to the initial purchaser of such Premium Bonds. The basis for federal income tax purposes of a Premium Certificate in the hands of such initial purchaser must be reduced each year by the amortizable certificate premium, although no federal income tax deduction is allowed as a result of such reduction in basis for amortizable certificate premium. Such reduction in basis will increase the amount of any gain (or decrease the amount of any loss) to be recognized for federal income tax purposes upon a sale or other taxable disposition of a Premium Certificate. The amount of premium which is amortizable each year by an initial purchaser is determined by using such purchaser's yield to maturity.

Purchasers of the Premium Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to the determination of amortizable certificate premium on Premium Bonds for federal income tax purposes and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of Premium Bonds.

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

Section 265 of the Code provides, in general, that interest expense to acquire or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible from the gross income of the owner of such obligations. In addition, section 265 of the Code generally disallows 100% of any deduction for interest expense which is incurred by "financial institutions" described in such section and is allocable, as computed in such section, to tax-exempt interest on obligations acquired after August 7, 1986. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to this interest disallowance rule for financial institutions, stating that such disallowance does not apply to interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations (other than

private activity bonds that are not qualified 501(c)(3) bonds) which are properly designated by an issuer as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." An issuer may designate obligations as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" only if the amount of the issue of which they are a part, when added to the amount of all other tax-exempt obligations (other than private activity bonds that are not qualified 501(c)(3) obligations and other than certain current refunding bonds) issued or reasonably anticipated to be issued by the issuer during the same calendar year, does not exceed \$10,000,000.

The City will designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and will certify its expectation that the above-described \$10,000,000 ceiling will not be exceeded. Accordingly, it is anticipated that financial institutions which purchase the Bonds will not be subject to the 100% disallowance of interest expense allocable to interest on the Bonds under section 265(b) of the Code. However, the deduction for interest expense incurred by a financial institution which is allocable to the interest on the Bonds will be reduced by 20% pursuant to section 291 of the Code.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Ordinance, the City has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. The City is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under these agreements, the City will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of certain specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"). The information provided to the MSRB will be available to the public free of charge via the Electronic Municipal market Access ("EMMA") system through an internet website accessible at www.emma.msrb.org as described below under "Availability of Information".

Annual Reports

Under State law, including, but not limited to, Chapter 103, as amended, Texas Local Government Code, the City must keep its fiscal records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, must have its financial accounts and records audited by a certified public accountant and must maintain each audit report within 180 days after the close of the City's fiscal year. The City's fiscal records and audit reports are available for public inspection during the regular business hours, and the City is required to provide a copy of the City's audit reports to any bondholder or other member of the public within a reasonable time on request to the City Secretary, 7286 Dietz Elkhorn, Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015 and upon payment of charges prescribed by the general laws of the State of Texas.

The City will file certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB annually. The information to be updated includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the City of the general type included in Table 1 of the Official Statement and in Tables 1 through 12 of APPENDIX A to this Official Statement, and in APPENDIX D. The City will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each fiscal year ending in and after 2024. The City will provide the updated information to the MSRB in an electronic format, which will be available through EMMA to the general public without charge.

The City may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The updated information will include audited financial statements, if the City commissions an audit and it is completed by the required time. If audited financial statements are not available by the required time, the City will provide unaudited financial statements by the required time, and will provide audited financial statements when and if the audit report becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in APPENDIX D or such other accounting principles as the City may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The City's current fiscal year end is September 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by the last day of March 31 in each year following the end of its fiscal year, unless the City changes its fiscal year. If the City changes its fiscal year, it will file notice of such change with the MSRB through EMMA.

Notice of Certain Events

The City will also provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB. The City will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds to the MSRB in a timely manner (but not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event): (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds, as the case may be; (7) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds, if material; (8) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances;(10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes;(12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the City, which shall occur as described below; (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the City or the sale of all or substantially all of its assets, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into of a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional paying agent/registrar or the change of name of a paying agent/registrar, if

material (15) incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the City, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of any such Financial Obligation of the City, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of any such Financial Obligation of the City, any of which reflect financial difficulties. In the Ordinance, the City will adopt policies and procedures to ensure timely compliance of its continuing disclosure undertakings. In addition, the City will provide timely notice of any failure by the City to provide annual financial information in accordance with their agreement described above under "Annual Reports." Neither the Bonds nor the Ordinance make provision for credit enhancement, liquidity enhancement, or debt service reserves.

For these purposes, (a) any event described in clause (12) in the immediately preceding paragraph is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the City in a proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City, and (b) the City intends the words used in the immediately preceding clauses (15) and (16) and in the definition of Financial Obligation above to have the meanings ascribed to them in SEC Release No. 34-83885 dated August 20, 2018.

Availability of Information

All information and documentation filing required to be made by the City in accordance with its undertaking made for the Bonds will be made with the MSRB in electronic format in accordance with MSRB guidelines. Access to such filings will be provided, without charge to the general public, by the MSRB.

Limitations and Amendments

The City has agreed to update information and to provide notices of certain specified events only as described above. The City has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The City makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The City disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders or Beneficial Owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the City to comply with its agreement.

The City may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the City, if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the City (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the holders or beneficial owners of the Bonds. If the City amends its agreement, it must include with the next financial information and operating data provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of information and data provided. The City may also amend or repeal the provisions of this continuing disclosure agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provision of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent any Purchaser from lawfully purchasing or selling Bonds, respectively, in the primary offering of the Bonds.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the past five years, the City has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements made in accordance with the Rule.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate

The Issuer will furnish the Purchaser with a complete transcript of proceedings incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds, including the unqualified approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas to the effect that the Initial Bond is a valid and legally binding obligation of the Issuer, and based upon examination of such transcript of proceedings, the approval of certain legal matters by Bond Counsel, to the effect that the Bonds, issued in compliance with the provisions of the Ordinance, are valid and legally binding obligations of the Issuer and, subject to the qualifications set forth herein under "TAX MATTERS", the interest on the Bonds is exempt from federal income taxation under existing statutes, published rulings, regulations, and court decisions. Though it represents the Financial Advisor from time to time in matters unrelated to the issuance of the Bonds, Bond Counsel was engaged by, and only represents, the City in

connection with the issuance of the Bonds. In its capacity as Bond Counsel, Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas has reviewed (except for numerical, statistical and technical data) the information under the captions "THE BONDS" (except under the subcaptions, "Purpose of Bonds", "Sources and Uses", "Payment Record", and "Default and Remedies", as to which no opinion is expressed), "REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE", "TAX MATTERS", "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" (except under the subheading "Compliance with Prior Undertakings" as to which no opinion is expressed), "LEGAL MATTERS—Legal Investments and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas", and "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION—Registration and Qualification of Bonds for Sale" in the Official Statement and such firm is of the opinion that the information relating to the Bonds and the Ordinance contained under such captions is a fair and accurate summary of the information purported to be shown and that the information and descriptions contained under such captions relating to the provisions of applicable state and federal laws are correct as to matters of law. The customary closing papers, including a certificate to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is then pending to restrain the issuance and delivery of the Bonds or which would affect the provision made for their payment or security, or in any manner questioning the validity of the Bonds will also be furnished. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of Bonds are contingent on the sale and initial delivery of the Bonds. The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will accompany the Bonds deposited with DTC or will be printed on the definitive Bonds in the event of the discontinuance of the Book-Entry-Only System.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction. Nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

Litigation

In the opinion of various officials of the Issuer, there is no litigation or other proceeding pending against or, to their knowledge, threatened against the Issuer in any court, agency, or administrative body (either state or federal) wherein an adverse decision would materially adversely affect the financial condition of the Issuer.

Legal Investments and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

Section 1201.041 of the Public Securities Procedures Act (Chapter 1201, Texas Government Code) provides that the Bonds are negotiable instruments governed by Chapter 8, Texas Business and Commerce Code, and are legal and authorized investments for insurance companies, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for the sinking funds of municipalities or other political subdivisions or public agencies of the State of Texas. With respect to investment in the Bonds by municipalities or other political subdivisions or public agencies of the State of Texas, the Public Funds

Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, requires that the Bonds be assigned a rating of at least "A" or its equivalent as to investment quality by a national rating agency before such obligations are eligible investments for sinking funds and other public funds. See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Rating" herein. In addition, various provisions of the Texas Finance Code provide that, subject to a prudent investor standard, the Bonds are legal investments for state banks, savings banks, trust companies with at least \$1 million of capital, and savings and loan associations.

The City has made no investigation of other laws, rules, regulations or investment criteria which might apply to such institutions or entities or which might limit the suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes or limit the authority of such institutions or entities to purchase or invest in the Bonds for such purposes. The City has made no review of laws in other states to determine whether the Bonds are legal investments for various institutions in those states.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in any other information provided by the City, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the City's expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the City on the date hereof, and the City assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. It is important to note that the City's actual results could differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements herein are necessarily based on various assumptions and estimates and are inherently subject to various risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties relating to the possible invalidity of the underlying assumptions and estimates and possible changes or developments in social, economic, business, industry, market, legal, and regulatory circumstances and conditions and actions taken or omitted to be taken by third parties, including customers, suppliers, business partners and competitors, and legislative, judicial and other governmental authorities and officials. Assumptions related to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond the control of the City. Any of such assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement will prove to be accurate.

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

Registration and Qualification of Bonds for Sale

The sale of the Bonds has not been registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemption provided thereunder by Section 3(a)(2); and the Bonds have not been qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; or have the Bonds been qualified under the securities acts of any jurisdiction. The Issuer assumes no responsibility for qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration provisions.

It is the obligation of the Purchaser to register or qualify the sale of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The City agrees to cooperate, at the Purchaser's written request and sole expense, in registering or qualifying the Bonds or in obtaining an exemption from registration or qualification in any state where such action is necessary; provided, however, that the City shall not be required to qualify as a foreign corporation or to execute a general consent to service of process in any jurisdiction.

Rating

A municipal bond rating application for the Bonds has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the results will be made available as soon as possible. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from S&P. The rating of the Bonds by S&P reflect only the views of S&P at the time the rating is given, and the Issuer makes no representations as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time, or that the rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if, in the judgment of S&P, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revisions or withdrawals of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Authenticity of Financial Information

The financial data and other information contained herein have been obtained from the Issuer's records, audited financial statements and other sources that are believed to be reliable. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents, and the Ordinance contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such statutes, documents, and the Ordinance. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information. All information contained in this Official Statement is subject, in all respects, to the complete body of information contained in the original sources thereof and no guaranty, warranty or other representation is made concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information herein. In particular, no opinion or representation is rendered as to whether any projection will approximate actual results, and all opinions, estimates and assumptions, whether or not expressly identified as such, should not be considered statements of fact.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, SEC Rule 15c2-12.

Financial Advisor

SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. is employed as a Financial Advisor to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. In this capacity, the Financial Advisor has compiled certain data relating to the Bonds and has assisted in drafting this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has not independently verified any of the data contained herein or conducted a detailed investigation of the affairs of the Issuer to determine the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. Because of its limited participation, the Financial Advisor assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of the information contained herein. The fees for the Financial Advisor are contingent upon the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with its responsibilities to the Issuer and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Winning Bidder

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the City accepted the bid of _______ (the "Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds at the interest rates shown on the page 2 of this Official Statement at a price of par, plus a net reoffering premium of \$______, plus accrued interest on the Bonds from their Dated Date to their date of initial delivery. The City can give no assurance that any trading market will be developed for the City after their sale by the City to the Purchasers. The City has no control over the price at which the Bonds are subsequently sold and the initial yield at which the Bonds will be priced and reoffered will be established by and will be the responsibility of the Purchasers.

Certification of the Official Statement

At the time of payment for and delivery of the Bonds, the Purchaser will be furnished a certificate, executed by proper officers of the City, acting in their official capacity, to the effect that to the best of their knowledge and belief: (a) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to the City contained in its Official Statement, and any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto, on the date of such Official Statement, on the date of sale of the Bonds and the receipt of the bids therefor, and on the date of the delivery, were and are true and correct in all material respects; (b) insofar as the City and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, such Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (c) insofar as the descriptions and statements, including financial data, of or pertaining to entities, other than the City, and their activities contained in such Official Statement are concerned, such statements and data have been obtained from sources which the City believes to be reliable and the City has no reason to believe that they are untrue in any material respect; and (d) there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City since the date of the last audited financial statements of the City.

Authorization of the Official Statement

The Official Statement will be approved as to form and content and the use thereof in the offering of the Bonds will be authorized, ratified and approved by the City Council, and the Purchaser will be furnished, upon request, at the time of payment for and the delivery of the Bonds, a certified copy of such approval, duly executed by the proper officials of the Issuer.

The Ordinance will also approve the form and content of this Official Statement, and any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto issued on behalf of the Issuer, and authorize its further use in the reoffering of the Bonds by the Purchaser.

This Official Statement will be approved by the City Council of the Issuer for distribution in accordance with the provisions of the Rule.

ATTEST:	CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS
	/s/
	Mayor
/s/	City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas
City Secretary	-
City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas	



APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS



FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE ISSUER

Veterans' Exemption Productivity Value Loss Homestead Other Exemption 10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads 178,24 TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property \$2,701,10 Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,845 Less: Self Supporting Debt	BLE 1
Over-65 or Disabled Exemption \$74,33 Veterans' Exemption 199,16 Productivity Value Loss 53,15 Homestead 16,74 Other Exemption 37,07 10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads 178,24 TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 558,72 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property \$2,701,10 Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,56 Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	0,859
Productivity Value Loss Homestead Other Exemption 10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads 178.24 TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 558,72 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property \$2,701,10 Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") General Obligation Debt Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	7,985 5,626
Homestead Other Exemption 37,07 10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 558,72 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property \$2,701,10 Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,75 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	,
10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 558,72 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property \$2,701,10 Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	9,494
TOTAL EXEMPTIONS 2024 Assessed Value of Taxable Property Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	3,052
Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	,
Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts. * Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 \$3,05 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,58 Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	<u>8,159</u>
* Excludes \$4,085,728 in Taxable Freeze Value. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 \$3,055 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,733 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,585 Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$11,845 Less: Self Supporting Debt	2,700 *
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT (1) (as of August 1, 2024) General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 \$ 3,055 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,58 Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	
General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt	
General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 1,47 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,58 Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	
Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024 (the Certificates") 3,73 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") 3,58 Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	5,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 (the "Bonds") Total Gross General Obligation Debt Less: Self Supporting Debt 3,58 \$ \$ 11,84	,
Total Gross General Obligation Debt \$ 11,84 Less: Self Supporting Debt	0,000
Less: Self Supporting Debt	
11 0	3,000
	5,000 5,000 *
	0.000
Total Self-Supporting Debt \$5,21	3,000

Population: 2000 - 4,695; 2010 - 5,986; 2020 - 9,833; est. 2024 -11,406 Per Capita Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation - \$236,814.19 Per Capita Gross General Obligation Debt Principal - \$1,038.49 Per Capita Net General Obligation Debt Principal - \$581.71 6,635,000 *

0.44%

0.25%

\$ 2,701,102,700

Ratio of Total Gross General Obligation Debt Principal to 2024 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation

Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to 2024 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation

2024 Net Assessed Valuation

Total Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding

Concurrently with the Sale of the \$3,735,000 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2024, the City expects to sell \$3,580,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024.

⁽¹⁾ See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES" in the Official Statement for a description of the Issuer's taxation procedures.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

	Cui	rrent Total															L	.ess: Self		
Fiscal Year		itstanding				Certificate	s*		_			The Bonds*			c	Combined		upporting	Tot	al Net Debt
Ending 9-30		Debt ^(a)		Principal	In	terest (b)		Total		Principal	li	nterest (b)		Total	De	bt Service*		Debt		Service*
2025	\$	890,731	\$	885,000	\$		\$	1,007,484	\$	305,000	\$	132,990		437,990	\$	2,336,205	\$	1,345,740	\$	990,465
2026		885,924		180,000		124,200		304,200		115,000		136,744		251,744		1,441,868		639,174		802,694
2027		885,241		185,000		115,988		300,988		120,000		131,750		251,750		1,437,979		637,654		800,325
2028		889,195		50,000		110,700		160,700		125,000		126,544		251,544		1,301,439		499,008		802,431
2029		713,633		50,000		108,450		158,450		130,000		121,125		251,125		1,123,208		319,258		803,950
2030		548,100		115,000		104,738		219,738		135,000		115,494		250,494		1,018,331		219,738		798,594
2031		-		120,000		99,450		219,450		140,000		109,650		249,650		469,100		219,450		249,650
2032		-		125,000		93,938		218,938		150,000		103,488		253,488		472,425		218,938		253,488
2033		-		130,000		88,200		218,200		155,000		97,006		252,006		470,206		218,200		252,006
2034		-		135,000		82,238		217,238		160,000		90,313		250,313		467,550		217,238		250,313
2035		-		140,000		76,050		216,050		170,000		83,300		253,300		469,350		216,050		253,300
2036		-		150,000		69,525		219,525		175,000		75,969		250,969		470,494		219,525		250,969
2037		-		155,000		62,663		217,663		185,000		68,319		253,319		470,981		217,663		253,319
2038		-		165,000		55,463		220,463		190,000		60,350		250,350		470,813		220,463		250,350
2039		-		170,000		47,925		217,925		200,000		52,063		252,063		469,988		217,925		252,063
2040		-		180,000		40,050		220,050		205,000		43,456		248,456		468,506		220,050		248,456
2041		-		185,000		31,838		216,838		215,000		34,531		249,531		466,369		216,838		249,531
2042		-		195,000		23,288		218,288		225,000		25,181		250,181		468,469		218,288		250,181
2043		-		205,000		14,288		219,288		235,000		15,406		250,406		469,694		219,288		250,406
2044		<u> </u>	_	215,000		4,838	_	219,838	_	245,000	_	5,206	_	250,206	_	470,044		219,838	_	250,206
Total	\$	4,812,824	\$	3,735,000	\$	1,476,309	\$	5,211,309	\$	3,580,000	\$	1,628,883	\$	5,208,883	\$	15,233,017	\$	6,720,321	\$	8,512,696

⁽a) Includes self-supporting debt.

Concurrently with the Sale of the \$3,735,000 Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation,

Series 2024, the City expects to sell \$3,580,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024.

	TAX ADEQUACY	(Includes Self-Supporting Deb	t)
--	--------------	-------------------------------	----

2024 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,7	701,102,700
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (Fiscal Year Ending 9-30-2025)	\$	2,336,205 *
Indicated required I&S Fund Tax Rate at 98% Collections to produce Maximum Debt Service requirements	\$	0.0883

^{*} Includes the Certificates and the Bonds; preliminary and subject to change.

TAX ADEQUACY (Excludes Self-Supporting Debt)

2024 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,70	01,102,700
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (Fiscal Year Ending 9-30-2025)	\$	990,465 *
Indicated required I&S Fund Tax Rate at 98% Collections to produce Maximum Debt Service requirements	\$	0.0374

^{*} Includes the Certificates and the Bonds; preliminary and subject to change.

⁽b) Interest calculated at an assumed rate for illustrative purposes only.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

GENERAL OBLIGATION PRINCIPAL REPAYMENT SCHEDULE

		Pri	ncipal Repaymer	ıt S	chedule		_	Principal	Percent of
Fiscal Year	 Currently		The		The		='	Unpaid at	Principal
Ending 9-30	Outstanding ^(a)		Certificates*		Bonds*	<u>Total*</u>		End of Year*	Retired (%)*
2025	\$ 805,000	\$	885,000	\$	305,000	\$ 1,995,000	\$	9,850,000	17%
2026	815,000		180,000		115,000	1,110,000		8,740,000	26%
2027	830,000		185,000		120,000	1,135,000		7,605,000	36%
2028	850,000		50,000		125,000	1,025,000		6,580,000	44%
2029	690,000		50,000		130,000	870,000		5,710,000	52%
2030	540,000		115,000		135,000	790,000		4,920,000	58%
2031	-		120,000		140,000	260,000		4,660,000	61%
2032	-		125,000		150,000	275,000		4,385,000	63%
2033	-		130,000		155,000	285,000		4,100,000	65%
2034	-		135,000		160,000	295,000		3,805,000	68%
2035	-		140,000		170,000	310,000		3,495,000	70%
2036	-		150,000		175,000	325,000		3,170,000	73%
2037	-		155,000		185,000	340,000		2,830,000	76%
2038	-		165,000		190,000	355,000		2,475,000	79%
2039	-		170,000		200,000	370,000		2,105,000	82%
2040	-		180,000		205,000	385,000		1,720,000	85%
2041	-		185,000		215,000	400,000		1,320,000	89%
2042	-		195,000		225,000	420,000		900,000	92%
2043	-		205,000		235,000	440,000		460,000	96%
2044	 -	_	215,000	_	245,000	 460,000		-	100%
Total	\$ 4,530,000	\$	3,735,000	\$	3,580,000	\$ 11,845,000			

⁽a) Includes self-supporting debt.

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION FOR TAX YEARS 2015-2024

TABLE 2

	Net Taxable	Change From Pro	eceding Year
Tax Year	Assessed Valuation	Amount (\$)	Percent
2015	\$ 1,256,661,399	\$ 175,746,619	16.26%
2016	1,342,380,386	85,718,987	6.82%
2017	1,549,811,266	207,430,880	15.45%
2018	1,559,025,469	9,214,203	0.59%
2019	1,655,060,303	96,034,834	6.16%
2020	1,727,905,074	72,844,771	4.40%
2021	1,874,813,923	146,908,849	8.50%
2022	2,168,433,823	293,619,900	15.66%
2023	2,489,405,144	320,971,321	14.80%
2024	2,701,102,700	211,697,556	8.50%

Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS 2023* TABLE 3

				% of Total 2023
			2023	Assessed
<u>Name</u>	Type of Business/Property	Asses	sed Valuation	<u>Valuation</u>
Spirit Realty LP	Retail Store	\$	9,105,100	0.37%
HPI Fair Oaks Storage LLC	Storage Units/Warehouses		7,975,000	0.32%
Scott Felder Homes LLC	Residential Homes		5,924,170	0.24%
Jerry S & Esther W Hicks	Individual Residence		5,845,190	0.23%
T&J Fair Oaks LLC	Strip Mall/Plaza		5,200,000	0.21%
Bella Vista CMI LTD	Residential Homes		4,247,740	0.17%
Taylor Living Trust 2-13-2009	Individual Residence		4,239,410	0.17%
Bright Minds Montessori LLC	Day Care Center		4,192,220	0.17%
Frost Bank	Financial/Banking		3,887,450	0.16%
Fair Oaks Country Store LLC	Grocery Store		3,689,720	<u>0.15%</u>
		\$	54,306,000	<u>2.18%</u>

Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

^{* 2024} Top Ten Taxpayers not available at time of printing.

CLASSIFICATION OF ASSESSED VALUATION

		2024	% of Total		2023	% of Total		2022	% of Total
Real, Residential, Single-Family	\$	3,018,213,965	92.59%	\$	2,933,523,395	92.36%	\$	2,478,808,970	91.27%
Real, Residential, Multi-Family		2,889,749	0.09%		3,126,930	0.10%		2,966,270	0.11%
Real, Vacant Lots/Tracts		27,034,546	0.83%		28,337,746	0.89%		27,753,311	1.02%
Real, Acreage (Land Only)		53,318,324	1.64%		54,232,849	1.71%		59,329,175	2.18%
Improvements on Qualified OP		980,882	0.03%		1,973,346	0.06%		2,001,886	0.07%
Real, Farm and Ranch Improvements		31,832,921	0.98%		19,140,106	0.60%		22,930,337	0.84%
Real, Commercial and Industrial		49,392,505	1.52%		46,245,340	1.46%		42,288,240	1.56%
Real & Tangible, Personal Utilities		4,161,810	0.13%		4,075,063	0.13%		4,702,279	0.17%
Tangible Personal Business		6,739,293	0.21%		9,944,980	0.31%		8,839,209	0.33%
Real Property, Inventory		28,713,583	0.88%		39,855,520	1.25%		33,864,392	1.25%
Totally Exempt Property		36,553,281	<u>1.12%</u>	_	35,719,004	1.12%	_	32,310,263	<u>1.19%</u>
Total Appraised Value	\$	3,259,830,859	100.00%	\$	3,176,174,279	100.00%	\$	2,715,794,332	100.00%
Less:									
Over-65 or Disabled Exemption	\$	74,337,985		\$	69,913,902		\$	69,089,060	
Veterans' Exemption		199,165,626			164,390,824			124,810,761	
Productivity Value Loss		53,158,529			54,095,712			59,199,632	
Homestead		16,749,494			15,909,288			15,497,358	
Other Exemption		37,073,052			35,719,004			32,310,263	
10% Per Year Cap on Res. Homesteads	_	178,243,473		_	346,740,405		_	246,453,435	
Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	2,701,102,700		\$	2,489,405,144		\$	2,168,433,823	

Source: Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts.

TAX DATA TABLE 5

Tax	Net Taxable	Tax	Tax	% of Coll	ections	Year	
Year	Assessed Valuation	Rate	Levy	Current	Total	Ended	
2015	\$ 1,256,661,399	0.307300	\$ 3,861,720	99.39	99.84	9/30/2016	
2016	1,342,380,386	0.323360	4,340,721	99.12	99.81	9/30/2017	
2017	1,549,811,266	0.329500	5,106,628	99.19	99.81	9/30/2018	
2018	1,559,025,469	0.366780	5,718,194	99.47	99.69	9/30/2019	
2019	1,655,060,303	0.373500	6,181,650	99.85	99.74	9/30/2020	
2020	1,727,905,074	0.373500	6,453,725	99.10	99.65	9/30/2021	
2021	1,874,813,923	0.351800	6,595,595	99.00	99.70	9/30/2022	
2022	2,168,433,823	0.329100	7,136,316	99.34	99.56	9/30/2023	
2023	2,489,405,144	0.300500	7,480,662	96.10	97.89	9/30/2024*	
2024	2,701,102,700			[to be col	lected]	9/30/2025	

^{*}As of June 30, 2024

TAX RATE DISTRIBUTION TABLE 6

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
M & O	\$ 0.2776	\$ 0.3023	\$ 0.3223	\$ 0.3409	0.3395
1 & S	0.0229	0.0268	0.0295	0.0326	0.034
Total	\$ 0.3005	\$ 0.3291	\$ 0.3518	\$ 0.3735	0.3735

Source: Texas Municipal Report published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, the Kendall, Comal and Bexar Appraisal Districts, the Issuer's ACFR for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023, and information supplied by the Issuer.

The Issuer has adopted the provisions of Chapter 321, as amended, Texas Tax Code. In addition, some issuers are subject to a property tax relief and/or an economic and industrial development sales tax. The Issuer has an additional 1/4 of 1% sales tax for Street Maintenance and Repair, 1/4 of 1% for Property Tax Relief and 1/2 of 1% for its municipal development district. Collections on calendar year basis are as follows:

Calendar	ndar % of Ad Valorem Equivalent of Ad Va		Equivalent of Ad Valorem	Fair Oaks Ranch Municipal		
Year	Total Collected ⁽¹⁾		Tax Rate	Development District (2)		
2015	\$ 515,103	13.34%	0.041	\$ 135,158		
2016	565,096	13.02%	0.042	160,934		
2017	640,638	12.55%	0.041	190,940		
2018	739,341	12.93%	0.047	231,588		
2019	877,360	14.19%	0.053	241,239		
2020	1,211,183	18.77%	0.070	337,006		
2021	1,440,150	21.84%	0.077	379,307		
2022	1,576,461	22.09%	0.073	423,150		
2023	1,664,399	22.25%	0.067	455,635		
2024*	1,242,336					

Source: State Comptroller's Office of the State of Texas.

OVERLAPPING DEBT INFORMATION

The following table indicates the indebtedness, defined as outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities overlapping the City and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the City. Expenditures of the various taxing bodies overlapping the territory of the Issuer are paid out of ad valorem taxes levied by these taxing bodies on properties overlapping the Issuer. These political taxing bodies are independent of the Issuer and may incur borrowings to finance their expenditures. The following statements of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax bonds was developed from information contained in the "Texas Municipal Reports" published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amounts relating to the Issuer, the Issuer has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person should rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have authorized or issued additional bonds since the date stated below, and such entities may have programs requiring the authorization and/or issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined.

Taxing Body	Gross Debt (As of 8/1/24)	% Overlapping	mount rlapping
Alamo CCD	\$ 741,940,000	0.63%	\$ 4,674,222
Bexar County	2,223,205,000	0.63%	14,006,192
Bexar County Hospital District	1,280,820,000	0.63%	8,069,166
Boerne ISD	411,994,896	18.18%	74,900,672
Comal County	103,435,000	0.97%	1,003,320
Comal ISD	1,027,760,214	0.40%	4,111,041
Kendall Co	37,065,000	5.36%	1,986,684
Total Gross Overlapping Debt			\$ 108,751,296
Fair Oaks Ranch, City of			\$ 11,845,000 *
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 120,596,296_*
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2024 Net Assess	sed Valuation		4.46% *
Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$10,573.06 *

Note: The above figures show Gross General Obligation Debt for the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas. The Issuer's Net General Obligation Debt is \$6,635,000. Calculations on the basis of Net General Obligation Debt would change the above figures as follows:

Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

\$ 115,386,296 *

Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2024 Net Assessed Valuation

4.27% *

Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt

\$10,116.28 *

⁽¹⁾ The City authorized its sales and use tax on October 1, 2008.

⁽²⁾ The City created and authorized its 0.50% of 1% sales and use tax for its Municipal Development District on April 1, 2012. *As of August, 2024.

Source: Texas Municipal Reports published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

^{*} Includes the Certificates and the Bonds; preliminary, subject to change.

ASSESSED VALUATION AND TAX RATE OF OVERLAPPING ISSUERS

Governmental Subdivision	2023 Assessed Valuation	% of Actual	2023 Tax Rate		
Alamo CCD	\$	253,189,964,175	100%	\$	0.149000
Bexar Co		229,665,909,400	100%		0.289000
Bexar Co Hosp Dist		251,250,964,257	100%		0.276000
Boerne ISD		12,084,558,626	100%		0.993000
Comal Co		35,184,833,828	100%		0.226000
Comal ISD		26,469,819,639	100%		1.089000
Kendall Co		10,845,443,089	100%		0.383000

Source: Texas Municipal Reports published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISIONS

Issuer	Date of Authorization	Amount Authorized	Amount Issued to Date			Amount Unissued
Alamo CCD	None	\$ _	\$	-	9	-
Bexar Co	11/4/2003	\$ 99,246,000	\$	49,981,000	9	49,265,000
Bexar Co	11/2/1993	\$ 79,000,000	\$	66,999,113	9	12,000,887
Bexar Co Hosp Dist	None	\$ -	\$	-	9	-
Boerne ISD	None	\$ _	\$	-	9	-
Comal Co	None	\$ -	\$	-	9	-
Comal ISD	5/6/2023	\$ 560,564,863	\$	72,000,000	9	488,564,863
City of Fair Oaks Ranch	5/4/2024	\$ 16,000,000	\$	3,580,000	* (12,420,000
Kendall Co	5/14/2011	\$ 10,000,000	\$	7,500,000	9	2,500,000

Source: Texas Municipal Reports published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

TABLE 8

The following statements set forth in condensed form reflect the historical operations of the Issuer. Such summary has been prepared for inclusion herein based upon information obtained from the Issuer's audited financial statements and records. Reference is made to such statements for further and complete information.

	9/30/2023* 9/30/2022				 cal Year Ended 9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	8,780,176	\$	7,355,562	\$ 5,237,166	\$ 3,710,568	\$ 2,757,376
Revenues Expenditures	\$	10,731,428 9,598,517	\$	10,682,358 7,805,917	\$ 9,124,058 6,846,838	\$ 8,379,534 6,328,912	\$ 7,428,102 5,411,999
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	1,132,911		\$2,876,441	\$2,277,220	\$ 2,050,622	\$ 2,016,103
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from SBITAs Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	\$	193,012 303,067 (3,797,490) 16,931	\$	58,907 (1,511,407) 673	\$ 287,339 (472,493) 26,330	\$ - 177,272 (830,017) 128,721	\$ 152,707 (1,235,824) 20,206
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	\$	(3,284,480)	\$	(1,451,827)	\$ (158,824)	\$ (524,024)	\$ (1,062,911)
Prior Period Adjustment Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	(2,151,569) 6,628,607	\$	1,424,614 8,780,176	\$ 2,118,396 7,355,562	\$ 1,526,598 5,237,166	\$ 953,192 3,710,568

Source: The Issuer's ACFR's and information provided by the Issuer.

The City anticipates ending the Fiscal Year ending September 30, 2024 with an unaudited general fund balance of \$7,047,909.

^{*}The Bonds.

^{*}Transfers out of the General Fund are for one-time capital improvements and capital equipment replacement.

The City participates as one of 919 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent of the State of Texas. TMRS issues a public available Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www. tmrs.com For additional information see the City's 2023 ACFR, page 48.

WATER AND WASTEWATER/SEWER OPERATING SYSTEM

TABLE 10

Fiscal Year Ended:

	9	9/30/2023	9	/30/2022	9	/30/2021	9	/30/2020	<u>.</u>	9/30/2019
Revenues Expenses ⁽¹⁾	\$	6,523,840 5,216,551		6,552,783 5,121,832		5,684,435 4,098,434	\$	5,889,635 4,475,167	\$	4,996,559 3,928,571
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$	1,307,289	\$	1,430,951	\$	1,586,001	\$	1,414,468	\$	1,067,988
Utility System Supported Debt Service	\$	339,746	\$	337,952	\$	251,824	\$	-	\$	-
Utility System Debt Service Coverage Ratio		3.85X		4.23X		6.30X		N/A		N/A
Customer Count: Water Sewer		3,248 2,001		3,201 1,979		3,157 1,943		3,083 1,886		3,002 1,820

⁽¹⁾ Excludes depreciation and debt service.

Source: The Issuer's Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports.

Water Rates

Service Availability with Meter Rental Fee:							
3/4" meter	\$26.48						
1" meter	\$28.01						
1 1/2" meter	\$41.02						
2" meter	\$48.33						
3" meter	\$62.94						
4" meter	\$94.42						

Tiered Volume Charges:

Residential

Cost per 1,000 Gallons
Included in Service Availability
\$3.81
\$4.76
\$7.14
\$10.72
\$16.07
\$24.11

Commercial

Gallons	Cost per 1,000 Gallons
0 to 6,000	Included in Service Availability
6,001 to 50,000	\$3.25
50,001 to 100,000	\$4.87
100,001 to 150,000	\$7.31
Over 150,000	\$10.97

Water Fees:

Surface Water

The cost of water distributed by the Guadalupe-Blanco River
Authority calculated in dollars per one-thousand gallons times 6,000
gallons minimum.
\$15.23

TCEC

The annual TCEQ (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) water fee divided by number of service connections the month payment is made to TCEQ. \$.19

Trinity Glen Rose Groundwater Conservation District

The ratio of total monthly water produced divided by total monthly water billed times the TGRGCD prevailing rate per thousand gallons.

Debt Service

The water portion of the total bond payment (including principal and interest) in the upcoming fiscal year divided by number of service connections as determined on June 1st.

\$7.33

Capital Reserve

The budget goal divided by number of service connections as \$7.36

A-8

Wastewater Charges

Wastewater Service Availability:

\$28.94

Volumetric Rate: \$6 per 1,000 gallons

29, 2024:

1. October 1, 2023 - February \$36 per month based on an assigned winter average of

6,000 gallons (\$6 per 1,000 gallons)

\$6 per 1,000 gallons based on the individual customer's

average water consumption during the months of

2. Beginning March 1, 2024: December, January, and February. Each customer's

winter average shall be updated annually in March and

reflected on subsequent billing statements.

- 3. New customers without a three-month winter average will be billed in accordance with
- (1) until their individual winter average is established.

4. Customers moving service locations within the City will be billed in accordance with their established volumetric fee from their previous location.

Wastewater Fees

TCEQ

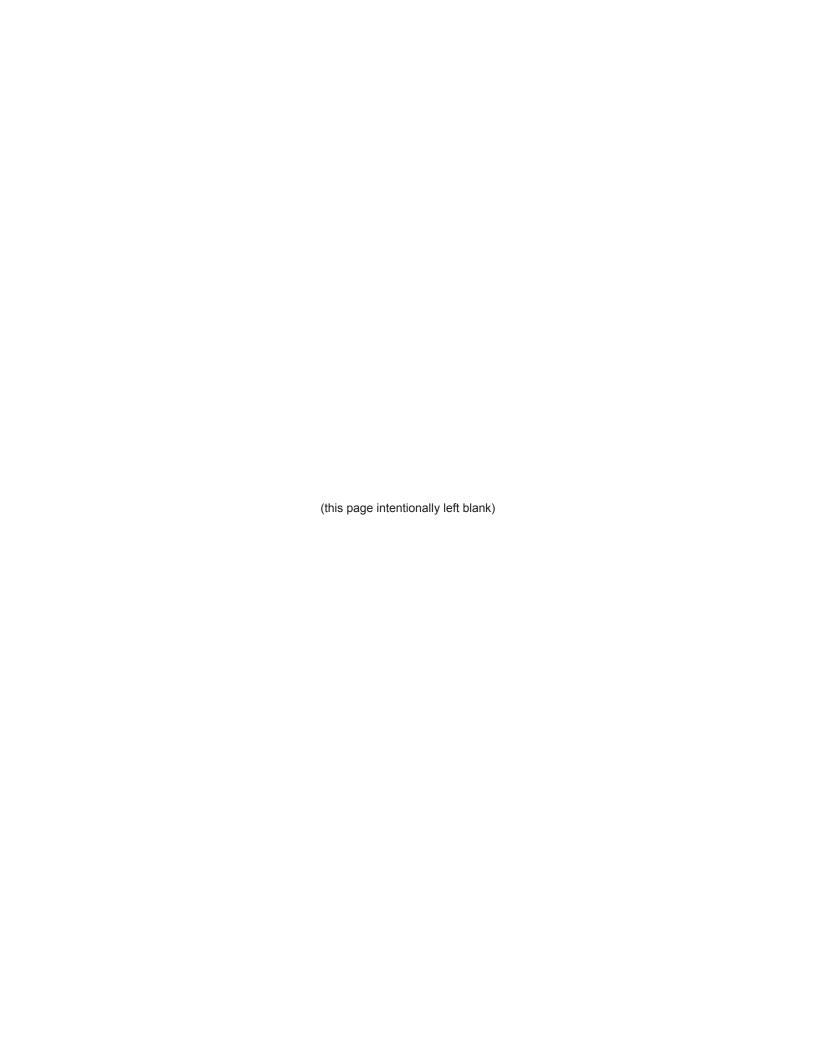
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) The annual TCEQ wastewater fee divided by number of service connections the \$0.05 month payment is made to TCEQ.

Debt Service

The wastewater portion of the total bond payment (including principal and interest) in upcoming fiscal year divided by number of \$2.26 service connections.

Capital Reserve

\$4.51 The budget goal divided by number of service connections.



APPENDIX B

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE CITY FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS AND KENDALL, BEXAR AND COMAL COUNTIES, TEXAS



GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch (the "City") is part of the San Antonio Greater Metropolitan area located between the City of Boerne and the City of San Antonio on Interstate Hwy 10. The outer boundaries of the City cover 5,000 acres. The City evolved from several parcels of land acquired by oilman Ralph Fair, Sr. during the 1930's and was incorporated in 1988. The City's 2024 estimated population is 11,406. The City is located in three counties; Bexar, Comal and Kendall.

The City is a General Law Type A city subject to the State of Texas laws, rules and regulations. The City Council is elected atlarge representing all residents within the City limits. Councilmembers including the Mayor serve staggered three year terms with City Elections held each year. The Mayor Pro Tem is selected by the councilmembers each year after the election.

Number

Economy

Major Employers in San Antonio and its surrounding areas:

Number
of Employees
82,639
20,000
19,000
13,420
12,206
12,000
8,208
7,500
7,200
6,490

Education

Fair Oaks Ranch is served by the Boerne Independent School District. Students attend Fair Oaks Ranch Elementary, Van Raub Elementary, Boerne Middle School, Capt. Mark T. Voss Middle School and Boerne Champion High School.

Higher Education

Some of the numerous facilities available in nearby San Antonio include University of Texas at San Antonio, University of Texas Health Science Center, St. Mary's University, Trinity University, Incarnate Word College, Our Lady of the Lake University, Texas A&M and the Alamo Community Colleges.

BEXAR COUNTY

Bexar County (the "County") was organized in 1836 as one of the original counties of the Republic of Texas and is now the third most populous of the 254 counties in the State of Texas. Bexar County's 2020 census population was 2,009,324 with a 2023 population of 2,087,679. The County has an area of approximately 1,248 square miles and contains 21 other incorporated cities within its boundaries.

The County is located in south central Texas and is a component of the Metropolitan Statistical Area ("MSA") of San Antonio. The San Antonio MSA is one of the nation's largest MSAs and the third largest MSA in Texas. The principal city within the County is San Antonio, the county seat. The City was founded in the early eighteenth century and was incorporated by the Republic of Texas in 1837. The City of San Antonio covers approximately 467 square miles and is located in south central Texas approximately 80 miles south of Austin, the state capital.

Economic Factors

The County has a diversified economic base which is composed of financial services, healthcare, agriculture, manufacturing, construction, military, and tourism. Support for these economic activities is demonstrated by the County's ongoing commitment to economic development projects along with ongoing infrastructure improvements to support the County's growing population. As Bexar County has continued to add jobs it has also fared better than the nation with the current unemployment issues. Another economic factor attracting companies and families to the San Antonio area is the low cost of living. For metropolitan areas with one million plus populations, San Antonio is ranked among the lowest in cost of living at 91.3%, 8.7% below the national average. With one of the lowest cost workforces of any major cities in the United States, Bexar County is positioned to increase employment opportunities in various industries.

Tourism

The list of attractions in the San Antonio area includes, among many others, the Alamo (and other sites of historic significance), the River Walk, and two major theme parks (SeaWorld San Antonio and Six Flags Fiesta Texas).

The San Antonio River Improvement Project, an investment by the County, the City, and the United States Army Corps of Engineers with the San Antonio River Authority providing project and technical management, recently completed the northern portion of its flood control, amenities, ecosystem restoration and recreational improvements to the San Antonio River. The Museum Reach, as the northern portion is known, extends from the downtown area north to the San Antonio Museum of Art and the 125-year-old Pearl Brewery building, where shopping, dining, and entertainment venues are poised. The southern portion, connects the downtown river area to the historic missions in the southern part of San Antonio.

COMAL COUNTY

Comal County (the "County"), a pioneer German settlement created in 1846 from Bexar, Gonzales and Travis Counties, is a scenic southwest county named after the Comal River.

The City of New Braunfels (the "City"), the County seat of Comal County, is located in the southeast part of the County approximately twenty-five miles north of San Antonio on Interstate Highway 35 and forty miles south of Austin on Interstate Highway 35.

Agriculture

Agriculture continues as an important source of income to the area. According to latest statistics from the Annual Agricultural Increment Report, Comal County's annual income from agriculture is approximately \$5 million. Some of the products include corn, hay, milo, wheat, oat, pecan and nursery crops; goat, beef, hog, horse, sheep, wool and mohair production; Christmas trees; hunting and recreation.

Commercial

The County has a wide range of commercial establishments including restaurants, motels, food stores, manufacturing, professional services, retail stores, and service stations. Those in the Canyon Lake area include motels, Cranes Mill Marina and Canyon Lake Marinas, Inc.

Educational Facilities

Local public school facilities are provided through the Comal Independent School District and New Braunfels Independent School District.

Higher educational facilities include the future Howard Payne University campus as part of the Veramendi development project. Currently, the University offers courses at New Braunfels High School and online. Texas Lutheran University - Seguin, approximately 13 miles from New Braunfels; Texas State University - San Marcos, approximately 15 miles from New Braunfels; and eight colleges and/or universities located in San Antonio, approximately 35 miles from New Braunfels.

Health Care

The City has two hospitals, CHRISTUS Santa Rosa Hospital-New Braunfels (CSRH-NB) and Resolute Health. CSRH-NB is a full-service, 94-private bed facility that continues to expand to meet the needs of New Braunfels' strong population growth. CSRH-NB employs more than 500 full and part time Associates and provides privileges to more than 150 physician staff members and nearly 100 volunteers. Innovative equipment and procedures are utilized, including an_Outpatient Imaging Center, orthopedic and surgical services, rehabilitation, a renovated birthing center, including 24/7 neonatal coverage, emergency care, wound care/hyperbaric center, comprehensive heart care, from diagnostics to open-heart surgery, and a freestanding Emergency Center at Creekside Town Center. Resolute Health opened in June 2014 and employs over 500 associates. Resolute Health invested \$250 million into the 365,000 square-foot facility which has 125 beds in all-private rooms and offers a broad range of specialty services, including cardiovascular, orthopedics, oncology, imaging, wound care, rehabilitation and obstetrics. It is the only Level III neonatal intensive care unit in the area. The new hospital serves as the cornerstone of Resolute Health, a network of care in New Braunfels, which is located roughly 30 miles northeast of San Antonio. New Braunfels Regional Rehabilitation Hospital is a 40-bed hospital that specializes in severe head and neck/stroke patients. More than 110 employees work at the \$28 million dollar, 40-bed facility. Bexar County, University of Texas and U. S. Veterans Administration medical facilities are located in nearby northwest San Antonio.

KENDALL COUNTY

On January 10, 1862, the Legislature of the State of Texas created a county from parts of Kerr and Blanco counties called Kendall County (the "County"). The County was named for George Wilkins Kendall (1809-1867), a journalist, one of the founders of the newspaper, "New Orleans Picayune"; poet, author; member of the renowned "Santa Fe Expedition"; and a sheep rancher. He resided at his ranch in Kendall County during his ranching years. The County is located on Interstate 10 from downtown San Antonio. The City of Boerne is the county seat of Kendall County and is off Interstate Highway 10 and U.S. Highway 87, some thirty miles northwest of San Antonio.

Hunting and fishing as well as the scenic hill country attract substantial tourist income to the area.

Education

The County is served by 6 school districts; Blanco ISD, Boerne ISD, Comal ISD, Comfort ISD and Fredricksburg ISD.

Healthcare

Methodist Boerne Emergency Center, a department of Methodist Hospital, serves Boerne and the surrounding communities with a medical center that includes the first-ever 24/7 freestanding emergency center, the only one of its kind in South and Central Texas. This unique 9-1-1 emergency facility gives the Boerne area a higher level of emergency care and the resources of an acute care hospital system for more serious illnesses or injuries.



APPENDIX C

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL



October 2, 2024

NORTON ROSE FULBRIGHT

Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP 98 San Jacinto Boulevard, Suite 1100 Austin, Texas 78701-4255 United States

Tel +1 512 474 5201 Fax +1 512 536 4598 nortonrosefulbright.com

DRAFT

IN REGARD to the authorization and issuance of the "City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2024" (the *Bonds*), dated September 1, 2024, in the aggregate principal amount of \$___,___, we have reviewed the legality and validity of the issuance thereof by the City Council of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the *Issuer*). The Bonds are issuable in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof (within a Stated Maturity). The Bonds have Stated Maturities of February 1 in each of the years 20__ through 20__, unless redeemed prior to Stated Maturity in accordance with the terms stated on the face of the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the dates, at the rates, in the manner, and is payable on the dates, all as provided in the ordinance (the *Ordinance*) authorizing the issuance of the Bonds. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Ordinance.

WE HAVE SERVED AS BOND COUNSEL for the Issuer solely to pass upon the legality and validity of the issuance of the Bonds under the laws of the State of Texas and with respect to the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and for no other purpose. We have not been requested to investigate or verify, and have not independently investigated or verified, any records, data, or other material relating to the financial condition or capabilities of the Issuer. We have not assumed any responsibility with respect to the financial condition or capabilities of the Issuer or the disclosure thereof in connection with the sale of the Bonds. We express no opinion and make no comment with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds. Our role in connection with the Issuer's Official Statement prepared for use in connection with the sale of the Bonds has been limited as described therein.

WE HAVE EXAMINED the applicable and pertinent laws of the State of Texas and the United States of America. In rendering the opinions herein we rely upon (1) original or certified copies of the proceedings of the City Council of the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, including the Ordinance; (2) customary certifications and opinions of officials of the Issuer; (3) certificates executed by officers of the Issuer relating to the expected use and investment of proceeds of the Bonds and certain other funds of the Issuer, and to certain other facts within the knowledge and control of the Issuer; and (4) such other documentation, including an examination of the Bond executed and delivered initially by the Issuer, and such matters of law as we deem relevant to the matters discussed below. In such examination, we have assumed the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformity to original copies of all documents submitted to us as certified copies, and the accuracy of the statements and information contained

Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP is a limited liability partnership registered under the laws of Texas.

Legal Opinion of Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas in connection with the authorization and issuance of "CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024"

in such certificates. We express no opinion concerning any effect on the following opinions which may result from changes in law effected after the date hereof.

BASED UPON OUR EXAMINATION, IT IS OUR OPINION that the Bonds have been duly authorized and issued in conformity with the laws of the State of Texas now in force and that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the Issuer enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity. The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied, within the limitations prescribed by law, upon all taxable property in the Issuer.

BASED UPON OUR EXAMINATION, IT IS FURTHER OUR OPINION that, assuming continuing compliance after the date hereof by the Issuer with the provisions of the Ordinance and in reliance upon the representations and certifications of the Issuer made in a certificate of even date herewith pertaining to the use, expenditure, and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds, under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions (1) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof (the *Code*), of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, pursuant to section 103 of the Code and (2) interest on the Bonds will not be included in computing the alternative minimum taxable income of the owners thereof who are individuals.

WE EXPRESS NO OTHER OPINION with respect to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences under present law or any proposed legislation resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or the acquisition or disposition of, the Bonds. Ownership of tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds may result in collateral federal tax consequences to, among others, financial institutions, life insurance companies, property and casualty insurance companies, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States, S corporations with subchapter C earnings and profits, corporations subject to the alternative minimum tax on adjusted financial statement income, owners of an interest in a financial asset securitization investment trust, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement Benefits, individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry, or who have paid or incurred certain expenses allocable to, tax-exempt obligations.

OUR OPINIONS ARE BASED on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, our opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service; rather, such opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law that we deem relevant to such opinions and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above.

Legal Opinion of Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, Austin, Texas in connection with the authorization and issuance of "CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH, TEXAS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2024"

Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP



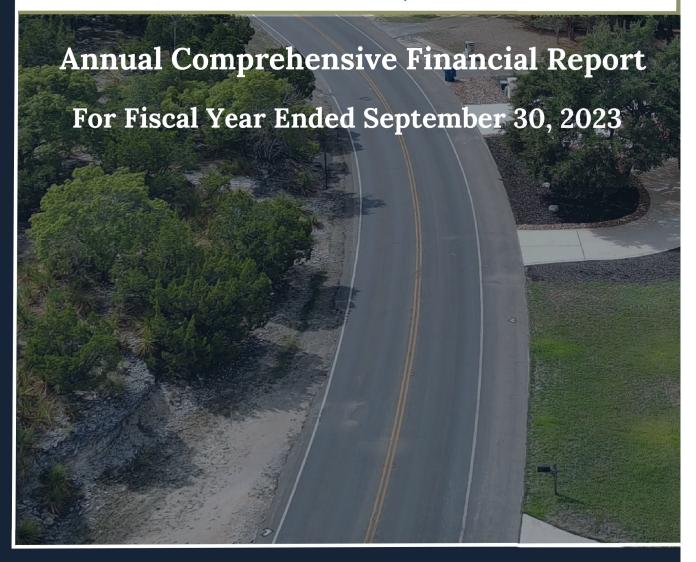






City of Fair Oaks Ranch

Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas



Prepared By: City of Fair Oaks Ranch Finance Department



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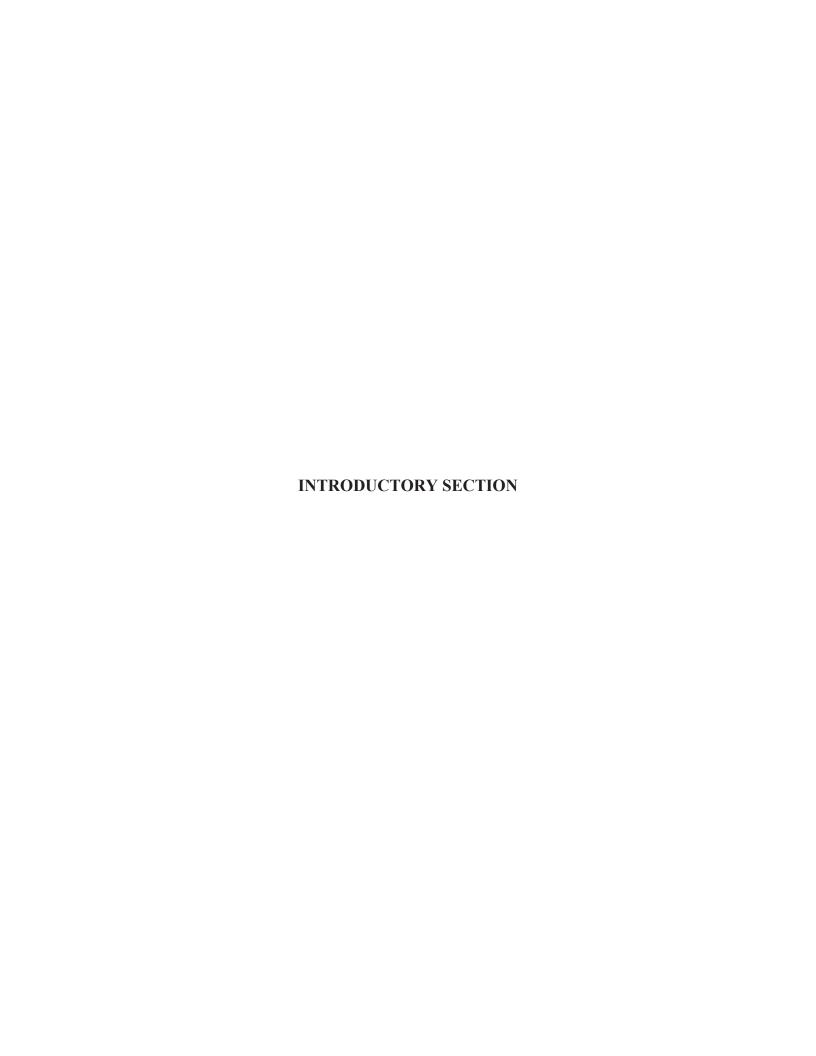
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7286 Dietz Elkhorn · Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015 · 210-698-0900 · 866-258-2505 · Fax 210-698-3565 · www.fairoaksranchtx.org

March 21, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch:

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas is required to publish each year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Management deems the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of all City activities and funds. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The City also acknowledges all disclosures that are necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by ABIP, PC, a firm of licensed public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor has concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As required by GAAP, management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

Fair Oaks Ranch was created by a group of visionaries who had both the foresight and the political courage to dream of a special community and make it a reality. The ability to make the city a reality was enhanced by having a single development company for many years and working with a family that had a desire for their ranch to become a unique community. This commonality of vision was the glue that held the development process together and created such a unique city.

The City was incorporated in 1988 and became a home rule city in 2017. The City is located 27 miles northwest of downtown San Antonio, has a land area of approximately 8.5 square miles and an estimated population of 11,104. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City has adopted a Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing Council that is composed of a Mayor and six Council Members. The Mayor and Council Members are all elected at large for three-year terms. Elections are staggered with the Mayor and one Council Member elected together, three Council Members the following year, and the remaining two Council Members the year after that. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and is responsible for implementing council policy and day-to-day operations of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including public safety, water and wastewater services, public improvements, repair and maintenance of infrastructure, and general administrative services. The City provides water service to most of the area, with the San Antonio Water System providing water service to the remaining portion of the City.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget process includes multiple phases, each of which requires a joint effort by City Council and staff. The City Manager provides to the City Council the proposed budget before filing with the City Secretary and making available for public inspection. Upon receipt of the budget, the City Council sets a date for a public hearing at which time citizens may express their opinions regarding the proposed budget. City Council considers and adopts the budget in accordance with Texas Local Government Code and Truth-in-Taxation Laws.

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch Municipal Development District (MDD) meets the criteria of a component unit; therefore, it has been included in the report as a discretely presented component unit. The MDD is governed by a seven-member board, consisting of two Council Members and four other members appointed by City Council. The MDD is funded through a half-cent Section 4B sales tax. The City is financially accountable for the MDD because the City appoints the governing body, and the City is obligated to finance any deficits that may occur.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Fair Oaks Ranch operates.

The City is located near one of the state's most active growth areas. It is adjacent to the City of San Antonio, the second largest city in Texas and seventh largest city in the nation. The City has proximity to major airports and major military bases. The City is also close to one of the busiest intersections in the San Antonio area, the Interstate 10 and Loop 1604 intersection. Because the City is adjacent to the City of San Antonio, the local economy is heavily influenced by the San Antonio Metropolitan Statistical Area. This area enjoys the benefit of a diversified economy. Major anchors of the economy in this area are the medical/biomedical industry, the military institutions, tourism, telecommunications, insurance, finance, and manufacturing.

Property taxes and sales taxes constitute most of the general fund revenues. The City's economic outlook remains positive as evidenced by a significant increase in tax appraisal values and continued sales tax growth. Other economic indicators such as the unemployment rate and housing permits have remained positive in this area as compared to the national level.

Data from the U.S. Census Bureau shows the City's median household income is \$150,237, which is noticeably higher than the \$73,035 median income for the State of Texas. According to this same data, the City's residents are well-educated with 67.6% of adults aged 25 years and older having a bachelor's degree or higher level of education, compared to 32.3% for Texas.

The quality of life found in Fair Oaks Ranch is especially attractive to retirees with its golf courses, walking trails and quiet hometown atmosphere, while the top-ranked school district draws families to the City. Many other cultural and recreational facilities are within a short drive south to the San Antonio area, and a 90-minute drive north will take you to Austin, the capital city and cultural hub of Texas. The City is also close to New Braunfels, Canyon Lake and the Guadalupe River, all popular recreational areas. As continued growth is expected, the City will continue managing that growth and work toward enhancing the quality of life for its residents.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 75% of total general fund operating expenditures. This amount represents an operating reserve of 50% per policy guidelines, and an additional 25% available for future budgetary uses.

Long term financial planning is essential to the stability and sustainability of every city. As part of its strategic plan, the Council has approved five-year Capital Improvement Plans for Drainage, Roadways, and Utility Improvements to enable the City to forecast and prioritize maintenance and construction needs of the City's infrastructure. In March 2023 staff presented to Council a five-year financial plan that was developed to provide outcomes given certain sets of assumptions. The financial plan is a "living document" and is intended to be enhanced consistently with updated assumptions based on policy direction and new information. The plan provides residents, City Council, and staff the analysis and direction to make informed decisions regarding long-term financial policies for operations and capital improvements.

Drainage Projects

In June 2021, a review of the Master Drainage Plan and project prioritization efforts were included as part of the general fund budgeting process. Six projects, which began design in FY 2022, continued into final design phase or began construction in FY 2023. This fiscal year the City expended \$289,755 on the projects, completing four with two projects scheduled to be completed in FY 2024.

Roadway Projects

The City budgeted for and began work on four roadway projects as identified in the five-year roadway capital improvement plan. One of the projects qualified for funding through the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), administered by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). In September 2022, the City Council entered into an Advance Funding Agreement with TxDOT for the Post Oak Trail widening project, leveraging federal and state funding to reduce the cost impact on the City's residents. This fiscal year the City expended \$664,506 on the project and anticipates the completion of the project in the second quarter of FY 2024.

Another major roadway project initiated during the fiscal year is the Dietz Elkhorn Road reconstruction project. The project will reconstruct a portion of Dietz Elkhorn Road while incorporating drainage improvements and adding potential transportation alternatives and pedestrian facilities. In April 2023 City staff and the General Engineering Consultant completed scope and fee negotiations for the first half of engineering services, and the City expended a total of \$100,721 on the project. In accordance with the City's five-year roadway capital improvement plan, the second half of engineering services is scheduled for FY 2024 with construction to begin in FY 2025.

City Hall Renovation Project

The COVID-19 pandemic put a spotlight on the City's growing issues with adequate office space needed for its 81 full-time employees. Further, the adoption of the home rule charter in 2017 expanded the City Council from six to seven members; however, the council dais was only built for six. In January 2021, the City entered into an agreement with Waterman Construction LLC as Construction Manager at Risk, and in March 2022, Council approved a Guaranteed Maximum Price amendment for the final cost and construction of the City Hall renovation project. Construction started in April 2022 and was staggered into three phases. During the fiscal year the City expended \$321,403 of the contract totaling \$952,945. The project is estimated to be completed in the second quarter of FY 2024.

Community Center

Bringing together the City's public services and public spaces, a community center will create a balance between meeting the community's service needs at one location and providing a space for civic pride and engagement. The overall objective is a building that provides space for the City's administrative and public meetings while also providing a welcoming environment for Fair Oaks Ranch residents to host their own meetings and events.

In June 2023 the City entered into a professional services agreement with Lopez Salas Architects, Inc. for facility planning, design and construction phase services for the community center project. During the fiscal year, \$17,748 was expended on the contract totaling \$272,219. The design phase will continue into FY 2024 and construction is expected to begin in FY 2025.

Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion

The City owns and operates a Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) with a current permitted capacity of 0.5 million gallons per day. Although the plant has four sludge drying beds, their use is labor intensive. They become less effective during winter and rainy weather, and they are the source of numerous nuisance odor and insect complaints due to proximity to the surrounding neighborhood. This fiscal year the City contracted with Udelhoven, Inc. for construction of a volute dewatering press at the WWTP to address these issues, and \$1,052,341 was expended on the project. A ribbon cutting ceremony was held in July 2023 to commemorate the completion of the project.

The City is also conducting a WWTP feasibility study to build upon previous work done in the development of the City's Master Plan. Study objectives include field investigation, Master Plan validation and evaluation of alternatives to expand treatment capacity to meet build-out requirements. The City completed the study with Garver LLC and expended \$65,527 this year for a total contract cost of \$251,931.

Utility Rate Study

In early 2021, the City engaged a consultant to conduct a water and wastewater rate study for the Fair Oaks Ranch Utility. Rate studies are conducted as a best practice to ensure the utility's financial health is maintained and that the utility is prepared to meet its future financial needs. Over the course of the study, multiple meetings were held with the consultant and a Council-appointed volunteer Rate Advisory Panel. The study was completed in June 2023 and resulted in a new rate structure and rates for the wastewater utility effective in October 2024. During the fiscal year, the final payment of \$13,471 was expended on the contract totaling \$153,522.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Fair Oaks Ranch for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the sixth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration departments. We appreciate the efforts of everyone involved. We wish to also express our appreciation to the Mayor and all City Council members for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Summer Heming

Summer Fleming, Director of Finance





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Fair Oaks Ranch Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

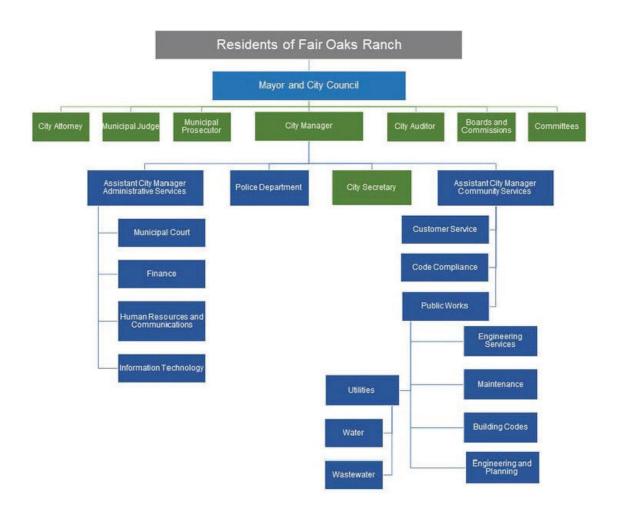
September 30, 2023

MAYOR **GREG MAXTON** MAYOR PRO TEM – PLACE 4 LAURA KOERNER CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS PLACE 1 **EMILY STROUP** PLACE 2 KEITH RHODEN PLACE 3 MICHELLE BLISS PLACE 5 SCOTT PARKER PLACE 6 CHESLEY MUENCHOW SCOTT M. HUIZENGA CITY MANAGER **ATTORNEY** DENTON, NAVARRO, ROCHA, BERNAL, HYDE AND ZECH, PC

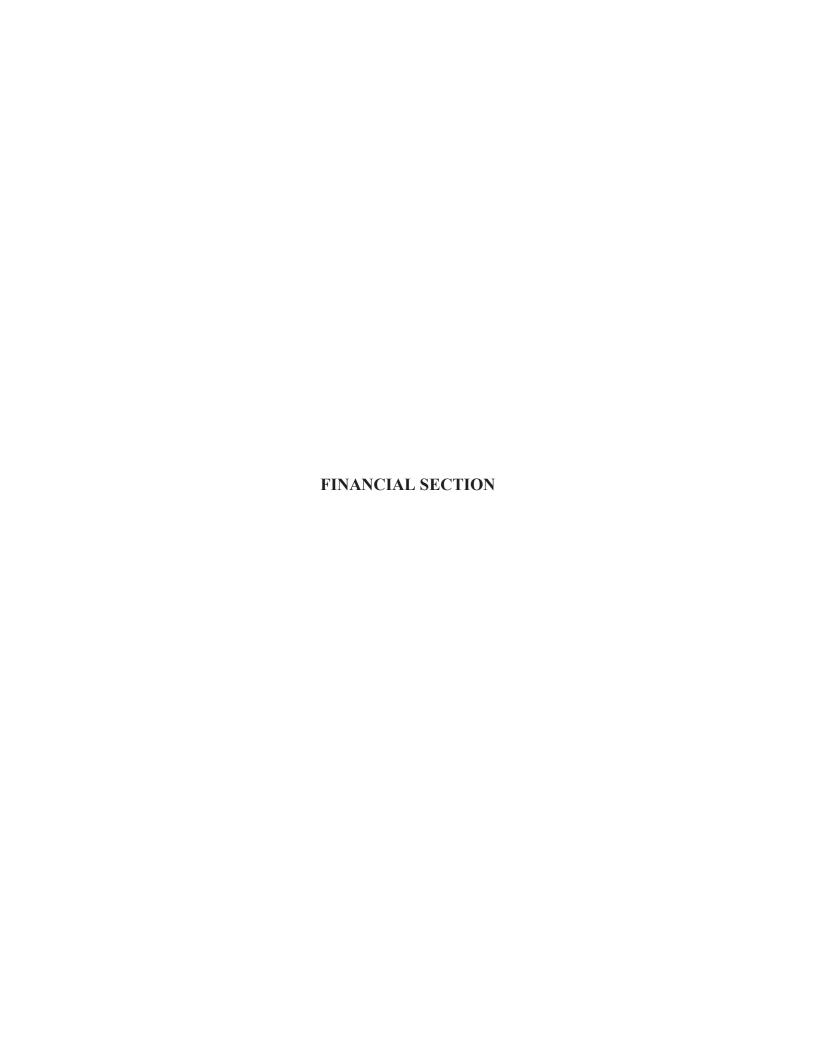
ABIP, PC

AUDITOR

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART













INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, General Fund Budgetary Comparison Information, and the Texas Municipal Retirement System Net Pension Liability and Other Postemployment Benefits Liability required schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying budget to actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

ABIP Pe San Antonio, Texas March 21, 2024



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch (the "City") annual comprehensive financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. This discussion and analysis is intended to assist readers in focusing on significant financial issues and changes in the City's financial position and identifying any significant variances from the adopted budget. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

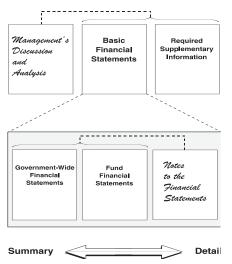
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2023, by total combined net position of \$36,591,503. Of this amount, \$18,711,601 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the year, the City's total net position increased by \$608,178 or 1.67% after the restatement. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$186,309 or 0.98% after the restatement. The net position of business-type activities increased by \$421,869, or 2.43%.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,116,630. Of this amount, \$77,024 is non-spendable, \$192,536 is restricted in use, \$8,965,369 is assigned and \$1,881,701 is unassigned.
- The establishment and maintenance of appropriate reserves within the General Fund is critical to prudent financial management. At the end of the current fiscal year, \$4,505,321 is assigned to the Operating Reserve. The City's governmental reserve policy is to maintain at least six months' worth of operating expenses in unrestricted reserves. The City currently has six months of operating expenses in the Operating Reserve at September 30, 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2, Major Features of the City's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements										
Fund Statements										
Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds							
Scope	Entire City's government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: water and wastewater services							
Required financial	• Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position							
statements	Statement of Activities	• Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 							
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and							
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus							
focus		financial resources focus								
Type of asset/	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,							
liability information	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,							
	short-term and long-term	that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	and short-term and long-term							
Type of inflow/	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and expenses							
outflow information	during year, regardless of	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of							
	when cash is received or	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or paid							
	paid	expenditures when goods								
		or services have been								
		received and payment is								
		due during the year or								
		soon thereafter								

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the City's financial health or *position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the City include the *Governmental Activities*. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, public works, building codes, municipal

court, and engineering and planning. Property taxes, franchise fees and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds* – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide statements.
- *Proprietary funds* Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers a fee. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund called an enterprise fund, which accounts for the operation of the City's water and wastewater utility.
- Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in government-wide financial statements as the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs and operations. With the exception of agency funds, the accounting for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City maintains a private-purpose trust fund for certain employee health benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and a budgetary comparison schedule.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As of September 30, 2023, total assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$36,951,503 (see Table A-1). Investment in capital assets representing a large portion of the City's net position, \$18,047,366, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The restricted portion of the total net position, totaling \$192,536, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining amount of net position, \$18,711,601, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

TABLE A-1
CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH'S NET POSITION

	Govern Activ		Bus in es Activ	s-Type	To	Total Percentage Change	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023-2022
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,365,102	\$ 12,054,128	\$ 7,978,124	\$ 8,477,166	\$ 19,343,226	\$ 20,531,294	-5.8%
Receivables	1,037,879	720,069	787,539	680,341	1,825,418	1,400,410	30.3%
Inventories and prepaids	77,024	25,328	279,632	183,701	356,656	209,029	70.6%
Total current assets	12,480,005	12,799,525	9,045,295	9,341,208	21,525,300	22,140,733	-2.8%
Non-current assets:							
Land	116,798	116,798	53,600	53,600	170,398	170,398	0.0%
Building and land improvements	4,037,292	4,037,292	-	-	4,037,292	4,037,292	0.0%
Utility plant and easements	-	-	19,453,243	18,568,667	19,453,243	18,568,667	4.8%
Vehicles and equipment	2,538,109	2,390,697	1,306,453	1,213,879	3,844,562	3,604,576	6.7%
Infrastructure	10,148,595	10,148,595	-	-	10,148,595	10,148,595	0.0%
Right to use asset - leases Right to use asset - SBITA	104,176 206,114	104,176	271,518	-	104,176 477,632	104,176	100.0%
Construction in progress	679,451	372,035	1,649,487	1,241,495	2,328,938	1,613,530	44.3%
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,585,655)	(5,042,054)	(11,203,855)	(10,389,719)	(16,789,510)	(15,431,773)	8.8%
Total non-current assets	12,244,880	12,127,539	11,530,446	10,687,922	23,775,326	22,815,461	4.2%
Total non-current assets	12,244,880	12,127,539	11,330,440	10,087,922	23,773,320	22,813,401	4.2%
Total assets	24,724,885	24,927,064	20,575,741	20,029,130	45,300,626	44,956,194	0.8%
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Deferred OPEB related outflows	26,406	31,969	8,682	10,454	35.088	42,423	100.0%
Deferred pension related outflows	1,290,232	472,841	453,950	195,855	1,744,182	668,696	160.8%
Total deferred outflows							
of resources	1,316,638	504,810	462,632	206,309	1,779,270	711,119	150.2%
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	985,568	1,202,509	636,887	437,823	1,622,455	1,640,332	-1.1%
Non-current liabilities:		-,,		,	-,,	-,,	
Due within one year	634,601	576,410	416,150	348,715	1,050,751	925,125	13.6%
Due in more than one year	3,455,090	3,884,326	1,681,428	1,881,147	5,136,518	5,765,473	-10.9%
OPEB liability	83,716	119,932	27,365	43,236	111,081	163,168	-31.9%
Net pension liability	1,617,125	121,881	506,802	18,046	2,123,927	139,927	1417.9%
Total liabilities	6,776,100	5,905,058	3,268,632	2,728,967	10,044,732	8,634,025	<u>16.3%</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred OPEB related inflows	13,734	8,515	4,446	2,708	18,180	11,223	62.0%
Deferred pension related inflows	49,393	502,314	16,088	176,426	65,481	678,740	-90.4%
Total deferred outflows				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
of resources	63,127	510,829	20,534	179,134	83,661	689,963	-87.9%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	8,496,444	8,025,653	9,550,922	8,572,922	18,047,366	16,598,575	8.7%
Restricted	192,536	166,961	-	-	192,536	166,961	15.3%
Unrestricted	10,513,316	10,823,373	8,198,285	8,754,416	18,711,601	19,577,789	<u>-4.4%</u>
Total net position	\$ 19,202,296	\$ 19,015,987	\$ 17,749,207	\$ 17,327,338	\$ 36,951,503	\$ 36,343,325	<u>1.7%</u>

Table A-2 provides a detail of the changes to the City's net position.

The City's total revenues were \$17,950,468. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$11,436,434 (63.7%) and revenues from business-type activities totaled \$6,514,034 (36.3%). Expenses for the City totaled \$17,365,000; governmental activity expenses totaled \$11,261,480 (64.9%) and business-type activity expenses totaled \$6,103,520 (35.1%).

TABLE A-2

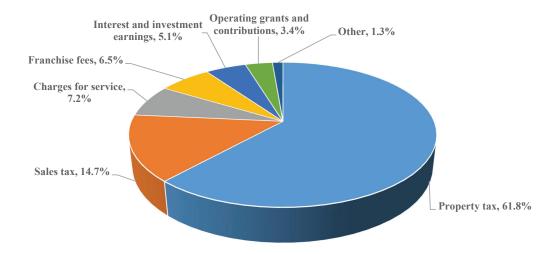
CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		overnmental Business-Type Activities Activities					pe		To	Total Percentage Change		
	2023	vities	2022		2023	ities	2022	2023			2022	2023-2022
Revenues:			2022		2025		2022	_	2020	_	2022	2020 2022
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 829,500	\$	968,001	\$	6,165,245	\$	6,497,720	\$	6,994,745	\$	7,465,721	-6.3%
Operating grants and												
contributions	379,340		1,283,952		-		1,244,133		379,340		2,528,085	-85.0%
General revenues:												
Property taxes	7,062,241		6,614,489		-		-		7,062,241		6,614,489	6.8%
Non property taxes	2,432,520		2,365,342		-		-		2,432,520		2,365,342	2.8%
Investment earnings	581,995		80,336		358,595		55,063		940,590		135,399	594.7%
Gain (loss) on sale of												
capital assets	16,931		674		(9,806)		-		7,125		674	957.1%
Miscellaneous	133,907		27,720						133,907		27,720	383.1%
Total revenues	11,436,434		11,340,514		6,514,034		7,796,916		17,950,468		19,137,430	-6.2%
								_				
Expenses:												
Mayor and council	7,643		7,268		_		_		7,643		7,268	5.2%
City administration	749,366		1,121,778		_		_		749,366		1,121,778	-33.2%
City secretary	277,612		197,308		_		_		277,612		197,308	40.7%
HR and communications	228,388		168,913		_		_		228,388		168,913	35.2%
Finance	341,093		292,851		_		-		341,093		292,851	16.5%
Municipal court	256,851		206,843		_		-		256,851		206,843	24.2%
Public safety	4,147,473		3,456,846		_		-		4,147,473		3,456,846	20.0%
Engineering and planning	1,529,149		1,493,654		_		_		1,529,149		1,493,654	2.4%
Public works	2,366,969		920,678		-		-		2,366,969		920,678	157.1%
Building codes and permits	280,890		273,015		-		-		280,890		273,015	2.9%
Information technology	391,185		403,168		-		-		391,185		403,168	100.0%
Non-departmental	684,861		252,706		-		-		684,861		252,706	171.0%
Utility	-		-		6,103,520		5,904,286		6,103,520		5,904,286	3.4%
Total expenses	11,261,480		8,795,028		6,103,520		5,904,286		17,365,000		14,699,314	18.1%
•						_		_		_		
Increases (decreases) in net												
position before transfers	174,954		2,545,486		410,514		1,892,630		585,468		4,438,116	-86.8%
position before transfers	174,934		2,343,460		410,514	_	1,092,030	_	303,400		4,430,110	-00.070
Change in net position	174,954		2,545,486		410,514		1,892,630		585,468		4,438,116	-86.8%
Net position - beginning	19,015,987		16,470,501		17,327,338	_	15,434,708	_	36,343,325		31,905,209	13.9%
Prior period adjustment	11,355	_			11,355	_		_	22,710	_		<u>-100.0%</u>
Net position - ending	\$ 19,202,296	\$	19,015,987	\$	17,749,207	\$	17,327,338	\$	36,951,503	\$	36,343,325	<u>1.7%</u>

Governmental Activities

Overall governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$186,309 after the restatement. General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees are used to support all governmental activities. Property taxes are the largest source of governmental revenues, followed by sales tax.

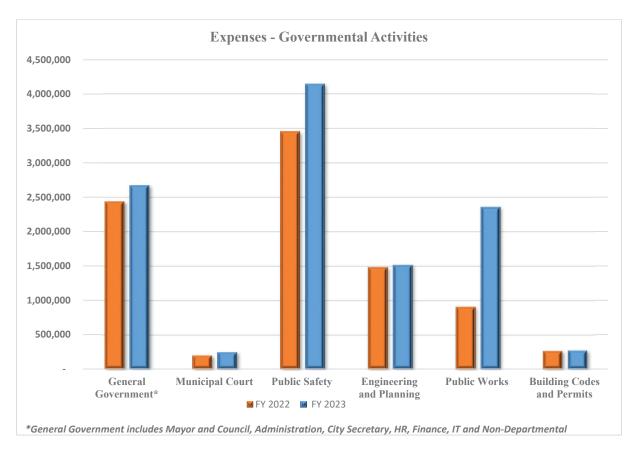




Revenues for governmental activities were \$11,436,434 compared to the prior year's revenues of \$11,340,514. The increase of \$95,920 is largely attributable to an increase in ad valorem taxes and investment earnings, offset with an \$894,905 decrease in operating grants.

Expenses for governmental activities were \$11,261,480 compared to prior year's expenses of \$8,795,028. The increase of \$2,466,452 is due to the following:

- Expenses for public works increased \$1,466,291 due to the advancement of multiple roadway and drainage projects from the approved Capital Improvement Plan.
- Expenses for public safety increased by \$690,627, largely in personnel costs. The department added two School Resource Officer positions for a total staff of 30 full-time employees, all of which are eligible for annual merit increases and cost-of-living adjustments.
- Non-departmental expenses increased \$432,155 for costs associated with a winter storm in February 2023. As a result of the damaging ice storm, approximately 43,000 cubic yards of downed tree limbs and other vegetative debris had to be removed. The City was able to secure grant funding from FEMA for partial reimbursement of the storm clean-up costs.



Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities consist solely of water and wastewater services. These activities have rates and spending plans established by the City Council. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$421,869, or 69.4% after the restatement.

Revenues for business-type activities totaled \$6,514,034 compared to prior year's revenues of \$7,796,916. The decrease of \$1,282,882 is largely attributable to a \$1,244,133 decrease in operating grants. Other notable changes in revenue include the following:

- Investment earnings increased \$303,532 due to increasing yields over the period.
- Water and wastewater impact fee revenue decreased \$382,969 due to a decrease in development of new residential homes within the City.

Expenses for business-type activities were \$6,103,520 compared to prior year expenses of \$5,904,286. The increase of \$199,234 is due largely to the following:

- Personnel costs increased \$113,199 due to fewer vacancies throughout the year and the addition of a mechanic position.
- The water utility had an increase of \$327,421 in water reservation fees paid to Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority (GBRA). The rates charged to the City by GBRA change annually and are based on the number of gallons purchased each month. The City purchased approximately 90.5 million more gallons in FY 2023 than the prior year.
- The wastewater utility had a \$136,258 decrease in sludge hauling costs after the construction of a dewatering press was completed in May 2023 eliminating the need to pay a vendor to remove sludge.
- Professional services decreased \$179,929 due to a decrease in legal fees associated with water well settlements that took place in the prior year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Activities of the primary government's General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Funds are considered general government functions. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,116,630, a net decrease of \$212,807 or 1.9%.

The total decrease is shown by fund below.

51,569)
25,316
13,446

Combined fund balance change <u>\$ (212,807)</u>

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$6,628,607. The fund balance is categorized as follows: \$77,024 in nonspendable, \$114,561 in restricted, \$4,555,321 in assigned, and \$1,881,701 in unassigned. The unassigned fund balance includes \$1,049,228 allocated for appropriations and encumbrances in FY 2024 budget.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$2,151,569 during the fiscal year. This decrease in fund balance is due largely to an interfund transfer of \$3.8 million dollars to the Capital Projects Fund for the advancement of multiple roadway and drainage projects as part of the approved Capital Improvement Plans. The City continues to show strong earnings in tax revenues and had unprecedented investment and interest earnings.

The total fund balance of the City's Capital Projects Funds at year-end was \$4,410,048. These funds are assigned for strategic and capital projects and replacement of capital equipment. The fund balance increased by \$1,913,446 during the fiscal year due to continued savings for future capital purchases and on-going projects spanning multiple fiscal years.

Variances in Budget Appropriations
Year-Ended September 30, 2023
(Budgetary Basis)
Conoral Fund

	Original			Final		Actual		Variances			
		Budget	Budget			Results		Budget		Final to Actual	
Resources (Inflows):											
Taxes	\$	7,963,116	\$	7,963,116	\$	8,144,135		-	\$	181,019	
Franchise Fees		692,050		692,050		748,401		-		56,351	
Permits		309,075		309,075		241,674		-		(67,401)	
Animal Control		1,135		1,135		1,415		-		280	
Fines & Forfeitures		176,300		176,300		208,035		-		31,735	
Other Fees and Services		277,903		277,903		309,244		-		31,341	
Grant Revenue		3,600		3,600		310,696		-		307,096	
Miscellaneous		119,420		119,420		207,593		-		88,173	
Investment Earnings		72,000		72,000		577,165		-		505,165	
Other Financing Sources - SBITA		-		-		193,012		-		193,012	
Transfers from Other Funds		125,000		353,924		303,067		228,924		(50,857)	
Total	\$	9,739,599	\$	9,968,523	\$	11,244,437	\$	228,924	\$	1,275,914	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):											
General Government*	\$	2,293,204	\$	2,575,503	\$	2,667,316	\$	282,299	\$	91,813	
Public Safety		3,852,476		4,178,635		4,042,987		326,159		(135,648)	
Public Works		884,108		935,034		835,424		50,926		(99,610)	
Engineering and Planning		1,638,950		1,564,811		1,522,806		(74,139)		(42,005)	
Building Codes and Permits		322,479		330,021		279,180		7,542		(50,841)	
Municipal Court		283,126		296,142		250,804		13,016		(45,338)	
Transfers to Other Funds		3,797,490		3,797,490		3,797,490		-		-	
Total	\$	13,071,833	\$	13,677,636	\$	13,396,007	\$	605,803	\$	(281,629)	

^{*} General Government includes Mayor & Council, Administration, City Secretary, HR & Communications, Finance, IT and Non-departmental.

Over the course of the year, the City did amend its budget. Changes from the adopted budget to the final amended budget resulted in a net increase of \$228,924 in budgeted revenue for a transfer from the equipment replacement fund.

Final budgeted revenue appropriations for the General Fund were \$9,968,523 while actual revenues on a budgetary basis were \$11,244,437 creating a favorable variance of \$1,275,914. Substantial variance explanations are listed below:

- Property tax revenues were higher than final budgeted amount due to an increase in the property tax levy after appraisal review board adjustments were finalized.
- Grant revenue was higher than final budgeted amounts due to funds received from FEMA for costs associated with brush removal after a winter storm in February 2023. Other grants received included funds from the State Comptroller for local governments disproportionally affected by disabled veterans' exemption, and grants received from the Office of the Governor for public safety.
- Investment earnings was significantly higher than budget due to high yields that were maintained throughout the fiscal year.
- The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's), that records SBITA's as financing of the right to use an underlying asset. This is shown as a favorable variance in the Other Financing Sources category of revenue. A corresponding capital expenditure has been recorded in General Government charges to appropriations.

Changes in original expenditure budget appropriations to the final amended budget appropriations resulted in a net \$605,803 increase in appropriations. Variances are explained as follows:

- General Government increased \$282,299 largely due to brush removal costs associated with the winter storm in February 2023.
- Public safety and public works final budgeted appropriations increased a combined \$377,085 to capture prior year encumbrances.

Final budgeted appropriations for the General Fund were \$13,677,636 while actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$13,396,007, creating a favorable variance of \$281,629. Variance explanations are listed below:

- General government appropriations were higher than budget largely due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 which recorded \$193,012 in capital expenditures for SBITA's. This overage is partially offset with a \$118,101 savings in personnel due to vacancies.
- Public safety had \$135,647 savings in budgeted capital not purchased due to supply chain issues.
- Public works, engineering and planning, and building codes departments had combined personnel savings of \$111,202 due to routine vacancies. Other savings include \$55,129 in budgeted capital not purchased due to supply chain issues, and \$40,945 savings in street maintenance costs.
- Municipal court had \$58,724 savings in court security costs related to budgeted security upgrades that have been pushed to fiscal year 2024. These savings are offset with overages in personnel, judge and prosecutor costs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023 amounts to \$23,775,326 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, right to use assets, infrastructure and construction in progress (see Table A-3). The net increase in the City's capital assets for the fiscal year was \$959,865, which is comprised of a \$117,341 increase in governmental activities and an increase of \$842,524 in business-type activities.

TABLE A-3
CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH'S CAPITAL ASSETS

Total

													Total
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities								Percentage	
								Total				Change	
		2023		2022		2023	_	2022		2023		2022	2023-2022
Capital assets - not depreciated													
Land	\$	116,798	\$	116,798	\$	53,600	\$	53,600	\$	170,398	\$	170,398	0.0%
Construction in progress		679,451		372,035		1,649,487		1,241,495		2,328,938		1,613,530	44.3%
Capital assets - not depreciated													
Buildings and land improvements		4,037,292		4,037,292		-		-		4,037,292		4,037,292	0.0%
Vehicles and equipment		2,538,109		2,390,697		1,306,453		1,213,879		3,844,562		3,604,576	6.7%
Infrastructure		10,148,595		10,148,595		-		-		10,148,595		10,148,595	0.0%
Right to use asset - Lease		104,176		104,176		-		-		104,176		104,176	0.0%
Right to use asset - SBITA		206,114		-		271,518		-		477,632		-	100.0%
Utility plant		-		-		19,453,243		18,568,667		19,453,243		18,568,667	4.8%
Totals at historical cost		17,830,535		17,169,593		22,734,301		21,077,641		40,564,836		38,247,234	6.1%
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,585,655)		(5,042,054)	_	(11,203,855)	_	(10,389,719)	_	(16,789,510)	_	(15,431,773)	8.8%
Net capital assets	\$	12,244,880	\$	12,127,539	\$	11,530,446	\$	10,687,922	\$	23,775,326	\$	22,815,461	4.2%

Additional detail regarding capital assets can be found in note 5 on page 44-45 of the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total of \$5,320,000 in bonds outstanding. The City had no new debt issuances during the fiscal year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities can be found in note 7 on pages 45-47.

TABLE A-4 CITY OF FAIR OAKS RANCH'S LONG-TERM DEBT

							Total
	Gover	mmental	Busines	ss-Type			Percentage
	Act	ivities	Acti	vities	To	Change	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023-2022
Bonds payable	\$ 3,525,000	\$ 3,985,000	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 2,115,000	\$ 5,320,000	\$ 6,100,000	-12.8%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The City adopted an ad valorem tax rate of \$0.3005 per \$100 of assessed values for fiscal year 2024, which is a decrease from \$0.3291 in fiscal year 2023. Due to growth and increased valuations, property tax revenue is expected to increase approximately 3.5% compared to fiscal year 2023.

Sales tax revenue in fiscal year 2023 fell 5% short to budget but increased 5% from fiscal year 2022. The City budgeted a 3% decrease in sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2024 as we begin to see sales falling off and online sales continuing to move toward pre-pandemic levels.

For fiscal year 2024, water volumetric rates remain unchanged; however, the wastewater utility has adopted a new rate structure and volumetric rates. This change is expected to increase revenues to cover the cost of service and encourages conservation by charging low-volume users less and high-volume users more. The City has budgeted lower water revenues in fiscal year 2024 to align with pre-drought revenues, while increasing budgeted wastewater revenue based on the new volumetric rates.

Priorities for fiscal year 2024 focus on the continued development and implementation of the City's Strategic Plan and Capital Improvement Plans while managing inflationary pressures with no change to service levels.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact City Hall, 7286 Dietz Elkhorn, Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas 78015 (210-698-0900) or (866-258-2505).



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds
 - Proprietary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2023

			Component U Municipal				
	Governmental			siness-Type		Development	
		Activities		Activities	Total		District
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,365,102	\$	7,978,124	\$ 19,343,226	\$	2,623,523
Receivables							
(net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes		177,865		-	177,865		77,739
Accounts		860,014		787,539	1,647,553		-
Inventories		-		219,209	219,209		-
Prepaids		77,024		60,423	137,447		-
Capital assets, net:							
Land		116,798		53,600	170,398		-
Buildings and land improvements		2,483,257		-	2,483,257		-
Utility plant and easements		-		9,149,962	9,149,962		-
Vehicles and equipment		627,698		463,149	1,090,847		-
Infrastructure		8,138,402		-	8,138,402		-
Right to use asset - leases		40,619		-	40,619		-
Right to use asset - SBITA		158,655		214,248	372,903		-
Construction in progress		679,451		1,649,487	2,328,938		_
Total capital assets		12,244,880	_	11,530,446	 23,775,326		<u> </u>
Total assets		24,724,885		20,575,741	 45,300,626		2,701,262
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		26,406		8,682	35,088		_
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,290,232		453,950	1,744,182		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,316,638		462,632	1,779,270		-

(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2023

							Component Unit		
				ry Governmen		Iunicipal			
	Governmental			siness-Type			De	velopment	
	A	Activities		Activities	Total			District	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other	\$	852,024	\$	445,199	\$	1,297,223	\$	175	
Accrued liabilities		130,059		33,987		164,046		-	
Other liabilities		3,485		11,989		15,474		-	
Unearned revenue		_		145,712		145,712		-	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Due within one year		634,601		416,150		1,050,751		-	
Due in more than one year		3,455,090		1,681,428		5,136,518		-	
OPEB liability		83,716		27,365		111,081		-	
Net pension liability		1,617,125		506,802		2,123,927		-	
Total liabilities		6,776,100		3,268,632		10,044,732		175	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows related to pensions		13,734		4,446		18,180		-	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		49,393		16,088		65,481		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		63,127		20,534		83,661		_	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		8,496,444		9,550,922		18,047,366		-	
Restricted for:		10.507				10.507			
Court technology		18,587		-		18,587		-	
Court security building		15,322		-		15,322		-	
Court efficiency and felony forfeiture		44,353		-		44,353		-	
Other court restrictions		15,975		-		15,975		-	
PEG fees		4,319		-		4,319		-	
Public safety		16,005		-		16,005		-	
Debt service		77,975		9 109 295		77,975		2 701 007	
Unrestricted	_	10,513,316	_	8,198,285	_	18,711,601	_	2,701,087	
Total net position	\$	19,202,296	\$	17,749,207	\$	36,951,503	\$	2,701,087	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					
Functions and Programs		Expenses		harges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
Mayor and council	\$	7,643	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Administration		749,366		297,356		101,694		-
City secretary		277,612		-		-		-
HR and communications		228,388		-		-		-
Finance		341,093		-		-		-
Municipal court		256,851		289,055		-		-
Public safety		4,147,473		1,415		118,176		-
Engineering and planning		1,529,149		-		-		-
Public works		2,366,969		-		159,470		-
Building codes and permits		280,890		241,674		-		-
Information technology		391,185		-		-		-
General government		684,861				<u>-</u>		
Total governmental activities		11,261,480		829,500		379,340		
Business-type activities:								
Water/sewer utility		6,103,520		6,165,245				
Total business-type activities		6,103,520		6,165,245		-		-
Total primary government	\$	17,365,000	\$	6,994,745	\$	379,340	\$	
Component unit:								
Municipal Development District	\$	38,195	\$	-	\$		\$	-

General revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Mixed beverage taxes

Franchise taxes

Interest and investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net position - ending

INC		evenue and Change Primary Government		Net Fosition	Component Unit Municipal			
	vernmental	Business-type						
A	ctivities	Activities		Total	District			
\$	(7,643)	\$ -	\$	(7,643)				
	(350,316)	-		(350,316)				
	(277,612)	-		(277,612)				
	(228,388)	-		(228,388)				
	(341,093)	-		(341,093)				
	32,204	-		32,204				
	(4,027,882)	-		(4,027,882)				
	(1,529,149)	-		(1,529,149)				
	(2,207,499)	-		(2,207,499)				
	(39,216)	-		(39,216)				
	(391,185)	-		(391,185)				
	(684,861)			(684,861)				
	(10,052,640)			(10,052,640)				
		61,725		61,725				
	-		_					
	-	61,725		61,725				
	(10,052,640)	61,725		(9,990,915)				
					\$ (38,195)			
					φ (30,173)			
	7,062,241	-		7,062,241	-			
	1,656,135	-		1,656,135	453,885			
	27,984	-		27,984	-			
	748,401	-		748,401	-			
	581,995	358,595		940,590	109,462			
	16,931	(9,806)		7,125	-			
	133,907	<u>-</u>		133,907				
	10,227,594	348,789		10,576,383	563,347			
	174,954	410,514		585,468	525,152			
	19,015,987	17,327,338		36,343,325	2,175,935			
	11,355	11,355		22,710				
\$	19,202,296	\$ 17,749,207	\$	36,951,503	\$ 2,701,087			

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

		Major Funds					Other		Total		
		General	Strat	egic Projects	Е	quipment	Governmental Fund Debt Service Fund		Go	Governmental	
		Fund		Fund	Repla	acement Fund			Funds		
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	6,742,323	\$	3,405,627	\$	1,140,475	\$	76,677	\$	11,365,102	
Property taxes		162,967		-		-		14,898		177,865	
Accounts receivable		860,014		-		-		-		860,014	
Prepaid items		77,024						-		77,024	
Total assets	\$	7,842,328	\$	3,405,627	\$	1,140,475	\$	91,575	\$	12,480,005	
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	744,780	\$	107,244	\$	-	\$	-	\$	852,024	
Accrued expenditures		101,249		28,810		-		-		130,059	
Other liabilities		3,485		-		-		-		3,485	
Total liabilities		849,514		136,054		-		-		985,568	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues		364,207		_		_		13,600		377,807	
Total deferred inflows of resources		364,207						13,600		377,807	
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items		77,024		_		_		_		77,024	
Restricted for:		77,021								77,021	
Court technology		18,587		_		_		_		18,587	
Court security building		15,322		-		-		-		15,322	
Court efficiency and felony forfeiture		44,353		-		-		-		44,353	
Other court restrictions		15,975		-		-		-		15,975	
PEG fees		4,319		-		-		-		4,319	
Public safety		16,005		-		-		-		16,005	
Debt service		-		-		-		77,975		77,975	
Assigned for:											
Strategic expenditures		-		3,269,573		-		-		3,269,573	
Capital equipment		-		-		1,140,475		-		1,140,475	
Legal issues		50,000		-		-		-		50,000	
Six month operating reserve		4,505,321		-		-		-		4,505,321	
Unassigned		1,881,701				-			_	1,881,701	
Total fund balances	_	6,628,607		3,269,573	_	1,140,475	-	77,975		11,116,630	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balances	\$	7,842,328	\$	3,405,627	\$	1,140,475	\$	91,575	\$	12,480,005	

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2023

Total fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,116,630
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	12,244,880
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	377,807
Accrued vacation leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(341,255)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable Right to use liability Unamortized bond premium	(3,525,000) (176,730) (46,706)
Net pension liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Pension related deferred inflows Pension related deferred outflows	(1,617,125) (13,734) 1,290,232
OPEB liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds. OPEB liability OPEB related deferred inflows OPEB related deferred outflows	 (83,716) (49,393) 26,406
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 19,202,296

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2023

			Major Fund				Other		Total
	General	Strat	tegic Projects	-	uipment		nmental Fund	(Governmental
	 Fund		Fund	Replac	cement Fund	Debt	Service Fund		Funds
REVENUES	0.144.125						572.016	•	0.717.151
Taxes	\$ 8,144,135	\$	-	\$	-	\$	573,016	\$	8,717,151
Franchise fees	748,401		-		-		-		748,401
Permits	241,674		-		-		-		241,674
Animal control	1,415		-		-		-		1,415
Fines and forfeits	208,035		-		-		-		208,035
Utility management fee	257,499		-		-		-		257,499
Other fees and services	51,745		-		-		-		51,745
Interest	577,165		-		-		4,830		581,995
Grant revenue	310,696		-		-		-		310,696
Miscellaneous	 190,663								190,663
Total revenues	 10,731,428						577,846	_	11,309,274
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Mayor and council	7,643		-		-		-		7,643
Administration	660,453		31,735		-		-		692,188
City secretary	243,832		22,967		-		-		266,799
HR and communications	218,641		2,068		-		-		220,709
Finance	329,737		-		-		-		329,737
Municipal court	250,804		-		-		-		250,804
Public safety	3,786,061		-		_		-		3,786,061
Engineering and planning	1,516,776		-		-		-		1,516,776
Public works	786,124		1,216,791		-		-		2,002,915
Building codes and permits	279,180		-		-		-		279,180
Information technology	321,470		-		-		-		321,470
Non-departmental	591,897		-		-		-		591,897
Capital projects/outlay	519,820		307,416		_		-		827,236
Debt service:									
Principal	79,788		_		_		460,000		539,788
Interest and fiscal charges	 6,291				<u> </u>		92,530		98,821
Total expenditures	9,598,517		1,580,977		_		552,530		11,732,024
F (15:) 6									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	1,132,911		(1.590.077)				25 216		(422.750)
over (under) expenditures	 1,132,911		(1,580,977)				25,316		(422,750)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of assets	16,931		-		-		-		16,931
Proceeds from SBITAs	193,012		-		-		-		193,012
Transfers in	303,067		3,442,995		354,495		-		4,100,557
Transfers out	 (3,797,490)				(303,067)				(4,100,557)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,284,480)		3,442,995		51,428			_	209,943
Net change in fund balances	(2,151,569)		1,862,018		51,428		25,316		(212,807)
Fund balance - beginning	 8,780,176		1,407,555		1,089,047		52,659		11,329,437
Fund balance - ending	\$ 6,628,607	\$	3,269,573	\$	1,140,475	\$	77,975	\$	11,116,630

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (212,807)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report all capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay. Current year additions Current year depreciation	634,224 (655,298)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Ad valorem revenue Court citations	29,209 81,020
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal repayments	466,673
Lease liability payments	(214)
SBITA liability payments	14,050
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pension as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of the pension is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that contributions exceeded the actuarially determined pension expense.	(189,273)
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee OPEB as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of the OPEB is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that contributions exceeded the actuarially determined OPEB expense.	(10,225)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences	 17,595
Change in net position - governmental activities The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	\$ 174,954

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities
Assets	Water/Sewer Fund
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,978,124
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	
Accounts	787,539
Inventories	219,209
Prepaids	60,423
Total current assets Capital assets:	9,045,295
Land	52,600
Construction in progress	53,600 1,649,487
Utility plant and easements	19,453,243
Vehicles and equipment	1,577,971
Accumulated depreciation	(11,203,855)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	11,530,446
Total assets	20,575,741
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred OPEB related outflows	8,682
Deferred pension related outflows	453,950
Total deferred outflows of resources	462,632
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	445,199
Accrued liabilities	33,987
Other liabilities	11,989
Unearned revenue	145,712
Due within one year	416,150
Total current liabilities	1,053,037
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due in more than one year	1,681,428
OPEB liability	27,365
Net pension liability	506,802
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,215,595
Total liabilities	3,268,632
Deferred inflows of resources	
	1 116
Deferred pension related inflows Deferred OPEB related inflows	4,446 16,088
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,534
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,550,922
Unrestricted	8,198,285
Total net position	\$ 17,749,207

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities
	Water/Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for utility service	\$ 6,165,245
Operating expenses	
Personnel services	1,876,836
Contractual services	10,199
Maintenance	379,150
Equipment lease	8,454
Supplies	140,444
Office supplies	186,221
Postage	22,145
Utilities	259,202
Management fee	257,499
Professional fees	227,158
Permits and licenses	9,956
Water reservation fees	1,532,440
Insurance	56,253
Sludge disposal	187,193
Miscellaneous	63,401
Total operating expenses	5,216,551
Operating income (loss) before depreciation	948,694
Depreciation	862,733
Operating income (loss)	85,961
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Interest income	358,595
Interest and fiscal charges	(24,236)
Gain/loss	(9,806)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	324,553
Income before transfers	410,514
Change in net position	410,514
Total net position - beginning	17,327,338
Prior period adjustment	11,355
Total net position - ending	\$ 17,749,207

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2023

		siness-Type Activities
	Wate	er/Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	6,058,047
Cash paid for employee wages and benefits		(1,814,590)
Cash paid for suppliers for goods and services		(2,983,367)
Cash paid to general fund for management fee		(257,499)
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities		1,002,591
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Cash received from grant revenue		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase/construction of capital assets		(1,711,888)
Proceeds from sale of assets		8,180
Principal payments on long-term debt		(132,284)
Interest and fiscal charges paid		(24,236)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(1,860,228)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment interest received		358,595
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		358,595
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		(499,042)
Cash and investments at beginning of year		8,477,166
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	7,978,124
Reconciliation of net operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	85,961
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		862,733
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(107,198)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(59,852)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		(36,079)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		182,791
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		4,284
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		69,951
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,002,591
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Actuarially determined change in net pension liability	\$	15,152
Other postemployment benefit liability		430,075

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

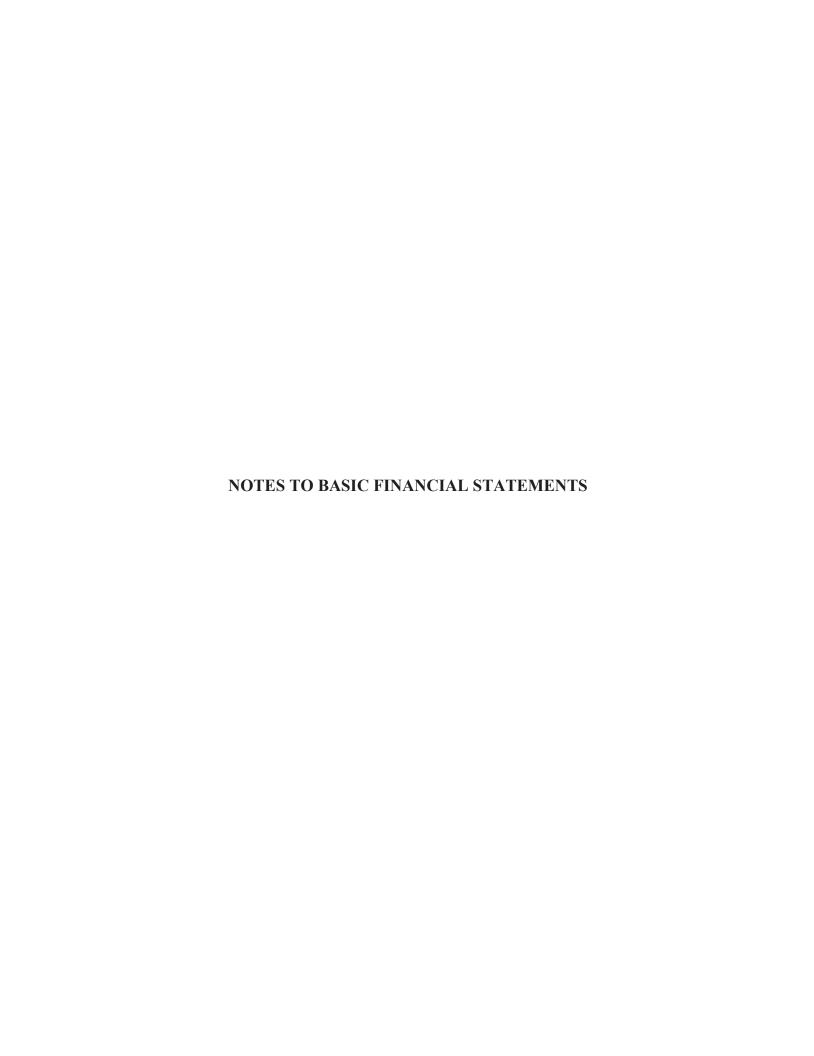
September 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose
	Trust Fund
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,559
Other receivable	599
Total assets	6,158
Liabilities	
Due to local government	599
Net position	
Restricted for individuals	\$ 5,559

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund			
Additions Contributions from employees	\$	24,297		
Deductions Benefit payments		20,770		
Net change in fiduciary net position		3,527		
Net position - beginning		2,032		
Net position - ending	\$	5,559		





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; thus, data from these units, if any existed, would be combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the government. As of September 30, 2023, the City had one component unit that is discretely presented in these financial statements:

City of Fair Oaks Ranch Municipal Development District

The City of Fair Oaks Municipal Development District ("MDD") was organized in accordance with Chapter 377 of the Texas Local Government Code for the purpose of developing and financing projects beneficial to the City. The MDD collects a ½ cent sales tax to finance projects that promote the economic growth in the City. The City Council appoints the governing Board of the MDD and approves annual budgets. The MDD meets the criteria of a discretely presented component unit, described as above, and is presented in the government-wide financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Fair Oaks Ranch Municipal Development District may be obtained at City Hall.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus and basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Major revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants, interest, and miscellaneous income not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as unearned revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, public works, public health, capital acquisition and municipal court.

Strategic projects fund is used to account for the funds assigned for various capital projects.

Equipment replacement fund is used to account for funds assigned for capital equipment additions.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is the water/sewer fund (used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to residents).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Measurement focus and basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- 2. Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Fiduciary fund is used to account for resources held in trust for employees to pay for employee medical expenses. Contributions into the fund come from the employees.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a)-(d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The City has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts and public funds investment pools. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly.

Accounts receivable

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2022 and past due after January 31, 2023. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of repair and replacement parts for the utility system are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the moving average cost method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted net position

Certain proceeds of General Obligation Bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, and revenues received with constraints to specific purposes by their providers, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation are classified as restricted net position on the balance sheet because their use is limited.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Construction in progress assets include infrastructure assets which are not yet complete and in use. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Capital assets (continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Land improvements	5 to 10 years
Building and improvements	20 to 40 years
Utility system in service	20 to 40 years
Infrastructure	5 to 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years

Deferred inflows/outflows of resources

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefits payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other postemployment benefits

The other postemployment benefit liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefit Plan (SDBF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefits, (OPEB) expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are utilized to fund active member deaths on a pay-as-you-go basis; any excess contributions and investment income over payments then become net position available for benefits.

The statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

The statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Compensated absences

The City allows employees who are eligible for vacation and sick leave (compensated absences) to accumulate and carry over the accumulation to subsequent years within certain limitations. Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

Sick leave days are not paid when an employee leaves City employment; therefore a liability is not reported for unpaid sick leave.

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts, are amortized over the life of the discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fund equity (continued)

Assigned – represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The City Council and the City Administrator are the only entities that may make assignments at this time.

Unassigned – represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second, assigned third, and unassigned fourth.

Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Interfund transactions

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

The City charges the utility (proprietary) fund a management fee for administrative costs associated with the utility fund. During the year ended September 30, 2023, management fees totaled \$257,499.

Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for water and sewer services. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

New accounting policy

As of October 1, 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's). The objectives of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were classified as operating agreements. It establishes a single model for SBITA accounting based on the foundational principle that SBITAs are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A government is required to recognize a SBITA liability and an intangible right to use asset.

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash and cash equivalents

Custodial credit risk – deposits. At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits in the bank was \$625,882 and the bank balance was \$767,418. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance and the City's depository had pledged securities having a market value of \$1,289,998 as collateral for the City's deposits. All of the City's cash was fully collateralized. The City maintains \$1,175 of cash-on-hand at September 30, 2023.

At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Municipal Development District's deposits in the bank was \$98,830 and the bank balance was the same. The bank balance was fully covered by federal deposit insurance. All of the District's cash was fully collateralized.

Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowance investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statement disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City has adhered to the requirements of the Act. Investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies. The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) money market mutual funds, and 4) eligible public funds investment pools.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(2) Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Investments (continued)

The City's investments at September 30, 2023 were as shown below:

	Rating	Value		Value		Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	AAAm	\$	3,689,600	24		
(valued at amortized cost)						
Texas Class	AAAm	\$	15,032,129	49		
(valued at net asset value)						

The Municipal Development District's investments at September 30, 2023 were as shown below:

	Rating	Value		Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	AAAm	\$	460,407	24
(valued at amortized cost)				
Texas Class	AAAm	\$	2,064,285	49
(valued at net asset value)				

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All of the City's investments are held by its agents in the City's name.

Interest rate risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its operating investment portfolio to less than 13 months. The City's investment policy limits the final stated maturity of any security to no more than two years. As a matter of policy, the City holds all investments to maturity.

Credit risk

The City's investment policy states that investments in local government pools will be no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Investment accounting policy

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(2) Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Public funds investment pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares. TexPool is an investment pool that meets these criteria.

TexPool is an investment pool in which the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (The Trust Company). The Trust Company is authorized to operate the pool. Federated Investors, Inc. manages the assets under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. TexPool is reported at amortized cost and it does not have any limitations or restrictions on participants' withdrawals.

The City is invested in Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (Texas CLASS) Trust. Texas CLASS was created as an investment pool for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, or other laws of the State of Texas governing the investment of funds of a participant or funds under its control. Texas CLASS is administered by Public Trust Advisors, LLC with Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as the Custodian and is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by the participants. The District does not have any unfunded commitments related to the pool. Each investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity. The fair value of the investments in each pool have been determined using the NAV per share of investments. The redemption frequency is daily and there is not a redemption notice period for the pool.

(3) Property tax

Taxes were levied on and payable as of January 1. The City contracts with the Bexar County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For fiscal year 2023, the assessed tax rate for the City was \$.3291 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$2,137,859,177. The tax rate is split \$.3023 for general maintenance and operations and \$.0268 for interest and sinking. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2023 is \$7,036,602. As of September 30, 2023, the delinquent taxes were \$119,285.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(3) Property tax (continued)

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2023, was \$.3291 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$2.1709 for each \$100 value and could increase its annual tax levy by approximately \$46,410,785 based upon the present assessed valuation of \$2,137,859,177 before the limit is reached. However, the City may not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the tax rate calculated in accordance with the Texas Property Tax Code without holding two public hearings. The Property Tax Code subjects an increase in the proposed tax rate to a referendum election, if petitioned by registered voters, when the effective tax rate increase is more than three and a half percent (3.5%) of the previous year's maintenance and operations tax rate.

(4) Interfund balances and transfers

Interfund balances represent reimbursements for expenditures paid or cash received on behalf of other funds and are expected to be liquidated in the next fiscal year. At September 30, 2023, the City did not have any due to/due from balances outstanding.

Transfers between City funds during the year ended September 30, 2023 consist of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer In		Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Strategic Projects Fund	\$	3,442,995	Capital Improvement Plan
General Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund		354,495	Capital Equipment Replacement
Equipment Replacement Fund	General Fund		303,067	Capital Replacement
	Total	\$	4,100,557	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(5) Capital assets

Capital asset activity in the governmental fund for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	Oct	tober 1, 2022	Additions		Disposals	Septo	ember 30, 2023
Governmental activities		_		_			
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	116,798	\$	-	\$ -	\$	116,798
Construction in progress		372,035		307,416	-		679,451
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings and land improvements		4,037,292		-	-		4,037,292
Vehicles and equipment		2,390,697		326,808	(179,396)		2,538,109
Infrastructure		10,148,595		-	-		10,148,595
Right to use asset - lease		104,176		-	-		104,176
Right to use asset - SBITA		13,102		193,012			206,114
Total capital assets		17,182,695	_	827,236	(179,396)		17,830,535
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and land improvements		(1,441,881)		(112,154)	-		(1,554,035)
Vehicles and equipment		(1,620,136)		(290,275)	-		(1,910,411)
Infrastructure		(1,936,720)		(252,869)	179,396		(2,010,193)
Right to use asset - lease		(43,317)		(20,240)	-		(63,557)
Right to use asset - SBITA		(1,747)		(45,712)			(47,459)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,043,801)	_	(721,250)	179,396		(5,585,655)
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	12,138,894	\$	105,986	\$ -	\$	12,244,880

Capital asset activity in the proprietary fund for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2022		Additions		Disposals		Sept	Balance tember 30, 2023
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	53,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,600
Construction in progress		1,241,495		1,092,679		(684,687)		1,649,487
Capital assets being depreciated								
Utility plant and easements		18,568,667		910,272		(25,696)		19,453,243
Vehicles and equipment		1,213,879		135,209		(42,635)		1,306,453
Right to use asset - SBITA		13,102		258,416		_		271,518
Totals capital assets	_	21,090,743		2,396,576		(753,018)		22,734,301
Less accumulated depreciation								
Utility plant and easements		(9,600,664)		(710,326)		7,709		(10,303,281)
Vehicles and equipment		(789,055)		(96,884)		42,635		(843,304)
Right to use asset - SBITA		(1,747)		(55,523)				(57,270)
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,391,466)		(862,733)		50,344		(11,203,855)
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	10,699,277	\$	1,533,843	\$	(702,674)	\$	11,530,446

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(5) Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 82,945
Public safety	231,227
Information technology	65,136
Public works	341,126
Non-departmental	 816
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 721,250

(6) Unearned revenue

Water Supply Agreements

The City has entered into agreements with certain developers to provide water and sewer services to planned future developments. The City has agreed to provide treated water from the City's water production, storage and distribution system and to provide sewer service from the City's wastewater treatment plant, both of which may require expansion or modifications. The developers have agreed to extend utilities from their present locations to the boundaries of the developed properties and to provide for offsets and/or credits toward "Contributions in Aid of Construction". The City will credit the contributions in aid provided by the developers against impact fees due upon development of the property. Impact fees are collected at the time a building permit is issued for a particular lot. Therefore, the contributions in aid are unearned until such time as the lots are permitted for construction. The City received \$0 contributions in aid during the year ended September 30, 2023. The City has received \$622,528 in contributions in aid to date and has earned a total of \$476,816 in fees. The remaining \$145,712 of contributions are reported as unearned revenue accordingly.

(7) Long-term liabilities

Primary government

At September 30, 2023, the City's long-term debt consisted of the following:

Governmental activities:	Range of Interest Rates	Unpaid Principal	Current Maturities	Long-Term Maturities			
General Obligation Bond,							
Series 2015	1.0 - 3.0%	\$ 3,525,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 3,055,000			
	Range of	Unpaid	Current	Long-Term			
Business-type activities	Rates	Principal	Maturities	Maturities Maturities			
Certificate of Obligation Bond							
Series 2020	1.01%	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 320,000	\$ 1,475,000			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(7) Long-term liabilities (continued)

Primary government (continued)

On April 16, 2015 the City issued general obligations bonds, series 2015 for \$7,000,000. The proceeds were used for designing, acquiring, constructing, renovating, improving and equipping City streets, curbs, sidewalks, and gutter improvements, demolition, repair, and rebuilding of existing streets, completing necessary or incidental utility relocation and drainage in connection with the foregoing and the purchase of land, easements, and right-of-way.

On September 23, 2020 the City issued tax and limited pledge revenue certificate of obligation bonds, series 2020 for \$2,660,000. The proceeds were used to refinance capital equipment purchased through capital lease agreements and acquire other equipment and materials for City water projects.

Changes in the City's long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

			Balance						Balance		
	Original	O	utstanding	(Current		Current	O	utstanding	D	ue Within
Governmental activities:	Amount	_0	ct. 1, 2022	Α	dditions	R	Reductions	Se	pt. 30, 2023		One Year
Long-term debt:											
GO Bonds, Series 2015	\$ 7,000,000	\$	3,985,000	\$	-	\$	(460,000)	\$	3,525,000	\$	470,000
Premium on bonds		_	53,379		_		(6,673)		46,706	_	6,673
Total long-term debt			4,038,379		-		(466,673)		3,571,706		476,673
Other long-term liabilities:											
Right to use lease liability			63,507		-		(20,027)		43,480		18,051
Right to use SBITA liability			-		193,012		(59,762)		133,250		54,563
Compensated absences			358,850		72,117		(89,712)		341,255		85,314
Total governmental activities		\$	4,460,736	\$	265,129	\$	(636,174)	\$	4,089,691	\$	634,601
Business-type activities:											
Long-term debt:											
CO Bonds, Series 2020	\$ 2,660,000	\$	2,115,000	\$	-	\$	(320,000)	\$	1,795,000	\$	320,000
Other long-term liabilities:											
Right to use SBITA liability			-		258,416		(73,892)		184,524		66,636
Compensated absences		_	114,862		31,907	_	(28,715)	_	118,054		29,514
Total business-type activities			2,229,862	_	290,323	_	(422,607)	_	2,097,578		416,150
Total changes in long-term liabilities		\$	6,690,598	\$	555,452	\$	(1,058,781)	\$	6,187,269	\$	1,050,751

The compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund. The compensated absences attributable to the business-type activities will be liquidated by the water/sewer fund. The net and total pension liabilities and the OPEB liability will be liquidated primarily from the general fund, approximately 77%, with the remaining amounts from the water and sewer fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(7) Long-term liabilities (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2023, including principal and interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending	Gov	ernmental Acti	vities	Busin	ivities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 470,000	\$ 83,163	\$ 553,163	\$ 320,000	\$ 16,513	\$ 336,513
2025	480,000	72,475	552,475	325,000	13,256	338,256
2026	490,000	60,950	550,950	325,000	9,974	334,974
2027	500,000	48,575	548,575	330,000	6,666	336,666
2028	515,000	35,888	550,888	335,000	3,308	338,308
2029 - 2030	1,070,000	30,925	1,100,925	160,000	808	160,808
	\$ 3,525,000	\$ 331,976	\$ 3,856,976	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 50,525	\$ 1,845,525

Right to use lease liability

At September 30, 2023, the City was obligated under the right to use leases for apple ipads (\$2,895), copier leases (\$57,888), and postage meter (\$2,724). The ipads were leased for a term of 2 years at a fixed interest rate of 5.25%. The monthly payments are \$732. The copiers were leased for a term of 5 years at a fixed interest rate of 5.25%. The monthly payments are \$1,581. The postage meter was leased for a term of 63 months at a fixed interest rate of 5.25%. The monthly payments are \$78. The leases are not renewable and the City will not acquire the equipment at the end of the terms. Future minimum lease payments on these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
September 30,	Principal		In	terest		Total		
2024	\$	18,051	\$	1,853	\$	19,904		
2025		19,022		882		19,904		
2026		6,407		70		6,477		
	\$	43,480	\$	2,805	\$	46,285		

Right to use SBITA liability

At September 30, 2023, the City was obligated under the right to use SBITAs for general administrative subscription agreements. These agreements included contracts for the City's budget and financial software, antivirus and other IT software, as well as the City's website and Microsoft 365. Future minimum payments on the SBITA agreements are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities						
September 30,	P	rincipal	Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	54,563	\$	5,199	\$	59,762	\$	66,636	\$	7,256	\$	73,892
2025		56,667		3,095		59,762		69,224		4,668		73,892
2026		10,787		910		11,697		23,847		1,979		25,826
2027		11,233		464		11,697		24,817		1,009		25,826
	\$	133,250	\$	9,668	\$	142,918	\$	184,524	\$	14,912	\$	199,436

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan description

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch participates as one of 919 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a sixmember, Governor appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com

Benefits provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the State statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contribution and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members are eligible to retire at age sixty (60) and above with five (5) or more years of service or with twenty (20) years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five (5) years. The contribution rate for the employees is 7%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	51
Active employees	_73
Total	<u>146</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Contributions

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the entry age normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The City matches 2 to 1. The contribution rates for the City were 11.72% and 11.67% in calendar years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$628,870 and \$568,318, which were equal to the required contributions.

Net pension liability

The City's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date December 31st
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period 21 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits.

Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period 2014-2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates

are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the general employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for annuity purchase rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimate of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2023 are summarized in the following tables:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.70%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	4.90%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	8.70%
Other public and private markets	12.00%	8.10%
Real Estate	12.00%	5.80%
Hedge funds	5.00%	6.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.80%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in net pension liability

The schedule below presents the changes in the net pension liability (asset) as of December 31, 2022:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary		N	et Pension
			N	et Position	Liability	
			(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	11,513,316	\$	11,373,389	\$	139,927
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		836,697		-		836,697
Interest		796,374		-		796,374
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		433,116		-		433,116
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		571,343		(571,343)
Contributions - employee		-		342,708		(342,708)
Net investment income		-		(833,252)		833,252
Benefit payments,						
including refunds of employee contributions		(267,066)		(267,066)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(7,184)		7,184
Other changes				8,572		(8,572)
Net changes		1,799,121		(184,879)		1,984,000
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	13,312,437	\$	11,188,510	\$	2,123,927

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% 1	Decrease in	1% Increase in				
	Discour	nt Rate (5.75%)	Discour	nt Rate (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,499,589	\$	2,123,927	\$	235,589	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the schedule of changes in fiduciary net position, by participant city. The report may be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$876,823.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	201011	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	478,490	\$	18,180	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		11,724		-	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		769,956		-	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	484,012 1,744,182	\$	18,180	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(8) Employees' retirement systems (continued)

Texas Municipal Retirement System (continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position (continued)

The City reported \$484,012 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Amortization						
September 30,	Expense						
2024	\$ 218,909)					
2025	334,187	7					
2026	324,910)					
2027	363,984	ŀ					
2028	-	-					
Thereafter		-					
	\$ 1,241,990)					

(9) Other postemployment benefits

Plan description

The City participates in a single-employer defined benefit plan, which operates like a group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired members. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits provided

The death benefit for active members provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the member's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired members are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit" or OPEB. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree members, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees covered by the SDBF and the demographics specific to the workforce of the City. There is a one year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the City's contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(9) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

Contributions (continued)

The contribution rate for the City was 0.24% and 0.14% for calendar years 2023 and 2022. The City's contributions to TMRS for the SDBF program for the year ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$11,649 and \$6,833 and were equal to the required contributions.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	15
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	_73
Total	_97

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$111,081 was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.5% including inflation

Discount rate * 4.05% Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$0

Administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for

under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates - service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for

males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements

subject to the floor.

^{*} The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(9) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 163,168
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	13,219
Interest on total OPEB liability	3,106
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,252)
Changes of assumptions	(63,202)
Benefit payments	 (1,958)
Net changes	 (52,087)
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$ 111,081

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 4.05%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.05%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.05%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrea	ase in	Current S	Single Rate	1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate (3.05%)		Assumption (4.05%)		Discount Rate (5.05%			
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	134,943	\$	111,081	\$	92,704		

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$12,248.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	2	d Outflows esources	 red Inflows Lesources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	2,925	\$ 9,200
Changes in actuarial assumptions		26,263	56,281
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	-
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		5,900	
Total	\$	35,088	\$ 65,481

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2023

(9) Other postemployment benefits (continued)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (continued)

The City reported \$5,900 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Amortization
September 30,	Expense
2024	\$ (4,077)
2025	(4,645)
2026	(4,632)
2027	(5,661)
2028	(8,224)
Thereafter	(9,054)
	\$ (36,293)

(10) Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of and damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$208,414 for property and casualty and workers compensation coverage.

(11) Restatement of fund balance and net position

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized a restatement to increase beginning governmental activities net position by \$11,355 and to increase the water and sewer fund's beginning net position by \$11,355 due to the adoption of GASB 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITAs).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Changes OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2023

							Variance with Final Budget-
	 Budgeted A	Amoui			Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 7,963,116	\$	7,963,116	\$	8,144,135	\$	181,019
Franchise fees	692,050		692,050		748,401		56,351
Permits	309,075		309,075		241,674		(67,401)
Animal control	1,135		1,135		1,415		280
Fines and forfeits	176,300		176,300		208,035		31,735
Utility management fee	210,003		210,003		257,499		47,496
Other fees and services	67,900		67,900		51,745		(16,155)
Interest	72,000		72,000		577,165		505,165
Grant revenue	3,600		3,600		310,696		307,096
Miscellaneous	 119,420		119,420		190,663		71,243
Total revenues	 9,614,599		9,614,599		10,731,428	_	1,116,829
Expenditures							
Mayor and council:							
Supplies and maintenance	2,850		2,850		348		2,502
Services	 26,850		7,582		7,295		287
Total mayor and council	 29,700		10,432	_	7,643	_	2,789
Administration:							
Personnel	581,726		598,432		532,557		65,875
Maintenance and supplies	2,000		2,000		948		1,052
Services	118,475		95,075		126,948		(31,873)
Capital outlay	 						
Total administration	 702,201		695,507		660,453		35,054
City secretary:							
Personnel	197,250		202,729		202,231		498
Supplies, maintenance and operations	1,680		1,680		1,516		164
Services	50,431		39,431		40,085		(654)
Total city secretary	 249,361	_	243,840	_	243,832		8
Human resources and communications:							
Personnel	151,588		155,984		150,887		5,097
Supplies, maintenance and operations	3,350		3,350		2,887		463
Services	77,565		77,565		64,867		12,698
		_	-	_		_	
Total human resources and communications	 232,503		236,899		218,641		18,258
Finance:							
Personnel	290,995		298,391		251,701		46,690
Supplies, maintenance and operations	2,075		2,075		1,471		604
Professional services	77,845		77,845		76,565		1,280
Total finance	370,915		378,311		329,737		48,574
		_					

(continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted A	A mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Amounts	(Negative)	
expenditures (continued)			-	
Municipal court:				
Personnel	\$ 141,972	\$ 145,635	\$ 149,698	\$ (4,063)
Supplies, maintenance and operations	61,974	61,974	4,094	57,880
Services	79,180	88,533	97,012	(8,479)
Capital outlay	-	-	· -	-
Total municipal court	283,126	296,142	250,804	45,338
Public safety:				
Personnel	2,816,482	2,887,790	2,901,175	(13,385)
Supplies, maintenance and operations	113,100	101,684	109,572	(7,888)
Services	772,944	796,588	775,314	21,274
Capital outlay	149,950	392,573	256,926	135,647
Total public safety	3,852,476	4,178,635	4,042,987	135,648
Engineering and planning:				
Personnel	388,820	399,880	384,926	14,954
Supplies, maintenance and operations	1,016,050	924,821	885,358	39,463
Services	234,080	234,080	246,492	(12,412
Capital outlay		6,030	6,030	
Total engineering and planning	1,638,950	1,564,811	1,522,806	42,005
Public works:				
Personnel	637,046	651,543	596,174	55,369
Supplies, maintenance and operations	174,790	168,311	181,999	(13,688
Services	40,272	10,751	7,951	2,800
Capital outlay	32,000	104,429	49,300	55,129
Total public works	884,108	935,034	835,424	99,610
Building codes and permits:				
Personnel	270,149	257,691	216,812	40,879
Supplies, maintenance and operations	5,255	5,255	2,200	3,055
Services	47,075	67,075	60,168	6,907
Total building codes and permits	322,479	330,021	279,180	50,841
Information technology:				
Personnel	113,138	116,285	116,344	(59
Supplies, maintenance and operations	500	500	426	74
Services	6,875	6,875	2,649	4,226
Shared services	251,958	279,429	202,051	77,378
Lease princpal	-	-	19,213	(19,213
Lease interest	-	-	2,682	(2,682
SBITA princpal	-	-	59,762	(59,762
SBITA interest	-	-	3,485	(3,485
Capital outlay	15,000	15,000	207,564	(192,564
Total information technology	387,471	418,089	614,176	(196,087)

(continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted A	Amoun	ts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget- Positive
		Original	Final			Amounts	(Negative)	
X 1								
Non-departmental and shared services: Personnel	6	145 104	6		ø		¢	
	\$	145,194	\$	420.716	\$	440.077	\$	(20.1(1)
Supplies, maintenance and operations Shared services		4,150		420,716		440,877		(20,161)
		171,709		171,709		151,020		20,689
Lease principal		-		-		813		(813)
Lease interest Capital outlay		-		-		124		(124)
* *				_		_		-
Total non-departmental and shared services		321,053		592,425		592,834		(409)
Total expenditures		9,274,343		9,880,146		9,598,517		281,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		340,256	_	(265,547)		1,132,911		1,398,458
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of assets		-		-		16,931		16,931
Proceeds from SBITAs		_		-		193,012		193,012
Transfers in (out)		(3,797,490)		(3,797,490)		(3,797,490)		-
Transfers in (out)		125,000		353,924		303,067		(50,857)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,672,490)		(3,443,566)		(3,284,480)		159,086
Net change in fund balance		(3,332,234)		(3,709,113)		(2,151,569)		1,557,544
Net change in fund balance		(3,332,234)		(3,709,113)		(2,131,309)		1,337,344
Fund balance, beginning		8,780,176		8,780,176		8,780,176		
Fund balance, ending	\$	5,447,942	\$	5,071,063	\$	6,628,607	\$	1,557,544

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM RELATED RATIOS

For the measurement year ended December 31,

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	836,697	\$	747,891	\$	687,662	\$	648,430
Interest (on the total pension liability)		796,374		700,139		618,696		550,195
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		433,116		186,130		100,676		(79,808)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		51,465
Benefit payments,								
including refunds of employee contributions		(267,066)		(238,666)	_	(222,498)	_	(127,623)
Net change in total pension liability		1,799,121		1,395,494		1,184,536		1,042,659
Total pension liability - beginning		11,513,316	_	10,117,822		8,933,286		7,890,627
Total pension liability - ending	\$	13,312,437	\$	11,513,316	\$	10,117,822	\$	8,933,286
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	571,343	\$	499,891	\$	464,390	\$	437,261
Contributions - employee		342,708		302,440		277,603		261,163
Net investment income		(833,252)		1,250,635		640,072		1,052,635
Benefit payments,								
including refunds of employee contributions		(267,066)		(238,666)		(222,498)		(127,623)
Administrative expense		(7,184)		(5,769)		(4,131)		(5,933)
Other		8,572		40		(161)		(178)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(184,879)		1,808,571		1,155,275		1,617,325
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		11,373,389		9,564,818		8,409,543		6,792,218
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	11,188,510	\$	11,373,389	\$	9,564,818	\$	8,409,543
Net pension liability	\$	2,123,927	\$	139,927	\$	553,004	\$	523,743
Plan fiduciary net position		84.05%		98.78%		94.53%		94.14%
as a percentage of total pension liability		04.03%		90.76%		94.33%		74.14%
Covered payroll	\$	4,895,830	\$	4,320,572	\$	3,965,754	\$	3,730,898
Net pension liability as a percentage								
of covered payroll		43.38%		3.24%		13.94%		14.04%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the ninth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	577,241	\$	483,263	\$	415,604	\$	372,932	\$	314,855
Э	478,426	Ф	428,795	Ф	377,577	Ф	347,674	Ф	303,986
	470,420		420,793		311,311		347,074		505,960
	86,113		(101,894)		47,016		(72,739)		66,156
	-		-		-		51,102		-
							, ,		
	(100,655)		(143,110)		(87,360)		(99,327)		(80,511)
	1,041,125		667,054		752,837		599,642		604,486
	6,849,502		6,182,448	_	5,429,611		4,829,969		4,225,483
\$	7,890,627	\$	6,849,502	\$	6,182,448	\$	5,429,611	\$	4,829,969
\$	400,446	\$	318,292	\$	276,800	\$	265,412	\$	234,399
Ψ	232,624	Ψ	194,528	Ψ	172,450	Ψ	158,118	Ψ	143,051
	(193,745)		742,178		316,200		6,418		219,419
	())		. ,		,		-,		-, -
	(100,655)		(143,110)		(87,360)		(99,327)		(80,511)
	(3,738)		(3,841)		(3,568)		(3,909)		(2,290)
	(195)		(195)		(192)		(193)		(188)
	334,737		1,107,852		674,330		326,519		513,880
	6,457,481		5,349,629	_	4,675,299	_	4,348,780		3,834,900
\$	6,792,218	\$	6,457,481	\$	5,349,629	\$	4,675,299	\$	4,348,780
\$	1,098,409	\$	392,021	\$	832,819	\$	754,312	\$	481,189
	86.08%		94.28%		86.53%		86.11%		90.04%
e.	2 222 206	ø	2 779 060	¢.	2 462 571	¢.	2 250 025	¢.	2 042 596
\$	3,323,206	\$	2,778,969	\$	2,463,571	\$	2,258,825	\$	2,043,586
	33.05%		14.11%		33.81%		33.39%		23.55%
	33.0370		14.1170		33.0170		33.3970		43.3370

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION

For the year ended September 30,

Schedule of contributions	2023	2022			2021	2020	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 628,870	\$	568,318	\$	490,444	\$	479,231
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 628,870		568,318	_	490,444		479,231
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 5,371,078	\$	4,880,414	\$	4,045,825	\$	4,091,573
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.71%		11.64%		12.12%		11.71%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the ninth year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

2019	 2018	2017	 2016	2015
\$ 427,169	\$ 375,269	\$ 306,515	\$ 272,041	\$ 238,287
 427,169	 375,269	 306,515	 272,041	 238,287
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 3,616,851	\$ 3,150,696	\$ 2,689,459	\$ 2,387,202	\$ 2,103,123
11.81%	11.91%	11.40%	11.40%	11.33%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB LIABILITY AND TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM RELATED RATIOS

For the measurement year ended December 31,

 2022		2021		2020
\$ 13,219	\$	13,826	\$	10,311
3,106		2,913		3,233
-		-		-
(3,252)		2,905		(6,486)
(63,202)		5,642		20,334
 (1,958)		(1,728)		(397)
(52,087)		23,558		26,995
 163,168		139,610		112,615
\$ 111,081	\$	163,168	\$	139,610
\$ 4,895,830	\$	4,320,572	\$	3,965,754
2.27%		3.78%		3.52%
_	\$ 13,219 3,106 (3,252) (63,202) (1,958) (52,087) 163,168 \$ 111,081 \$ 4,895,830	\$ 13,219 \$ 3,106	\$ 13,219 \$ 13,826 3,106 2,913 (3,252) 2,905 (63,202) 5,642 (1,958) (1,728) (52,087) 23,558 163,168 139,610 \$ 111,081 \$ 163,168 \$ 4,895,830 \$ 4,320,572	\$ 13,219 \$ 13,826 \$ 3,106 2,913

GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the sixth year of implementation of GASB 75. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

	2019		2018		2017
\$	7,462	\$	7,311	\$	5,280
	3,385		2,830		2,653
	-		-		-
	(5,875)		2,643		-
	20,311		(6,763)		6,688
	(373)		(332)		(278)
	24,910		5,689		14,343
	87,705		82,016		67,673
\$	112,615	\$	87,705	\$	82,016
	·	_	<u> </u>		
\$	3,730,898	\$	3,323,206	\$	2,778,969
_	, ,	÷	, , ,	_	
	3.02%		2.64%		2.95%
	J.UZ/0		∠.∪ + / 0		2.93/0

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2023

(1) Budgetary information

The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. The general fund, debt service fund, strategic project fund, and equipment replacement fund maintain legally adopted budgets.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

The OPEB plan has no assets accumulated in a trust.

(2) Schedule of contributions

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and assumption used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Entry age normal

Amortization Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining 23 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset Valuation 10 year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor

Actuarial

Inflation 2.50%

Salary 3.5% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Preretirement: PUB (10) mortality tables, with the public safety table used for males and the general employee table used for females. The rates are

Other information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial information and schedules that are not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules:
 - Debt Service Fund
 - Strategic Project Fund
 - Equipment Replacement Fund

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

		Budgeted	Amounts	3		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget- os itive	
		Original Original		Final	1	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	553,268	\$	553,268	\$	573,016	\$	19,748	
Interest		1,000		1,000		4,830		3,830	
Total revenues		554,268		554,268		577,846		23,578	
Expenditures									
Debt service:									
Principal		460,000		460,000		460,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	92,530		92,530		92,530			
Total debt service		552,530		552,530		552,530		_	
Total expenditures		552,530		552,530		552,530		<u>-</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		1,738		1,738		25,316		23,578	
Net change in fund balance		1,738		1,738		25,316		23,578	
Fund balance, beginning		52,659		52,659		52,659			
Fund balance, ending	\$	54,397	\$	54,397	\$	77,975	\$	23,578	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL STRATEGIC PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	A mou	ints	Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget- Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		legative)
Revenues						
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Expenditures						
City administration	412,815		560,784	31,735		529,049
City secretary	40,000		81,516	22,967		58,549
HR and communications	-		45,173	2,068		43,105
Public safety	18,000		73,775	-		73,775
Engineering and planning	-		-	-		-
Public works	3,014,728		3,455,126	1,216,791		2,238,335
Information technology	_		-	-		-
Capital outlay	-		661,819	307,416		354,403
Total expenditures	3,485,543		4,878,193	1,580,977		3,297,216
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (3,485,543)		(4,878,193)	 (1,580,977)		3,297,216
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	 3,442,995		3,442,995	 3,442,995		
Net change in fund balances	(42,548)		(1,435,198)	1,862,018		3,297,216
Fund balance - beginning	 1,407,555		1,407,555	 1,407,555		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,365,007	\$	(27,643)	\$ 3,269,573	\$	3,297,216

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with 1 Budget- cositive egative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$ 354,495	\$	354,495	\$ 354,495	\$	-
Transfers out	(125,000)		(353,924)	(303,067)		50,857
Total other financing sources (uses)	229,495		571	51,428		50,857
Fund balance - beginning	 1,089,047		1,089,047	 1,089,047		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,318,542	\$	1,089,618	\$ 1,140,475	\$	50,857





STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Tables</u>

Financial Trends

Net Position by Component

Change in Net Position

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 5 through 10

 $Tax\ Revenues\ by\ Source-Governmental\ Funds$

Top 10 Sales Tax Providers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Assessed Value and Actual Taxable Property

Principal Property Taxpayers

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales tax.

Debt Capacity 11 through 14

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Legal Debt Margin Information

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Principal Employers

Demographic and Economic Statistics

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information

Operating Indicators by Function

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

1 through 4

15 through 16

17 through 19

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2014		2015*		2016		2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	3,886,740 68,071 4,580,595	\$	4,103,711 66,909 3,798,804	\$	6,606,072 77,162 2,089,120	\$	6,898,385 76,346 2,714,487
Total government activities net position	<u>\$</u>	8,535,406	<u>\$</u>	7,969,424	<u>\$</u>	8,772,354	<u>\$</u>	9,689,218
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	7,847,915 2,551,317	\$	6,751,803 4,753,811	\$	6,667,928 5,372,865	\$	8,682,584 4,474,678
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$</u>	10,399,232	\$	11,505,614	\$	12,040,793	\$	13,157,262
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	11,734,655 68,071 7,131,912	\$	10,855,514 66,909 8,552,615	\$	13,274,000 77,162 7,461,985	\$	15,580,969 76,346 7,189,165
Total primary government net position	\$	18,934,638	\$	19,475,038	\$	20,813,147	\$	22,846,480

^{*} Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 68 applied prospectively October 1, 2014. ** Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 75 applied prospectively October 1, 2017. Comparative information has not been restated.

TABLE 1

	2018**	2019		2020	2021		2022		2023
\$	7,334,582 95,553 3,277,879	\$ 7,576,143 108,461 5,128,445	\$	7,523,360 132,938 6,712,007	\$ 7,647,912 153,339 8,669,250	\$	8,025,653 166,961 10,823,373	\$	8,496,444 192,536 10,513,316
<u>\$</u>	10,708,014	\$ 12,813,049	<u>\$</u>	14,368,305	\$ 16,470,501	<u>\$</u>	19,015,987	<u>\$</u>	19,202,296
\$	8,464,020 5,448,975	\$ 8,466,058 5,686,797	\$	8,307,519 6,316,241	\$ 8,081,383 7,353,325	\$	8,572,922 8,754,416	\$	9,550,922 8,198,285
\$	13,912,995	\$ 14,152,855	\$	14,623,760	\$ 15,434,708	\$	17,327,338	\$	17,749,207
\$	15,798,602 95,553 8,726,854	\$ 16,042,201 108,461 10,815,242	\$	15,830,879 132,938 13,028,248	\$ 15,729,295 153,339 16,022,575	\$	16,598,575 166,961 19,577,789	\$	18,047,366 192,536 18,711,601
\$	24,621,009	\$ 26,965,904	\$	28,992,065	\$ 31,905,209	\$	36,343,325	\$	36,951,503

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014		2015*	2016	2017
EXPENSES					
Governmental Activities					
City administration	\$ 921,009	\$	1,796,709	\$ 950,918	\$ 1,431,472
Mayor and council	-		-	-	-
City secretary	-		-	-	-
HR and communications	-		-	-	-
Finance	-		-	-	-
Municipal court	81,522		81,316	86,288	92,032
Public safety	1,588,137		1,735,259	2,017,858	2,124,882
Public health/emergency	286,999		293,092	307,665	299,734
Engineering and planning	-		-	-	-
Building codes	119,338		161,821	179,577	177,495
Public works	1,074,375		869,328	869,215	982,474
Information technology	-		-	-	-
Non-departmental	-		-	-	-
Culture/recreation/other	63,517		33,233	57,833	44,896
Interest on long term debt	 <u> </u>	_	136,008	 153,011	 119,880
Total governmental activities expenses	 4,134,897		5,106,766	 4,622,365	 5,272,865
Business-Type Activities					
Water/sewer utility	3,242,807		3,352,439	3,933,872	3,846,778
Total business-type activities expenses	3,242,807		3,352,439	3,933,872	3,846,778
Total primary government expenses	 7,377,704		8,459,205	 8,556,237	 9,119,643
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for services:					
City administration	198,992		171,929	177,050	201,334
Municipal court	158,407		158,352	161,818	129,260
Public safety	8,664		9,034	9,448	3,715
Public health/emergency	5,325		5,245	5,711	2,500
Building codes	281,831		298,806	314,738	274,079
Operating grants and contributions	1,715		2,149	-	13,295
Capital grants and contributions	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		 <u> </u>
Total governmental activities					
program revenues	 654,934		645,515	 668,765	 624,183
Business-Type Activities					
Charges for services:					
Water/sewer utility	4,107,471		4,454,644	4,463,303	4,930,347
Capital grants and contributions	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 -	 <u>-</u>
Total primary government					
program revenues	\$ 4,762,405	\$	5,100,159	\$ 5,132,068	\$ 5,554,530

^{*} Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 68 applied prospectively October 1, 2014.

** Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 75 applied prospectively October 1, 2017. Comparative information has not been restated.

TABLE 2

2018**	2019	 2020		2021	2022		2023
\$ 1,499,717	\$ 682,316	\$ 1,235,258	\$	711,344	\$ 1,121,778	\$	749,366
-	11,381	23,568		4,774	7,268		7,643
-	153,944	159,376		230,348	197,308		277,612
-	114,659	168,794		220,869	168,913		228,388
-	271,247	339,295		322,851	292,851		341,093
131,153	161,422	184,553		192,956	206,843		256,851
2,394,097	2,915,589	3,001,619		3,161,031	3,456,846		4,147,473
322,918	-	-		-	-		-
100.266	270,309	718,380		976,254	1,493,654		1,529,149
198,266	241,097	248,414		253,665	273,015		280,890
992,400	740,477	870,398		922,990	920,678		2,366,969
-	201.004	450.200		394,288	403,168		391,185
	301,984	459,298		251,462	252,706		684,861
89,710	100.040	-		-	-		-
 114,211	 109,849	 7,400,053	_	7.642.932	 0.705.020		11 261 400
 5,742,472	 5,974,274	 7,408,953		7,642,832	 8,795,028		11,261,480
 4,215,641	 4,746,849	 5,418,730		4,873,487	 5,904,286		6,103,520
 4,215,641	 4,746,849	 5,418,730		4,873,487	 5,904,286		6,103,520
 9,958,113	10,721,123	 12,827,683		12,516,319	 14,699,314		17,365,000
215,959	237,193	297,808		274.550	217.002		297,356
126,152	,	,		274,550	317,083		,
120,132	137,176 6,845	101,409 5,410		139,753 1,350	301,655 930		289,055 1,415
	0,843	3,410		1,330	930		1,413
2,415 228,715	253,815	405,231		499,547	348,333		241,674
51,102	15,579	3,728		190,841	1,283,952		379,340
15,908	13,379	5,726		190,041	1,203,932		379,340
 650,277	 650,608	813,586		1,106,041	 2,251,953	-	1,208,840
4000.00	4.055.504				5 40 7 70 0		
4,908,925	4,875,781	5,839,886		5,681,369	6,497,720		6,165,245
\$ 5,559,202	\$ 5,526,389	\$ 6,653,472	\$	6,787,410	\$ 8,749,673	\$	7,374,085

(continued)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014		2015*	2016	2017
Net (Expense) Revenues	 				
Governmental activities	\$ (3,479,963)	\$	(4,461,251)	\$ (3,953,600)	\$ (4,648,682)
Business-type activities	 864,664		1,102,205	 529,431	 1,083,569
Total primary government					
net expenses	 (2,615,299)		(3,359,046)	 (3,424,169)	 (3,565,113)
Governmental Revenues and Other					
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	2,634,353		2,823,221	3,587,677	4,264,687
Non-property taxes	903,592		1,028,559	1,109,048	1,192,774
Interest and investment earnings	1,633		25,359	38,950	56,545
Gain on sale of capital assets	-		-	-	23,874
Miscellaneous	24,100		18,130	20,855	27,666
Transfers	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	 3,563,678		3,895,269	 4,756,530	 5,565,546
Business-Type Activities					
Interest and investment earnings	4,447		4,177	5,748	32,900
Transfers	-		-	-	-
Loss on sale of capital assets	 			 <u>-</u>	
Total business-type activities	 4,447		4,177	 5,748	 32,900
Total primary government	 3,568,125		3,899,446	 4,762,278	 5,598,446
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities	83,715		(565,982)	802,930	916,864
Business-type activities	 869,111	-	1,106,382	 535,179	 1,116,469
Total primary government	\$ 952,826	\$	540,400	\$ 1,338,109	\$ 2,033,333

^{*} Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 68 applied prospectively October 1, 2014.

^{**} Change in accounting principle pursuant to GASB 75 applied prospectively October 1, 2017.

TABLE 2 (continued)

2018**	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ (5,092,195 693,284	, , , , , ,	\$ (6,595,367) 421,156	\$ (6,536,791) 807,882	\$ (6,543,075) 1,837,567	\$ (10,052,640) 61,725
519,676	(5,194,734)	(6,174,211)	(5,728,909)	(4,705,508)	(9,990,915)
4,712,247		6,202,561	6,482,238	6,614,489	7,062,241
1,328,220		1,796,558	2,112,076	2,365,342	2,432,520
94,557	*	72,151	4,345	80,336 674	581,995
16,452 11,402	,	12,534 66,819	19,848 20,480	27,720	16,931 133,907
11,402	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00,619	20,460	27,720	155,907
6,162,878	9,850 7,428,701	8,150,623	8,638,987	9,088,561	10,227,594
78,236	120,778 (9,850)	49,749	3,066	55,063	358,595
-	_	_	_	_	(9,806)
78,236	110,928	49,749	3,066	55,063	348,789
6,283,656	7,539,629	8,200,372	8,642,053	9,143,624	10,576,383
1,070,683	, ,	1,555,256	2,102,196	2,545,486	174,954
771,520	239,860	470,905	810,948	1,892,630	410,514
\$ 1,842,203	\$ 2,344,895	\$ 2,026,161	\$ 2,913,144	\$ 4,438,116	\$ 585,468

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
_	2014			2015		2016	2017			
Nonspendable Fund Balance:										
Prepaid items	\$	24,220	\$	43,625	\$	14,563	\$	19,281		
Restricted Fund Balance:										
Court technology		15,285		14,802		14,047		11,535		
Court security		44,420		47,270		49,816		51,473		
Court efficiency		110		140		140		292		
Felony forfeiture		3,937		378		378		378		
Other court restrictions		-		-		-		_		
PEG fees		4,319		4,319		4,319		4,319		
Public safety		-		-		-		1,104		
Debt service		-		-		8,462		7,245		
Capital projects		-		6,919,193		6,252,941		2,319,870		
Total restricted fund balance		68,071		6,986,102		6,330,103		2,396,216		
Committed Fund Balance:										
Public safety committee		30,451		-		-		-		
Wildlife research study		_		_		_		_		
TxDOT projects		810,000		-		-		-		
Partnership water study		100,000		-		-		-		
Total committed fund balance		940,451		-				-		
Assigned Fund Balance:										
Capital projects		720,000		2,448,838		553,000		906,921		
Capital equipment		-		_		- -		_		
Legal issues		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000		
Encumbrances		-		_		-		-		
Six month operating reserve		-		_		-		_		
Total assigned fund balance		770,000		2,498,838		603,000		956,921		
Unassigned		3,052,965		1,581,382		1,807,719		2,065,994		
Total government funds	\$	4,855,707	\$	11,109,947	\$	8,755,385	\$	5,438,412		

TABLE 3

Fiscal Year											
	2018	2019			2020		2021	2022		2023	
\$	54,260	\$	53,275	\$	82,635	\$	96,070	\$	25,328	\$	77,024
	15,700		11,386		14,520		17,819		13,873		18,587
	52,996		54,849		57,330		57,924		59,243		15,322
	333		401		438		439		439		439
	5,514		8,954		10,774		10,901		11,783		43,914
	-		-		1,428		4,753		10,216		15,975
	4,319		4,319		4,319		4,319		4,319		4,319
	8,087		9,912		11,819		12,847		14,429		16,005
	8,604		18,640		32,310		44,337		52,659		77,975
	456,345		128,162		-		-		-		-
	551,898		236,623		132,938		153,339		166,961		192,536
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	223,508		1,110,229		1,154,394		1,073,184		1,407,555		3,269,573
	760,599		816,395		869,615		872,769		1,089,047		1,140,475
	50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000
	_		_		-		-		-		-
	2,566,167		3,517,472		3,678,069		3,835,321		4,225,321		4,505,321
	3,600,274		5,494,096		5,752,078		5,831,274		6,771,923		8,965,369
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,309,011		3,265,169		4,365,225		1,881,701
\$	4,206,432	\$	5,783,994	\$	7,276,662	\$	9,345,852	\$	11,329,437	\$	11,116,630

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2014		2015		2016		2017
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	3,084,356	\$	3,358,145	\$	4,148,224	\$	4,907,367
Franchise fees	Ψ	453,279	Ψ	496,714	Ψ	527,109	Ψ	540,605
Licenses and permits		287,156		304,051		320,449		280,294
Animal control		207,100		-		-		200,25 .
Fines and forfeits		158,407		158,352		161,818		129,260
Utility management fee and other		166,093		171,929		177,050		195,334
Other Fees and services		_		_		-		-
Interest		1,633		25,359		38,950		56,545
Donations		-,				-		-
Capital contributions		_		_		_		_
Grant revenue		_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		622,574		30,789		53,714		46,961
Total revenues		4,773,498		4,545,339		5,427,314		6,156,366
	_	1,773,130	_	1,0 10,000	_	3,127,311	_	0,130,300
EXPENDITURES Current:								
City administration		717,511		1,749,973		931,255		1,380,476
Mayor and council		717,511		1,710,775		,51,255		1,500,170
City secretary								
HR and communications		_		_		_		_
Finance		_		_		_		_
Municipal court		80,509		81,918		84,869		90,428
Public safety		1,463,524		1,653,785		1,811,200		1,920,485
Public heath/emergency		275,784		281,876		296,450		288,066
Engineering and planning		273,70.		201,070		2,00,000		200,000
Building codes		119,507		162,100		176,077		172,849
Public works		962,447		759,233		748,454		852,315
Information techonology		_		-		-		-
Non-departmental		_		_		_		_
Culture and recreation		63,517		33,233		57,833		44,896
Capital projects/outlays		217,014		568,981		3,111,050		4,196,145
Debt service				/		-, ,		, , .
Principal payments		_		_		390,000		425,000
Interest		_		_		174,688		126,553
Bond issuance costs		-		100,090		-		-
Total expenditures		3,899,813		5,391,189		7,781,876		9,497,213
·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	873,685	_	(845,850)		(2,354,562)	_	(3,340,847)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of assets		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from SBITAs		-		-		-		-
Proceeds of bond issuance		-		7,000,000		-		-
Premiums on bond issuance		-		100,090		-		-
Transfer (to) from other funds		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from disposal of equipment		-		-		-		23,874
Total other financing sources (uses)				7,100,090		-		23,874
Net change in fund balances	\$	873,685	\$	6,254,240	\$	(2,354,562)	\$	(3,316,973)
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		0.0%		2.1%		11.9%		10.4%

TABLE 4

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$	5 472 097	e	6 570 963	e	7,387,684	\$	7 004 760	e	9 244 424	e	9 717 151
Ф	5,472,987 576,181	\$	6,570,863 618,758	\$	605,103	Ф	7,904,760 651,534	\$	8,244,424 761,408	\$	8,717,151 748,401
	236,020		257,220		410,641		499,777		348,333		241,674
	230,020		231,220		410,041		1,120		930		1,415
	126,152		137,176		101,409		139,753		174,573		208,035
	205,959		192,808		214,908		206,955		257,566		257,499
	203,757		1,72,000		211,500		59,735		59,517		51,745
	94,557		150,030		72,151		4,345		80,336		581,995
	32,920		5,915		59,925		1,5 15		-		501,775
	15,908		-		-		_		_		_
	-		_		_		_		1,283,952		310,696
	44,721		67,200		93,522		219,181		29,226		190,663
	6,805,405		7,999,970		8,945,343		9,687,160		11,240,265		11,309,274
	0,000,400		1,999,910		0,943,343		9,007,100	-	11,240,203		11,309,274
	1,461,708		644,481		1,188,519		663,012		1,101,253		692,188
	-		11,381		23,568		4,774		7,268		7,643
	-		150,845		158,624		230,348		203,099		266,799
	-		112,797		168,057		220,869		172,822		220,709
	-		266,445		337,815		322,851		299,194		329,737
	131,267		158,322		183,851		192,956		210,560		250,804
	2,234,431		2,696,334		2,781,577		2,800,098		3,238,832		3,786,061
	311,250		-		-		-		-		-
	-		264,128		717,010		976,254		1,503,785		1,516,776
	198,648		235,603		247,209		253,665		281,032		279,180
	871,371		413,041		521,395		582,532		594,514		2,002,915
	-		-		-		394,288		381,535		321,470
	-		301,985		372,665		152,060		159,793		591,897
	89,710		-				-		-		-
	2,214,919		644,693		312,344		316,341		554,081		827,236
	430,000		435,000		440,000		445,000		450,000		539,788
	122,278		117,409		111,940		106,075		99,585		98,821
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,065,582		6,452,464		7,564,574		7,661,123		9,257,353		11,732,024
	(1,260,177)		1,547,506	_	1,380,769		2,026,037		1,982,912		(422,750)
	_		_		128,721		26,330		673		16,931
	_		_		,				-		193,012
	_		_		_		_		_		
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		9,850		_		_		_		_
	28,197		20,206		_		-		-		_
	28,197	_	30,056		128,721		26,330		673	_	209,943
\$	(1,231,980)	\$	1,577,562	\$	1,509,490	\$	2,052,367	\$	1,983,585	\$	(212,807)
	9.4%		9.5%		7.6%		7.5%		6.3%		5.9%

TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 5

Fiscal	Fiscal Property Year Tax			Sales		Franchise		d Beverage		
Year			Tax		Tax		Tax		Total	
2014	\$	2,634,043	\$	431,575	\$	453,279	\$	18,738	\$	3,537,635
2015		2,826,300		513,040		496,714		18,805		3,854,859
2016		3,566,285		562,501		527,109		19,437		4,675,332
2017		4,255,198		632,030		540,605		20,139		5,447,972
2018		4,720,949		728,224		576,181		23,814		6,049,168
2019		5,693,547		854,582		618,758		22,734		7,189,621
2020		6,196,229		1,174,547		605,103		16,908		7,992,787
2021		6,444,218		1,435,763		651,534		24,779		8,556,294
2022		6,640,490		1,576,151		761,408		27,783		9,005,832
2023		7,033,032		1,656,136		748,401		27,983		9,465,552

TOP TEN SALES TAX PROVIDERS CURRENT AND FIVE YEARS AGO

TABLE 6

		2023		2017
	Rank	% of Total	Rank	% of Total
Business				
Full-service restaurant	1	12.3%	1	19.0%
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	2	11.7%	2	5.1%
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	3	7.2%		
Gasoline stations with convenience stores	4	1.9%	9	2.0%
Pharmacies and drug stores	5	1.7%	4	3.2%
Gasoline stations with convenience stores	6	1.3%		
All other professional, scientific, and technical services	7	1.2%		
Wired telecommunications carriers	8	1.1%	6	3.9%
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	9	1.1%		
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	10	1.0%		
New single-family housing construction			10	1.8%
Wireless telecommunications carriers			5	3.2%
Cable and other subscription programming			8	2.3%
Limited-service restaurant			7	2.5%
Security guard and patrol			3	4.3%

Source: Texas Comptroller

Ten years of data will be accumulated. Data prior to 2017 is not currently available.

Texas Tax Code 321.3022 (c) declares specific information on vendor and amounts to be confidential and is not subject to public inspection.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 7

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Total Collections to Date Fiscal Year Taxes Levied Collections Ended for the Percentage in Subsequent Percentage September 30, Fiscal Year Amount * of Levy Years Amount of Levy 99.29% 2014 \$ 2,672,104 2,653,136 \$ 15,019 \$ 2,668,155 99.85% 2015 2,877,185 2,859,530 99.39% 12,917 2,872,447 99.84% 2016 99.12% 3,854,537 99.81% 3,861,722 3,827,841 26,696 2017 4,332,469 4,297,290 99.19% 27,156 4,324,447 99.81% 2018 4,813,737 4,788,010 99.47% 10,709 4,798,719 99.69% 2019 5,652,427 98.85% 50,837 5,703,264 99.74% 5,718,331 2020 6,182,363 6,126,458 99.10% 34,334 6,160,792 99.65% 2021 6,389,402 99.00%45,223 99.70% 6,453,874 6,434,625 2022 6,547,412 6,504,177 99.34%14,577 6,518,754 99.56%2023 7,036,602 6,978,473 99.17% 6,978,473 99.17%

Source: Bexar County

^{*} Includes discounts allowed for early payments.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 8

Fiscal		Boerne School	Comal School	Bexar	Kendall	Comal
Period	City	District	District	County	County	County
2014	0.26630	1.294	1.430	0.326866	0.39400	0.342921
2015	0.26630	1.294	1.390	0.314500	0.39400	0.342921
2016	0.30730	1.294	1.390	0.314500	0.38670	0.342921
2017	0.32336	1.316	1.390	0.293250	0.41270	0.357921
2018	0.32950	1.354	1.390	0.291229	0.41270	0.357921
2019	0.36678	1.354	1.390	0.277429	0.41270	0.377915
2020	0.37350	1.284	1.320	0.277429	0.41270	0.392553
2021	0.37350	1.2519	1.280	0.276331	0.41270	0.358515
2022	0.35180	1.2046	1.290	0.276331	0.41270	0.314000
2023	0.32910	1.1786	1.275	0.276331	0.38770	0.248900

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, within the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Fair Oaks Ranch's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 9

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property	 Commercial Property	 Less: Fax-Exempt Property	 Fotal Taxable Assessed Value *	Total Direct Tax Rate
2014	\$ 958,417,836	\$ 105,566,114	\$ 60,565,527	\$ 1,003,418,423	0.26630
2015	1,026,612,835	107,240,362	53,423,214	1,080,429,983	0.26630
2016	1,193,076,434	128,637,815	65,052,850	1,256,661,399	0.30730
2017	1,265,114,959	150,509,495	73,244,068	1,342,380,386	0.32340
2018	1,487,818,815	185,977,352	123,984,901	1,549,811,266	0.32950
2019	1,472,341,175	187,839,320	101,155,026	1,559,025,469	0.36680
2020	1,617,484,586	154,205,210	116,629,493	1,655,060,303	0.37350
2021	1,698,442,549	181,448,336	151,985,811	1,727,905,074	0.37350
2022	2,061,749,363	216,788,137	417,511,646	1,861,025,853	0.35180
2023	2,368,440,927	249,036,039	479,617,789	2,137,859,177	0.32910

Source: Kendall County, Bexar County and Comal County Appraisal Districts.

 $[\]ast$ Total taxable assessed value and total estimated actual value of taxable property is the same.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 10

			2023			2014	
Taxpayer	1	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Spirit Realty LP	\$	8,641,240	1	0.40%			
HPI Fair Oaks Storage LLC	Ψ	7,600,000	2	0.36%			
Jerry and Esther Hicks		5,733,060	3	0.27%			
T&J Fair Oaks LLC		5,300,000	4	0.25%			
Scott Felder Homes LLC		4,333,820	5	0.20%			
Ashton San Antonio LLC		3,914,770	6	0.18%	\$ 2,873,380	4	0.29%
Bella Vista CMI Ltd		3,664,220	7	0.17%			
Frost Bank		3,661,090	8	0.17%	2,589,010	5	0.26%
Taylor Living Trust		3,609,569	9	0.17%			
Fair Oaks Country Store LLC		3,364,140	10	0.16%			
Fair Oaks Club Corp					6,775,600	1	0.68%
Fair Oaks Village II Ltd					4,250,000	2	0.42%
Greenland Ventures					3,105,510	3	0.31%
Meritage Homes					2,299,230	6	0.23%
B&M Fair Oaks					2,069,865	7	0.21%
SA Front Gate LLC					2,113,030	8	0.21%
Weekly Homes					1,818,870	9	0.18%
Guadalupe Valley Telephone					1,749,185	10	0.17%
TOTAL	\$	49,821,909		2.33%	\$ 29,643,680		2.96%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 11

	Governi	mental Activi	ties		Busine	ess-T	ype Activi	ities				Percentage	
Fiscal						Cert	ificates of				Total	of Household	Per
Year	GO Bonds	Leases	SBITA	Capit	al Leases	Ob	oligation	S	SBITA	G	overnment	Income	Capita*
2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	3,128,356	\$	1,160,000	\$	-	\$	4,288,356	1.1%	653
2015	7,100,090	-	-	3	3,128,356		790,000		-		11,018,446	3.0%	1,662
2016	6,703,417	-	-	3	3,128,356		405,000		-		10,236,773	2.7%	1,467
2017	6,721,744	-	-	3	3,128,356		-		-		9,850,100	2.1%	1,087
2018	5,835,071	-	-	3	3,070,798		-		-		8,905,869	1.9%	980
2019	5,393,398	-	-	2	2,814,779		-		-		8,208,177	1.6%	846
2020	4,946,725	-	-		-	2	2,660,000		-		7,606,725	1.3%	757
2021	4,495,052	-	-		-	2	2,430,000		-		6,925,052	1.1%	659
2022	4,038,379	63,507	-		-	2	2,115,000		-		6,216,886	0.8%	586
2023	3,571,706	43,480	133,250		-		1,795,000		184,524		5,727,960	0.6%	516

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} See population figures on Table 16.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TABLE 12

Fiscal Year Ended	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities Certificate of	Total Primary	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service	Net Debt	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	D- ::
September 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Obligation Bonds	Government	Fund	Outstanding	Property	Per Capita
2014	\$ -	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 1,160,000	\$ -	\$ 1,160,000	0.12%	\$ 177
2015	7,100,090	790,000	7,890,090	-	7,890,090	0.79%	1,201
2016	6,703,417	405,000	7,108,417	-	7,108,417	0.66%	1,028
2017	6,721,744	-	6,721,744	(7,245)	6,714,499	0.53%	777
2018	5,835,071	-	5,835,071	(7,201)	5,827,870	0.43%	641
2019	5,393,398	-	5,393,398	(10,940)	5,382,458	0.35%	555
2020	4,946,725	2,660,000	7,606,725	(30,969)	7,575,756	0.49%	770
2021	4,495,052	2,430,000	6,925,052	(44,337)	6,880,715	0.42%	655
2022	4,038,379	2,115,000	6,153,379	(52,658)	6,100,721	0.33%	581
2023	3,571,706	1,795,000	5,366,706	(77,975)	5,288,731	0.25%	476

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		tal assessed sebt limit (\$1.50			valu	e)			<u>\$</u> \$	2,137,859,177 32,067,888
	De	ebt applicable								
		eneral bonde ess: Amount	\$	3,571,706 77,975						
		Total net deb			3,493,731					
	Le	gal debt marg	in						\$	28,574,157
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2010
DIAL S	Ф.	2014	Φ.	2015	Φ.	2016	Φ.	2017	Ф.	2018
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	5	15,051,276	\$	16,206,450 7,000,000	\$	18,849,921 6,610,000	\$	20,165,764 6,185,000	\$	23,247,169 5,835,071
Legal debt margin	\$	14,675,649	\$	9,206,450	\$	12,239,921	\$	13,980,764	\$	17,412,098

TABLE 13

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	23,385,382	\$ 24,825,905	\$ 25,918,276	\$ 27,915,388	\$ 32,067,888
	5,393,398	4,946,725	4,495,052	 3,985,721	3,493,731
\$	17,991,984	\$ 19,879,180	\$ 21,423,224	\$ 23,929,667	\$ 28,574,157

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

September 30, 2023

TABLE 14

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes:	 Debt Outstanding	Estin Perce Appli	entage		nated Share of rlapping Debt
Alamo CCD	\$ 773,715,000	0.5	8%	\$	4,487,547
Bexar Co	2,148,125,000	0.5	8%		12,459,125
Bexar Co Hosp Dist	1,320,585,000	0.5	8%		7,659,393
Boerne ISD	377,925,232	17.8	31%		67,308,484
Comal Co	112,200,000	0.9	8%		1,099,560
Comal ISD	1,092,450,214	0.4	1%		4,479,046
Kendall Co	43,115,000	5.5	6%		2,397,194
Subtotal - overlapping debt					99,890,349
City of Fair Oaks Ranch - direct debt				_	3,748,436 *
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	103,638,785

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

^{*}Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, as least in part, within the geographical boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Fair Oaks Ranch's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

TABLE 15

		2023			2014	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Joint Base San Antonio (JBSA) -						
Lackland, Fort Sam & Randolph	82,639	1	7.23%	92,301	1	9.83%
H.E.B. Food Stores	20,000	2	1.75%	20,000	2	2.13%
United Services Automobile Assoc	19,000	3	1.66%	17,000	3	1.81%
City of San Antonio	13,420	4	1.17%	11,371	5	1.21%
Northside Independent School District	12,206	6	1.07%	12,751	4	1.36%
Methodist Healthcare System	12,000	5	1.05%	8,000	7	0.85%
North East Independent School District	8,208	7	0.72%	10,522	6	1.12%
San Antonio Independent School District	7,500	8	0.66%	7,374	8	0.79%
University of Texas Health Science	7,200	9	0.63%	5,500	10	0.59%
Baptist Health Systems	6,490	10	0.57%	6,216	9	0.66%
Total	188,663		<u>16.51</u> %	191,035		20.35%

The City of Fair Oaks Ranch is located near the City of San Antonio and data is not available for the employers in Fair Oaks Ranch, Texas. The above data is for the City of San Antonio.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_		-	 _		-
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	(1)	(1) Per Capita	(1)	(2)	(3) San Antonio
Fiscal		Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2014	6,569	57,306	50.9	650	4.5%
2015	6,569	55,586	51.2	650	3.8%
2016	6,914	54,829	47.9	650	3.9%
2017	8,645	52,917	46.7	916	3.2%
2018	9,091	51,482	45.9	1,321	3.3%
2019	9,700	52,094	47.1	1,391	3.0%
2020	9,833	57,939	46.3	1,575	6.3%
2021	10,505	57,939	46.3	1,586	4.5%
2022	10,505	75,205	45.5	1,605	3.5%
2023	11,104	82,685	46.4	1,688	3.8%

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ Population, per capita income and median age provided by the United States Census Bureau

⁽²⁾ Boerne Independent School District

⁽³⁾ United States Bureau of Labor/TWC

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023

<u>TABLE 17</u>

Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Police							
Incidents/offenses	919	856	666	589	504	501	444
Arrests	294	289	199	157	207	224	191
Calls for service	4,177	4,031	3,955	3,482	3,913	3,716	3,664
Trafficstops	6,327	4,708	4,026	2,924	4,893	5,271	4,217
Public Works							
Street resurfacing (square yards)	244,561	254,422	107,108	80,557	155,468	64,496	118,827
Preventative street maintenance							
(square yards)	483	1,337	999	211,529	49,477	65,244	101,646
Building Codes							
Permits issued	86	133	247	157	118	190	142
Permits issued - other	580	645	692	734	506	416	376
Inspections/reinspections conducted	1,850	2,732	2,751	2,297	1,898	1,586	1,679
Utilities							
Account service orders							
Meter install / change	284	111	217	86	252	222	288
Occupancy change	181	261	370	320	288	330	322
Customer service inquiry	372	199	401	338	297	247	291
Billing (water, sewer, fees, all charges)	\$6,129,738	\$ 5,862,105	\$ 4,758,791	\$ 5,002,084	\$ 4,550,072	\$ 4,683,010	\$ 4,632,435
Water							
Service connections	3,248	3,201	3,157	3,083	3,002	2,948	2,929
Purchased (gallons)	369,914,400	328,996,000	324,549,963	337,047,000	318,044,000	276,418,000	296,164,000
Pumped (gallons)	246,488,566	323,937,547	217,061,572	231,668,112	174,702,326	168,328,487	241,088,931
Billed consumption (gallons)	584,553,400	594,010,700	485,043,800	523,698,900	436,094,700	457,611,000	502,639,000
Non-billed & bulk water sold (gallons)	2,946,600	2,873,400	2,310,900	3,192,400	3,350,000	3,476,900	5,182,505
Wastewater/Sewer							
Service connections	2,001	1,979	1,943	1,886	1,820	1,775	1,733
Average daily treatment in gallons	295,213	249,076	256,037	242,174	225,255	235,917	224,046

Source: Various City departments.

Note: Schedule to be built over the next 10 fiscal years.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023

TABLE 18

							TABLE 10
Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Administration							
Vehicles	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Police							
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	13	13	15	14	14	13	15
Animal Control							
Control vehicle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building Inspections							
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works							
Vehicles	13	14	12	12	12	10	9
Other equipment	14	17	16	16	16	12	10
Utilities							
Vehicles	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Other equipment	20	18	18	18	18	16	16
Streets							
Paved streets (in miles)	81.6	81.6	81.6	81.6	81.6	81.6	81.6
Paved streets maintained by the City	60	60	60	60	68.1	68.1	68.1
Water							
Water mains (in miles)	76	76	76	76	76	76	76
Wells	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Treatment plants	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of hydrants	266	266	266	266	266	266	228
Sewer							
Lift stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Sewer lines (in miles)	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<u>F</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Schedule to be built over the next 10 fiscal years.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023

TABLE 19

Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government								
City Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant City Manager	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
				1	1	1	1	1
City Secretary	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Human Resources and								
Communications	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	2
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Information Technology	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0
Customer Service	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1
Public Safety								
Police	25	23	23	23	23	21	20	19
Animal control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Code enforcement	4	4	4	4	4	1.5	1.5	1.5
Administration	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	2
Public Works	17	16	14	14	14	13	9	9
Water and Sewer								
Customer Service	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water and Sewer	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
	81	78	75	74	74	61.5	52.5	50.5

Note: Schedule to be built over the next 10 fiscal years.



Financial Advisory Services Provided By:

