OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 28, 2023

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL, UNDER EXISTING LAW, INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES AND INTEREST ON BONDS IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX ON INDIVIDUALS; HOWEVER, SUCH INTEREST IS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DETERMINING THE ANNUAL ADJUSTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT INCOME OF APPLICABLE CORPORATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX IMPOSED ON CORPORATIONS. SEE "TAX MATTERS" FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL.

THE BONDS ARE NOT "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

NEW ISSUE-Book-Entry-Only

Insured Rating (AGM): S&P "AA" (stable outlook)
See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL
BOND INSURANCE" herein.

\$31,600,000 HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 171 (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Harris County) CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2023

The bonds described above (the "Bonds") are special obligations solely of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 (the "Master District," the "District" or "MUD 171") payable solely from and to the extent of payments required to be made to the Trustee (as herein defined) by the municipal utility districts within the Service Area (as defined herein) that have executed the Master District Contract as defined herein (the "Participants") from proceeds of an unlimited annual ad valorem tax without legal limit as to rate or amount levied by each Participant or from other revenues available to such Participant (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments"). Payment of Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments by Participants and use of such proceeds by the Master District to pay debt service on the Bonds is governed by the Contracts for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities, as amended, between each Participant and the Master District (the "Master District Contract") as described more fully herein under "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT." The Bonds are special obligations of the Master District payable solely from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Harris County, the City of Houston, any of the Participants (except the Master District in its role as a Participant), or any entity other than the Master District.

Dated: October 1, 2023

Due: December 1, as shown below Interest Accrual Date: Date of Delivery

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000. Principal of the Bonds will be payable upon presentation of the Bonds at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (the "Paying Agent/Registrar") in Houston, Texas. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the date of delivery (expected to be on or about October 31, 2023) (the "Date of Delivery") and is payable June 1, 2024, and each December 1 and June 1 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds as described herein. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."



The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer"). See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

				Initial					Initial
Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Reoffering	Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Reoffering
<u>Amount</u>	(December 1)	Number (b)	Rate	Yield (c)	<u>Amount</u>	(December 1)	Number (b)	Rate	Yield (c)
\$1,220,000	2024	41423T JH3	6.750 %	4.30 %	\$1,215,000	2037 (a)	41423T JW0	4.750 %	4.85 %
1,220,000	2025	41423T JJ9	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2038 (a)	41423T JX8	4.750	4.90
1,215,000	2026	41423T JK6	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2039 (a)	41423T JY6	4.750	4.95
1,215,000	2027	41423T JL4	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2040 (a)	41423T JZ3	4.750	5.00
1,215,000	2028	41423T JM2	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2041 (a)	41423T KA6	4.875	5.03
1,215,000	2029	41423T JN0	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2042 (a)	41423T KB4	4.875	5.06
1,215,000	2030	41423T JP5	6.750	4.30	1,215,000	2043 (a)	41423T KC2	5.000	5.08
1,215,000	2031 (a)	41423T JQ3	4.250	4.35	1,215,000	2044 (a)	41423T KD0	5.000	5.10
1,215,000	2032 (a)	41423T JR1	4.250	4.40	1,215,000	2045 (a)	41423T KE8	5.000	5.12
1,215,000	2033 (a)	41423T JS9	4.250	4.50	1,215,000	2046 (a)	41423T KF5	5.000	5.13
1,215,000	2034 (a)	41423T JT7	4.500	4.60	1,215,000	2047 (a)	41423T KG3	5.000	5.14
1,215,000	2035 (a)	41423T JU4	4.500	4.70	1,215,000	2048 (a)	41423T KH1	5.000	5.15
1,215,000	2036 (a)	41423T JV2	4.500	4.80	1,215,000	2049 (a)	41423T KJ7	5.000	5.16

⁽a) Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2031, are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity dates in whole, or from time to time in part, on December 1, 2030, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest on the principal amounts called for redemption to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds (as defined herein) are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as more fully described herein. See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

(b) CUSIP Numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services and are included solely for the convenience of the purchasers of the Bonds. Neither the District nor the Underwriter shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP Numbers set forth herein.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding special obligations of the District. THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED HEREIN. Bond purchasers are encouraged to read this OFFICIAL STATEMENT prior to making an investment decision, particularly the section captioned "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered by the Underwriter subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Underwriter, subject, among other things, to the approval of the Bonds by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas, Bond Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds in book-entry form through the facilities of DTC is expected on or about October 31, 2023, in Houston, Texas.

⁽c) Initial reoffering yield represents the initial offering yield to the public which has been established by the Underwriter (as herein defined) for offers to the public and which may be subsequently changed by the Underwriter and is the sole responsibility of the Underwriter. The initial yields indicated above represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

MATURITY COHERVILE		,
MATURITY SCHEDULEUSE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT]]
SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS]
OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY	5	T
SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)		(
MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT		1
THE BONDS]
Description		I
Source and Security of Payment		T
Unconditional Obligation to Pay		1
Funds		J
Redemption Provisions]
Authority for Issuance		
No Arbitrage Registration and Transfer		1
Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds		1
Replacement of Paying Agent/Registrar		-
Issuance of Additional Debt		1
Financing Parks and Recreational Facilities		I
Annexation by the City of Houston	19]
Consolidation		IN
Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas		(
Defeasance		ì
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM		(
USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS		-
THE INDENTURE OF TRUST		(
Events of Default		Ţ
Remedies Limitation on Action by Owners]]
Amendments to the Indenture of Trust		1
Road Contract Revenue Bonds		9
Removal or Resignation of Trustee	26	1
Appointment of Successor Trustee		I
THE PARTICIPANTS]
Creation, Authority and Description		J
Operations]
Contract Tax		1
Direct Debt Service Tax]
Maintenance and Operations Taxes		(
Annexation]
Consolidation		-
Financial Data		(
Future Participants		L
ELYSON		1
THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA]
General		1 T.
Description and Location		1.
Status of Development		M
Future Development		M
Role of a Developer]
Homebuilding		70
MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT		P
Board of Directors]
District Consultants THE ROAD SYSTEM		(
THE SYSTEM		1
Regulation		(
Master District Facilities	33	C
Internal Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection, Storm	2.4	1
Drainage Facilities and Road Facilities]
Flood Protection and Drainage		I
Water and Wastewater Operations		
FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER		M
DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)		A
Investments of the District	38	Pl
Participants' Appraised Valuation as a Percentage of all	20	A
Participants Outstanding Bonds		A A
C W.C. WILLIAM DOLLAS		A

Debt Service Requirements	
Estimated Overlapping Debt	
Estimated Overlapping Taxes	
Contract Tax	
Appraised Valuation Information	
Historical Contract Payment Collections	
Principal Taxpayers Tax Adequacy for Debt Service	. 43
TAXING PROCEDURES	
Authority to Levy Taxes	
Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District	. 44
Property Subject to Taxation by the Participants	
Tax Abatement	
Valuation of Property for Taxation	
Levy and Collection of Taxes	
Tax Payment Installments	
Additional Penalties	
Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate	
Participant's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS	
General	
Operational Expenses	
Economic Factors and Interest Rates	. 49
Credit Markets and Liquidity in the Financial Markets	
Transformer Shortage	
Competition	
Developer Obligation to the District	
Possible Impact on Contract Tax Rate	
Debt Burden on Property within the Participants	
Specific Flood Type Risks	
Atlas 14 Potential Effects of Oil Price Fluctuations on the Houston Area	
Extreme Weather Events	
Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitation to	
Registered Owner's Rights	
Future Debt	
Marketability of the Bonds	
Environmental and Air Quality Regulations	
Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond	
Insurance	5.5
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies	. 55
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies	. 55 . 56
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS	. 56 . 56
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings	. 56 . 56 . 56
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS	. 56 . 56 . 56 . 56
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS	. 56 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 56
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds	. 56 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING	. 56 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 57
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 57 . 58
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 58
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 58 . 60
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 58 . 60 . 60
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 58 . 60 . 60
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information. Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 60 . 60 . 60
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants	. 55 . 56 . 56 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 58 . 60 . 60 . 61 . 61
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports	. 555 . 566 . 566 . 567 . 578 . 588 . 588 . 600 . 601 . 611 . 611
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices	. 555 . 566 . 566 . 576 . 578 . 588 . 600 . 601 . 611 . 611
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB	. 555 . 566 . 566 . 576 . 578 . 588 . 588 . 600 . 601 . 611 . 611 . 622 . 622
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments	. 555 . 566 . 566 . 576 . 578 . 588 . 588 . 600 . 610 . 611 . 611 . 622 . 622 . 622
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments Compliance with Prior Undertakings	. 556 . 566 . 566 . 578 . 588 . 600 . 601 . 611 . 612 . 622 . 622 . 622
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments Compliance with Prior Undertakings MISCELLANEOUS AERIAL LOCATION MAP	. 556 . 566 . 566 . 576 . 578 . 588 . 600 . 610 . 611 . 611 . 622 . 622 . 623 . 634 . 644
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments Compliance with Prior Undertakings MISCELLANEOUS AERIAL LOCATION MAP PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT	. 555. 566. 566. 576. 588. 588. 588. 600. 601. 611. 612. 622. 622. 624. 655. 644. 655. 655. 655. 655. 655. 65
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments Compliance with Prior Undertakings MISCELLANEOUS AERIAL LOCATION MAP PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT APPENDIX A	. 555. 566. 566. 566. 666. 666. 666. 66
Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants LEGAL MATTERS Legal Proceedings No Material Adverse Change No-Litigation Certificate TAX MATTERS Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds MUNICIPAL BOND RATING MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE Bond Insurance Policy Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT Sources and Compilation of Information Financial Advisor Consultants Updating the Official Statement Certification of Official Statement CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION Annual Reports Event Notices Availability of Information from MSRB Limitations and Amendments Compliance with Prior Undertakings MISCELLANEOUS AERIAL LOCATION MAP PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT	. 555. 566. 566. 664. 655. 666. 79

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT is not to be used in an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, contracts, audited financial statements, engineering and other related reports referenced or described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the District, c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this OFFICIAL STATEMENT for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this OFFICIAL STATEMENT current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District until the delivery of the Bonds to the Underwriter and thereafter only as described in "PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT—Updating the Official Statement." The District has undertaken no other reporting obligations to purchasers of the Bonds except as described herein under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX C—Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy."

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate, which bid was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Underwriter") bearing the interest rates shown on the cover page hereof, at a price of 97.0037% of the par value thereof, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 5.195894%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code, as amended (the IBA Method).

Prices and Marketability

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Underwriter may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The Master District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The Master District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following is a brief summary of certain information contained herein which is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of the entire OFFICIAL STATEMENT and of the documents summarized or described therein.

THE MASTER DISTRICT

political subdivision of the State of Texas, created by an order of the Texas Water Commission (a predecessor to the Texas Commission of Environmental Quality or "TCEQ") on October 16, 1978, and operates pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. The Master District also serves as a provider of regional water, wastewater, drainage, park/recreational and road facilities to the approximate 3,586 acre service area (the "Service Area") which includes the following municipal utility districts: the District, Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 ("MUD 457"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 ("MUD 458"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 532 ("MUD 532"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 533 ("MUD 533") and Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 ("MUD 534"). The District (as a Participant), MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532, MUD 533 and MUD 534 have each executed a Contract for the Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities, as amended (individually referred to as the "Master District Contract" and collectively referred to as the "Master District Contracts") and are referred to herein collectively as the "Participants." See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "THE PARTICIPANTS," and "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA."

Location The Service Area is located approximately 35 miles west of the central downtown business district of the City of Houston, Texas in Harris County. The Service Area lies wholly within the exclusive extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston and portions of the Service Area lie within the boundaries of the Katy Independent School District and portions of the Service Area lie within the boundaries of the Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District. Access to the Service Area is currently provided by the Grand Parkway (Texas State Highway 99) to Farm-to-Market 529. Other thoroughfares to the Service Area include Peek Road, Porter Road and Beckendorff Road. See "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA" and "AERIAL LOCATION MAP."

ElysonThe Service Area is being developed and marketed as Elyson, a master-planned community currently planned to encompass the entire approximately 3,586 acre Service Area at full development. See "ELYSON," "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA" and "THE DEVELOPER."

Developer......NASH FM 529, LLC ("Nash FM 529" or the "Developer"), a Delaware limited liability company, was created for the sole purpose of acquiring and developing Elyson, including the District and its only substantial asset consists of land in Elyson. See "THE DEVELOPER." North America Sekisui House L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, owns a 95% interest in NASH FM529. American Newland Communities II, LLC., a Delaware limited liability company ("Newland") owns a 5% interest in NASH FM 529. Newland is wholly owned by Brookfield Communities US, LLC., a Delaware limited liability company. Development of the District is being managed by Brookfield Properties Development L.L.C. ("Brookfield"), which is indirectly wholly owned by Brookfield Residential Properties, Inc. Brookfield is a global developer and operator of high-quality real estate assets and is active in nearly all real estate sectors, including office, retail, multifamily, hospitality and logistics.

> Neither the Developer nor any of its respective affiliates is obligated to pay any principal of or interest on the Bonds. See "THE DEVELOPER."

Status of Development The Master District Service Area is being developed as the master-planned community of Elyson. Development activity within the Service Area is currently taking place within the District, MUD 457, MUD 458 and MUD 534. The current single-family residential development within Elyson consists of 1,971 single-family residential lots on approximately 623 acres in MUD 457 and 1,242 single-family residential lots on approximately 317 acres and 143 single-family residential lots under construction on approximately 32 acres in MUD 534. According to Brookfield, new homes within the Service Area range in price from approximately \$350,000 to over \$650,000. As of August 15, 2023, 2,254 homes were complete (2,243 occupied), 171 homes were under construction or continue to be owned by a builder and 788 developed lots were available for home construction. The 143 single-family residential lots under construction in MUD 534 on approximately 32 acres are expected to be complete in the fourth quarter of 2023 and connected to the power grid in the second quarter of 2024. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS— Transformer Shortage."

> Approximately 372 acres have been served with trunk facilities for commercial development in the Service Area, of which approximately 85 acres are located within the District, approximately 29 acres are located within MUD 457 and approximately 258 acres are located within MUD 458. A child day care center, a gas service station/convenience store, a shopping center and a prep school have been constructed in MUD 457. Approximately 23 acres within the District have been developed as The Plaza at Elyson, which according to Brookfield consists of a 145,000 square foot Target store as the anchor tenant, a 25,000 square foot Burlington and an additional 40,000 square feet of retail sites Approximately 9,500 square feet of retail and a McDonalds restaurants are currently under construction. A daycare facility has been also constructed on approximately 2 acres in the District. In addition, a Harmony Charter School (tax-exempt) has been constructed on approximately 7 acres in MUD 458 and an elementary school (tax-exempt) has been constructed on approximately 13 acres in MUD 457. Approximately 762 developable acres have not been provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities and approximately 1,427 acres are not developable. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS— Undeveloped Acreage and Vacant Lots" and "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA—Land Use" and "—Status of Development."

> Recreational amenities within the Service Area have been constructed on approximately 19 acres and include a 6,500 square foot welcome center located in MUD 457 and an additional recreational facility that includes a pool, a fitness center, game room and a full-service café located in MUD 534. Parks and open space within the Service Area are or are planned to be connected by a master trail system.

Homebuilders......Active homebuilders in the Service Area include Westin Homes, Pulte Homes, Perry Homes, Chesmar Homes, Taylor Morrison, Highland Homes, Newmark Homes, Brookfield Residential and Beazer Homes. See "THE DEVELOPER—Homebuilding."

facilities ("Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities" or "Master District Water, Sewer, Drainage Facilities"), park facilities ("Master District Park Facilities"), road facilities ("Master District Road Facilities") and other facilities necessary to serve the Service Area (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Master District Facilities"), has contracted with each of the Participants to construct and provide service from the Master District Facilities. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Possible Impact on Contract Tax Rate" and "—Debt Burden on Property within the Participants," "THE SYSTEM— Master District Facilities," and "THE ROAD SYSTEM."

> The Master District owns and operates the Master District Facilities, with the exception of roads conveyed to and accepted by Harris County. Each Participant, including the District in its capacity as provider of internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage, owns and operates the internal utilities within its boundaries. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."

"MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT"), together with the debt service tax necessary for the payment of direct debt, if applicable, of each Participant and maintenance and operation of each Participant's internal water, wastewater and storm drainage system. MUD 457 has issued \$52,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds, of which \$49,275,000 principal amount is currently outstanding and plans to issue \$5,750,000 principal amount of unlimited tax park bonds in the fourth quarter of 2023. MUD 534 has issued \$10,210,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds, of which \$10,210,000 is currently outstanding and plans to issue \$15,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds on October 26, 2023. The District in its capacity as a Participant has authorized a publication of a total 2023 tax rate of \$1.39, of which \$0.62 is expected to be allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.77 to the Contract Tax in October 2023. MUD 457 has authorized the publication of a \$1.41 total tax rate for 2023, of which \$0.41 is expected to be allocated to debt service, \$0.24 to maintenance and operations and \$0.76 to the Contract Tax in

Contract Tax in October 2023. MUD 458 has authorized the publication of a \$1.18 total tax rate for 2023, of which \$0.76 is expected to be allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.42 to the Contract Tax. MUD 532 has authorized the publication of a \$1.50 total tax rate for 2023, of which \$0.75 is expected to be allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.75 to the Contract Tax. MUD 533 is expected to authorize the publication of a \$1.50 total tax rate for 2023; however, as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the Appraisal District had not provided any certified or uncertified value and not determination of the tax rate allocation is available. MUD 534 has authorized the publication of a \$1.50 total tax rate for 2023, of which \$0.22 is expected to be allocated to debt service, \$0.50 to maintenance and operations and \$0.78 to the Contract Tax. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Possible Impact on Contract Tax Rate" and "—Debt Burden on Property within the Participants."

Payment HistoryThe Bonds are the Master District's sixth issuance of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds (as defined herein). The Master District has issued \$9,980,000 principal amount of Road Contract Revenue Bonds in three series, \$9,370,000 principal amount of which is outstanding (the "Outstanding Road Bonds") and \$86,085,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds in five series, \$83,255,000 principal amount of which is outstanding (the "Outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds"). Collectively, the District has \$92,625,000 principal amount of bonds outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds"). The District has never defaulted on its debt obligations. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Outstanding Bonds."

THE BONDS

"Bonds") are being issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$31,600,000. The Bonds are dated October 1, 2023. Interest accrues from the Date of Delivery and is payable each June 1 and December 1, beginning June 1, 2024, at the rates per annum set forth on the cover page hereof. The Bonds are being issued as serial bonds maturing on December 1 in each of the years 2024

through 2049, both inclusive. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000.

Book-Entry-Only......The Depository Trust Company (defined as "DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for each maturity

of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC.

RedemptionBonds maturing on or after December 1, 2031 are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity dates on December 1, 2030, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest on the principal amounts called for redemption to the date fixed for redemption.

See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

Use of ProceedsProceeds of the Bonds will be used to pay for the construction related items shown herein under "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." In addition, proceeds of the Bonds will be used to fund the Reserve Requirement (defined in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture); to

capitalize \$829,500 of interest on the Bonds; to pay interest on funds advanced by the Developer on behalf of the District; and to pay administrative costs and certain other costs and engineering fees related to the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS" and "THE SYSTEM."

Authority for Issuance...... The Bonds are the sixth series of bonds issued by the Master District pursuant to the Master District Contract for the purpose of constructing and acquiring all Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities. The Master District is authorized by the Master District Contract to issue contract revenue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$680,320,000 principal amount for the purpose of constructing and acquiring all Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities necessary to provide service to the Service Area and for refunding such bonds. Any additional Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District will be on parity with the Bonds.

> The Bonds are issued pursuant to the terms and conditions of Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, the general laws of the State of Texas, the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture (as defined herein), a resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"), and an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"). See "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance," and "— Issuance of Additional Debt" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt."

Source and Security

of PaymentPrincipal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds are payable from and secured by unconditional obligations of the Participants to make certain Contract Payments (as herein defined) pursuant to each Master District Contract. By execution of the Master District Contract, each Participant has agreed to pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments"), the Outstanding Road Bonds (the "Road Contract Payments"). The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments and the Road Contract Payments are collectively referred to as the "Contract Payments." The Contract Payments are based upon the Certified Appraised Valuation (which includes value associated with any optional exemptions that are granted by the Participants and the market value of any land value deferred for agricultural use) of each Participant as a percentage of the total Certified Appraised Valuation of all Participants. Each Participant is obligated to make such payments from the proceeds of an annual unlimited ad valorem tax levied by such Participant for such purpose on all land within its boundaries (the "Contract Tax"), or from any other lawful source of income. The Contract Tax consists of a tax for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax") and a tax for the Road Contract Payments (the "Road Contract Tax"). No Participant is liable for the payments owed by any other Participant; however, failure of any Participant to make its Contract Payments could result in an increase in the total amount of the Contract Payments and the amount paid by each of the other Participants in a subsequent year or during the time such Participant's payment is delinquent. The Bonds are obligations of the Master District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Harris County, the City of Houston, any of the Participants except the Master District, or any entity other than the Master District. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "THE BONDS—Source and Security of Payment," and "-Unconditional Obligation to Pay.'

"Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture") from the Master District to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas, as trustee (the "Trustee"). Pursuant to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Master District has assigned to the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and any additional water/sewer/drainage contract revenue bonds, including water/sewer/drainage contract revenue refunding bonds, issued by the Master District under the terms of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture (collectively, the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds") all of the Master District's right, title and interest in and to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments under the Master District Contract and has assigned to the Trustee the right to assert and enforce all of the Master District's rights and remedies under the Master District Contract in the event of a default. Under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Trustee will maintain a Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund (defined below) to be used to pay principal of and interest on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, if sufficient funds are not available for such purpose in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund. The reserve requirement for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund has been established in the Bond Resolution to be a sum of money equal to one-half of the maximum annual debt service requirements on the Outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds (the "Reserve Requirement"). Any funds in excess of the Reserve Requirement held in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds may be deposited into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund as directed by the Master District's Board of Directors. The Master District has established a separate Indenture of Trust for the benefit of road contract revenue bonds (the "Road Indenture") and the road bonds (the "Road Contract Revenue Bonds"). The Road Indenture and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture are collectively referred to as the "Indentures." Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds together with the Road Contract Revenue Bonds are referred to herein as the "Contract Revenue Bonds". See "THE BONDS-Funds" and "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST.

Municipal Bond Rating and Municipal Bond

assigned its municipal bond insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to the Bonds with the understanding that upon issuance and delivery of the Bonds, a municipal bond insurance policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer"). No application has been made to a municipal rating company for an underlying rating on the Bonds, nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating if application had been made. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance," "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING," "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX C."

Not Qualified Tax-Exempt

Obligations The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Bond Counsel......Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, Houston, Texas. See "LEGAL

MATTERS" and "TAX MATTERS."

Disclosure CounselMcCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Houston, Texas.

Trustee The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas. See "THE INDENTURE

OF TRUST."

Paying Agent/Registrar..... The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas.

THE MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT

Participants......To date, the District (in its capacity as a Participant), MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532, MUD 533 and MUD 534 have contracted with the Master District as Participants. Each Participant is a municipal utility district organized and operating pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the

Constitution of Texas and Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended, to provide water supply and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment, storm drainage, road, and park and recreation services to the area within its boundaries. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT,"

"THE PARTICIPANTS" and "APPENDIX A."

Debt Service Payments The Master District Contract provides that each Participant shall pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds based upon each Participant's Certified Appraised Valuation as a percentage of the Certified Appraised Valuation of all the Participants, calculated annually. Each Participant is obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service payments from the Contract Tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, or from any other legally available funds. The Contract Payment may be calculated to include the charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees utilized in connection with the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds, the principal, interest and redemption requirements of the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the applicable Bond Resolutions or Indentures. Each Participant's Contract Payment will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a Contract Tax or the provisions of other funds to make its contract payments is the sole responsibility of each Participant. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "THE BONDS—Source and Security of Payment" and "—Funds." Each Participant is obligated severally, but not jointly, to make Contract Payments to the Master District. No Participant is obligated, contingently or otherwise, to make any Contract Payments owed by any other Participant, however, lack of payment, as required by the Master District Contract, by any Participant, could result in an increase in the Contract Payment amount paid by each of the other Participants in a subsequent year or during the time that such Participant's payment is delinquent.

Water and Sewer

also obligates each Participant to pay monthly charges to the Master District for water and sewer services rendered pursuant to the Master District Contract. The monthly charges paid by each Participant to the Master District will be used to pay operations and maintenance expenses and to provide an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operations and maintenance expenses. The Master District Contract obligates each Participant to establish, maintain and from time-to-time adjust its rates, fees and charges for use of its wastewater collection system and water distribution system, or for the availability of such services, to the end that the gross revenues therefrom together with any taxes levied in support thereof and funds received from any other lawful source will be sufficient at all times to pay all operation and maintenance expenses of the Participant's water distribution and wastewater collection system and its obligations to the Master District under the Master District Contract, including its obligation to pay Contract Payments for application to debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Operational Expenses."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds are subject to special INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully this entire Official Statement with respect to the investment security of the Bonds, particularly the section captioned "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Appraised Valuations of the Participants (a):

rppraised v	Participant Valuation (a)							
						Estimated		
	2019 Certified	2020 Certified	2021 Certified	2022 Certified	2023	Appraised		
	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Valuation as of		
Participant	Valuation (b)	Valuation (b)	Valuation (b)	Valuation (b)	Valuation (b)	8/1/2023 (c)		
MUD 171	\$ 10,187,714	\$ 7,762,102	\$ 14,022,982	\$ 27,858,603	\$ 55,258,540	\$ 55,821,648		
MUD 457	220,090,893	319,736,639	481,285,242	735,337,619	866,325,755	872,622,396		
MUD 458	24,675,207	11,878,696	19,947,003	30,311,426	37,653,384	37,259,983		
MUD 532	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,605,633	5,173,121	5,157,717		
MUD 533	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-		
MUD 534	N/A	N/A	13,777,501	47,522,407	215,932,347	316,191,056		
Total	\$ 254,953,814	\$ 339,377,437	\$ 529,032,728	\$ 845,635,688	\$1,180,343,147	\$1,287,052,800		
Contract Re	evenue Bonds of t	the Master District						
Direct Debt (Including the Bonds)\$124,225,000Estimated Overlapping Debt\$10,936,919 (d)Total Direct and Overlapping Debt\$235,161,919								
Direct Debt as a % of: 2023 Appraised Valuation								
Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt as a % of: 2023 Appraised Valuation								
		Valuation as of Aug						
Participants	s' Appraised Valu	uation as a % of the	e Service Area (a)	:				
	-		, ,	-		% of		

Participant	2022 Appraised Valuation (b)	% of 2022 Appraised Valuation	2023 Appraised Valuation (b)	% of 2023 Appraised Valuation	Estimated Appraised Valuation as of 8/1/2023 (c)	Estimated Appraised Valuation as of 8/1/2023
MUD 171	\$ 27,858,603	3.29%	\$ 55,258,540	4.68%	\$ 55,821,648	4.34%
MUD 457	735,337,619	86.96%	866,325,755	73.40%	872,622,396	67.80%
MUD 458	30,311,426	3.58%	37,653,384	3.19%	37,259,983	2.89%
MUD 532	4,605,633	0.54%	5,173,121	0.44%	5,157,717	0.40%
MUD 533	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
MUD 534	47,522,407	5.62%	215,932,347	18.29%	316,191,056	24.57%
Total	\$ 845,635,688	100.00%	\$1,180,343,147	100.00%	\$ 1,287,052,800	100.00%

Appraised value does not exclude value associated with any optional exemption that a Participant may grant under Texas law nor does it exclude the market value deferred as a result of agricultural use. MUD 532's initial activation at the Harris Central Appraisal District (the (a) "Appraisal District") was 2022, MUD 533's initial activation at the Appraisal District is 2023 and MUD 534's initial activation at the Appraisal District was 2021; therefore, no information for years prior to activation is available.

As certified by the Appraisal District for 2019 through 2022. For 2023, the Appraisal District has certified \$1,055,790,379 of appraised

(d) Estimated Overlapping Debt."

⁽b) value in the boundaries of the Participants. There is also appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants that remains uncertified, subject to review and downward revision prior to certification in the amount of \$124,552,768. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value. The Appraisal District has not provided any certified or uncertified value for MUD 533 as of the date of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT. For purposes of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the 2023 Appraised Valuation represents the Certified Appraised Valuation plus the landowners' opinion of the uncertified taxable value. No tax will be levied on the uncertified value until it

Appraised Valuation plus the landowners opinion of the uncertified taxable value. No tax will be levied on the uncertified value is certified. See "APPENDIX A" for information on each Participant's certified and uncertified value. Each Participant's Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, as shown herein, is comprised of the estimate of appraised value as of August 1, 2023 for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534. Increases in value that occur between January 1, 2023 and August 1, 2023, in MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534 will be appraised for purposes of taxation on January 1, 2024. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified in the fall of 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)— (c)

Status of Residential Development as of August 15, 2023 (a):

		Total			Homes Under	Vacant	Lots
		Developed	Completed	Occupied	Construction or	Developed	Under
District	Acreage	Lots	Homes	Homes	in Builders' Name	Lots	Construction (b)
MUD 171	399	-	=	-	-	=	-
MUD 457	1,090	1,971	1,898	1,890	47	26	-
MUD 458	589	-	-	-	-		-
MUD 534	559	1,242	356	353	124	762	143
Total	2,637	3,213	2,254	2,243	171	788	143

Estimated Population 7,851 (c)

Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Debt Service Funds Available:

Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund Balance as of September 11, 2023	\$3,072,478	(d)(e)
Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund as of September 11, 2023	4,682,827	(d)(e)
Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund from Bond Proceeds	1,350,000	(d)(e)
Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Capitalized Interest from Bond Proceeds	829,500	(d)(e)
Total Available for Water/Sewer/Drainage Debt Service	\$9,934,805	(d)

Master District Road Debt Service Funds Available:

Road Reserve Fund Balance as of September 11, 2023	\$292,028 (d) <u>506,344</u> (d) \$798,372 (d)
Master District Operating Funds Available as of September 11, 2023	\$953,750 (f) \$554,758

Debt Service Requirements (includes the Bonds and all Outstanding Bonds):

Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024)	 (g)
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024-2049)	 (g)

See "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA."

- All of the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds are payable from Contract Taxes. The revenues from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax will be allocated to Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, and the revenues from the Road Contract Tax will be allocated to the Road Contract Revenue Bonds. The Road Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund will not be pledged to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, nor will funds deposited into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund be pledged to Road Contract Revenue Bonds.
- A reserve requirement for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund has been established in the Bond Resolution to be a sum equivalent to one-half of maximum annual debt service (\$8,936,891) on Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds, which is \$4,468,445. The District will deposit \$1,350,000 of Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Funds (as approved by the TCEQ) and an additional \$45,967 of capitalized interest approved by the TCEQ into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund to satisfy the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Requirement. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Operational Expenses."

Each Participant is obligated to pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, and Road Contract Revenue Bonds, by the dates specified in the Master District Contract. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" and "—Unconditional Obligation to Pay" and "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST."

Expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2023 and connected to the power grid in the second quarter of 2024. See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Transformer Shortage." Based upon 3.5 persons per occupied single-family residence.

Tax Rates of the Participants:

		Anticipated						
	2	2023	2	2023	2	2023	Part	icipant
	Debt	Service	Main	tenance	Co	ntract	T	`otal
Participant	Tax		Tax		Tax		Tax Rate	
MUD 171 (a)	\$	-	\$	0.62	\$	0.77	\$	1.39
MUD 457 (a)		0.41		0.24		0.76		1.41
MUD 458 (a)		-		0.76		0.42		1.18
MUD 532 (a)		-		0.75		0.75		1.50
MUD 533 (b)		-		(b)		(b)		1.50
MUD 534 (a)		0.22		0.50		0.78		1.50

⁽a) The District (in its role as a Participant), MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534 have authorized the publication of a 2023 tax rate and expect to adopt such rate in October 2023. Does not include overlapping tax rates of the county, school district or any other taxing entities. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Taxes" and "APPENDIX A."

The Appraisal District has not provided any certified or uncertified value for MUD 533 as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. Tax rate allocation cannot be calculated until such value is provided. MUD 533 expects the total tax rate for 2023

⁽b) to be \$1.50 with a portion allocated to maintenance and a portion allocated to the Contract Tax.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$31,600,000

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 171 (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Harris County)

CONTRACT REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2023

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 (the "Master District" or the "District") of its \$31,600,000 Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Contract for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities, as amended (the "Master District Contract") between the Master District and each of the Participants (as defined herein), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, the general laws of the State of Texas, an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), a resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Directors of the Master District (the "Board"), and an Indenture of Trust dated November 1, 2018 (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture"), by and between the Master District and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the "Trustee").

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT includes descriptions, among others, of the Bonds, the Bond Resolution, certain other information about the District, Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 ("MUD 457"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 532 ("MUD 532"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 532 ("MUD 532"), Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 ("MUD 534"), all of which are located within an approximate 3,586 acre service area (the "Service Area") being provided with or to be provided with regional water, wastewater, storm sewer, park, road and other facilities (the "Master District Facilities") constructed by the Master District, and NASH FM 529, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Developer") and Brookfield Properties Development L.L.C. ("Brookfield"). The District (in its capacity as a Participant), MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532, MUD 533 and MUD 534 have each entered into the Master District Contract (the "Participants"). All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each document. Copies of documents referenced herein may be obtained from the District, c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027.

MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT

Each of the Participants, including the District in its capacity as a Participant, has executed the Master District Contract with the Master District and each Participant has obtained the approval of the Master District Contract from its voters at an election held within its boundaries. See "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance." The Bonds and additional water/sewer/drainage contract revenue bonds issued by the Master district pursuant to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture are referred to as "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds." Any bonds issued by the Master District under the Road Indenture (as defined herein) are referred to as the "Road Contract Revenue Bonds." The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and the Road Contract Revenue Bonds are collectively referred to as the "Contract Revenue Bonds." The Master District Contract provides that each Participant shall pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds based upon each Participant's Certified Appraised Valuation as a percentage of the Certified Appraised Valuation of all the Participants, calculated annually (the "Contract Payments"). Each Participant is obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service payments from the proceeds of annual ad valorem tax without legal limit as to rate or amount (the "Contract Tax"), including the revenues from any other legally available funds. The Contract Tax will consist of a tax for the payment of debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax") and the payment of debt service on the Road Contract Revenue Bonds (the "Road Contract Tax"). The Contract Payments may be calculated to include the charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees utilized in connection with the Contract Revenue Bonds, the principal, interest and redemption requirements of the Contract Revenue Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the applicable bond resolution or indenture of trust. See "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST." Contract Payments will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a Contract Tax or the provisions of other funds to make its contract payments is the sole responsibility of each Participant. Road Contract Payments (all of which are derived from the Road Contract Tax or other legally available funds of a Participant) are not pledged for and are not available to be used to: (i) pay debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds; or (ii) fund or maintain the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund. Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District shall not issue Contract Revenue Bonds for parks and recreational facilities, unless and until said Master District Contracts are amended and approved by the voters of the districts in the Service Area in accordance with the terms of the Master District Contracts. The Master District may require Participants to remit Park Construction Charges (as defined in the Master District Contract), and such funds are not pledged for and are not available to be used to: (i) pay debt service on the Bonds or any other Contract Revenue Bonds; or (ii) fund or maintain the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund or the Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund.

The Master District Contract also provides for operation and maintenance expenses for facilities constructed pursuant to the Master District Contract; duties of the parties; establishment and maintenance of funds; assignment; arbitration; amendments; force majeure; insurance; and other provisions. The Master District owns and operates the Master District Facilities, except for roadways that are accepted by Harris County, Texas, for operation and maintenance by Harris County. Each Participant (including the District in its capacity as provider of internal facilities to serve the acreage within the District's boundaries) will own and operate its internal facilities. The internal facilities are expected to be financed with unlimited tax bonds sold by each of the Participants, including the District. It is anticipated that the Master District Facilities will be constructed in stages to meet the needs of a continually expanding population within the Service Area. In the event that the Master District fails to meet its obligations to provide regional water, wastewater and storm sewer facilities (the "Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities") as required by the Service Area, each Participant has the right pursuant to the Master District Contract to design, acquire, construct, or expand the Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities needed to provide it with service, and convey such Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities to the Master District in consideration of payment by the Master District of the actual and reasonable necessary capital costs expended by it for such Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities. Each Participant is further obligated to pay monthly charges to the Master District for water and sewer services rendered pursuant to the Master District Contract. The monthly charges to be paid by each Participant to the Master District will be used to pay its share of operation and maintenance expenses and to provide for an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operation and maintenance expenses. Each Participant's share of operation and maintenance expenses and reserve requirements is based upon a "unit cost" of operation and maintenance expense and reserve requirements, calculated by the Master District and expressed in terms of "cost per equivalent single-family residential connection." Each Participant's monthly payment to the Master District for operation and maintenance expenses will be calculated by multiplying the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to it on the first day of the previous month by the unit cost per equivalent single-family residential connection. The monthly cost per single family equivalent connection being charged by the Master District to each Participant is currently \$60.00. Pursuant to the Master District Contract each Participant is obligated to establish and maintain rates, fees and charges for its water and wastewater services which, together with taxes levied and funds received from any other lawful sources, are sufficient at all times to pay operation and maintenance charges of the Master District, to pay other costs of operating and maintaining its own utility system, and to pay its obligations pursuant to the Master District Contract, including its Contract Payments. The Master District does not expect that revenues from the Participants' wastewater collection and water distribution systems will ever be sufficient to pay a significant portion of Contract Payments for application to debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds. All sums payable by each Participant to the Master District pursuant to the Master District Contract are to be paid by such Participant without set off, counterclaim, abatement, suspension or diminution. If any Participant fails to pay its share of these costs in a timely manner, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District shall be entitled to cancel, in whole or in part, any reservation or allocation of capacity in the Master District's Facilities by such Participant in addition to the Master District's other remedies pursuant to the Master District Contract. As a practical matter, the Participants have no alternative provider of the water and wastewater services rendered by the Master District under the Master District Contract. See "THE BONDS—Source and Security of Payment" and "—Unconditional Obligation to Pay."

THE BONDS

Description

The Bonds will be dated October 1, 2023 and will accrue interest from the Date of Delivery with interest payable each June 1 and December 1, beginning June 1, 2024 (the "Interest Payment Date"), and will mature on the dates and in the amounts and accrue interest at the rates shown on the cover page hereof. If the date for payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond is not a business day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding business day, as defined in the Bond Resolution. Interest calculations are based on a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds are issued in fully registered form, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000.

Method of Payment of Principal and Interest

In the Bond Resolution, the Board has appointed The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The principal of the Bonds shall be payable, without exchange or collection charges, in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the date of payment, is legal tender for the payment of debts due the United States of America. In the event the book-entry-only system is discontinued, principal of the Bonds shall be payable upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds as they respectively become due and payable, at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Houston, Texas and interest on each Bond shall be payable by check payable on each Interest Payment Date, mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar on or before each Interest Payment Date to the Registered Owner of record as of the close of business on the May 15 or November 15 immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date (defined herein as the "Record Date"), to the address of such Registered Owner as shown on the Paying Agent/Registrar's records (the "Register") or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Registered Owners at the risk and expense of the Registered Owners.

If the date for payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond is not a business day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding business day, as defined in the Bond Resolution.

Source and Security of Payment

The Bonds are special obligations solely of the Master District and are payable solely from and to the extent of certain contract payments received by the Master District from the Participants for the purpose of paying the debt service on the Bonds pursuant to the requirements of the Master District Contract and Water/Sewer/Drainage Indentures. The Master District Contract provides that all Participants shall pay a pro rata share of debt service on any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District, including the Bonds, and Road Contract Revenue Bonds, based upon each Participant's Certified Appraised Valuation as a percentage of the Certified Appraised Valuation in all Participants. The debt service requirements may be calculated to include the charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees utilized in connection with the Contract Revenue Bonds, the principal, interest and redemption requirements of the Contract Revenue Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the Bond Resolutions or the Indentures. Each Participant is obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service on the Road Contract Revenue Bonds, and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, from the Contract Tax, an annual ad valorem tax, which is not limited as to rate or amount (separately the "Road Contract Tax" and the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax" and collectively referred to as the "Contract Tax"), or from any other legally available funds of such Participant. Each Participant's pro rata share of debt service requirements will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a Contract Tax for the purpose of paying debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds is the sole responsibility of each Participant. The Bonds are obligations of the Master District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Harris County, the City of Houston, any of the Participants (except the District in its capacity as the Master District), or any entity other than the Master District. Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, are secured by the Indentures. Pursuant to the Indentures, the Master District has assigned to the Trustee all of the Master District's right, title and interest in and to the Contract Payments required by the Master District Contract. See "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST." No Participant is liable for the payments due by any other Participant; however, failure of any Participant to make its Contract Payments could result in an increase in the Contract Payments amount paid by each of the other Participants in a subsequent year or during the time that such Participant is delinquent. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT." The Master District shall calculate on or before September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the amount of Contract Payments due from each Participant in the following calendar year. The Contract Payments shall be billed to each Participant by the Master District on or before September 1, or as soon as practical, of the year prior to the year in which such Contract Payments become due, or as soon thereafter as practical. Such Contract Payments shall be due and payable from each Participant directly to the Trustee semiannually on or before March 1 and September 1 of each year.

Unconditional Obligation to Pay

All charges imposed by the Master District to pay debt service on the Bonds will be made by the Participants without set-off, counterclaim, abatement, suspension or diminution, nor will any Participant have any right to terminate the Master District Contract nor be entitled to the abatement of any such payment or any reduction thereof nor will the obligations of the Participants be otherwise affected for any reason, including without limitation acts or conditions of the Master District that might be considered failure of consideration, eviction or constructive eviction, destruction or damage to the Master District Facilities, failure of the Master District to perform and observe any agreement, whether expressed or implied, or any duty, liability or obligation arising out of or connected with the Master District Contract. All sums required to be paid by the Participants to the Master District for such purposes will continue to be payable in all events and the obligations of the Participants will continue unaffected, unless the requirement to pay is reduced or terminated pursuant to an express provision of the Master District Contract. If any Participant disputes the amount to be paid to the Master District, the Participant shall nonetheless promptly make payments as billed by the Master District, and if it is subsequently determined by agreement, arbitration, regulatory decision, or court decision that such disputed payment should have been less, the Master District will then make proper adjustments to all Participants so that the Participant will receive credit for its overpayments.

Funds

In the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund were created and in the Bond Resolution are confirmed, and the proceeds from Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments collected for and on account of the Bonds authorized by the Bond Resolution shall be deposited, as collected, in such funds. See "INDENTURE OF TRUST.

The District will deposit \$1,350,000 of Bond proceeds (as approved by the TCEQ for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund) and an additional \$45,967 of the capitalized interest approved by the TCEQ in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund in order to satisfy the Reserve Requirement associated with the issuance of the Bonds. The remainder of capitalized interest, \$783,533, as approved by the TCEQ, will be deposited into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund. The remaining proceeds of the Bonds shall be deposited into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Capital Projects Fund, to be used for the items shown herein under "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS" and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund will not be pledged to the Road Contract Revenue Bonds nor will funds deposited into the Road Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund be pledged to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds (each as defined in the Road Indenture), including the Bonds.

Redemption Provisions

The District reserves the right, at its option, to redeem the Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2031, prior to their scheduled maturities, in whole or from time-to-time in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000 on December 1, 2030, or any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest on the principal amounts called for redemption to the date fixed for redemption.

If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed will be selected by the District. If less than all the Bonds of a certain maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar by lot or other random method (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Bonds are in book-entry only form).

Notice of any redemption identifying the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part shall be given by the Paying Agent/Registrar at least thirty (30) days prior to the date fixed for redemption by sending written notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the register. Such notices shall state the redemption date, the redemption price, the place at which the Bonds are to be surrendered for payment and, if less than all the Bonds outstanding within any one maturity are to be redeemed, the numbers of the Bonds or the portions thereof to be redeemed. Any notice given shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Registered Owner receives such notice. By the date fixed for redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. When Bonds have been called for redemption in whole or in part and due provision has been made to redeem the same as herein provided, the Bonds or portions thereof so redeemed shall no longer be regarded as outstanding except for the purpose of receiving payment solely from the funds so provided for redemption, and the rights of the Registered Owners to collect interest which would otherwise accrue after the redemption date on any Bond or portion thereof called for redemption shall terminate on the date fixed for redemption.

Authority for Issuance

At separate elections held on November 4, 2014, the voters of MUD 171 and MUD 457 approved the Master District Contract and the levy of a Contract Tax (defined herein), at an election held on May 9, 2015, the voters of MUD 458 approved the Master District Contract and the levy of a Contract Tax in support thereof, at an election held on November 3, 2020, the voters of MUD 534 approved the Master District Contract and the levy of a Contract Tax in support thereof, at an election on May 7, 2022 the voters of MUD 532 approved the Master District Contract and the levy of a Contract Tax in support thereof and at an election on May 6, 2023 the voters of MUD 533 approved the Master District Contract and the levy of a Contract Tax in support thereof. The Master District Contracts authorize the Master District to issue \$680,320,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds for acquiring and construction of Master District Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities and for refunding such bonds. The Master District Contract also authorizes the Master District to issue other contract revenue bonds for other purposes. See "—Issuance of Additional Debt" herein and "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."

The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Master District Contract, the terms and conditions of the Bond Resolution and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 49 and Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, the general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas and an order of the TCEQ.

Before the Bonds can be delivered, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of certain matters. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

No Arbitrage

The District will certify as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for that, based upon all facts and estimates now known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Furthermore, all officers, employees, and agents of the District have been authorized and directed to provide certifications of facts and estimates that are material to the reasonable expectations of the District as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for. In particular, all or any officers of the District are authorized to certify to the facts and circumstances and reasonable expectations of the District on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for regarding the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. Moreover, the District covenants in the Bond Resolution that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds, and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including, without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds, as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

Registration and Transfer

So long as any Bonds remain outstanding, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall keep the Register at its principal payment office and, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall provide for the registration and transfer of Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Bond Resolution. While the Bonds are in the Book-Entry-Only System, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. and will not be transferable. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM."

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, Bonds shall be transferable only upon the presentation and surrender of such Bond at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer, or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Registered Owner or his authorized representative in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon due presentation of any Bond in proper form for transfer, the Paying Agent/Registrar has been directed by the District to authenticate and deliver in exchange therefore, within three (3) business days after such presentation, a new Bond or Bonds, registered in the name of the transferee or transferees, in authorized denominations and of the same maturity and aggregate principal amount and paying interest at the same rate as the Bond or Bonds so presented. All Bonds shall be exchangeable upon presentation and surrender thereof at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar for a Bond or Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate and in any authorized denomination in an aggregate amount equal to the unpaid principal amount of the Bond or Bonds presented for exchange. The Paying Agent/Registrar is authorized to authenticate and deliver exchange Bonds. Each Bond delivered shall be entitled to the benefits and security of the Bond Resolution and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture to the same extent as the Bond or Bonds in lieu of which such Bond is delivered. Neither the District nor the Paying Agent/Registrar shall be required to transfer or to exchange any Bond during the period beginning on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding an Interest Payment Date and ending on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or to transfer or exchange any Bond called for redemption during the thirty (30) day period prior to the date fixed for redemption of such Bond. The District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require the Registered Owner of any Bond to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the transfer or exchange of such Bond. Any fee or charge of the Paying Agent/Registrar for such transfer or exchange shall be paid by the District. The provisions of this paragraph are subject to the Book-Entry-Only System.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, upon the presentation and surrender to the Paying Agent/Registrar of a mutilated Bond, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefore a replacement Bond of like maturity, interest rate and principal amount, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding. If any Bond is lost, apparently destroyed, or wrongfully taken, the District, pursuant to the applicable laws of the State of Texas and in the absence of notice or knowledge that such Bond has been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, shall, upon receipt of certain documentation from the Registered Owner and an indemnity, execute and the Paying Agent/Registrar shall authenticate and deliver a replacement Bond of like maturity, interest rate and principal amount bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

Registered Owners of lost, stolen or destroyed bonds will be required to pay the District's costs to replace such bond. In addition, the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require the Registered Owner to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed.

Replacement of Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacement of the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the District, the new paying agent/registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be a national or state banking institution organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any state, authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, to act as Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The voters of the Participants have approved the Master District Contract, which contract authorizes the Master District to issue Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$680,320,000 in principal amount for the purpose of constructing and acquiring all Master District Water, Wastewater and Drainage Facilities (as defined herein) and refunding of such bonds; and authorizes the Master District to issue Road Contract Revenue Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$98,910,000 in principal amount for the purpose of constructing and acquiring all Master District Road Facilities and refunding of such bonds. Pursuant to the Master District Contract, approval by each Participant and approval by the voters at an election held by each Participant is required prior to any amendment to the Master District Contract that would increase such \$680,320,000 authorized amount, and/or such \$98,910,000 authorized amount. By execution of the Master District Contract between the Master District and each Participant, each Participant (including the District in its capacity as a Participant) is obligated to pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District, which will be payable from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax, and the Road Contract Revenue Bonds will be payable from the Road Contract Tax or, in each case, other legally available funds. After the issuance of the Bonds, the Master District will have \$562,635,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds

authorized but unissued and \$88,930,000 principal amount of Road Contract Revenue Bonds remain authorized but unissued. The District is authorized by statute to develop parks and recreational facilities, including the issuance of bonds payable from taxes for such purpose. The principal amount of park bonds sold by the District is limited to one percent (1%) of the District's certified taxable assessed valuation, unless the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent but not three percent of the value of the taxable property in the District. Before the District could issue park bonds payable from taxes, the following additional actions would be required: (a) approval of the bonds by the TCEQ; and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas.

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District shall not issue Contract Revenue Bonds for parks and recreational facilities, unless and until said Master District Contracts are amended and approved by the voters of the districts in the Service Area in accordance with the terms of the Master District Contracts. The Master District may require Participants to remit Park Construction Charges for the Master District Park Facilities (defined below).

The Master District Contract (except as described above), the Indentures, and the Bond Resolution impose no limitation on the amount of Contract Revenue Bonds the Master District may issue payable from the Contract Tax. The District (in its capacity as a Participant) and each other Participant may issue unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater, drainage, road, and park and recreational purposes, with the approval of the TCEQ (if required), necessary to provide and maintain improvements and facilities to serve land within their respective boundaries consistent with the purposes for which the District or such other Participant was created. TCEQ approval is not currently required for the District or any Participants to issue bonds for road facilities. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt," "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST," and "THE PARTICIPANTS."

Financing Parks and Recreational Facilities

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District owns or will own, construct and/or acquire certain parks and recreational facilities for the benefit of all the Participants (the "Master District Park Facilities"). The Master District intends to finance the capital costs of the Master District Park Facilities from payments made by each Participant of its pro rata share of the Master District's estimated capital costs of the Master District Park Facilities (the "Park Construction Charges"). The Park Construction Charges will be computed from time-to-time on the basis of the then- estimated total capital costs of providing the Master District Park Facilities for the Service Area minus the payments which have been previously received from the Participants as Park Construction Charges and dividing the result by the number of projected total connections to be constructed within the Service Area. The principal amount of park bonds sold by the District is limited to one percent (1%) of the District's certified taxable assessed valuation, unless the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent but not three percent of the value of the taxable property in the District.

All Park Construction Charges received by the Master District shall be deposited into a separate fund to be held in trust for the benefit of the Participants (the "Park Construction Fund") and shall be used solely for the purpose of paying the capital costs of the Master District Park Facilities pursuant to the Master District Contract. Park Construction Charges are not pledged for and are not available to be used to: (i) pay debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds or the Road Contract Revenue Bonds; or (ii) fund or maintain the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund or the Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund.

Annexation by the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston, the District must conform to a City of Houston consent ordinance. Generally, the District may be annexed by the City of Houston without the District's consent, and the City cannot annex territory within the District unless it annexes the entire District; however, the City of Houston may not annex the District unless (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than fifty-percent (50%) of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than fifty-percent (50%) of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the described election and petition process does not apply during the term of a strategic partnership agreement between the City and the District specifying the procedures for full purpose annexation of all or a portion of the District.

If the District is annexed, the City of Houston will assume the District's assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and dissolve the District. Annexation of territory by the City of Houston is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the Mayor and City Council of the City of Houston, and therefore, the District makes no representation that the City of Houston will ever annex the District and assume its debt. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City of Houston to make debt service payments should annexation occur.

Consolidation

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (including cash) and liabilities (including the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of districts with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

Remedies in Event of Default

Remedies available to Registered Owners of Bonds in the event of a default by the Master District in one or more of its obligations under the Bond Resolution are limited and generally must be exercised by the Trustee. The Registered Owners, acting through the Trustee except as otherwise set forth in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, may obtain a writ of mandamus requiring performance of the Master District's obligations, but such remedy must be exercised upon each default and may prove time-consuming, costly and difficult to enforce. The Bond Resolution does not provide for acceleration of maturity of the Bonds, or any other additional remedy in the event of a default by the Master District and consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year-to-year. The Bonds are not secured by an interest in the Master District Facilities or any other property of the Master District. No judgment against the Master District is enforceable by execution of a levy against the Master District or the Service Area or sell property within the Master District or the Service Area in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforcement of a claim for payment on the Bonds would be subject to the applicable provisions of the federal bankruptcy laws, any other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, and general principles of equity. Certain traditional legal remedies may also not be available. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights" and "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST."

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

- "(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic."
- "(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which might apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (Paying Agent/Registrar) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry-only system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof. The District cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or Indirect Participants will distribute to the beneficial owners (the "Beneficial Owners") (a) payments of interest, principal or premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds, (b) Bonds representing ownership interest in or other confirmation or ownership interest in the Bonds, or (c) prepayment or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the Registered Owner of the Bonds, or that they will so do on a timely basis or that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or DTC Indirect Participants will act in the manner described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current "Procedure" of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Direct Participants are on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a rating from S&P Global Ratings of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among

them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Underwriter take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The construction costs below were compiled by BGE, Inc., the District's engineer (the "Engineer"). Non-construction costs are based upon either contract amounts, or estimates of various costs by the Engineer and Masterson Advisors LLC (the "Financial Advisor"). The actual amounts to be reimbursed by the District and the non-construction costs will be finalized after the sale of the Bonds and completion of certain agreed-upon procedures by the District's auditor. The surplus funds may be expended for any lawful purpose for which surplus construction funds may be used.

I.	CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
	Elyson Basin K, Phase II	\$ 2,179,433
	Elyson Basin M	903,604
	Elyson Basin J	762,795
	Elyson Basin C	1,805,636
	Peek Road in Elyson Street Dedication, Section Two	688,831
	Elyson Falls Drive Street Dedication, Section Four	289,583
	Peek Road in Elyson Street Dedication, Section One	2,146,288
	Beckendorff Road Street Dedication, Section One	519,689
	Elyson Phase III Mitigation Basins	350,525
	• Water Plant No. 1, Phase 2	1,395,677
	• Water Plant No. 2, Phase 2	2,744,160
	Phase 5 Storm Water Pump Station	978,542
	• Contingencies	745,000
	Land Acquisition	3,946,640
	• Engineering, Geotech and Storm Water Solutions	2,452,274
	Total Construction Costs	\$ 21,908,677
II.	NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
	Debt Service Reserve Fund (a)	\$ 1,350,000
	Capitalized Interest (a)	829,500
	Accrued Interest on Construction Costs (Estimated)	3,734,515
	Operating Advances	1,250,600
	Reports and Studies	333,900
	Underwriter's Discount (b)	 946,824
	Total Non-Construction Costs	\$ 8,445,339
III.	ISSUANCE COSTS AND FEES	
	Professional Fees and Other Issuance Costs	\$ 1,076,308
	Bond Application Costs	80,000
	State Regulatory Fees	88,500
	Contingency (b)	 1,176
	Total Issuance Costs and Fees	\$ 1,245,984
	TOTAL BOND ISSUE	\$ 31,600,000

⁽a) A reserve requirement for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund has been established in the Bond Resolution to be a sum equivalent to one-half of maximum annual debt service (\$8,936,891) on Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds, which is \$4,468,445. The District will deposit \$1,350,000 of Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Funds (as approved by the TCEQ) and an additional \$45,967 of capitalized interest approved by the TCEQ into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund to satisfy the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Requirement. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" and "INDENTURE OF TRUST."

⁽b) Contingency represents the difference in the estimated and actual amount of Underwriter's discount.

THE INDENTURE OF TRUST

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds are secured by an Indenture of Trust dated November 1, 2018 (defined as the "Indenture" or the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture") from the Master District to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas, as Trustee. Pursuant to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Master District has assigned to the Trustee all of the Master District's right, title and interest in and to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments under the Master District Contract. Such Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments, together with all amounts from time to time on deposit in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund maintained by the Trustee pursuant to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, together with any other property from time to time hereafter conveyed or granted to the Trustee as additional security under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, shall constitute the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Pledged Revenues" held by the Trustee under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture. Pursuant to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Trustee is to maintain the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund as trust funds to be held in trust solely for the benefit of the Registered Owners of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds.

The Master District has covenanted in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture that it will cause to be charged to each Participant, for deposit into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund, Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments in amounts sufficient, together with other Water/Sewer/Drainage Pledged Revenues, to provide for the timely payment of all principal and interest due on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds. Subject to the provisions of applicable law and the Master District Contract, the Master District has covenanted in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture to use its best efforts to cause to be paid by each Participant all Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments when due directly to the Trustee. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund are to be invested only in investments authorized by the laws of the State of Texas but must be invested in a manner such that the money required to be expended from any fund will be available at the proper time or times. Amounts in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund shall be used to pay interest on and principal of the Bonds when insufficient funds are available for such purpose in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund or shall be applied toward the payment of principal of or interest on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds in connection with a refunding or redemption. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Requirement has been established in the Bond Resolution to be, with respect to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, a sum of money equal to onehalf of the maximum annual debt service requirements on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding. Any funds in excess of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Requirement held in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund may be deposited into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund, as directed by the Master District's Board of Directors.

Events of Default

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture provides that an Event of Default shall be either of the following occurrences:

- (a) Failure to pay when due the principal, redemption price or interest on any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bond; or
- (b) Failure to deposit into the applicable Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund money sufficient to pay any principal of or interest on any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bond no later than the date when it becomes due and payable.

Remedies

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture provides that if an event of default by the Master District exists, then, in addition to other rights and remedies, the Trustee, subject to the provisions of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, may proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Registered Owners by suit, action or proceeding in equity or at law or otherwise, whether for the specific performance of any covenant or agreement contained in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, the Bond Resolution or the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds or in aid of the execution of any power granted in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or for the enforcement of any other legal, equitable or other remedy, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce any of the rights of the Trustee or such Registered Owners, including, without limitation, the right to seek a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction compelling the board of directors or other officers of the Master District or any Participant to make any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payment (but only from and to the extent of the sources provided in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture and the Master District Contract) or to observe and perform the covenants, obligations or conditions of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or the Master District Contract relating to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture provides that the Trustee may seek the appointment of receivers, may act without possession of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, may act as attorney in fact for the Registered Owners of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, that no remedy is exclusive and that the delay or omission in the exercise of any right or remedy shall not constitute a waiver. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture does not provide for any acceleration of maturity of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds or provide for the foreclosure upon any property or assets of the Master District, other than applying the Water/Sewer/Drainage Pledged Revenues in the manner provided in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture.

Limitation on Action by Owners

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture imposes certain limitations on Registered Owners of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds to institute suits, actions or proceedings at law or in equity for the appointment of a receiver or other remedy unless and until the Trustee shall have received the written request of the Registered Owners of not less than 25% of all Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to institute such suit, action or proceeding for a period of 10 days after having been furnished reasonable indemnity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Registered Owners of more than 50% of the aggregate principal amount of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding shall have the right, by written instrument delivered to the Trustee, to direct the time, method and place of conducting all proceedings to be taken in connection with the enforcement of the terms and conditions of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee or any other proceedings under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture; provided, however, that such direction shall not be contrary to law or the provisions of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, and the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction if the Trustee in good faith shall determine that the proceeding so directed would involve it in personal liability or would be unjustly prejudicial to the Registered Owners of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds not consenting.

Amendments to the Indenture of Trust

Without the consent of the Registered Owners of any of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, the Master District and the Trustee may from time to time enter into one or more indentures supplemental to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, which shall form a part of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, for any one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) to cure any ambiguity, inconsistency or defect or omission in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, or any supplemental indenture, so long as said cure is not inconsistent with the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture and does not adversely affect the interest of the owners of any outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds;
- (2) to grant to or confer upon the Trustee for the benefit of the Registered Owners of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds any additional rights, remedies, powers or authority that may lawfully be granted to or conferred upon the Registered Owners of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds or the Trustee or either of them;
- (3) to subject to the lien of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture additional revenues, properties or collateral;
- (4) to modify, amend or supplement the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or any supplemental indenture in such manner as to provide further assurances that interest on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds will, to the greatest extent legally possible, be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes;
- (5) to obtain or provide for bond insurance for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds; provided, however, the Master District (at its option) may obtain or provide for bond insurance for any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds through Bond Resolution(s) without the need for a supplemental indenture;
- (6) to add to any statutory terms and conditions imposed by the City of Houston (or other entity that may become the legal successor to the Master District) in connection with the assumption of the Master District's obligations under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture;
- (7) to create (or provide for the terms and conditions of) additional funds and accounts or sub-accounts within any funds established by the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or the Bond Resolutions; provided, however, the Master District (at its option) may do any of same without the need for a supplemental indenture;
- (8) to change or expand the purposes for which bonds can be issued under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, including (without limitation) allowing, to the extent allowed by law for the issuance of the Master District Bonds that are contract revenue bonds in parity with the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and that are equally secured by the same lien and revenues pledged in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture;
- (9) to modify any provision of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture or any supplemental indenture in any respect whatsoever, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the owners of any outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds; and
- (10) to obtain or provide for one or more debt service reserve fund surety policies to satisfy some or all of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Requirement.

Except as provided in the preceding paragraph, any modification, change or amendment of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture may be made only by a supplemental indenture adopted and executed by the Master District and the Trustee with the consent of the Registered Owners of not less than a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding. However, without the consent of the Registered Owner of each outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bond, no modification, change or amendment to this Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture shall:

- (1) extend the time of payment of the principal thereof or interest thereon, or reduce the principal amount thereof or premium if any, thereon, or the rate of interest thereon, or make the principal thereof or premium if any, or interest thereon payable in any coin or currency other than any coin or currency of the United States of America which on the date of payment is legal tender for the payment of debts due the United States of America, or deprive such Registered Owner of the lien imposed by the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture on the revenues pledged in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture; or
- (2) modify, change or amend the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture to permit the creation of any lien on the revenues pledged in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture equal or prior to the lien imposed by the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture.

Road Contract Revenue Bonds

The District has issued Road Contract Revenue Bonds under a separate indenture of trust dated November 1, 2017 (the "Road Indenture"), by and between the Master District and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., for purposes of issuing Road Contract Revenue Bonds. The Road Indenture and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture are collectively referred to as the "Indentures." The lien and revenues pledged by the Road Indenture do not include any payments to be made to the Master District by the Participants: (i) pursuant to a Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture; or (ii) to pay for any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds (or Master District Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities).

Removal or Resignation of Trustee

The Trustee may be removed with thirty (30) days' prior notice by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing, signed by the Registered Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding and delivered to the Trustee, with notice thereof given to the Master District. The Trustee may at any time resign and be discharged from the trusts created by giving written notice to the Master District and by providing written notice to the Registered Owners of its intended resignation at least sixty (60) days in advance thereof. Such notice shall specify the date on which such resignation shall take effect and shall be sent by first class mail, postage prepaid to each Registered Owner of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds. Resignation by the Trustee shall not take effect unless and until a successor to such Trustee shall have been appointed as hereinafter provided.

Appointment of Successor Trustee

In case the Trustee shall resign, or shall be removed or dissolved, or shall be in the course of dissolution or liquidation, or shall otherwise become incapable of acting under the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, or in case the Trustee shall be taken under control of any public officer or officers or a receiver appointed by a court, a successor may be appointed by the Registered Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds then outstanding, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing, signed by such Registered Owners or their duly authorized representatives and delivered to the Trustee, with notice thereof given to the Master District; provided, however, that in any of the events above mentioned, the Master District may nevertheless appoint a temporary Trustee to fill such vacancy until a successor shall be appointed by the Registered Owners in the manner above provided, and any such temporary Trustee so appointed by the Master District shall immediately and without further act be automatically succeeded by the successor to the Trustee appointed by the Registered Owners. The Master District shall provide written notice to the Registered Owners of the appointment of any successor Trustee, whether temporary or permanent, in the manner provided for providing notice of the resignation of the Trustee as described above under "-Removal or Resignation of Trustee." Any successor Trustee or temporary Trustee shall be a trust company or bank in good standing located in or incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas duly authorized to exercise trust powers and subject to examination by federal or state authority, having a reported capital and surplus of not less than \$100,000,000. In the event that no appointment of a successor Trustee is made by the Registered Owners or by the Master District pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section at the time a vacancy in the office of the Trustee shall have occurred, the Registered Owner of any Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bond issued hereunder or the retiring Trustee may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee, and such court may thereupon, after such notice as it shall deem proper, if any, appoint a successor Trustee.

THE PARTICIPANTS

Creation, Authority and Description

All Participants (including the District in its capacity as a Participant) operate as municipal utility districts pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and are located within the Elyson Service Area. To serve the property within their boundaries, they have the power to construct, acquire, operate, maintain and finance water, wastewater and drainage, park and recreational facilities and roads. The Participants were created by orders of the Texas Water Commission (a predecessor to the TCEQ), the TCEQ, or by the Texas legislature, and each was granted special road powers by the Texas Legislature. The Participants are empowered to exercise all the powers and functions which will permit accomplishment of the purposes for which they were created. Each Participant may also establish, operate, and maintain a fire department or contract for firefighting services, if the TCEQ and its voters approve a plan for that purpose.

Authorized Bonds

The Participants, including the District in its capacity as a Participant, have the statutory authority and have each voted to authorize the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purposes of providing internal water distribution, wastewater collection, storm drainage facilities, internal roads within their respective boundaries (separate and apart from the Master District Facilities), and parks and recreational facilities. Such bonds are secured by a continuing annual ad valorem tax adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on such bonds. Such tax is in addition to the Contract Tax. See "—Contract Tax" below and "APPENDIX A" for a description of the voter authorized bonds, principal amount of bonds issued and principal amount of bonds outstanding, if any, for each Participant.

Operations

Each Participant will be responsible for constructing the internal water distribution system, wastewater collection system, and storm sewers, within such Participants' boundaries. Pursuant to the Master District Contract, each Participant obtains potable water and sewer services from the Master District. Each Participant sets its own retail rates for water and sewer service, and is required by the Master District Contract to do so at a level which will produce sufficient revenue to pay operating and maintenance charges of the Master District, to pay other costs of operating and maintaining its own utility system.

Contract Tax

Each Participant's pro rata share of the debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds shall be determined by dividing each Participant's Certified Appraised Valuation by the total of all Participants' Certified Appraised Valuation, calculated annually. Calculation of Contract Payments is based upon "gross" certified appraised value and does not make allowances for any exemptions granted by the Participants; however, allowances are made for exemptions provided under Texas law that do not require action by the Participants. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Master District Contract obligates each Participant to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds from the proceeds of annual Contract Tax without legal limit as to rate or amount, or from any other legally available funds. The Contract Tax consists of the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax and the Road Contract Tax. The Master District does not expect that revenues from the Participants' wastewater collection and water distribution systems will ever be sufficient to pay a significant portion of Contract Payments for application to debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "THE BONDS—Source and Security of Payment," "TAX DATA" and "APPENDIX A."

Direct Debt Service Tax

The Participants, including the District in its capacity as a Participant, have the statutory authority to levy and collect a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax unlimited in amount to pay principal and interest on bonds issued to provide internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage, internal roads, and parks and recreational facilities. Such tax is in addition to the Contract Tax. See "TAX DATA" and "APPENDIX A."

Maintenance and Operations Taxes

The Participants, including the District in its capacity as a Participant, have the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of internal water distribution, wastewater collection, storm drainage facilities, parks and recreational facilities and road facilities. A maintenance tax is in addition to taxes which the Participant is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on its unlimited tax bonds and the Contract Tax. See "TAX DATA" and "APPENDIX A."

Annexation

Under existing Texas law, since the District and each of the other Participants lie wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston, each Participant must conform to a City of Houston consent ordinance. In addition, any Participant may be annexed by the City of Houston without the Participant's consent; however, under Texas law, the City of Houston cannot annex territory within a district unless it annexes the entire district. however, the City may not annex the Participant unless (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50 percent of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50 percent of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the described election and petition process does not apply during the term of a strategic partnership agreement between the City and the Participant specifying the procedures for full purpose annexation of all or a portion of the Participant.

If a Participant is annexed, the City of Houston will assume the Participant's assets and obligations (including the Participant's obligation to make contract payments) and dissolve the Participant within ninety (90) days. Annexation of territory by the City of Houston is a policy- making matter within the discretion of the Mayor and City Council of the City of Houston, and therefore, the District makes no representation that the City of Houston will ever annex the District or any Participant and assume its debt. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City of Houston to make debt service payments should annexation occur. See "THE BONDS—Annexation by the City of Houston."

Consolidation

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (such as cash and the utility system) and liabilities (such as the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of a district with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

Management

Each Participant is governed by a board of directors, consisting of five (5) members, which has control and management of all affairs of such Participant. A directors election may be held within the boundaries of each Participant on the first Saturday in May in even-numbered years. Directors are elected to serve four-year staggered terms. All such directors reside or own property within the Participant on whose board they serve. None of the Participants has any employees. Each Participant contracts for all services required to maintain its operations. The TCEQ exercises continuing supervisory jurisdiction over each Participant, and operation of each Participant's water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities is subject to regulation by several other state and local agencies.

Financial Data

See "APPENDIX A" for financial information for each Participant.

Future Participants

The Service Area may only be enlarged upon the approval of the Master District, in which case the Master District would have the right to contract with other participants for the expanded service area. Any contract with a participant outside the existing Service Area and any enlargements in size and capacity of the Master District Facilities is subject to the terms and conditions of the Master District Contract and must not impair the right of the existing Participants to receive services from the Master District, which are established under the Master District Contract for the number of connections reserved to the Participant, except with the consent of the Participant. The Master District agrees that it will only contract with other participants, if any, on substantially the same terms and conditions as are set out in the Master District Contract.

ELYSON

The District (in its capacity as a provider of internal water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities) is one of six municipal utility districts, located within the approximately 3,586 acres and referred to herein as the Service Area. The master-planned community of Elyson is planned to encompass all such acres at full development. All of the residential development is currently occurring in MUD 457 and MUD 534 and commercial/multi-family development has or is currently occurring in the District, MUD 457 and MUD 458. See "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA."

Recreational amenities within the Service Area have been constructed on approximately 19 acres and include a 6,500 square foot welcome center located in MUD 457 and an additional recreational facility that includes a pool, a fitness center, game room and a full-service café located in MUD 534. Parks and open space within the Service Area are or are planned to be connected by a master trail system.

THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA

General

The District is a municipal utility district created by the Texas Water Commission (a predecessor to the TCEQ) on October 16, 1978. The rights, powers, privileges, authority and functions of the District are established by the general laws of the State of Texas pertaining to utility districts, particularly Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Chapter 8442 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the regional water, wastewater, storm sewer, park, road and other facilities and internal water, wastewater, storm sewer, park and recreational and road facilities within its boundaries. The District may issue bonds and other forms of indebtedness to purchase or construct such facilities, subject to the Master District Contract. The District is also empowered to establish, operate, and maintain fire-fighting facilities, independently or with one or more conservation and reclamation districts, after approval by the City of Houston, the TCEQ and the voters of the District.

The TCEQ exercises continuing supervisory jurisdiction over the Participants. In order to obtain the consent for creation of the Participants from the City of Houston, within whose extraterritorial jurisdiction the Participants lie, each Participant is required to observe certain requirements of the City of Houston which (1) limit the purposes for which the Participants may sell bonds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park and road facilities, (2) require approval by the City of Houston of Participant construction plans, and (3) permit connections only to single-family lots and commercial or multi-family/commercial platted reserves which have been approved by the Planning Commission of the City of Houston. Construction and operation of the Master District Facilities is subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of additional governmental agencies. See "THE SYSTEM—Regulation."

Description and Location

The District encompasses approximately 399 acres of land, and in its capacity as Master District has a Service Area of approximately 3,586 acres, including the acreage within the District's boundaries. The Service Area is located approximately 35 miles west of the central downtown business district of the City of Houston. The District is located within Harris County. The Service Area lies wholly within the exclusive extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston and a portion of the Service Area lies within the boundaries of the Katy Independent School District and a portion of the Service Area lies within the Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District. Access to the Service Area is currently provided by the Grand Parkway (Texas State Highway 99). Other thoroughfares to the community include Peek Road, Porter Road, and Beckendorff Road with the main entrance to Elyson on Farm-to-Market 529.

Land Use

The Service Area currently includes approximately 940 acres of single-family residential development (3,213 single-family residential lots), approximately 32 acres where utility construction and/or paving is underway (143 single-family residential lots), approximately 1,427 undevelopable acres (greenbelts, public rights-of-way and drainage and utility sites), approximately 26 acres of amenities and recreational acreage, approximately 372 acres served for commercial development, approximately 27 acres for school sites, and approximately 762 developable acres that have not been provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities (excluding approximately 132 acres with utility construction currently underway). The table below represents a detailed breakdown of the current acreage and development in the Service Area

Single Family Residential	Approximate Acreage	Lots
MUD 457	623	1,971
MUD 534(a)	349	1,385
Total Single-Family	972	3,356
Future Development	762	-
Commercial (b)	372	-
School Sites (Tax Exempt)	27	-
Recreation/Open Space	26	-
Non-Developable(c)	1,427_	
Elyson Total	3,586	3,356

⁽a) Utility construction is currently underway for 143 single-family residential lots with expected completion date in the fourth quarter of 2023. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Transformer Shortage."

Status of Development

<u>Single-Family Residential</u>: The current single-family residential development within the Service Area consists of 1,971 single-family residential lots on approximately 623 acres in MUD 457; and 1,242 single-family residential lots on approximately 317 acres and 143 single-family residential lots under construction on approximately 32 acres in MUD 534. According to Brookfield, new homes within the Service Area range in price from approximately \$350,000 to over \$650,000. As of August 15, 2023, 2,254 homes were complete (2,243 occupied), 171 homes were under construction or continue to be owned by a builder and 788 developed lots were available for home construction. The estimated population in the District based upon 3.5 persons per occupied single-family residence is 7,851.

<u>Commercial/Non-Residential</u>: Approximately 372 acres have been served with trunk facilities for commercial development in the Service Area, of which approximately 85 acres are located within the District, approximately 29 acres are located within MUD 457 and approximately 258 acres are located within MUD 458. A child day care center, a gas service station/convenience store, 3 shopping centers and a prep school have been constructed in MUD 457. Approximately 23 acres within the District have been developed as The Plaza at Elyson, which according to Brookfield consists of a 145,000 square foot Target store as the anchor tenant, a 25,000 square foot Burlington and an additional 40,000 square feet of retail sites. Approximately 9,500 square feet of retail and a McDonalds are currently under construction at the northwest corner of Farm-to-Market 529 and Elyson Exchange. A daycare facility has also been constructed on approximately 2 acres in the District. In addition, a Harmony Charter School has been constructed on approximately 7 acres in MUD 458 and an elementary school has been constructed on approximately 13 acres in MUD 457. The school sites are exempt from the payment of ad valorem taxes.

Future Development

Approximately 762 developable acres of land currently within the Service Area are not yet fully served with water distribution and supply, wastewater collection and treatment, storm drainage facilities or roads (excluding approximately 32 acres where utilities and/or paving is underway for 143 single-family residential lots). See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt" and "—Transformer Shortage." The Engineer has stated that under regulatory criteria and current development plans (and excluding any costs of converting to surface water), the remaining authorized but unissued bonds (after issuance of the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$651,565,000 should be sufficient to finance the construction of facilities to complete the Service Area's water, sewer, drainage, roads and recreation system for full development of the Service Area.

⁽b) See "—Status of Development—Commercial/Non-Residential."

⁽c) Includes public rights-of-way, detention, open spaces, easements and utility sites.

THE DEVELOPER

Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer in a municipal utility district such as the District and the other districts in the Service Area include designing the project, defining a marketing program and setting building schedules; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities; and selling or leasing improved tracts or commercial reserves to other developers or third parties. A developer is under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities according to any particular plan or schedule. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which the developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform in the above-described capacities may affect the ability of a district to collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service and retire bonds.

Neither, the Developer nor any of its affiliates is obligated to pay principal of or interest on the Bonds. Furthermore, the Developer does not have a binding commitment to the District to carry out any plan of development and the Developer may sell or otherwise dispose of its property within the Service Area, or any other assets, at any time, and the furnishing of information relating to the proposed development by the Developer should not be interpreted as such a commitment. Prospective purchasers are encouraged to inspect the Service Area in order to acquaint themselves with the nature of development that has occurred or is occurring within the boundaries of the Service Area. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

Prospective Bond purchasers should note that any prior real estate experience discussed below of the Developer should not be construed as an indication that further development within the Service Area will occur, or that construction of taxable improvements upon property within the Service Area will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the Service Area will be successful. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

NASH FM 529, LLC ("Nash FM 529" or the "Developer"), a Delaware limited liability company, was created for the sole purpose of acquiring and developing Elyson, including the District and its only substantial asset consists of land in Elyson. See "THE DEVELOPER." North America Sekisui House L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, owns a 95% interest in NASH FM529. American Newland Communities II, LLC., a Delaware limited liability company ("Newland") owns a 5% interest in NASH FM 529. Newland is wholly owned by Brookfield Communities US, LLC., a Delaware limited liability company. Development of the District is being managed by Brookfield Properties Development L.L.C. ("Brookfield"), which is indirectly wholly owned by Brookfield Residential Properties, Inc. Brookfield is a global developer and operator of high-quality real estate assets and is active in nearly all real estate sectors, including office, retail, multifamily, hospitality and logistics.

The Developer is not legally obligated to provide funds for the development of the District or the Service Area. Further, neither the Developer nor an affiliated company is responsible for, is liable for or has made any commitment for payment of the Bonds or other obligations of the District, and the inclusion of such financial statements and description of financial arrangements herein should not be construed as an implication to that effect. Neither the Developer nor any affiliated companies have any legal commitment to the District or to owners of the Bonds to continue development of the land within the Service Area and the Developer may sell or otherwise dispose of its property within the District, or any other assets, at any time. Further, the financial condition of the Developer is subject to change at any time.

Homebuilding

The Developer has entered into lot sales contracts with Westin Homes, Pulte Homes, Perry Homes, Chesmar Homes, Newmark Homes, Taylor Morrison, Highland Homes, Brookfield Residential and Beazer Homes. Pursuant to such lot sales agreements, each builder is required to make a 5% earnest money deposit and is subject to lot takedown requirements ranging from five to fifteen lots per quarter. According to Brookfield, all of the homebuilders are actively marketing and selling homes in completed sections for which they have lots sales contract. Homebuilders in the Service Area contract directly with the Developer and have no obligation to or agreement with the District to construct any homes or other improvements in the Service Area.

MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT

Board of Directors

The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five (5) directors which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District, including responsibilities related to the Master District in its capacity as a Participant. Directors are elected to four-year terms and elections may be held in May in even numbered years only. None of the members of the Board resides in the District; however, all of the members own land within the District, subject to a note and deed of trust in favor of the Developer. Directors have staggered four-year terms. The current members of the Board along with their titles and terms are listed as follows:

Name	Board Title	Term
Duane Heckmann	President	May 2026
Mark Yentzen	Vice President	May 2026
Saundra J. Dahlke	Secretary	May 2024
Marilyn Roberts	Assistant Vice President	May 2026
Bryan Gay	Assistant Secretary	May 2024

District Consultants

The Master District does not have a general manager or other full-time employees, but contracts for certain necessary services as described below.

<u>Bond Counsel/Attorney</u>: The Master District has engaged Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP as general counsel to the Master District and as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Master District's bonds. The legal fees to be paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Financial Advisor: Masterson Advisors LLC, serves as the Master District's Financial Advisor. The fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>Auditor</u>: The financial statements of the Master District as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended, included in this offering document, have been audited by FORVIS, LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing herein. See "APPENDIX B" for a copy of the Master District's December 31, 2022 financial statements.

Engineer: The Master District's consulting engineer is BGE, Inc. (the "Engineer").

<u>Tax Appraisal</u>: The Harris Central Appraisal District has the responsibility of appraising all property within the boundaries of the Participants. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The Master District has appointed an independent tax assessor/collector to perform the tax collection function. Utility Tax Service, LLC (the "Tax Assessor/Collector") has been employed by the Master District to serve in this capacity.

<u>Bookkeeper</u>: The Master District has contracted with District Data Services, Inc. for bookkeeping services (the "Bookkeeper").

<u>Utility System Operator</u>: The operator of the District's internal water and wastewater system is Si Environmental, LLC (the "Operator"), which also serves as the operator of the Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities.

THE ROAD SYSTEM

The Master District, in its capacity as the provider of facilities for regional arterial, collector and thoroughfares and improvements in aid thereof necessary to serve the Service Area, has constructed or will construct major arterial, collector and thoroughfare roads necessary to serve the Service Area (the "Master District Road Facilities"), which include but are not limited to Farm-to-Market 529, Beckendorff Road, Peek Road and Porter Road. The major thoroughfare and collectors consist of stabilized curb and gutter 8-inch concrete pavement and include bridges.

All roadways are designed and constructed in accordance with Harris County and City of Houston standards, rules and regulations. To date, Harris County has accepted the completed Master District Road Facilities for operation and maintenance and is responsible for operation and maintenance thereof. In the event Harris County were to fail to accept the Master District Road Facilities, the Master District is expected to include the cost of maintenance of same in the Master District's operation and maintenance expenses to be shared by the Participants in accordance with the Master District Contract, and such cost could be significant. These roads lie within the public right-of-way. In addition to the roadway, public utilities such as underground water, sewer, and drainage facilities are located within the right-of-way. The right-of- way is also shared by streetlights, sidewalks and franchise utilities (power, gas, telephone and cable).

In addition to the Master District Road Facilities, internal roadways have been or will be constructed by the Participants.

THE SYSTEM

Regulation

Construction and operation of the Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities as it now exists or as it may be expanded from time to time is subject to regulatory jurisdiction of federal, state and local authorities. The TCEQ exercises continuing, supervisory authority over the District, in its capacity as the Master District and in its capacity as a provider of internal utility services. Discharge of treated sewage into Texas waters, if any, is also subject to the regulatory authority of the TCEQ and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Construction of drainage facilities is subject to the regulatory authority of the Harris County Flood Control District. Harris County and the City of Houston also exercise regulatory jurisdiction over the Master District Facilities.

According to the Engineer, the Master District Facilities that will be financed with proceeds of Contract Revenue Bonds have been designed and the corresponding plans prepared in accordance with accepted engineering practices and specifications and the approval and permitting requirements of the TCEQ, the Texas Department of Health, Harris County and the City of Houston, where applicable. Construction of the Master District Facilities is subject to inspection by the TCEQ, the City of Houston and Harris County. Each of the aforementioned agencies exercises continuing jurisdiction over the Master District Facilities.

Master District Facilities

<u>Water Supply</u>: The water supply facilities of the Master District currently consist of three water wells with a total capacity of 4,200 gallons per minute ("gpm"), 2,300,000 gallons of ground storage tank capacity, pressure tank capacity of 90,000 gallons, booster pump capacity of 12,000 gpm, and all appurtenances. According to the Engineer, the major components of the Master District's water supply system have capacity to serve approximately 3,643 equivalent single-family connections. According to the Operator, as of August 15, 2023, the Participants had 2,599 active connections (including 2,254 active single-family connections, 11 vacant residential connections and 171 homes under construction or in a builder's name).

In order to fully provide water supply to the Service Area, the Master District Facilities will need to be expanded from time to time to meet the demand for such facilities.

<u>Wastewater Treatment</u>: The wastewater treatment facilities of the Master District consist of one plant with a total capacity of 1,000,000 gallons per day ("gpd"). According to the Engineer, the major components of the Master District's wastewater treatment system have capacity to serve approximately 4,000 equivalent single-family connections. According to the Operator, as of August 15, 2023, the Participants had 2,599 active connections (including 2,254 active single-family connections, 11 vacant residential connections and 171 homes under construction or in a builder's name).

<u>Regional Water Distribution and Wastewater Collection</u>: Regional water distribution facilities consist of waterlines ranging in size from 12-inch to 30-inch, generally located within the rights-of-way. These water distribution facilities supply water from the Master District water supply facilities to the Participant's facilities. The Wastewater Collection facilities include wastewater lines ranging in size from 10-inch to 30-inch generally located within the rights-of- way of collection roads and the previously listed major thoroughfares. These collection lines collect waste from the Participants and transport it to the Master District's wastewater treatment facilities.

Regional Road System: See "THE ROAD SYSTEM."

<u>Master Drainage</u>: The Master District also provides the Service Area with drainage facilities designed to handle a 100-year storm event. These facilities include drainage channels, detention ponds, water quality ponds, conveyance storm sewer, and reinforced outfalls.

<u>Master Park Facilities</u>: The Master District provides or will provide an interconnected grade separated trail system connecting community parks and recreation facilities. This system extends along and utilizes the drainage corridors as linear parks connecting multiple neighborhood parks. See "THE BONDS—Financing Parks and Recreation Facilities."

Internal Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection, Storm Drainage Facilities and Road Facilities

Internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities have been constructed by the Developer on behalf of MUD 457 to serve 1,971 single-family residential lots and approximately 29 acres of commercial tracts, on behalf MUD 458 to serve approximately 258 acres of commercial tracts, on behalf of MUD 534 to serve 1,242 completed single-family residential lots and 143 single-family residential lots currently under construction with an expected completion date in the fourth quarter of 2023 and on behalf of the District to serve approximately 52 acres of commercial tracts. See "THE PARTICIPANTS—Future Participants" and "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA—Land Use."

Flood Protection and Drainage

"Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rainstorm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance. An engineering or regulatory determination that an area is above the 100-year flood plain is no assurance that homes built in such area will not be flooded and a number of neighborhoods in the Greater Houston Area that are above the 100-year flood plain have flooded multiple times in the past several years. The Service Area's drainage system has been designed and constructed to all current standards.

A portion of the Service Area lies within the Bear Creek and South Mayde Creek watersheds within the Addicks Reservoir Watershed. The Service Area is located within floodplains associated with Bear Creek, South Mayde Creek, and the Cypress Creek overflow zone. The majority of such areas are subject to shallow overland flows, which are collected into channels within the development. The floodplains associated with Bear Creek and South Mayde Creek are allowed to maintain their natural floodplain function.

The District developed a master drainage plan that received approval from the Harris County Flood Control District. The District has also received approval of its master drainage plan applications submitted to Harris County and Federal Emergency Management Agency. As development occurs within the Service Area, the master drainage plan removes the developed lots from the 100-year flood plain by filling the development areas, with the flood plain fill mitigated by excavation from other areas within the flood plain that will remain undeveloped. According to the Engineer, none of the currently developed lots in the Service Area are in the 100-year flood plain as a result of the aforementioned process. The flood plain removal is accomplished by submittal of detailed survey information provided to FEMA through a process called a Letter of Map Revisions Based on Fill ("LOMR-F") based on lot elevation. However, during times of severe flooding, area roads can become inundated, which may restrict access into, within, and out of the District. According to the Engineer, approximately 2,095 acres of the Service Area remain within the 100-year flood plain but will be filled and removed as development warrants. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Extreme Weather Events."

In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of foe United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the Service Area may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties and consequently leaving less developable property within the Service Area. Such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

Subsidence and Conversion to Surface Water Supply

The Service Area is within the boundaries of the Harris Galveston Subsidence District (the "Subsidence District") which regulates groundwater withdrawal. The Subsidence District has adopted regulations requiring reduction of groundwater withdrawals through conversion to alternate source water (e.g., surface water) in certain areas within the Subsidence District's jurisdiction, including the area within the District. In 2001, the Texas legislature created the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the "Authority") to, among other things, reduce groundwater usage in, and to provide surface water to, the western portion of Harris County and a small portion of Fort Bend County. The Service Area is located within the boundaries of the Authority. The Authority has entered into a Water Supply Contract with the City of Houston, Texas ("Houston") to obtain treated surface water from Houston. The Authority has developed a groundwater reduction plan ("GRP") and obtained Subsidence District approval of its GRP. The Authority's GRP sets forth the Authority's plan to comply with Subsidence District regulations, construct surface water facilities, and convert users from groundwater to alternate source water (e.g., surface water). The District's groundwater well(s) are included within the Authority's GRP.

The Master District's authority to pump groundwater is subject to an annual permit issued by the Subsidence District to the Authority, which permit includes all groundwater wells that are included in the Authority's GRP. The Authority, among other powers, has the power to: (i) issue debt supported by the revenues pledged for the payment of its obligations; (ii) establish fees (including fees to be paid by the Master District for groundwater pumped by the Master District and rates for the sale of surface water purchased by the Master District from the Authority), user fees, rates, charges and special assessments as necessary to accomplish its purposes; and (iii) mandate water users, including the Master District, to convert from groundwater to surface water. The Authority currently charges the Master District, and other major groundwater users, a fee per 1,000 gallons based on the amount of groundwater pumped by the Master District and a rate per 1,000 gallons of surface water purchased by the Master District from the Authority. The Authority has issued revenue bonds to fund, among other things, Authority surface water project costs. It is expected that the Authority will continue to issue a substantial amount of bonds by the year 2035 to finance the Authority's project costs, and it is expected that the fees charged by the Authority will increase substantially over such period.

Under the Subsidence District regulations and the GRP, the Authority is required: (i) through the year 2024, to limit groundwater withdrawals to no more than 70% of the total annual water demand of the water users within the Authority's GRP; (ii) beginning in the year 2025, to limit groundwater withdrawals to no more than 40% of the total annual water demand of the water users within the Authority's GRP; and (iii) beginning in the year 2035, and continuing thereafter, to limit groundwater withdrawals to no more than 20% of the total annual water demand of the water users within the Authority's GRP. If the Authority fails to comply with the above Subsidence District regulations or its GRP, the Authority is subject to a disincentive fee penalty per 1,000 gallons ("Disincentive Fees") imposed by the Subsidence District for any groundwater withdrawn in excess of 20% of the total annual water demand in the Authority's GRP. In the event of such Authority failure to comply, the Subsidence District may also seek to collect Disincentive Fees from the Master District. If the Master District failed to comply with surface water conversion requirements mandated by the Authority, the Authority would likely impose monetary or other penalties against the Master District.

The Master District cannot predict the amount or level of fees and charges, which may be due the Authority in the future, but anticipates the need to continue passing such fees through to the Participants. No representation is made that the Authority: (i) will build the necessary facilities to meet the requirements of the Subsidence District for conversion to surface water, (ii) will comply with the Subsidence District's surface water conversion requirements, or (iii) will comply with its GRP.

Water and Wastewater Operations

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the General Operating Fund for the Master District as derived from the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 through 2022. The unaudited summary shown below for the period ended July 31, 2023, has been provided by the Bookkeeper as a supplemental schedule not to be included in the audited financial statements but prepared solely for inclusion in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. Such figures are included for informational purposes only. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and in all instances exclude depreciation. Reference is made to "APPENDIX B" for further and complete information. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Operational Expenses."

		Fiscal Year End			
	1/1/23 to 7/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019
	Unaudited				
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 3,879	\$ -	\$ 14,722	\$ 10,492	\$ 12,956
Regional Water Authority Fee	634,208	1,530,349	774,129	663,190	439,438
Penalty and Interest	=	=	16	-	344
Tap Connection Fees	=	71,826	96,580	13,776	=
Capacity Reservation Fee	1,536,720	2,038,650	1,389,000	1,110,250	711,800
Miscellaneous	59,643	14,796	373	276	247
Total Revenue	\$ 2,234,450	\$3,655,621	\$ 2,274,820	\$ 1,797,984	\$ 1,164,785
Expenditures:					
Professional Fees	\$ 163,759	\$ 404,208	\$ 463,863	\$ 382,250	\$ 296,513
Purchased or Contracted					
Services	62,386	63,251	47,157	45,206	44,293
Utilities	116,950	168,351	133,841	108,854	76,833
Repairs and Maintenance	743,294	1,156,478	1,064,123	795,139	576,250
Regional Water Fee	418,138	1,399,543	836,106	675,374	433,830
Tap Connection	-	53,773	28,771	6,160	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	74,181	5,000
Lease Payments	-	29,400	132,144	231,888	146,688
Other	83,757	92,199	65,178	66,524	49,035
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,588,284	\$3,367,203	\$ 2,771,183	\$ 2,385,576	\$ 1,628,442
NET REVENUES	\$ 646,166	\$ 288,418	\$ (496,363)	\$ (587,592)	\$ (463,657)
Developer Advances	\$ -	\$ 250,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 420,000
General Operating Fund Balance (Beginning of Year) General Operating Fund	\$ 185,962	\$ (352,456)	\$ (206,093)	\$ (218,501)	\$ (174,844)
Balance (End of Year)	\$ 832,128	\$ 185,962	\$ (352,456)	\$ (206,093)	\$ (218,501)

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)

Contract Revenue Bonds of the Master District

Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$124,225,000 110,936,919 \$235,161,919	(a)
Gross Appraised Valuation		
2023 Appraised Valuation	\$1,180,343,147 \$1,287,052,800	(b) (c)
Direct Debt as a % of: 2023 Appraised Valuation Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	10.52% 9.65%	
Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt as a % of: 2023 Appraised Valuation Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	19.92% 18.27%	
Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Debt Service Funds Available:		
Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund Balance as of September 11, 2023	. 4,682,827 . 1,350,000 . 829,500	(d)(e) (d)(e)
Master District Road Debt Service Funds Available:		
Road Reserve Fund Balance as of September 11, 2023	\$292,02 506,34 \$798,37	4 (d)
Master District Operating Funds Available as of September 11, 2023	. \$953,75 . \$554,75	

(a) See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)— Estimated Overlapping Debt."

- (b) The Appraisal District has certified \$1,055,790,379 of appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants. There is also uncertified appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants that is subject to review and downward revision prior to certification in the amount of \$124,552,768. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value. For purposes of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the 2023 Appraised Valuation is the certified Appraised Valuation plus the landowners' opinion of the uncertified appraised value. No tax will be levied on the uncertified value until it is certified. See "APPENDIX A" for information on each Participant's certified and uncertified value.
- (c) The Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, as shown herein, is comprised of the estimate of appraised value as of August 1, 2023 for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534, all provided by the Appraisal District. Increases in value that occur between January 1, 2023 and August 1, 2023 will be appraised for purposes of taxation on January 1, 2024. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified in the fall of 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (d) All of the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds are payable from Contract Taxes and any other legally available funds. The revenues from the Road Contract Tax will be allocated to Road Contract Revenue Bonds, and the revenues from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax will be allocated to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund will not be pledged to the Road Contract Revenue Bonds, nor will funds deposited into the Road Contract Revenue Debt Service Fund and Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund be pledged to Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds.
- (e) A reserve requirement for the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund has been established in the Bond Resolution to be a sum equivalent to one-half of maximum annual debt service (\$8,936,891) on Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds, which is \$4,468,445. The District will deposit \$1,350,000 of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Funds (as approved by the TCEQ) and an additional \$45,967 of capitalized interest, approved by the TCEQ, into the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund to satisfy the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Requirement. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."
- (f) See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Operational Expenses."

Investments of the District

The District has adopted an Investment Policy as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District will be invested in short term U.S. Treasuries, certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or secured by collateral evidenced by perfected safekeeping receipts held by a third party bank, and public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate the inclusion of, long term securities or derivative products in the District portfolio.

Participants' Appraised Valuation as a Percentage of all Participants (a):

					% of
				Estimated	Estimated
2022	% of 2022	2023	% of 2023	Appraised	Appraised
Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Valuation as of	Valuation as of
Valuation (b)	Valuation	Valuation (b)	Valuation	8/1/2023 (c)	8/1/2023
\$ 27,858,603	3.29%	\$ 55,258,540	4.68%	\$ 55,821,648	4.34%
735,337,619	86.96%	866,325,755	73.40%	872,622,396	67.80%
30,311,426	3.58%	37,653,384	3.19%	37,259,983	2.89%
4,605,633	0.54%	5,173,121	0.44%	5,157,717	0.40%
-	0.00%	=	0.00%	=	0.00%
47,522,407	5.62%	215,932,347	18.29%	316,191,056	24.57%
\$ 845,635,688	100.00%	\$1,180,343,147	100.00%	\$ 1,287,052,800	100.00%
	Appraised Valuation (b) \$ 27,858,603 735,337,619 30,311,426 4,605,633 - 47,522,407	Appraised Appraised Valuation (b) Valuation \$ 27,858,603 3.29% 735,337,619 86.96% 30,311,426 3.58% 4,605,633 0.54% - 0.00% 47,522,407 5.62%	Appraised Appraised Appraised Valuation (b) Valuation Valuation (b) \$ 27,858,603 3.29% \$ 55,258,540 735,337,619 86.96% 866,325,755 30,311,426 3.58% 37,653,384 4,605,633 0.54% 5,173,121 - 0.00% - 47,522,407 5.62% 215,932,347	Appraised Valuation (b) Appraised Valuation Appraised Valuation (b) Valuation (b)	2022 % of 2022 2023 % of 2023 Appraised Appraised Appraised Appraised Valuation (b) Valuation as of 8/1/2023 (c) \$ 27,858,603 3.29% \$ 55,258,540 4.68% \$ 55,821,648 735,337,619 86.96% 866,325,755 73.40% 872,622,396 30,311,426 3.58% 37,653,384 3.19% 37,259,983 4,605,633 0.54% 5,173,121 0.44% 5,157,717 - 0.00% - 0.00% - 47,522,407 5.62% 215,932,347 18.29% 316,191,056

⁽a) Appraised value does not exclude value associated with any optional exemption that a Participant may grant under Texas law nor does it exclude the market value deferred as a result of agricultural use. MUD 533's initial activation at the Appraisal District occurred for the 2023 tax year; therefore, no information for the prior years is available.

Outstanding Bonds

The Outstanding Road Bonds and the Outstanding Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds are collectively referred to herein as the "Outstanding Bonds." The following table lists the original principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds.

	Original	
	Principal	Outstanding
Series	Amount	Bonds
2017 (a)	\$ 2,580,000	\$ 2,315,000
2018	19,505,000	18,090,000
2019	14,330,000	13,415,000
2020 (a)	4,400,000	4,175,000
2020	12,000,000	11,500,000
2021 (a)	3,000,000	2,880,000
2021	17,000,000	17,000,000
2022	23,250,000	23,250,000
Total	\$ 96,065,000	\$ 92,625,000

⁽a) Road Contract Revenue Bonds.

⁽b) The Appraisal District has certified \$1,055,790,379 of appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants. There is also uncertified appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants subject to review and downward revision prior to certification in the amount of \$124,552,768. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value. For purposes of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the 2023 Appraised Valuation for the Service Area represents the Certified Appraised Valuation plus the landowners' opinion of the uncertified taxable value. No tax will be levied on the uncertified value until it is certified. See "APPENDIX A" for each Participant's certified and uncertified value.

⁽c) The Service Area's Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, as shown herein, is comprised of the estimate of appraised value as of August 1, 2023 for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534, all provided by the Appraisal District. Increases in value that occur between January 1, 2023 and August 1, 2023, will be appraised for purposes of taxation on January 1, 2024. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified in the fall of 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Debt Service Requirements

The following sets forth the debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. This schedule does not reflect the fact that a reserve requirement has been established in the Bond Resolution to be a sum equivalent to one-half of maximum annual debt service on Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds and Road Bonds (see "Outstanding Bonds" herein) and that the District will capitalize interest from Bond proceeds for the payment of debt service or to deposit to the Water/Sewer/Drainage Reserve Fund. See "THE BONDS—Funds," "INDENTURE OF TRUST" and "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

	Outstanding		Plus: Debt Service on the Bonds			Total		
Year		Debt Service		Principal		Interest	Total	Debt Service
2023	\$	4,821,606.25	(a)					\$ 4,821,606.25
2024		6,482,867.50	\$	1,220,000	\$	1,811,918.44	\$ 3,031,918.44	9,514,785.94
2025		6,404,795.00		1,220,000		1,585,912.50	2,805,912.50	9,210,707.50
2026		6,313,322.50		1,215,000		1,503,562.50	2,718,562.50	9,031,885.00
2027		6,241,225.00		1,215,000		1,421,550.00	2,636,550.00	8,877,775.00
2028		6,169,817.50		1,215,000		1,339,537.50	2,554,537.50	8,724,355.00
2029		6,109,490.00		1,215,000		1,257,525.00	2,472,525.00	8,582,015.00
2030		6,051,207.50		1,215,000		1,175,512.50	2,390,512.50	8,441,720.00
2031		5,995,320.00		1,215,000		1,093,500.00	2,308,500.00	8,303,820.00
2032		5,936,240.00		1,215,000		1,041,862.50	2,256,862.50	8,193,102.50
2033		5,901,127.50		1,215,000		990,225.00	2,205,225.00	8,106,352.50
2034		5,857,272.50		1,215,000		938,587.50	2,153,587.50	8,010,860.00
2035		5,824,656.26		1,215,000		883,912.50	2,098,912.50	7,923,568.76
2036		5,786,075.00		1,215,000		829,237.50	2,044,237.50	7,830,312.50
2037		5,742,668.76		1,215,000		774,562.50	1,989,562.50	7,732,231.26
2038		5,708,718.76		1,215,000		716,850.00	1,931,850.00	7,640,568.76
2039		5,665,560.00		1,215,000		659,137.50	1,874,137.50	7,539,697.50
2040		5,621,282.50		1,215,000		601,425.00	1,816,425.00	7,437,707.50
2041		5,581,065.00		1,215,000		543,712.50	1,758,712.50	7,339,777.50
2042		5,536,253.76		1,215,000		484,481.25	1,699,481.25	7,235,735.01
2043		5,316,835.00		1,215,000		425,250.00	1,640,250.00	6,957,085.00
2044		5,274,660.00		1,215,000		364,500.00	1,579,500.00	6,854,160.00
2045		2,977,760.00		1,215,000		303,750.00	1,518,750.00	4,496,510.00
2046		2,155,790.00		1,215,000		243,000.00	1,458,000.00	3,613,790.00
2047		2,113,307.50		1,215,000		182,250.00	1,397,250.00	3,510,557.50
2048		_		1,215,000		121,500.00	1,336,500.00	1,336,500.00
2049				1,215,000		60,750.00	 1,275,750.00	 1,275,750.00
Total	\$	135,588,923.79	\$	31,600,000	\$	21,354,012.19	\$ 52,954,012.19	\$ 188,542,935.98

⁽a) Excludes the District's June 1, 2023, debt service payment in the amount of \$1,711,017.

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2024-2049) \$7,066,205

Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024) \$9,514,786

Estimated Overlapping Debt

The following table lists the outstanding debt payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities overlapping the Participants and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the Participants' boundaries. Debt figures equated herein to outstanding obligations payable from ad valorem taxes are based upon data obtained from individual jurisdictions or Texas Municipal Reports compiled and published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Furthermore, certain entities listed below may have issued additional obligations since the date listed and may have plans to incur significant amounts of additional debt. Political subdivisions overlapping the Participants' boundaries are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for the purposes of operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for the payment of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes is not included in these figures. The District has no control over the issuance of debt or tax levies of any such entities.

		Outstanding		Overlappin	ıg	
Taxing Jurisdiction		Bonds	As of	Percent		Amount
Harris County	\$	1,770,442,125	7/31/2023	0.150%	\$	2,655,663
Harris County Flood Control District		1,009,015,000	7/31/2023	0.150%		1,513,523
Harris County Department of Education		70,790,000	7/31/2023	0.150%		106,185
Harris County Hospital District		13,865,000	7/31/2023	0.150%		20,798
Port of Houston Authority		445,749,397	7/31/2023	0.150%		668,624
Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District (d)		3,549,625,000	7/31/2023	0.340%		12,068,725
Katy Independent School District (d)		2,273,301,460	7/31/2023	0.830%		18,868,402
MUD 534		25,210,000	(a)	100.00%		25,210,000
MUD 457		49,825,000	(b)	100.00%		49,825,000
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt					\$	110,936,919
The District (c)						124,225,000
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt					\$	235,161,919
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2023 Appraised Va	ıluatio	n of \$1,180,343,147				19.92%
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Estimated Apprais	sed Va	luation as of Augu	st 1, 2023 of \$1,287,	052,800		18.27%

⁽a) (b) Includes \$15,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds to be issued by MUD 534 on October 26, 2023.

Includes \$5,750,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds that MUD 457 expects to issue in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Includes the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds. (c)

⁽d)A portion of the District and MUD 458 are located withing the Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District.

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within each Participant is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the taxes levied by each Participant. On January 1 of each year a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest imposed on such property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including each Participant, having the power to tax the property. Each Participant's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of taxing authorities shown below. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to pay debt service on any contract revenue bonds issued by the Master District (including Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and Road Contract Revenue Bonds), to pay debt service on bonded debt issued by each Participant and other taxing authorities, certain taxing jurisdictions, including each Participant, are also authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is a summary of taxes levied for the 2023 tax year by all entities which overlap the Service Area and the highest anticipated 2023 tax rate of the Participants. None of the Participants nor overlapping entities have established a 2023 tax rate. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, fire department contributions, solid waste disposal charges or any other levy of entities other than political subdivisions.

	Tax Rate
	per \$100 of Taxable
	Assessed Valuation
Harris County (including Harris County Flood Control District,	
Harris County Hospital District, Harris County Department	
of Education, and the Port of Houston Authority)	\$ 0.535090
Katy Independent School District (a)	1.119400
Waller-Harris ESD No. 200 (b)	0.086301
T . 10 1 T D .	Φ.1. 7. 40 7 01
Total Overlapping Tax Rate	\$1.740791
MUD 532, MUD 533 & MUD 534 (c)	1.500000
Total Tax Rate	\$3.240791

⁽a) A portion of the District and MUD 458 are located within Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District, which levied a 2022 total tax rate of \$1.2948. As the date hereof, Cypress-Fairbank Independent School District has not levied a tax rate for the 2023 tax year.

⁽b) Harris County ESD No. 9 overlaps the District, but the Service Area is split between Waller-Harris ESD No. 200 and Harris County ESD No. 9, which adopted a 2023 tax rate of \$0.04436.

⁽c) See "APPENDIX A" for a breakdown of each Participant's anticipated 2023 total tax rate.

TAX DATA

Contract Tax

The District, in its capacity as the Master District, has the statutory authority and the authorization under the Master District Contract to issue Contract Revenue Bonds. Each Participant's Contract Payment will be determined annually. The Master District Contract obligates each Participant to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds from the proceeds of the Contract Tax, or from any other legally available funds. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" and "THE PARTICIPANTS—Contract Tax" and "—Historical Contract Tax Collections" in this section.

Appraised Valuation Information

The Participants' Appraised Valuation as of January 1 of each year is used by the Master District in establishing the Contract Payments. The following represents the 2022 and 2023 Appraised Valuations, and the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of the Participants and each Participant's percentage of the total Appraised Valuation. Historical tax information for each Participant is included in "APPENDIX A" herein.

						% of
					Estimated	Estimated
	2022	% of 2022	2023	% of 2023	Appraised	Appraised
	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Appraised	Valuation as of	Valuation as of
Participant	Valuation (b)	Valuation	Valuation (b)	Valuation	8/1/2023 (c)	8/1/2023
MUD 171	\$ 27,858,603	3.29%	\$ 55,258,540	4.68%	\$ 55,821,648	4.34%
MUD 457	735,337,619	86.96%	866,325,755	73.40%	872,622,396	67.80%
MUD 458	30,311,426	3.58%	37,653,384	3.19%	37,259,983	2.89%
MUD 532	4,605,633	0.54%	5,173,121	0.44%	5,157,717	0.40%
MUD 533	-	0.00%	=	0.00%	-	0.00%
MUD 534	47,522,407	5.62%	215,932,347	18.29%	316,191,056	24.57%
Total	\$ 845,635,688	100.00%	\$1,180,343,147	100.00%	\$ 1,287,052,800	100.00%

⁽a) Appraised value does not exclude value associated with any optional exemption that a Participant may grant under Texas law nor does it exclude the market value deferred as a result of agricultural use. MUD 533's initial activation at the Appraisal District occurred for the 2023 tax year; therefore, no information for the prior years is available.

⁽b) The Appraisal District has certified \$1,055,790,379 of appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants. There is also uncertified appraised value in the boundaries of the Participants that is subject to review and downward revision prior to certification in the amount of \$124,552,768. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value. The Appraisal District has not provided certified or uncertified value for MUD 533 as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. For purposes of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the 2023 Appraised Valuation for the Service Area represents the Certified Appraised Valuation for each plus the landowners' opinion of the uncertified taxable value. No tax will be levied on the uncertified value until it is certified. See "APPENDIX A" for each Participant's certified and uncertified value.

⁽c) The Service Area's Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, as shown herein, is comprised of the estimate of appraised value as of August 1, 2023 for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534, all provided by the Appraisal District. Increases in value that occur between January 1, 2023 and August 1, 2023 will be appraised for purposes of taxation on January 1, 2024. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified in the fall of 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Historical Contract Payment Collections

Contract Payments due to the Master District are payable annually in equal amounts on March 1 and September 1. For tax year 2023, the Contract Payment due from the Participants is \$9,009,592. None of the Participants have officially adopted a 2023 Contract Tax as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. One-half of the 2023 Contract Tax Payment will be due March 1, 2024, with the balance due on September 1, 2024. The Contract Payment collection rates for 2018 through 2022 are shown below. See "APPENDIX A" for a breakdown of each Participant's tax rate levy.

2018 Contract Payment Collection Rate	100.00%
2019 Contract Payment Collection Rate	
2020 Contract Payment Collection Rate	
2021 Contract Payment Collection Rate	
2022 Contract Payment Collection Rate	

Principal Taxpayers

See "APPENDIX A" for information on the principal taxpayers of each Participant.

Tax Adequacy for Debt Service

The Contract Tax (comprised of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax and Road Contract Tax) rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 appraised value which would be required to meet average annual and maximum annual debt service requirements if no growth in the collective appraised value of the Participants' occurred beyond the 2023 Appraised Valuation of \$1,180,343,147 (\$1,055,790,379 of certified value plus \$124,552,768 of uncertified value) and the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 of \$1,287,052,800. The calculations contained in the following table merely represent the tax rates required to pay principal and interest on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds when due, assuming no further increase or any decrease in appraised value of the Participants, collection of ninety-five percent (95%) of the Contract Tax levied, the sale of no additional Contract Revenue Bonds and no other funds available for the payment of debt service. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements."

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024-2049)	\$7,066,205
\$0.64 Tax Rate on 2023 Appraised Valuation	
\$0.58 Tax Rate on Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2023)	\$9,514,786
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2023)	

No representation or suggestion is made that the value comprising the uncertified portion of the 2023 Appraised Valuation will not be adjusted downward prior to certification or that the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, will be certified as appraised value by the Appraisal District, and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

Each Participant, including the Master District in its capacity as a Participant, is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within its boundaries in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the outstanding bonds issued by such Participant, Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments on the Bonds, and Contract Payments on any other Contract Revenue Bonds that the Master District has issued or may hereafter issue, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. Under Texas law, the board of directors of each Participant may also levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of such Participant. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt" and "THE PARTICIPANTS—Contract Tax" "—Direct Debt Service Tax" and "—Maintenance and Operations Taxes."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the Participants. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Appraisal District has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Harris County, including the Participants. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Harris Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board").

Property Subject to Taxation by the Participants

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in a Participant are subject to taxation by a Participant. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies, and personal effects; certain goods, wares and merchandise in transit; farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, a Participant may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older and of certain disabled persons to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. A Participant may be required to call such an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the previous election. A Participant is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair a Participant's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by a Participant. Furthermore, a Participant must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, of between \$3,000 and \$12,000 of taxable valuation depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption, and qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age or older will be entitled to receive a residential homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full amount of the veteran's residential homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forced who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead spouse. The surviving spouse of a first responder who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, also entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

<u>Residential Homestead Exemptions</u>: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State of Texas to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the Appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted before July 1.

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemptions: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, a Participant does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2011 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption includes tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as a Participant may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit personal property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District and the other Participants have taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

Tax Abatement

Harris County may designate all or part of the area within the Service Area as a reinvestment zone. The City of Houston also may designate property within its boundaries or its extraterritorial jurisdiction as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, Harris County, a Participant, and the City of Houston (after annexation of a Participant(s)) under certain circumstances, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement, which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including any Participant participating in the abatement agreement, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the appraised value of property covered by the agreement over its appraised value in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdictions.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in a Participant must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by a Participant in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions while claiming it as to another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the Participant can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three (3) years for agricultural use, open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in the Appraisal District at least once every six (6) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. Each Participant, however, at its expense has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the Participant or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the Participant. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the Participant, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the Participant until such time as the Appraisal District chooses formally to include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as a Participant adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as a Participant, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

Participant and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the Participants) may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property value, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

Each Participant is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors of each Participant, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within such Participant, based upon: a) the valuation of property within such Participant as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for maintenance purposes, debt service on the Participant's bonds, the Participant's pro rata share of the annual debt service requirements (including reserve fund requirements) on contract revenue bonds (including Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and Road Contract Revenue Bonds) issued by the Master District, and other authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed, except as set forth herein with respect to residential homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older or disabled. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the Participant and a delinquent tax attorney. For those taxes billed at a later date and that become delinquent on or after June 1, they will also incur an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the Participant and a delinquent tax attorney. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the Participants may be rejected. A Participant's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement in writing and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in equal monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continues to accrue during the period of deferral.

Tax Payment Installments

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction, such as the District, if the taxpayer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

Additionally, the Property Tax Code authorizes a taxing jurisdiction such as the District, solely at the jurisdiction's discretion to adopt a similar installment payment option for taxes imposed on property that is located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and is owned or leased by certain qualified business entities, regardless of whether the property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency.

Additional Penalties

Each Participant has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, each Participant can establish an additional penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than May 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and August 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Texas Tax Code.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

Special Taxing Units: Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, may be required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>Developed Districts</u>: Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, may be required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

<u>Developing Districts</u>: Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>The District</u>: The District and each Participant have independently made determinations that the respective Participants (including the District) are considered Developing Districts for the 2023 tax year. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification or the classification of the Participants will be at any point in time or whether the District's or Participants' future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District or Participants into a new classification and new election calculation.

Participant's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by each Participant are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year for which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State of Texas and each local taxing unit, including each Participant, having power to tax the property. The Participant's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Taxes." A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of a district is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, a Participant may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both, subject to the limitations set forth under "Levy and Collection of Taxes". In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, a Participant must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, and by taxpayer redemption rights. A taxpayer may redeem commercial property within six months and all other types of property within two (2) years after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records. The Participant's ability to foreclose its tax lien or collection penalties or interest on delinquent taxes may be limited on property owned by a financial institution which is under receivership by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1825, as amended. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—General" and "—Tax Collection Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds are special obligations solely of the Master District (except the Master District in its role as a Participant) and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; the City of Houston, Texas; any of the Participants except the Master District; or any entity other than the Master District. The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, are payable solely from and to the extent of certain contract payments received by the Master District from the Participants pursuant to the Master District Contract, with each Participant's annual contract payment being equal to its pro rata share of annual debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Bonds, plus all charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees, and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds, including the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund, established under the Bond Resolution or the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture, based upon the Certified Appraised Valuation of each such Participant as a percentage of the total Certified Appraised Valuation of all Participants (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payment(s)"). The obligations of the Participants to make Water/Sewer/Drainage Payments are several, not joint, obligations pro-rated among the Participants based upon the proportion of the Certified Appraised Valuation of property within their respective boundaries to the total Certified Appraised Valuation of property within all of the Participants as described herein. No Participant is obligated to pay the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments allocated to any other Participant; however, lack of payment by any Participant could result in an increase in the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payment amount paid by each of the other Participants during the time that such Participant's payment is delinquent. The security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the Master District therefore depends on the ability of each Participant to collect annual ad valorem taxes (without legal limit as to rate or amount) levied on taxable property within its boundaries sufficient to make its Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments. See "-Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owner's Rights" herein and "THE BONDS—Source and Security of Payment."

Pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated November 1, 2017 (the "Road Indenture"), by and between the Master District and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., the Master District has issued, and is expected to issue, contract revenue bonds for the purpose of purchasing or acquiring regional road facilities ("Road Contract Revenue Bonds"). The Master District Contract obligates each Participant to pay a pro rata share of the debt service on the Road Contract Revenue Bonds based upon the Certified Appraised Valuation of each Participant as a percentage of the Certified Appraised Valuation of all Participants, calculated annually. Each Participant is obligated to make such payments ("Road Contract Payments") from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied by such Participant for such purpose on taxable property within its boundaries ("Road Contract Tax"), or from any other lawful source of such Participant's income.

Road Contract Payments (all of which are derived from the Road Contract Tax or other legally available funds of a Participant) are not pledged for and are not available to be used to: (i) pay debt service on the Bonds or any additional Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds; or (ii) fund or maintain the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Reserve Fund. Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments (all of which are derived from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax or other legally available funds of a Participant) are not pledged for and are not available to be used to: (i) pay debt service on the Road Contract Revenue Bonds); or (ii) fund or maintain the Road Contract Revenue Reserve Fund.

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax and the Road Contract Tax are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Tax;" the Road Contract Revenue Bonds and the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Revenue Bonds;" and the Road Contract Payment and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payment are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Payment."

Operational Expenses

Each Participant is obligated to pay monthly charges to the Master District for water and sewer services rendered pursuant to the Master District Contract. The monthly charges to be paid by each Participant to the Master District will be used to pay each Participant's share of operation and maintenance expenses and to provide for an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operation and maintenance expenses. Each Participant's share of operation and maintenance expenses and reserve requirements is based upon a "unit cost" of operation and maintenance expense and reserve requirements, calculated by the Master District and expressed in terms of "cost per equivalent single-family residential connection." Each Participant's monthly payment to the Master District for operation and maintenance expenses will be calculated by multiplying the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to each Participant on the first day of the previous month by the unit cost per equivalent single-family residential connection. The monthly cost per single-family equivalent connection being charged by the Master District to the Participant is presently \$60.00. See "THE SYSTEM."

The revenue produced from a \$60.00 connection charge is not currently sufficient to offset the operating expenses of the Master District nor maintain a three (3) month reserve as provided in the Master District Contract and the Master District is dependent upon operating advances from the Developer. The Master District's General Fund balance as of September 11, 2023 was \$953,750. Continued maintenance of a positive General Fund balance will depend upon (1) cash subsidies from the Developer and (2) continued development and increased amounts of monthly connection charge revenue.

Economic Factors and Interest Rates

A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the Service Area results from the current market value of single-family residences, commercial development and developed lots which are currently being marketed by the Developer for sale to homebuilders for the construction of primary residences. The market value of such homes and lots and commercial development is related to general economic conditions in the Houston region and the national economy and those conditions can affect the demand for residences. Demand for lots of this type and the construction of residential dwellings thereon can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs and the prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban center toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could impact such values.

Credit Markets and Liquidity in the Financial Markets

Interest rates and the availability of mortgage and development funding have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates at which developers are able to obtain financing for development costs. Interest rate levels may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete construction activities within the Service Area. Because of the numerous and changing factors affecting the availability of funds, particularly the liquidity in the national credit markets, the Service Area is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued construction within the Service Area. In addition, since the Service Area is located approximately 35 miles from the central downtown business district of the City of Houston, the success of development within the Service Area and growth of Service Area taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Houston metropolitan and regional economies and national credit and financial markets. A downturn in the economic conditions of Houston and decline in the nation's real estate and financial markets could adversely affect development and home-building plans in the Service Area and restrain the growth or reduce the value of the Service Area's property tax base.

Transformer Shortage

The construction and sale of new homes in the Service Area is subject to various risk factors, including shortages in obtaining materials. Recently, the Developer in the Service Area has reported difficulties and long delays in obtaining the electrical transformers needed to transform high voltage in electrical power lines to the low voltage used in homes as a result of ongoing supply chain issues throughout the country. Without transformers, new homes cannot be connected to the power grid. Historically, transformers have been installed within thirty (30) to ninety (90) days after homebuilders begin the construction of homes on vacant lots and delays in receiving transformers are currently six (6) months to over twelve (12) months. If delays and the lack of availability of transformers continues, homebuilders may be unwilling to purchase lots in the District or to begin construction of homes on lots already purchased. As of the date hereof, all development and homes are energized with the exception of 143 lots under construction that are expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2023 and are expected to be connected to the power grid in the second quarter of 2024. The delay of construction of new homes in the District could impact the future growth of taxable value in the District. The delay in transformer delivery being experienced by the Developer in the Service Area is a delay that is being experienced throughout the region and nationally. See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development."

Competition

The demand for and construction of single-family homes in the Service Area, which is approximately 35 miles west of downtown Houston, could be affected by competition from other residential developments including other residential developments located in the western portion of the Houston metropolitan area along the Grand Parkway (Texas State Highway 99). In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously owned homes in the area of the Service Area and in more established neighborhoods closer to downtown Houston. Such homes could represent additional competition for new homes proposed to be sold within the Service Area.

The competitive position of the Developer in the sale of developed lots and of prospective builders in the construction of single-family residential houses within the Service Area and marketing of commercial tracts within the Service Area is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position directly affects the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the Service Area. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the Service Area by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful. Failure of the Developer to develop the developable land or of builders to construct taxable improvements on the developed lots could restrict the rate of grow of the taxable value.

Undeveloped Acreage and Lots

There are approximately 794 developable acres of land (including approximately 32 acres where utility and/or road construction is currently underway for 143 single family residential lots within MUD 534) in the Service Area that have not been provided with water, wastewater, storm sewer, park, road and other facilities necessary for the construction of taxable improvements. In addition, as of August 15, 2023, there were 788 vacant developed single-family residential lots in MUD 534 (762) and MUD 457 (26). The District makes no representation as to when or if development of the undeveloped acreage will occur or that the lot sales and building program will be successful. See "THE DISTRICT AND THE SERVICE AREA—Land Use."

Developer Obligation to the District

There are no commitments from or obligations of the Developer or any other landowner to the Service Area to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or construction of improvements in the Service Area, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed tracts of land or developed lots could restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the Service Area. The Master District cannot and does not make any representations that over the life of the Bonds the Participants will increase or maintain its taxable property. See "THE DEVELOPER" and "APPENDIX B."

Possible Impact on Contract Tax Rate

Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the Service Area will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of owners of property within the Participants to pay their taxes. The 2023 Appraised Valuation of the Participants is \$1,180,343,147 (\$1,055,790,379 of certified value plus \$124,552,768 of uncertified value). After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum debt service requirement on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds will be \$9,514,786 (2024), and the average annual debt service requirement will be \$7,066,205 (2024-2049, inclusive). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2023 Appraised Valuation, the issuance of no additional debt, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service, contract tax rates of \$0.85 and \$0.64 per \$100 of appraised value at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum debt service requirement and the average annual debt service requirement, respectively. The Estimated Appraised Valuation of the Participants as of August 1, 2023, is \$1,287,052,800. Assuming no increase or decrease from the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, the issuance of no additional debt, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service, contract tax rates of \$0.78 and \$0.58 per \$100 of appraised value at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum debt service requirement and the average annual debt service payment, respectively. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements."

No representation or suggestion is made that the value comprising the uncertified portion (\$124,552,768) of the 2023 Appraised Valuation will not be adjusted downward prior to certification and that the Estimated Appraised Value as of August 1, 2023, provided by the Appraisal District will be certified by the Appraisal District, and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Debt Burden on Property within the Participants

The Master District expects that each Participant (including the District in its capacity as a Participant) will derive funds to make its Contract Payments to the Master District from the collection of ad valorem taxes, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied on all taxable property within its boundaries. In addition to the annual levy of a Contract Tax to make its annual Contract Payments, each Participant (including the District in its capacity as a Participant) is authorized, and expected, to levy a tax on property within its boundaries (without legal limit as to rate or amount) to pay annual principal and interest on bonds issued by the Participant and to pay its operations and maintenance expenses. In accordance with the development plan of the Developer, it is expected that each Participant will also issue bonds to finance the internal water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities, roads and each Participant's pro rata share of regional park and recreation facilities within its boundaries at the earliest time permitted by the rules of the TCEQ.

The Master District can make no representation that the taxable property values in the Participants will maintain a value sufficient to support the aforementioned Contract Tax or to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)," "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service," and "APPENDIX A."

The current TCEQ rules regarding the feasibility of a bond issue for utility districts in Harris County limit the projected combined total tax rate of entities levying a tax for water, sewer, drainage, roads and recreational facilities to \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable appraised value. In the case of the Participants the total combined tax rate under current TCEQ rules includes the Contract Tax rate in combination with the direct tax rates of a Participant for debt service and maintenance. If the current combined tax rate a Participant should ever exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable appraised value, such Participant or the Master District could be prohibited under rules of the TCEQ from selling additional bonds which require the prior approval of TCEQ. See "Possible Impact on District Tax Rates" above and "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (Unaudited)—Estimated Overlapping Debt" and "—Estimated Overlapping Taxes."

The total composite tax rate, which includes or will include the Contract Tax and direct taxes for debt service and maintenance and operations, to which property in each of the Participants may be higher than the composite tax rate of property within other competing subdivisions. To the extent that such composite tax rate is not competitive, the growth of property tax values in each Participant and the investment quality or security of the Bonds could be adversely affected. The Master District has no control over such composite tax rate. See "Competition" in this section and "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Taxes."

Specific Flood Type Risks

<u>Ponding (or Pluvial) Flood</u>: Ponding, or pluvial, flooding occurs when heavy rainfall creates a flood event independent of an overflowing water body, typically in relatively flat areas. Intense rainfall can exceed the drainage capacity of a drainage system, which may result in water within the drainage system becoming trapped and diverted onto streets and nearby property until it is able to reach a natural outlet. Ponding can also occur in a flood pool upstream or behind a dam, levee or reservoir.

<u>Riverine (or Fluvial) Flood</u>: Riverine, or fluvial, flooding occurs when water levels rise over the top of river, bayou or channel banks due to excessive rain from tropical systems making landfall and/or persistent thunderstorms over the same area for extended periods of time. The damage from a riverine flood can be widespread. The overflow can affect smaller rivers and streams downstream, or may sheet-flow over land. Flash flooding is a type of riverine flood that is characterized by an intense, high velocity torrent of water that occurs in an existing river channel with little to no notice. Flash flooding can also occur even if no rain has fallen, for instance, after a levee, dam or reservoir has failed or experienced an uncontrolled release, or after a sudden release of water by a debris or ice jam. In addition, planned or unplanned controlled releases from a dam, levee or reservoir also may result in flooding in areas adjacent to rivers, bayous or drainage systems downstream.

Atlas 14

In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based upon the Atlas 14 study, which is based upon a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties. Such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain. See "THE SYSTEM—Flood Protection and Drainage."

Potential Effects of Oil Price Fluctuations on the Houston Area

The economy of the Houston area has, in the past, been particularly affected by adverse conditions in the oil and gas industry, and such conditions and their spillover effects into other industries could result in declines in the demand for residential and commercial property in the Houston area and could reduce or negatively affect property values or homebuilding activity within the Service Area. The Master District cannot predict the impact that negative conditions in the oil industry could have on property values within the Service Area.

Extreme Weather Events

The greater Houston area, including the Service Area, is subject to occasional severe weather events, including tropical storms and hurricanes. If the Service Area were to sustain damage to its facilities requiring substantial repair or replacement, or if substantial damage were to occur to taxable property within the Service Area as a result of such a weather event, the investment security of the Bonds could be adversely affected. The greater Houston area has experienced multiple storms exceeding a 0.2% probability (i.e. "500-year flood" events) since 2015, including Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 25, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the successive four days.

According to the Operator, the Engineer and the Developer, the Master District's water, wastewater and drainage system did not sustain any material damage and there was no interruption of water and sewer service as a result of Hurricane Harvey. Further, according to the Operator, Engineer and Developer, no homes within the District experienced structural flooding or other material damage as a result of Hurricane Harvey.

If a future weather event significantly damaged all or part of the improvements within the Service Area, the assessed value of property within the Service Area could be substantially reduced, which could result in a decrease in tax revenues and/or necessitate an increase in the Participants' tax rates. Further, there can be no assurance that a casualty loss to taxable property within the Service Area will be covered by insurance (or that property owners will even carry flood or other casualty insurance), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild or repair any damaged improvements within the Service Area. Even if insurance proceeds are available and improvements are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values within the Service Area could be adversely affected.

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owner's Rights

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created or confirmed in the Bond Resolution, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, the registered owners of the Bonds ("Registered Owners") have the statutory right of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Resolution. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, the Water/Sewer/Drainage Indenture provides certain limitations on the right of Registered Owners of the Bonds to institute suits, actions or proceedings at law or in equity upon the occurrence of an event of default. See "THE BONDS—Remedies in Event of Default" and "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST." Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Resolution may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the property of the Master District or property within the Service Area. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the Service Area or sell property within the Service Area to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may further be limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Subject to the requirements of Texas law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District (or another Participant) may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of Registered Owners' remedies, including mandamus. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismisses the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision such as the District may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (1) is authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (2) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (3) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (4) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiation is impracticable. Special districts such as the District must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under Texas law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with Texas law requirements, the District could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby invoking the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning district relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be appealable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the Registered Owner could potentially and adversely impair the value of the Registered Owner's claim.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect Registered Owners by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating the collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners' claims against a district.

A district may not be forced into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Future Debt

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District may issue Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds in a principal amount not to exceed \$680,320,000 to provide the Master District Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities and for refunding such bonds, and in a principal amount not to exceed \$98,910,000 for the purpose of constructing and acquiring the Master District Road Facilities and for refunding such bonds. After the issuance of the Bonds, the Master District will have \$562,635,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds authorized but unissued and \$88,930,000 principal of the Road Contract Revenue Bonds remain authorized but unissued. Any future Contract Revenue Bonds will be on a parity with the Bonds. The Master District anticipates that it will issue additional Contract Revenue Bonds. Future issues of Contract Revenue Bonds are intended to be sold at the earliest practicable date consistent with the maintenance of a reasonable tax rate in the Service Area. The Master District does not employ any formula with respect to appraised values, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of Contract Revenue Bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional bonds may be subject to approval by the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. To date, the Developer has advanced certain funds for construction of water, sewer and drainage facilities and roads and related improvements for which it has not been reimbursed. After the reimbursements are made with Bond proceeds, the Master District will owe approximately \$65,000,000 (excluding land costs and interest) to the Developer for water, wastewater and drainage facilities and approximately \$8,000,000 for road and related improvements constructed in the Service Area. Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District shall not issue Contract Revenue Bonds for parks and recreational facilities, unless and until said Master District Contracts are amended and approved by the voters of the districts in the Service Area in accordance with the terms of the Master District Contracts. The Master District may require Participants to remit Park Construction Charges (as defined in the Master District Contract) to reimburse the Developer for certain funds for construction of park and recreational facilities. See "—Possible Impact on the Contract Tax Rate" in this section and "THE BONDS—Issuance of Additional Debt" and "-Financing Parks and Recreational Facilities."

The District, as a Participant, has the right to issue obligations, including unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of financing internal water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities, roads and its pro rata share of regional parks and recreation facilities within its boundaries, tax anticipation notes and bond anticipation notes, and to borrow for any valid corporate purpose. The voters of the District have authorized the issuance of \$37,350,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing or constructing water, wastewater and drainage facilities and for refunding such bonds, \$70,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing road facilities and for refunding such bonds and \$7,700,000 principal amount unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring park and recreational facilities and for refunding such bonds, all of which remains authorized but unissued. The principal amount of bonds issued to finance parks and recreational facilities may not exceed 1% of the District's certified value, unless the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent but not three percent of the value of the taxable property in the District.

Marketability of the Bonds

The District has no understanding with the Underwriter regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Environmental and Air Quality Regulations

Wastewater treatment and water supply facilities are subject to stringent and complex environmental laws and regulations. Facilities must comply with environmental laws at the federal, state, and local levels. These laws and regulations can restrict or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment in many ways such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water supply wells and wastewater treatment facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are released into the air, water, or soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other property;
- Requiring action to prevent or mitigate pollution;
- Imposing substantial liabilities for pollution resulting from facility operations.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of district ("Utility Districts") for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements, and injunctive relief as to future compliance of and the ability to operate the Utility District's water supply, wastewater treatment, and drainage facilities. Environmental laws and regulations can also impact an area's ability to grow and develop. The following is a discussion of certain environmental concerns that relate to Utility Districts, including the District. It should be noted that changes in environmental laws and regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

<u>Air Quality Issues</u>: Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and the TCEQ may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act ("CAA") Amendments of 1990, the eight-county Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area ("HGB Area")—Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery and Liberty Counties—has been designated a nonattainment area under two separate federal ozone standards: the eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 (the "2008 Ozone Standard"), and the EPA's most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015 (the "2015 Ozone Standard"). While the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB Area, the HGB Area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "severe" nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2027. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB Area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "moderate" nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of August 3, 2024. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB Area consists of only six counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA's ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan ("SIP") for the HGB Area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB Area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB Area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA's attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB Area's economic growth and development.

<u>Water Supply & Discharge Issues</u>: Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the HGB Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2018, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain non-stormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The TCEQ issued the General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the "MS4 Permit") on January 24, 2019. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. While the District is currently not subject to the MS4 Permit, if the District's inclusion were required at a future date, the District could incur substantial costs to develop, implement, and maintain the necessary plans as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff in order to comply with the MS4 Permit.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the "waters of the United States." The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

On May 25, 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, which clarified the definition of "waters of the United States" and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the *Sackett* decision, "waters of the United States" includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as "streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes" and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection.

While the *Sackett* decision removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Changes in Tax Legislation

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance

The Underwriter has entered into an agreement with ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") for the purchase of a municipal bond insurance policy (the "Policy"). At the time of entering into the agreement, the Insurer was rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the insurer (the "Insurer") and its claim paying ability. The Insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See description of "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The obligations of the Insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the Insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District nor the Underwriter has made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the Insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the Insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" for further information provided by the Insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the Insurer.

Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies

The Master District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by one or more Participant's inability to collect ad valorem taxes necessary to make its Contract Payments. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by each Participant constitutes a lien in favor of the Participant on a parity with the liens of all other local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by judicial foreclosure. Each Participant's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time- consuming and expensive collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer, or (c) market conditions affecting the marketability of taxable property within the Participant and limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of such property. Moreover, the proceeds of any sale of property within the Participant will be allocated pro rata among the Participant's tax obligations (including Road Contract Payments, Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments, maintenance and operation expenses, and debt service for any unlimited tax bonds issued by the Participant). The proceeds of any such sale of property may be limited by the existence of other tax liens on the property (see "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Taxes"), by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, and by other factors (including the taxpayers' right to redeem property within two years of foreclosure for residential and agricultural use property and six months for other property). Finally, any bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within a Participant pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the Participant to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes Appraised against such taxpayer. In addition to the automatic stay against collection of delinquent taxes afforded a taxpayer during the pendency of a bankruptcy, a bankruptcy could affect payment of taxes in two other ways: first, a debtor's confirmation plan may allow a debtor to make installment payments on delinquent taxes for up to six years; and, second, a debtor may challenge, and a bankruptcy court may reduce, the amount of any taxes Appraised against the debtor, including taxes that have already been paid. See "TAXING PROCEDURES—Participant's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies."

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Resolution on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactive to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Proceedings

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the Master District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, payable from the Water/Sewer/Drainage Pledged Revenues (see "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST"), and, based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds, the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a like effect and to the effect that, under existing law interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of applicable corporations for the purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under "THE BONDS," "THE INDENTURE OF TRUST," "THE PARTICIPANTS," "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAX MATTERS" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" solely to determine if such information, insofar as it relates to matters of law, is true and correct, and whether such information fairly summarizes the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP also serves as general counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds. The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Master District by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Houston, Texas, as Disclosure Counsel.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Underwriter to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the Master District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the Master District from that set forth or contemplated in the Official Statement, as amended or supplemented through the date of sale.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Underwriter a certificate, executed by both the President or Vice President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board, and dated as of the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, to the effect that no litigation of any nature is pending or to its knowledge threatened, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attacking the Bonds, the Master District Contract, restraining or enjoining the levy, collection and pledge of the funds from which the Bonds are payable; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds or the title of the present officers of the District.

TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of applicable corporations (as defined in section 59(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) for the purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations.

The Code imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of proceeds and the source of repayment, limitations on the investment of proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"). The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution that it will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution pertaining to those sections of the Code which affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and, in addition, will rely on representations by the District, the District's Financial Advisor and the Underwriter with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District, the District's Financial Advisor and the Underwriter, respectively, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District should fail to comply with the covenants in the Bond Resolution or if the foregoing representations should be determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become taxable from the Date of Deliver of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such taxability occurs.

Under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received or accrued during the year. Payments of interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds are in many cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any owner who is not an "exempt recipient" and who fails to provide certain identifying information. Individuals generally are not exempt recipients, whereas corporations and certain other entities generally are exempt recipients.

Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any federal, state or local tax consequences resulting from the ownership of, receipt of interest on, or disposition of, the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax exempt obligations, taxpayers owning an interest in a FASIT that holds tax-exempt obligations, and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the "branch profits tax" on their effectively-connected earnings and profits, including tax exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds. These categories of prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds

The issue price of certain of the Bonds (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds") is less than the stated redemption price at maturity. In such case, under existing law, and based upon the assumptions hereinafter stated (a) the difference between the stated amount payable at the maturity of each Original Issue Discount Bond and (ii) the issue price of such Original Issue Discount Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond at the initial public offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds; and (b) such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such Original Issue Discount Bond continues to be owned by such owner.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income. (Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussion regarding interest on the Bonds under the caption "TAX MATTERS" generally applies, except as otherwise provided below, to original issue discount on a Original Issue Discount Bond held by an owner who purchased such Bond at the initial offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds, and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.)

The foregoing is based on the assumptions that (a) the Underwriter has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the general public and not for investment purposes, and (b) all of the Original Issue Discount Bonds have been offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a cash price (and with no other consideration being included) equal to the initial offering prices thereof stated on the cover page of this Official Statement, and (c) the respective initial offering prices of the Original Issue Discount Bonds to the general public are equal to the fair market value thereof. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel warrants that the Original Issue Discount Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price plus the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BOND RATING

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to this issue of Bonds with the understanding that upon issuance and delivery of the Bonds, a municipal bond insurance policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. No application has been made to a municipal rating company for an underlying rating on the Bonds, nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating if application had been made.

The rating reflects only the view of such organization and the District makes no representation as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as "APPENDIX C" to this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

AGM is a New York domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an indirect subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Ltd. ("AGL"), a Bermuda-based holding company whose shares are publicly traded and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AGO". AGL, through its subsidiaries, provides credit enhancement products to the U.S. and non-U.S. public finance (including infrastructure) and structured finance markets and participates in the asset management business through ownership interests in Sound Point Capital Management, LP. Neither AGL nor any of its shareholders or affiliates, other than AGM, is obligated to pay any debts of AGM or any claims under any insurance policy issued by AGM.

AGM's financial strength is rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), "AA+" (stable outlook) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. ("KBRA") and "A1" (stable outlook) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). Each rating of AGM should be evaluated independently. An explanation of the significance of the above ratings may be obtained from the applicable rating agency. The above ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and such ratings are subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies, including withdrawal initiated at the request of AGM in its sole discretion. In addition, the rating agencies may at any time change AGM's long-term rating outlooks or place such ratings on a watch list for possible downgrade in the near term. Any downward revision or withdrawal of any of the above ratings, the assignment of a negative outlook to such ratings or the placement of such ratings on a negative watch list may have an adverse effect on the market price of any security guaranteed by AGM. AGM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of bonds insured by AGM on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the relevant insurance policy), and does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the securities it insures, nor does it guarantee that the ratings on such securities will not be revised or withdrawn.

Current Financial Strength Ratings

On July 13, 2023, S&P announced it had affirmed AGM's financial strength rating of "AA" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that S&P may take.

On October 21, 2022, KBRA announced it had affirmed AGM's insurance financial strength rating of "AA+" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that KBRA may take.

On March 18, 2022, Moody's announced it had upgraded AGM's insurance financial strength rating to "A1" (stable outlook) from "A2" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that Moody's may take.

For more information regarding AGM's financial strength ratings and the risks relating thereto, see AGL's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Capitalization of AGM

At June 30, 2023:

- The policyholders' surplus of AGM was approximately \$2,702 million.
- The contingency reserve of AGM was approximately \$894 million.
- The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM and its subsidiaries (as described below) were approximately \$2,089 million. Such amount includes (i) 100% of the net unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM, and (ii) the net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGM's wholly owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty UK Limited ("AGUK") and its 99.9999% owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty (Europe) SA ("AGE").

The policyholders' surplus of AGM and the contingency reserves, net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM were determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGUK and AGE were determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

Portions of the following documents filed by AGL with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that relate to AGM are incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 (filed by AGL with the SEC on March 1, 2023); and
- (ii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 (filed by AGL with the SEC on May 10, 2023).
- (iii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023 (filed by AGL with the SEC on August 9, 2023).

All information relating to AGM included in, or as exhibits to, documents filed by AGL with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, excluding Current Reports or portions thereof "furnished" under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, after the filing of the last document referred to above and before the termination of the offering of the Bonds shall be deemed incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing such documents. Copies of materials incorporated by reference are available over the internet at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov, at AGL's website at http://www.assuredguaranty.com, or will be provided upon request to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.: 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Communications Department (telephone (212) 974-0100). Except for the information referred to above, no information available on or through AGL's website shall be deemed to be part of or incorporated in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Any information regarding AGM included herein under the caption "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE—Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp." or included in a document incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "AGM Information") shall be modified or superseded to the extent that any subsequently included AGM Information (either directly or through incorporation by reference) modifies or supersedes such previously included AGM Information. Any AGM Information so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, except as so modified or superseded.

Miscellaneous Matters

AGM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Sources and Compilation of Information

The financial data and other information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Developer, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Appraisal District and information from other sources. All of these sources are believed to be reliable, but no guarantee is made by the District as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from such sources, and its inclusion herein is not to be construed as a representation on the part of the District to such effect except as specified below under "Certification of Official Statement." Furthermore, there is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will be realized. The summaries of the agreements, reports, statutes, resolutions, indentures, engineering and other related information set forth in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are included herein subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents for further information.

Financial Advisor

Masterson Advisors LLC is employed as the Financial Advisor to the District to render certain professional services, including advising the District on a plan of financing and preparing the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, including the OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE and the OFFICIAL BID FORM for the sale of the Bonds. In its capacity as Financial Advisor, Masterson Advisors LLC has compiled and edited this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT in accordance with, and as a part of, its responsibilities to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Consultants

In approving this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the District has relied upon the following consultants. Each consultant has agreed to the use of information provided by such firms.

<u>Engineer</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to engineering and to the description of the Master District's water and wastewater system and, certain information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT AND SERVICE AREA—Description and Location" and "—Status of Development," "THE SYSTEM," and "THE ROAD SYSTEM" has been provided by BGE, Inc., and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

<u>Appraisal District</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to the historical certified taxable Appraised Valuations has been provided by the Harris Central Appraisal District and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of such entity as experts in assessing the values of property in Harris County, including within the boundaries of the Participants.

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to the historical breakdown of the Participants' Appraised Valuations and certain other historical data concerning tax rates and tax collections has been provided by Utility Tax Service, LLC and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such firm as an expert in assessing property values and collecting taxes.

<u>Independent Auditor</u>: The financial statements of the Master District, MUD 457, MUD 458 and MUD 534 as of December 31, 2022, have been audited by FORVIS, LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their reports appearing herein. See "APPENDIX B."

<u>Bookkeeper</u>: The information related to the "unaudited" summary of the District's General Operating Fund as it appears in "THE SYSTEM—Water and Wastewater Operations" has been provided by District Data Services, Inc. and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such firm as experts in tracking and managing the various funds of municipal utility districts.

Updating the Official Statement

If subsequent to the date of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the Master District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Underwriter, of any adverse event which causes the OFFICIAL STATEMENT to be materially misleading, and unless the Underwriter elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the Master District will promptly prepare and supply to the Underwriter an appropriate amendment or supplement to the OFFICIAL STATEMENT satisfactory to the Underwriter, provided, however, that the obligation of the Master District to the Underwriter to so amend or supplement the OFFICIAL STATEMENT will terminate when the Master District delivers the Bonds to the Underwriter, unless the Underwriter notifies the Master District on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the Master District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time as required by law (but not more than 90 days after the date the Master District delivers the Bonds).

Certification of Official Statement

The Master District, acting through its Board in its official capacity, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that the information, statements, and descriptions or any addenda, supplement and amendment thereto pertaining to the Master District and its affairs contained herein, to the best of its knowledge and belief, contain no untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. With respect to information included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT other than that relating to the Master District, the Master District has no reason to believe that such information contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; however, the Board has made no independent investigation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the Master District. In rendering such certificate, the official executing this certificate may state that he has relied in part on his examination of records of the Master District relating to matters within his own area of responsibility, and his discussions with, or certificates or correspondence signed by, certain other officials, employees, consultants and representatives of the Master District.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Resolution, the Master District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the registered and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The Master District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the Master District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), or any successor to its functions as a repository, through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system.

Annual Reports

The Master District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB through its EMMA System. The information to be updated with respect to the Master District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the headings "THE SYSTEM—Master District Facilities," "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MASTER DISTRICT AND THE PARTICIPANTS (UNAUDITED) (except "Estimated Overlapping Debt")," "TAX DATA," and "APPENDIX A" (Certain Financial Information Regarding the Participants) and "APPENDIX B" (Audited Financial Statements of the Master District and Participants). The Master District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each fiscal year ending in or after 2023.

The Master District may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12 ("Rule"). The updated information will include audited financial statements if the Master District commissions an audit and the audit is completed by the required time. If the audit of such financial statements is not complete within such period, then the Master District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to the MSRB within such six month period, and audited financial statements when and if such audited financial statements become available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in the Bond Resolution, or such other accounting principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The District's current fiscal year end is December 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by June 30 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "obligated person" and "financial obligation" when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide financial information, operating data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from MSRB

The Master District has agreed to provide the foregoing updated information only to the MSRB. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge through its Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") internet portal at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The Master District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of specified events only as described above. The Master District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The Master District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The Master District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the Master District to comply with its agreement.

The Master District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the Master District or the Participants, if but only if (1) the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering made hereby in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and (2) either (a) the Registered Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent to the amendment or (b) any person unaffiliated with the Master District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. The Master District may amend or repeal the agreement in the Bond Resolution if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid or unenforceable, but only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Underwriter from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the initial offering. If the Master District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the last five years, the Master District has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

All estimates, statements and assumptions in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT and the APPENDICES hereto have been made on the basis of the best information available and are believed to be reliable and accurate. Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such statements will be realized.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT was approved by the Board of Directors of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171, as of the date shown on the cover page.

ATTEST:	
/s/ Saundra J. Dahlke	/s/ Duane Heckmann
Secretary, Board of Directors	President, Board of Directors

AERIAL LOCATION MAP

(Approximate boundaries of the Service Area as of August 2023)



PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT

(Taken August 2023)

























APPENDIX A

Certain Financial Information Regarding the Participants

Selected information concerning the Participants is included in this APPENDIX in addition to certain general information concerning the Participants and their obligation under the Master District Contract contained in the body of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT. See "THE PARTICIPANTS" and "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" therein.

Certain Calculations

The information concerning the debt burden of the Participants makes reference to the principal amount of each Participant's pro rata share of debt service on the Bonds, each Participant's outstanding unlimited tax bonds, if any, and certain annual tax rate calculations. In each case, this information has been computed as follows:

<u>Contract Debt</u>: The principal amount of each Participant's Master District Contract debt has been calculated for purposes of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT by allocating the debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds among the Participants in proportion to their appraised values. The appraised values are based on the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534. As of the date hereof, the Appraisal District has not provided 2023 appraised certified or uncertified value for MUD 533 nor has an estimate of value been provided by MUD 533. The Participants' share of annual debt service requirements on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds will be determined annually by reference to their relative appraised values established by the Harris Central Appraisal District on January 1 of each year. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" in the OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

<u>Tax Rate Calculations</u>: Tax rate calculations herein assume that each Participant's appraised value does not change from its Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, for MUD 171, MUD 457, MUD 458, MUD 532 and MUD 534 and that each Participant collects ninety-five percent (95%) of the taxes it levies, that it issues no additional bonds, and that the Master District does not issue any additional Contract Revenue Bonds. As of the date hereof, the Appraisal District has not provided 2023 appraised certified or uncertified value for MUD 533 nor has an estimate of value been provided by MUD 533.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 171

(In Its Capacity as a Participant)

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Refunding Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Road Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Park Fotal Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date Debt Service Tax Limitation Maintenance Tax Limitation Road Maintenance Tax Limitation Contract Tax Limitation Gross Outstanding Direct Debt	1 Refunding Bonds) \$70,000,000 Refunding Bonds) \$7,700,000 \$0 Unlimited \$1.50 \$0.25 Unlimited
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation	\$55,258,540 (a \$55,258,540 (a
Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$55,821,648 (b
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 as a Percentage of Service Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	ce Area's
Contract Payment Funds Available as of September 11, 2023	\$10,044 (c
Average Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	d upon the \$306,673
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	1 the\$412,942
	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service:	
Average Annual Debt Service (2024-2049): Pro Rata Share of the Outstanding Bonds	\$0.58
Maximum Annual Debt Service (2024): Pro Rata Share of the Outstanding Bonds	\$0.78
Status of Development as of September, 2023: Acreage	

- uncertified and subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value. Provided by the Appraisal District as an estimate of the taxable and appraised value as of August 1, 2023. Contract Tax Payments for tax year 2023 are due to the Master District by March 1, 2024 and September 1, 2024.
- (b) (c)

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable appraised value of such property as a percentage of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation of \$53,530,070. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation (\$1,728,470) or the Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of \$48,810,139, are not currently available.

	2023 Taxable Certified					
	Assessed	Assessed				
Taxpayer	Value	Value (%)				
Plaza at Elyson Ltd.	\$ 25,704,980	48.02%				
NASH FM 529 LLC	9,008,682	16.83%				
Target Store	5,083,074	9.50%				
HEB LP	4,021,120	7.51%				
EMU Partners LLC	3,748,232	7.00%				
Tesseact Realty ILC	2,099,861	3.92%				
Burlington Coat Factory	1,595,308	2.98%				
Landmark Industries	1,320,723	2.47%				
B&G Food Enterprises	306,864	0.57%				
Total	\$ 52,888,844	98.80%				

Tax Rate Distribution

	Antic	cipated								
	2023 (a)		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Debt Service	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Maintenance & Operations		0.62		0.62		0.68		0.71		-
Contract		0.77		0.77		0.71		0.68		1.39
Total	\$	1.39	\$	1.39	\$	1.39	\$	1.39	\$	1.39

MUD 171 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects to adopt such tax rate in (a) October 2023 with \$0.62 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.77 allocated to Contract Tax.

Historical Tax Collections

				Tax Collections as			
Tax	Taxable	Tax	Total	of August 31	, 2023 (b)		
Year	Value (a)	Rate	Tax Levy	Amount	Percent		
2018	\$ 4,055,523	\$ 1.39	\$ 56,372	\$ 56,372	100.00%		
2019	4,102,100	1.39	57,019	57,019	100.00%		
2020	7,762,102	1.39	107,893	107,893	100.00%		
2021	13,766,136	1.39	191,349	191,349	100.00%		
2022	27,955,753	1.39	388,585	386,875	99.56%		
2023	55,258,540	1.39	768,094	(c)	(c)		

As certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted.

⁽a) (b) (c) Unaudited.

MUD 171 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects to adopt such tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects tax rate in the amount of \$1.39 and expects tax rate in the amo October 2023 with \$0.62 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.77 allocated to Contract Tax. Taxes for the 2023 tax year are due January 31, 2024.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 457

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds). Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Park Refunding Total Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date Debt Service Tax Limitation Maintenance Tax Limitation Road Maintenance Tax Limitation Contract Tax Limitation Gross Outstanding Direct Debt	ing Bonds)
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation	
Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$872,622,396 (c) \$872,622,396 (c)
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 as a Percentage of Service Area's Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	s67.80%
Contract Payment Funds Available as of September 11, 2023	\$275,179
Average Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$4,790,887
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2024)(a)	
Т	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Contract Tax and Direct Debt Service Tax Required to Pay Rata Share of Debt Service:	<u></u>
Average Annual Debt Service: Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049) Direct Debt Service (2024-2049)(a)	\$0.58 \$0.38
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024) Direct Debt Service (2024)(a)	\$0.78 \$0.44
Status of Development as of August 15, 2023: Acreage Total Developed Lots Total Complete Homes (8 Unoccupied) Total Homes Under Construction or in a Builder's Name Estimated Population Commercial Acreage	

⁽a)

Includes \$5,750,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds which are expected to be issued in the fourth quarter of 2023. Interest is estimated at 4.75% per annum.

The Appraisal District has certified \$754,477,654 of taxable assessed value and \$759,274,590 of appraised value. An additional \$107,051,165 of taxable and appraised value remains uncertified and subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value.

Provided by the Appraisal District as an estimate of the taxable and appraised value as of August 1, 2023. (b)

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the ten principal taxpayers, the taxable appraised value of such property as a percentage of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation of \$754,477,654. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation (\$107,051,165) and the Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of \$872,622,396 are not currently available.

	2023 Taxable Certified				
	Assessed	Assessed			
Taxpayer	Value	Valuation (%)			
Navidad Holdings Katy LLC	\$ 13,012,004	1.72%			
Nash FM 529 LLC	4,571,337	0.61%			
Chesmar Homes LLC	3,348,228	0.44%			
CenterPoint Energy	3,219,040	0.43%			
Elyson Place LLC	3,133,250	0.42%			
MPA Management Company	3,018,746	0.40%			
KA Great Minds Corp	2,761,041	0.37%			
Perry Homes LLC	1,284,264	0.17%			
Individual	998,000	0.13%			
Lennar Homes of Texas	974,810	0.13%			
Total	\$ 36,320,720	4.81%			

Tax Rate Distribution

	Antic	ipated										
	20	23 (a)	2	2022	2	2021	2	.020	2	.019	2	2018
Debt Service	\$	0.41	\$	0.38	\$	0.37	\$	0.38	\$	0.24	\$	0.15
Maintenance & Operations		0.24		0.32		0.36		0.31		0.39		0.53
Contract		0.76		0.73		0.77		0.81		0.87		0.82
Total	\$	1.41	\$	1.43	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50

MUD 457 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.41 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.41 allocated to debt service, \$0.24 to maintenance and operations and \$0.76 allocated to Contract Tax. (a)

Historical Tax Collections

			Tax Collections as			
Taxable	Tax	Total	of August 31	l, 2023 (b)		
Value (a)	Rate	_ Tax Levy	Amount	Percent		
\$ 126,567,311	\$ 1.50	\$1,898,510	\$ 1,898,510	100.00%		
220,270,441	1.50	3,304,057	3,304,057	100.00%		
320,256,022	1.50	4,803,840	4,803,360	99.99%		
481,359,711	1.50	7,220,396	7,204,511	99.78%		
724,122,366	1.43	10,354,950	10,267,968	99.16%		
861,528,819	1.41	12,147,556	(c)	(c)		
	Value (a) \$ 126,567,311 220,270,441 320,256,022 481,359,711 724,122,366	Value (a) Rate \$ 126,567,311 \$ 1.50 220,270,441 1.50 320,256,022 1.50 481,359,711 1.50 724,122,366 1.43	Value (a) Rate Tax Levy \$ 126,567,311 \$ 1.50 \$ 1,898,510 220,270,441 1.50 3,304,057 320,256,022 1.50 4,803,840 481,359,711 1.50 7,220,396 724,122,366 1.43 10,354,950	Taxable Tax Total of August 31 Value (a) Rate Tax Levy Amount \$ 126,567,311 \$ 1.50 \$ 1,898,510 \$ 1,898,510 220,270,441 1.50 3,304,057 3,304,057 320,256,022 1.50 4,803,840 4,803,360 481,359,711 1.50 7,220,396 7,204,511 724,122,366 1.43 10,354,950 10,267,968		

As certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted.

⁽a) (b) (c) MUD 457 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.41 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.41 allocated to debt service, \$0.24 to maintenance and operations and \$0.76 allocated to Contract Tax. Taxes for the 2023 tax year will be due January 31, 2024.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 458

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Refunding Bon Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Road Ref Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds (including Unlimited Tax Park Refu Total Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date Debt Service Tax Limitation Maintenance Tax Limitation Road Maintenance Tax Limitation Contract Tax Limitation Gross Outstanding Direct Debt	funding Bonds) \$73,910,000 nding Bonds) \$29,855,000
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation	\$37,653,384 (a) \$37,653,384 (a)
Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$37,259,983 (b) \$37,259,983 (b)
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 as a Percentage of Service A Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	rea's2.89%
Contract Payment Funds Available as of September 11, 2023	\$88,050
Average Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based up Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon th Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	e \$274,977
	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service:	
Average Annual Debt Service (2024-2049):	\$0.58
Maximum Annual Debt Service (2024):	\$0.78
Status of Development as of August 15, 2023: Acreage Commercial Tracts	

The Appraisal District has certified \$37,651,241 of taxable assessed value. An additional \$2,143 of taxable value remains uncertified and subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value.

Provided by the Appraisal District as an estimate of the taxable and appraised value as of August 1, 2023. (a)

⁽b)

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable appraised value of such property as a percentage of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation of \$37,651,241. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation (\$2,413) or the Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of \$37,259,983 are not currently available.

	2023 Taxable Certified						
	Assessed	Assessed					
Taxpayer	Value	Value (%)					
Nash FM 529 LLC	\$ 25,527,917	67.80%					
PPE GCW LP	7,951,166	21.12%					
Cypress Residential Partners Ltd	3,000,329	7.97%					
Centerpoint Energy	1,140,918	3.03%					
Total	\$ 37.620.330	99.92%					

Tax Rate Distribution

	Anticipated 2023 (a)		2	2022	2021		2	020	2019		
Debt Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Maintenance & Operations		0.76		0.51		0.57		0.44		-	
Contract		0.42		0.67		0.61		0.74		1.18	
Total	\$	1.18	\$	1.18	\$	1.18	\$	1.18	\$	1.18	

MUD 458 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.18 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.76 maintenance and operations and \$0.42 allocated to Contract Tax. (a)

Historical Tax Collections

				Tax Collections as		
Tax	Taxable	Tax	Total	of August 31	, 2023 (b)	
Year	Value (a)	Rate	Tax Levy	Amount	Percent	
2018	\$ 13,026,950	\$ 1.18	\$ 153,718	\$ 153,718	100.00%	
2019	24,675,207	1.18	291,167	291,167	100.00%	
2020	11,878,696	1.18	140,169	140,169	100.00%	
2021	19,947,003	1.18	235,375	235,375	100.00%	
2022	30,311,426	1.18	357,675	357,675	100.00%	
2023	37,653,384	1.18	444,310	(c)	(c)	

As certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted. Unaudited.

⁽a) (b)

MUD 458 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.18 and expects to adopt such tax rate in (c) October 2023 with \$0.76 maintenance and operations and \$0.42 allocated to Contract Tax. Taxes for the 2023 tax year will be due January 31, 2024.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 532

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Refunding Bonds Total Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date Debt Service Tax Limitation Maintenance Tax Limitation Road Maintenance Tax Limitation Contract Tax Limitation Gross Outstanding Direct Debt	\$50 \$19 \$75 \$50 \$19	,000,000 ,000,000 ,000,000 ,000,000 ,000,000 Julimited \$1.50 \$0.25	
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation			
Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$5 \$5	,157,717 ,157,717	(b) (b)
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 as a Percentage of Service Area's Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023		0.40%	
Contract Payment Funds Available as of September 2, 2023		\$109	
Average Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023		.\$28,265	
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023		.\$38,059	
Tax R	ate Based Upon the Estima Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	ated	
Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service:			
Average Annual Debt Service (2024-2049):	\$0.58		
Maximum Annual Debt Service (2024):	\$0.78		
Status of Development as of August 15, 2023: Acreage		171	
Total Active Single-Family Connections Total Developed Lots Lots Under Construction		0 0 0	

The Appraisal District has certified \$5,058,009 of taxable assessed value. An additional \$115,112 of taxable value remains uncertified and subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value.

Provided by the Appraisal District as an estimate of the taxable and appraised value as of August 1, 2023. (a)

⁽b)

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable appraised value of such property as a percentage of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation of \$5,058,009. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation (\$115,112) or the Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of \$5,173,121 are not currently available.

	2023 Taxable Certified							
	Assessed	Assessed						
Taxpayer	Value	Value (%)						
Texas Petroleum Group LLC	\$ 4,481,297	88.60%						
Timewise Store	85,775	1.70%						
Nash FM 529 LLC	90,537	1.79%						
Total	\$ 4,657,609	100.00%						

Tax Rate Distribution

	Antic	ipated			
	20	23 (a)	2022		
Debt Service	\$	_	\$	_	
Maintenance & Operations		0.75		0.76	
Contract		0.75		0.74	
Total	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	

⁽a) MUD 532 has authorized the publication of a 2023 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.50 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.75 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.75 allocated to the Contract Tax.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 533

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Refunding Bonds Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Refunding Bonds Total Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date Debt Service Tax Limitation Maintenance Tax Limitation Road Maintenance Tax Limitation Contract Tax Limitation Gross Outstanding Direct Debt		\$65,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$85,000,000 \$65,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$0 Unlimited \$1.50 \$0.25	
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation		\$0 \$0	(a) (a)
2023 Appraised Valuation as a Percentage of Service Area's 2023 Appraised Valuation		0%	(a)
Contract Payment Funds Available as of August 2023		\$0	(b)
Average Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based 2023 Appraised Valuation	upon the	(a)	
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon 2023 Appraised Valuation		(a)	
	Tax Rate Based Upon the 2023 Appraised Valuation		
Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service:			
Average Annual Debt Service (2024-2049):	(a)		
Maximum Annual Debt Service (2024):	(a)		
Status of Development as of August 15, 2023:			
Acreage Total Active Single-Family Connections Total Developed Lots Lots Under Construction		0 0	
(a) The Appraisal District has not certified any value for 2023 as of the date hereo			

The Appraisal District has not certified any value for 2023 as of the date hereof; therefore, MUD 533's pro rata share of the 2024 Contract Payment cannot be determined as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. MUD 533's initial obligation to pay Contract Revenue Payments will be 2024. (a)

⁽b)

Principal Taxpayers

The Appraisal District has not certified any value for the 2023 tax year as of the date hereof; therefore, no principal taxpayer list is available.

Tax Rate Distribution

MUD 533 is expected to publish and adopt its initial tax rate in 2023 in the amount of \$1.50 once certified value is provided by the Appraisal District. No allocation between maintenance tax and the Contract Tax can be determined until such certified value is provided. Taxes for the 2023 tax year will be due January 31, 2024.

HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 534

Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds	\$115,000,000
Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Bonds	\$70,000,000
Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Bonds	
Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	\$115,000,000
Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds	\$70,000,000
Voter Authorized Unlimited Tax Park Refunding Bonds	\$24,000,000
Total Principal Amount of Unlimited Tax Bonds Issued to Date	\$25,210,000 (a)
Debt Service Tax Limitation	Unlimited
Maintenance Tax Limitation	
Road Maintenance Tax Limitation	
Contract Tax Limitation	
Gross Outstanding Direct Debt	\$25,210,000 (a)
2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation	\$215 932 347 (b)
2023 Appraised Valuation	
••	
Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$316,191,056 (c)
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$316,191,056 (c)
E. '. ' 1	
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 as a Percentage of Servic	e Area's
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	24.37%
Contract Payment Funds Available as of August 23, 2023	\$182 115
Contract Laymont Lands II variable as of Fragust 23, 2023	Ψ102,113
Average Annual Debt Service:	
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049), Based	d upon the
Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$1,736,167
Direct Debt Service (2024-2049)	\$1,769,764 (a)
Maximum Amusal Dakt Carrica	
Maximum Annual Debt Service: Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025)	\$2,337,783
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a)
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025)	
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025) Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Debt Service:	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025) Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Debt Service: Average Appual Debt Service:	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025) Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Debt Service: Average Annual Debt Service: Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024-2049)	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025) Contract Tax, Required to Pay Pro Rata Share of Debt Service: Average Appual Debt Service:	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025)	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025)	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 Direct Debt Service (2025)	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upor Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a) Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a) Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59 \$0.78 \$0.62
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a) Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59 \$0.78 \$0.62
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a) Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59 \$0.78 \$0.62
Pro Rata Share of Contract Revenue Debt Service (2024), Based upon Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023	\$2,337,783 \$1,841,406 (a) Tax Rate Based Upon the Estimated Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023 \$0.58 \$0.59 \$0.78 \$0.62 \$1,242 356 124

(c) Provided by the Appraisal District as an estimate of the taxable and appraised value as of August 1, 2023.

 ⁽a) Includes \$15,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds which are expected to be issued on October 26, 2023.
 (b) The Appraisal District has not certified \$200,276,469 of taxable assessed value within the District to date. There is \$15,655,878 of uncertified value subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. The uncertified value represents the landowners' opinion of the value.

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable appraised value of such property as a percentage of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation of \$200,276,469. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Appraised Valuation (\$15,655,878) or the Estimated Taxable Appraised Valuation as of August 1, 2023, of \$316,191,050 are not currently available.

	2023 Taxable Certified						
	Assessed	Assessed					
Taxpayer	Value	Value (%)					
Nash FM 529 LLC	\$ 23,764,947	11.87%					
Perry Homes LLC	9,877,572	4.93%					
Westin Homes & Properties LP	9,470,308	4.73%					
Chesmar Homes LLC	5,124,858	2.56%					
Brookfield Elyson Homes LLC	4,034,403	2.01%					
Beazer Homes of Texas	3,830,567	1.91%					
Taylor Morrison of Texas Inc	3,540,623	1.77%					
Pulte Homes of Texas	2,536,638	1.27%					
Individual	906,339	0.45%					
Individual	897,082	0.45%					
Total	\$ 63,983,337	31.95%					

Tax Rate Distribution

	Antic	ipated				
	2023 (a)		2022		202	21 (b)
Debt Service	\$	0.22	\$	_	\$	_
Maintenance & Operations		0.50		0.76		0.71
Contract		0.78		0.74		0.79
Total	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50

⁽a) MUD 534 has authorized publication of a 2023 total tax rate of \$1.50 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.22 allocated to debt service, \$0.50 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.78 allocated to Contract Tax.

Historical Tax Collections

				Tax Collect	ions as
Tax	Taxable	Tax	Total	of August 31	, 2023 (b)
Year	Value (a)	Rate	_ Tax Levy_	Amount	Percent
2021	\$ 13,778,328	\$ 1.50	\$ 206,675	\$ 206,675	100.00%
2022	47,446,189	1.50	711,693	700,092	98.37%
2023	215,932,347	1.50	3,238,985	(c)	(c)

⁽a) As certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted.

⁽b) Initial year of taxation.

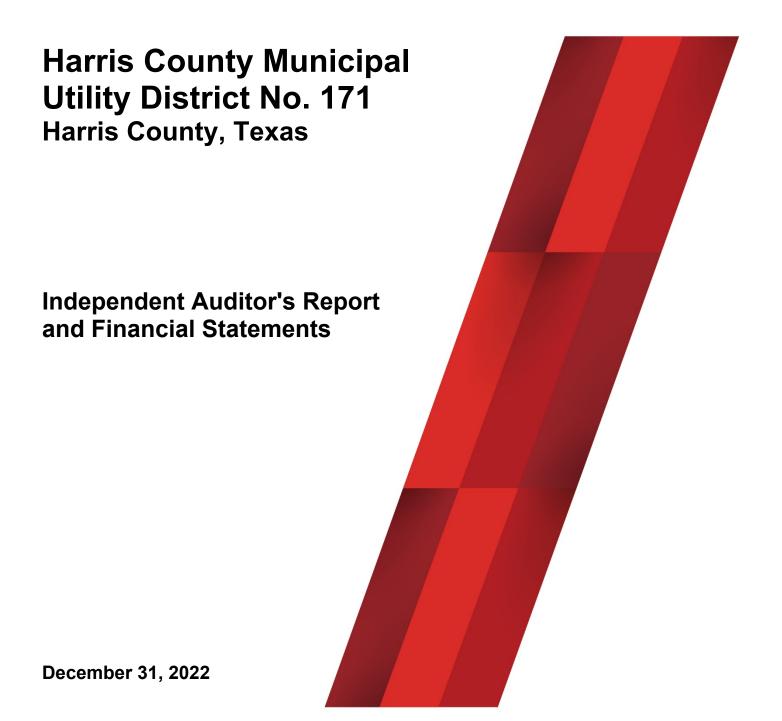
⁽a) As certified (b) Unaudited. (c) MUD 534

⁽c) MUD 534 has authorized publication of a 2023 total tax rate of \$1.50 and expects to adopt such tax rate in October 2023 with \$0.22 allocated to debt service, \$0.50 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.78 allocated to Contract Tax. Taxes for the 2023 tax year will be due January 31, 2024.

APPENDIX B

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MUD 457 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MUD 458 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MUD 534 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The information contained in this appendix includes the Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements of the District, MUD 457, MUD 458 and MUD 534 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The Texas Water Code did not require audited financial statements for either MUD 532 or MUD 533 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, nor was an annual financial report prepared by the bookkeeper for MUD 532 or MUD 533 because no financial activity occurred in fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 in MUD 532 or MUD 533.



Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 December 31, 2022

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	15
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	17
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	39
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Other Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	41
Schedule of Services and Rates	42
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	43
Schedule of Temporary Investments	44
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	45
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities	47
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt, Business-type Activities	
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund	
Board Members Key Personnel and Consultants	58



2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699 forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the general fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the general fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas May 11, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's total assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds, in general, charge customers for the services that are provided. These funds use a long-term financial accounting approach, full accrual basis and provide additional information in the statement of cash flows. The proprietary fund statements provide the same information as the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

2022 Summary of Net Position

	 vernmental activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 440,824 5,621,667	\$	7,892,928 117,749,777	\$ 8,333,752 123,371,444
Total assets	\$ 6,062,491	\$	125,642,705	\$ 131,705,196
Long-term liabilities Current and other liabilities	\$ 6,561,956 15,772	\$	146,458,902 1,882,391	\$ 153,020,858 1,898,163
Total liabilities	 6,577,728		148,341,293	 154,919,021
Deferred inflows of resources	387,679		0	387,679
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(636,289) - (266,627)		(25,835,888) 2,951,338 185,962	(26,472,177) 2,951,338 (80,665)
Total net position	\$ (902,916)	\$	(22,698,588)	\$ (23,601,504)

2021 Summary of Net Position

	vernmental activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 131,735 986,844	\$ 4,329,399 95,499,471	\$ 4,461,134 96,486,315
Total assets	\$ 1,118,579	\$ 99,828,870	\$ 100,947,449
Long-term liabilities Current and other liabilities	\$ 1,620,829 17,129	\$ 118,304,825 902,899	\$ 119,925,654 920,028
Total liabilities	 1,637,958	 119,207,724	 120,845,682
Deferred inflows of resources	 143,871	 0	 143,871
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(429,985) - (233,265)	(21,426,566) 2,400,168 (352,456)	(21,856,551) 2,400,168 (585,721)
Total net position	\$ (663,250)	\$ (19,378,854)	\$ (20,042,104)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

The total net position of the District's governmental activities decreased by \$239,666, primarily due to service operations and depreciation expenses exceeding charges for services and property taxes revenues.

The total net position of the District's business-type activities decreased by \$3,319,734. The majority of the decrease in net position is due to regional service operations and depreciation expenses and debt service expenses on the District's contract revenue bonded indebtedness exceeding charges for regional services. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

2022 Summary of Changes in Net Position

		ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities		Total
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	272,767	\$	7,714,377	\$ 7,987,144
General revenues:					
Property taxes		203,987		-	203,987
Other revenues		743		72,443	 73,186
Total revenues	-	477,497		7,786,820	8,264,317
Expenses:					
Services		414,223		4,562,446	4,976,669
Depreciation		206,304		2,390,056	2,596,360
Conveyance of capital assets		-		300,962	300,962
Debt service and contractual					
payments		96,636		3,853,090	 3,949,726
Total expenses		717,163		11,106,554	 11,823,717
Change in net position		(239,666)		(3,319,734)	(3,559,400)
Net position, beginning of year		(663,250)		(19,378,854)	(20,042,104)
Net position, end of year	\$	(902,916)	\$	(22,698,588)	\$ (23,601,504)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

2021 Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	5,069,697	\$ 5,069,697
General revenues:					
Property taxes		91,236		-	91,236
Other revenues		611		1,096	 1,707
Total revenues		91,847		5,070,793	5,162,640
Expenses:					
Services		138,133		3,043,683	3,181,816
Depreciation		42,828		1,962,762	2,005,590
Conveyance of capital assets		387,157		1,676,152	2,063,309
Debt service and contractual					
payments		61,312		3,108,767	 3,170,079
Total expenses		629,430		9,791,364	10,420,794
Change in net position		(537,583)		(4,720,571)	(5,258,154)
Net position, beginning of year		(125,667)		(14,658,283)	(14,783,950)
Net position, end of year	\$	(663,250)	\$	(19,378,854)	\$ (20,042,104)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Activities

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$66,638, primarily due to property taxes and services revenues as well as developer advances received exceeding service operations and contractual obligation expenditures.

Business-type Activities

The enterprise fund's net position decreased by \$3,319,734 due to operating expenses, interest and fees on the District's contract revenue bonded indebtedness and debt issuance costs exceeding charges for regional services revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

December 31, 2022

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes revenues, purchased services and professional fees expenditures, and developer advances being greater than anticipated. In addition, water service revenues, regional water fee revenues and expenditures, and contractual obligations expenditures were not budgeted. The fund balance as of December 31, 2022, was expected to be \$(29,265) and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$37,373.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized as follows:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	2022		2021		
Governmental Activities					
Water facilities	\$	130,669	\$	121,991	
Wastewater facilities		287,573		182,685	
Drainage facilities		2,645,517		-	
Road and paving facilities		2,557,908		682,168	
Total capital assets	\$	5,621,667	\$	986,844	
		2022		2021	
Business-type Activities					
Land and improvements	\$	54,594,303	\$	50,918,774	
Construction in progress		7,359,475		-	
Water facilities		14,996,958		9,576,679	
Wastewater facilities		11,187,099		6,108,750	
Drainage facilities		8,095,189		8,289,510	
Parks and recreation		9,951,848		9,573,525	
Road and paving facilities		11,564,905		11,032,233	
Total capital assets	\$	117,749,777	\$	95,499,471	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Water, sewer, drainage and paving facilities to serve Elyson Exchange Way Street Dedication, Section 1	\$ 2,996,033
Sewer, drainage and paving facilities to serve Elyson Square Way	
and Elyson Center Way	 1,845,094
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 4,841,127
Business-type Activities	
Land, including 43.54-acre site for Bear Creek overflow mitigation ponds, 22.36-acre site for Elyson Basin K, Phase 1, and 22.36-acre site for	
Elyson Basin K, Phase 2	\$ 2,395,031
Land improvements and drainage for Bear Creek overflow mitigation	
ponds and Elyson Basin K, Phases 1 and 2	1,280,498
Construction in progress for wastewater treatment plant, Phase 3	7,359,475
Water plant No. 1, Phase 2, and water well No. 3	4,369,624
Engineering and interest costs for waterline interconnect, FM 529	
waterline and Porter Road, Section 3	225,822
Water and sewer facilities to serve Elyson Exchange Way Street	
Dedication, Section 1, Elyson Square Way and Elyson Center Drive,	
Elyson Boulevard and Elyson Meadow Drive, Elyson Village Road	
and Elyson, Sections 34-37	2,811,169
Water and sewer facilities to serve Elyson Boulevard Street Dedication,	
Section 2	294,745
Lift station Nos. 3 and 4	2,499,410
Purchase of wastewater treatment plant, Phases 1 and 2	1,194,836
Road facilities to serve Elyson Boulevard Street Dedication, Section 2,	
Elyson Boulevard and Elyson Meadow Drive, Elyson Village Road,	
and Elyson, Sections 36 and 37	1,216,914
Park and recreation facilities, including Elyson Basin B, Phase 1	-,,
landscape, Elyson Village Way landscape and Elyson Basin,	
Phases 2 and 3 Trail	992,838
1 May 2 2 MM 0 1 MM	 772,030
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 24,640,362

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

The developer has constructed facilities on behalf of the Internal District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the sale of bonds subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developer. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$6,257,956 was recorded in the financial statements.

The developer has constructed regional facilities on behalf of the Master District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the sale of bonds subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developer. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$54,246,995 was recorded in the financial statements.

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the year ended December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	 ernmental activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Long-term debt payable, beginning of year Increases in long-term debt Decreases in long-term debt	\$ 1,620,829 4,941,127	\$ 118,304,825 35,235,129 (7,081,052)	\$ 119,925,654 40,176,256 (7,081,052)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 6,561,956	\$ 146,458,902	\$ 153,020,858

At December 31, 2022, the District had \$37,350,000 of internal district unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and for refunding such bonds, \$7,700,000 of internal district unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing recreational facilities and for refunding such bonds and \$70,000,000 of internal district unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing roads and for refunding such bonds.

At December 31, 2022, the District had \$594,235,000 of contract revenue and refunding bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of acquiring and constructing Master District water, sewer and drainage facilities and for refunding such bonds and \$88,930,000 of road contract revenue and refunding bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing Master District road facilities and for refunding such bonds.

The District's Contract Revenue Bonds do not carry an underlying rating. The Series 2020, Road Series 2021, Series 2021 and Series 2022 Contract Revenue Bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$3,745,000 to the Master District for operations, \$1,813,370 to the Master District for construction and \$304,000 to the Internal District for operations of which \$1,726,500 of operation advances and \$1,774,168 of construction advances has been reimbursed from the Master District. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent if the City complies with the procedures and requirements of Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, as amended, which may include voter approval. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and the District is dissolved.

Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction contract amounts are approximately \$60,573,000 for the Master District. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	 vernmental activities	siness-type Activities	Total		
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131,493	\$ 7,421,557	\$	7,553,050	
Short-term investments	32,792	-		32,792	
Receivables:					
Property taxes	295,313	-		295,313	
Service accounts	6,927	-		6,927	
Due from participants	-	445,670		445,670	
Internal balances	 (25,701)	 25,701			
Total current assets	 440,824	 7,892,928		8,333,752	
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets, net:					
Land	-	54,594,303		54,594,303	
Construction in progress	-	7,359,475		7,359,475	
Infrastructure	3,063,759	34,279,246		37,343,005	
Parks and recreation	-	9,951,848		9,951,848	
Roads and paving	 2,557,908	11,564,905		14,122,813	
Total noncurrent assets	 5,621,667	 117,749,777		123,371,444	
Total assets	\$ 6,062,491	\$ 125,642,705	\$	131,705,196	

Statement of Net Position (Continued) December 31, 2022

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			siness-type		
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	12,572	\$	298,078	\$	310,650
Customer deposits		3,200		-		3,200
Accrued interest payable		-		285,170		285,170
Due to others		-		824,843		824,843
Long-term liabilities, current portion				3,065,000		3,065,000
Total current liabilities		15,772		4,473,091		4,488,863
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Operating deposits		_		474,300		474,300
Long-term liabilities, net		6,561,956		143,393,902		149,955,858
Total noncurrent liabilities		6,561,956		143,868,202		150,430,158
Total liabilities		6,577,728		148,341,293		154,919,021
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property tax revenues		387,679		0		387,679
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		(636,289)		(25,835,888)		(26,472,177)
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		2,918,393		2,918,393
Capital projects		-		32,945		32,945
Unrestricted		(266,627)		185,962		(80,665)
Total net position		(902,916)		(22,698,588)		(23,601,504)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and net position	\$	6,062,491	\$	125,642,705	\$	131,705,196

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

							Cha	nges in Net Pos	itio	n
			Program	Revenue	•		Pr	imary Governm	ent	
				Charge	s for	Go	vernment	Business-		
		Ch	arges for	Regio	nal		al	type		
	Expenses	5	Services	Servi	ces	Α	ctivities	Activities		Total
Government/Programs										
Primary Government										
Governmental activities:										
Service operations	\$ 414,223	\$	272,767	\$	-	\$	(141,456)	\$ -	\$	(141,456)
Depreciation	206,304		-		-		(206,304)	-		(206,304)
Contractual obligation	96,636		-		-		(96,636)		_	(96,636)
Total governmental activities	717,163		272,767		0		(444,396)	0	_	(444,396)
Business-type activities:										
Regional service operations	4,562,446		-	7,71	4,377		-	3,151,931		3,151,931
Depreciation	2,390,056		-		-		-	(2,390,056)		(2,390,056)
Conveyance of capital assets	300,962		-		-		-	(300,962)		(300,962)
Interest expense on long-term										
liabilities	2,895,649		-		-		-	(2,895,649)		(2,895,649)
Debt issuance costs on long-term										
liabilities	957,441		-		-			(957,441)	_	(957,441)
Total business-type activities	11,106,554		0	7,71	4,377		0	(3,392,177)	_	(3,392,177)
Total primary government	\$11,823,717	\$	272,767	\$ 7,71	4,377		(444,396)	(3,392,177)		(3,836,573)
General Revenues and Transfers										
Property taxes							203,987	-		203,987
Investment income							471	57,450		57,921
Other income							272	14,993		15,265
Total general revenues and transfer	rs						204,730	72,443		277,173
Changes in Net Position							(239,666)	(3,319,734)		(3,559,400)
Net Position, Beginning of Year							(663,250)	(19,378,854)	((20,042,104)
Net Position, End of Year						\$	(902,916)	\$ (22,698,588)	\$ ((23,601,504)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund December 31, 2022

	G	eneral Fund
Assets		
Cash	\$	131,493
Short-term investments		32,792
Receivables:		
Property taxes		295,313
Service accounts		6,927
Internal balances		(25,701)
Total assets	\$	440,824
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	12,572
Customer deposits		3,200
Total liabilities		15,772
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred property tax revenues		387,679
Fund Balance		
Unassigned		37,373
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources and fund balance	\$	440,824

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	eneral Fund
Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 203,987
Water service	33,037
Sewer service	1,186
Regional water fee	238,445
Penalty and interest	99
Investment income	471
Other income	272
Total revenues	 477,497
Expenditures	
Service operations:	
Purchased services	39,760
Regional water fee	210,573
Professional fees	125,988
Contracted services	8,538
Other expenditures	29,364
Debt service, contractual obligation	 96,636
Total expenditures	510,859
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(33,362)
Other Financing Sources	
Developer advances received	 100,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	66,638
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	 (29,265)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 37,373

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,421,557
Due from participants	445,670
Internal balances	25,701
Total current assets	7,892,928
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets, net:	
Land	54,594,303
Construction in progress	7,359,475
Infrastructure	34,279,246
Parks and recreation	9,951,848
Roads and paving	11,564,905
Total noncurrent assets	117,749,777
Total assets	\$ 125,642,705

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund (Continued) December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
Liabilities and Net Position	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 298,078
Accrued interest payable	285,170
Due to others	824,843
Long-term liabilities, current portion	3,065,000
Total current liabilities	4,473,091
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Operating deposits	474,300
Long-term liabilities	143,393,902
Total noncurrent liabilities	143,868,202
Total liabilities	148,341,293
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	(25,835,888)
Restricted:	
Debt service	2,918,393
Capital projects	32,945
Unrestricted	185,962
Total net position	(22,698,588)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 125,642,705

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 7,714,377
Operating Expenses	
Regional water fee	1,399,543
Professional fees	1,428,588
Contracted services	63,251
Utilities	168,351
Repairs and maintenance	1,156,478
Tap connections	53,773
Other expenses	92,662
Depreciation	2,390,056
Conveyance of capital assets	300,962
Lease payments	199,800
Total operating expenses	7,253,464
Operating Income	460,913
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment income	57,450
Other income	14,993
Interest and fees expense	(2,895,649)
Debt issuance costs	(957,441)
Total nonoperating expenses	(3,780,647)
Change in Net Position	(3,319,734)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(19,378,854)
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (22,698,588)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating Activities	
Receipts from services	\$ 3,327,854
Payments for service operations	(4,430,492)
Other operating receipts	26,144
Receipts from contract tax	 4,073,552
Net cash provided by operating activities	 2,997,058
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Advances received from developer	250,000
Advances repaid to developer	(902,000)
Payments to developer	(4,578,974)
Proceeds from issuance of contract revenue debt	22,552,500
Cost of issuance incurred from sale of debt	(957,441)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,650,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(2,796,857)
Purchase of capital assets	 (11,683,853)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	 233,375
Investing Activity	
Investment income	 72,443
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,302,876
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 4,118,681
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 7,421,557
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By	
Operating Activities	
Operating income	\$ 460,913
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	
by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	2,390,056
Conveyance of capital assets	300,962
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables, net	(295,455)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	57,108
Prepaids and other assets	54,824
Other liabilities	(4,800)
Operating deposits	 33,450
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,997,058
Noncash Activities	
Long-term debt incurred for capital assets	\$ 12,432,629

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective October 16, 1978, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, Chapter 8442 of the Special District Local Laws Code, and Article XVI, Section 59, of the Constitution of the State of Texas and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park, road and paving and other facilities.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board of Directors sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through intergovernmental revenues and reimbursements from participants. Business-type activities are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as investment earnings, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or if it meets certain other criteria.

Governmental Fund

The District presents the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund

The fund balance for the District's governmental fund can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary Fund

The enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the regional facilities. These facilities provide water supply and delivery, wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facilities to participants.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item (b) below:

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- (b) The proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (*i.e.*, when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

All primary sources of the District's revenue are susceptible to accrual. Examples of revenue accrued are taxes, fees for services, charges to participants based on cost-reimbursement contracts and earnings from investments.

Deferred inflows of resources are recorded when the potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when resources are received before earned.

Expenditures and liabilities are recognized when the related fund obligations are incurred as a result of receipt of goods and services.

All proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services along with penalties and fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents consist primarily of money market accounts with brokers and pooled investment accounts.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Any collections on the current year tax levy are deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Current year revenues recognized are those taxes collected during the fiscal year for prior years' tax levies, plus any collections received during fiscal 2021 on the 2021 levy.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the tax levied in October 2022 is recorded as receivable and deferred inflows of resources and will be considered earned during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Capital assets of proprietary funds are reported in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. All other capital assets of the governmental unit are general capital assets. They are not reported as assets in governmental funds but are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives unless they are inexhaustible, such as land. Depreciation expense is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45
Road and paving facilities	10-30
Parks and recreation facilities	10-20

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Fund balance and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balance in the governmental fund balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 5,621,667
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(6,561,956)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (940,289)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balance in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance because:

Change in fund balance.	\$ 66,638
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in the current year.	(206,304)
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	 (100,000)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (239,666)

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

At December 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturities in Years										
Туре	Δ	mortized Cost	Le	ess Than 1		1-5			6-10	M	lore Tha	an
Governmental activities: TexPool	\$	32,792	\$	32,792	\$		-	\$. \$		-
Business-type activities: TexPool Government money		3,074,355		3,074,355			-					-
market funds		4,033,563		4,033,563								-
Totals	\$	7,140,710	\$	7,140,710	\$		0	\$	(\$		0

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool and government money market funds are presented as investments with a maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2022, the District's investments in TexPool and the investments in government money market funds were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2022, the District's investment in government money market funds constituted 56 percent of its total investments.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the statement of net position at December 31, 2022, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 445,132
Investments	7,140,710
Total	\$ 7,585,842
Included in the following captions:	
Governmental activities:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131,493
Short-term investments	 32,792
	164,285
Business-type activities:	
Cash and cash equivalents	7,421,557
	\$ 7,585,842

Investment Income

Investment income of \$471 in the governmental activities and \$57,450 in the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, is presented as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year			Additions		Balances, End of Year
Governmental Activities		Oi i cai	-	Additions		Oi Teal
Capital assets, depreciable: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities Road and paving facilities	\$	124,763 186,837 - 718,072	\$	11,711 111,518 2,705,642 2,012,256	\$	136,474 298,355 2,705,642 2,730,328
Total capital assets, depreciable	,	1,029,672		4,841,127		5,870,799
Less accumulated depreciation: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities Road and paving facilities		(2,772) (4,152) - (35,904)		(3,033) (6,630) (60,125) (136,516)		(5,805) (10,782) (60,125) (172,420)
Total accumulated depreciation	,	(42,828)		(206,304)		(249,132)
Total governmental activities, net	\$	986,844	\$	4,634,823	\$	5,621,667
Business-type Activities		Balances, Beginning of Year	1	Additions		Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:						
Land and improvements	\$	50,918,774	\$	3,675,529	\$	54,594,303
Construction in progress		-		7,359,475		7,359,475
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		50,918,774		11,035,004		61,953,778
Capital assets, depreciable: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities Parks and recreation Road and paving facilities		11,098,183 6,680,811 8,707,526 11,297,456 12,462,657		5,972,890 5,422,715 - 992,838 1,216,915		17,071,073 12,103,526 8,707,526 12,290,294 13,679,572
Total capital assets, depreciable		50,246,633		13,605,358		63,851,991
Less accumulated depreciation: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities Parks and recreation Road and paving facilities		(1,521,504) (572,061) (418,016) (1,723,931) (1,430,424)		(552,611) (344,366) (194,321) (614,515) (684,243)		(2,074,115) (916,427) (612,337) (2,338,446) (2,114,667)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,665,936)		(2,390,056)		(8,055,992)
Total business-type activities, net	\$	95,499,471	\$	22,250,306	\$	117,749,777

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance, leginning of Year	ı	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balance, End of Year	-	Amounts Due in One Year
Due to developer: Construction Operating advances	\$ 1,416,829 204,000	\$	4,841,127 100,000	\$	-	\$ 6,257,956 304,000	\$	-
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1,620,829	\$	4,941,127	\$	0	\$ 6,561,956	\$	0
Business-type Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	I	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balances, End of Year	-	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable: Contract revenue bonds Less discounts on bonds	\$ 71,025,000 1,823,217	\$	23,250,000 697,500	\$	1,650,000 49,922	\$ 92,625,000 2,470,795	\$	3,065,000
Due to developer: Construction Operating advances Construction advances	 69,201,783 46,393,340 2,670,500 39,202		22,552,500 12,432,629 250,000		1,600,078 4,578,974 902,000	90,154,205 54,246,995 2,018,500 39,202		3,065,000
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 118,304,825	\$	35,235,129	\$	7,081,052	\$ 146,458,902	\$	3,065,000

Business-type Activities

Contract Revenue Bonds

	Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2017	Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2018
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$2,315,000	\$18,090,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	3.00% to 4.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	December 1, 2023/2042	December 1, 2023/2044
Interest payment dates	June 1/ December 1	June 1/ December 1
Callable dates*	December 1, 2023	December 1, 2023

^{*}Or any date thereafter: callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2019	Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2020
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$13,415,000	\$4,175,000
Interest rates	2.000% to 3.375%	2.00% to 3.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	December 1, 2023/2044	December 1, 2023/2045
Interest payment dates	June 1/ December 1	June 1/ December 1
Callable dates*	December 1, 2024	December 1, 2025
	Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2020	Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2021
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$11,500,000	\$2,880,000
Interest rates	2.25% to 4.75%	2.25% to 4.75%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	December 1, 2023/2045	December 1, 2023/2047
Interest payment dates	June 1/ December 1	June 1/ December 1
Callable dates*	December 1, 2025	December 1, 2026
	Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2021	Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2022
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$17,000,000	\$23,250,000
Interest rates	2.50% to 5.00%	4.50% to 7.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	December 1, 2023/2047	December 1, 2023/2047
Interest payment dates	June 1/ December 1	June 1/ December 1
Callable dates*	December 1, 2027	December 1, 2029

^{*}Or any date thereafter: callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on contract revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Business-type Activities

Contract Revenue Bonds

Year	F	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$	3,065,000	\$ 3,467,625	\$ 6,532,625	
2024		3,115,000	3,367,868	6,482,868	
2025		3,185,000	3,219,795	6,404,795	
2026		3,245,000	3,068,322	6,313,322	
2027		3,315,000	2,926,226	6,241,226	
2028-2032		17,720,000	12,542,076	30,262,076	
2033-2037		19,940,000	9,171,801	29,111,801	
2038-2042		22,660,000	5,452,879	28,112,879	
2043-2047		16,380,000	1,458,351	 17,838,351	
Total	\$	92,625,000	\$ 44,674,943	\$ 137,299,943	

Principal and interest on the bonds are payable from and secured by an unconditional obligation to make certain payments by the participating districts in the applicable service area pursuant to the contracts described in Note 7. The participants have each agreed to pay a pro rata share of the debt service of the bonds based on the certified assessed valuation of each participant as a percentage of the total assessed valuation of all participating districts.

Under the terms of the contract, the District shall calculate and bill on or before September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the amount of contract tax payments due from each participant for the following year. The contract tax payments are payable by the participants semiannually, on March 1 and September 1 of each year, for the June 1 and December 1 debt service requirements. A summary of the participants and their initial assessed valuations and contract tax payments for 2022 due during the year ending December 31, 2023, is shown below:

	_	ial Assessed /aluations	Contract Tax Payments			
The District	\$	27,858,603	\$	208,655		
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457		735,337,619		5,206,205		
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458		30,311,426		299,681		
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 532		4,605,633		33,161		
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534		47,522,407		340,875		
	\$	845,635,688	\$	6,088,577		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

During the current year, each participant levied a contract tax to meet their obligations:

Governmental Activities (Internal District) bonds voted:	
Water, sewer and drainage and refunding	\$ 37,350,000
Recreational facilities and refunding	7,700,000
Road facilities and refunding	70,000,000
Internal District bonds issued	0
Business-type Activities (Master District):	
Contract revenue and refunding water, sewer and drainage	
bonds authorized	\$ 680,320,000
Contract revenue and refunding water, sewer and drainage	
bonds issued	86,085,000
Contract revenue and refunding road bonds authorized	98,910,000
Contract revenue and refunding road bonds issued	9,980,000

Bond Interest Reserve

In accordance with the Series 2021 and 2022 Contract Revenue Bond Resolutions, a portion of the bond proceeds was deposited with the Master District and reserved for the payment of bond interest during the construction period. The bond interest reserve is reduced as interest is paid.

Bond interest reserve, beginning of year	\$ 468,203
AdditionsInterest appropriated from bond proceeds: Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2022	830,000
DeductionsAppropriation from bond interest paid: Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2021	468,203
Bond interest reserve, end of year	\$ 830,000

Due to Developer - Construction

The developer has constructed facilities on behalf of the Internal District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the sale of bonds subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developer. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$6,257,956 was recorded in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The developer has constructed regional facilities on behalf of the Master District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the sale of bonds subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developer. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$54,246,995 was recorded in the financial statements.

Due to Developer - Advances

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$3,745,000 to the Master District for operations, \$1,813,370 to the Master District for construction and \$304,000 to the Internal District for operations of which \$1,726,500 of operation advances and \$1,774,168 of construction advances has been reimbursed from the Master District. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Equipment Leases

The Master District entered into an equipment lease agreement on March 9, 2015. The interim wastewater treatment plant facility includes a 250,000 gallon-per-day sewage treatment plant. The agreement is for a term of 60 months commencing on the first day of the month following substantial completion of the installation of the leased equipment. Payments of \$12,224 are due each month during the initial term. The Master District has the option to continue leasing the equipment after the initial term on a month-to-month basis for \$9,800 per month. During a prior year, the Master District made an advance payment of \$20,900 for the first and last month's rent. The equipment has been installed and the lease began in July 2016. During the current year, the District made lease payments totaling \$57,800. In April 2022, the District purchased the leased equipment for \$369,993 and included the equipment in its capital assets.

The Master District entered into a second equipment lease agreement on June 10, 2019. The interim wastewater treatment plant, phase two facility includes a 250,000 gallon-per-day sewage treatment plant. The agreement is for a term of 60 months commencing on the first day of the month following substantial completion of the installation of the leased equipment. Payments of \$14,200 are due each month during the initial term. The Master District has the option to continue leasing the equipment after the initial term on a month-to-month basis for \$9,975 per month. During the prior year, the Master District made a payment of \$28,400 for the first and last month's rent. The equipment has been installed and the lease began in July 2020. During the current year, the District made lease payments totaling \$170,400. In December 2022, the District exercised the option to purchase the leased equipment for \$824,843 and included the equipment in its capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 5: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.6200 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$172,922 on the taxable valuation of \$27,890,564 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized a road maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District did not levy an ad valorem road maintenance tax.

Note 6: Contract Taxes

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized the contract (as defined in Note 7) which requires the District to impose a contract tax on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem contract tax at the rate of \$0.7700 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$214,757 on the taxable valuation of \$27,890,564 for the 2022 tax year. This contract tax, along with existing resources will be used to pay contract tax payments to the Master District as described in Note 4.

Note 7: Financing and Operating of Regional Facilities

The District, in its capacity as Master District, has entered into 40-year Contract(s) for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities (the contracts) whereby the Master District agreed to provide or cause to be provided for the financing, operation and maintenance of regional water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, park, road and other facilities (regional facilities). The Master District shall be the owner of the regional facilities constructed and acquired and will provide the services permitted by the contract to all participating districts that are in existence or will be created within the Master District's service area, including the District in its capacity as a participant district.

Under the terms of the contract, the Master District will charge the participants a monthly operational fee calculated by multiplying the unit cost per connection by the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to each district.

The Master District is to maintain an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three months of budgeted operation and maintenance expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

In addition, the Master District is authorized to issue contract revenue bonds, sufficient to complete construction and acquisition of the water, sewer, drainage and road regional facilities as needed to serve all districts in the service area. Each participating district is obligated to pay its pro rata share of the debt service requirements on the Master District's contract revenue bonds. With respect to regional recreational facilities, the participant districts will be required to pay the Master District for such facilities by paying park construction charges.

Note 8: Regional Water Authority

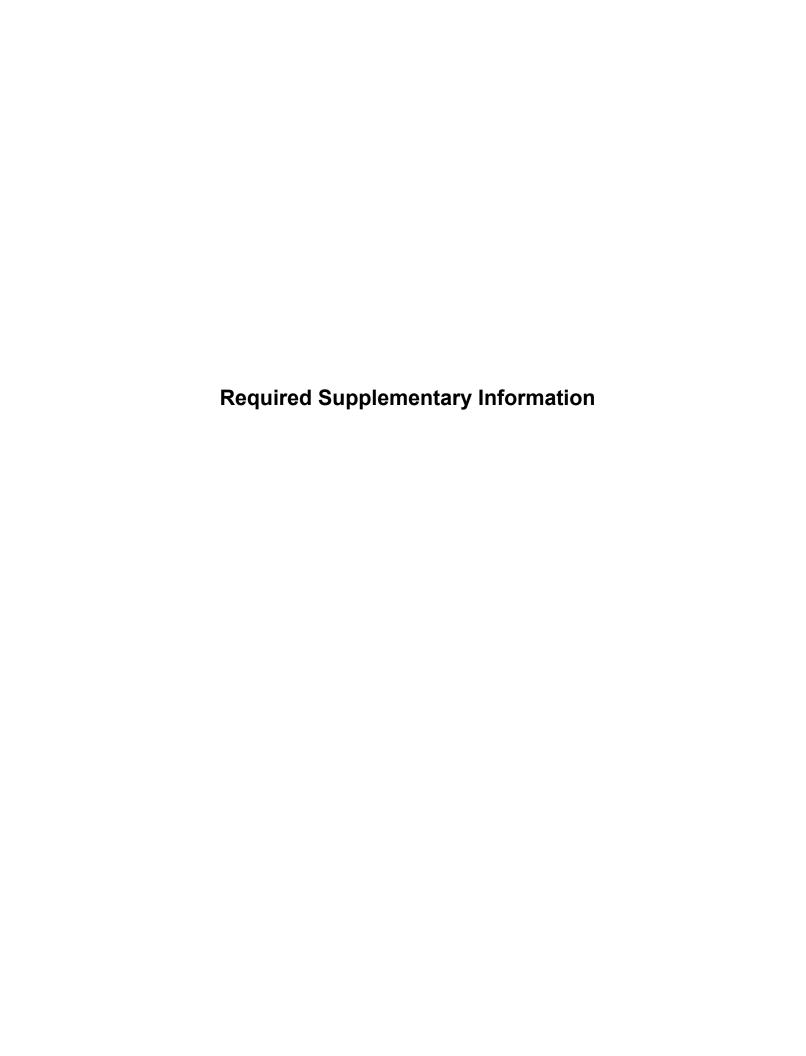
The District is within the boundaries of the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority), which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority was billing the District \$3.70 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. This amount is subject to future increases.

Note 9: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction contract amounts are approximately \$60,573,000 for the Master District. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

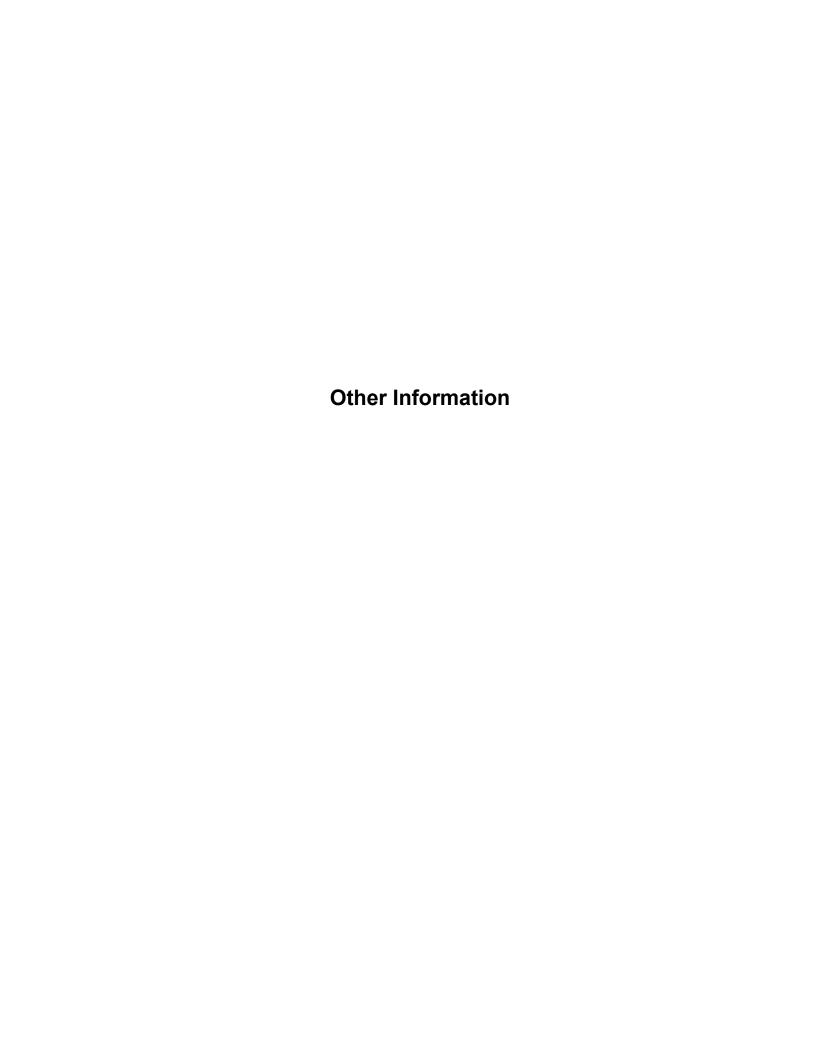
	Origi	nal Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	65,800	\$ 203,987	\$	138,187	
Water service		-	33,037		33,037	
Sewer service		-	1,186		1,186	
Regional water fee		-	238,445		238,445	
Penalty and interest		-	99		99	
Investment income		-	471		471	
Other income			 272		272	
Total revenues		65,800	477,497		411,697	
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		26,400	39,760		(13,360)	
Regional water fee		-	210,573		(210,573)	
Professional fees		77,500	125,988		(48,488)	
Contracted services		2,600	8,538		(5,938)	
Other expenditures		26,200	29,364		(3,164)	
Debt service, contractual obligations			96,636		(96,636)	
Total expenditures		132,700	510,859		(378,159)	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(66,900)	(33,362)		33,538	
Other Financing Sources		((,000	100 000		22 100	
Developer advances		66,900	 100,000		33,100	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses		-	66,638		66,638	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(29,265)	 (29,265)			
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(29,265)	\$ 37,373	\$	66,638	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report December 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 22-38
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt, Business-type Activities
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended December 31, 2022

	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint venture, regional system of the control of				Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastewater Fire Protection Flood Control mand/or wastewater service (other the			X Drainage Irrigation Security X Roads er than emergency interconnect)			
2.	Retail service providers a. Retail rates for a 5/8" mete	r (or	equivalent): Minimum Charge		Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Gal	e Per 1,000 lons Over linimum	Usage	e Le	evels
	Water:	\$	13.25	*	1,000	<u>N</u>	\$ \$	1.05	1,001 30,001	to _	30,000 No Limit
	Wastewater:	\$	0		1,000	N		1.45	1,001	-	No Limit
	Regional Water Fee:	\$	3.89		1,000	N	\$	3.89	1,001	to	No Limit
	Does the District employ wir	nter a	veraging for	wa	stewater usage?				Yes_	X	No
	Total charges per 10,000 gall	ons ı	ısage (includ	ing	g fees):	Water	\$	61.60	Wastewater	\$_	13.05
	b. Water and wastewater retained by the state of the stat	ail co	nnections:		Tota Conne		Co	Active onnections	ESFC Factor	-	Active ESFC**
	Unmetered								x1.0	_	-
	≤ 3/4"					2		2	x1.0	_	2
	1"					2		2	x2.5	-	5
	1 1/2" 2"					28		28	x5.0 x8.0	-	10 224
	3"								x8.0 x15.0	-	- 224
	4"								x25.0	-	
	6"						-		x50.0	-	_
	8"					_	_	_	x80.0	-	-
	10"					_		-	x115.0	_	-
	Total water					34		34			241
	Total wastewater					6	_	6	x1.0	-	6
3.	Total water consumption (in Gallons pumped into the sys		sands) during	g tl	he fiscal year:						415,674
	Gallons billed to customers:	com.							_		381,155
	Water accountability ratio (g	allon	s billed/gallo	ns	pumped):				_		91.70%
	J (E	,	8		/				_		

^{*}Minimum monthly charge for water and sewer usage

^{**&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing	\$ 2,500	
Legal Engineering Financial advisor	57,593 65,895	
Purchased Services for Resale		125,988
Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		39,760
Regional Water Fee		210,573
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security	5,890 - 1,773 875	
Other contracted services	-	8,538
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	8,850 1,606 50 18,858	29,364
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	- -	-
Tap Connection Expenditures		-
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		96,636
Total expenditures		\$ 510,859

Schedule of Temporary Investments December 31, 2022

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable
Governmental Activities				
General Fund TexPool	4.18%	Demand	\$ 32,792	\$ 0
Business-type Activities				
Proprietary Fund				
Fidelity Money Market Fund	3.89%	Demand	98,923	-
Fidelity Money Market Fund	3.89%	Demand	292,028	-
Fidelity Money Market Fund	3.89%	Demand	894,288	-
Fidelity Money Market Fund	3.89%	Demand	2,748,324	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	112,115	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	2,908,389	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	53,851	<u> </u>
			7,107,918	0
Totals			\$ 7,140,710	\$ 0

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ntenance Taxes	Contract Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$ 58,851	\$	61,448	
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	 29,683		30,435	
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	 88,534		91,883	
2022 Original Tax Levy	172,216		213,881	
Additions and corrections	 706		876	
Adjusted tax levy	 172,922		214,757	
Total to be accounted for	261,456		306,640	
Tax collections: Current year	(41,200)		(51,166)	
Prior years	 (88,534)		(91,883)	
Receivable, end of year	\$ 131,722	\$	163,591	
Receivable, by Years 2022	\$ 131,722	\$	163,591	

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 28,488,517	\$ 15,833,418	\$ 8,609,480	\$ 5,214,377
Improvements	1,645,837	-	-	-
Personal property	140,060	111,950	109,030	7,773
Exemptions	(2,383,850)	(2,179,232)	(956,408)	(1,120,050)
Total property valuations	\$ 27,890,564	\$ 13,766,136	\$ 7,762,102	\$ 4,102,100
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Contract tax rate Maintenance tax rates*	\$ 0.7700 0.6200	\$ 0.7100 0.6800	\$ 0.6800 0.7100	\$ 1.3900
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 1.3900	\$ 1.3900	\$ 1.3900	\$ 1.3900
Tax Levy	\$ 387,679	\$ 191,349	\$ 107,894	\$ 57,019
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	24%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on November 4, 2014

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities December 31, 2022

Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2017

	_	Road Contract November Donas Contract 2017						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 3'	l	Principal Due December 1	Interest Due June 1, December 1	Total				
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037		\$ 75,000 75,000 80,000 85,000 90,000 90,000 100,000 110,000 115,000 120,000 125,000 130,000 135,000	\$ 85,295 83,270 81,020 78,620 75,985 73,105 70,135 66,905 63,405 59,625 55,500 51,188 46,688 42,000 36,800	\$ 160,295 158,270 161,020 163,620 165,985 163,105 165,135 166,905 168,405 169,625 170,500 171,188 171,688 172,000 171,800				
2038 2039 2040 2041 2042	_	145,000 150,000 155,000 165,000 170,000	31,400 25,600 19,600 13,400 6,800	176,400 175,600 174,600 178,400 176,800				
	Totals	\$ 2,315,000	\$ 1,066,341	\$ 3,381,341				

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2018

		Contract Revenue Bolius Series 2010							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31			Due		terest Due June 1, ecember 1		Total		
2023		\$	515,000	\$	755,753	\$	1,270,753		
2024		,	535,000	*	739,273	•	1,274,273		
2025			560,000		721,617		1,281,617		
2026			580,000		702,577		1,282,577		
2027			605,000		682,278		1,287,278		
2028			630,000		658,077		1,288,077		
2029			660,000		632,878		1,292,878		
2030			685,000		606,477		1,291,477		
2031			715,000		579,078		1,294,078		
2032			745,000		550,477		1,295,477		
2033			780,000		520,678		1,300,678		
2034			810,000		488,697		1,298,697		
2035			845,000		455,488		1,300,488		
2036			880,000		419,575		1,299,575		
2037			920,000		382,175		1,302,175		
2038			960,000		341,925		1,301,925		
2039			1,000,000		299,925		1,299,925		
2040			1,040,000		254,925		1,294,925		
2041			1,085,000		208,125		1,293,125		
2042			1,130,000		159,300		1,289,300		
2043			1,180,000		108,450		1,288,450		
2044			1,230,000	,	55,350	,	1,285,350		
	Totals	\$	18,090,000	\$	10,323,098	\$	28,413,098		

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2019

		Contract Nevenue Donus Series 2013							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31			Principal Due ecember 1	e June 1,			Total		
2023		\$	370,000	\$	416,190	\$	786,190		
2024			385,000		408,050		793,050		
2025			405,000		399,195		804,195		
2026			420,000		389,475		809,475		
2027			440,000		378,975		818,975		
2028			460,000		367,535		827,535		
2029			480,000		355,115		835,115		
2030			505,000		341,675		846,675		
2031			525,000		326,525		851,525		
2032			550,000		310,775		860,775		
2033			575,000		294,275		869,275		
2034			600,000		277,025		877,025		
2035			625,000		258,275		883,275		
2036			655,000		237,963		892,963		
2037			685,000		216,675		901,675		
2038			715,000		193,556		908,556		
2039			750,000		169,425		919,425		
2040			780,000		144,113		924,113		
2041			815,000		117,788		932,788		
2042			855,000		90,281		945,281		
2043			890,000		61,425		951,425		
2044			930,000		31,388		961,388		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	<u> </u>	-			
	Totals	\$	13,415,000	\$	5,785,699	\$	19,200,699		

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2020

	Road Contract Revenue Bonds Genes 2020							
Due During Fiscal Years		Principal Due December 1			Interest Due June 1, December 1			
Ending December 31							Total	
2023		\$	120,000	\$	108,713	\$	228,713	
2024			125,000		106,312		231,312	
2025			125,000		103,813		228,813	
2026			130,000		101,312		231,312	
2027			135,000		98,713		233,713	
2028			140,000		96,012		236,012	
2029			145,000		93,213		238,213	
2030			150,000		90,312		240,312	
2031			160,000		87,125		247,125	
2032			165,000		83,325		248,325	
2033			170,000		79,200		249,200	
2034			175,000		74,950		249,950	
2035			185,000		70,356		255,356	
2036			190,000		65,500		255,500	
2037			195,000		60,275		255,275	
2038			205,000		54,913		259,913	
2039			210,000		49,275		259,275	
2040			220,000		43,500		263,500	
2041			230,000		36,900		266,900	
2042			235,000		30,000		265,000	
2043			245,000		22,950		267,950	
2044			255,000		15,600		270,600	
2045			265,000		7,950		272,950	
-	_				,,,,,,	-		
	Totals	\$	4,175,000	\$	1,580,219	\$	5,755,219	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2020

	Contract Nevenue Donus Series 2020							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due ecember 1	Interest Due June 1, December 1	Total				
2023	\$	500,000	\$ 303,750	\$ 803,750				
2024	•	500,000	280,000	780,000				
2025		500,000	256,250	756,250				
2026		500,000	232,500	732,500				
2027		500,000	221,250	721,250				
2028		500,000	210,000	710,000				
2029		500,000	198,750	698,750				
2030		500,000	187,500	687,500				
2031		500,000	176,250	676,250				
2032		500,000	165,000	665,000				
2033		500,000	153,750	653,750				
2034		500,000	142,500	642,500				
2035		500,000	131,250	631,250				
2036		500,000	119,375	619,375				
2037		500,000	107,500	607,500				
2038		500,000	95,625	595,625				
2039		500,000	83,750	583,750				
2040		500,000	71,875	571,875				
2041		500,000	60,000	560,000				
2042		500,000	48,125	548,125				
2043		500,000	36,250	536,250				
2044		500,000	24,375	524,375				
2045		500,000	12,500	512,500				
	Totals \$	11,500,000	\$ 3,318,125	\$ 14,818,125				

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2021

	Road Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2021							
Due During Fiscal Years		Principal Due	Interest Du June 1,					
Ending December 31	D ₁	ecember 1	December	1	Total			
2022	Φ.	120,000	Φ 70.0	12	100.012			
2023	\$	120,000	\$ 79,0		199,013			
2024		115,000	73,3		188,313			
2025		115,000	67,8		182,850			
2026		115,000	62,3		177,388			
2027		115,000	56,9		171,925			
2028		115,000	54,3		169,338			
2029		115,000	51,7		166,750			
2030		115,000	49,1		164,163			
2031		115,000	46,5		161,575			
2032		115,000	43,9	88	158,988			
2033		115,000	41,4	00	156,400			
2034		115,000	38,8	12	153,812			
2035		115,000	36,2	25	151,225			
2036		115,000	33,6	37	148,637			
2037		115,000	31,0	50	146,050			
2038		115,000	28,4	62	143,462			
2039		115,000	25,7	60	140,760			
2040		115,000	23,0	57	138,057			
2041		115,000	20,2	40	135,240			
2042		115,000	17,4	22	132,422			
2043		115,000	14,5	48	129,548			
2044		115,000	11,6	72	126,672			
2045		115,000	8,7	97	123,797			
2046		115,000	5,8		120,865			
2047		115,000	2,9		117,932			
7	Totals \$	2,880,000	\$ 925,1	82 \$	3,805,182			

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2021

	Contract Nevertae Bonds Centes 2021						
Due During Fiscal Years		Principal Due December 1		Interest Due June 1, December 1			
Ending December 31	De					Total	
2023	\$	435,000	\$	502,025	\$	937,025	
2024		450,000		480,275		930,275	
2025		470,000		457,775		927,775	
2026		485,000		434,275		919,275	
2027		500,000		410,025		910,025	
2028		520,000		388,775		908,775	
2029		535,000		375,775		910,775	
2030		555,000		362,400		917,400	
2031		575,000		348,525		923,525	
2032		595,000		334,150		929,150	
2033		615,000		319,275		934,275	
2034		635,000		303,900		938,900	
2035		660,000		288,025		948,025	
2036		685,000		271,525		956,525	
2037		705,000		253,544		958,544	
2038		730,000		235,037		965,037	
2039		755,000		215,875		970,875	
2040		785,000		195,112		980,112	
2041		810,000		173,525		983,525	
2042		840,000		151,250		991,250	
2043		870,000		128,150		998,150	
2044		900,000		104,225		1,004,225	
2045		930,000		79,475		1,009,475	
2046		965,000		53,900		1,018,900	
2047		995,000		27,363		1,022,363	
То	tals \$	17,000,000	\$	6,894,181	\$	23,894,181	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Contract Revenue Bonds Series 2022

	Contract Nevertae Bonds Cenes 2022						
Due During Fiscal Years		Principal Due December 1		Interest Due June 1, December 1			
Ending December 31	De					Total	
2023	\$	930,000	\$	1,216,886	\$	2,146,886	
2024		930,000		1,197,375		2,127,375	
2025		930,000		1,132,275		2,062,275	
2026		930,000		1,067,175		1,997,175	
2027		930,000		1,002,075		1,932,075	
2028		930,000		936,975		1,866,975	
2029		930,000		871,875		1,801,875	
2030		930,000		806,775		1,736,775	
2031		930,000		742,838		1,672,838	
2032		930,000		678,900		1,608,900	
2033		930,000		637,050		1,567,050	
2034		930,000		595,200		1,525,200	
2035		930,000		553,350		1,483,350	
2036		930,000		511,500		1,441,500	
2037		930,000		469,650		1,399,650	
2038		930,000		427,800		1,357,800	
2039		930,000		385,950		1,315,950	
2040		930,000		344,100		1,274,100	
2041		930,000		301,088		1,231,088	
2042		930,000		258,075		1,188,075	
2043		930,000		215,062		1,145,062	
2044		930,000		172,050		1,102,050	
2045		930,000		129,037		1,059,037	
2046		930,000		86,025		1,016,025	
2047		930,000		43,012		973,012	
Т	otals _\$	23,250,000	\$	14,782,098	_\$	38,032,098	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years, Business-type Activities (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Annual Requirements For All Series

		Aimuai Nequirements For Air Series				
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31	I	Total Principal Due	Total Interest Due			Total incipal and terest Due
2022	Φ.	2.065.000	Ф	2.467.625	Φ.	(500 (05
2023	\$	3,065,000	\$	3,467,625	\$	6,532,625
2024		3,115,000		3,367,868		6,482,868
2025		3,185,000		3,219,795		6,404,795
2026		3,245,000		3,068,322		6,313,322
2027		3,315,000		2,926,226		6,241,226
2028		3,385,000		2,784,817		6,169,817
2029		3,460,000		2,649,491		6,109,491
2030		3,540,000		2,511,207		6,051,207
2031		3,625,000	2,370,321			5,995,321
2032		3,710,000	2,226,240			5,936,240
2033		3,800,000		2,101,128		5,901,128
2034		3,885,000		1,972,272		5,857,272
2035		3,985,000		1,839,657		5,824,657
2036		4,085,000		1,701,075		5,786,075
2037		4,185,000		1,557,669		5,742,669
2038		4,300,000		1,408,718		5,708,718
2039		4,410,000		1,255,560		5,665,560
2040		4,525,000		1,096,282		5,621,282
2041		4,650,000		931,066		5,581,066
2042		4,775,000		761,253		5,536,253
2043		4,730,000		586,835		5,316,835
2044		4,860,000		414,660		5,274,660
2045		2,740,000		237,759		2,977,759
2046		2,010,000		145,790		2,155,790
2047		2,040,000		73,307		2,113,307
	Totals _\$_	92,625,000	\$	44,674,943	\$	137,299,943

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt, Business-type Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Rev	ad Contract enue Bonds eries 2017	Rev	Contract enue Bonds eries 2018	Rev	Contract enue Bonds eries 2019	Reve	Bor ad Contract enue Bonds eries 2020
Interest rates			2.00% to 4.00%		3.00% to 4.50%	2.000% to 3.375%			2.00% to 3.00%
Dates interest payable		D	June 1/ december 1	Ε	June 1/ December 1	June 1/ December 1		D	June 1/ december 1
Maturity dates			ecember 1, 2023/2042		December 1, 2023/2044		December 1, 2023/2044		ecember 1, 2023/2045
Bonds outstanding, beginning of th	e current year	\$	2,385,000	\$	18,580,000	\$	13,770,000	\$	4,290,000
Bonds sold during the current year			-		-		-		-
Retirements, principal			70,000		490,000 355,000			115,000	
Bonds outstanding, end of current y	rrent year		2,315,000	\$	18,090,000	\$	13,415,000	\$	4,175,000
nterest paid during the current year		\$	87,045	\$	770,942	\$	423,645	\$	111,012
Series 2019 - The Bank Road Series 2020 - The Bank Series 2020 - The Bank Road Series 2021 - The Bank Series 2021 - The Bank	of New York Me of New York Me of New York Me of New York Me	ellon Tr ellon Tr ellon Tr ellon Tr ellon Tr ellon Tr ellon Tr	ust Company, ust Company, ust Company, ust Company, ust Company, ust Company,	N.A., N.A., N.A., N.A., N.A.,	Houston, Texas Houston, Texas Houston, Texas Houston, Texas Houston, Texas Houston, Texas	Re	Contract evenue and Refunding Bonds	Re	ad Contract venue and efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$ 37,350,000 \$ -	<u>\$</u> \$	7,700,000	<u>\$</u>	70,000,000	\$	680,320,000 86,085,000	<u>\$</u>	98,910,000

5,491,998

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

Issues

	Contract venue Bonds Series 2020	Re	oad Contract venue Bonds Series 2021		Contract venue Bonds Series 2021		Contract venue Bonds series 2022		Totals
	2.25% to 4.75%		2.25% to 4.75%	2.50% to 5.00%					
]	June 1/ December 1		June 1/ December 1		June 1/ December 1		June 1/ December 1		
]	December 1, 2023/2045]	December 1, 2023/2047	December 1, 2023/2047		I	December 1, 2023/2047		
\$	12,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	17,000,000	\$	-	\$	71,025,000
	-		-		-		23,250,000		23,250,000
	500,000		120,000						1,650,000
\$	11,500,000	\$	2,880,000	\$	17,000,000	\$	23,250,000	\$	92,625,000
\$	327,500	\$	84,713	\$	528,521	\$	0	\$	2,333,378

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended December 31,

			Am	ounts			
	2022	2021		2020	2019	2	2018
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 203,987	\$ 91,236	\$	56,279	\$ 56,960	\$	-
Water service	33,037	-		-	-		-
Sewer service	1,186	-		-	-		-
Regional water fee	238,445	-		-	-		-
Penalty and interest	99	-		-	-		-
Investment income	471	11		41	30		30
Other income	 272	 600		60	 235		
Total revenues	 477,497	 91,847		56,380	 57,225		30
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	39,760	-		-	-		-
Regional water fees	210,573	-		-	-		-
Professional fees	125,988	112,955		61,686	-		-
Contracted services	8,538	6,038		5,441	1,981		-
Other expenditures	29,364	19,140		10,797	828		-
Debt service, contractual obligation	96,636	61,312		102,546	56,023		-
Total expenditures	 510,859	199,445		180,470	58,832		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	(33,362)	(107,598)		(124,090)	(1,607)		30
Other Financing Sources							
Developer advances received	 100,000	 88,000		114,000	 2,000		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Financing Uses	66,638	(19,598)		(10,090)	393		30
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(29,265)	(9,667)		423	30		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 37,373	\$ (29,265)	\$	(9,667)	\$ 423	\$	30
Total Active Retail Water Connections	 34	 29		19	 16		0
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	 6	 4		0	 0		0

Percent of FundTotal Revenues

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
42.7 %	99.3 %	99.8 %	99.5 %	- %
6.9	-	-	-	-
0.3	-	-	-	-
49.9	-	-	-	-
0.0	-	-	-	-
0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0
0.1	0.7	0.1	0.4	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.2				
8.3	-	-	-	-
44.1	-	-	=	=
26.4	123.0	109.4	-	-
1.8	6.6	9.7	3.5	=
6.2	20.8	19.1	1.4	-
20.2	66.8	181.9	97.9	
107.0	217.2	320.1	102.8	0.0
(7.0) %	(117.2) %	(220.1) %	(2.8) %	100.0 %

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended December 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171

c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600

Houston, Texas 77027

District business telephone number: 713.860.6400

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 45.054): August 9, 2022

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

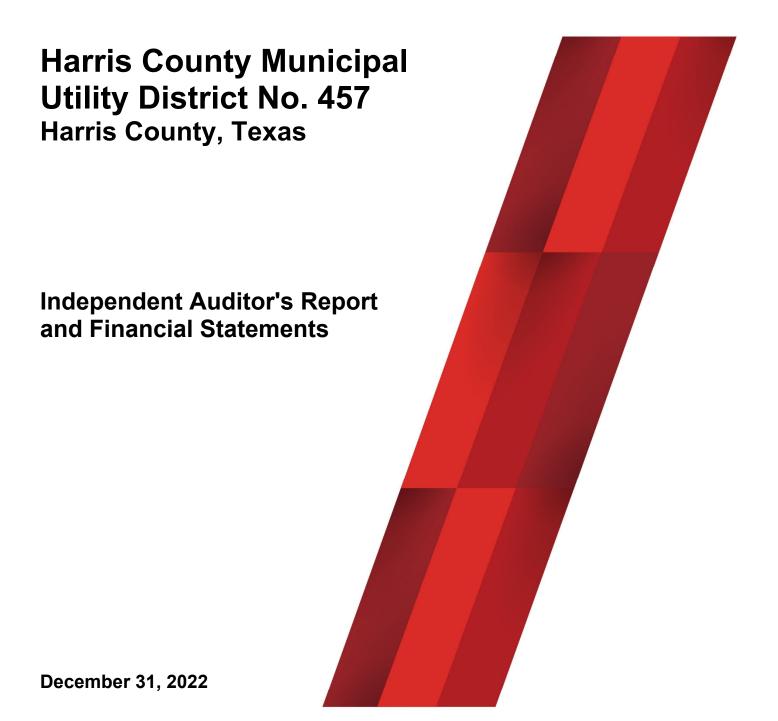
\$ 7,200

	Term of Office Elected &	_			oense	Title at
Board Members	Expires		ees*	Reimbu	rsements	Year-end
	Elected 05/22-					
Duane Heckmann	05/26	\$	1,800	\$	136	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Vice
Mark Yentzen	05/26		1,500		266	President
	Appointed					
	02/22-					
Saundra Dahlke	05/24		1,350		0	Secretary
						Assistant Vice
	Elected					President/
	05/22-					Assistant
Marilyn A. Roberts	05/26		2,250		86	Secretary
	Elected					
	05/20-					Assistant
Bryan Gay	05/24		1,800		342	Secretary
	Elected					
	05/20-					
Kyle J. Callender	02/22		150		39	Resigned

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP O8/12/14 A173,258 Bond Counsel BGE, Inc. O8/12/14 435,672 Engineer District Data Services, Inc. O7/11/22 17,714 Bookkeeper Former F. Matuska, Inc. O8/12/14 8,717 Former Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP O1/11/16 27,600 Auditor Legislative Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Financial Masterson Advisors LLC O4/26/18 358,021 Landscape SWA Group O9/08/14 6,867 Architect
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 08/12/14 473,258 Bond Counsel BGE, Inc. 08/12/14 435,672 Engineer District Data Services, Inc. 07/11/22 17,714 Bookkeeper F. Matuska, Inc. 08/12/14 8,717 Former Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP 01/11/16 27,600 Auditor Legislative Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Financial Advisor Landscape
District Data Services, Inc. 07/11/22 17,714 Bookkeeper F. Matuska, Inc. 08/12/14 8,717 Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP 01/11/16 27,600 Auditor Legislative Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Financial Advisor Landscape
F. Matuska, Inc. 08/12/14 8,717 Former Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP 01/11/16 27,600 Auditor Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Financial Advisor Landscape
F. Matuska, Inc. 08/12/14 8,717 Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP 01/11/16 27,600 Auditor Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Financial Advisor Landscape
F. Matuska, Inc. 08/12/14 8,717 Bookkeeper FORVIS, LLP 01/11/16 27,600 Auditor Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Financial Advisor Landscape
Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Financial Advisor Landscape
Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Financial Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Advisor Landscape
Harris County Appraisal District Action 1,773 Appraiser Financial Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Advisor Landscape
Masterson Advisors LLC 04/26/18 358,021 Advisor Landscape
Landscape
•
•
SWA Group 09/08/14 6,867 Architect
Si Environmental, LLC 02/09/15 329,278 Operator
Tax Assessor/
Utility Tax Service, LLC 04/13/15 4,982 Collector
Investment Officer
Stephanie Viator 08/08/22 N/A Bookkeeper



Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 December 31, 2022

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	12
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	30
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	31
Other Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	32
Schedule of Services and Rates	33
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	34
Schedule of Temporary Investments	35
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	36
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years	38
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt	46
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years	47
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	49



2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699

forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas May 11, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

December 31, 2022

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	 2022	2021
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 13,504,309 29,250,303	\$ 10,047,703 20,011,383
Total assets	\$ 42,754,612	\$ 30,059,086
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 48,695,086 742,741	\$ 37,744,598 453,765
Total liabilities	 49,437,827	 38,198,363
Deferred inflows of resources	 10,403,626	 7,209,943
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(19,295,246)	(17,306,190)
Restricted	401,487	321,775
Unrestricted	 1,806,918	 1,635,195
Total net position	\$ (17,086,841)	\$ (15,349,220)

The total net position of the District decreased by \$1,737,621 or about 11 percent. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to the conveyance of capital assets to another governmental entity for maintenance, as well as services and contractual obligation expenses in excess of property tax revenues. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	 2022		
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 7,229,783	\$	4,799,412
Charges for services	2,265,338		1,597,622
Other revenues	 280,545		869,725
Total revenues	 9,775,666		7,266,759

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Summary of Changes in Net Position (Continued)

	2022	2	2021
Expenses:			
Services	\$ 4,0	95,756 \$	3,474,014
Conveyance of capital assets	6	96,401	2,404,914
Depreciation	1,30	01,965	800,294
Debt service	1,6	66,542	1,369,418
Contractual obligation	3,7.	52,623	2,615,798
Total expenses	11,5	13,287	10,664,438
Change in net position	(1,7	37,621)	(3,397,679)
Net position, beginning of year	(15,3	49,220)	(11,951,541)
Net position, end of year	\$ (17,0)	86,841) \$	(15,349,220)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, were \$2,678,263, an increase of \$55,708 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$167,881, primarily due to property taxes and services revenues exceeding service operations expenditures as well as tap connection and inspection fees revenues exceeding related tap connection expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$29,302, primarily due to bond principal and interest requirements, contracted services expenditures and contractual obligations exceeding property tax revenues generated and bond proceeds received in the current year.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$82,871, primarily due to capital outlay expenditures, debt issuance costs and reimbursement of developer advances exceeding net bond proceeds received in the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes and service revenues, regional water fee revenues and related expenditures, tap connection and inspection fees revenues and related expenditures and purchased services and contracted services expenditures being greater than anticipated. The fund balance as of December 31, 2022, was expected to be \$1,786,716 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$1,802,097.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2022	2021
Water facilities Wastewater facilities Road and paving facilities	\$	3,948,068 6,826,113 18,476,122	\$ 3,731,316 6,571,455 9,708,612
Total capital assets	\$	29,250,303	\$ 20,011,383
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follow	s:		
Engineering and interest costs related to construction of water facilities to serve Elyson, Sections 24 and 27-32 Engineering and interest costs related to construction of paving	\$ 393,234		

serve Elyson, Sections 27-32 and Elyson Boulevard street dedication, Section 1

Water and wastewater facilities to serve Elyson Boulevard street dedication,
Section 2

Road facilities to serve Elyson Boulevard street dedication, Section 2

Road facilities to serve Elyson, Sections 2-14, 18-20, 22 and 25

Total additions to capital assets

\$ 10,540,885

The developer within the District has constructed facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the proceeds of future bond issues, subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developer. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$9,665,665 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$115,283 to the District for operations, net of repayments. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 37,744,598
Increases in long-term debt	18,592,901
Decreases in long-term debt	(7,642,413)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 48,695,086

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "Baa2" from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's). The Series 2019, Road Series 2021, Series 2021 and Series 2022 unlimited tax bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's (S&P) by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company. The Series 2020 and Road Series 2022 unlimited tax bonds carry a "AA" rating from S&P and an "A1" rating from Moody's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

At December 31, 2022, the District had \$162,670,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and for refunding such bonds, \$70,240,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of constructing park and recreational facilities and for refunding such bonds and \$45,765,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing roads and for refunding such bonds.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent if the City complies with the procedures and requirements of Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, as amended, which may include voter approval. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bond indebtedness) and the District is dissolved.

Subsequent Event

On April 11, 2023, the District sold its Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023, in the amount of \$10,685,000 at a net effective interest rate of approximately 4.303 percent. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for road projects within the District.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Λ.	djustments	;	Statement of Net Position
Assets	ruiiu	Fullu	runu	Total	A	ujustinents		Position
Cash	\$ 346,840	\$ 1,070,048	\$ 4,792	\$ 1,421,680	\$	-	\$	1,421,680
Short-term investments	1,266,078	926,807	142,631	2,335,516		-		2,335,516
Receivables:								
Property taxes	2,046,367	7,096,922	-	9,143,289		-		9,143,289
Service accounts	140,624	-	-	140,624		-		140,624
Interfund receivables	273,967	-	-	273,967		(273,967)		-
Operating reserve	463,200	-	-	463,200		-		463,200
Capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation):								
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-		10,774,181		10,774,181
Road facilities	 -	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		18,476,122		18,476,122
Total assets	\$ 4,537,076	\$ 9,093,777	\$ 147,423	\$ 13,778,276	\$	28,976,336	\$	42,754,612

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2022

	eneral Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments		Statement of Net Position
Liabilities					-		
Accounts payable	\$ 394,399	\$ 214	\$ -	\$ 394,613	\$ -	\$	394,613
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	340,453		340,453
Customer deposits	7,675	-	-	7,675	-		7,675
Interfund payables	-	273,967	-	273,967	(273,967)		-
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	1,315,000		1,315,000
Due after one year	 	 	 	 	47,380,086		47,380,086
Total liabilities	 402,074	274,181	 0	 676,255	48,761,572		49,437,827
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred property tax revenues	 2,332,905	 8,090,853	 0	 10,423,758	(20,132)		10,403,626
Fund Balances/Net Position							
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Unlimited tax bonds	-	501,236	-	501,236	(501,236)		-
Unlimited tax road bonds	-	227,507	-	227,507	(227,507)		-
Water, sewer and drainage	-	-	99,474	99,474	(99,474)		-
Roads	-	-	47,949	47,949	(47,949)		-
Assigned, operating reserve	463,200	-	-	463,200	(463,200)		-
Unassigned	1,338,897	 -	 	 1,338,897	(1,338,897)		
Total fund balances	 1,802,097	 728,743	147,423	 2,678,263	(2,678,263)		0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$ 4,537,076	\$ 9,093,777	\$ 147,423	\$ 13,778,276			
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets					(19,295,246)		(19,295,246)
Restricted for debt service					366,079		366,079
Restricted for capital projects					35,408		35,408
Unrestricted					1,806,918	_	1,806,918
Total net position					\$ (17,086,841)	\$	(17,086,841)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Adjustmer		Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,731,091	\$ 5,483,167	\$ -	\$ 7,214,258	\$ 15,525	\$ 7,229,783
Water service	623,511	-	-	623,511	-	623,511
Sewer service	601,410	-	-	601,410	-	601,410
Regional water fee	1,040,417	-	-	1,040,417	-	1,040,417
Penalty and interest	25,710	32,215	-	57,925	-	57,925
Tap connection and inspection fees	153,731	-	-	153,731	-	153,731
Investment income	26,805	27,301	5,702	59,808	-	59,808
Other income		9,081		9,081		9,081
Total revenues	4,202,675	5,551,764	5,702	9,760,141	15,525	9,775,666
Expenditures/Expenses						
Service operations:						
Purchased services	1,764,120	-	-	1,764,120	-	1,764,120
Regional water fee	1,086,808	-	-	1,086,808	-	1,086,808
Professional fees	125,718	6,954	-	132,672	236	132,908
Contracted services	641,028	88,573	-	729,601	-	729,601
Repairs and maintenance	240,378	-	-	240,378	-	240,378
Other expenditures	76,240	7,594	105	83,939	-	83,939
Tap connections	58,002	-	-	58,002	-	58,002
Capital outlay	42,500	-	8,556,576	8,599,076	(8,599,076)	-
Conveyance of capital assets	-	-	_	-	696,401	696,401
Depreciation	-	-	_	-	1,301,965	1,301,965
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	965,000	_	965,000	(965,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	829,384	-	829,384	172,531	1,001,915
Debt issuance costs	-	-	664,627	664,627	-	664,627
Contractual obligations		3,752,623		3,752,623		3,752,623
Total expenditures/expenses	4,034,794	5,650,128	9,221,308	18,906,230	(7,392,943)	11,513,287
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	167,881	(98,364)	(9,215,606)	(9,146,089)	7,408,468	

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	:	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Ad	ljustments	Statement of Activities
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
General obligation bonds issued	\$ -	\$	69,062	\$ 9,510,938	\$ 9,580,000	\$	(9,580,000)	
Discount on debt issued	-		-	(171,399)	(171,399)		171,399	
Developer advances reimbursed	 			 (206,804)	 (206,804)		206,804	
Total other financing sources	 0		69,062	 9,132,735	 9,201,797		(9,201,797)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	167,881		(29,302)	(82,871)	55,708		(55,708)	
Change in Net Position							(1,737,621)	\$ (1,737,621)
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Beginning of year	 1,634,216		758,045	 230,294	 2,622,555			(15,349,220)
End of year	\$ 1,802,097	\$	728,743	\$ 147,423	\$ 2,678,263	\$	0	\$ (17,086,841)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 21, 2006, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, Chapter 8439 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code, and Article XVI, Section 59, of the Constitution of the State of Texas and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park, road and other facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District also provides solid waste disposal services.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Any collections on the current year tax levy are deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Current year revenues recognized are those taxes collected during the fiscal year for prior years' tax levies, plus any collections received during fiscal 2021 on the 2021 levy.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the tax levied in October 2022 is recorded as receivable and deferred inflows of resources and will be considered earned during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets, with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

	16015
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Road and paving facilities	10-30

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Voore

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$	29,250,303
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund		
financial statements.		20,132
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.		(340,453)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	_	(48,695,086)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$	(19,765,104)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ 55,708
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded conveyance of capital assets, depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.	6,600,474
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	206,804
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	171,399
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of bonds because they provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Principal payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. None of these transactions, however, have any effect on net position.	(8,615,000)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	15,525
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (172,531)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (1,737,621)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At December 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturities in Years								
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5		6-10			Than 0		
TexPool	\$ 2,335,516	\$ 2,335,516	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2022, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at December 31, 2022, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 1,421,680
Investments	 2,335,516
Total	\$ 3,757,196

Investment Income

Investment income of \$59,808 for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	,	Additions	Ī	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Water production and distribution facilities	\$ 4,054,603	\$	314,070	\$	4,368,673
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	7,102,307		422,657		7,524,964
Road facilities	11,018,036		9,804,158		20,822,194
Total capital assets, depreciable	 22,174,946		10,540,885		32,715,831

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balances, Beginning of Year	,	Additions	l	Balances, End of Year
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Water production and distribution facilities	\$ (323,287)	\$	(97,318)	\$	(420,605)
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	(530,852)		(167,999)		(698,851)
Road facilities	 (1,309,424)		(1,036,648)		(2,346,072)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (2,163,563)		(1,301,965)		(3,465,528)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 20,011,383	\$	9,238,920	\$	29,250,303

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year Increases Decreases		Decreases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year	
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 31,290,000	\$ 9,580,000	\$ 965,000	\$ 39,905,000	\$ 1,315,000	
Less discounts on bonds	846,685	171,399	27,222	990,862		
	30,443,315	9,408,601	937,778	38,914,138	1,315,000	
Developer advances	322,087	-	206,804	115,283	-	
Due to developer	6,979,196	9,184,300	6,497,831	9,665,665		
Total governmental activities long-term	 	40.500.004	.	4.40.60.	4 44 5 000	
liabilities	\$ 37,744,598	\$ 18,592,901	\$ 7,642,413	\$ 48,695,086	\$ 1,315,000	

General Obligation Bonds

	Road Series 2017	Series 2019
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$3,360,000	\$7,430,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2023/2042	September 1, 2023/2044
Interest payment dates	March 1/September 1	March 1/September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2023	September 1, 2024

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

	Series 2020	Road Series 2021
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$10,920,000	\$4,515,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 3.00%	1.00% to 3.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2023/2045	September 1, 2023/2047
Interest payment dates	March 1/September 1	March 1/September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2025	September 1, 2026
	Series 2021	Road Series 2022
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$4,100,000	\$4,250,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.50%	3.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2023/2047	March 1, 2023/2047
Interest payment dates	March 1/September 1	March 1/September 1
Callable dates*	March 1, 2027	March 1, 2028
		Series 2022
Amount outstanding, December 31, 2022		\$5,330,000
Interest rates		4.00% to 5.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		March 1, 2024/2047
Interest payment dates		March 1/September 1
Callable date*		March 1, 2029

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	1,315,000	\$ 1,096,828	\$	2,411,828	
2024		1,545,000	1,088,307		2,633,307	
2025		1,560,000	1,029,132		2,589,132	
2026		1,570,000	974,982		2,544,982	
2027		1,590,000	927,468		2,517,468	
2028-2032		8,225,000	4,024,915		12,249,915	
2033-2037		8,720,000	2,975,956		11,695,956	
2038-2042		9,380,000	1,728,618		11,108,618	
2043-2047		6,000,000	 425,125		6,425,125	
Total	\$	39,905,000	\$ 14,271,331	\$	54,176,331	

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted:

Water, sewer and drainage facilities and refunding	\$ 192,090,000
Park and recreational facilities and refunding	70,240,000
Road facilities and refunding	58,465,000
Bonds sold:	
Water, sewer and drainage facilities	29,420,000
Road facilities	12,700,000

Due to Developer

The developer has constructed facilities on behalf of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for these construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable, from the proceeds of future bond sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$9,665,665. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Developer Advances

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$115,283 to the District for operations, net of repayments. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 5: Significant Bond Resolution and Commission Requirements

- A. The Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay principal and interest on bonds when due. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2450 per \$100 of assessed valuation for water, sewer and drainage debt service, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,782,439 on the taxable valuation of \$727,526,262 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$1,597,085.
- B. The Road Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem road debt service tax sufficient to pay principal and interest on road bonds when due. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem road debt service tax at the rate of \$0.1350 per \$100 of assessed valuation for road debt service, which resulted in a tax levy of \$982,161 on the taxable valuation of \$727,526,262 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$814,743.
- C. In accordance with the Series 2019, Series 2020, Road Series 2021, Series 2021 and Road Series 2022 Bond Resolutions, a portion of the bond proceeds were deposited into the debt service fund and reserved for the payment of bond interest during the construction period. This bond interest reserve is reduced as the interest is paid.

Bond interest reserve, beginning of year	\$ 226,542
AdditionsInterest appropriated from Road Series 2022	
bond proceeds	 69,062
DeductionsAppropriation from bond interest paid:	
Series 2019	20,062
Series 2020	47,115
Road Series 2021	47,027
Series 2021	87,998
Road Series 2022	55,880
	 258,082
Bond interest reserve, end of year	\$ 37,522

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.3200

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$2,328,084 on the taxable valuation of \$727,526,262 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized a road facilities maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.2500 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District did not levy an ad valorem road facilities maintenance tax.

Note 7: Contract Taxes

At an election held November 4, 2014, voters authorized the contract (as defined in Note 8) which requires the District to impose a contract tax on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem contract tax at the rate of \$0.7300 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$5,310,942 on the taxable valuation of \$727,526,262 for 2022 tax year. This contract tax is used to pay for its pro rata share of principal and interest on the Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171's (the Master District) contract revenue bonds as described in Note 8.

Note 8: Financing and Operation of Regional Facilities

Effective February 9, 2015, the District entered into a 40-year Contract for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities (the contract) with the Master District, which sets forth the general terms and conditions pursuant to which the districts share in the joint financing, operation, and use of certain water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage and detention, road and park facilities that serve the areas within the Master District's service area (the Regional Facilities). The Master District shall be the owner of the Regional Facilities constructed and acquired and will provide the services permitted by the contract to all participant districts that are in existence or will be created within the Master District's service area.

Under the terms of the contract, the Master District will charge the participants a monthly operational fee calculated by multiplying the unit cost per connection by the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to each district. The Master District is to maintain an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three months of budgeted operation and maintenance expenses.

In addition, the Master District is authorized to issue contract revenue bonds sufficient to complete acquisition and construction of the water, sewer, drainage and road regional facilities as needed to serve all districts in the service area. Each participating district is obligated to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Master District's contract revenue bonds. With respect to regional recreational facilities, the participant districts will be required to pay the Master District for such facilities by paying park construction charges.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The debt service requirements on all of the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 3,065,000	\$ 3,467,625	\$ 6,532,625
2024	3,115,000	3,367,868	6,482,868
2025	3,185,000	3,219,795	6,404,795
2026	3,245,000	3,068,322	6,313,322
2027	3,315,000	2,926,226	6,241,226
2028-2032	17,720,000	12,542,076	30,262,076
2033-2037	19,940,000	9,171,801	29,111,801
2038-2042	22,660,000	5,452,879	28,112,879
2043-2047	16,380,000	1,458,351	17,838,351
Total	\$ 92,625,000	\$ 44,674,943	\$ 137,299,943

Based on the calculations provided by the Master District's financial advisor, the District's pro rata share of total 2022 assessed valuation is 86.96 percent and its pro rata share of the 2023 principal and interest requirements of the Master District's bonds is \$5,206,205.

Note 9: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority) which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority was billing the Master District \$3.70 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells, and the Master District is billing the District for its pro rata portion. This amount is subject to future increases. Effective January 1, 2023, the Authority increased the rate to \$3.95 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells.

Note 10: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years..

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 11: Subsequent Event

On April 11, 2023, the District sold its Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023, in the amount of \$10,685,000 at a net effective interest rate of approximately 4.303 percent. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for road projects within the District.

Required Supplementary Informat	tion

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

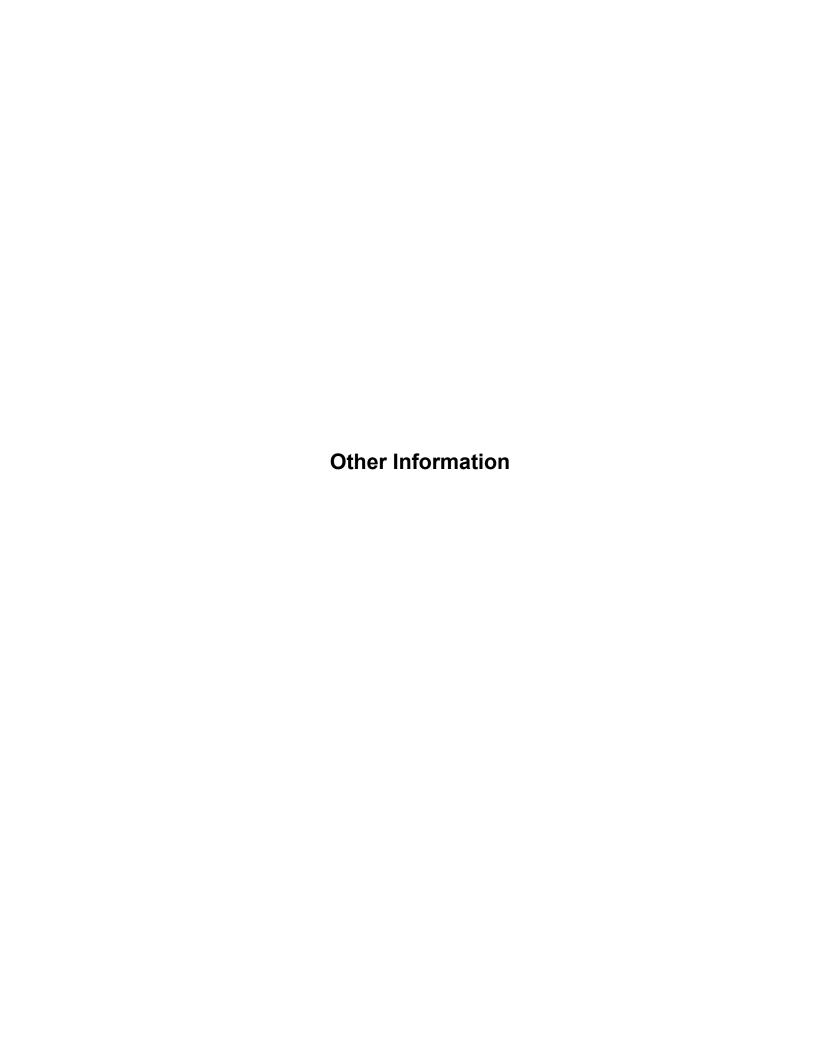
		Original Budget Actu			Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	1,603,500	\$	1,731,091	\$	127,591
Water service		490,000		623,511		133,511
Sewer service		450,000		601,410		151,410
Regional water fee		550,000		1,040,417		490,417
Penalty and interest		6,000		25,710		19,710
Tap connection and inspection fees		102,700		153,731		51,031
Investment income	3,600			26,805		23,205
Total revenues	3,205,800			4,202,675		996,875
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		1,499,400		1,764,120		(264,720)
Regional water fee		550,000		1,086,808		(536,808)
Professional fees		138,000		125,718		12,282
Contracted services		528,400		641,028		(112,628)
Repairs and maintenance		204,400		240,378		(35,978)
Other expenditures		103,100		76,240		26,860
Tap connections		30,000		58,002		(28,002)
Capital outlay				42,500		(42,500)
Total expenditures		3,053,300		4,034,794		(981,494)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		152,500		167,881		15,381
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	1,634,216		1,634,216		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,786,716	\$	1,802,097	\$	15,381

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report December 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 14-29
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended December 31, 2022

1.	Services provided by the District X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint venture Other		V F	Wholesale Wate Wholesale Wast Fire Protection Blood Control d/or wastewate	tewater	(other tl	X	Drainage Irrigation Security Roads cy interconnec	ct)			
2.	Retail service providers											
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (o	Mir	ivalent): nimum narge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Gall	Per 1,000 ons Over nimum	Usa	ge L	eve	els	
	Water:	\$	13.25	1,000	N	\$	1.05	1,001			30,000	
						\$	1.50	30,001	to _		No Limit	
	Wastewater:	\$	21.00	1,000	N	\$	1.45	1,001	to		No Limit	
	Regional water fee:	\$	3.89	1,000	N	\$	3.89	1,001	to		No Limit	
	Does the District employ winter	r avera	iging for waste	water usage?				Yes	X		No	
	Total charges per 10,000 gallon	s usag	e (including fe	es):	Water	\$	61.60	Wastewater		\$	34.05	
	b. Water and wastewater retail	conne	ctions:	Tota Connec			Active nnections	ESFC Factor			Active ESFC*	
	Unmetered				-		-	x1.0				-
	≤ 3/4"				1,534		1,527	x1.0			1,52	7
	1"				427		427	x2.5	_		1,06	
	1 1/2"				1		1	x5.0	_			5
	2"				46		44	x8.0	_		35	
	3"				1		1	x15.0	-		1	
	4"						-	x25.0	-			-
	6" 8"						1	x50.0	-		0	0
	10"				1		1	x80.0 x115.0	-		8	-
	Total water			-	2,010		2,001	X113.0	-		3,04	
	Total wastewater				1,935		1,926	x1.0	=		1,92	
3.	Total water consumption (in the Gallons pumped into the system		ds) during the	fiscal year:					-		269,52	.0
	Gallons billed to customers:										269,52	
	Water accountability ratio (gall	ons bi	lled/gallons pu	mped):							100.00	

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 19,900 67,723 38,095	125,718
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		1,764,120
Regional Water Fee		1,086,808
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	14,487 - - 164,223 65,375	244,085
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		240,378
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	10,350 43,250 4,089 18,551	76,240
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	42,500	42,500
Tap Connection Expenditures		58,002
Solid Waste Disposal		396,943
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 4,034,794

Schedule of Temporary Investments December 31, 2022

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable
General Fund				
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	\$ 1,266,078	\$ 0
Debt Service Fund				
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	396,730	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	227,507	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	302,570	
			926,807	0
Capital Projects Fund				
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	94,682	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	47,949	
			142,631	0
Totals			\$ 2,335,516	\$ 0

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Ма	intenance Taxes	(Contract Taxes	Road Debt Service Taxes	;	Debt Service Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	1,498,492	\$	3,205,509	\$ 499,392	\$	1,040,850
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes		4,546		10,389	 1,348		3,555
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		1,503,038		3,215,898	500,740		1,044,405
2022 Original Tax Levy		2,144,136		4,891,311	904,558		1,641,604
Additions and corrections		183,948		419,631	 77,603		140,835
Adjusted tax levy		2,328,084		5,310,942	 982,161		1,782,439
Total to be accounted for		3,831,122		8,526,840	1,482,901		2,826,844
Tax collections: Current year Prior years		(286,538)		(653,666)	(120,883)		(219,381)
rioi years		(1,498,217)		(3,205,542)	 (499,150)		(1,041,041)
Receivable, end of year	\$	2,046,367	\$	4,667,632	\$ 862,868	\$	1,566,422
Receivable, by Years							
2022	\$	2,041,546	\$	4,657,276	\$ 861,278	\$	1,563,058
2021		4,665		9,978	1,555		3,240
2020 2019		118 16		308	26		118
2019		22		36 34	 3 6		- -
Receivable, end of year	\$	2,046,367	\$	4,667,632	\$ 862,868	\$	1,566,422

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2	2022		2021		2020	2019
Property Valuations							
Land	\$ 17	5,045,141	\$	131,192,923	\$	97,797,181	\$ 80,686,236
Improvements	60	5,680,671		387,764,563		233,297,620	141,419,135
Personal property		9,501,431		3,460,521		2,238,061	1,256,704
Exemptions	(6	2,700,981)		(41,755,162)		(14,509,431)	 (8,760,432)
Total property valuations	\$ 72	7,526,262	\$	480,662,845	\$	318,823,431	\$ 214,601,643
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation							
Debt service tax rates	\$	0.2450		\$ 0.2500		\$ 0.3100	\$ 0.1550
Road debt service tax rates		0.1350		0.1200		0.0700	0.0850
Contract tax rates		0.7300		0.7700		0.8100	0.8700
Maintenance tax rates*	_	0.3200		0.3600		0.3100	0.3900
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	_\$	1.4300		\$ 1.5000	;	\$ 1.5000	\$ 1.5000
Tax Levy	\$ 1	0,403,626	_	5 7,209,943	9	8 4,782,351	 3,219,025
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**		12%		99%		99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on November 4, 2014

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years December 31, 2022

Road Series 2017

19,200

1,549,545

9,800

Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31	Fiscal Years Due				Due I, er 1 T			
2023	\$	110,000	\$	124,268	\$	234,268		
2024		110,000		120,969		230,969		
2025		115,000		117,669		232,669		
2026		120,000		114,219		234,219		
2027		130,000		110,619		240,619		
2028		135,000		106,556		241,556		
2029		140,000		102,169		242,169		
2030		145,000		97,444		242,444		
2031		155,000		92,369		247,369		
2032		160,000		86,750		246,750		
2033		165,000		80,750		245,750		
2034		175,000		74,563		249,563		
2035		180,000		68,000		248,000		
2036		190,000		60,800		250,800		
2037		200,000		53,200		253,200		
2038		210,000		45,200		255,200		
2039		215,000		36,800		251,800		
2040		225,000		28,200		253,200		

235,000

245,000

3,360,000

2041

2042

Totals

254,200

254,800

4,909,545

		Series 2019						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31			rincipal Due stember 1	N	erest Due larch 1, otember 1		Total	
2023		\$	210,000	\$	192,693	\$	402,693	
2024		•	215,000	*	183,244	*	398,244	
2025			225,000		173,569		398,569	
2026			235,000		169,069		404,069	
2027			245,000		164,368		409,368	
2028			260,000		159,469		419,469	
2029			270,000		154,269		424,269	
2030			280,000		148,869		428,869	
2031			295,000		143,268		438,268	
2032			310,000		137,369		447,369	
2033			320,000		130,781		450,781	
2034			335,000		123,582		458,582	
2035			350,000		116,043		466,043	
2036			365,000		107,732		472,732	
2037			385,000		98,606		483,606	
2038			400,000		88,500		488,500	
2039			420,000		78,000		498,000	
2040			440,000		66,450		506,450	
2041			460,000		54,350		514,350	
2042			480,000		41,700		521,700	
2043			500,000		27,900		527,900	
2044			430,000		12,900		442,900	
5	Γotals	\$	7,430,000	\$	2,572,731	\$	10,002,731	

		Series 2020								
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31	Principal Due September <i>'</i>	Interest Due March 1, 1 September 1	Total							
2023	\$ 475,00	0 \$ 249,844	\$ 724,844							
2024	475,00	· ·	710,594							
2025	475,00		696,344							
2026	475,00		682,094							
2027	475,00	· ·	672,594							
2028	475,00	· ·	663,094							
2029	475,00		653,594							
2030	475,00	,	644,094							
2031	475,00		634,594							
2032	475,00		625,094							
2033	475,00		615,594							
2034	475,00		606,093							
2035	475,00		596,593							
2036	475,00		587,093							
2037	475,00	· ·	577,000							
2038	475,00	· ·	566,906							
2039	475,00		556,219							
2040	475,00	· ·	545,531							
2041	475,00		534,250							
2042	475,00	· ·	522,375							
2043	475,00	0 35,500	510,500							
2044	475,00		498,625							
2045	470,00		481,750							
Total	ls \$ 10,920,00	0 \$ 2,985,469	\$ 13,905,469							

			Road S	Series 2021		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		rincipal Due tember 1	Interest Due March 1, September 1			Total
2023	\$	185,000	\$	83,100	\$	268,100
2024	Ψ	185,000	Ψ	76,625	Ψ	261,625
2025		185,000		70,150		255,150
2026		180,000		63,675		243,675
2027		180,000		57,375		237,375
2028		180,000		55,575		235,575
2029		180,000		53,775		233,775
2030		180,000		51,975		231,975
2031		180,000		50,175		230,175
2032		180,000		48,375		228,375
2033		180,000		46,350		226,350
2034		180,000		44,100		224,100
2035		180,000		41,625		221,625
2036		180,000		39,150		219,150
2037		180,000		36,450		216,450
2038		180,000		33,750		213,750
2039		180,000		30,825		210,825
2040		180,000		27,900		207,900
2041		180,000		24,750		204,750
2042		180,000		21,600		201,600
2043		180,000		18,000		198,000
2044		180,000		14,400		194,400
2045		180,000		10,800		190,800
2046		180,000		7,200		187,200
2047		180,000		3,600		183,600
То	tals \$	4,515,000	\$	1,011,300	\$	5,526,300

			Sei	ries 2021		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		rincipal Due ⁄larch 1	M	rest Due larch 1, stember 1		Total
2023	\$	165,000	\$	108,625	\$	273,625
2024	Ψ	165,000	Ψ	101,200	Ψ	266,200
2025		165,000		93,775		258,775
2026		165,000		86,350		251,350
2027		165,000		80,987		245,987
2028		165,000		77,688		242,688
2029		165,000		74,387		239,387
2030		165,000		71,088		236,088
2031		165,000		67,787		232,787
2032		165,000		64,488		229,488
2033		165,000		61,084		226,084
2034		165,000		57,578		222,578
2035		165,000		53,866		218,866
2036		165,000		49,947		214,947
2037		165,000		45,925		210,925
2038		165,000		41,800		206,800
2039		165,000		37,572		202,572
2040		165,000		33,240		198,240
2041		165,000		28,806		193,806
2042		165,000		24,269		189,269
2043		160,000		19,800		179,800
2044		160,000		15,400		175,400
2045		160,000		11,000		171,000
2046		160,000		6,600		166,600
2047		160,000		2,200		162,200
Tot	tals \$	4,100,000	\$	1,315,462	\$	5,415,462

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
December 31, 2022

			Road	Series 2022		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		rincipal Due Narch 1	M	erest Due larch 1, otember 1		Total
2022	Ф	170.000	Ф	1 42 277	Φ.	212.275
2023	\$	170,000	\$	142,375	\$	312,375
2024		170,000		135,575		305,575
2025		170,000		128,775		298,775
2026		170,000		121,975		291,975
2027		170,000		115,175		285,175
2028		170,000		108,375		278,375
2029		170,000		102,425		272,425
2030		170,000		97,325		267,325
2031		170,000		92,225		262,225
2032		170,000		87,125		257,125
2033		170,000		82,025		252,025
2034		170,000		76,925		246,925
2035		170,000		71,825		241,825
2036		170,000		66,725		236,725
2037		170,000		61,413		231,413
2038		170,000		55,888		225,888
2039		170,000		50,362		220,362
2040		170,000		44,625		214,625
2041		170,000		38,675		208,675
2042		170,000		32,725		202,725
2043		170,000		26,775		196,775
2044		170,000		20,825		190,825
2045		170,000		14,875		184,875
2046		170,000		8,925		178,925
2047		170,000		2,975		172,975

\$

Totals

4,250,000

1,786,913

\$

6,036,913

\$

				Se	eries 2022		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due March 1		I	Interest Due March 1, September 1		Total
2023		\$		\$	195,923	\$	195,923
2024		Ψ	225,000	Ψ	235,100	Ψ	460,100
2025			225,000		223,850		448,850
2026			225,000		212,600		437,600
2027			225,000		201,350		426,350
2028			225,000		190,100		415,100
2029			225,000		178,850		403,850
2030			225,000		168,725		393,725
2031			225,000		159,725		384,725
2032		225,000 150,725			375,725		
2033			225,000				366,725
2034			220,000		132,825		352,825
2035			220,000		124,025		344,025
2036			220,000		115,088		335,088
2037			220,000		105,875		325,875
2038			220,000		96,387		316,387
2039			220,000		86,625		306,625
2040			220,000		76,725		296,725
2041			220,000		66,825		286,825
2042			220,000		56,788		276,788
2043			220,000		46,613		266,613
2044			220,000		36,437		256,437
2045			220,000		26,125		246,125
2046			220,000		15,675		235,675
2047			220,000		5,225		225,225
	Totals	\$	5,330,000	\$	3,049,911	\$	8,379,911

Annua	l Req	uirements	s For	ΑII	Series
-------	-------	-----------	-------	-----	--------

Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31	Total Principal Due	Total Interest Due	Total Principal and Interest Due
Ending December 31	Due	Due	interest Due
2023	\$ 1,315,0	00 \$ 1,096,828	\$ 2,411,828
2024	1,545,0	00 1,088,307	2,633,307
2025	1,560,0	00 1,029,132	2,589,132
2026	1,570,0	00 974,982	2,544,982
2027	1,590,0	00 927,468	2,517,468
2028	1,610,0	00 885,857	2,495,857
2029	1,625,0	00 844,469	2,469,469
2030	1,640,0	00 804,520	2,444,520
2031	1,665,0	00 765,143	2,430,143
2032	1,685,0	00 724,926	2,409,926
2033	1,700,0	00 683,309	2,383,309
2034	1,720,0	00 640,666	2,360,666
2035	1,740,0	00 596,977	2,336,977
2036	1,765,0	00 551,535	2,316,535
2037	1,795,0	00 503,469	2,298,469
2038	1,820,0	00 453,431	2,273,431
2039	1,845,0	00 401,403	2,246,403
2040	1,875,0	00 347,671	2,222,671
2041	1,905,0	00 291,856	2,196,856
2042	1,935,0	00 234,257	2,169,257
2043	1,705,0	00 174,588	1,879,588
2044	1,635,0	00 123,587	1,758,587
2045	1,200,0	00 74,550	1,274,550
2046	730,0	00 38,400	768,400
2047	730,0	00 14,000	744,000
То	tals \$ 39,905,0	00 \$ 14,271,331	\$ 54,176,331

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended December 31, 2022

						Bon	
	Se	Road eries 2017	S	eries 2019	s	eries 2020	
Interest rates	;	2.00% to 4.00%		2.00% to 4.50%		2.00% to 3.00%	
Dates interest payable		March 1/ eptember 1		March 1/ eptember 1	S	March 1/ September 1	
Maturity dates		eptember 1, 2023/2042		eptember 1, 2023/2044		eptember 1, 2023/2045	
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	3,465,000	\$	7,630,000	\$	11,395,000	
Bonds sold during current year		-		-		-	
Retirements, principal		105,000		200,000		475,000	
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	3,360,000	\$	7,430,000	\$	10,920,000	
Interest paid during current year	\$	126,894	\$	201,194	\$	264,094	
Paying agent's name and address:						_	
Road Series 2017 - The Bank of New York Mellon The Bank of	Trust Co Trust Co Trust Co Trust Co Trust Co	ompany, N.A., ompany, N.A., ompany, N.A., ompany, N.A., ompany, N.A.,	Dallas Dallas Dallas Dallas	, Texas , Texas , Texas , Texas , Texas			
Bond authority:	and and l	er, Sewer Drainage Refunding Bonds	Red and	ark and creational Refunding Bonds		Road and Refunding Bonds	
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued	\$ \$ \$	192,090,000 29,420,000 162,670,000	\$ \$ \$	70,240,000	\$ \$	58,465,000 12,700,000 45,765,000	
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances					\$	1,996,855	
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest	st) for re	emaining term	of all d	lebt:	\$ 2,167,053		

Issues

15546	2							
Se	Road eries 2021	Se	eries 2021	Se	Road eries 2022	Se	eries 2022	Total
	1.00% to 3.50%		2.00% to 4.50%		3.00% to 4.00%		4.00% to 5.00%	
	March 1/ eptember 1		March 1/ September 1		March 1/	March 1/ September 1		
	eptember 1, 2023/2047		March 1,	March 1, 2023/2047		March 1, 2024/2047		
\$	4,700,000	\$	4,100,000	\$	-	\$ -		\$ 31,290,000
	-		-		4,250,000		5,330,000	9,580,000
	185,000							965,000
\$	4,515,000	\$	4,100,000	\$	4,250,000	\$ 5,330,000		\$ 39,905,000
\$	89,575	\$	87,998	\$	55,880	\$	0	\$ 825,635

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended December 31,

			-	Amounts				
	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
General Fund								
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 1,731,091	\$ 992,630	\$	858,837	\$	670,260	\$	901,654
Water service	623,511	466,071		354,888		229,646		142,666
Sewer service	601,410	480,583		330,894		199,301		99,697
Regional water fee	1,040,417	650,968		543,869		350,892		150,167
Penalty and interest	25,710	12,684		5,568		10,632		4,495
Tap connection and inspection fees	153,731	827,568		597,234		623,496		396,565
Investment income	26,805	524		7,978		21,214		10,651
Other income	 					544,697		74,793
Total revenues	4,202,675	 3,431,028		2,699,268		2,650,138		1,780,688
Expenditures								
Service operations:								
Purchased services	1,764,120	1,377,250		1,110,250		711,800		557,960
Regional water fee	1,086,808	665,322		578,820		355,142		154,632
Professional fees	125,718	137,040		164,293		181,041		148,331
Contracted services	641,028	462,499		248,447		151,084		74,962
Repairs and maintenance	240,378	346,892		265,950		225,661		190,044
Other expenditures	76,240	84,671		67,334		52,057		44,373
Tap connections	58,002	317,851		245,813		284,292		167,248
Capital outlay	 42,500				_			
Total expenditures	 4,034,794	 3,391,525		2,680,907		1,961,077		1,337,550
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	167,881	 39,503		18,361		689,061		443,138
Other Financing Sources								
Interfund transfers in	-	-		-		-		16,636
Recovery from governmental agency	 			2,592		31,101		
Total other financing sources	0	 0		2,592		31,101		16,636
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses	167,881	39,503		20,953		720,162		459,774
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 1,634,216	1,594,713		1,573,760		853,598	_	393,824
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,802,097	\$ 1,634,216	\$	1,594,713	\$	1,573,760	\$	853,598
Total Active Retail Water Connections	 2,001	1,902		1,408	_	989		608
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	1,926	1,827		1,339		937		579

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
41.2 %	28.9 %	31.8 %	25.3 %	50.6
14.8	13.6	13.1	8.7	8.0
14.3	14.0	12.3	7.5	5.6
24.8	19.0	20.2	13.2	8.4
0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3
3.7	24.1	22.1	23.5	22.3
0.6	0.0	0.3	0.8	0.6
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	20.6	4.2
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
42.0	40.1	41.1	26.9	31.3
25.9	19.4	21.4	13.4	8.7
3.0	4.0	6.1	6.8	8.3
15.2	13.5	9.2	5.7	4.2
5.7	10.1	9.9	8.5	10.7
1.8	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.5
1.4	9.3	9.1	10.7	9.4
1.0				-
96.0	98.9	99.3	74.0	75.1
4.0 %	1.1 %	0.7 %	26.0 %	24.9

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended December 31,

			Amounts		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Oebt Service Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 5,483,167	\$ 3,808,189	\$ 2,442,275	\$ 1,223,655	\$ -
Penalty and interest	32,215	28,036	16,089	5,694	2,830
Investment income	27,301	707	9,403	16,283	2,637
Other income	9,081	30	540	390	70
Total revenues	5,551,764	3,836,962	2,468,307	1,246,022	5,537
Expenditures					
Current:					
Professional fees	6,954	6,480	5,354	622	223
Contracted services	88,573	59,856	44,401	27,922	15,138
Other expenditures	7,594	7,796	8,425	7,577	5,118
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	965,000	760,000	400,000	90,000	-
Interest and fees	829,384	601,878	351,426	134,594	101,310
Contractual obligations	3,752,623	2,615,798	1,891,071	841,891	
Total expenditures	5,650,128	4,051,808	2,700,677	1,102,606	121,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(98,364)	(214,846)	(232,370)	143,416	(116,252)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
General obligation bonds issued	69,062	201,913	278,944	447,688	-
Interfund transfers out					(16,636)
Total other financing sources (uses)	69,062	201,913	278,944	447,688	(16,636)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	(29,302)	(12,933)	46,574	591,104	(132,888)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	758,045	770,978	724,404	133,300	266,188
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 728,743	\$ 758,045	\$ 770,978	\$ 724,404	\$ 133,300

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	98.2 %	99.0 %	99.3 %	98.7 %
51.	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6
47.	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.5
1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
100.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
4.	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
273.4	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.6
92.	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1
	7.2	16.2	19.8	17.4
1,829.	10.8	14.3	15.7	15.0
	67.6	76.6	68.2	67.6
2,199.	88.5	109.4	105.6	101.8
(2,099	11.5 %	(9.4) %	(5.6) %	(1.8) %

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended December 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 457

c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600

Houston, Texas 77027

District business telephone number: 713.860.6400

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): October 14, 2021

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

Term of

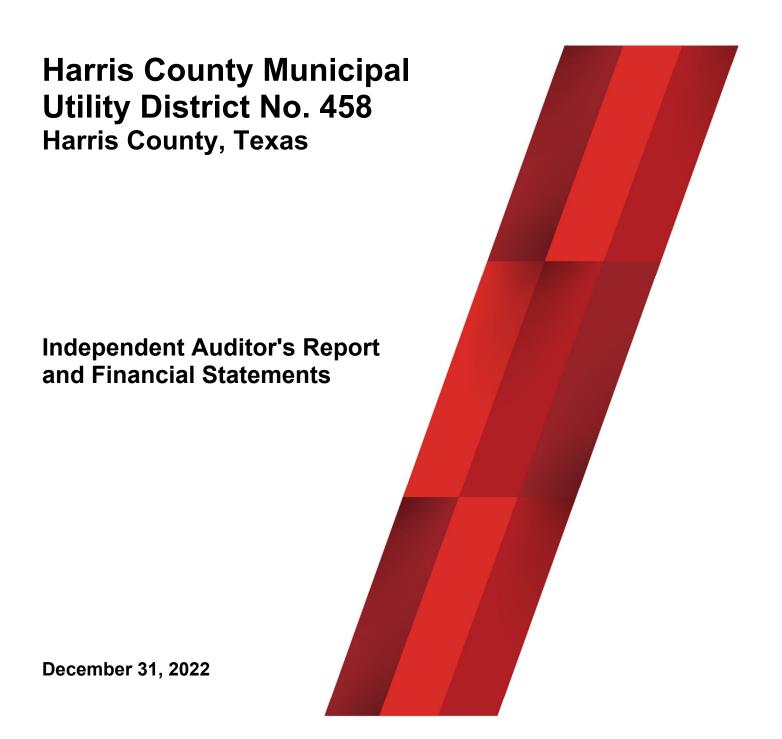
Board Members	Office Elected & Expires Fees*		Expense Reimbursements		Title at Year-end	
	Elected					
	05/20-					
Linda Gaskill	05/24	\$	1,800	\$	64	President
	Elected					
	05/20-					Vice
Jim Robinson	05/24		2,400		788	President
	Elected					
	05/20-					
Jack Flores	05/24		2,400		123	Secretary
						Assistant
						Vice
	Elected					President/
	05/22-					Assistant
Caleb Burson	05/26		2,700		1,985	Secretary
	Elected					
	05/22-					Assistant
Megan Crutcher	05/26		1,050		31	Secretary

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

7,200

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Fees and Expense			
Consultants	Date Hired Reimbursements		Title	
		\$ 68,037	General Counsel	
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	08/12/14	277,436	Bond Counsel	
BGE, Inc.	08/12/14	117,158	Engineer	
District Data Services, Inc.	07/26/22	11,157	Bookkeeper	
			Former	
F. Matuska, Inc.	08/12/14	7,178	Bookkeeper	
FORVIS, LLP	02/13/17	52,200	Auditor	
	Legislative			
Harris County Appraisal District	Action	58,101	Appraiser	
			Financial	
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/14/18	203,126	Advisor	
Si Environmental, LLC	05/11/15	407,529	Operator	
			Tax Assessor/	
Utility Tax Service, LLC	05/11/15	39,016	Collector	
Investment Officer	_			
Stephanie Viator	07/26/22	N/A	Bookkeeper	



Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 December 31, 2022

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	12
Notes to Financial Statements	13
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	25
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	26
Other Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	27
Schedule of Services and Rates	28
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	29
Schedule of Temporary Investments	30
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	31
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund – Three Years	33
Board Members, Kev Personnel and Consultants	34

FORV/S

2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699 forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas May 11, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2022		2021	
Current and other assets	\$	790,981	\$	764,523
Capital assets		4,207,656		1,569,799
Total assets	\$	4,998,637	\$	2,334,322
Long-term liabilities	\$	6,416,653	\$	3,638,064
Other liabilities		12,401		337,125
Total liabilities		6,429,054		3,975,189
Deferred inflows of resources		311,576		305,575
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		(2,208,997)		(2,068,265)
Unrestricted		467,004		121,823
Total net position	\$	(1,741,993)	\$	(1,946,442)

The total net position of the District increased by \$204,449 or about 10 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property taxes and other revenues exceeding services, depreciation and contractual obligation expenses. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	 2022		2021	
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 320,451	\$	131,929	
Charges for services	10,721		121	
Other revenues	 377,703		780	
Total revenues	 708,875		132,830	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Summary of Changes in Net Position (Continued)

	 2022		2021
Expenses:			
Services	\$ 245,487	\$	145,010
Depreciation	140,732		40,882
Contractual obligation	 118,207		118,140
Total expenses	 504,426		304,032
Change in net position	204,449		(171,202)
Net position, beginning of year	 (1,946,442)		(1,775,240)
Net position, end of year	\$ (1,741,993)	\$	(1,946,442)

Financial Analysis of the District's Fund

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$345,181, primarily due to property tax revenues exceeding service operations expenditures as well as tap connection and inspection fees revenues exceeding related tap connection expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax revenues being greater than anticipated and repairs and maintenance expenditures being less than anticipated. In addition, tap connection and inspection fees revenues and related expenditures and contractual obligations expenditures were not included in the current year budget and developer advances were budgeted but not received. The fund balance as of December 31, 2022, was expected to be \$121,823 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$467,004.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	2022		2021	
Land and improvements	\$	562,579	\$	<u>-</u>
Water facilities		80,911		58,115
Wastewater facilities		361,092		302,275
Drainage facilities		1,107,850		-
Road and paving facilities		2,095,224		1,209,409
Total capital assets	\$	4,207,656	\$	1,569,799
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as	follo	ws:		
Elyson Commercial Development clearing and gru	bbing		\$	562,579
Water, sewer, drainage and paving facilities to ser	ve Ely	rson		
Exchange Way Street Dedication, Section 1				1,241,613
Sewer, drainage and paving facilities to serve Elys	on Sq	uare		
Way and Elyson Center Drive Street Dedication	l			974,397
Total additions to capital assets			\$	2,778,589

The developers within the District have constructed facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the cost of these facilities from the proceeds of future bond issues, subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable, and the terms of the contracts with the developers. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$6,011,653 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year Increases in long-term debt	\$ 3,638,064 2,778,589
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 6,416,653

At December 31, 2022, the District had \$158,180,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and for refunding such bonds, \$29,855,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

purposes of constructing park and recreational facilities and for refunding such bonds and \$73,910,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing roads and for refunding such bonds.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent if the City complies with the procedures and requirements of Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, as amended, which may include voter approval. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bond indebtedness) and the District, is dissolved.

Economic Dependency

The District's developers own the majority of the taxable property within the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developers ability to pay property taxes.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$405,000 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds or anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming fiscal year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Contingencies

The developers of the District are constructing facilities on behalf of the District within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developers for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$5,722,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

	C	General			S	tatement of Net
		Fund	Ad	justments		Position
Assets						
Cash	\$	106,511	\$	-	\$	106,511
Short-term investments		462,978		-		462,978
Receivables:						
Property taxes		213,016		-		213,016
Service accounts		3,826		-		3,826
Operating reserve		4,650		-		4,650
Capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation):						
Land and improvements		-		562,579		562,579
Infrastructure		-		1,549,853		1,549,853
Road facilities		-		2,095,224		2,095,224
Total assets	_ \$	790,981	\$	4,207,656	\$	4,998,637

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2022

	0	General Fund	Ad	ljustments	tatement of Net Position
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	12,401	\$	-	\$ 12,401
Long-term liabilities, due after one year				6,416,653	 6,416,653
Total liabilities		12,401		6,416,653	6,429,054
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred property tax revenues		311,576		0	311,576
Fund Balance/Net Position					
Fund balance:					
Assigned to operating reserve		4,650		(4,650)	-
Unassigned fund balance		462,354		(462,354)	
Total fund balance		467,004		(467,004)	 0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balance	\$	790,981			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets				(2,208,997)	(2,208,997)
Unrestricted				467,004	 467,004
Total net position			\$	(1,741,993)	\$ (1,741,993)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General Fund	Adj	ustments	atement of ctivities
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 320,451	\$	-	\$ 320,451
Water service	4,054		-	4,054
Sewer service	1,205		-	1,205
Regional water fee	5,462		-	5,462
Penalty and interest	607		-	607
Tap connection and inspection fees	368,411		-	368,411
Investment income	8,255		-	8,255
Other income	 430		-	 430
Total revenues	 708,875		0	708,875
Expenditures/Expenses				
Service operations:				
Purchased services	19,590		-	19,590
Regional water fee	6,127		-	6,127
Professional fees	116,282		-	116,282
Contracted services	23,910		-	23,910
Repairs and maintenance	2,238		-	2,238
Other expenditures	19,149		-	19,149
Tap connections	58,191		-	58,191
Depreciation	-		140,732	140,732
Debt service, contractual obligations	118,207			118,207
Total expenditures/expenses	 363,694		140,732	 504,426
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	345,181		(345,181)	
Change in Net Position			204,449	204,449
Fund Balance/Net Position				
Beginning of year	 121,823			 (1,946,442)
End of year	\$ 467,004	\$	0	\$ (1,741,993)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 21, 2006, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, Chapter 8439 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code, and Article XVI, Section 59, of the Constitution of the State of Texas and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park, road and other facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District may also provide solid waste disposal services.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental fund. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Fund Balance - Governmental Fund

The fund balance for the District's governmental fund can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Any collections on the current year tax levy are deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Current year revenues recognized are those taxes collected during the fiscal year for prior years' tax levies, plus any collections received during fiscal 2021 on the 2021 levy.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the tax levied in October 2022 is recorded as receivable and deferred inflows of resources and will be considered earned during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets, with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45
Road and paving facilities	10-30

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Fund balance and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balance in the governmental fund balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 4,207,656
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the fund financial statements.	 (6,416,653)
Adjustment to fund balance to arrive at net position.	\$ (2,208,997)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balance in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance because:

Change in fund balance.	\$ 345,181
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets	
is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in the current period.	 (140,732)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 204,449

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At December 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years						
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10		
TexPool	\$ 462,978	\$ 462,978	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2022, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at December 31, 2022, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 106,511
Investments	 462,978
Total	\$ 569,489

Investment Income

Investment income of \$8,255 for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year Additions		Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:			
Land and improvements	\$ 0	\$ 562,579	\$ 562,579
Capital assets, depreciable:			
Water production and distribution			
facilities	61,715	24,717	86,432
Wastewater collection and treatment			
facilities	320,193	67,431	387,624
Drainage facilities	-	1,133,028	1,133,028
Road and paving facilities	1,295,804	990,834	2,286,638
Total capital assets, depreciable	1,677,712	2,216,010	3,893,722

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental Activities (Continue	d)	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	3	Balances, End of Year
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Water production and distribution					
facilities	\$	(3,600)	\$ (1,921)	\$	(5,521)
Wastewater collection and treatment					
facilities		(17,918)	(8,614)		(26,532)
Drainage facilities		-	(25,178)		(25,178)
Road and paving facilities		(86,395)	 (105,019)		(191,414)
Total accumulated depreciation		(107,913)	(140,732)		(248,645)
Total governmental activities, net	\$	1,569,799	\$ 2,637,857	\$	4,207,656

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	В	alances, eginning of Year	lr	Increases		alances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year	
Developer advances Due to developer	\$	405,000 3,233,064	\$	2,778,589	\$	405,000 6,011,653	\$	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	3,638,064		2,778,589	\$	6,416,653	\$	0
Bonds voted: Water, sewer and drainag Park and recreational face Road facilities and refund	ilitie	es and refu		•		9		80,000 55,000 10,000

Due to Developer

The developers within the District have constructed facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developers for these construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable, from the proceeds of future bond sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$6,011,653. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Developer Advances

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$405,000 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds or anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Note 5: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 9, 2015, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.5100 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$134,664 on the taxable valuation of \$26,404,753 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

At an election held May 9, 2015, voters authorized a road facilities maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District did not levy an ad valorem road facilities maintenance tax.

Note 6: Contract Taxes

At an election held May 9, 2015, voters authorized the contract (as defined in Note 7) which requires the District to impose a contract tax on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem contract tax at the rate of \$0.6700 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$176,912 on the taxable valuation of \$26,404,753 for the 2022 tax year. This contract tax is used to pay for the District's pro rata share of principal and interest on the Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171 (the Master District) contract revenue bonds as described in Note 7.

Note 7: Financing and Operation of Regional Facilities

Effective June 8, 2015, the District entered into a 40-year Contract for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities (the contract) with the Master District, which sets forth the general terms and conditions pursuant to which the districts share in the joint financing, operation, and use of certain water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage and detention, road and park facilities that serve the areas within the Master District's service area (the Regional Facilities). The Master District shall be the owner of the Regional Facilities constructed and acquired and will provide the services permitted by the contract to all participant districts that are in existence or will be created within the Master District's service area.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Under the terms of the contract, the Master District will charge the participants a monthly operational fee calculated by multiplying the unit cost per connection by the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to each district. The Master District is to maintain an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three months of budgeted operation and maintenance expenses.

In addition, the Master District is authorized to issue contract revenue bonds sufficient to complete acquisition and construction of the water, sewer, drainage and road regional facilities as needed to serve all districts in the service area. Each participating district is obligated to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Master District's contract revenue bonds. With respect to regional recreational facilities, the participant districts will be required to pay the Master District for such facilities by paying park construction charges. During the current year, the District paid \$118,207 for its pro rata share (approximately 2.90 percent) of the 2022 principal and interest of the Master District's bonds with such sums derived from contract taxes as described in Note 6.

The debt service requirements on all of the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	3,065,000	\$ 3,467,625	\$ 6,532,625
2024		3,115,000	3,367,868	6,482,868
2025		3,185,000	3,219,795	6,404,795
2026		3,245,000	3,068,322	6,313,322
2027		3,315,000	2,926,226	6,241,226
2028-2032		17,720,000	12,542,076	30,262,076
2033-2037		19,940,000	9,171,801	29,111,801
2038-2042		22,660,000	5,452,879	28,112,879
2043-2047		16,380,000	1,458,351	17,838,351
Total	\$	92,625,000	\$ 44,674,943	\$ 137,299,943

Based on the calculations provided by the Master District's financial advisor, the District's pro rata share of total 2022 assessed valuation is 3.58 percent and its pro rata share of the 2023 principal and interest requirements of the Master District's bonds is \$299,681.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 9: Economic Dependency

The District's developers own the majority of the taxable property in the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developers' ability to pay property taxes.

Note 10: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority) which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority was billing the Master District \$3.70 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells, and the Master District is billing the District for its pro rata portion. This amount is subject to future increases. Effective January 1, 2023, the Authority increased the rate to \$3.95 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells.

Note 11: Contingencies

The developers of the District are constructing facilities on behalf of the District within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$\$5,722,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Required Supplementary Informat	tion

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

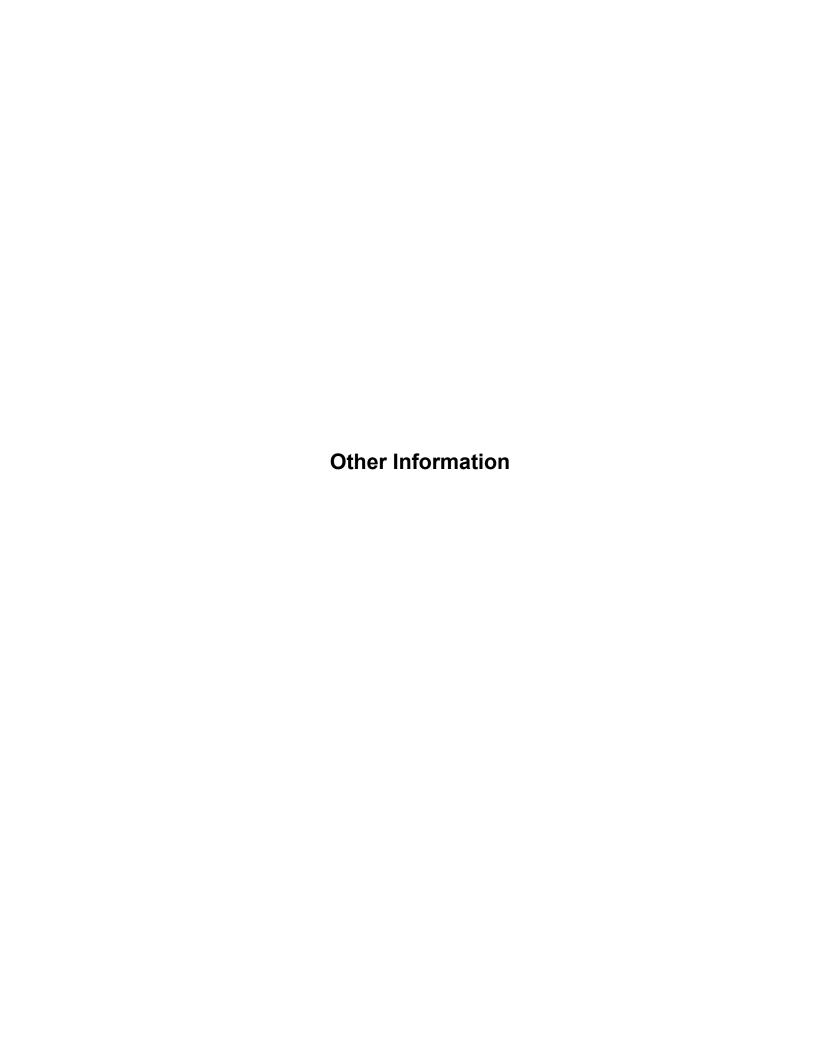
		riginal		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	B	Budget	Actual			
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	110,000	\$ 320,451	\$	210,451	
Water service		-	4,054		4,054	
Sewer service		-	1,205		1,205	
Regional water fee		-	5,462		5,462	
Penalty and interest		-	607		607	
Tap connection and inspection fees		-	368,411		368,411	
Investment income		-	8,255		8,255	
Other income			 430		430	
Total revenues		110,000	708,875		598,875	
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		10,800	19,590		(8,790)	
Regional water fee		-	6,127		(6,127)	
Professional fees		122,000	116,282		5,718	
Contracted services		9,200	23,910		(14,710)	
Repairs and maintenance		24,000	2,238		21,762	
Other expenditures		25,100	19,149		5,951	
Tap connections		-	58,191		(58,191)	
Debt service, contractual obligations			118,207		(118,207)	
Total expenditures		191,100	363,694		(172,594)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(81,100)	345,181		426,281	
Other Financing Sources						
Developer advances		81,100			(81,100)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financia Sources Over Expenditures and Othe	_					
Financing Uses		-	345,181		345,181	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		121,823	 121,823			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	121,823	\$ 467,004	\$	345,181	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report December 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-24
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years – Not Applicable
[]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt – Not Applicable
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund – Three Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended December 31, 2022

1.	Services provided by the Distr	ict:							
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint ventur Other	e, regional syste	Wholesa Wholesa Fire Prot Flood Co	ale Was ection ontrol	tewater	(other t	X	_ Drainage _ Irrigation _ Security _ Roads ney interconnect)	
2.	Retail service providers								
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):							
		Minimum Charge	Minin Usa		Flat Rate Y/N	Gall	Per 1,000 lons Over inimum	Usage L	.evels
	Water:	\$ 13.25	1	,000	<u>N</u>	\$	1.05	1,001 to 30,001 to	30,000 No Limit
	Wastewater:	\$ 18.50	1	,000,	<u>N</u>	\$	1.45	1,001 to	No Limit
	Regional water fee:	\$ 3.89	1	,000,	N	\$	3.89	1,001to	No Limit
	Does the District employ winte	r averaging for v	wastewater u	sage?				Yes X	No
	Total charges per 10,000 gallon	ıs usage (includi	ing fees):		Water	\$	61.60	Wastewater	\$ 31.55
	b. Water and wastewater retail	connections:							
	Meter Size		_(Tota Conne		Co	Active nnections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
	Unmetered						-	x1.0	_
	≤ 3/4"		_		_		-	x1.0	
	1"		_				-	- x2.5	
	1 1/2" 2"		_		<u>-</u>		1	- x5.0 x8.0	8
	3"		_				-		
	4"		_		_		-	x25.0	
	6"				_		-	x50.0	_
	8"		_		1		1	_	80
	10"		_					_	
	Total water Total wastewater		_		2		<u>2</u>		88
2					1	_	1	_ x1.0	1
3.	Total water consumption (in the Gallons pumped into the system		g the fiscal ye	ear:					1,635
	Gallons billed to customers:	111.							1,635
	Water accountability ratio (gal	lons billed/gallo	ns pumped):						100.00%

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 13,100 61,643 41,539	116,282
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		19,590
Regional Water Fee		6,127
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security	12,434 - 2,359 7,994	
Other contracted services	 1,123	23,910
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		2,238
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	6,450 5,116 6,088 1,495	19,149
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	- -	-
Tap Connection Expenditures		58,191
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		 118,207
Total expenditures		\$ 363,694

Schedule of Temporary Investments December 31, 2022

	Interest Maturity Rate Date		A	Face mount	Accrued Interest Receivable		
General Fund							
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	\$	259,809	\$	-	
TexPool	4.18%	Demand		203,169			
			\$	462,978	\$	0	

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended December 31, 2022

		ntenance Taxes	Contract Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes Adjusted receivable, beginning of year 2022 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections Adjusted tax levy Total to be accounted for Tax collections: Current year Prior year tax collections	\$	147,608 6,004	\$	157,967 8,872	
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		153,612		166,839	
2022 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections		134,400 264		176,565 347	
Adjusted tax levy		134,664		176,912	
Total to be accounted for		288,276		343,751	
	_	(42,598) (153,612)		(55,962) (166,839)	
Receivable, end of year	\$	92,066	\$	120,950	
Receivable, by Years 2022	\$	92,066	\$	120,950	

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

		2022	202	21		2020		2019
Property Valuations								
Land	\$	26,221,040	\$ 25,2	238,497	\$	11,540,072	\$	24,380,986
Improvements		8,105		-		-		-
Personal property		653,400	8	381,280		514,560		449,520
Exemptions		(477,792)	 (2	223,562)		(175,936)		(155,299)
Total property valuations	\$	26,404,753	\$ 25,8	396,215	\$	11,878,696	\$	24,675,207
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation								
Contract tax rates		\$ 0.6700		0.6100		\$ 0.7400		\$ 1.1800
Maintenance tax rates*	_	0.5100		0.5700	-	0.4400		
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	_	\$ 1.1800	\$	1.1800	=	\$ 1.1800	:	\$ 1.1800
Tax Levy	\$	311,576	 \$ 3	305,575	_\$	140,168		\$ 291,167
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**		32%		100%		100%		100%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 9, 2015

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Three Years Ended December 31,

	 Amounts							
	 2022		2021		2020			
General Fund								
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 320,451	\$	131,929	\$	291,106			
Water service	4,054		61		-			
Sewer service	1,205		-		-			
Regional water fee	5,462		60		-			
Penalty and interest	607		-		-			
Tap connection and inspection fees	368,411		-		-			
Investment income	8,255		68		149			
Other income	 430		712		136,273			
Total revenues	 708,875		132,830		427,528			
Expenditures								
Service operations:								
Purchased services	19,590		8,100		-			
Regional water fee	6,127		69		-			
Professional fees	116,282		102,266		55,203			
Contracted services	23,910		18,437		17,325			
Repairs and maintenance	2,238		2,237		-			
Other expenditures	19,149		13,901		10,123			
Tap connections	58,191		-		-			
Debt service, contractual obligations	 118,207		118,140		229,818			
Total expenditures	 363,694		263,150		312,469			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	345,181		(130,320)		115,059			
Other Financing Sources								
Developer advances	 		75,000		55,000			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	345,181		(55,320)		170,059			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 121,823		177,143		7,084			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 467,004	\$	121,823	\$	177,143			
Total Active Retail Water Connections	 2		1		0			
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	 1		1		0			

Percent of FundTotal Revenues

2022	2021 2020			
45.2 %	99.3 %	68.1 %		
0.6	0.1	-		
0.2	-	-		
0.8	0.0	-		
0.1	-	-		
51.9	-	-		
1.1	0.1	0.0		
0.1	0.5	31.9		
100.0	100.0	100.0		
2.8	6.1	-		
0.8	0.0	-		
16.4	77.0	12.9		
3.4	13.9	4.1		
0.3	1.7	-		
2.7	10.5	2.4		
8.2	-	-		
16.7	88.9	53.7		
51.3	198.1	73.1		
48.7 %	(98.1) %	26.9 %		

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended December 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 458

c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP

3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600 Houston, Texas 77027

District business telephone number: 713.860.6400

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): July 26, 2022

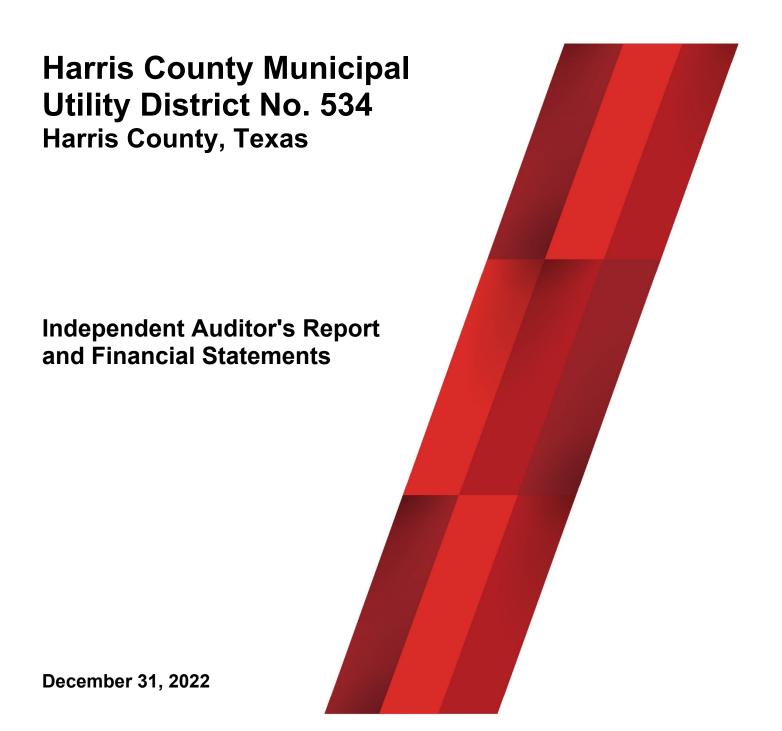
Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	F	ees*	-	oense Irsements	Title at Year-end
	Elected					
	05/20-					
David T. Patterson	05/24	\$	1,200	\$	18	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Vice
Katie A. Golzarri	05/26		600		38	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					
Jared Bowlin	05/26		1,500		123	Secretary
	Elected					Assistant
	05/20-					Vice
Monte Lowery	05/24		1,650		519	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Assistant
Todd Hamilton	05/26		1,500		303	Secretary

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Fees and Expense				
Consultants	Date Hired	Reimbursements	Title		
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	02/02/15	\$ 61,643	General Counsel		
BGE, Inc.	11/08/18	41,539	Engineer		
District Data Services, Inc.	07/26/22	7,704	Bookkeeper		
F. Matuska, Inc.	02/02/15	5,191	Former Bookkeeper		
FORVIS, LLP	01/11/21	13,100	Auditor		
Harris County Appraisal District	Legislative Action	2,359	Appraiser		
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/14/18	0	Financial Advisor		
Si Environmental, LLC	05/11/20	63,174	Operator		
Utility Tax Service, LLC	05/15/15	10,436	Tax Assessor/ Collector		
Investment Officer					
Stephanie Viator	07/26/22	N/A	Bookkeeper		



Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 December 31, 2022

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	12
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	28
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	29
Other Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	30
Schedule of Services and Rates	31
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	32
Schedule of Temporary Investments	33
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	34
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years	36
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt	37
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund	
and Debt Service Fund	38
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	40



2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 **P** 713.499.4600 / **F** 713.499.4699

forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas May 15, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2022	2021			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,997,457 14,259,669	\$ 250,055			
Total assets	\$ 16,257,126	\$ 250,055			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 24,366,772 299,382	\$ 230,000 68,288			
Total liabilities	24,666,154	298,288			
Deferred inflows of resources	713,718	206,675			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	(9,031,057)	_			
Restricted	17,083	-			
Unrestricted	(108,772)	(254,908)			
Total net position	\$ (9,122,746)	\$ (254,908)			

The total net position of the District decreased by \$8,867,838. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to the conveyance of capital assets to another governmental entity for maintenance. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2022				
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 206,674	\$	-		
Charges for services	337,947		1,494		
Other revenues	 601,588		47,690		
Total revenues	1,146,209		49,184		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Summary of Changes in Net Position (Continued)

	2022			2021
Expenses:				
Services	\$	1,167,709	\$	204,016
Conveyance of capital assets		7,541,658		-
Depreciation		621,076		-
Debt service		577,517		-
Contractual obligation		106,087	-	
Total expenses		10,014,047		204,016
Change in net position		(8,867,838)		(154,832)
Net position, beginning of year		(254,908)		(100,076)
Net position, end of year	\$	(9,122,746)	\$	(254,908)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, were \$1,063,616, an increase of \$1,088,524 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$43,119, primarily due to service operations expenditures and a transfer to the debt service fund exceeding property taxes and services revenues as well as developer advances received.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$1,110,564, primarily due to proceeds received from the sale of the Road Series 2022 bonds and a transfer from the general fund exceeding contractual obligations expenditures.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$21,079, due to the net proceeds received from the sale of the Road Series 2022 bonds exceeding debt issuance costs and capital outlay expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes and water service revenues, tap connection and inspection fees revenues and expenditures, purchased services and repairs and maintenance expenditures and developer advances received being greater than anticipated. In addition, regional water fee revenues and expenditures and interfund transfers out were not budgeted. The fund balance as of December 31, 2022, was expected to be \$(23,638) and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$(68,027).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2022	2021
Water facilities	\$	1,599,045	\$ -
Wastewater facilities		2,729,188	-
Road and paving facilities		9,931,436	
Total capital assets	\$	14,259,669	\$ 0
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as	s follow	vs:	
Water and wastewater facilities to serve Elyson, Section and 42-44 and Elyson Boulevard and Elyson Meador Street Dedication Road facilities to serve Elyson, Sections 33-40 and 42-4	w Drive		\$ 4,426,602
Boulevard and Elyson Meadow Drive Street Dedicat Elyson Village Road Street Dedication			 10,454,143
Total additions to capital assets			\$ 14,880,745

The developer within the District has constructed facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities from the proceeds of future bond issues, subject to the approval of the Commission, as applicable. As of December 31, 2022, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$14,091,324 has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Debt</u>

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 230,000
Increases in long-term debt	24,136,772
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 24,366,772

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2022

At December 31, 2022, the District had \$115,000,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and \$115,000,000 of authorization for refunding such bonds, \$24,000,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of constructing park and recreational facilities and \$24,000,000 of authorization for refunding such bonds and \$59,790,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing roads and \$70,000,000 of authorization for refunding such bonds.

The District's bonds do not carry an underlying rating. The Road Series 2022 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Corporation.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent if the City complies with the procedures and requirements of Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, as amended, which may include voter approval. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bond indebtedness) and the District, is dissolved.

Economic Dependency

The District's developer owns the majority of the taxable property within the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developer's ability to pay property taxes.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$370,000 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds or anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities on behalf of the District, within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$21,257,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

Assets	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	A	djustments	 Statement of Net Position
Assets							
Cash	\$ 399,533	\$ -	\$ 4,225	\$ 403,758	\$	-	\$ 403,758
Short-term investments	-	1,110,564	33,954	1,144,518		-	1,144,518
Receivables:							
Property taxes	409,787	-	-	409,787		-	409,787
Service accounts	32,944	-	-	32,944		-	32,944
Operating reserve	6,450	-	-	6,450		-	6,450
Capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation):							
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-		4,328,233	4,328,233
Road facilities	 -	 	 	 		9,931,436	 9,931,436
Total assets	\$ 848,714	\$ 1,110,564	\$ 38,179	\$ 1,997,457	\$	14,259,669	\$ 16,257,126

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2022

	-	Seneral Fund	Debt I Service Fund			Capital Projects Fund	Total	Ac	Adjustments		Statement of Net Position		
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	189,758	\$	-	\$	17,100	\$ 206,858	\$	-	\$	206,858		
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-	-		79,259		79,259		
Customer deposits		2,475		-		-	2,475		-		2,475		
Unearned tap connection fees		10,790		-		-	10,790		-		10,790		
Long-term liabilities, due after one year							 -		24,366,772		24,366,772		
Total liabilities		203,023		0		17,100	220,123		24,446,031		24,666,154		
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Deferred property tax revenues		713,718		0		0	 713,718		0		713,718		
Fund Balances/Net Position													
Fund balances:													
Restricted:													
Unlimited tax road bonds		-		1,110,564		-	1,110,564		(1,110,564)		-		
Roads		-		-		21,079	21,079		(21,079)		-		
Assigned to:													
Future expenditures		15,028		-		-	15,028		(15,028)		-		
Operating reserve		6,450		-		-	6,450		(6,450)		-		
Unassigned		(89,505)				-	 (89,505)		89,505		-		
Total fund balances		(68,027)		1,110,564		21,079	 1,063,616		(1,063,616)		0		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows													
of resources and fund balances	\$	848,714	\$	1,110,564	\$	38,179	\$ 1,997,457						
Net position:													
Net investment in capital assets									(9,031,057)		(9,031,057)		
Restricted for capital projects									17,083		17,083		
Unrestricted									(108,772)		(108,772)		
Total net position								\$	(9,122,746)	\$	(9,122,746)		

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Capita Projec Fund	ts	Total	Adjus	stments	Statement of Activities
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 206,674	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 206,674	\$	-	\$ 206,674
Water service	72,312		-		-	72,312		-	72,312
Sewer service	45,214		-		-	45,214		-	45,214
Regional water fee	220,421		-		-	220,421		-	220,421
Penalty and interest	3,020		-		-	3,020		-	3,020
Tap connection and inspection fees	573,782		-		-	573,782		-	573,782
Investment income	63		5,400	17	,143	22,606		-	22,606
Other income	 2,180	_				 2,180			 2,180
Total revenues	 1,123,666	_	5,400	17	7,143	1,146,209		0	 1,146,209
Expenditures/Expenses									
Service operations:									
Purchased services	215,180		-		-	215,180		-	215,180
Regional water fee	226,841		-		-	226,841		-	226,841
Professional fees	165,009		-		-	165,009		65	165,074
Contracted services	109,658		-		-	109,658		-	109,658
Solid waste	18,026		-		-	18,026		-	18,026
Repairs and maintenance	98,617		-		-	98,617		-	98,617
Other expenditures	18,406		-		60	18,466		-	18,466
Tap connections	315,847		-		-	315,847		-	315,847
Capital outlay	-		-	8,331	,144	8,331,144	(8	,331,144)	-
Conveyance of capital assets	-		-		-	-	7	,541,658	7,541,658
Depreciation	-		-		-	-		621,076	621,076
Debt service:									
Interest and fees	-		-		-	-		79,259	79,259
Debt issuance costs	-		-	498	3,258	498,258		-	498,258
Contractual obligations	 	_	106,087			 106,087			 106,087
Total expenditures/expenses	 1,167,584		106,087	8,829	9,462	 10,103,133		(89,086)	 10,014,047
Deficiency of Revenues Over									
Expenditures	 (43,918)		(100,687)	(8,812	2,319)	(8,956,924)		89,086	

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjı	ustments	tatement of Activities
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Interfund transfers in (out)	\$ (139,201)	\$ 139,201	\$ - 125.050	\$ -	\$	-	
General obligation bonds issued	-	1,072,050	9,137,950	10,210,000	()	10,210,000)	
Discount on debt issued	-	-	(304,552)	(304,552)		304,552	
Developer advances received	140,000	 	 	 140,000		(140,000)	
Total other financing sources	 799	1,211,251	8,833,398	 10,045,448	(1	10,045,448)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other	(42.110)	1 110 564	21.070	1 000 524		(1,000,524)	
Financing Uses	(43,119)	1,110,564	21,079	1,088,524		(1,088,524)	
Change in Net Position						(8,867,838)	\$ (8,867,838)
Fund Balances (Deficit)/Net Position							
Beginning of year	(24,908)			 (24,908)		<u> </u>	(254,908)
End of year	\$ (68,027)	\$ 1,110,564	\$ 21,079	\$ 1,063,616	\$	0	\$ (9,122,746)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534 (the District) was created by Senate Bill Number 1073 (the Bill) of the 83rd Session of the Texas Legislature, Regular Session, effective June 14, 2013, in accordance with the provision of Article III, Section 52, and Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, Chapter 8438 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission). The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park, road and other facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District may also provide solid waste disposal services.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund—The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are expected to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Any collections on the current year tax levy are deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Current year revenues recognized are those taxes collected during the fiscal year for prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the tax levied in October 2022 is recorded as receivable and deferred inflows of resources and will be considered earned during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets, with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Road and paving facilities	10-30
Recreational facilities	10-30

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 14,259,669
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(79,259)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the fund.	 (24,366,772)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (10,186,362)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because of the items on the following page.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Change in fund balances.	\$ 1,088,524
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded conveyance of capital assets, depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.	168,345
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	(140,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	304,552
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of bonds because they provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Principal payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. None of these transactions, however, have any affect on net position.	(10,210,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (79,259)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (8,867,838)

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

At December 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Amortized	Less Than				More 1	han
Туре	Cost	1	1-5	6-10		10	
TexPool	\$ 1,144,518	\$ 1,144,518	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2022, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at December 31, 2022, as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 403,758
Investments	 1,144,518
Total	\$ 1,548,276

Investment Income

Investment income of \$22,606 for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balar Begin of Y	ning	,	Additions	ı	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Water production and distribution facilities	¢.		Ф	1 (25 207	Ф	1 (25 207
Wastewater collection and treatment	\$	-	\$	1,635,387	\$	1,635,387
facilities		-		2,791,215		2,791,215
Road facilities				10,454,143		10,454,143
Total capital assets, depreciable		0		14,880,745		14,880,745
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Water production and distribution						
facilities		-		(36,342)		(36,342)
Wastewater collection and treatment						
facilities		-		(62,027)		(62,027)
Road facilities		-		(522,707)		(522,707)
Total accumulated depreciation		0		(621,076)		(621,076)
Total governmental activities, net	\$	0	\$	14,259,669	\$	14,259,669

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Increases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities	000.		0	
Bonds payable:				
General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ 10,210,000	\$ 10,210,000	\$ -
Less discounts on bonds		304,552	304,552	
	-	9,905,448	9,905,448	-
Developer advances	230,000	140,000	370,000	-
Due to developers		14,091,324	14,091,324	
Total governmental activities long-term				
liabilities	\$ 230,000	\$ 24,136,772	\$ 24,366,772	\$ 0

General Obligation Bonds

	Road Series 2022
Amount outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$10,210,000
Interest rates	5.00% to 7.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2024/2049
Interest payment dates	March 1/September 1
Callable date*	September 1, 2029

^{*}Or any date thereafter, callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Year		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	-	\$	435,540	\$	435,540
2024		195,000		554,044		749,044
2025		205,000		539,419		744,419
2026		215,000		524,043		739,043
2027		225,000		507,919		732,919
2028-2032		1,310,000		2,288,719		3,598,719
2033-2037		1,695,000		1,906,344		3,601,344
2038-2042		2,190,000		1,430,400		3,620,400
2043-2047		2,830,000		806,944		3,636,944
2048-2049		1,345,000		106,837		1,451,837
Total	\$	10,210,000	\$	9,100,209	\$	19,310,209
Bonds voted: Water, sewer and drainage fa Park and recreational facilities Road facilities Bonds sold:	\$	115,000,000 24,000,000 70,000,000				
Road facilities					10,210,000	
Refunding bonds voted: Water, sewer and drainage facilities Park and recreational facilities Road facilities						115,000,000 24,000,000 70,000,000

Due to Developer

The developer of the District has constructed facilities on behalf of the District. The District is maintaining and operating the facilities and has agreed to reimburse the developers for these construction costs and interest from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$14,091,324. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Developer Advances

Since inception, the developer has advanced the District \$370,000 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds or anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 5: Significant Bond Resolution and Commission Requirements

- A. The Road Bond Resolution requires that the District levy and collect an ad valorem road debt service tax sufficient to pay principal and interest on road bonds when due. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District did not levy an ad valorem road debt service tax. The interest requirements to be paid from available resources are \$435,540.
- B. In accordance with the Road Series 2022 Bond Resolution, a portion of the bond proceeds were deposited into the debt service fund and reserved for the payment of bond interest during the construction period. This bond interest reserve is reduced as the interest is paid.

Bond interest reserve, beginning of year	\$ -
AdditionsInterest appropriated from Road Series 2022	
bond proceeds	 1,072,050
Bond interest reserve, end of year	\$ 1,072,050

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held November 3, 2020, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.76 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$361,617 on the taxable valuation of \$47,581,192 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

At an election held November 3, 2020, voters authorized a road facilities maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District did not levy an ad valorem road facilities maintenance tax.

Note 7: Contract Taxes

At an election held November 3, 2020, voters authorized the contract (as defined in Note 8) which requires the District to impose a contract tax on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem contract tax at the rate of \$0.74 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$352,101 on the taxable valuation of \$47,581,192 for 2022 tax year. This contract tax is used to pay for its pro rata share of principal and interest on the Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 171's (the Master District) contract revenue bonds as described in Note 8.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 8: Financing and Operation of Regional Facilities

Effective January 11, 2021, the District entered into a 40-year Contract for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, Park, Road and Other Facilities (the contract) with the Master District, which sets forth the general terms and conditions pursuant to which the districts share in the joint financing, operation, and use of certain water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage and detention, road and park facilities that serve the areas within the Master District's service area (the Regional Facilities). The Master District shall be the owner of the Regional Facilities constructed and acquired and will provide the services permitted by the contract to all participant districts that are in existence or will be created within the Master District's service area.

Under the terms of the contract, the Master District will charge the participants a monthly operational fee calculated by multiplying the unit cost per connection by the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to each district. The Master District is to maintain an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three months of budgeted operation and maintenance expenses.

In addition, the Master District is authorized to issue contract revenue bonds sufficient to complete acquisition and construction of the water, sewer, drainage and road regional facilities as needed to serve all districts in the service area. Each participating district is obligated to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Master District's contract revenue bonds. With respect to regional recreational facilities, the participant districts will be required to pay the Master District for such facilities by paying park construction charges.

The debt service requirements on all of the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year	Princip	al	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 3,063	5,000 \$	3,467,625	\$	6,532,625
2024	3,11:	5,000	3,367,868		6,482,868
2025	3,183	5,000	3,219,795		6,404,795
2026	3,24	5,000	3,068,322		6,313,322
2027	3,31:	5,000	2,926,226		6,241,226
2028-2032	17,720	0,000	12,542,076		30,262,076
2033-2037	19,940	0,000	9,171,801		29,111,801
2038-2042	22,660	0,000	5,452,879		28,112,879
2043-2047	16,380	0,000	1,458,351		17,838,351
Total	\$ 92,62	5,000 \$	44,674,943	\$	137,299,943

Based on the calculations provided by the Master District's financial advisor, the District's pro rata share of total 2022 assessed valuation is 5.599 percent and its pro rata share of the 2023 principal and interest requirements of the Master District's bonds is \$340,875.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 9: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Economic Dependency

The District's developer owns the majority of the taxable property in the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developer's ability to pay property taxes.

Note 11: Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities on behalf of the District, within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$21,257,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Note 12: Deficit Fund Balance

At December 31, 2022, the District's general fund had a deficit fund balance of \$68,027. The District anticipates that growth within the District will generate revenues sufficient to pay costs of operating the District.

Required Supplementary Informat	tion

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

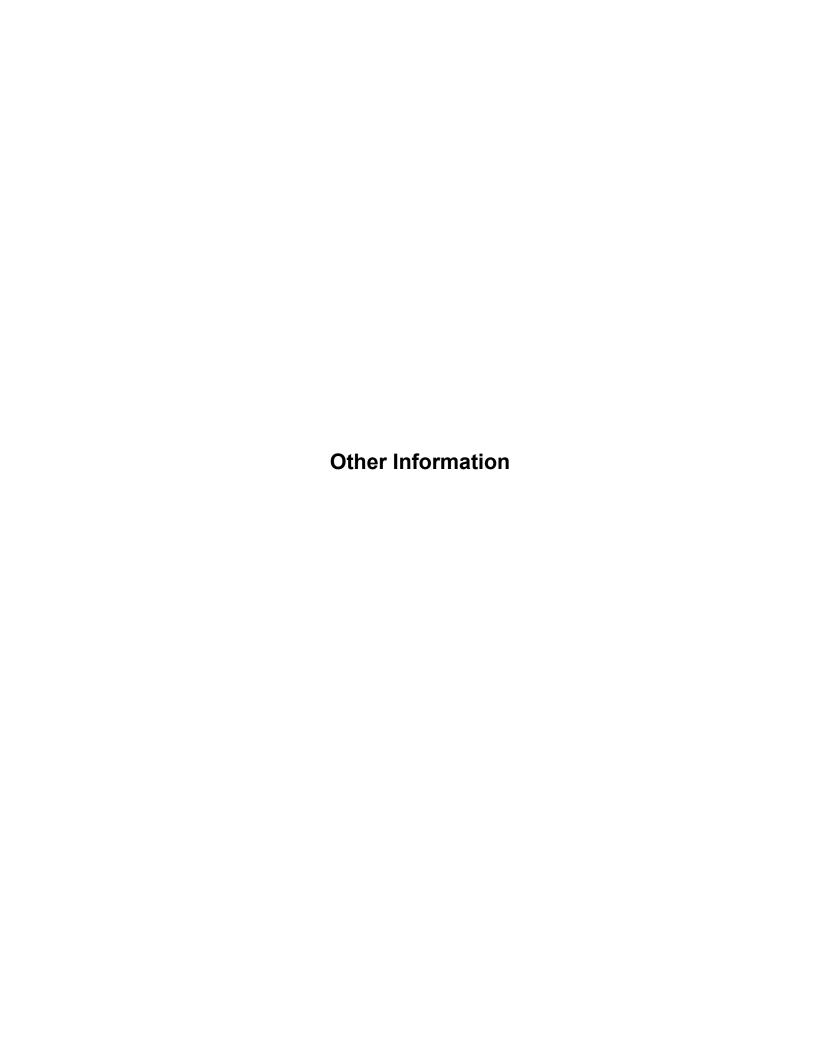
	Original Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	90,000	\$	206,674	\$	116,674	
Water service		23,850		72,312		48,462	
Sewer service		33,500		45,214		11,714	
Regional water fee		-		220,421		220,421	
Penalty and interest		-		3,020		3,020	
Tap connection and inspection fees		391,500		573,782		182,282	
Investment income		-		63		63	
Other income		-		2,180		2,180	
Total revenues		538,850		1,123,666		584,816	
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services		161,850		215,180		(53,330)	
Regional water fee		=		226,841		(226,841)	
Professional fees		135,000		165,009		(30,009)	
Contracted services		85,650		109,658		(24,008)	
Solid waste		-		18,026		(18,026)	
Repairs and maintenance		36,000		98,617		(62,617)	
Other expenditures		25,100		18,406		6,694	
Tap connections		129,000		315,847		(186,847)	
Total expenditures		572,600		1,167,584		(594,984)	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(33,750)		(43,918)		(10,168)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Interfund transfers out		-		(139,201)		(139,201)	
Developer advances received		35,020		140,000		104,980	
Total other financing sources		35,020		799		(34,221)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and							
Other Financing Uses		1,270		(43,119)		(44,389)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(24,908)		(24,908)		<u> </u>	
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(23,638)	\$	(68,027)	\$	(44,389)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report December 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 14-27
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended December 31, 2022

1.	Services provided by the Distri	ict:									
X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Y Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint venture, regional systematics.		WI FireFlo	Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastewater Fire Protection Flood Control em and/or wastewater service (a			X X han emerger	ct)				
2.	Retail service providers										
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (o	or equi	valent):								
			nimum l narge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum		Usag	evels	ls	
	Water:	\$	13.25	1,000	<u>N</u>	\$ \$	1.05	1,001 30,001	to to	30,000 No Limit	
	Wastewater:	\$	23.00	1,000	N	\$	1.45	1,001	to	No Limit	
	Regional water fee:	\$	3.89	1,000	N	\$	3.89	1,001	to	No Limit	
	Does the District employ winter	r avera	ging for wastew	ater usage?				Yes	X	No	
	Total charges per 10,000 gallon	s usag	e (including fees	s):	Water	\$	61.60	Wastewater		\$ 36.05	
	b. Water and wastewater retail connections:										
	Meter Size				Total Connections		Active nnections	ESFC Factor		Active ESFC*	
	Unmetered				_		-	x1.0			-
	≤ 3/4"				265		261	x1.0	_	2	61
	1"				118		117	x2.5	_		93
	1 1/2"				2		2	x5.0	_		10
	2"				23		23	x8.0	-	1	84
	3"						-	=	-		-
	4"						-	x25.0	-		_
	6"						-	x50.0	-		-
	8" 10"						-	x80.0	-		-
	Total water				408		403	x115.0	-	7	48
	Total water Total wastewater				374		369	x1.0	-		40 69
2	Total water consumption (in the	oll com	da) durina tha fa	2001 2000			307		-		
3.	Gallons pumped into the system		as) during the fis	scar year:						58,6	98
	Gallons billed to customers:	110								58,6	
	Water accountability ratio (gall	lons bi	lled/gallons pum	nped):						100.0	

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 12,200 81,816 70,993	165,009
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		215,180
Regional Water Fee		226,841
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security	12,259 - 2,721 9,647 -	100 (50
Other contracted services	 85,031	109,658
Utilities Repairs and Maintenance		98,617
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	6,450 2,077 3,019 6,860	18,406
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	- -	-
Tap Connection Expenditures		315,847
Solid Waste Disposal		18,026
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 1,167,584

Schedule of Temporary Investments Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Inte	rued erest eivable
Debt Service Fund					
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	\$ 1,077,0	89 \$	-
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	33,4	75	
			1,110,5	64	0
Capital Projects Fund					
TexPool	4.18%	Demand	33,9	<u> </u>	
Totals			\$ 1,144,5	18 \$	0

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Maintenance Taxes		Contract Taxes	
Receivable, Beginning of Year		2	\$	3
2022 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections		348,964		339,781
Additions and corrections Adjusted tax levy		12,653 361,617		12,320 352,101
Total to be accounted for		361,619		352,104
Tax collections: Current year		(153,992)		(149,939)
Prior years		(2)		(3)
Receivable, end of year	\$	207,625	\$	202,162
Receivable, by Years 2022	\$	207,625	\$	202,162

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Property Valuations		
Land	\$ 42,660,689	\$ 14,362,769
Improvements	5,591,366	12,313
Personal property	2,254	-
Exemptions	(673,117)	(596,754)
Total property valuations	\$ 47,581,192	\$ 13,778,328
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation		
Contract tax rates	\$ 0.7400	\$ 0.7900
Maintenance tax rates*	0.7600	0.7100
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 1.5000	\$ 1.5000
Tax Levy	\$ 713,718	\$ 206,675
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	43%	100%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on November 3, 2020

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years December 31, 2022

Roac	l Series	2022
------	----------	------

Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due September 1	Interest Due March 1, September 1	Total
<u> </u>				
2023		\$ -	\$ 435,540	\$ 435,540
2024		195,000	554,044	749,044
2025		205,000	539,419	744,419
2026		215,000	524,043	739,043
2027		225,000	507,919	732,919
2028		235,000	491,044	726,044
2029		250,000	473,419	723,419
2030		260,000	454,668	714,668
2031		275,000	441,669	716,669
2032		290,000	427,919	717,919
2033		305,000	413,419	718,419
2034		320,000	398,169	718,169
2035		340,000	382,168	722,168
2036		355,000	365,169	720,169
2037		375,000	347,419	722,419
2038		395,000	328,669	723,669
2039		415,000	308,425	723,425
2040		435,000	287,156	722,156
2041		460,000	264,862	724,862
2042		485,000	241,288	726,288
2043		510,000	216,431	726,431
2044		535,000	190,294	725,294
2045		565,000	162,875	727,875
2046		595,000	133,919	728,919
2047		625,000	103,425	728,425
2048		655,000	70,612	725,612
2049		690,000	36,225	726,225
	Totals	\$ 10,210,000	\$ 9,100,209	\$ 19,310,209

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Bond Issue
				Road Series 2022
Interest rates				5.00% to 7.50%
Dates interest payable				March 1/ September 1
Maturity dates				September 1, 2024/2049
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current ye	ar			\$ -
Bonds sold during current year				10,210,000
Retirements, principal				
Bonds outstanding, end of current year				\$ 10,210,000
Interest paid during current year				\$ 0
Paying agent's name and address: Series 2022 - The Bank of New York	x Mellon Trust Compar	ny, N.A., Dallas, Texas		
Bond authority:				
	Water, Sewer and Drainage Bonds	Park and Recreational Bonds	Road Bonds	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued	\$ 115,000,000 \$ -	\$ 24,000,000 <u>\$</u> \$ - \$	70,000,000	\$ 209,000,000
Remaining to be issued	\$ 115,000,000	\$ 24,000,000 \$	59,790,000	\$ 209,000,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary inves	stment balances as of I	December 31, 2022:		\$ 1,110,564
Average annual debt service payment (princ	cipal and interest) for r	emaining term of all debt:		\$ 715,193

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Two Years Ended December 31,

	Amounts			Percent of Fu Total Revenu		
		2022		2021	2022	2021
General Fund						
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	206,674	\$	-	18.4 %	- %
Water service		72,312		1,237	6.4	2.5
Sewer service		45,214		257	4.0	0.5
Regional water fee		220,421		-	19.6	-
Penalty and interest		3,020		-	0.3	-
Tap connection and inspection fees		573,782		46,061	51.1	93.7
Investment income		63		6	0.0	0.0
Other income		2,180		1,623	0.2	3.3
Total revenues		1,123,666		49,184	100.0	100.0
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		215,180		-	19.1	-
Regional water fee		226,841		3,370	20.2	6.9
Professional fees		165,009		139,494	14.7	283.6
Contracted services		109,658		8,563	9.8	17.4
Solid waste		18,026		-	1.6	-
Repairs and maintenance		98,617		7,721	8.8	15.7
Other expenditures		18,406		19,625	1.6	39.9
Tap connections		315,847		25,243	28.1	51.3
Total expenditures		1,167,584		204,016	103.9	414.8
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(43,918)		(154,832)	(3.9) %	(314.8) %
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Interfund transfers out		(139,201)		-		
Developer advances received		140,000		140,000		
Total other financing sources		799		140,000		
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses		(43,119)		(14,832)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(24,908)		(10,076)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(68,027)	\$	(24,908)		
Total Active Retail Water Connections		403		29		
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections		369		26		

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Amounts	Percent of Fund Total Revenues
Debt Service Fund		
Revenues		
Investment income	\$ 5,400	100.0 %
Expenditures		
Debt service, contractual obligations	106,087	1,964.6
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(100,687)	(1,864.6) %
Other Financing Sources		
General obligation bonds issued	1,072,050	
Interfund transfers in	139,201	
Total other financing sources	1,211,251	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing		
Sources Over Expenditures and Other		
Financing Uses	1,110,564	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,110,564	

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended December 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 534

c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600

Houston, Texas 77027

District business telephone number: 713.860.6400

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

August 1, 2022

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	F	ees*	-	oense ursements	Title at Year-end
	Elected					
	05/22-					
Alex Jackson	05/26	\$	1,050	\$	21	President
	Appointed					
	02/21-					Vice
Loan Tran	05/24		1,200		38	President
	Elected					
	11/20-					
Tracey Scott	05/24		1,500		282	Secretary
	Elected					Assistant
	05/22-					Vice
Jennifer T. Almerico	05/26		1,200		401	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Assistant
Sherri McElwee	05/26		1,500		82	Secretary
	Elected					
	11/20-					
Meera Victor	01/22		0		0	Resigned

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Allen Deane Hymmhuice Dakinson LLD	01/20/20	\$ 81,882	General Counsel Bond Counsel
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	01/30/20	253,703	Bond Counsel
BGE, Inc.	01/30/20	87,643	Engineer
District Data Services, Inc.	07/27/22	11,059	Bookkeeper
			Former
F. Matuska, Inc.	01/30/20	4,812	Bookkeeper
			•
FORVIS, LLP	01/25/22	29,300	Auditor
	Legislative		
Harris County Appraisal District	Action	2,721	Appraiser
			Financial
Masterson Advisors LLC	01/30/20	192,054	Advisor
			Delinquent
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/08/21	0	Tax Attorney
			j
Si Environmental LLC	02/08/21	499,597	Operator
			Tax Assessor/
Utility Tax Service, LLC	08/13/20	14,472	Collector
Investment Officer			
Stephanie Viator	07/27/22	N/A	Bookkeeper

APPENDIX C

SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: Policy No: -N

BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of Effective Date:

Premium: \$

ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance of and securing the Bonds) for the Bonds, for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of AGM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the Business Day next following the Business Day on which AGM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, AGM will disburse to or for the benefit of each Owner of a Bond the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bond that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by AGM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of the principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in AGM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by AGM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by AGM for purposes of the preceding sentence and AGM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, who may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement in respect of a Bond, AGM shall become the owner of the Bond, any appurtenant coupon to the Bond or right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on the Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under the Bond, to the extent of any payment by AGM hereunder. Payment by AGM to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners shall, to the extent thereof, discharge the obligation of AGM under this Policy.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity unless AGM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment of principal or interest that is Due for Payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer which been recovered from such Owner pursuant

United States Bankruptcy Code by a trustee in bankruptcy in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means telephonic or telecopied notice, subsequently confirmed in a signed writing, or written notice by registered or certified mail, from an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent to AGM which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount and (d) the date such claimed amount became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer or any person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

AGM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee and the Paying Agent specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee and the Paying Agent, (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to AGM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to AGM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by AGM under this Policy may be made directly by AGM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of AGM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of AGM only and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of AGM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, AGM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to AGM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of AGM, and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, (a) any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatspever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity and (b) this Policy may not be canceled or revoked. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW.

In witness whereof, ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.



A subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. 1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019 (212) 974-0100

Form 500NY (5/90)