OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 5, 2023

In the opinion of Bond Counsel (defined below), under current law and subject to conditions described in the Section herein "TAX EXEMPTION," interest on the Bonds (a) is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum income tax, and (c) is taken into account by applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) for the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. A holder may be subject to other federal tax consequences as described in the Section herein "TAX EXEMPTION."

The Bonds have **NOT** been designated as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions.

NEW ISSUE-Book-Entry Only

S&P "AA" (stable outlook)" Insured Rating (AGM): See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

\$5,500,000

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Montgomery County)

UNLIMITED TAX ROAD BONDS **SERIES 2023A**

The bonds described above (the "Bonds") are obligations solely of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Montgomery County, the City of Conroe, the Master District (as herein defined), or any entity other than the District.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, against all taxable property within the District. THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED HEREIN. See "RISK FACTORS."

Dated Date: October 1, 2023 Due: September 1, as shown below

Interest Accrual Date: Date of Delivery

Principal of the Bonds is payable at maturity or earlier redemption at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar") upon surrender of the Bonds for payment. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the date of initial delivery (expected October 5, 2023) (the "Date of Delivery"), and is payable each March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2024, until maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in denominations of \$5,000 each or integral multiples thereof. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their maturity, as shown below.

The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the Registered Owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."



The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer"). See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

				Initial					Initial
Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Reoffering	Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Reoffering
Amount	(September 1)	Number(b)	Rate	Yield(c)	Amount	(September 1)	Number(b)	Rate	Yield(c)
\$ 125,000	2025	61372R CC4	6.750 %	3.75 %	\$ 235,000	2038 (a)	61372R CR1	4.250 %	4.40 %
135,000	2026	61372R CD2	6.750	3.70	245,000	2039 (a)	61372R CS9	4.250	4.45
140,000	2027	61372R CE0	6.750	3.70	255,000	2040 (a)	61372R CT7	4.375	4.50
145,000	2028	61372R CF7	6.750	3.70	270,000	2041 (a)	61372R CU4	4.375	4.55
***	***	***	***	***	280,000	2042 (a)	61372R CV2	4.500	4.58

\$485,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2031 (a), 61372R CJ9 (b), 6.750% Interest Rate, 3.75% Yield (c) \$400,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2031 (a), 61372R CJ9 (b), 4.250% Interest Rate, 4.00% Yield (c) \$400,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2035 (a), 61372R CN0 (b), 4.250% Interest Rate, 4.25% Yield (c) \$430,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2037 (a), 61372R CQ3 (b), 4.250% Interest Rate, 4.25% Yield (c) \$430,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2037 (a), 61372R CQ3 (b), 4.250% Interest Rate, 4.35% Yield (c) \$605,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2044 (a), 61372R CX8 (b), 4.500% Interest Rate, 4.60% Yield (c) \$665,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2046 (a), 61372R CZ3 (b), 4.500% Interest Rate, 4.61% Yield (c) \$725,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2048 (a), 61372R DB5 (b), 4.500% Interest Rate, 4.62% Yield (c)

The Bonds are offered by the Initial Purchaser subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject, among other things, to the approval of the Bonds by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, Bond Counsel. See "LEGAL MATTERS." Delivery of the Bonds in book-entry form through the facilities of DTC is expected on or about October 5, 2023.

Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2030, are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity dates in whole, or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2029, or on any date thereafter at a price of par value plus unpaid accrued interest from the most recent Interest Payment Date (as herein defined) to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds (as defined herein) are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as more fully described herein. See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

CUSIP Numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services and are included solely for the convenience of the purchasers of the Bonds. Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP Numbers set forth herein. Initial yield represents the initial offering yield to the public, which has been established by the Initial Purchaser (as herein defined) for offers to the public (b)

⁽c) and which subsequently may be changed.

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USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT is not to be used in an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audited financial statements, engineering and other related reports set forth in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, Bond Counsel, 202 Century Square Boulevard, Sugar Land, Texas, 77478, for further information.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this OFFICIAL STATEMENT for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this OFFICIAL STATEMENT current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (as herein defined) and thereafter only as specified in "PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT—Updating the Official Statement."

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B—Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy."

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate, which bid was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Initial Purchaser") bearing the interest rates shown on the cover page hereof, at a price of 97.0228% of the par value thereof, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 4.753763%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code, as amended (the IBA method).

Prices and Marketability

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time-to-time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein and the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following is a brief summary of certain information contained herein which is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of the entire OFFICIAL STATEMENT and of the documents summarized or described therein.

THE DISTRICT

Description...

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 (the "District") was created pursuant to Acts 2013, 83rd Legislative Session, Regular Session Chapter 307 (HB 1492), Section 1, effective June 14, 2013, as codified in Chapter 8425, Texas Special District Local Laws Code (the "Act"). The District operates under Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District included approximately 1,208 acres of land at creation. The District was divided into six municipal utility districts as authorized by Section 8425.125, Texas Special District Local Laws Code, pursuant to a Corrected Order Dividing District into Six Districts dated September 1, 2020. After such division, the District included approximately 532 acres of land. The District later excluded from its boundaries a total of approximately 202 acres of land pursuant to an Order Excluding Certain Land from the Boundaries of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 dated April 6, 2021 and subsequently annexed approximately 125 acres of land. The District currently includes approximately 455 acres of land within its boundaries. The Developer (as defined herein) has filed a petition to the District requesting the annexation of approximately 25 acres of land into the District's boundaries. The District intends to annex such acreage in October 2023.

Location...

The District lies wholly within Montgomery County, Texas, and the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Conroe (the "City") and within the boundaries of the New Caney Independent School District. The District is approximately 35 miles north of downtown Houston and located about midway between Interstate Highways 45 and 69 south of State Highway 99. The West Fork San Jacinto River forms the western boundary and Farm-to-Market 1314 is to the east of the District. The District is accessible from Texas State Highway 99. See "THE DISTRICT" and "AERIAL LOCATION MAP."

The Highlands...

The District is one of six municipal utility districts within the approximately 2,319 acres being marketed as the master-planned community of The Highlands (the "Service Area"). Recreational amenities within The Highlands include an amenity and fitness center, tennis and pickleball courts, an open-air event pavilion, an event lawn, a full-time lifestyle director, more than 30 miles of biking and hiking trails, two lakes available for recreational use and approximately 200 acres of nature preserve and beach along the San Jacinto River. According to the Developer, a semi-private 18-hole golf course managed by Tour 18 Inc., has been developed within The Highlands, which will include an approximately 22,000 square foot clubhouse currently under construction and expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2024. All single-family residential development and recreational facilities are within the boundaries of the District, with the exception of the golf course and portions of the trails and nature preserves, which are located on acreage outside the District's boundaries within the Service Area. See "THE HIGHLANDS" and "THE DEVELOPER."

Water and Wastewater...

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186 (the "Master District"), in its capacity as the provider of regional water, wastewater, storm sewer and drainage facilities ("Master District Water/Sewer/Drainage Facilities"), park facilities ("Master District Park Facilities"), road facilities ("Master District Road Facilities") and other facilities necessary to serve the Service Area, including the District (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Master District Facilities"), has contracted with the District to construct and provide service from the Master District Facilities. The Master District owns and operates the Master District Facilities, with the exception of roads conveyed to and accepted by Montgomery County. See "THE ROAD SYSTEM." The District provides the internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage utilities within its boundaries. See "THE SYSTEM—The Master District Contract," and "—Master District Facilities/Wholesale Agreement with West Fork Utility, LLC."

The Master District provides or will provide all necessary potable water supply and wastewater treatment services to the District to meet the District's needs pursuant to the Master District Contract. The Master District receives water supply and wastewater treatment services from West Fork Utility Company, LLC pursuant to a Wholesale Agreement for Water and Wastewater Service, dated July 12, 2021, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Wholesale Agreement for water and Wastewater Service dated February 13, 2023 (the "Wholesale Agreement"). The Wholesale Agreement provides water supply and wastewater treatment services to serve all of the Master District's Service Area, including the District.

The Developer...

The principal developer of land within the District is CC SCOA III, LP, a Texas limited partnership (the "Developer"). See "THE DEVELOPER" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

Status of Development...

Single-family residential development in the District consists of The Highlands, Sections One through Ten (834 single-family residential lots developed on approximately 182 acres). As of July 31, 2023, 302 homes were completed and occupied, 204 new homes were under construction or in the name of a homebuilder, including 75 homes under construction in The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten that have not yet been connected to the power grid, and 328 developed lots were available for home construction in the District, including 153 lots in The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten that have not yet been connected to the power grid. According to the Developer, The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten are expected to be connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023. There are an additional 191 single-family residential lots under construction on approximately 48 acres in The Highlands, Sections Twelve and Fourteen that are expected to be completed and connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023. The remainder of the District consists of approximately 194 acres of developable but undeveloped land and approximately 31 acres of undevelopable land (utility sites, easements and recreational and open space). See "RISK FACTORS—Transformer Shortage," "THE HIGHLANDS," "THE DISTRICT—Land Use" and "—Status of Development."

Homebuilding...

Active homebuilding within the District is currently being performed by Newmark Homes, Lennar, Empire Communities, Ravenna Homes, Coventry Homes, Beazer Homes USA, David Weekley Homes, Highland Homes, Caldwell Homes, Drees Homes, Perry Homes, and Partners in Building. According to the Developer, average home sales prices in the District range from approximately \$370,000 to \$825,000. See "THE DISTRICT—Homebuilding."

Payment Record...

The District has previously issued \$5,905,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities in one series (the "Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds"), and \$6,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road facilities in one series (the "Road Bonds"), all of which collectively remains outstanding as of the date hereof (the "Outstanding Bonds"). The District has never defaulted in the payment of principal of or interest on the Outstanding Bonds. The District capitalized twelve (12) months of interest from proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds in November 2022, twenty-four (24) months of interest from proceeds of the Series 2023 Road Bonds in March 2023 and will capitalize twelve (12) months of interest from proceeds of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS" and "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)."

Future Debt...

The District has filed a bond application with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") requesting approval to sell \$7,960,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities (the "Proposed WSD Bonds"). The District expects TCEQ approval and issuance the Proposed WSD Bonds in the first quarter of 2024. See "THE BONDS—Issuance of Additional Debt-Water, Sewer and Drainage" and "RISK FACTORS—Future Debt."

Short Term Debt...

The District sold a \$4,190,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2023 (the "2023 BAN") on June 29, 2023, with a maturity date of June 28, 2024. The District will use a portion of the proceeds from the Proposed WSD Bonds expected to be issued in the first quarter of 2024 to redeem the BAN prior to maturity. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Short Term Debt."

THE BONDS

Description...

The \$5,500,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023A (the "Bonds") are being issued pursuant to a resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the District's Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Bonds are scheduled to mature serially on September 1 in each of the years 2025 through 2028, both inclusive, and 2038 through 2042, both inclusive, and as term bonds maturing on September 1 in each of the years 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2044, 2046 and 2048 (the "Term Bonds") in the principal amounts and accruing interest at the rates shown on the cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the Date of Delivery and is payable March 1, 2024, and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter, until the earlier of maturity or redemption. The Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples of \$5,000. See "THE BONDS."

Book-Entry-Only System...

The Depository Trust Company (defined as "DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."

Redemption...

Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2030, are subject to redemption in whole, or from time to time in part, at the option of the District prior to their maturity dates on September 1, 2029, or on any date thereafter at a price of par value plus unpaid accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as more fully described herein. See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

Use of Proceeds...

Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to pay for the items shown herein under "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS," including to pay interest on funds advanced by the Developer on behalf of the District; to capitalize \$261,250 of interest on the Bonds; and to pay administrative costs and certain other costs and engineering fees related to the issuance of the Bonds.

Authority for Issuance...

The Bonds are the second series of bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$85,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of constructing or acquiring road facilities. The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Bond Resolution, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 8425 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas. See "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance."

Source of Payment...

Principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, against all taxable property within the District. The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the City, Montgomery County, the State of Texas, the Master District or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS—Source of Payment."

Municipal Bond Rating and Municipal Bond Insurance...

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), has assigned its municipal bond insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to the Bonds with the understanding that upon issuance and delivery of the Bonds, a municipal bond insurance policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer"). No application has been made to a municipal rating company for an underlying rating on the Bonds, nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating if application had been made. See "RISK FACTORS—Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance" and "MUNICPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICPAL BOND INSURANCE."

Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations...

The Bonds have <u>not</u> been designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "LEGAL MATTERS" and "TAX EXEMPTION." Bond Counsel...

Financial Advisor... Masterson Advisors LLC, Houston, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT."

Disclosure Counsel... McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Houston, Texas.

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas. See "THE BONDS—Method of Payment of Principal and Interest." Paying Agent/Registrar...

RISK FACTORS

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds are subject to special investment considerations and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully this entire OFFICIAL STATEMENT with respect to the investment security of the Bonds, including particularly the section captioned "RISK FACTORS."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	\$175,301,862 \$229,630,219	(a) (b)
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding	\$17,405,000 <u>18,717,326</u> \$36,122,326	(c) (d)
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt to: 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023 Ratios of Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt to: 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	9.93% 7.58% 20.61% 15.73%	
Funds Available for Debt Service: Water, Sewer and Drainage Service Funds Available as of August 1, 2023 Road Debt Service Funds Available as of August 1, 2023 Capitalized Interest from proceeds of the Bonds (Road) Total Funds Available for Debt Service	\$ 244,539 595,609 261,250 \$1,101,398	(e)(f) (f)(g) (f)(h)
Road Capital Projects Funds Available as of August 1, 2023 Operating Funds Available as of August 1, 2023	\$94,567 \$209,461	(i)
2023 Contract Tax Rate	\$0.36 0.47 <u>0.42</u> \$1.25	(j)
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024-2048)	\$1,190,347 \$1,232,104	(k) (k)
Tax Rates Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service (2024-2048) at a 95% Collection Rate Based upon 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Based upon Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023 Tax Rates Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service (2026) at a 95% Collection Rate Based upon 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Based upon Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	\$0.72 \$0.55 \$0.74 \$0.57	(1) (1) (1) (1)
Status of Development as of July 31, 2023 (m): Total Completed Single-Family Residential Lots Homes Completed & Occupied Homes Under Construction Lots Available for Home Construction Single-Family Residential Lots Under Construction Estimated Population	834 302 204 328 191 1,057	(n) (o)
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The Montgomery Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") has certified \$158,464,942 of taxable value and an additional \$16,836,920 of taxable value remains uncertified. The uncertified value is subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. No tax will be levied on said uncertified value until it is certified by the Appraisal District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

- Provided by the Appraisal District for informational purposes only. Such amounts reflect an estimate of the taxable assessed value within the District on July 1, 2023. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified. Increases in value occurring between January 1, 2023
- and July 1, 2023, will be certified as of January 1, 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)— (c) Outstanding Debt."
- (d) See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Debt."
- Represents capitalized interest from proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds.
- Funds in the Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the Water/Sewer Drainage Bonds and are (f) not available to pay debt service on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds. Funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds and are not available to pay debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds. See "THE BONDS-Funds."
- Represents capitalized interest from proceeds of the Series 2023 Road Bonds.
- The District will capitalize \$261,250 of interest from Bond proceeds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." (h)
- The District will use \$94,000 of surplus funds in connection with the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." (i)
- The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for 2023 and expects to adopt such rate with \$0.47 allocated to debt service, \$0.42 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 allocated to contract tax in October 2023
- See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements." (k)
- See "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service" and "RISK FACTORS—Possible Impact on District Tax Rates." (1)
- See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use" and "—Status of Development." See "RISK FACTORS—Transformer Shortage." (m)
- (n)
- Based upon 3.5 persons per occupied single-family residence.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Montgomery County)

\$5,500,000

UNLIMITED TAX ROAD BONDS SERIES 2023A

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 (the "District") of its \$5,500,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023A (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution; Chapter 8425 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code; Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; the general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas; a resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board"); and an election held within the District.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT includes descriptions, among others, of the Bonds and the Bond Resolution, and certain other information about the District, CC SCOA III, LP, a Texas limited partnership (the "Developer"), and development activity in the District. All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each document. Copies of documents may be obtained from The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, Bond Counsel, 202 Century Square Blvd., Sugar Land, Texas 77478.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Resolution. The Bond Resolution authorizes the issuance and sale of the Bonds and prescribes the terms, conditions, and provisions for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the District.

The Bonds will be dated October 1, 2023 and will mature on the dates and in the amounts and accrue interest, beginning on the Date of Delivery (expected to be October 5, 2023), at the rates shown on the cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds is payable March 1, 2024 and each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until stated maturity or prior redemption (each an "Interest Payment Date"). The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000.

Paying Agent/Registrar

Principal of and semiannual interest on the Bonds will be paid by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas, (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacement of the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the District, the new Paying Agent/Registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be a national or state banking institution, organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any State, authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, to act as Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

Method of Payment of Principal and Interest

In the Bond Resolution, the Board has appointed the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas, as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The principal of the Bonds shall be payable, without exchange or collection charges, in any coin or currency of the United States of America which, on the date of payment, is legal tender for the payment of debts due the United States of America. In the event the book-entry-only system is discontinued, principal of the Bonds shall be payable upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds as they respectively become due and payable, at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Dallas, Texas and interest on each Bond shall be payable by check payable on each Interest Payment Date, mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar on or before each Interest Payment Date to the Registered Owner of record as of the close of business on the February 15 or August 15 immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date (defined herein as the "Record Date"), to the address of such Registered Owner as shown on the Paying Agent/Registrar's records (the "Register") or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Registered Owners at the risk and expense of the Registered Owners. If the date for payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond is not a business day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding business day, as defined in the Bond Resolution.

Source of Payment

While the Bonds or any part of the principal thereof or interest thereon remain outstanding and unpaid, the District covenants to levy and annually assess and collect in due time, form and manner, and at the same time as other District taxes are assessed, levied, and collected, in each year, beginning with tax year 2023, a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property in the District sufficient to pay the interest on the Bonds as the same becomes due and to pay each installment of the principal of the Bonds as the same matures, with full allowance being made for delinquencies and costs of collection. In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants that said taxes are irrevocably pledged to the payment of the interest on and principal of the Bonds and to no other purpose.

The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas, Montgomery County, the City of Conroe (the "City"), the Master District (defined herein), or any entity other than the District.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are the second series of bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$85,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of constructing or acquiring road facilities. The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Bond Resolution, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 8425 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas. Before the Bonds can be issued, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of the Bonds. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Funds

In the Bond Resolution, the Road Debt Service Fund is confirmed, and the proceeds from all taxes levied, appraised and collected for and on account of the Bonds authorized by the Bond Resolution shall be deposited, as collected, in such fund.

The Road Debt Service Fund is available for payment of principal and interest on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds. It is not available to pay principal or interest on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds. The District also maintains a Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund that is available for payment of debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds. It is not available to pay principal or interest on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds.

An amount equal to \$261,250 of capitalized interest shall be deposited into the Road Debt Service Fund upon receipt. The remaining proceeds of sale of the Bonds shall be deposited into the Road Capital Projects Fund, to be used for the purpose of reimbursing the Developer for certain construction costs and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Any monies remaining in the Road Capital Projects Fund will be used as described in the Bond Resolution or ultimately transferred to the Road Debt Service Fund. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

Record Date

The record date for the payment of the interest on any regularly scheduled Interest Payment Date is defined as the 15th day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such Interest Payment Date (defined herein).

In the event of non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date and for 30 days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar when funds for the payment of such interest have been received. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest (which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five (5) business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of each registered owner of a Bond appearing in the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day next preceding the date of mailing such notice.

No Arbitrage

The District certifies that based upon all facts and estimates now known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Moreover, the District covenants that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds, and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

Redemption Provisions

<u>Mandatory Redemption</u>: The Bonds maturing on September 1 in each of the years 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2044, 2046 and 2048 (the "Term Bonds") shall be redeemed, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption (the "Mandatory Redemption Date"), on September 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the following schedule (with each such scheduled principal amount reduced by the principal amount as may have been previously redeemed through the exercise of the District's reserved right of optional redemption, as provided under "Optional Redemption" below):

\$485,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2031		
Mandatory	Principal	
Redemption Date	Amount	
2029	\$ 155,000	
2030	160,000	
2031 (maturity)	170,000	

\$360,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2033			
Mandatory Principal Redemption Date Amount			
\$ 175,000 185,000			

Due September 1, 2035		
Mandatory	Principal	
Redemption Date	Amount	
2034	\$195,000	
2035 (maturity)	205,000	

\$400 000 Term Ronds

Due September 1, 2037			
Mandatory Principal			
Redemption Date Amount			
2036	\$210,000		
2037 (maturity)	220,000		

6420 000 Tarm Danda

5005,000 Term Bonds				
Due September 1, 2044				
Mandatory Principal				
Redemption Date	Amount			
2043	\$ 295,000			
2044 (maturity)	310,000			

\$665,000 Term Bonds		
Due September 1, 2046		
Mandatory Principal Redemption Date Amount		
2046 (maturity)	340,000	

\$725,000 Term Bonds				
Due September 1, 2048				
Mandatory Princi				
Redemption Date	Amount			
2047	\$355,000			
2048 (maturity)	370,000			

On or before 30 days prior to each Mandatory Redemption Date set forth above, the Registrar shall (i) determine the principal amount of such Term Bond that must be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date, after taking into account deliveries for cancellation and optional redemptions as more fully provided for below, (ii) select, by lot or other customary random method, the Term Bond or portions of the Term Bond of such maturity to be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date, and (iii) give notice of such redemption as provided in the Bond Resolution. The principal amount of any Term Bond to be mandatorily redeemed on such Mandatory Redemption Date shall be reduced by the principal amount of such Term Bond, which, by the 45th day prior to such Mandatory Redemption Date, either has been purchased in the open market and delivered or tendered for cancellation by or on behalf of the District to the Registrar or optionally redeemed and which, in either case, has not previously been made the basis for a reduction under this sentence.

Optional Redemption: The District reserves the right, at its option, to redeem the Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2030, prior to their scheduled maturities, in whole or from time to time in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000 on September 1, 2029, or any date thereafter, at a price of par value plus unpaid accrued interest on the principal amounts called for redemption from the most recent Interest Payment Date to the date fixed for redemption. If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed will be selected by the District. If less than all of the Bonds of a certain maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar by lot or other random method (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Bonds are in bookentry-only form).

If a Bond subject to redemption is in a denomination larger than \$5,000, a portion of such Bond may be redeemed, but only in integral multiples of \$5,000. Upon surrender of any Bond for redemption in part, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a Bond or Bonds of like maturity and interest rate in an aggregate principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the Bond so surrendered.

Notice of any redemption identifying the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part shall be given by the Paying Agent/Registrar at least thirty (30) days prior to the date fixed for redemption by sending written notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the Register. Such notices shall state the redemption date, the redemption price, the place at which the Bonds are to be surrendered for payment and, if less than all the Bonds outstanding are to be redeemed, the numbers of the Bonds or the portions thereof to be redeemed. Any notice given shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Registered Owner receives such notice. By the date fixed for redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. When Bonds have been called for redemption in whole or in part and due provision has been made to redeem the same as herein provided, the Bonds or portions thereof so redeemed shall no longer be regarded as outstanding except for the purpose of receiving payment solely from the funds so provided for redemption, and the rights of the Registered Owners to collect interest which would otherwise accrue after the redemption date on any Bond or portion thereof called for redemption shall terminate on the date fixed for redemption.

Transfer, Exchange and Registration

So long as any Bonds remain outstanding, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall keep the Register at its principal payment office and, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall provide for the registration and transfer of Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Bond Resolution.

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, each Bond shall be transferable only upon the presentation and surrender of such Bond at the payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer, or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Registered Owner or his authorized representative in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon due presentation of any Bond in proper form for transfer, the Paying Agent/Registrar has been directed by the District to authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor, within three (3) business days after such presentation, a new Bond or Bonds, registered in the name of the transferee or transferees, in authorized denominations and of the same maturity and aggregate principal amount and paying interest at the same rate as the Bond or Bonds so presented. The Paying Agent/Registrar is authorized to authenticate and deliver exchange Bonds. Each Bond delivered shall be entitled to the benefits and security of the Bond Resolution to the same extent as the Bond or Bonds in lieu of which such Bond is delivered.

The District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require the Registered Owner of any Bond to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the transfer or exchange of such Bond.

Replacement of Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only system is discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds, receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and the Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity to hold them harmless. The District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

Issuance of Additional Debt – Generally

The District may issue additional bonds necessary to provide water, sewer, drainage and parks and recreational facilities, subject to approval by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"). The TCEQ currently does not review and approve bonds issued to fund roads.

The Bond Resolution imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be issued by the District. See "RISK FACTORS—Future Debt."

<u>Issuance of Additional Debt - Water, Sewer and Drainage</u>

At a bond election held within the District on May 1, 2021, the voters authorized the issuance of \$121,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing and acquiring water, sewer and drainage facilities and \$12,150,000 for the refunding of such bonds. A total of \$115,595,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities and all of the principal amount for refunding such bonds remains authorized but unissued. The District has filed a bond application with the TCEQ requesting approval to sell \$7,960,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities. The District expects TCEQ approval and issuance of such bonds in the first quarter of 2024. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds secured by ad valorem taxes. The issuance of additional bonds or obligations may increase the District's tax rate and adversely affect the security for, and the investment quality and value of, the Bonds. See "RISK FACTORS—Future Debt."

The District is also responsible for the capital costs for its share of water, sewer and drainage facilities (the "Regional Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities") serving the Master District Service Area. The Master District has issued Contract Revenue Bonds for the purpose of financing the Regional Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities. The District is required to pay for its share of the debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District for Regional Water, Sewer and Drainage Facilities through the Contract Tax as described in "THE SYSTEM—The Master District Contract."

Financing Parks and Recreational Facilities

The District is authorized by statute to develop parks and recreational facilities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purpose. The qualified voters in the District have authorized the issuance of \$26,600,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for park and recreational facilities and \$2,660,000 principal amount for the refunding of such bonds, all of which remains unissued.

Before the District could issue park/recreational bonds payable from taxes, the following actions would be required: (a) approval of the park/recreational projects and bonds by the TCEQ; and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas. The principal amount of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for constructing and/or acquiring park and recreational facilities may not exceed one percent (1%) of the District's certified taxable assessed valuation, unless, the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may not exceed an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the value of the taxable property in the District.

The District also is responsible for the capital costs for its share of park/recreational facilities (the "Regional Park Facilities") serving the Master District Service Area. The Master District is expected to issue Contract Revenue Bonds to finance the capital costs of designing and constructing the Regional Park Facilities. If the Master District issues Contract Revenue Bonds for Regional Park Facilities, the District would pay for its share of the debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds issued for Regional Park Facilities through the Contract Tax as described in "THE SYSTEM—The Master District Contract."

Financing Road Facilities

The District is authorized by statute to design, acquire, construct, finance, and issue bonds for roads. The qualified voters in the District have authorized the issuance of \$85,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road facilities and \$8,590,000 principal amount for the refunding of such bonds. After the issuance of the Bonds, \$74,400,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road facilities and all of the principal amount for refunding such bonds will remain authorized but unissued. Before the District could issue road bonds, approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas would be required. The TCEQ does not currently have rules in place regulating the review and approval of road bond issues by districts.

The District is also responsible for its share of the capital costs for certain regional road facilities serving the Master District Service Area (the "Regional Road Facilities"). The Master District is expected to issue Contract Revenue Bonds to finance the capital costs of designing and constructing the Regional Road Facilities serving the Master District Service Area. The District is required to pay for its share of the debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District for Regional Road Facilities through the Contract Tax as described in "THE SYSTEM—The Master District Contract."

Consolidation

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (such as cash and the utility system) and liabilities (such as the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of districts with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

Annexation and Strategic Partnership Agreement

The District is located within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. Texas law provides that under certain circumstances, land within the District may be annexed by the City without the consent of the District, which annexation could modify the sources of and security for payment of the Bonds. If the entire District is so annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and abolish the District. No representation is made that the City will ever annex all or part of the territory within the District and assume payment of the Bonds. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City to make debt service payments should assumption of the Bonds occur.

The District and the City entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement ("SPA") effective January 28, 2021, whereby the City may, but is not required to, annex the District for full purposes at any time on or after the earlier of (i) the time the District has constructed the water, wastewater, drainage, detention, recreational and road facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the developable land within the District and has fully reimbursed the District's developer(s) for such infrastructure, or (ii) December 31, 2045. The SPA further provides that the City at any time may annex territory in the District for the limited purposes of assessing and collecting the City's sales and use tax. If the City completes a limited purpose annexation of territory in the District, it has agreed to pay the District 50% of the sales and use tax revenues that are reported on the monthly sales tax report provided by the Texas Comptroller and received by the City from the Comptroller after the effective date of such limited-purpose annexation.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

"(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic."

"(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which might apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to the investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners (a) payments of interest, principal or premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds, (b) Bonds representing ownership interest in or other confirmation or ownership interest in the Bonds, or (c) prepayment or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the Registered Owner of the Bonds, or that they will do so on a timely basis or that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or DTC Indirect Participants will act in the manner described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current "Procedure" of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Direct Participants is on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a rating from S&P Global Ratings of "AA+." The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District (or the Trustee on behalf thereof) as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal, premium, if any, interest payments and redemption proceeds on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, premium, if any, interest payments and redemption proceeds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The construction costs below were compiled by Costello, Inc., the District's engineer (the "Engineer") and are based upon either contract amounts, or estimates of various costs by the Engineer and Masterson Advisors LLC (the "Financial Advisor"). The actual amounts to be reimbursed by the District and the non-construction costs will be finalized after the sale of the Bonds and review by the District's auditor prior to disbursement. Surplus funds, if any, may be expended for any authorized and lawful purpose for which surplus construction funds may be used.

I. CONSTRUCTION COSTS

	• Construction Costs	\$	3,319,169
	• Land Costs.		748,528
	• Engineering		454,116
	Materials Testing		61,797
	• Less: Surplus Funds		(94,000)
	Total Construction Costs	\$	4,489,610
II.	NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS		
	Underwriter's Discount (a)	\$	163,743
	Capitalized Interest		261,250
	Developer Interest		284,549
	Total Non-Construction Costs.	\$	709,542
III.	ISSUANCE COSTS AND FEES		
	Issuance Costs and Professional Fees	\$	269,091
	Bond Engineering Report		25,000
	State Regulatory Fees		5,500
	Contingency (a)		1,257
		-	
	Total Issuance Costs and Fees	\$	300,848
	TOTAL BOND ISSUE.	\$	5,500,000

⁽a) Contingency represents the difference in the estimated and actual amount of Underwriter's discount.

THE HIGHLANDS

The District is one of six municipal utility districts within the approximately 2,319 acres marketed as the master-planned community of The Highlands. Recreational amenities within The Highlands include an amenity and fitness center, tennis and pickleball courts, an open-air event pavilion, an event lawn, a full-time lifestyle director, more than 30 miles of biking and hiking trails, two lakes available for recreational use and approximately 200 acres of nature preserve and beach along the San Jacinto River. According to the Developer, a semi-private 18-hole golf course managed by Tour 18 Inc., has been developed within The Highlands, which will include an approximately 22,000 square foot clubhouse currently under construction and expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2024. All single-family residential development and recreational facilities are within the boundaries of the District, with the exception of the golf course and portions of the trails and nature preserves, which are located on acreage outside the District's boundaries within the Service Area.

THE DISTRICT

General

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas, created pursuant to Acts 2013, 83rd Legislative Session, Regular Session Chapter 307 (HB 1492), Section 1, effective June 14, 2013, as codified in Chapter 8425, Texas Special District Local Laws Code (the "Act"). The District operates under Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of sanitary sewer; the control and diversion of storm water; the provision roads and improvements in aid thereof; and the provision of park and recreational facilities. The District may issue bonds and other forms of indebtedness to purchase or construct such facilities.

The TCEQ exercises continuing supervisory jurisdiction over the District. To comply with its consent ordinance for creation from the City, within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of which the District is located, the District is required to observe certain requirements of the City consent ordinance which: limit the purposes for which the District may sell bonds to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park and recreational facilities and roads and related improvements; limit the net effective interest rate on such bonds and other terms of such bonds; and permit connections only to legally subdivided lots that are part of a recorded subdivision plat or otherwise exempt from the subdivision requirements of the City and Montgomery County. Construction and operation of the District's system is subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of additional governmental agencies. See "THE SYSTEM—Regulation."

Location and Acreage

The District lies wholly within Montgomery County, Texas, and within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City and within the boundaries of the New Caney Independent School District. The District is approximately 35 miles north of downtown Houston and located about midway between Interstate Highways 45 and 69 south of State Highway 99. The West Fork San Jacinto River forms the western boundary and Farm-to-Market 1314 is to the east of the District. The District is accessible from Texas State Highway 99. See "AERIAL LOCATION MAP."

The District included approximately 1,208 acres of land at creation. The District was divided into six municipal utility districts as authorized by Section 8425.125, Texas Special District Local Laws Code, pursuant to a Corrected Order Dividing District into Six Districts dated September 1, 2020. After such division, the District included approximately 532 acres of land. The District later excluded from its boundaries a total of approximately 202 acres of land pursuant to an Order Excluding Certain Land from the Boundaries of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 dated April 6, 2021 and subsequently annexed approximately 125 acres of land. The District currently includes approximately 455 acres of land within its boundaries. The Developer has filed a petition to the District requesting the annexation of approximately 25 acres of land into the District's boundaries. The District intends to annex such acreage in October 2023.

Land Use

The District's land plan currently includes approximately 182 acres developed as 834 single-family residential lots, approximately 48 acres under construction for 191 single-family residential lots, approximately 31 acres of land that are undevelopable consisting of utility sites, easements and recreational and open space and approximately 194 developable acres that have not been provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities. The table below represents a detailed breakdown of the current acreage and development in the District.

	Approximate	
Single-Family Residential	Acres	Lots
The Highlands:		
Section One	23	96
Section Two	11	40
Section Three	29	178
Section Four	10	37
Section Five	17	55
Section Six	20	108
Section Seven (a)	22	93
Section Eight	14	92
Section Nine (a)	22	73
Section Ten (a)	14	62
Section Twelve (b)	18	64
Section Fourteen (b)	30	127
Subtotal	230	1025
Future Development	194	-
Undevelopable (c)	31	
Totals	455	1,025

⁽a) See "RISK FACTORS—Transformer Shortage."

Status of Development

Single-family residential development in the District consists of The Highlands, Sections One through Ten (834 single-family residential lots developed on approximately 182 acres). As of July 31, 2023, 302 homes were completed and occupied, 204 new homes were under construction or in the name of a homebuilder, including 75 homes under construction in The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten that have not yet been connected to the power grid, and 328 developed lots were available for home construction in the District, including 153 lots in The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten that have not yet been connected to the power grid. According to the Developer, The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten are expected to be connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023. There are an additional 191 single-family residential lots under construction on approximately 48 acres in The Highlands, Sections Twelve and Fourteen that are expected to be completed and connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023. The remainder of the District consists of approximately 194 acres of developable but undeveloped land and approximately 31 acres of undevelopable land (utility sites, easements and recreational and open space). See "RISK FACTORS—Transformer Shortage."

Homebuilders

Active homebuilding within the District is currently being performed by Newmark Homes, Lennar, Empire Communities, Ravenna Homes, Coventry Homes, Beazer Homes USA, David Weekley Homes, Highland Homes, Caldwell Homes, Drees Homes, Perry Homes, and Partners in Building. According to the Developer, average home sales prices in the District range from approximately \$370,000 to \$825,000.

⁽b) Under construction and expected to be completed and connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023.

⁽c) Represents utility sites, easements and recreational and open space.

Future Development

The District is primarily being developed as a single-family residential development. Approximately 194 developable acres of land currently within the District are not yet fully served with water distribution and supply, wastewater collection and treatment, storm drainage facilities or roads (excluding 191 single-family residential lots under construction on approximately 48 acres that are expected to be completed and connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023). See "RISK FACTORS—Future Debt." The Engineer has stated that under regulatory criteria and current development plans, the remaining authorized but unissued bonds (after issuance of the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$216,595,000 should be sufficient to finance the construction of facilities to complete the District's water, sewer, drainage, roads and recreation system for full development of the District.

THE DEVELOPER

General

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include designing the project, defining a marketing program and setting building schedules; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of streets and the installation of utilities; and selling or leasing improved tracts or commercial reserves to other developers or third parties. While a developer is required by the TCEQ to pave streets in areas where utilities are to be financed by a district through a specified bond issue, a developer is under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities according to any particular plan or schedule. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which the developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform in the above-described capacities may affect the ability of a district to collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service and retire bonds.

Prospective Bond purchasers should note that the prior real estate experience of the Developer should not be construed as an indication that further development within the District will occur, or that construction of taxable improvements upon property within the District will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the District will be successful. See "RISK FACTORS."

CC SCOA III, LP

The developer in the District is CC SCOA III, LP, a Texas limited partnership (the "Developer"). The general partner of the Developer is controlled by Caldwell Companies, a developer of residential communities in Northwest Houston. The largest limited partnership interest (90%) in the Developer is held by an American investment subsidiary of the Sumitomo Corporation of Japan. The Developer has completed the development of The Highlands, Sections One through Ten, consisting of 834 single-family residential lots on approximately 182 acres. The Developer is currently developing 191 single-family residential lots on approximately 48 acres as The Highlands, Sections Twelve and Fourteen and continues to own approximately 194 acres in the District for future development.

The Developer does not have any legal commitment to the District or to owners of the Bonds to continue development of the land within the District and the Developer may sell or otherwise dispose of their property within the District, or any other assets, at any time. Further, the financial condition of the Developer is subject to change at any time. See "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers" and "RISK FACTORS—Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer."

Development Financing

Development of the approximately 2,319 acre The Highlands Community project is provided through equity contributions of the partners totaling approximately \$22,222,222 and a \$33,500,000 revolving line of credit provided by the CommunityBank of Texas, acting as sole lender. Approximately \$6,500,000 is available to draw from the line of credit. All of the proceeds of the Bonds that are payable to the Developer are pledged in their entirety to the bank lenders. According to the Developer, it is in compliance with all material terms of its loan agreement.

MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT

Board of Directors

The District is governed by the Board, consisting of five (5) directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors are elected to four-year terms and elections are held in May in even numbered years only. None of the board members reside within the District; however, each board member owns land within the District. Directors have staggered four-year terms. The current members and officers of the Board along with their titles and terms, are listed as follows:

Name	District Board Title	Term Expires
Kyle Atchison	President	May 2026
Mary Ellen Bare	Vice President	May 2026
Leticia Cortez	Secretary	May 2024
Glen Jordan	Assistant Secretary	May 2024
Trevor Aaron Dobbs	Assistant Vice President	May 2024

District Consultants

The District does not have a general manager or other full-time employees, but contracts for certain necessary services as described below.

<u>Bond Counsel/Attorney</u>: The District has engaged The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas as general counsel to the District and as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the District's bonds. The fees of the attorneys in their capacity as Bond Counsel are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. Compensation to the attorneys for other services to the District is based on time charges actually incurred.

<u>Financial Advisor</u>: Masterson Advisors LLC serves as the District's Financial Advisor. The fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>Auditor</u>: The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were audited by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District has engaged McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC to audit its financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Engineer: The District's consulting engineer is Costello, Inc.

<u>Tax Appraisal</u>: The Montgomery Central Appraisal District has the responsibility of appraising all property within the District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The District has appointed an independent tax assessor/collector to perform the tax collection function. Bob Leared Interests (the "Tax Assessor/Collector") has been employed by the District to serve in this capacity.

Bookkeeper: The District has contracted with District Data Services (the "Bookkeeper") for bookkeeping services.

<u>Utility System Operator</u>: The operator of the District's internal water and wastewater system is Environmental Development Partners, L.L.C.

THE SYSTEM

The Master District Contract

The District is part of a regional system (the "Master District System") in which the "Master District" (defined below) provides, finances, constructs, owns, operates, and/or maintains certain public regional water, sewer, drainage, road and park facilities ("Master District Facilities") to serve other municipal utility districts (each a "Participant") that i) are located within the Master District's Service Area (defined below), and ii) have entered into the Master District Contract (defined below) with the Master District. Each Participant will finance, construct, own, operate and maintain its own internal water, sewer, drainage, road and park facilities.

The Master District's "Service Area" is approximately 2,319 acres of land generally located in the vicinity of State Highway 99 (the Grand Parkway), west of FM 1314 and east of the San Jacinto River in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. There are currently 4 additional municipal utility districts other than the Master District and the District within the Service Area. These are Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 187 ("MUD 187"), Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 188 ("MUD 188"), Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 189 ("MUD 189"), and Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 190 ("MUD 190"); however, these districts are not actively developing and have not entered into the Master District Contract, and, therefore, are not considered Participants at this time.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186 (the "Master District") serves as the Master District for the Master District System. Currently, only the District has entered into the Contract for Construction, Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Facilities, as amended (the "Master District Contract") with the Master District, which contract was approved by the voters of both districts, as required by law, at their respective elections held on May 1, 2021. As the only municipal utility district to have approved the Master District Contract, the District is currently the only Participant in the Master District System. The District is also the only municipal utility district within the Service Area to be actively developing. If and when development commences in any of the other municipal utility districts located within the Service Area, such districts will be requested to submit the Master District Contract to their respective voters for approval in order to receive the services and benefits that come with being part of the Master District System.

Among other things, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District will issue bonds from time to time to finance Master District Facilities that serve the Participants ("Master District Bonds"). Such bonds will be issued as contract revenue bonds payable solely from the contract revenues collected by the Master District from the Participants for such purpose. The Participants are required to levy and collect a contract tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within their respective boundaries sufficient to pay their respective pro rata shares of the debt service payments on the Master District Bonds, including, if applicable, any charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees utilized in connection with the Master District Bonds, the principal, interest and redemption requirements of the Master District Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the Master District Bond documents entered into by the Master District. Each Participant's contract payments will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a contract tax or the provisions of other lawfully available funds to make its contract payments is the sole responsibility of each Participant.

A Participant's pro rata share of the debt service payments on Master District Bonds is calculated as the total assessed value of taxable property located in such district divided by the total assessed value of taxable property located within the boundaries of all Participants. At this time, as the only Participant, the District's share of debt service payments on any Master District Bonds is 100%. There is no limit in the Master District Contract on the total principal amount of Master District Bonds that may be issued by the Master District.

The Contract Tax is in addition to the direct total tax rate of the District. The Master District has issued \$6,610,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, all of which remains outstanding. The Master District has filed a bond application with the TCEQ requesting approval to sell \$6,000,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and expects TCEQ approval and issuance of such bonds in the first quarter of 2024. In addition, the Master District expects to issue approximately \$9,000,000 principal amount of Road Contract Revenue Bonds in the fourth quarter of 2023. The District will be responsible for levying a contract tax on all taxable property within its boundaries sufficient to pay 100% of the debt service payments on such Master District Bonds until such time as other municipal utility districts within the Service Area have commenced development and approved the Master District Contract, at which time they will be deemed Participants and will fund their pro rata shares of the debt service payments along with the District.

The Master District Contract further requires that each Participant fund its pro-rata share of the Master District's operational expenses, with each Participant's pro-rata share being calculated by dividing the number of water connections within such Participant by the number of water connections located within the boundaries of all Participants. Each Participant is obligated to establish and maintain rates, fees, and charges for its services which, together with tax revenues and funds received from any other lawful sources, are sufficient at all times to pay the operation and maintenance expenses of the Master District. If any Participant fails to pay its share of these costs in a timely manner, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District shall be entitled to cancel, in whole or in part, any reservation or allocation of capacity in the Master District Facilities by such Participant in addition to the Master District's other remedies pursuant to the Master District Contract. As a practical matter, the Participants have no alternative provider of the water and wastewater services rendered by the Master District under the Master District Contract. Currently, as the only Participant, the District is responsible for paying all of the administrative expenses of the Master District, which it pays in the form of "Monthly Charges" invoiced monthly by the Master District.

Master District Facilities/Wholesale Agreement with West Fork Utility, LLC

56.

Water Facilities: Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District is responsible for planning and providing regional water facilities to the Participants within its Service Area, including the District. In order to provide potable water supply services to the District, the Master District has entered into the Wholesale Agreement for Water and Wastewater Service with West Fork Utility Company, LLC, an affiliate of the Developer, ("West Fork"), dated July 12, 2021, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Wholesale Agreement for water and Wastewater Service dated February 13, 2023 (the "Wholesale Agreement"), pursuant to which West Fork agrees to provide sufficient water supply capacity to serve up to 4,000 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFC"). Currently, West Fork has constructed a water plant with two water wells, one 190 gallons per minute and one 730 gallons per minute. These water wells are permitted by the Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District. The current water plant has capacity to serve 779 ESFC, which is sufficient to serve the existing 506 ESFCs within the District (302 completed homes and 204 homes under construction or in the name of a builder). West Fork is obligated to expand the water plant as necessary and within the timeframe required to meet the needs of continued development within the District and Master District Service Area.

The Master District has one emergency water interconnect with Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No.

Wastewater Facilities: Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District is responsible for planning and providing regional wastewater facilities to the Participants within its Service Area, including the District. In order to provide wastewater treatment services to the District, the Master District has entered into the Wholesale Agreement. Pursuant to the Wholesale Agreement, West Fork agrees to provide sufficient wastewater treatment capacity to serve up to 4,000 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFC"). Currently, West Fork has permitted and constructed a wastewater treatment plant capable of serving up to 1,000 ESFC, which is sufficient to serve the existing 506 ESFCs within the District (302 completed homes and 204 homes under construction or in the name of a builder). West Fork is obligated to expand the wastewater treatment plant as necessary and within the timeframe required to meet the needs of continued development within the District and Master District Service Area.

Wholesale Agreement: Pursuant to the Wholesale Agreement, the Master District is obligated to pay West Fork a \$300,000 initial payment (the "Initial Payment") and connection charges for capacity in the West Fork water plant and West Fork wastewater plant (collectively, the "West Fork System"). The connection charges are to be paid as follows: \$550 per platted water ESFC for the first 791 water ESFCs; and \$550 per platted sewer ESFC for the first 1,000 sewer ESFCs, with such connection charges being due on the earlier of 1) receipt by the Master District of bond proceeds issued for the purpose of purchasing capacity in the West Fork System, or 2) 36 months following the date of the recording of the respective final plat. The cost of ESFCs in excess of 791 ESFCs for water or 1,000 ESFCs for sewer shall be equal to 25% of the design, permitting, and construction costs of any expansion(s) to the West Fork water plant and/or wastewater plant necessary to serve such additional ESFCs divided by the total number of additional ESFCs that may be served by such expansion. The Initial Payment shall be credited against the final \$300,000 worth of connection charges due under the Wholesale Agreement. The Master District used a portion of proceeds from its Series 2023 Contract Revenue Bonds to make the Initial Payment and purchase 280 ESFCs worth of capacity in the West Fork System. In addition to the Initial Payment and connection charges, the Wholesale Agreement provides that the Master District shall pay monthly usage charges to West Fork as follows: a volumetric rate of \$3.70 per 1,000 gallons of actual metered water flow and a flat fee for sanitary sewer services in the amount of \$37.00 per ESFC actually connected to the West Fork System.

<u>Regional Water Distribution and Wastewater Collection</u>: Regional water distribution facilities consist of waterlines ranging from 6 inches to 16 inches. These potable water distribution facilities supply water received from the West Fork System to the internal water distribution facilities constructed by each Participant, including the District. The regional wastewater collection facilities include a lift station and sanitary sewer lines ranging in size from 6 inches to 12 inches. These collection lines collect waste from the internal facilities constructed by or on behalf of each Participant, including the District, and transport it to the West Fork System.

<u>Master Drainage</u>: The Master District also provides the Service Area with drainage facilities, which include drainage channel facilities, detention pond facilities, and conveyance storm sewer lines ("Storm-Water Drainage Facilities"). The Master District is responsible for operation and maintenance of the Storm-Water Drainage Facilities.

Internal Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection and Storm Drainage Facilities

Internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities have been constructed by the District to serve 834 single-family residential lots within its boundaries. In addition, utilities are under construction to serve 191 single-family residential lots that are expected to be completed and eneregized in the fourth quarter of 2023. Each Participant's systems ties, or will tie, into the Master District System. See "RISK FACTORS—Transformer Shortage" and "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development."

100-Year Flood Plain

"Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rain storm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance. An engineering or regulatory determination that an area is above the 100-year flood plain is not an assurance that homes built in such area will not be flooded, and a number of neighborhoods in the greater Houston area that are above the 100-year flood plain have flooded multiple times in the last several years. The District's drainage system has been designed and constructed to all current applicable standards of all governmental entities with jurisdiction over the project. See "RISK FACTORS—Extreme Weather."

Atlas 14

In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties. Such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

General Operating Fund

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the General Operating Fund as shown in the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and an unaudited summary provided by the Bookkeeper for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and in all instances exclude depreciation. Reference is made to "APPENDIX A" for further and complete information.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30					
		2023		2022		
	U	Inaudited				
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	470,000	\$	23,952		
Water Service		294,407		69,025		
Wastewater Service		245,438		75,215		
Penalty and Interest Fees		5,869		1,168		
Tap Connection & Inspection		351,525		571,850		
Miscellaneous		142,420		15,359		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	1,509,659	\$	756,569		
EXPENDITURES						
Professional Fees	\$	188,064	\$	229,359		
Contracted Services		36,475		50,208		
Purchased Water Service		776,552		49,778		
Repairs and Maintenance		568,994		110,493		
Other		215,882		356,498		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,785,966	\$	796,336		
NET REVENUES	\$	(276,307)	\$	(39,767)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advances (a)	\$	400,000	\$	210,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	123,693	\$	170,233		
General Operating Fund						
Balance (Beginning of Year)	\$	163,566	\$	(6,667)		
General Operating Fund	*	,	-	(=,==,)		
Balance (End of Year)	\$	287,259	\$	163,566		
'	•	,	•	/		

⁽a) See "RISK FACTORS—Operating Funds" and "—Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer."

THE ROAD SYSTEM

The District's road system ("Roads") consists of 4 collector roads (Highlands Parkway, Highland Pines Drive, Mirror Lake Circle, Cumberland Boulevard) and internal streets. Highlands Parkway is the entrance to the District from the Grand Parkway and Cumberland Boulevard connects the District to existing Cumberland Boulevard that ultimately connects to Farm-to-Market 1314. The Grand Parkway ultimately connects to U.S. Highway 45 and U.S. Highway 59, while Farm-to-Market 1314 connects to U.S. Highway 59 as well. All roadways are designed and constructed in accordance with Montgomery County's and the City's, standards, rules, and regulations. Upon acceptance by Montgomery County, Montgomery County is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Roads. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)

2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	\$175,301,862 \$229,630,219	(a) (b)
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding	\$17,405,000 <u>18,717,326</u> \$36,122,326	(c) (d)
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt to: 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	9.93% 7.58%	
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt to: 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	20.61% 15.73%	
Funds Available for Debt Service: Water, Sewer and Drainage Service Funds Available as of August 1, 2023 Road Debt Service Funds Available as of August 1, 2023 Capitalized Interest from proceeds of the Bonds (Road) Total Funds Available for Debt Service	\$ 244,539 595,609 261,250 \$1,101,398	(e)(f) (f)(g) (f)(h)
Road Capital Projects Funds Available as of August 1, 2023	\$94,567 \$209,461	(i)

- The Appraisal District has certified \$158,464,942 of taxable value and an additional \$16,836,920 of taxable value remains (a) uncertified. The uncertified value is subject to review and downward revision prior to certification. No tax will be levied on said uncertified value until it is certified by the Appraisal District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- Provided by the Appraisal District for informational purposes only. Such amounts reflect an estimate of the taxable assessed value within the District on July 1, 2023. No tax will be levied on such amount until it is certified. Increases in value occurring (b) between January 1, 2023 and July 1, 2023, will be certified as of January 1, 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (c) (UNAUDITED)—Outstanding Debt."
- (d) See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Debt."
- Capitalized interest from proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds. (e) (f)
- Funds in the Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the Water/Sewer Drainage Bonds and are not available to pay debt service on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds. Funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the Road Bonds, including the Bonds and are not available to pay debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Bonds. See "THE BONDS—Funds." Capitalized interest from proceeds of the Series 2023 Road Bonds.
- (g) (h) The District will capitalize \$261,250 of interest from Bond proceeds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS.'
- The District will use \$94,000 of surplus funds in connection with the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND (i) PROCEEDS."

Investments of the District

The District has adopted an Investment Policy as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District will be invested in short term U.S. Treasuries, certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or secured by collateral evidenced by perfected safekeeping receipts held by a third party bank, and public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate the inclusion of, long term securities or derivative products in the District portfolio.

Short Term Debt

The District sold a \$4,190,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2023 (the "2023 BAN") on June 29, 2023, with a maturity date of June 28, 2024. The District has filed a bond application with the TCEQ requesting approval to sell \$7,960,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities. The District expects TCEQ approval and issuance of such bonds in the first quarter of 2024. The District will use a portion of the proceeds from such bonds to redeem the BAN prior to maturity.

Outstanding Debt

The District has previously issued one series of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities in the principal amount of \$5,905,000 and one series of unlimited tax bonds for road facilities in the principal amount of \$6,000,000, all of which collectively remains outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds").

Debt Service Requirements

The following sets forth the debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. This schedule does not reflect the fact that twelve (12) months of interest was capitalized from proceeds of the Series 2022 Bonds in November 2022, twenty-four (24) months of interest was capitalized from proceeds of the Series 2023 Road Bonds in March 2023 and \$261,250 of interest will be capitalized from Bond proceeds to pay debt service on the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

	Outstanding						
	Bonds	Plus:	Plus: Debt Service on The Bonds				
Year	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Debt Service		
2023	\$ 366,556.04 ((a) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 366,556.04		
2024	839,522.50	-	240,736.28	240,736.28	1,080,258.78		
2025	834,897.50	125,000	265,843.75	390,843.75	1,225,741.25		
2026	839,697.50	135,000	257,406.25	392,406.25	1,232,103.75		
2027	833,347.50	140,000	248,293.75	388,293.75	1,221,641.25		
2028	836,422.50	145,000	238,843.75	383,843.75	1,220,266.25		
2029	828,747.50	155,000	229,056.25	384,056.25	1,212,803.75		
2030	830,757.50	160,000	218,593.75	378,593.75	1,209,351.25		
2031	826,657.50	170,000	207,793.75	377,793.75	1,204,451.25		
2032	826,680.00	175,000	196,318.75	371,318.75	1,197,998.75		
2033	825,490.00	185,000	188,881.25	373,881.25	1,199,371.25		
2034	824,052.50	195,000	181,018.75	376,018.75	1,200,071.25		
2035	821,002.50	205,000	172,731.25	377,731.25	1,198,733.75		
2036	816,852.50	210,000	164,018.75	374,018.75	1,190,871.25		
2037	816,102.50	220,000	155,093.75	375,093.75	1,191,196.25		
2038	824,452.50	235,000	145,743.75	380,743.75	1,205,196.25		
2039	821,452.50	245,000	135,756.25	380,756.25	1,202,208.75		
2040	827,552.50	255,000	125,343.75	380,343.75	1,207,896.25		
2041	832,017.50	270,000	114,187.50	384,187.50	1,216,205.00		
2042	834,392.50	280,000	102,375.00	382,375.00	1,216,767.50		
2043	830,365.00	295,000	89,775.00	384,775.00	1,215,140.00		
2044	835,147.50	310,000	76,500.00	386,500.00	1,221,647.50		
2045	838,142.50	325,000	62,550.00	387,550.00	1,225,692.50		
2046	839,470.00	340,000	47,925.00	387,925.00	1,227,395.00		
2047	839,175.00	355,000	32,625.00	387,625.00	1,226,800.00		
2048	422,212.50	370,000	16,650.00	386,650.00	808,862.50		
Total	\$ 20,711,166.04	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 3,914,061.28	\$ 9,414,061.28	\$ 30,125,227.33		

⁽a) Excludes the District's March 1, 2023 debt service payment of \$91,843.

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2)	2024-2	2048) \$1,190,347
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement	(2026))\$1,232,104

Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement

The following table indicates the outstanding debt payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities within which the District is located and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the District. Debt figures equated herein to outstanding obligations payable from ad valorem taxes are based upon data obtained from individual jurisdictions or Texas Municipal Reports compiled and published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Furthermore, certain entities listed below may have issued additional obligations since the date listed and may have plans to incur significant amounts of additional debt. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for the purposes of operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for the payment of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes is not included in these figures. The District has no control over the issuance of debt or tax levies of any such entities.

	C	Outstanding		Ove	erlap	ping
Taxing Jurisdiction	Bonds		Bonds As of Percent		Amount	
Montgomery County	\$	441,665,000	6/30/2023	0.05%	\$	220,833
Lonestar College System		602,965,000	6/30/2023	0.02%		120,593
New Caney Independent School District		553,180,000	6/30/2023	0.50%		2,765,900
Master District (a)		15,610,000	6/30/2023	100.00%		15,610,000
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt					\$	18,717,326
The District's Total Direct Debt (b)						17,405,000
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt						36,122,326
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt as a Perc 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$175,301.		20.61%				
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of Ju	1, 2	2023 of \$229,630,	219			15.73%

⁽a) Includes approximately \$9,000,000 principal amount of Road Contract Revenue Bonds expected to be issued by the Master District in October 2023.

⁽b) Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds.

Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. On January 1 of each year a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest imposed on such property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of taxing authorities shown below. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to pay debt service on bonded debt of the District and other taxing authorities (see "Estimated Overlapping Debt" above), certain taxing jurisdictions, including the District, are also authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below are all of the taxes levied for the 2022 tax year by all taxing jurisdictions overlapping the District and the District's anticipated 2023 tax rate. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, fire department contributions, solid waste disposal charges or any other levy of entities other than political subdivisions.

Tar Data

	per \$10	ax Rate 00 of Taxable sed Valuation
Montgomery County	\$	0.3742
Montgomery County Hospital District		0.0502
New Caney Independent School District		1.4430
Lone Star College System		0.1078
Montgomery County ESD No. 6		0.0923
Total Overlapping Tax Rate	\$	2.0675
The District (a)		1.2500
Total Tax Rate	\$	3.3175

⁽a) The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for 2023 and expects to adopt such rate with \$0.47 allocated to debt service, \$0.42 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 allocated to contract tax in October 2023. See "TAX DATA—Historical Tax Rate Distribution."

TAX DATA

Debt Service Tax

The District covenants in the Bond Resolution to levy and assess, for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, a tax adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds. The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy its initial debt service tax in 2023 of \$0.47 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation and expects to adopt such rate in October 2023. See "Historical Tax Rate Distribution" and "Tax Roll Information" below and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Contract Tax

The Master District has the statutory authority and voter authorization of each of the Participants, including the District, to issue Master District Bonds. Each Participant's pro rata share of the debt service requirements on the Master District Bonds is determined by dividing each Participant's certified assessed value by the total of all the Participants' certified assessed valuation. The Master District Contract obligates each Participant to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Master District Bonds from the proceeds of an annual unlimited Contract Tax, from revenues derived from the operation of its water distribution and wastewater collection system, or from any other legally available funds. The debt service requirement includes principal, interest and redemption requirements on the Master District Bonds, paying agent/registrar fees, and all amounts necessary to establish and maintain funds established under the bond documents pursuant to which the Master District Bonds are issued. The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a contract tax in 2023 of \$0.36 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation and expects to adopt such rate in October 2023.intends to levy a Contract Tax in 2023. See "THE SYSTEM—The Master District Contract" and "RISK FACTORS—Overlapping Master District Debt and Contract Tax."

Maintenance and Operations Tax

The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for planning, maintaining, repairing and operating the District's improvements, if such maintenance tax is authorized by a vote of the District's electors. Such tax is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the bonds issued by the District. An election was held within the District on May 1, 2021, which authorized the levy of a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. At an election held within the District on May 1, 2021, voters authorized the Board to levy a maintenance tax for operations and maintenance costs of road facilities at a rate not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Historical Tax Rate Distribution

	2023 (a)		2022		2021 (b)	
Debt Service Tax	\$	0.47	\$	-	\$	-
Contract Tax		0.36		-		0.53
Maintenance and Operations Tax		0.42		1.25		0.72
Total District Tax Rate	\$	1.25	\$	1.25	\$	1.25

⁽a) The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for 2023 and expects to adopt such rate with \$0.47 allocated to debt service, \$0.42 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 allocated to contract tax in October 2023. See "TAX DATA—Historical Tax Rate Distribution."

Additional Penalties

The District has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District established an additional penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year (April 1 for personal property), but not later than May 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Texas Tax Code.

Historical Tax Collections

The following statement of tax collections sets forth in condensed form a portion of the historical tax experience of the District. Such table has been prepared for inclusion herein, based upon information obtained from the District's Tax Assessor/Collector. Reference is made to such statements and records for further and complete information. See "Tax Roll Information" below.

	Taxable						Total Collections			
		Assessed	sed Tax		Total		As of July 31, 2023 (b)		31, 2023 (b)	
	Va	aluation (a)	F	Rate	Ta	ax Levy	Α	Mount	Percent	
2021	\$	1,473,310	\$	1.25	\$	18,416	\$	18,416	100.00%	
2022		41,345,076		1.25		516,813		507,325	98.16%	

⁽a) As certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted. See "Tax Roll Information" below.

⁽b) Initial tax rate levy year of the District.

⁽b) Unaudited.

Tax Roll Information

The District's assessed value as of January 1 of each year is used by the District in establishing its tax rate (see "TAXING PROCEDURES—Valuation of Property for Taxation"). The following represents the composition of property comprising the 2021 through 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuations. Breakdowns related to the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$16,836,920 and the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, of \$229,630,219 are not available. Taxes are levied on taxable value certified by the Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year.

	2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation		Asse	2022 Taxable ssed Valuation	2021 Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Land Improvements Personal Property	\$	48,582,557 118,113,690 398,902	\$	23,718,994 18,434,960 199,235	\$	1,492,320 - -	
Gross Assessed Valuation Less: Exemptions	\$	167,095,149 (8,630,207)	\$	42,353,189 (1,008,113)	\$	1,492,320 (19,010)	
Uncertified Value		16,836,920		-			
Total	\$	175,301,862	\$	41,345,076	\$	1,473,310	

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable assessed valuation of such property, and such property's taxable assessed valuation as a percentage of the certified portion (\$158,464,942) of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$175,301,862. Principal taxpayer lists related to the uncertified portion (\$16,836,920) of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation and the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, of \$229,630,219, are not available. See "RISK FACTORS—Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer."

	 23 Certified	% of 2023 Certified
Taxpayer	 ble Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation
CC SCOA III LP (a)	\$ 7,906,202	4.99%
Perry Homes LLC (b)	5,250,838	3.31%
Lennar Homes of Texas (b)	4,716,810	2.98%
Beazer Homes of Texas LP (b)	3,210,150	2.03%
Weekley Homes LLC (b)	3,030,680	1.91%
EHT of Texas LP (b)	2,424,920	1.53%
DFH Coventry LLC (b)	2,047,430	1.29%
Drees Custom Homes LP (b)	1,996,840	1.26%
Newmark Homes Houston LLC (b)	1,659,750	1.05%
Highland Homes Houston LLC (b)	1,384,660	0.87%
Total	\$ 33,628,280	21.22%

⁽a) See "THE DEVELOPER."

⁽b) See "THE DISTRICT—Homebuilding."

Tax Adequacy for Debt Service

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 taxable assessed valuation which would be required to meet average annual and maximum annual debt service requirements if no growth in the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$175,301,862 (\$158,464,942 of certified value plus \$16,836,920 of uncertified value) or the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, of \$229,630,219. The calculations contained in the following table merely represent the tax rates required to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds when due, assuming no further increase or any decrease in taxable values in the District, collection of ninety-five percent (95%) of taxes levied, the sale of no additional bonds, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service. See "RISK FACTORS—Possible Impact on District Tax Rates" and "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements."

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024-2048)	\$1,190,347
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2024-2048)	\$1,199,065
\$0.55 Tax Rate on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023	
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2026)	\$1,232,104
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2026)	\$1,232,104 \$1,232,372

No representation or suggestion is made that the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation will not be adjusted downward prior to certification or that the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, provided by the Appraisal District for the District will be certified as taxable value by the Appraisal District, and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "RISK FACTORS—Future Debt"), and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Resolution to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS—Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board is also authorized to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and for the payment of certain contractual obligations if authorized by its voters. See "TAX DATA—Debt Service Tax," "—Contract Tax" and "—Maintenance and Operations Tax."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Appraisal District has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within the County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Montgomery Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, must be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, manufactured homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; travel trailers; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years of age or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve the same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by 20% of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax-supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption of full value of the veteran's residential homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse, and surviving spouses of a deceased veteran who had received a disability rating of 100% are entitled to receive a residential homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse until such surviving spouse remarries. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse of a deceased veteran who had received a disability rating of 100%, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption also applies, under certain conditions, to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption in the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

<u>Residential Homestead Exemptions</u>: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to 20% of the appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. The District is authorized by statute to disregard previously granted residential homestead exemptions if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax-supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted by July 1. The District does not grant a residential homestead exemption at this time.

<u>Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemptions</u>: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating not later than 175 days after the person acquired or imported the property into the State.

A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to goods, wares, merchandise, other tangible personal property, and ores, other than oil, natural gas, petroleum products, aircraft, dealer's motor vehicle inventory, dealer's vessel and outboard motor inventory, dealer's heavy equipment inventory, or retail manufactured housing inventory, if such property is acquired in or imported into Texas only if such property is to be forwarded to another location in or outside of Texas and is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property, and is transported to another location in the state or outside of the state not later than 175 days after the date the person acquired the property in or imported the property into Texas. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and formally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on 100% of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value under the Property Tax Code. The Texas Constitution limits increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads to 10% annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits, under certain circumstances, that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes and a 5% annual interest for the previous three years for agricultural use, open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all property in the Appraisal District at least once every three years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense, has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the Appraisal District chooses to formally include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code authorizes a temporary tax exemption for certain damaged property in governor-declared disaster areas. In order to qualify for the exemption, the property must be at least 15% damaged, as determined by the chief appraiser of the appraisal district. Upon a property owner's application for an exemption, the chief appraiser must assign a damage rating of Level I – at least 15%, but less than 30% (minimal damage), Level II – at least 30%, but less than 60% (nonstructural damage), Level III – at least 60%, but less than 100% (significant structural damage), or Level IV – 100% (total loss). The amount of the exemption for qualifying property is determined by multiplying the appraisal value by the level rating percentage (Level I – 15%, Level II – 30%, Level III – 60%, and Level IV – 100%), which is then prorated by the number of days from the disaster declaration to December 31 of the tax year in which the disaster is declared as a percentage of total days in the year.

Property owners are entitled to the exemption if the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declares the disaster area prior to a taxing unit adopting a tax rate for the year in which the disaster occurs. However, if the disaster declaration occurs on or after the date a taxing unit adopts a tax rate, property owners are only entitled to receive the exemption if the governing body of the taxing unit adopts the exemption within 60 days of the disaster declaration. The exemption expires on January 1 of the first tax year in which the property is reappraised.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District) may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property value, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed, except set forth herein with respect to residential homesteads. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of 6% of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus 1% for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent tax regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. For those taxes billed at a later date and that become delinquent on or after June 1, they will also incur an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney, 60 days after the date the taxes become delinquent. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of 1% for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid.

The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes and discounts for early payment under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, may be rejected by taxing units. The Property Tax Code also provides for the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes in certain circumstances. The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continues to accrue during the period of deferral.

Certain qualified taxpayers, including 1) owners of residential homesteads or certain properties used for residential purposes, located in a disaster or emergency area and which has been damaged by the disaster or emergency, and 2) certain qualified business entities that own or lease real and/or tangible property, located in a disaster or emergency area and which has been damaged by the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction such as the District on taxes imposed on the property prior to the first anniversary of the disaster or emergency if the business entity pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments before the first day of the sixth month after the delinquency date.

Additionally, certain qualified business entities that own or lease real and/or tangible property located in a disaster or emergency area and which has not been damaged by the disaster or emergency, may be permitted by a taxing jurisdiction such as the District, at the taxing jurisdiction's discretion, to enter into a tax payment installment agreement on taxes imposed on the property prior to the first anniversary of the disaster or emergency under the same terms as set forth in the paragraph directly above.

Effective September 1, 2019, a property owner serving on active duty for any branch of the United States armed forces who is transferred out of the state may defer payment on property taxes without incurring any penalty or interest. Deferred tax payments are due no later than 60 days after the earliest of the following to occur: (1) the person is discharged from active military service, (2) the person returns to the state for more than 10 days, or (3) the person returns to non-active-duty status in the reserves. After the deferral period expires, any unpaid delinquent taxes will accrue interest but will not incur any penalty.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Low Tax Rate Districts." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

<u>Low Tax Rate Districts</u>: Low Tax Rate Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Low Tax Rate District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

Developed Districts: Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates from the previous three tax years, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates from the previous three tax years. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor or President of the United States (the "President"), alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Low Tax Rate District and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Low Tax Rate Districts.

<u>Developing Districts</u>: Districts that do not meet the classification of a Low Tax Rate District or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>The District</u>: For the 2023 tax year, the District made the determination of its status as a "Developing District." The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement." A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. In the absence of federal law, the District's tax lien takes priority over a tax lien of the United States. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both, subject to the restrictions on residential homesteads described above under "Levy and Collection of Taxes." In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property that was used as the residence homestead of the owner, certain land designated for agricultural use, or a mineral interest sold at a tax sale to a purchaser other than a taxing unit within two years of the date on which the purchaser's deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records. For all other real property, a taxpayer may redeem the property not later than the 180th day following the date on which the purchaser's or taxing unit's deed is filed for record. The District's ability to attach or foreclose a tax lien or collect penalties or interest on delinquent taxes may be limited on property owned by a financial institution which is under receivership by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1825, as amended. See "RISK FACTORS—General" and "—Tax Collections."

RISK FACTORS

General

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Conroe (the "City"), Montgomery County, the State of Texas, or any entity other than the District. Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect taxes levied on taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to service the District's bonded debt, or in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property in the District and the taxes levied by the District and other taxing authorities upon the property within the District. See "THE BONDS—Source of Payment." The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by registered owners of the Bonds ("Registered Owners") of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of taxable property within the District will accumulate or maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners or that there will be a market for the property or that owners of the property will have the ability to pay taxes. See "Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations" herein.

Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer

The ten top taxpayers represent \$33,628,280 or 21.22% of the certified portion (\$158,464,942) of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$175,301,862, within the District as of January 1, 2023. Certain homebuilders in the District represent a combined \$25,722,078 or 16.23% of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation. The Developer represents \$7,906,202 or 4.99% of the certified portion of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation. See "THE DISTRICT—Homebuilders," "THE DEVELOPER" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers." The ability of any principal taxpayer to make full and timely payments of taxes levied against its property by the District and similar taxing authorities will directly affect the District's ability to meet its debt service obligations. If, for any reason, any one or more principal taxpayers do not pay taxes due or do not pay taxes in a timely manner, the District may need to levy additional taxes or use other funds available for debt service purposes. However, the District has not covenanted in the Bond Resolution, nor is it required by Texas law, to maintain any particular balance in its Road Debt Service Fund or any other funds to allow for any such delinquencies. Therefore, failure by one or more principal taxpayers to pay their taxes could have a material adverse effect upon the District's ability to pay debt service on the Bonds.

The Developer has informed the District that its current plans are to continue developing its property in the District and/or marketing lots. However, neither the Developer nor any future developer is obligated to implement development plans on any particular schedule or at all. Thus, the furnishing of any information related to any proposed development should not be interpreted as a commitment. The District makes no representation about the probability of development continuing in a timely manner or about the ability of the Developer to implement any plan of development. Furthermore, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell land. The District can make no prediction as to the effects that current or future economic conditions or governmental circumstances may have on any plans of the Developer or any other landowners.

Undeveloped Acreage, Vacant Land and Vacant Lots

There are approximately 242 acres that have not been provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities (including approximately 48 acres where utilities are under construction for 191 single-family residential lots that are expected to be completed and connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023). In addition, approximately 328 developed lots are served with utilities but remain vacant (see "Transformer Shortage" below). The District makes no representation as to when or if development of the undeveloped acreage will occur or the success of any homebuilding programs. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use" and "—Status of Development."

Transformer Shortage

The construction and sale of new homes in the District is subject to various risk factors, including shortages in obtaining materials. Recently, the Developer has reported difficulties and long delays in obtaining the electrical transformers needed to transform high voltage in electrical power lines to the low voltage used in homes as a result of ongoing supply chain issues throughout the country. Without transformers, new homes cannot be connected to the power grid. Historically, transformers have been installed within thirty (30) to ninety (90) days after homebuilders begin the construction of homes on vacant lots and delays in receiving transformers is currently six (6) months to over twelve (12) months. If delays and the lack of availability of transformers continues, homebuilders may be unwilling to purchase lots in the District or to begin construction of homes on lots already purchased. Of the 328 vacant developed lots in the District, 153 lots have not been connected to the power grid. Of the 204 new homes under construction or in the name of a homebuilder, 75 homes under construction have not been connected to the power grid. According to the Developer, The Highlands, Sections Seven, Nine and Ten are expected to be connected to the power grid in the fourth quarter of 2023. The delay of construction of new homes in the District could impact the future growth of the District's tax base. The delays being experienced by the Developer in the District are delays that are being experienced throughout the region and nationally. See "THE DISTICT—Status of Development."

Developer Obligation to the District

There are no commitments from or obligations of the Developer or any other landowner to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or construction of improvements in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed tracts of land or developed lots could restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District. The District cannot and does not make any representations that over the life of the Bonds the District will increase or maintain its taxable property. See "THE DEVELOPER."

Economic Factors and Interest Rates

The majority of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of single-family residences, undeveloped land and of developed lots which are currently being marketed by the Developer for sale to homebuilders and homebuyers for the construction of primary residences. The market value of such homes and lots is related to general economic conditions in the Houston region and the national economy and those conditions can affect the demand for residences. Demand for lots of this type and the construction of residential dwellings thereon can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability (see "Credit Market and Liquidity in the Financial Markets"), construction costs and the prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban center toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact such values. The District is located in Montgomery County, within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, and the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the greater Houston region metropolitan area economy.

Credit Markets and Liquidity in the Financial Markets

Interest rates and the availability of mortgage and development funding have a direct impact on construction activity in the District, particularly short-term interest rates at which developers are able to obtain financing for development costs. Interest rate levels may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete construction activities within the District. Because of the numerous and changing factors affecting the availability of funds, particularly liquidity in the national credit markets, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued construction within the District. In addition, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the greater Houston area metropolitan and regional economies and national credit and financial markets. A downturn in the economic conditions of Houston or a decline in the nation's real estate and financial markets could adversely affect development and home-building plans in the District and restrain the growth or reduce the value of the District's property tax base.

Competition

The demand for and construction of single-family homes in the District could be affected by competition from other residential developments located in the northern portion of the Houston metropolitan area. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned homes in the area of the District and in more established neighborhoods. Such homes could represent additional competition for new homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of the Developer in the sale of developed lots and the construction of single-family residential houses within the District by homebuilders is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position directly affects the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District.

The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Operating Funds

The District's current primary source of operating revenue is maintenance tax revenue and advances from the Developer. The District levied a 2022 total tax rate in the amount of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation (for maintenance tax). The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for 2023 and expects to adopt such rate with \$0.47 allocated to debt service, \$0.42 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 allocated to contract tax in October 2023. The District's Operating Fund balance as of August 1, 2023 was \$209,461. The revenue produced from a reduced 2023 maintenance tax rate may not be sufficient to offset the operating expenses of the District. Continued maintenance of a positive Operating Fund balance may depend upon (1) cash subsidies from the Developer, and (2) continued development and increased amounts of maintenance tax revenue. If funds from these sources are not forthcoming, the District would have to increase its maintenance tax rate. See "—Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer" herein, "THE DEVELOPER," "THE SYSTEM—General Operating Fund" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

Overlapping Master District Debt and Contract Tax

The Master District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas, created pursuant to a Corrected Order Dividing District Into Six Districts, adopted by the District on September 1, 2020, and operates pursuant to Chapter 8425 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code and Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. The Master District also serves as a provider of regional water, wastewater, drainage, park/recreational and road facilities to the approximate 2,319 acre service area (the "Service Area"), which includes, in addition to the Master District and District, the following municipal utility districts: MUD 187, MUD 188, MUD 189, and MUD 190. Only the District has entered into the Contract for Construction, Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Facilities, as amended (the "Master District Contract"), after approval by voters in the District, and is therefore a "Participant." MUD 187, MUD 188, MUD 189, and MUD 190 are within the Service Area, but are undeveloped and have not entered into a Master District Contract but may do so in the future. See "THE SYSTEM—Master District Contract."

The Master District has issued contract revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or acquiring regional water, sanitary sewer, and drainage facilities ("Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds") in the principal amount of \$6,610,000, all of which remains outstanding. The Master District sold a \$4,080,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2023 (the "Master District BAN") on June 29, 2023, with a maturity date of June 28, 2024. The Master District has filed a bond application with the TCEQ requesting approval to sell \$6,000,000 principal amount of Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds and expects TCEQ approval and issuance of such bonds in the first quarter of 2024. The Master District will use a portion of the proceeds from such bonds to redeem the Master District BAN prior to maturity. The Master District expects to issue additional Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds in the future. Additionally, the Master District is expected to issue contract revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or acquiring roads and related improvements ("Road Contract Revenue Bonds"), including approximately \$9,000,000 principal amount of Road Contract Revenue Bonds expected to be issued in the fourth quarter of 2023. The Master District is also authorized to issue contract

revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or acquiring regional parks and recreational facilities ("Park Contract Revenue Bonds"). All issuances of contract revenue bonds are pursuant to an indenture of trust. The Master District Contracts obligate each Participant (currently, only the District) to pay a pro rata share of the debt service on the Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds, the Park Contract Revenue Bonds, and the Road Contract Revenue Bonds based upon the Gross Certified Appraised Value of each Participant as a percentage of the Gross Certified Appraised Value of all Participants, calculated annually. Each Participant is obligated to make such payments ("Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payments," "Park Contract Payments," respectively) from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied by such Participant for such purpose on taxable property within its boundaries ("Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax," "Park Contract Tax", and "Road Contract Tax," respectively), from revenues derived from the operations of such Participant's water distribution and wastewater collection system, or from any other lawful source of such Participant's income. The debt service requirement includes principal, interest and redemption requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds, paying agent/registrar fees, and all amounts necessary to establish and maintain funds established under the bond resolution or indenture pursuant to which the Master District's Contract Revenue Bonds are issued. At this time, as the only Participant, the District's share of debt service payments on any Master District Bonds is 100%.

The Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Tax, Park Contract Tax, and the Road Contract Tax are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Tax;" the Road Contract Revenue Bonds, Park Contract Revenue Bonds, and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Revenue Bonds are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Revenue Bonds;" and the Road Contract Payment, Park Contract Payments, and Water/Sewer/Drainage Contract Payment are referred to herein collectively as the "Contract Payment."

The District levied a \$1.25 total tax rate in 2022 (all maintenance tax) and has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$1.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for 2023 and expects to adopt such rate with \$0.47 allocated to debt service, \$0.42 allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 allocated to contract tax in October 2023. The Contract Tax is in addition to the direct total tax rate of the District. The District cannot represent whether any of the development planned or occurring in the Service Area will be successful or whether the appraised valuation of the land located within the Service Area will justify payment of the Contract Tax by property owners. Increases in the Contract Tax rate could have an adverse impact upon future development and home sales within the District and in the willingness of owners of property located within the District to pay ad valorem taxes levied the District, including the Contract Tax.

The Contract Tax rate and debt service tax rate that may be required to service debt on any bonds issued by the District or the Master District is subject to numerous uncertainties such as the growth of taxable values within the boundaries of each, regulatory approvals, construction costs and interest rates. There can be no assurances that the composite of the tax rates imposed by all jurisdictions on property in the District will be competitive with the composite of the tax rates imposed on competing projects in the Montgomery County area. To the extent that such composite tax rates are not competitive with competing developments, the growth of property tax values in the District and the investment quality or security of the Bonds could be adversely affected.

The current TCEQ rules regarding the feasibility of a bond issue for utility districts in Montgomery County limit the projected combined total tax rate of entities levying a tax for water, sewer, drainage, roads and recreational facilities to \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. In the case of the District, the total combined tax rate under current TCEQ rules includes the tax rate of the District. The current tax rate of the District is consistent with the rules of the TCEQ. If the total combined tax rate of the District, including the Contract Tax, should ever exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation, the District and the Master District could be prohibited under rules of the TCEQ from selling additional bonds which require the prior approval of the TCEQ. See "Possible Impact on District Tax Rates" below and "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement" and "—Overlapping Taxes."

Possible Impact on District Tax Rates

Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of owners of property within the District to pay their taxes. The 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation is \$175,301,862 (\$158,464,942 of certified value plus \$16,836,920 of uncertified value). After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement will be \$1,232,104 (2026), and the average annual debt service requirement will be \$1,190,347 (2024-2048 inclusive). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation, the issuance of no additional debt, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service, a tax rate of \$0.74 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement and \$0.72 per \$100 taxable assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the average annual debt service requirements. The Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, is \$229,630,219, which reduces the above calculations to \$0.57 and \$0.55, respectively. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements" and "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

No representation or suggestion is made that the uncertified portion of the 2023 Taxable Assessed Valuation will not be adjusted downward prior to certification or that the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of July 1, 2023, will be the amounts finally certified by the Appraisal District and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Potential Effects of Oil Price Volatility on the Houston Area

The economy of the Houston area has, in the past, been particularly affected by adverse conditions in the oil and gas industry, and such conditions and their spillover effects into other industries could result in declines in the demand for residential and commercial property in the Houston area and could reduce or negatively affect property values or homebuilding activity within the District. The District cannot predict the impact that negative conditions in the oil industry could have on property values in the District.

Extreme Weather

The greater Houston area, including the District, is subject to occasional severe weather events, including tropical storms and hurricanes. If the District were to sustain damage to its facilities requiring substantial repair or replacement, or if substantial damage were to occur to taxable property within the District as a result of such a weather event, the investment security of the Bonds could be adversely affected. The greater Houston area has experienced multiple storms exceeding a 0.2% probability (i.e. "500-year flood" events) since 2015, including Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 25, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the successive four days.

If a future weather event significantly damaged all or part of the improvements within the District, the assessed value of property within the District could be substantially reduced, which could result in a decrease in tax revenues and/or necessitate an increase the District's tax rate. Further, there can be no assurance that a casualty loss to taxable property within the District will be covered by insurance (or that property owners will even carry flood or other casualty insurance), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild or repair any damaged improvements within the District. Even if insurance proceeds are available and improvements are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values within the District could be adversely affected.

Specific Flood Type Risks

<u>River (or Fluvial) Flood</u>: occurs when water levels rise over the top of river, bayou or channel banks due to excessive rain from tropical systems making landfall and/or persistent thunderstorms over the same area for extended periods of time. The damage from a riverine flood can be widespread. The overflow can affect smaller rivers and streams downstream, or may sheetflow overland. Flash flooding is a type of riverine flood that is characterized by an intense, high velocity torrent of water that occurs in an existing river channel with little to no notice. Flash floods are very dangerous and destructive not only because of the force of the water, but also the hurtling debris that is often swept up in the flow. They can occur within minutes or a few hours of excessive rainfall. They can also occur even if no rain has fallen, for instance, after a levee, dam or reservoir has failed, or after a sudden release of water by a debris or ice jam. Controlled releases from a dam, levee or reservoir also could potentially create a flooding condition in rivers, bayous or man-made drainage systems (canals or channels) downstream.

<u>Ponding (or Pluvial) Flood</u>: occurs when heavy rainfall creates a flood event independent of an overflowing water body, typically in relatively flat areas. Intense rainfall can over capacitate a drainage system which becomes trapped and flows out into streets and nearby structures until it reaches a natural outlet. Ponding can also occur in a flood pool upstream or behind a dam, or levee, or reservoir.

Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by judicial foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time-consuming and expensive collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer, or (c) market conditions affecting the marketability of taxable property within the District and limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of such property. Moreover, the proceeds of any sale of property within the District available to pay debt service on the Bonds may be limited by the existence of other tax liens on the property (see "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Overlapping Taxes"), by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, and by other factors (including the taxpayers' right to redeem property within two years of foreclosure for residential and agricultural use property and six months for other property). Finally, any bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer. In addition to the automatic stay against collection of delinquent taxes afforded a taxpayer during the pendency of a bankruptcy, a bankruptcy could affect payment of taxes in two other ways: first, a debtor's confirmation plan may allow a debtor to make installment payments on delinquent taxes for up to six years; and, second, a debtor may challenge, and a bankruptcy court may reduce, the amount of any taxes assessed against the debtor, including taxes that have already been paid.

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or the redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Resolution, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, the Registered Owners have the statutory right of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Resolution. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners. Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Resolution may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may further be limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Subject to the requirements of Texas law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of Registered Owner's remedies, including mandamus. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismisses the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision such as the District may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (1) is authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (2) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (3) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (4) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiation is impracticable. Special districts such as the District must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under Texas law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with Texas law requirements, the District could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby invoking the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning District relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be appealable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the Registered Owner could potentially and adversely impair the value of the Registered Owner's claim.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect Registered Owners by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating the collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners' claims against a district.

A district may not be forced into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Future Debt

The District has the right to issue obligations other than the Bonds, including tax anticipation notes and bond anticipation notes, and to borrow for any valid purpose. The District's voters have authorized a total of \$121,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring water, wastewater, and drainage facilities and \$12,150,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing roads facilities and \$8,590,000 principal amount for refunding such bonds, and \$26,600,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing and/ or acquiring park and recreational facilities and \$2,660,000 principal amount for refunding such bonds. After the issuance of the Bonds, \$74,400,000 principal amount of the unlimited tax bonds for road facilities, \$115,595,000 principal amount of the unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities, all of the bonds for park and recreational facilities and all of the bonds for refunding purposes will remain authorized but unissued. The District has filed a bond application with the TCEQ requesting approval to sell \$7,960,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer and drainage facilities. The District expects TCEQ approval and issuance of such bonds in the first quarter of 2024. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds secured by ad valorem taxes. The issuance of additional obligations may increase the District's tax rate and could adversely affect the security for, and the investment quality and value of, the Bonds.

To date, the Developer has advanced certain funds for construction of facilities for which they have not been reimbursed. After the reimbursements are made with Bond proceeds, the District will owe approximately \$12,500,000 (excluding land costs and interest) to the Developer for water, wastewater and drainage facilities and approximately \$4,000,000 for road facilities. The District intends to issue additional bonds in order to reimburse the Developer and other landowners for existing development. The District does not employ any formula with respect to appraised valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. Further, the principal amount of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for constructing and/or acquiring park and recreational facilities may not exceed one percent (1%) of the District's certified taxable assessed valuation, unless, the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may not exceed an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the value of the taxable property in the District. The issuance of additional bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities and park and recreational facilities is subject to approval by the TCEQ (as defined herein) pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District. See "THE BONDS—Issuance of Additional Debt - Generally."

Environmental Regulations

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

<u>Air Quality Issues</u>: Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and the TCEQ may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act ("CAA") Amendments of 1990, the eight-county Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area ("HGB Area")—Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery and Liberty Counties—has been designated a nonattainment area under two separate federal ozone standards: the eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 (the "2008 Ozone Standard"), and the EPA's most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015 (the "2015 Ozone Standard"). While the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB Area, the HGB Area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "severe" nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2027. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB Area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "moderate" nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of August 3, 2024. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB Area consists of only six counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA's ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan ("SIP") for the HGB Area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB Area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB Area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA's attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB Area's economic growth and development.

Water Supply & Discharge Issues: Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the HGB Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2023, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain non-stormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The TCEQ issued the General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the "MS4 Permit") on January 24, 2019. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. While the District is currently not subject to the MS4 Permit, if the District's inclusion were required at a future date, the District could incur substantial costs to develop, implement, and maintain the necessary plans as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff in order to comply with the MS4 Permit.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the "waters of the United States." The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

On May 25, 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, which clarified the definition of "waters of the United States" and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the *Sackett* decision, "waters of the United States" includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as "streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes" and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection.

While the *Sackett* decision removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Marketability of the Bonds

The District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Changes in Tax Legislation

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Resolution on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactive to the date of original issuance. See "TAX EXEMPTION."

Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance

The Initial Purchaser has entered into an agreement with ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") for the purchase of a municipal bond insurance policy (the "Policy"). At the time of entering into the agreement, the Insurer was rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the Insurer and its claim paying ability. The Insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See description of "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The obligations of the Insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the Insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the Insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial of the Insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the Insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" for further information provided by the Insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the Insurer.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Proceedings

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a transcript of certain certified proceedings incident to the issuance and authorization of the Bonds. Such transcript will include a copy of the approving opinion of the Attorney General of Texas, as recorded in the Bond Register of the comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the levy of ad valorem taxes without limitation as to rate or amount. The District will also furnish the legal opinion of The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, Bond Counsel, to the effect that, based upon an examination of such transcript, the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District under the Texas Constitution and laws of the State of Texas. The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will further state that the bonds are payable, both as to principal and interest, from the levy of ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, against taxable property within the District and that interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes as further described in "TAX EXEMPTION."

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under "THE BONDS," "THE DISTRICT—General," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS—Legal Proceedings," "TAX EXEMPTION," and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE (except under the sub-heading "Compliance with Prior Undertakings")," solely to determine whether such information fairly summarizes matters of law and the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District or the Developer for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, executed by both the President or Vice President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board, and dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, to the effect that there is not pending, and to their knowledge, there is not threatened, any litigation affecting the validity of the Bonds, or the levy and/or collection of taxes for the payment thereof, or the organization or boundaries of the District, or the title of the officers thereof to their respective offices, and that no additional bonds or other indebtedness have been issued since the date of the statement of indebtedness or non-encumbrance certificate submitted to the Attorney General of Texas in connection with approval of the Bonds.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District from that set forth or contemplated in the OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

TAX EXEMPTION

Opinion of Bond Counsel

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under current law, interest on the Bonds (a) is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum income tax, and (c) is taken into account by applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code for the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. No other opinion is expressed by Bond Counsel regarding the tax consequences of the ownership of or the receipt or accrual of interest on the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion is given in reliance upon certifications by representatives of the District as to certain facts relevant to both the opinion and requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and is subject to the condition that there is compliance subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied in order for interest thereon to remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The District has covenanted to comply with the current provisions of the Code regarding, among other matters, the use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds and the timely payment to the United States of any arbitrage rebate amounts with respect to the Bonds. Failure by the District to comply with such covenants, among other things, could cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to their date of issue.

Customary practice in the giving of legal opinions includes not detailing in the opinion all the assumptions, limitations and exclusions that are a part of the conclusions therein. See "Statement on the Role of Customary Practice in the Preparation and Understanding of Third-Party Legal Opinions", 63 Bus. Law. 1277 (2008) and "Legal Opinion Principles", 53 Bus. Law. 831 (May 1998). Purchasers of the Bonds should seek advice or counsel concerning such matters as they deem prudent in connection with their purchase of Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based in part upon the representations and covenants referenced therein and its review of current law, but is not a guarantee of result or binding on the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") or the courts. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to Bond Counsel's attention after the date of its opinion or to reflect any changes in law or the interpretation thereof that may occur or become effective after such date.

Alternative Minimum Tax

<u>Individuals</u>: Bond Counsel's opinion states that under current law interest on the Bonds is not an item of reference and is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

<u>Applicable Corporations</u>: Bond Counsel's opinion also states that under current law interest on the Bonds may have to be taken into account by applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) for the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations. Under current law, an "applicable corporation" generally is a corporation with average annual adjusted financial statement income for a 3-taxable-year period ending after December 31, 2021 that exceeds \$1 billion.

Other Tax Matters

The Bonds will not be designated as qualified tax-exempt obligations within the meaning of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

In addition to the matters addressed above, prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including without limitation financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, S corporations, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to the applicability and impact of such consequences.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the status of interest on the Bonds under the tax laws of any state, local, or foreign jurisdiction.

The Service has a program to audit state and local government obligations to determine whether the interest thereon is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes. If the Service does audit the Bonds, under current Service procedures, the Service will treat the District as the taxpayer and the owners of the Bonds will have only limited rights, if any, to participate.

There are many events that could affect the value and liquidity or marketability of the Bonds after their issuance, including but not limited to public knowledge of an audit of the Bonds by the Service, a general change in interest rates for comparable securities, a change in federal or state income tax rates, federal or state legislative or regulatory proposals affecting state and local government securities and changes in judicial interpretation of existing law. In addition, certain tax considerations relevant to owners of Bonds who purchase Bonds after their issuance may be different from those relevant to purchasers upon issuance. Neither the opinion of Bond Counsel nor this OFFICIAL STATEMENT purports to address the likelihood or effect of any such potential events or such other tax considerations and purchasers of the Bonds should seek advice concerning such matters as they deem prudent in connection with their purchase of Bonds.

Original Issue Discount

Some of the Bonds will be sold at initial sale prices that are less than their respective stated redemption prices payable at maturity (collectively, the "Discount Bonds"). The excess of (i) the stated redemption price at maturity of each maturity of the Discount Bonds, over (ii) the initial offering price to the public (excluding bond houses and brokers) at which a substantial amount of each maturity of the Discount Bonds is sold will constitute original issue discount. Original issue discount will accrue for federal income tax purposes on a constant-yield-to-maturity method based on regular compounding; and a holder's basis in such a Bond will be increased by the amount of original issue discount treated for federal income tax purposes as having accrued on the Bond while the holder holds the Bond.

Under the Code, for purposes of determining a holder's adjusted basis in a Discount Bond, original issue discount treated as having accrued while the holder holds the Bond will be added to the holder's basis. Original issue discount will accrue on a constant-yield-to-maturity method based on semiannual compounding. The adjusted basis will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition (including redemption or payment at maturity) of a Discount Bond.

Prospective purchasers of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the calculation of accrued original issue discount and the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such Bonds.

Bond Premium

Bonds purchased, whether upon issuance or otherwise, for an amount (excluding any amount attributable to accrued interest) in excess of their principal amount will be treated for federal income tax purposes as having amortizable bond premium. A holder's basis in such a Bond must be reduced by the amount of premium which accrues while such Bond is held by the holder. No deduction for such amount will be allowed, but it generally will offset interest on the Bonds while so held. Purchasers of such Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the calculation, accrual and treatment of amortizable bond premium and the state and local tax consequences of holding such Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BOND RATING

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) to this issue of Bonds with the understanding that upon issuance and delivery of the Bonds, a municipal bond insurance policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. No application has been made to a municipal rating company for an underlying rating on the Bonds, nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating if application had been made.

The rating reflects only the view of such organization and the District makes no representation as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as "APPENDIX B" to this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

AGM is a New York domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an indirect subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Ltd. ("AGL"), a Bermuda-based holding company whose shares are publicly traded and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AGO". AGL, through its subsidiaries, provides credit enhancement products to the U.S. and non-U.S. public finance (including infrastructure) and structured finance markets and participates in the asset management business through ownership interests in Sound Point Capital Management, LP. Neither AGL nor any of its shareholders or affiliates, other than AGM, is obligated to pay any debts of AGM or any claims under any insurance policy issued by AGM.

AGM's financial strength is rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), "AA+" (stable outlook) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. ("KBRA") and "A1" (stable outlook) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). Each rating of AGM should be evaluated independently. An explanation of the significance of the above ratings may be obtained from the applicable rating agency. The above ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and such ratings are subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies, including withdrawal initiated at the request of AGM in its sole discretion. In addition, the rating agencies may at any time change AGM's long-term rating outlooks or place such ratings on a watch list for possible downgrade in the near term. Any downward revision or withdrawal of any of the above ratings, the assignment of a negative outlook to such ratings or the placement of such ratings on a negative watch list may have an adverse effect on the market price of any security guaranteed by AGM. AGM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of bonds insured by AGM on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the relevant insurance policy), and does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the securities it insures, nor does it guarantee that the ratings on such securities will not be revised or withdrawn.

Current Financial Strength Ratings

On July 13, 2023, S&P announced it had affirmed AGM's financial strength rating of "AA" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that S&P may take.

On October 21, 2022, KBRA announced it had affirmed AGM's insurance financial strength rating of "AA+" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that KBRA may take.

On March 18, 2022, Moody's announced it had upgraded AGM's insurance financial strength rating to "A1" (stable outlook) from "A2" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that Moody's may take.

For more information regarding AGM's financial strength ratings and the risks relating thereto, see AGL's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Capitalization of AGM

At June 30, 2023:

- The policyholders' surplus of AGM was approximately \$2,702 million.
- The contingency reserve of AGM was approximately \$894 million.
- The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM and its subsidiaries (as described below) were approximately \$2,089 million. Such amount includes (i) 100% of the net unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM, and (ii) the net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGM's wholly owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty UK Limited ("AGUK") and its 99.9999% owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty (Europe) SA ("AGE").

The policyholders' surplus of AGM and the contingency reserves, net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM were determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGUK and AGE were determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

Portions of the following documents filed by AGL with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that relate to AGM are incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- (i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 (filed by AGL with the SEC on March 1, 2023); and
- (ii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 (filed by AGL with the SEC on May 10, 2023).
- (iii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023 (filed by AGL with the SEC on August 9, 2023).

All information relating to AGM included in, or as exhibits to, documents filed by AGL with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, excluding Current Reports or portions thereof "furnished" under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, after the filing of the last document referred to above and before the termination of the offering of the Bonds shall be deemed incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing such documents. Copies of materials incorporated by reference are available over the internet at the SEC's website at http://www.assuredguaranty.com, or will be provided upon request to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.: 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Communications Department (telephone (212) 974-0100). Except for the information referred to above, no information available on or through AGL's website shall be deemed to be part of or incorporated in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Any information regarding AGM included herein under the caption "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE—Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp." or included in a document incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "AGM Information") shall be modified or superseded to the extent that any subsequently included AGM Information (either directly or through incorporation by reference) modifies or supersedes such previously included AGM Information. Any AGM Information so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, except as so modified or superseded.

Miscellaneous Matters

AGM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Sources and Compilation of Information

The financial data and other information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Developer, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Appraisal District and information from other sources. All of these sources are believed to be reliable, but no guarantee is made by the District as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from such sources, and its inclusion herein is not to be construed as a representation on the part of the District except as described herein under "Certification of Official Statement." Furthermore, there is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will be realized. The summaries of the agreements, reports, statutes, resolutions, engineering and other related information set forth in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are included herein subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents for further information.

Financial Advisor

Masterson Advisors LLC is employed as the Financial Advisor to the District to render certain professional services, including advising the District on a plan of financing and preparing the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, including the OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE and the OFFICIAL BID FORM for the sale of the Bonds. In its capacity as Financial Advisor, Masterson Advisors LLC has compiled and edited this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT in accordance with, and as a part of, its responsibilities to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Consultants

In approving this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the District has relied upon the following consultants.

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to the breakdown of the District's historical assessed value and principal taxpayers, including particularly such information contained in the section entitled "TAX DATA" has been provided by Bob Leared Interests and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such firm as an expert in assessing property values and collecting taxes.

<u>Engineer</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to engineering and to the description of the District's water, wastewater and storm drainage system and, in particular that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM" has been provided by Costello, Inc., and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as the District's Engineer.

<u>Auditor</u>: The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were audited by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of the District's June 30, 2022, financial statements.

<u>Bookkeeper:</u> The information related to the "unaudited" summary of the District's General Operating Fund as it appears in "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—General Operating Fund" has been provided by District Data Services and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such firm as experts in the tracking and managing the various funds of municipal utility districts.

Updating the Official Statement

If subsequent to the date of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes the OFFICIAL STATEMENT to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the OFFICIAL STATEMENT satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to the Initial Purchaser to so amend or supplement the OFFICIAL STATEMENT will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District on or before such date that less than all of the bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time as required by law (but not more than 90 days after the date the District delivers the Bonds).

Certification of Official Statement

The District, acting through its Board in its official capacity, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that the information, statements, and descriptions or any addenda, supplement and amendment thereto pertaining to the District and its affairs contained herein, to the best of its knowledge and belief, contain no untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. With respect to information included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT other than that relating to the District, the District has no reason to believe that such information contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; however, the Board has made no independent investigation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the District. In rendering such certificate, the Board has relied in part upon its examination of records of the District, and upon discussions with, or certificates or correspondence signed by, certain other officials, employees, consultants and representatives of the District.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Resolution, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") through the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually to the MSRB through its EMMA system.

The information to be updated with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the headings "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)", (except under the subheading "Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement" and "Overlapping Taxes"), "TAX DATA," and "APPENDIX A." The District will update and provide this information to the MSRB within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2023.

The District may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by Rule 15c2-12 ("Rule") of the United State Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The updated information will include audited financial statements if the District commissions an audit and the audit is completed by the required time. If the audit of such financial statements is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to the MSRB within such six month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report on such statements becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in the Bond Resolution, or such other accounting principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The District's current fiscal year end is June 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by December 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Specified Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MRSB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR § 240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of an definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation (as defined by the Rule, which includes certain debt, debt-like, and debt-related obligations) of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "financial obligation" and "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from EMMA

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing updated information only to the MSRB. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge through its EMMA internet portal at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of specified events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects; nor has the District agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although Registered or Beneficial Owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt to the changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, if but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering made hereby in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and either the Registered Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds consent to the amendment or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. The District may amend or repeal the agreement in the Bond Resolution if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid or unenforceable, but only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the initial offering. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance With Prior Undertakings

Since its first issuance of Bonds in 2022, the District has complied in all material respects with all continuing disclosure agreements made by the District in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

All estimates, statements and assumptions in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT and the APPENDICES hereto have been made on the basis of the best information available and are believed to be reliable and accurate. Any statements in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such statements will be realized.

/s/ Kyle Atchison
President, Board of Directors

ATTEST:

/s/ <u>Leticia Cortez</u> Secretary, Board of Directors

AERIAL LOCATION MAP (As of July 2023)



PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT (As of July 2023)

























APPENDIX A

Financial Statement of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

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McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 Montgomery County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the Water District Financial Management Guide is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide an assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

MCall Dikon Swedland Banfort PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

October 4, 2022

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Management's discussion and analysis of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net includes all of the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has two governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, operating costs and general expenditures. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI") and other supplementary information. A budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for the General Fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by \$6,244,325 as of June 30, 2022.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. water, wastewater and drainage facilities less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The District uses these assets to provide water and wastewater services.

This is the District's first audit. In future years, a comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position will be presented. The following table provides a summary of the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022:

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

	Summary of the <u>Statement of Net Position</u> 2022			
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated	\$ 297,796			
Depreciation)	 7,162,155			
Total Assets	\$ 7,459,951			
Due to Developer Other Liabilities	\$ 10,313,384 3,390,892			
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,704,276			
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ (6,163,306) (81,019)			
Total Net Position	\$ (6,244,325)			

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Summary of the Statement of Activities 2022		
Revenues:			
Property Taxes	\$ 23,952		
Charges for Services	717,258		
Other Revenues	 15,359		
Total Revenues	\$ 756,569		
Expenses for Services	 6,832,277		
Change in Net Position	\$ (6,075,708)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 (168,617)		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (6,244,325)		

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District's combined fund balances as of June 30, 2022, were a deficit of \$3,093,096, a decrease of \$3,086,429 from the prior year.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$170,233, primarily due to developer advances which offset operating costs exceeding property tax and service revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund was created in the current fiscal year and had a deficit fund balance of \$3,256,662 at year end due to the issuance of the Series 2022 Bond Anticipation Note.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of Directors annually adopts an unappropriated budget for the General Fund. The budget was amended during the current fiscal year to increase projected revenues and expenditures and decrease projected developer advances. Actual revenues were \$47,569 more than budgeted revenues. Actual expenditures were \$36,936 more than budgeted expenditures. Developer advances were \$159,600 more than budgeted advances. This resulted in a positive budget variance of \$170,233. See the budget to actual comparison on page 31 for further information.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets as of June 30, 2022, total \$7,162,155 (net of accumulated depreciation) and include the water, wastewater and drainage systems.

Capital Accets	At Vear End	Net of Accumul	lated Depreciation
Cabital Assets	At rear-End.	net of Accumu	lated Debreciation

	2022
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation:	
Water System	\$ 675,863
Wastewater System	1,475,629
Drainage System	 5,010,663
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 7,162,155

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2022, the District did not have any outstanding long-term bond debt.

As of June 30, 2022, the District recorded an amount due to Developer of \$10,313,384 which consists of operating advances of \$244,585 and completed projects funded by the Developer in the amount of \$10,068,799.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140, c/o The Muller Law Group, PLLC, 202 Century Square Boulevard, Sugar Land, Texas, 77478.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	_Ge	neral Fund	Pr	Capital ojects Fund
ASSETS Cash Receivables: Service Accounts Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	\$	240,181 41,148	\$	16,467
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	281,329	\$	16,467
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Bond Anticipation Note Interest Payable Due to Developer Security Deposits Bond Anticipation Note Payable	\$	74,147 43,616	\$	13,129 3,260,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	117,763	\$	3,273,129
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Authorized Construction Committed for Contract Taxes Unassigned	\$	10,156 153,410	\$	(3,256,662)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	163,566	\$	(3,256,662)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	281,329	\$	16,467

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted

TOTAL NET POSITION

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

Total	A	djustments		tatement of let Position
\$ 256,648	\$		\$	256,648
41,148		7,162,155		41,148 7,162,155
\$ 297,796	\$	7,162,155	\$	7,459,951
\$ 74,147 13,129	\$		\$	74,147 13,129
43,616		10,313,384		10,313,384 43,616
\$ 3,260,000 3,390,892	\$	10,313,384	\$	3,260,000 13,704,276
\$ (3,256,662)	\$	3,256,662	\$	
 10,156 153,410	<u>Ψ</u>	(10,156) (153,410)	<u> </u>	
\$ (3,093,096)	\$	3,093,096	\$	-0-
\$ 297,796				
	\$	(6,163,306) (81,019)	\$	(6,163,306) (81,019)
	\$	(6,244,325)	\$	(6,244,325)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (3,093,096)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	7,162,155
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities at year end consist of:	
Due to Developer	 (10,313,384)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (6,244,325)



MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Gei	neral Fund
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	\$	23,952
Water Service		69,025
Wastewater Service		75,215
Penalty and Interest		1,168
Tap Connection and Inspection Fees		571,850
Miscellaneous Revenues		15,359
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	756,569
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES		
Service Operations:		
Professional Fees	\$	229,359
Contracted Services		50,208
Purchased Water Service		49,778
Repairs and Maintenance		110,493
Depreciation		
Other		356,498
Capital Outlay		
Conveyance of Assets		
Debt Service:		
Bond Anticipation Note Interest		
Bond Anticipation Note Issuance Costs		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	796,336
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	·	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	(39,767)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Developer Advances	\$	210,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	170,233
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)/NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2021		(6,667)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)/NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2022	\$	163,566

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

Capital					tatement of
Projects Fund	<u>d</u>	Total	A	djustments	 Activities
\$	\$	23,952 69,025 75,215 1,168	\$		\$ 23,952 69,025 75,215 1,168
		571,850			571,850
\$ -0-	\$	15,359 756,569	\$	- 0 -	\$ 15,359 756,569
	_			_	 _
\$	\$	229,359 50,208 49,778 110,493	\$	61,919	\$ 291,278 50,208 49,778 110,493
		-,		230,698	230,698
3,170,70		356,623 3,170,708		(3,170,708) 5,657,370	356,623 5,657,370
13,12 72,70 \$ 3,256,66	<u> </u>	13,129 72,700 4,052,998	\$	2,779,279	\$ 13,129 72,700 6,832,277
\$ (3,256,66	<u>\$2</u>) <u>\$</u>	(3,296,429)	\$	(2,779,279)	\$ (6,075,708)
\$ -0-		210,000	\$	(210,000)	\$ -0-
\$ (3,256,66	52) \$	(3,086,429)	\$	3,086,429 (6,075,708)	\$ (6,075,708)
	<u> </u>	(6,667)		(161,950)	 (168,617)
\$ (3,256,66	<u>\$2</u>) <u>\$</u>	(3,093,096)	\$	(3,151,229)	\$ (6,244,325)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (3,086,429)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds do not account for depreciation. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are depreciated and depreciation expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	(230,698)
Governmental funds report capital expenditures as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	3,108,789
Assets conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as expenses in the Statement of Activities.	(5,657,370)
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources. However, in the Statement of Net Position, developer advances, net any amount paid to the developer, are recorded as a liability.	 (210,000)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (6,075,708)

NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140 (the "District") was created effective June 14, 2013, pursuant to House Bill No. 1492 in the 83rd Regular Session of the Texas Legislature in accordance with Article III, Section 52 and article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, the District is empowered to purchase, operate and maintain all facilities, plants and improvements necessary to provide water, sanitary sewer service, storm sewer drainage, irrigation, solid waste collection and disposal, including recycling, roads, and to construct parks and recreational facilities for the residents of the District. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on June 2, 2020.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (the "GASB"). In addition, the accounting records of the District are maintained generally in accordance with the *Water District Financial Management Guide* published by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission").

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected board. The GASB has established criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statement as component units.

The District and other surrounding water districts have contracted with Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186 (the "Master District") for the financing, operation, and maintenance of regional water, wastewater, drainage and road facilities. These facilities are under the oversight of the Master District's Board of Directors and financial activity of the Master District has been included in the financial statements of the District as a note disclosure (see Note 7). Copies of the financial statements for the Master District may be obtained from Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186's attorney.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense of the government-wide Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the District's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements include a Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and a Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Governmental Funds

The District has two governmental funds and considers each to be a major fund.

<u>General Fund</u> - To account for resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, operating costs and general expenditures.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - To account for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are those taxes which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures.

Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund are reported as other financing sources or uses. Loans by one fund to another fund and amounts paid by one fund for another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet if there is intent to repay the amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund incurred and as expenses in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital asset additions, improvements and preservation costs that extend the life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Engineering fees and certain other costs are capitalized as part of the asset.

Assets are capitalized, including infrastructure assets, if they have an original cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life of two years or more. Depreciation is calculated on each class of depreciable property using no salvage value and the straight-line method of depreciation.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Y ears
Water System	10-45
Wastewater System	10-45
Drainage System	10-45

Budgeting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The original General Fund budget for the current year was amended. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Pensions

The District has not established a pension plan as the District does not have employees. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that fees of office received by Directors are considered to be wages subject to federal income tax withholding for payroll purposes only.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources. Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.

Committed: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. As of June 30, 2022, the District has committed \$10,156 of the General Fund fund balance for contract tax revenue which is to be remitted to Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186.

Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. BONDS VOTED

As of June 30, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$121,500,000 for the purchase or construction of water, sewer and drainage facilities and \$12,150,000 for the refunding of such bonds, \$26,600,000 for the purchase or construction of parks and recreational facilities and \$2,660,000 for the refunding of such bonds and \$85,900,000 for the purchase or construction of road facilities and \$8,590,000 for the refunding of such bonds.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes.

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$256,648 and the bank balance was \$194,289. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk at year-end.

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet at June 30, 2022, as listed below:

	Cash
GENERAL FUND	\$ 240,181
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 16,467
TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$ 256,648

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest. This policy is reviewed annually. The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had no investments.

Restrictions

All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for the purchase of capital assets.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation Water System Wastewater System Drainage System		\$ 699,148 1,526,420 5,167,285	\$	\$ 699,148 1,526,420 5,167,285
Total Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation Accumulated Depreciation	\$ -0-	\$ 7,392,853	\$ -0-	\$ 7,392,853
Water System Wastewater System Drainage System		\$ 23,285 50,791 156,622	\$	\$ 23,285 50,791 156,622
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ -0-	\$ 230,698	\$ -0-	\$ 230,698
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ -0-	\$ 7,162,155	\$ -0-	\$ 7,162,155

NOTE 6. MAINTENANCE TAX

On May 1, 2021, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. The maintenance tax is to be used by the General Fund to pay expenditures of operating the District's waterworks and wastewater system. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax rate of \$0.72 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$13,796 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,916,140 for the 2021 tax year.

On May 1, 2021, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a road maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation to be used for construction and maintaining the District's roads. As of June 30, 2022, the District has not levied a road maintenance tax.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the appraisal district. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

NOTE 7. REGIONAL FACILITIES

The District is part of a regional system (the "Master District System") in which the "Master District" (defined below) provides, finances, constructs, owns, operates, and/or maintains certain public water, sewer, drainage, road and park facilities ("Master District Facilities") to serve other municipal utility districts (each a "Participant") that i) are located within the Master District's Service Area (defined below) and, ii) have entered into the Master District Contract (defined below) with the Master District. Use of this Master District System encourages regionalization and helps avoid duplication of facilities. Each Participant will finance, construct, own, operate and maintain its own internal water, sewer, drainage, road and park facilities.

There are currently four additional municipal districts other than the Master District and the District within the Service area. These are Montgomery County Municipal Utility District Nos. 187, 188, 189, and 190; however, these districts are not actively developing, have not entered into the Master District Contract, and therefore, and not considered Participants at this time.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 186 ("MUD 186" or the "Master District") serves as the Master District for the Master District System. Currently, only the District has entered into the Contract for Construction, Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Facilities (the "Master District Contract") with MUD 186.

Among other things, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District will issue bonds from time to time to finance Master District Facilities that serve the Participants ("Master District Bonds"). Such bonds will be issued as contract revenue bonds payable solely from the contract revenues collected by the Master District from the Participants for such purpose. The Participants are required to levy and collect a contract tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within their respective boundaries sufficient to pay their respective pro rata shares of the debt service payments on the Master District Bonds, including, if applicable, any charges and expenses of paying agents, registrars and trustees utilized in connection with the Master District Bonds, the principal, interest and redemption requirements of the Master District Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the Master District Bond documents entered into by the Master District. Each Participant's contract payments will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a contract tax or the provisions of other lawfully available funds to make its contract payments is the sole responsibility of each Participant.

A Participant's pro rata share of the debt service payments on Master District Bonds is calculated as the total assessed value of taxable property located in such district divided by the total assessed value of taxable property located within the boundaries of all Participants. At this time, as the only Participant, the District's share of debt service payments on any Master District Bonds is 100%. There is no limit in the Master District Contract on the total principal amount of Master District Bonds that may be issued by the Master District.

NOTE 7. REGIONAL FACILITIES (Continued)

The Master District has submitted a bond application, in the principal amount of \$6,610,000, to the Commission. It is anticipated that the application will be approved by the Commission and that the bonds will be issued by the Master District in late 2022. The District will be responsible for levying a contract tax on all taxable property within its boundaries sufficient to pay 100% of the debt service payments on such Master District Bonds until such time as other municipal utility districts within the Service Area have commenced development and approved the Master District Contract, at which time they will be deemed Participants and will fund their pro rata shares of the debt service payments along with the District.

The Master District Contract further requires that each Participant fund its pro-rata share of the Master District's operational expenses, with each Participants' share being calculated based upon its share of total share of water connections located within the boundaries of all Participants. Each Participant is obligated to establish and maintain rates, fees, and charges for its services which, together with tax revenues and funds received from any other lawful sources, are sufficient at all times to pay the operation and maintenance expenses of the Master District. If any Participant fails to pay its share of these costs in a timely manner, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District shall be entitled to cancel, in whole or in part, any reservation or allocation of capacity in the Master District Facilities by such Participant in addition to the Master District's other remedies pursuant to the Master District Contract. As a practical matter, the Participants have no alternative provider of the water and wastewater services rendered by the Master District under the Master District Contract. Currently, as the only Participant, the District is responsible for paying all of the administrative expenses of the Master District, which it pays in the form of "Monthly Charges" invoiced monthly by the Master District.

Water Facilities: Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District is responsible for planning and providing regional water facilities to the Participants within its Service Area, including the District. In order to provide potable water supply services to the District, the Master District has entered into a Wholesale Agreement for Water and Wastewater Service with West Fork Utility Company, LLC ("West Fork"), dated July 12, 2021 (the "Wholesale Agreement"). Pursuant to the Wholesale Agreement, West Fork agreed to provide sufficient water supply capacity to serve up to 4,000 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFC"). Currently, West Fork has constructed a water plant with two water wells, one 190 gallons per minute and one 730 gallons per minute. These water wells are permitted by the Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District. The current water plant has capacity to serve 779 ESFC, which is sufficient to serve the existing 250 ESFC within the District. West Fork is obligated to expand the water plant as necessary and within the timeframe required to meet the needs of continued development within the District and Master District Service Area.

NOTE 7. REGIONAL FACILITIES (Continued)

Wastewater Facilities: Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District is responsible for planning and providing regional wastewater facilities to the Participants within its Service Area, including the District. In order to provide wastewater treatment services to the District, the Master District has entered into a Wholesale Agreement for Water and Wastewater Service with West Fork Utility Company, LLC ("West Fork"), dated July 12, 2021 (the "Wholesale Agreement"). Pursuant to the Wholesale Agreement, West Fork agreed to provide sufficient wastewater treatment capacity to serve up to 4,000 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFC"). Currently, West Fork has constructed a wastewater treatment plant capable of serving up to serve 1,000 ESFC, which is sufficient to serve the existing 250 ESFC within the District. West Fork is obligated to expand the wastewater treatment plant as necessary and within the timeframe required to meet the needs of continued development within the District and Master District Service Area.

Wholesale Agreement: Pursuant to the Wholesale Agreement, the Master District is obligated to pay West Fork connection charges for capacity in the West Fork water plant and West Fork wastewater plant (the "West Fork System"). The connection charges are to paid as follows: a \$300,000 initial payment (the "Initial Payment") and \$1,100 per platted ESFC (i.e., \$550 for water and \$550 for sewer), with the \$1,100 per ESFC being due on the earlier of 1) receipt by the Master District of bond proceeds issued for the purpose of purchasing capacity in the West Fork System, or 2) 36 months following the date of the recording of the respective final plat. The Initial Payment shall be credited against the final \$300,000 worth of connection charges due under the Wholesale Agreement. The Master District currently has a bond application filed with the Commission including funds in the amount of \$608,000 to make the Initial Payment and purchase 280 ESFC worth of capacity in the West Fork System. The Master District has used Bond Anticipation Note proceeds in the amount of \$547,200 to make the Initial Payment and purchase approximately 225 ESFC from West Fork pending sale of the Master District bonds, which is anticipated in late 2022. In addition to the connection charges, the Wholesale Agreement provides that the Master District shall pay monthly usage charges to West Fork as follows: a volumetric rate of \$3.70 per 1,000 gallons of actual metered water usage and a flat fee for sanitary sewer services in the amount of \$37.00 per ESFC actually connected to the West Fork System.

Regional Water Distribution and Wastewater Collection: Regional water distribution facilities consist of waterlines ranging from 6 inches to 16 inches. These potable water distribution facilities supply water received from the West Fork System to the internal water distribution facilities constructed by the Participants, including the District. The regional wastewater collection facilities include sanitary sewer lines ranging in size from 6 inches to 16 inches. These collection lines collect waste from the internal facilities constructed by or on behalf of each Participant, including the District, and transport it to the West Fork System.

NOTE 7. REGIONAL FACILITIES (Continued)

Master Drainage: The Master District also provides the Service Area with drainage facilities, which include drainage channel facilities, detention pond facilities, and conveyance storm sewer lines ("Storm-Water Drainage Facilities"). The Master District is responsible for operation and maintenance of the Storm-Water Drainage Facilities.

Internal Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection, and Storm Drainage Facilities: Internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities have been constructed, are being constructed, or will be constructed by the Participants, including the District. The Participant's systems tie into the Master District's systems.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem contract tax rate of \$0.53 per \$100 of assessed valuation. This resulted in a tax levy of \$10,156 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,916,140 for the 2021 tax year.

Summarized financial activities of the Master District as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended are as follows:

Total Assets Total Liabilites	\$ 10,591,701 14,090,257
Total Net Position	\$ (3,498,556)
Total Revenues	\$ -0-
Total Expenditures	 3,414,938
Change in Net Position	\$ (3,414,938)
Net Position - July 1, 2021	 (83,618)
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$ (3,498,556)

NOTE 8. UNREIMBURSED COSTS

The District has entered into certain financing and reimbursement agreements with a Developer within the District which provides for the Developer to make payments on behalf of the District for various projects and operating advacnes. The District has an oblication to reimburse the Developer for these costs from future bond issues to the extent approved by the Commission. The District has recorded a liability to the Developer of \$244,585 for operating advances and \$10,068,799 for completed projects as of June 30, 2022. The actual amounts owed, including developer interest, will be calculated at the time debt is issued to reimburse the Developer. The following table summarized the current fiscal year activity related to unreimbursed Developer costs for operating advances:

Due to Developer, beginning of year	\$ 161,950
Current Year Additions	13,322,142
Current Year Reimburesments	 3,170,708
Due to Developer, end of year	\$ 10,313,384

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past two years.

NOTE 10. WATER SUPPLY AND INTERCONNECT AGREEMENT

On October 15, 2020, the District entered into a Water Supply and Interconnect Contract with Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 56 ("MUD 56"). The agreement requires the District to install a meter and construct a water line to a point of connection.

MUD 56 agrees to deliver water in the maximum amount of 24,000 gallons per day. The monthly fees are \$31.00 for the first 3,000 gallons of water passing through the interconnect meter, plus \$31.00 for the first 3,000 gallons passing through each active residential meter, plus \$3.00 for each 1,000 gallons of water in excess of water billed as noted above up to 720,000 gallons plus \$0.45 for each 1,000 gallons of water for surface water conversion credits purchased by MUD 56. Charges in excess of the maximum allowed shall be \$8.00 per 1,000 gallons plus \$0.45 for the District's share of surface water conversion credits. During the current fiscal year, the District recorded \$49,778 in purchased water costs from MUD 56.

NOTE 10. WATER SUPPLY AND INTERCONNECT AGREEMENT (Continued)

Unless terminated by mutual agreement of the districts, the contract shall continue in force and effect for a period of two years from the date of its execution. Upon termination, an Emergency Water Interconnect Agreement takes effect. This provides that during an emergency, the district experiencing the emergency shall be supplied water by the other district through the interconnect. The cost of water supplied to each district is \$1.50 per 1,000 gallons plus the thencurrent surface water charges from any governmental entity with authority to impose such charges, if any.

NOTE 11. SALE OF BOND ANTICIPATION NOTE

On May 12, 2022, the District closed on the sale of its \$3,260,000 Series 2022 Bond Anticipation Note ("BAN"). Proceeds from the BAN sale were used to reimburse the Developer for a portion of the engineering and construction costs for water, wastewater and drainage facilities to serve the Highlands, Sections 1 and 3, as well as to reimburse operating advances. Additional proceeds were used to pay for issuance costs of the BAN. The BAN is expected to be redeemed with proceeds from the Series 2022 bonds. See Note 14.

NOTE 12. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The District has entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement ("SPA") with the City of Conroe, Texas (the "City"), effective January 28, 2021, whereby the City may impose its sales and use tax within the District upon its limited purpose annexation of the District. To date, the City has not exercised its right to annex the District for limited purposes, but it may exercise this right at any time. After the date of the limited purpose annexation, the City shall pay to the District an amount equal to 50% of the sales and use tax revenues that are reported on the monthly sales tax report provided by the Comptroller and received by the City from the Comptroller.

The City may, but is not required to, annex the District for full purposes upon the earlier of the following: 1. The date, not earlier than December 31, 2045, or 2. The time the District has achieved 95% Build Out, whichever occurs first. Upon the full purpose annexation conversion date, the land included within the boundaries of the District shall be deemed to be within the full purpose boundary limits of the City without the need for any further action. Upon such date, all taxable property within the territory of the District shall become subject to ad valorem taxation by the City.

If the debt of the District remains outstanding on the full purpose annexation conversion date, the City may require the District to continue to exist as a limited district for so long as necessary for the limited district to fully discharge all outstanding debt of the limited district.

NOTE 12. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT (Continued)

At any time on or after the time after development in the District reaches 95% build out or December 31, 2045, the City may, in its sole discretion, annex all of the land within the District for full purposes, dissolve the District and assume the debt of the District as provided in Texas Local Government Code, Section 43.075.

NOTE 13. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Projects Fund has a deficit balance of \$3,256,662 as of June 30, 2022. This deficit is due to the issuance of the BAN and will be eliminated when the BAN is redeemed with the proceeds of the Series 2022 bonds. See Note 14.

NOTE 14. PENDING BOND SALE

Subsequent to the report date, the District anticipates closing on the sale of its \$5,905,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022. Proceeds from the bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for a portion of the engineering and construction costs for water, wastewater and drainange facilities to serve The Highlands, Sections 1 and 3, as well as to reimburse operating advances. Additional proceeds will be used to redeem the BAN, pay capitalized interest and pay for issuance costs of the BAN and bonds. Delivery of the bonds is expected on or about November 9, 2022.



MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2022

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Property Taxes		\$ 24,000	\$ 23,952	\$ (48)	
Water Service		50,000	69,025	19,025	
Wastewater Service		35,000	75,215	40,215	
Penalty and Interest Tap Connection and Inspection Fees		600,000	1,168 571,850	1,168	
Miscellaneous Revenues		000,000	15,359	(28,150) 15,359	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ -0-	\$ 709,000	\$ 756,569	\$ 47,569	
EXPENDITURES					
Service Operations:					
Professional Fees	\$ 105,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 229,359	\$ (169,359)	
Contracted Services	10,500	10,500	50,208	(39,708)	
Purchased Water Service			49,778	(49,778)	
Repairs and Maintenance			110,493	(110,493)	
Other	34,200	23,400	356,498	(333,098)	
Contract Tax Payments		665,500		665,500	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 149,700	\$ 759,400	\$ 796,336	\$ (36,936)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	\$ (149,700)	\$ (50,400)	\$ (39,767)	\$ 10,633	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Developer Advances	\$ 149,700	\$ 50,400	\$ 210,000	\$ 159,600	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (149,700)	\$ -0-	\$ 170,233	\$ 170,233	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (149,700)	\$ -0-	\$ 170,233	\$ 170,233	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2021	(6,667)	(6,667)	(6,667)		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022	\$ (156,367)	\$ (6,667)	\$ 163,566	\$ 170,233	



MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE JUNE 30, 2022

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1.	SERVICES PROVIDED	BY THE DISTRICT	DURING THE FISCAL	VEAR

X	Retail Water		Wholesale Water	X	Drainage
X	Retail Wastewater		Wholesale Wastewater		Irrigation
	Parks/Recreation		Fire Protection		Security
	Solid Waste/Garbage		Flood Control		Roads
	Participates in joint venture,	, regional	system and/or wastewater	service (c	ther than
X	emergency interconnect))			
	Other (specify):				

2. RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS

a. RETAIL RATES FOR A 5/8" METER (OR EQUIVALENT):

Based on the rate order effective June 7, 2022.

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1,000 Gallons over Minimum Use	Usage Levels
WATER:	\$25.00	5,000	N	\$2.75 \$3.00 \$3.25 \$3.75	5,001 to 10,000 10,001 to 20,000 20,001 to 30,000 30,001 and over
WASTEWATER:	\$55.00		Y		
SURCHARGE:	N/A				
District employs winter a	averaging for wastev	vater usage?			Yes X

Total monthly charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water: \$38.75 Wastewater: \$55.00 Total: \$93.75

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2. RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS (Continued)

b. WATER AND WASTEWATER RETAIL CONNECTIONS: (Unaudited)

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFCs
Unmetered			x 1.0	
≤ ³⁄₄"	273	272	x 1.0	272
1"	53	53	x 2.5	133
1½"			x 5.0	
2"			x 8.0	
3"			x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water Connections	326	325		405
Total Wastewater Connections	322	322	x 1.0	322

3. TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST THOUSAND: (Unaudited)

Water Accountability Ratio: 100% (Gallons billed /Gallons pumped)

Gallons purchased: 7,985,000 From: Montgomery County Municipal

Utility District No. 56

Gallons billed to customers: 7,985,000

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

4. STANDBY FEES (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):						
	Does the District have Debt Se	ervice stand	lby fees?		Yes	No <u>X</u>
	Does the District have Operation	on and Ma	intenance stand	by fees?	Yes	No <u>X</u>
5.	LOCATION OF DISTRICT	:				
	Is the District located entirely	within one	county?			
	Yes X	No				
	County or Counties in which I	District is lo	ocated:			
	Montgomery County,	Texas				
	Is the District located within a	city?				
	Entirely	Partly		Not at all	<u>X</u>	
	Is the District located within a	city's extra	a territorial juri	sdiction (ETJ)?		
	Entirely X	Partly		Not at all		
	ETJ in which the District is loo	cated:				
	City of Conroe, Texas					
	Are Board Members appointed	l by an offi	ce outside the I	District?		
	Ves	No	X			

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROFESSIONAL FEES:		
Engineering	\$	37,610
Legal		191,749
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES	\$	229,359
PURCHASED SERVICES FOR RESALE:		
Purchased Water Service	\$	49,778
CONTRACTED SERVICES:		
Appraisal District	\$	640
Bookkeeping		9,570
Operations and Billing		9,173
Landscape Planning		25,481
Solid Waste Disposal		1,247
Tax Collector		4,097
TOTAL CONTRACTED SERVICES	\$	50,208
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$	110,493
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES:		
Director Fees	\$	10,500
Election Costs		14,106
Insurance		3,919
Legal Notices		348
Office Supplies and Postage		19,873
Payroll Taxes		803
Travel and Meetings		406
Other	Φ.	6,592
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES	\$	56,547
TAP CONNECTIONS	\$	265,928
OTHER EXPENDITURES:		
Inspection Fees	\$	27,925
Sludge Hauling	•	6,098
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	\$	34,023
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	796,336

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Maintena	ince Ta	ixes	Contra	ct Taxe	es
TAXES RECEIVABLE - JULY 1, 2021 Adjustments to Beginning	\$ -0-			\$ -0-		
Balance	 	\$	-0-	 	\$	-0-
Original 2021 Tax Levy	\$ 13,735		12.706	\$ 10,111		10.156
Adjustment to 2021 Tax Levy TOTAL TO BE	 61		13,796	 45		10,156
ACCOUNTED FOR		\$	13,796		\$	10,156
TAX COLLECTIONS:						
Prior Years Current Year	\$ -0- 13,796		13,796	\$ -0- 10,156		10,156
TAXES RECEIVABLE - JUNE 30, 2022		\$	-0-		\$	-0-



MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2021
PROPERTY VALUATIONS: Land Exemptions TOTAL PROPERTY	\$ 1,935,150 (19,010)
VALUATIONS	\$ 1,916,140
TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION: Debt Service	
Contract Maintenance	\$ 0.53 0.72
TOTAL TAX RATES PER	
\$100 VALUATION	\$ 1.25
ADJUSTED TAX LEVY*	\$ 23,952
PERCENTAGE OF TAXES COLLECTED TO TAXES LEVIED	 <u>100.00</u> %

^{*} Based upon adjusted tax at time of audit for the fiscal year in which the tax was levied.

Maintenance Tax - Maximum tax rate of \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation approved by voters on May 1, 2021.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS JUNE 30, 2022

District Mailing Address - Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 140

The Muller Law Group, PLLC 202 Century Square Boulevard Sugar Land, Texas 77478

District Telephone Number - (281) 500-6050

	Term of	Expense				
	Office	Fee	es of Office	reimbur	sements for	
	(Elected or	for th	ne year ended	the ye	ear ended	
Board Members	Appointed)	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2022	June	30, 2022	<u>Title</u>
Kyle Atchison	05/22 - 05/26 (Elected)	\$	2,550	\$	-0-	President
Mary Ellen Bare	05/22 - 05/26 (Elected)	\$	1,950	\$	195	Vice President
Leticia Cortez	05/21 - 05/24 (Elected)	\$	2,400	\$	211	Secretary
Glen Jordan	05/21 - 05/24 (Elected)	\$	1,800	\$	-0-	Assistant Secretary
Trevor Aaron Dobbs	05/21 - 05/24 (Elected)	\$	1,800	\$	-0-	Assistant Vice President

Notes:

No Director has any business or family relationships (as defined by the Texas Water Code) with major landowners in the District, with the District's developers or with any of the District's consultants.

The submission date of the most recent District Registration Form: May 25, 2022.

The limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year is \$7,200 as set by Board Resolution (TWC Section 49.060). Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's fiscal year.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 140 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS JUNE 30, 2022

		Fees for the year	
	Date	ended	
Consultants:	Hired	June 30, 2022	Title
The Muller Law Group, PLLC	06/02/20	\$ 198,776 \$ 32,600	General Counsel BAN Related
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	04/05/22	\$ -0- \$ 7,500	Auditor BAN Related
F. Matuska, Inc.	06/02/20	\$ 14,745	Bookkeeper
Predue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	05/04/21	\$ -0-	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Costello, Inc.	06/02/20	\$ 37,611	Engineer
RBC Capital Markets, LLC	06/02/20	\$ 32,600	Financial Advisor
Brendan Doran	01/04/22	\$ -0-	Investment Officer
Environmental Development Partners, L.L.C.	06/02/20	\$ 418,772	Operator
BLICO, Inc., dba Bob Leared Interests	06/02/20	\$ 5,419	Tax Assessor/ Collector

APPENDIX B

Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: Policy No: -N

BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of Effective Date:

Premium: \$

ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance of and securing the Bonds) for the Bonds, for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of AGM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the Business Day next following the Business Day on which AGM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, AGM will disburse to or for the benefit of each Owner of a Bond the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bond that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by AGM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of the principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in AGM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by AGM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by AGM for purposes of the preceding sentence and AGM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, who may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement in respect of a Bond, AGM shall become the owner of the Bond, any appurtenant coupon to the Bond or right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on the Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under the Bond, to the extent of any payment by AGM hereunder. Payment by AGM to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners shall, to the extent thereof, discharge the obligation of AGM under this Policy.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity unless AGM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment of principal or interest that is Due for Payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer which been recovered from such Owner pursuant

United States Bankruptcy Code by a trustee in bankruptcy in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means telephonic or telecopied notice, subsequently confirmed in a signed writing, or written notice by registered or certified mail, from an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent to AGM which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount and (d) the date such claimed amount became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer or any person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

AGM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee and the Paying Agent specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee and the Paying Agent, (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to AGM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to AGM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by AGM under this Policy may be made directly by AGM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of AGM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of AGM only and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of AGM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, AGM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to AGM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of AGM, and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, (a) any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatspever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity and (b) this Policy may not be canceled or revoked. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW.

In witness whereof, ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.



A subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. 1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019 (212) 974-0100

Form 500NY (5/90)