OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE, BID FORM and PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$5,000,000*

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS (Parker County)

Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023

The City will designate the Certificates as "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS"

Bids Due Thursday, April 27, 2023 at 10:00 A.M., Central Time

This Official Notice of Sale does not alone constitute an invitation for bids but is merely notice of sale of the Certificates described herein. The invitation for bids on such Certificates is being made by means of this Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form and the Preliminary Official Statement.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change based on bid structures. See "THE CERTIFICATES – ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE CERTIFICATES" in the Official Notice of Sale Relating to the Certificates.



OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE

\$5,000,000* CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023

Dated: April 20, 2023

CERTIFICATES OFFERED FOR SALE AT COMPETITIVE BID: The City Council of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City" or "Issuer") is offering for sale at competitive bid \$5,000,000* Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 (the "Certificates").

Bidders must submit bids for the Certificates electronically by internet as described below in "BIDS BY INTERNET".

BIDS BY INTERNET: Interested bidders may, at their option and risk, submit their bid by electronic media, as described below, by 10:00 A.M., Central Daylight Time ("CDT"), on April 27, 2023. Bidders submitting a bid by internet **shall not be required to submit signed Official Bid Forms prior to the award**. Any prospective bidder that intends to submit an electronic bid must submit its electronic bid via the facilities of the i-Deal, LLC Parity System ("PARITY") and should, as a courtesy, register with PARITY by no later than 9:00 A.M., CDT, on April 27, 2023 indicating their intent to submit a bid by internet.

In the event of a malfunction in the electronic bidding process, bidders may submit their bids by email to mmcliney@samcocapital.com. If there is a malfunction of the electronic bidding process and a bidder submits a bid via an email, please call 210-832-9760 to notify the Financial Advisor of the incoming bid. Any bid received after the scheduled time for their receipt will not be accepted.

The official time for the receipt of bids shall be the time maintained by PARITY (or by the financial advisor if there is a problem with the electronic bidding system). All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form, and the Preliminary Official Statement. To the extent that any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY conflict with this Official Notice of Sale, the terms of this Official Notice of Sale shall control. For further information about the PARITY System, potential bidders may contact i-Deal LLC at 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, Telephone 212-849-5021.

An electronic bid made through the facilities of PARITY shall be deemed an irrevocable offer to purchase the Certificates on the terms provided in this Official Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed, sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of PARITY, the use of such facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder.

<u>OPENING OF BIDS:</u> Bids will be opened and publicly read at 10:00 A.M., Central Time, on Thursday, April 27, 2023, following which the bids will be evaluated by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Financial Advisor") and the City Council shall provide final approval of the award at a City Council meeting later that evening. The Mayor of the City or his representative shall award the Certificates as described in the section entitled "AWARD AND SALE OF THE CERTIFICATES" below.

AWARD AND SALE OF THE CERTIFICATES: By 12:00 P.M. Noon, Central Time, on the date set for receipt of bids, the Mayor of the City or his representative shall tentatively award the Certificates to the low qualified bidder (the "Winning Bidder"), as described in the section entitled "CONDITIONS OF SALE – Basis of Award" herein subject to final approval of the City Council which will take action to adopt an ordinance (the "Ordinance") authorizing the issuance and awarding sale of the Certificates or will reject all bids promptly at a scheduled meeting to commence at 7:00 P.M. Central Time on Thursday, April 27, 2023. The City reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any irregularities, except time of filing.

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^{*} Preliminary, subject to change. See "ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS" herein.

THE CERTIFICATES

DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN TERMS OF THE CERTIFICATES: The Certificates will be dated April 15, 2023 (the "Dated Date") and interest on the Certificates shall accrue from the Dated Date and will be payable initially on August 1, 2023 and semi-annually on each February 1 and August 1 thereafter until maturity or prior redemption. The Certificates will be issued as fully-registered obligations in book-entry form only and when issued will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository (the "Securities Depository"). Book-entry interests in the Certificates will be made available for purchase in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof within a stated maturity. Purchasers of the Certificates ("Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of certificates representing their interest in the Certificates purchased. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Certificates, the principal of and interest on the Certificates will be payable by the Paying Agent/Registrar, initially BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas, to the Securities Depository, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to the Beneficial Owners of the Certificates. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" in the Preliminary Official Statement.)

MATURITY SCHEDULE

The Certificates will be stated to mature on August 1 in each of the following years in the following amounts:

Stated Maturity	Principal Amount*	Stated <u>Maturity</u>	Principal Amount*
2023	\$120,000	2035	220,000
2024	210,000	2036	230,000
2025	225,000	2037	245,000
2026	235,000	2038	255,000
2027	245,000	2039	270,000
2028	260,000	2040	285,000
2029	275,000	2041	300,000
2030	295,000	2042	310,000
2031	300,000		
2032	320,000		
2033	195,000		
2034	205,000		

ADJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AND MATURITY SCHEDULE FOR THE CERTIFICATES: The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Certificates, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities; provided, however, that the aggregate principal (denominational) amount of the Certificates shall not exceed \$5,000,000*. Notice of any such changes shall be given to the successful bidder as soon as practicable following the notification of award, as described below, and this Notice of Sale may be amended at the sole discretion of the City to reflect such increase or decrease. The City will attempt to maintain total per bond underwriter spread when adjusting maturities. No such adjustment will have the effect of altering the basis upon which the best bid is determined. The successful bidder may not withdraw its bids or change the rates bid or any initial reoffering prices as a result of any changes made to the principal (denominational) amounts.

SERIAL CERTIFICATES AND/OR TERM CERTIFICATES: Bidders may provide that all of the Certificates be issued as serial maturities or may provide that any two or more consecutive annual principal amounts be combined into one or more term certificates, not to exceed five term certificates (the "Term Certificates").

MANDATORY SINKING FUND REDEMPTION: If the successful bidder designates principal amounts of two or more consecutive maturities to be combined into one or more Term Certificates, each such Term Certificate will be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on August 1 of the first year which has been combined to form such Term Certificate and continuing on August 1 in each year thereafter until the stated maturity date of that Term Certificate. The amount redeemed in any year will be equal to the principal amount for such year set forth in the table under the caption "THE CERTIFICATES - Maturity Schedule" on page ii of the Notice of Sale. Certificates to be redeemed in any year by mandatory sinking fund redemption will be redeemed at par and will be selected by lot from among the Certificates then subject to such mandatory sinking fund redemption.

The principal amount of the Term Certificates of a stated maturity required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of such mandatory redemption provisions may be reduced, at the option of the City, by the principal amount of Term Certificates of like stated maturity which, at least 50 days prior to a mandatory redemption date, (1) shall have been acquired by the City at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Certificates plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent/Registrar for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and canceled by the Paying Agent/Registrar at the request of the City at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Certificates plus accrued interest to the date of purchase or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions set forth above and not theretofore credited against a mandatory redemption requirement.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change. See "ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS" herein.

The Final Official Statement will incorporate the mandatory redemption provisions for the Certificates in the event the successful bidder elects to convert serial maturities into one or more Term Certificates.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION: The City reserves the right, at its option, to redeem Certificates maturing on or after August 1, 2033, in whole or in part, in principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on August 1, 2032, or any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of the redemption as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement.

AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE AND SECURITY FOR PAYMENT: The Certificates are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas (the "State"), including particularly Texas Local Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 271, as amended, Texas Government Code, Chapter 1502, as amended, and an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Authority for Issuance" in the Preliminary Official Statement.)

The Certificates constitute direct and general obligations of the City payable from a combination of (i) the levy and collection of a direct and continuing ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property in the City and (ii) the surplus revenues of the City's waterworks and sewer system (the "System") remaining after payment of all operation and maintenance expenses thereof, and all debt service, reserve, and other requirements in connection with any of the City's revenue bonds or other obligations (now or hereafter outstanding), which are payable from all or any part of the revenues of the System, all as provided in the Ordinance. (See "THE CERTIFICATES – Security for Payment" in the Preliminary Official Statement.)

PAYING AGENT/REGISTRAR: The initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Certificates is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas. In the Ordinance, the City covenants to provide a Paying Agent/Registrar at all times while the Certificates are outstanding, and any Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the City shall be a commercial bank, trust company, financial institution or other entity qualified and authorized to serve in such capacity and perform the duties and services of Paying Agent/Registrar. The Paying Agent/Registrar will maintain the Security Register containing the names and addresses of the registered owners of the Certificates. In the Ordinance the City retains the right to replace the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the Issuer, such Paying Agent/Registrar, promptly upon the appointment of a successor, is required to deliver the Security Register to the successor Paying Agent/Registrar.

In the event there is a change in the Paying Agent/Registrar, the City has agreed to notify each registered owner of the Certificates then outstanding by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, at the address in the Security Register, stating the effective date of the change and the mailing address of the successor Paying Agent/Registrar.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM: The City intends to utilize the Book-Entry-Only System of DTC, with respect to the issuance of the Certificates. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" in the Preliminary Official Statement.)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT AND OTHER TERMS AND COVENANTS IN THE ORDINANCE: Further details regarding the Certificates and certain covenants of the City contained in the Ordinance are set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement to which reference is made for all purposes.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

TYPES OF BIDS AND INTEREST RATES: The Certificates will be sold in one block on an "All or None" basis, and at a price of not less than their par value, plus accrued interest on the Certificates from the Dated Date of the Certificates to the date of Initial Delivery (defined herein) of the Certificates. No bid producing a cash premium on the Certificates that results in a dollar price of less than 103% will be considered; provided, however, that any bid is subject to adjustment as described under the caption "ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRICIPAL AMOUNTS". Bidders are invited to name the rate(s) of interest to be borne by the Certificates, provided that each rate bid must be in a multiple of 1/8 of 1% or 1/20 of 1% and the net effective interest for the Certificates (calculated in the manner required by Texas Government Code, Chapter 1204, as amended) must not exceed 15%. The highest rate bid may not exceed the lowest rate bid by more than 300 basis points (or 3% in rate). No limitation is imposed upon bidders as to the number of rates or changes which may be used. All Certificates of one stated maturity must bear one and the same rate. No bids involving supplemental interest rates will be considered.

BASIS OF AWARD: The sale of the Certificates will be awarded to the bidder making a bid that conforms to the specifications herein and which produces the lowest **True Interest Cost** rate to the Issuer (the "Purchaser" or the "Initial Purchaser"). The True Interest Cost rate is that rate which, when used to compute the total present value as of the Dated Date of all debt service payments on the Certificates on the basis of semi-annual compounding, produces an amount equal to the sum of the par value of the Certificates plus the premium, if any (but not interest accrued from the Dated Date to the date of their initial delivery to the Purchaser). In the event of a bidder's error in interest cost rate calculation, the interest rates, and premium, if any, set forth in the Official Bid Form will be considered as the intended bid.

In order to provide the City and its consultants with information required to be submitted to the Texas Bond Review Board pursuant to Section 1202.008, Texas Government Code, as amended, the Initial Purchaser will be required to provide the City (on or before the 10th business day prior to the delivery of the Certificates) with a breakdown of its "underwriting spread" among the following categories: Takedown, Management Fee (if any), Legal Counsel Fee (if any) and Spread Expenses (if any).

ESTABLISHING THE ISSUE PRICE FOR THE CERTIFICATES: The Issuer intends to rely on Treasury Regulation section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of municipal bonds), which require, among other things, that the Issuer receives bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds (the "Competitive Sale Requirement").

In the event that the bidding process does not satisfy the Competitive Sale Requirement, Bids will <u>not</u> be subject to cancellation and the winning bidder (i) agrees to promptly report to the Issuer the first prices at which at least 10% of each maturity of the Certificates (the AFirst Price Maturity@) have been sold to the Public on the Sale Date (the "10% Test") (if different interest rates apply within a maturity, each separate CUSIP number within that maturity will be subject to the 10% Test) and (ii) agrees to hold-the-offering-price of each maturity of the Certificates that does not satisfy the 10% Test ("Hold-the-Price Maturity"), as described below.

In order to provide the Issuer with information that enables it to comply with the establishment of the issue price of the Certificates under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the winning bidder agrees to complete, execute, and timely deliver to the Issuer or to the Issuer's municipal advisor, SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Issuer's Municipal Advisor") a certification as to the Certificates "issue price" (the "Issue Price Certificate") substantially in the form and to the effect attached hereto or accompanying this Notice of Sale, no later than 5 business days prior to the Closing Date if the Competitive Sale Requirement is satisfied or within 5 business days of the date on which the 10% Test is satisfied with respect to all of the First Price Maturities. In the event the winning bidder will not reoffer any maturity of the Certificates for sale to the Public (as defined herein) by the Closing Date, the Issue Price Certificate may be modified in a manner approved by the Issuer. It will be the responsibility of the winning bidder to institute such syndicate reporting requirements, to make such investigation, or otherwise to ascertain such facts necessary to enable it to make such certification with reasonable certainty. Any questions concerning such certification should be directed to Bond Counsel (identified in the Preliminary Official Statement).

For purposes of this section of this Notice of Sale:

- (i) "Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a Related Party to the Underwriter;
- (ii) "Underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public);
- (iii) "Related Party" means any two or more persons (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) that are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other); and
- (iv) "Sale Date" means the date that the Certificates are awarded by the Issuer to the winning bidder.

All actions to be taken by the Issuer under this Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Certificates may be taken on behalf of the Issuer by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor, and any notice or report to be provided to the Issuer may be provided to the Issuer's Municipal Advisor.

The Issuer will consider any bid submitted pursuant to this Notice of Sale to be a firm offer for the purchase of the Certificates, as specified in the bid and, if so stated, in the Official Bid Form.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, (A) to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Certificates of each maturity allocated to it until either all such Certificates have been sold or it is notified by the winning bidder that either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Certificates of that maturity, (B) to promptly notify the winning bidder of any sales of Certificates that, to its knowledge, are made to a purchaser who is a Related Party to an Underwriter, and (C) to acknowledge that, unless otherwise advised by the underwriter, dealer or broker-dealer, the winning bidder will assume that based on such agreement each order submitted by the underwriter, dealer or broker-dealer is a sale to the Public; and (ii) any agreement among underwriters or selling group agreement relating to the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Certificates to the Public to require each underwriter or dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Certificates of each maturity allocated to it until either all such Certificates of that maturity.

Sales of any Certificates to any person that is a Related Party to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this Notice of Sale and Bidding Instruction.

By submitting a bid, the winning bidder agrees, on behalf of each Underwriter participating in the purchase of the Certificates, that each Underwriter will neither offer nor sell any Hold-the-Price Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the Public during the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date; or (2) the date on which the Underwriters have sold at least 10% of that Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public. The winning bidder shall promptly advise the Issuer when the Underwriters have sold 10% of a Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS: The Issuer will designate the Certificates as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." See discussion under the caption "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions" contained in the Preliminary Official Statement.

ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS: The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Certificates, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities; provided, however, that the aggregate principal (denominational) amount of the Certificates shall not exceed \$5,000,000*. Notice of any such changes shall be given to the successful bidder as soon as practicable following the notification of award, as described below, and this Notice of Sale may be amended at the sole discretion of the City to reflect such increase or decrease. The City will attempt to maintain total per bond underwriter spread when adjusting maturities. No such adjustment will have the effect of altering the basis upon which the best bid is determined. The successful bidder may not withdraw its bids or change the rates bid or any initial reoffering prices as a result of any changes made to the principal (denominational) amounts.

GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT: A bank cashier's check payable to the order of "City of Hudson Oaks, Texas" **in the amount of \$100,000 which is 2% of the par value of the Certificates** (the "Good Faith Deposit") is required. The Good Faith Deposit of the Initial Purchaser will be retained uncashed by the Issuer until the Certificates are delivered, and at that time it will be returned to the Initial Purchaser of the Certificates. The above-mentioned Good Faith Deposit may accompany the bid, or it may be submitted separately; however, if submitted separately, it shall be made available to the Issuer <u>prior to the opening of the bids</u> and shall be accompanied by instructions from the bank on which it is drawn which will authorize its use as a Good Faith Deposit by the Initial Purchaser who shall be named in such instructions. No interest will be paid or allowed on any Good Faith Deposit. The checks accompanying all other bids will be returned immediately after the bids are opened and the award of the sale of the Certificates has been made.

ADDITIONAL CONDITION OF AWARD — DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTED PARTY FORM:

Described hereinafter is the obligation of the City to receive information from the winning bidder if the bidder is not a publicly traded business entity or a wholly owned subsidiary of a publicly traded business entity (a "Privately Held Bidder"). Pursuant to Texas Government Code Section 2252.908 (the "Interested Party Disclosure Act"), the City may not award the Certificates to a winning bidder which is a Privately Held Bidder unless such party submits a Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "Disclosure Form") to the City as prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission ("TEC"). In the event that a Privately Held Bidder's bid for the Certificates is the best bid received, the City, acting through its financial advisor, will promptly notify the winning Privately Held Bidder. That notification will serve as the City's conditional verbal acceptance of the bid, and will obligate the winning Privately Held Bidder to establish (unless such winning Privately Held Bidder has previously so established) an account with the TEC, and promptly file a completed Disclosure Form, as described below, in order to allow the City to complete the award.

Process for completing the Disclosure Form. Reference should be made to the Disclosure Form, the rules of the TEC with respect to the Disclosure Form (the "Disclosure Rules") and the Interested Party Disclosure Act. Instructional information regarding such matters are set forth at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf_info_form1295.htm. For purposes of completing the Disclosure Form a Privately Held Bidder will need the following information: (a) item 2 – name of governmental entity: "City of Hudson Oaks, Texas" and (b) item 3 – the identification number assigned to this contract by the City: "Hudson Oaks 2023 COs BPA", and a description of the services to be provided under the contract: Purchase of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023. The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the Disclosure Rules require Privately Held Bidders to complete the form at the TEC Internet "portal" that may be accessed at the URL set forth above, and then print, sign and deliver the Disclosure Form to the City at: sterling.naron@hudsonoaks.com, and CC the City's financial advisor at MMcLiney@samcocapital.com and the City's bond counsel at ojuarez@mphlegal.com and kcooper@mphlegal.com.

Following the award of the Certificates, the City will acknowledge receipt of the completed Disclosure Form through the TEC website, as required by the law.

Preparations for completion, and the significance of, the reported information. In accordance with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the information reported by the winning Privately Held Bidder must be declared by an authorized agent of the Privately Held Winning Bidder. No exceptions may be made to that requirement. The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the Disclosure Form provides that such acknowledgment is made "under penalty of perjury." Consequently, a winning Privately Held Bidder should take appropriate steps prior to completion of the Disclosure Form to familiarize itself with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the Disclosure Rules and the Disclosure Form. Time will be of the essence in submitting the form to the City, and no final award will be made by the City regarding the sale of the Certificates until a completed Disclosure Form is received. If applicable, the City reserves the right to reject any bid that does not satisfy the requirement of a completed Disclosure Form, as described herein.

Neither the City nor its consultants have the ability to verify the information included in a Disclosure Form, and neither party has an obligation nor undertakes responsibility for advising any bidder with respect to (1) the bidder's obligation to submit the Disclosure Form or (2) the proper completion of the Disclosure Form. Consequently, an entity intending to bid on the Certificates should consult its own advisors to the extent it deems necessary and be prepared to submit the completed form, if required, promptly upon notification from the City that its bid is the conditional winning bid. Instructional videos on logging in and creating a certificate are provided on the TEC's website at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf info form1295.htm.

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS OF AWARD - REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS AND VERIFICATIONS BY WINNING BIDDER:

No Boycotting of Israel. Each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, represents that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott Israel and, to the extent the Official Notice of Sale and Official Bid Form is a contract for goods or services, will not boycott Israel during the term of this agreement. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2271.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott Israel" means refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations specifically with Israel, or with a person or entity doing business in Israel or in an Israeli-controlled territory, but does not include an action made for ordinary business purposes. Each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, understands "affiliate" to mean an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with our company and exists to make a profit.

No Foreign Terrorist Organizations. Each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, represents that neither it nor any parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates is a company identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Texas Government Code, and posted on any of the following pages of such officer's internet website: https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/sudan-list.pdf; https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/fto-list.pdf. The foregoing representation is made solely to comply with Section 2252.152, Texas Government Code, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law and excludes our company and each parent company, wholly- or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization. Each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with our company and exists to make a profit.

No Boycotting of Energy Companies. To the extent the Official Bid Form constitutes a contract for goods or services for which a written verification statement is required under Section 2274.002 (as added by Senate Bill 13 in the 87th Texas Legislative Session), Texas Government Code, as amended, each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, represents and verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority- owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott energy companies and, will not boycott energy companies during the term of the contract. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" shall mean, without an ordinary business purpose, refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations with a company because the company (A) engages in the exploration, production, utilization, transportation, sale, or manufacturing of fossil fuel-based energy and does not commit or pledge to meet environmental standards beyond applicable federal and state law; or (B) does business with a company described by (A) above. By submitting a bid, each bidder acknowledges that it understands "affiliate" to mean an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder and exists to make a profit. The bidder understands that in connection with its review of the Certificates, the Office of the Texas Attorney General make require documentation from the bidder to substantiate this verification and such documentation may include requiring the bidder to provide a written legal opinion or comfort letter

No Discrimination of Firearm Entities or Firearm Trade Associations. To the extent the Official Bid Form constitutes a contract for goods or services for which a written verification statement is required under Section 2274.002 (as added by Senate Bill 19 in the 87th Texas Legislative Session, "SB 19"), Texas Government Code, as amended, each bidder, through submittal of an executed Official Bid Form, verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority- owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any;

- (1) do not have a practice, policy, guidance or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and
- (2) will not discriminate during the term of the contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.

The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" (A) means, with respect to the entity or association, to (i) refuse to engage in the trade of any goods or services with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; (ii) refrain from continuing an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; or (iii) terminate an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and (B) does not include: (i) the established policies of a merchant, retail seller, or platform that restrict or prohibit the listing or selling of ammunition, firearms, or firearm accessories; and (ii) a company's refusal to engage in the trade of any goods or services, decision to refrain from continuing an

existing business relationship, or decision to terminate an existing business relationship: (aa) to comply with federal, state, or local law, policy, or regulations or a directive by a regulatory agency; or (bb) for any traditional business reason that is specific to the customer or potential customer and not based solely on an entity's or association's status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association. By submitting a bid, each bidder acknowledges that it understands "affiliate" to mean an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder and exists to make a profit. The bidder understands that in connection with its review of the Certificates, the Office of the Texas Attorney General make require documentation from the bidder to substantiate this verification and such documentation may include requiring the bidder to provide a written legal opinion or comfort letter

STANDING LETTER REQUIREMENT. Each prospective bidder must have a standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office as required by the All Bond Counsel Letter of the Texas Attorney General dated September 22, 2021 (the "All Bond Counsel Letter"). In submitting a bid, a bidder represents to the City that it has filed a standing letter that conforms to the requirements set forth in the All Bond Counsel Letter and it has no reason to believe that the City may not be entitled to rely on the standing letter on file with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office. Bidder agrees that it will not rescind its standing letter at any time before the delivery of the Certificates unless same is immediately replaced with a standing letter meeting the requirements of the above-described All Bond Counsel Letter.

The City reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any bid from a bidder that does not have such standing letter on file as of the deadline for bids for the Certificates. In the event that a bidder does not have such standing letter on file at the time of submission of a bid, the bidder agrees to file such standing letter with the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and the Texas Attorney General's Office by the earlier of: (a) two (2) hours after submitting its bid, and (b) the deadline for bids for the Certificates.

In the event the Initial Purchaser should fail or refuse to take up and pay for the Certificates in accordance with the bid, or it is determined that after the acceptance of its bid by the City that the Initial Purchaser was found not to satisfy the requirements described herein under "Standing Letter Requirement" and as a result the Texas Attorney General will not deliver its approving opinion of the Certificates, then said check shall be cashed and accepted by the City as full and complete liquidated damages.

FURTHER STATE LAW COMPLIANCE: In addition to the foregoing, the bidder hereby represents, by submission of a bid, that neither it, nor its parent company, subsidiaries, or affiliates, has received a letter from the Texas Comptroller related to its inclusion on any list of financial companies boycotting energy companies.

BY SUBMITTING A BID, EACH BIDDER AGREES, SHOULD IT BE THE WINNING BIDDER, TO COOPERATE WITH THE CITY AND TAKE ANY ACTION NECESSARY TO FURTHER VERIFY AND CONFIRM COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

IMPACT OF BIDDING SYNDICATE ON AWARD: For purposes of contracting for the sale of the Certificates, the entity signing the bid form as Purchaser shall be solely responsible for the payment of the purchase price of the Certificates. Purchaser may serve as a syndicate manager and contract under a separate agreement with other syndicate members. However, the City is not a party to that agreement and any information provided regarding syndicate managers would be for informational purposes only.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

To assist the Initial Purchaser in complying with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Issuer and the Initial Purchaser contract and agree, by the submission and acceptance of the winning bid, as follows:

COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 15c2-12 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION: The Issuer has approved and authorized distribution of the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Certificates, but does not presently intend to prepare any other document or version thereof for such purpose, except as described below. Accordingly, the Issuer deems the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement to be final as of its date, within the meaning of Rule 15c2-12 of the SEC (the "Rule"), except for information relating to the offering prices, interest rates, final debt service schedule, selling compensation, identity of the Initial Purchaser and other similar information, terms and provisions to be specified in the competitive bidding process. The Initial Purchaser shall be responsible for promptly informing the Issuer of the initial offering yields of the Certificates.

Thereafter, the Issuer will complete and authorize distribution of the Final Official Statement identifying the Initial Purchaser and containing such omitted information. The Issuer does not intend to amend or supplement the Preliminary Official Statement otherwise, except to take into account certain subsequent events, if any, as described below. By delivering the Final Official Statement or any amendment or supplement thereto in the requested quantity to the Initial Purchaser on or after the sale date, the Issuer intends the same to be final as of such date, within the meaning of the Rule. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Issuer makes no representation concerning the absence of material misstatements or omissions from the Preliminary Official Statement, except only as and to the extent under "CERTIFICATION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT" as described below. To the best knowledge and belief of the Issuer, the Preliminary Official Statement contains information, including financial information or operating data, concerning every entity, enterprise, fund, account, or person that is material to an evaluation of the offering of the Certificates.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT: The City will agree in the Ordinance to provide certain periodic information and notices of material events in accordance with the Rule, as described in the Preliminary Official Statement under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION." The Initial Purchaser's obligation to accept and pay for the Certificates is conditioned upon delivery to the Initial Purchaser or its agent of a certified copy of the Ordinance containing the agreement described under such heading.

COMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR UNDERTAKINGS: During the last five years, the Issuer has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements made pursuant to the Rule.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT: The Issuer will furnish to the Initial Purchaser, within seven (7) business days after the sale date, an aggregate maximum of fifty (50) copies of the Final Official Statement (and 50 copies of any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto), together with information regarding interest rates and other terms relating to the reoffering of the Certificates, in accordance with the Rule. The Issuer agrees to provide, or cause to be provided, to the Initial Purchaser the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and any amendments or supplements thereto in such printed or electronic format may be required for the Initial Purchaser to comply with the Rule and the rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"). The Issuer consents to the distribution of such documents in electronic format. The Initial Purchaser may arrange at its own expense to have the Final Official Statement reproduced and printed if it requires more than 50 copies and may also arrange, at its own expense and responsibility, for completion and perfection of the first or cover page of the Final Official Statement so as to reflect interest rates and other terms and information related to the reoffering of the Certificates. The Initial Purchaser will be responsible for providing information concerning the Issuer and the Certificates to subsequent purchasers of the Certificates, and the Issuer will undertake no responsibility for providing such information other than to make the Final Official Statement available to the Initial Purchaser as provided herein. The Issuer's obligation to supplement the Final Official Statement to correct representations determined to be materially misleading, after the date of the Final Official Statement, shall terminate upon the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from the MSRB, but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period" for the Certificates. The Initial Purchaser by submitting a bid for the Certificates agrees to promptly file the Official Statement with the MSRB. Unless otherwise notified in writing by the Initial Purchaser, the Issuer can assume that the "end of the underwriting period" for purposes of the Rule is the date of the initial delivery of the Certificates to the Initial Purchaser.

CHANGES TO OFFICIAL STATEMENT: If, subsequent to the date of the Final Official Statement, the Issuer learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes the Final Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Certificates, as described below under "DELIVERY AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS – CONDITIONS TO DELIVERY," the Issuer will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Final Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the Issuer to do so will terminate on the date specified under "FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT" above.

CERTIFICATION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT: At the time of payment for and delivery of the Initial Certificates, the Initial Purchaser will be furnished a certificate, executed by proper officials of the Issuer, acting in their official capacity, in the form specified in the Official Statement under the heading "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION — Certification of the Official Statement." The Preliminary Official Statement and Official Notice of Sale will be approved as to form and content and the use thereof in the offering of the Certificates will be authorized, ratified and approved by the City Council on the date of sale, and the Initial Purchaser will be furnished, upon request, at the time of payment for and the delivery of the Certificates, a certified copy of such approval, duly executed by the proper officials of the Issuer.

DELIVERY AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

INITIAL DELIVERY OF INITIAL CERTIFICATE: Initial Delivery will be accomplished by the issuance of one fully registered Certificate, in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000*, payable to the Initial Purchaser (the "Initial Certificate"), signed by the Mayor and City Secretary, by their manual or facsimile signatures, approved by the Attorney General, and registered and manually signed by the Comptroller of Public Accounts. Initial Delivery will be at the designated office of the Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon delivery of the Initial Certificate, it shall be immediately canceled and one definitive certificate for each maturity in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000* payable to Cede & Co. will be delivered to DTC in connection with DTC's Book-Entry-Only System. Payment for the Certificates must be made in immediately available funds for unconditional credit to the City, or as otherwise directed by the City. The Initial Purchaser will be given six business days' notice of the time fixed for delivery of the Certificates. It is anticipated that the delivery of the Initial Certificate can be made on or about May 11, 2023, but if for any reason the City is unable to make delivery by May 11, 2023, then the City shall immediately contact the Initial Purchaser and offer to allow the Initial Purchaser to extend his obligation to take up and pay for the Certificates an additional 30 days. If the Initial Purchaser does not elect to extend its offer within six days thereafter, then its Good Faith Deposit will be returned, and both the City and the Initial Purchaser shall be relieved of any further obligation. In no event shall the City be liable for any damages by reason of its failure to deliver the Certificates, provided that such failure is due to circumstances beyond the City's reasonable control.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

DTC DEFINITIVE CERTIFICATES: The Certificates will be issued in book-entry-only form. Cede & Co. is the nominee for DTC. All references herein and in the Official Statement to the holders or registered owners of the Certificates shall mean Cede & Co. and not the beneficial owners of the Certificates. Purchases of beneficial interests in the Certificates will be made in book-entry form in the denomination of \$5,000 principal amounts or any integral multiple thereof. Under certain limited circumstances, there may be a cessation of the immobilization of the Certificates at DTC, or another securities depository, in which case, such beneficial interests would become exchangeable for definitive printed obligations of like principal amount.

CUSIP NUMBERS: It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Certificates, but neither the failure to print such number on any Certificate nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the Initial Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Certificates in accordance with the terms of the Official Bid Form and this Official Notice of Sale. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Certificates shall be paid by the Issuer; however, the CUSIP Service Bureau's charge for the assignment of the numbers shall be paid by the Initial Purchaser.

CONDITIONS TO DELIVERY: The obligation to take up and pay for the Certificates is subject to the following conditions: the issuance of an approving opinion of the Attorney General of Texas, the Initial Purchaser's receipt of the legal opinion of Bond Counsel and the no-litigation certificate, and the non-occurrence of the events described below under the caption "NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE," all as described below. In addition, if the Issuer fails to comply with its obligations described under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT" above, the Initial Purchaser may terminate its contract to purchase the Certificates by delivering written notice to the Issuer within five (5) days thereafter.

NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE: The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take up and pay for the Certificates, and of the Issuer to deliver the Certificates to the Initial Purchaser, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Certificates, there shall have been no material adverse change in the affairs of the Issuer subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth in the Official Statement, as it may have been finalized, supplemented or amended through the date of delivery.

LEGAL OPINIONS: The Certificates are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approval of certain legal matters by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and Bond Counsel (see discussion "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate" in the Official Statement).

CHANGE IN TAX-EXEMPT STATUS: At any time before the Certificates are tendered for initial delivery to the Initial Purchaser, the Initial Purchaser may withdraw its bid if the interest on obligations such as the Certificates shall be declared to be includable in the gross income, as defined in section 61 of the Code, of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, either by Treasury regulations, by ruling or administrative guidance of the Internal Revenue Service, by a decision of any federal court, or by the terms of any federal income tax legislation enacted subsequent to the date of this Official Notice of Sale.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

RATING: A municipal bond rating application has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the results will be made available to the Initial Purchaser as soon as possible. (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION – Rating" in the Preliminary Official Statement). An explanation of the significance of such rating, when received, may be obtained from S&P. A rating reflects only the view of such company at the time the rating is given, and the Issuer makes no representations as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such a rating will continue for any given period of time, or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the company assigning such rating if, in the judgment of such company, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Certificates.

SALE OF ADDITIONAL DEBT: The City does not anticipate the issuance of any additional debt within the next twelve months.

REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION OF CERTIFICATES FOR SALE: No registration statement relating to the Certificates has been filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions provided in such Act. The Certificates have not been approved or disapproved by the SEC, nor has the SEC passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of the Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The Certificates have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon exemptions contained therein, nor have the Certificates been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdiction. The Issuer assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Certificates under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Certificates may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Certificates shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

It is the obligation of the Initial Purchaser to register or qualify sale of the Certificates under the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The Issuer agrees to cooperate, at the Initial Purchaser's written request and expense and within reasonable limits, in registering or qualifying the Certificates, or in obtaining an exemption from registration or qualification in any state where such action is necessary, but will in no instance execute a special or general consent to service of process in any state that the Certificates are offered for sale.

ADDITIONAL COPIES: Subject to the limitations described under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT" herein, additional copies of this Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form, and the Preliminary Official Statement may be obtained from SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc., 1020 NE Loop 410, Suite 640, San Antonio, Texas 78209, Attention: Danni Breaux (210-236-6640, dbreaux@samcocapital.com).

On the date of the sale, the City Council will, in the Ordinance awarding the sale of the Certificates, approve the form and content of the Final Official Statement, and any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto, and authorize its further use in the reoffering of the Certificates by the Initial Purchaser.

/s/ Marc Povero

Mayor
City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

ATTEST:

/s/ Shelley Scazzero
City Secretary
City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

OFFICIAL BID FORM

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks 210 Hudson Oaks Drive Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087 April 20, 2023

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to your Official Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement dated April 20, 2023, which terms are incorporated by reference to this proposal (and which are agreed to as evidenced by our submission of this bid), we hereby submit the following bid for \$5,000,000* City of Hudson Oaks, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023, dated April15, 2023 (the "Certificates").

For your legally issued Certificates, as described in said Official Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement, we will pay you a price of \$______ (being a price of no less than 103% of the par value) plus accrued interest from their Dated Date to the date of delivery to us, for Certificates maturing August 1 and bearing interest as follows:

Year of Stated Maturity	Principal Amount as Stated Maturity	Coupon %	Year of Stated Maturity	Principal Amount as Stated Maturity	Coupon %
2023	\$120,000		2035*	220,000	
2024	210,000		2036*	230,000	
2025	225,000		2037*	245,000	
2026	235,000		2038*	255,000	
2027	245,000		2039*	270,000	
2028	260,000		2040*	285,000	
2029	275,000		2041*	300,000	
2030	295,000		2042*	310,000	
2031	300,000				
2032	320,000				
2033*	195,000				
2034*	205,000				

^{*}Maturities available for Term Certificates.

Our calculation (which is not part of this bid) of the interest	est cost in accordance with the above bid is:	
TRUE INTEREST COST	%	

In the event that the Issuer's Municipal Advisor informs the winning bidder that less than three bids were received for the Certificates, the winning bidder shall promptly report which maturities, if any, will be Hold-the-Price maturities on or before 3 p.m. on the date of the bid opening. See "ESTABLISHING THE ISSUE PRICE FOR THE CERTIFICATES" in this Notice of Sale.

ADJUSTMENT OF INITIAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS: The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal (maturity) amount of any maturity of the Certificates, including the elimination of a maturity or maturities; provided, however, that the aggregate principal (denominational) amount of the Certificates shall not exceed \$5,000,000*. Notice of any such changes shall be given to the successful bidder as soon as practicable following the notification of award, as described below, and this Notice of Sale may be amended at the sole discretion of the City to reflect such increase or decrease. The City will attempt to maintain total per Certificate underwriter spread when adjusting maturities. No such adjustment will have the effect of altering the basis upon which the best bid is determined. The successful bidder may not withdraw its bids or change the rates bid or any initial reoffering prices as a result of any changes made to the principal (denominational) amounts.

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

Of the principal maturities set forth in the table above, we have created term certificates as indicated in the following table (which may include multiple term certificates, one term certificate or no term certificates if none is indicated). For those years which have been combined into a term certificate, the principal amount shown in the table above will be the mandatory sinking fund redemption amounts in such years except that the amount shown in the year of the term certificate maturity date will mature in such year. The term certificates created are as follows:

Term Certificate Maturity <u>Date August 1</u>	Year of First Mandatory Redemption	Principal Amount of Term Certificate	Interest <u>Rate</u>

By its acceptance of this bid, we understand the City will provide the copies of the Final Official Statement and of any amendments or supplements thereto in accordance with the Official Notice of Sale, and will cooperate to permit the undersigned to comply with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Purchaser by submitting this bid for the Certificates agrees to promptly file the Official Statement when received from the City with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

The Initial Certificate shall be registered in the nai	me of	(Syndicate Manager), which will
upon payment for the Certificates, be canceled by	y the Paying Agent/Regis	trar. The Certificates will then be registered in the name
of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee), und at least five business days prior to the date set fo		System. We will advise DTC of reg ^ī stration instructions
Cashier's Check of the	Bank,	, in the amount of \$100,000 which represents
our Good Faith Deposit (is attached hereto) or (h	as been made available	to you prior to the opening of this bid), and is submitted

in accordance with the terms as set forth in the Official Notice of Sale. Upon delivery of the Certificates, said check shall be

returned to the Initial Purchaser.

We agree to accept delivery of the Initial Certificate(s) through DTC and make payment for the Initial Certificate(s) in immediately available funds at BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas, no later than 10:00 A.M., Central Daylight Time, on May 11, 2023, or thereafter on the date the Initial Certificate(s) are tendered for delivery, pursuant to the terms set forth in the Official Notice of Sale.

The undersigned agrees to complete, execute and deliver to the City at least five business days prior to the date of delivery of the Certificates, a certificate relating to the "issue price" of the Certificates in the form and to the effect attached to or accompanying the Official Notice of Sale, with such changes thereto as may be acceptable to the Bond Counsel for the Issuer. The undersigned also agrees to provide the City and its consultants, at least ten business days prior to the delivery of the Certificates, a breakdown of its "underwriting spread" among the following categories: Takedown, Management Fee (if any), Legal Counsel Fee (if any) and Spread Expenses (if any).

The undersigned hereby verifies that, at the time of execution and delivery of this bid, to the extent this Official Bid Form is a contract for goods or services, neither the bidder nor any syndicate member listed on this Official Bid Form, nor any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any, boycotts Israel or will boycott Israel through the date of delivery of the Certificates. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2271, Texas Government Code, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycotts Israel" and "boycott Israel" means refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations specifically with Israel, or with a person or entity doing business in Israel or in an Israeli-controlled territory, but does not include an action made for ordinary business purposes.

By submission of this bid, and as a condition of the award and delivery of the Certificates, the undersigned hereby represents that, neither the bidder nor any syndicate member listed on this Official Bid Form, nor any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any, are companies identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Texas Government Code, and posted on any of the following pages of such officer's internet website: https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/sudan-list.pdf, https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/ftolist.pdf. The foregoing representation is made solely to comply with Section 2252.152, Texas Government Code, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Federal law and excludes the bidder, any syndicate member listed on this Official Bid Form and each parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization.

To the extent this Official Bid Form constitutes a contract for goods or services for which a written verification statement is required under Section 2274.002 (as added by Senate Bill 13 in the 87th Texas Legislative Session), Texas Government Code, as amended, the undersigned represents and verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority- owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott energy companies and, will not boycott energy companies during the term of the contract.

The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" shall mean, without an ordinary business purpose, refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations with a company because the company (A) engages in the exploration, production, utilization, transportation, sale, or manufacturing of fossil fuel-based energy and does not commit or pledge to meet environmental standards beyond applicable federal and state law; or (B) does business with a company described by (A) above. The bidder understands that in connection with its review of the Certificates, the Office of the Texas Attorney General make require documentation from the bidder to substantiate this verification and such documentation may include requiring the bidder to provide a written legal opinion or comfort letter.

To the extent the Official Bid Form constitutes a contract for goods or services for which a written verification statement is required under Section 2274.002 (as added by Senate Bill 19 in the 87th Texas Legislative Session, "SB 19"), Texas Government Code, as amended, the undersigned verifies that it and its parent company, wholly- or majority- owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, (1) do not have a practice, policy, guidance or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and (2) will not discriminate during the term of the contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.

The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" (A) means, with respect to the entity or association, to (i) refuse to engage in the trade of any goods or services with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; (ii) refrain from continuing an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; or (iii) terminate an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and (B) does not include: (i) the established policies of a merchant, retail seller, or platform that restrict or prohibit the listing or selling of ammunition, firearms, or firearm accessories; and (ii) a company's refusal to engage in the trade of any goods or services, decision to refrain from continuing an existing business relationship, or decision to terminate an existing business relationship: (aa) to comply with federal, state, or local law, policy, or regulations or a directive by a regulatory agency; or (bb) for any traditional business reason that is specific to the customer or potential customer and not based solely on an entity's or association's status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association. The bidder understands that in connection with its review of the Certificates, the Office of the Texas Attorney General make require documentation from the bidder to substantiate this verification and such documentation may include requiring the bidder to provide a written legal opinion or comfort letter.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE VERIFICATIONS, THE UNDERSIGNED AGREES TO COOPERATE WITH THE CITY AND TAKE ANY ACTION NECESSARY TO FURTHER VERIFY AND CONFIRM COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW.

By submitting this bid, the Purchaser understands and agrees that if Purchaser should fail or refuse to take up and pay for the Certificates in accordance with this bid, or it is determined that after the acceptance of this bid by the City that the Purchaser was found not to satisfy the requirements described in the Notice of Sale and Bidding Instructions under the heading "CONDITIONS OF SALE" and as a result the Texas Attorney General will not deliver its approving opinion of the Certificates, then the check submitted herewith as Purchaser's Good Faith Deposit shall be cashed and accepted by the City as full and complete liquidated damages.

The undersigned bidder understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder, within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17. C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit.

Unless the bidder certifies that it is exempt from filing a Disclosure Form with the City, upon notification of conditional verbal acceptance, the undersigned will complete an electronic form of the Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "Disclosure Form") through the Texas Ethics Commission's (the "TEC") electronic portal and the resulting certified Disclosure Form that is generated by the TEC's electronic portal will be printed, signed and sent by email to the City at sterling.naron@hudsonoaks.com, to the City's Financial Advisor MMcLiney@samcocapital.com, and to the City's Bond Counsel at ojuarez@mphlegal.com and kcooper@mphlegal.com. The undersigned understands that the failure to provide the certified Disclosure Form will prohibit the City from providing final written award of the enclosed bid.

The Issuer will consider any bid submitted pursuant to the Notice of Sale relating to the Certificates to be a firm offer for the purchase of the Certificates.

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For purposes of contracting for the sale of the Certificates, the entity signing for the payment of the purchase price of the Certificates. The Purchaser maseparate agreement with other syndicate members. However, the City is provided regarding syndicate managers would be for informational purpose	ay serve as a syndicate manager and contract under a s not a party to that agreement and any information
	Respectfully submitted,
	By:Authorized Representative
ACCEPTANCE CLAUSE	
THE ABOVE AND FOREGOING BID IS IN ALL THINGS HEREBY ACCEP of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas.	PTED this 27th day of April 2023, by the City Council
ATTEST:	

City Secretary, City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

Mayor, City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

\$5,000,000* CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

(Sales where at least 3 bids are received from underwriters)

the purchase at competitive sale of the Combination Ta	anager of the syndicate of underwriters ("Purchaser"), with respect to ax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 issued by the amount of \$ ("Certificates"), hereby certifies and represents,
Purchaser, the Purchaser's reasonably expected initial and payment terms (the "Expected Offering Prices") to a company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter ar	inding contract in writing for the purchase of the Certificates by the offering prices of each maturity of the Certificates with the same credit person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, e as set forth in the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the A. The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Certificates used Certificates.
(b) The Purchaser had an equal opportunity to review other bids that was not equally given to all other	bid to purchase the Certificates and it was not given the opportunity per bidders (i.e., no last look).
(c) The bid submitted by the Purchaser constit	uted a firm bid to purchase the Certificates.
rating agency fees). The amount of such fee is set fort any direct or indirect services other than the transfer separately stated, reasonable, and excluded from such the transfer of credit risk and it has been paid to a persuser or related to the user of any proceeds of the Certi realized as a result of such insurance exceeds the arcomputed using the yield on the Certificates, determine	rchased bond insurance for the Certificates. The bond insurance has (the "Insurer") for a fee of \$ (net any nonguarantee cost, e.g., the in the Insurer's commitment and does not include any payment for of credit risk, unless the compensation for those other services is fee. Such fee does not exceed a reasonable, arm's-length charge for son who is not exempt from federal income taxation and who is not a ficates. The present value of the debt service savings expected to be mount of the fee set forth above. For this purpose, present value is ad by taking into account the amount of the fee set forth above, as the er is refundable upon redemption of any of the Certificates in an amount to been earned.
written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwof the Certificates to the Public, or (ii) any person that a described in clause (1)(i) of this paragraph (including agreement participating in the initial sale of the Certification	e term "Underwriter" means (1) (i) a person that agrees pursuant to a vriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale grees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution ates to the Public) to participate in the initial sale of the Certificates to be common ownership, directly or indirectly, with a person described in
of the representations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificating the Certificates, and by McCall, Parkhurst & Hothe Certificates is excluded from gross income for federal Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that	ing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain ficate and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules of the Income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Certificates. For its not engaged in the practice of law and makes no representation in herein.
EXECUTED and DELIVERED as of this	
_	By: Name:
E	Sy:
N	Name:

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.



SCHEDULE A

PRICING WIRE OR EQUIVALENT COMMUNICATION

(Attached)



NEW ISSUE - BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Rating: S&P: "Applied For" (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Rating", herein)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT Dated: April 20, 2023

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Issuer, interest on the Certificates will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions existing on the date of the initial delivery of the Certificates, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein, including the alternative minimum tax on certain corporations.

The City will designate the Certificates as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions.

\$5.000.000* **CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS** (Parker County) **COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023**

Dated Date: April 15, 2023 Due: August 1, as shown on page ii

The City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City" or the "Issuer") \$5,000,000* Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 (the "Certificates") are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas (the "State"), including particularly Texas Local Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 271, as amended, Texas Government Code, Chapter 1502, as amended, and an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Authority for Issuance" herein.)

The Certificates constitute direct obligations of the Issuer payable from a combination of the levy and collection of an annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and further secured by a pledge of the Surplus Revenues (defined herein) derived from the ownership and operation of the City's combined Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System"). (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Security for Payment" herein.)

Interest on the Certificates will accrue from April 15, 2023 (the "Dated Date") as shown above and will be payable on August 1, 2023, and on each February 1 and August 1 thereafter, until maturity or prior redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. The definitive Certificates will be issued as fully registered obligations in book-entry form only and when issued will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, DTC will act as securities depository (the "Securities Depository"). Book-entry interests in the Certificates will be made available for purchase in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers of the Certificates ("Beneficial Owners") will not receive physical delivery of certificates representing their interest in the Certificates purchased. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Certificates, the principal of and interest on the Certificates will be payable by BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas, as Paying Agent/Registrar, to DTC, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to its Participants, which will in turn remit such principal and interest to the Beneficial Owners of the Certificates. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein.)

Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used to pay in whole or in part, of the City's contractual obligations incurred to finance the (1) construction, acquisition, and equipping of improvements to the City's utility system (including water meter upgrades), public stormwater and drainage improvements, street improvements, and public parking improvements and (2) legal, fiscal, and engineering fees in connection with such projects. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Use of Certificate Proceeds" herein.)

The Issuer reserves the right to redeem the Certificates maturing on and after August 1, 2033, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on August 1, 2032, or any date thereafter at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest as further described herein. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Redemption Provisions" herein.)

SEE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR STATED MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, CUSIP NUMBERS, AND REDEMPTION PROVISIONS FOR THE CERTIFICATES

The Certificates are offered for delivery, when, as and if issued and received by the initial purchaser (the "Purchaser") and subject to the approving opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., San Antonio, Texas, Bond Counsel. (See Appendix C - Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel.) (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate" herein). It is expected that the Certificates will be available for delivery through DTC on or about May 11, 2023.

BIDS DUE ON THURSDAY, April 27, 2023 AT 10:00 A.M., CENTRAL TIME

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change

\$5,000,000* CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS (Parker County)

COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023

STATED MATURITY SCHEDULE*

(Due August 1) Base CUSIP – 444086^(a)

Stated Maturity August 1	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate (%)	Initial Yield (%)	CUSIP Suffix ^(a)
2023	\$120,000		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
2024	210,000			
2025	225,000			
2026	235,000			
2027	245,000			
2028	260,000			
2029	275,000			
2030	295,000			
2031	300,000			
2032	320,000			
2033	195,000			
2034	205,000			
2035	220,000			
2036	230,000			
2037	245,000			
2038	255,000			
2039	270,000			
2040	285,000			
2041	300,000			
2042	310,000			

(Interest to accrue from the Dated Date)

The Issuer reserves the right to redeem the Certificates maturing on and after August 1, 2033, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on August 1, 2032, or any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest as further described herein. Additionally, the Purchaser may select certain consecutive maturities of the Certificates to be grouped together as one or more "Term Certificates" and such "Term Certificates" would also be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Redemption Provisions" herein.)

CUSIP numbers are included solely for the convenience of the owner of the Certificates. CUSIP Global Services ("CGS") is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by FactSet Research Systems Inc. Copyright(c) 2023 CUSIP Global Services. All rights reserved. CUSIP data herein is provided by CGS. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CGS database. CUSIP numbers are provided for convenience of reference only. None of the City, the Financial Advisor nor the Purchaser or their agent or counsel assume responsibility for the accuracy of such numbers.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS 210 Hudson Oaks Drive Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087 (682) 229-2400

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	Term Expires
Marc Povero	Mayor	May, 2024
Tom Fitzpatrick	Mayor Pro Tem	May, 2023
Tom Marquardt	Council Member, Place 1	May, 2024
Brian Lixey	Council Member, Place 2	May, 2023
Marty Schrantz	Council Member, Place 3	May, 2024
Sean Cannon	Council Member, Place 4	May, 2023
Daniel Cross	Council Member, Place 5	May, 2023

ADMINISTRATION

		Years of
<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	Municipal <u>Experience</u>
Sterling Naron	City Manager	2 Years
Doug Martella	Finance Analyst	7 Years
Shellev Scazzero	City Secretary	10 Years

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Bond Counsel	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P.
	Can Antonia Tayon

San Antonio, Texas

Financial Advisor SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc.

San Antonio, Texas

Certified Public Accountants George Morgan Sneed, P.C.

Weatherford, Texas

For Additional Information Please Contact:

Mr. Sterling Naron
City Manager
City of Hudson Oaks
210 Hudson Oaks Drive
Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087
682-229-2400
sterling.naron@hudsonoaks.com

Mr. Mark McLiney Senior Managing Director SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. 1020 NE Loop 410, Suite 640 San Antonio, Texas 78209 210-832-9760 mmcliney@samcocapital.com Mr. Andrew Friedman Senior Managing Director SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. 1020 NE Loop 410, Suite 640 San Antonio, Texas 78209 210-832-9760 afriedman@samcocapital.com

USE OF INFORMATION IN THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, as amended (the "Rule"), and in effect on the date of this Preliminary Official Statement, this document constitutes a "preliminary official statement" of the Issuer with respect to the Certificates that has been, deemed "final" by the Issuer as of its date except for the omission of no more than the information permitted by the Rule.

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page and the Appendices hereto, does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized to give information or to make any representation other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information must not be relied upon.

Certain information set forth herein has been provided by sources other than the City that the City believes to be reliable, but the City makes no representation as to the accuracy of such information. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of the Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City or other matters described herein since the date hereof. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" for a description of the City's undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

NEITHER THE CITY NOR ITS FINANCIAL ADVISOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT REGARDING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY ("DTC") OR ITS BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM, AS SUCH INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY DTC.

THE CERTIFICATES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND CONSEQUENTLY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED THEREWITH. THE REGISTRATION, QUALIFICATION, OR EXEMPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAW PROVISIONS OF THE JURISDICTIONS IN WHICH THESE SECURITIES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED, QUALIFIED, OR EXEMPTED SHOULD NOT BE REGARDED AS A RECOMMENDATION THEREOF.

The agreements of the City and others related to the Certificates are contained solely in the contracts described herein. Neither this Official Statement nor any other statement made in connection with the offer or sale of the Certificates is to be construed as constituting an agreement with the Purchaser of the Certificates. INVESTORS SHOULD READ THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT, INCLUDING ALL APPENDICES ATTACHED HERETO, TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ESSENTIAL TO MAKING AN INFORMED INVESTMENT DECISION.

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The cover page, subsequent pages hereof and appendices attached hereto, are part of this Official Statement.

City of Hudson Oaks Audited Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Appendix C

Appendix D

Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel

SELECTED DATA FROM THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The selected data is subject in all respects to the more complete information and definitions contained or incorporated in this Official Statement. The offering of the Certificates to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. No person is authorized to detach this page from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement.

The Issuer

The City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City" or the "Issuer"), is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. Located in Parker County on Highway 180, just north of Interstate 20. The City is 27 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, Texas. The City is a Type A general law municipality and operates under an Administrator/Council form of government with a City Council comprised of the Mayor and five Council members. Some of the Service that the City provides are: public safety (police), streets, water and sanitary sewer utilities, recycling, and general administrative services. The City's 2020 census population was 2,174 and the City's estimated 2023 population is 2,478. The City cover approximately 2.5 square miles. See Appendix B – General Information Regarding the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas and Parker County, Texas" herein.

The Certificates

The Certificates are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas (the "State"), including particularly Texas Local Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 271, as amended, Texas Government Code, Chapter 1502, as amended, an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Authority for Issuance" herein.)

Paying Agent/Registrar

The initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Certificates is BOKF, NA, Dallas Texas.

Security

The Certificates constitute direct general obligations of the Issuer payable from a combination of the levy and collection of an annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and further secured by a pledge of the Surplus Revenues (defined herein) derived from the ownership and operation of the City's combined Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System"). (See "THE Certificates - Security for Payment" herein.

Redemption Provision

The Issuer reserves the right, at its sole option, to redeem Certificates stated to mature on and after August 1, 2033, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, on August 1, 2032, or any date thereafter, at the price of par plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Redemption Provisions" herein.)

Tax Matters

In the opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., as Bond Counsel to the issuer, the interest on the Certificates will be excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes under statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date of the initial delivery of the Certificates, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein, including the alternative minimum tax on certain corporations. (See "Tax MATTERS" for a discussion of the Opinion of Bond Counsel and "APPENDIX C - FORM OF LEGAL OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL" herein.)

Use of Certificate Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used to pay in whole or in part, of the City's contractual obligations incurred to finance the (1) construction, acquisition, and equipping of improvements to the City's utility system (including water meter upgrades), public stormwater and drainage improvements, street improvements, and public parking improvements and (2) paying legal, fiscal, and engineering fees in connection with such projects. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Use of Certificate Proceeds" herein.)

Book-Entry-Only System

The Issuer intends to utilize the Book-Entry-Only System of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York described herein. No physical delivery of the Certificates will be made to the beneficial owners of the Certificates. Such Book-Entry-Only System may affect the method and timing of payments on the Certificates and the manner the Certificates may be transferred. (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein.)

Rating

A municipal bond rating application has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the result will be made available as soon as possible. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency. (See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Rating" herein.)

Qualified Tax Exempt Obligations

The City <u>will</u> designate the Certificates as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions. (See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions"

herein.)

Issuance of Additional

Debt

The City does not anticipate the issuance of any additional debt within the next twelve months.

Payment Record The City has never defaulted on the payment of its general obligation debt.

Delivery When issued, anticipated on or about May 11, 2023.

Legality Delivery of the Certificates is subject to the approval by the Attorney General of the State of

Texas and the rendering of an opinion as to legality by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond

Counsel, San Antonio, Texas.

(The remainder of this page was intentionally left blank)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to

\$5,000,000* CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located in Parker County, Texas) COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City" or the "Issuer") of its \$5,000,000* Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 (the "Certificates") identified on the cover page hereof.

The Issuer is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and a municipal corporation organized and existing under the statutes and the constitution of the State of Texas (the "State"). The Certificates are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and general laws of the State, an ordinance (the "Ordinance") to be adopted by the City Council authorizing the issuance of the Certificates. (See "THE CERTIFICATES - Authority for Issuance" herein.)

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Ordinance. Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Certificates and certain information about the Issuer and its finances. ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE SUMMARIES ONLY AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the Issuer or the Financial Advisor noted on page iii hereof.

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the City from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of information, including tables of receipts from taxes and other sources, is intended to show recent historic information, and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in financial position or other affairs of the City. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement speaks only as to its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. A copy of the Final Official Statement pertaining to the Certificates will be deposited with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" herein for a description of the City's undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTBREAK - COVID-19

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been characterized as a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization and is currently affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and Texas. On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States a national emergency. Subsequently, the President's Coronavirus Guidelines for America and the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention called upon Americans to take actions to slow the spread of COVID-19 in the United States

On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in Texas in response to the Pandemic. Pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor has broad authority to respond to disasters, including suspending any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conducting state business or any order or rule of a state agency that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the disaster, and issuing executive orders that have the force and effect of law. The Governor has since issued a number of executive orders relating to COVID19 preparedness, mitigation and reopening; however, on March 2, 2021, the Governor issued Executive Order GA-34, which took effect on March 10, 2021, and superseded most of the executive orders relating to COVID-19 and provides, generally, for the reopening of the State to 100%, ends the COVID-19 mask mandate, and supersedes any conflicting order issued by local officials in response to COVID-19, among other things and subject to certain limitations. Executive Order GA-34 remains in place until amended, rescinded, or superseded by the Governor. On May 18, 2021, Governor Abbott issued Executive Order GA-36, which supersedes Executive Order GA-34 in part, Executive Order GA-36 prohibits governmental entities in Texas, including counties, cities, school districts, public health authorities, and government officials from requiring or mandating any person to wear a face covering and subjects a governmental entity or official to a fine of up to \$1,000 for noncompliance, subject to certain exceptions. Executive Order GA-38, issued on July 29, 2021 and Executive Order GA-39, issued on August 25, 2021 further provide that governmental entities cannot require mask mandates, vaccine passports or vaccinations. Executive Order GA-40 prohibits mandatory vaccinations by an entity. Additional information regarding executive orders issued by the Governor is accessible on the website of the Governor at https://gov.texas.gov/. Neither the information on (nor accessed through) such website of the Governor is incorporated by reference, either expressly or by implication, into this Official Statement.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

In general, the City, and the receipt of its primary revenue sources, including ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and revenues from its combined Waterworks and Sewer System (the "System") have not been materially negatively impacted by the Pandemic to date. With the reopening of businesses and the general upswing in economic activity throughout the State in recent months, the City does not expect the Pandemic will have a negative impact on the City or its operations and the collection of revenues from its various sources.

The full extent of the ongoing impact of COVID-19 on the City's longer-term operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, many of which are outside of its control, including the duration, spread, and worsening of COVID-19, and future governmental actions, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. The City continues to monitor the spread of COVID-19 and is working with local, state, and national agencies to address the potential impact of the Pandemic upon the City. While the potential impact of the Pandemic on City cannot be quantified at this time, the continued outbreak of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the City's operations and financial condition.

CONVENING OF THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE

The 88th Texas Legislature convened on January 10, 2023 and will conclude on May 29, 2023 ("88th Regular Session"). When the regular Legislature is not in session, the Governor of Texas may call one or more special sessions, at the Governor's direction, each lasting no more than 30 days, and for which the Governor sets the agenda. During the legislative session, the Texas Legislature may consider legislation affecting City and/or its finances. The City makes no representation regarding any actions the Texas Legislature may take but intends to monitor proposed and final legislation for any developments applicable to the City.

THE CERTIFICATES

General

The Certificates will be dated April 15, 2023 (the "Dated Date"). The Certificates are stated to mature on August 1 in the years and in the principal amounts set forth on page ii hereof. The Certificates shall bear interest from their Dated Date on the unpaid principal amounts, and the amount of interest to be paid with respect to each payment period shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the Certificates will be payable on August 1, 2023, and on each February 1 and August 1 thereafter until maturity or prior redemption. Principal is payable at the designated offices of the "Paying Agent/Registrar" for the Certificates, initially BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas. Interest on the Certificates shall be paid to the registered owners whose names appear on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the Record Date (as hereinafter defined) and shall be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar (i) by check sent United States Mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner recorded in the Security Register or (ii) by such other method, acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar, requested by, and at the risk of, the registered owner. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Certificates shall be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday or a day when banking institutions in the city where the designated payment/transfer office of the Paying Agent/Registrar is located are authorized to be closed, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not such a day, and payment on such date shall have the same force and effect as if made on the date payment was due.

Initially, the Certificates will be registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System described below. No physical delivery of the Certificates will be made to the Beneficial Owners. Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Certificates will be payable by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Cede & Co., which will distribute the amounts received to the appropriate DTC Participants, who shall in turn make payment to the Beneficial Owners of the Certificates. Such Book-Entry-Only System may change the method and timing of payment for the Certificates and the method of transfer. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" below for a more complete description of such System.

Authority for Issuance

The Certificates are being issued pursuant to the Constitution and general laws of the State, including particularly Texas Local Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 271, as amended, Texas Government Code, Chapter 1502, as amended, and the Ordinance.

Security for Payment

The Certificates constitute direct obligations of the Issuer payable from a combination of the levy and collection of an annual ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property within the City, and further secured by a pledge of the surplus revenues derived from the ownership and operation of the System remaining after payment of all operation and maintenance expenses thereof, and all debt service, reserve and other requirements in connection with all of the City's revenue bonds or other obligations (now or hereafter outstanding) which are payable from all or a part of the revenues of the System ("Surplus Revenues"). (See "CITY APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY TAX CODE" herein.)

Use of Certificate Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used to pay in whole or in part, of the City's contractual obligations incurred to finance the (1) construction, acquisition, and equipping of improvements to the City's utility system (including water meter upgrades), public stormwater and drainage improvements, street improvements, and public parking improvements and (2) paying legal, fiscal, and engineering fees in connection with such projects. The City does not anticipate the issuance of any additional debt within the next twelve months.

Redemption Provisions of the Certificates

The Issuer reserves the right, at its sole option, to redeem Certificates stated to mature, on or after August 1, 2033, in whole or in part, in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof on August 1, 2032, or any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. In addition, two or more consecutive maturities of the Certificates may be grouped together as a "Term Certificate" by the Purchaser, and such "Term Certificates" would also be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. If less than all of the Certificates within a stated maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Certificates to be redeemed shall be selected by lot or by other customary random method by the Paying Agent/Registrar.

Notice of Redemption

At least 30 days prior to the date fixed for any redemption of any Certificates or portions thereof prior to stated maturity, the Issuer shall cause notice of such redemption to be sent by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, to the registered owner of each Certificate or a portion thereof to be redeemed at its address as it appeared on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar on the day such notice of redemption is mailed. By the date fixed for any such redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar for the payment of the required redemption price for the Certificates or portions thereof which are to be so redeemed. If such notice of redemption is given and if due provision for such payment is made, all as provided above, the Certificates or portions thereof which are to be so redeemed thereby automatically shall be treated as redeemed prior to their scheduled maturities, and they shall not bear interest after the date fixed for redemption, and they shall not be regarded as being outstanding except for the right of the registered owner to receive the redemption price from the Paying Agent/Registrar out of the funds provided for such payment.

ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION SO MAILED SHALL BE CONCLUSIVELY PRESUMED TO HAVE BEEN DULY GIVEN IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER RECEIVED BY THE CERTIFICATEHOLDER, AND, PROVIDED THAT PROVISION FOR PAYMENT OF THE REDEMPTION PRICE IS MADE AND ANY OTHER CONDITIONS TO REDEMPTION ARE SATISFIED, INTEREST ON THE REDEEMED CERTIFICATES SHALL CEASE TO ACCRUE FROM AND AFTER SUCH REDEMPTION DATE NOTWITHSTANDING THAT A CERTIFICATE HAS NOT BEEN PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT.

The Paying Agent/Registrar and the Issuer, so long as a Book-Entry-Only System is used for the Certificates, will send any notice of redemption, notice of proposed amendment to the Ordinance or other notices with respect to the Certificates only to DTC. Any failure by DTC to advise any DTC participant, or of any DTC participant or indirect participant to notify the Beneficial Owner, will not affect the validity of the redemption of the Certificates called for redemption or any other action premised on any such notice. Redemption of portions of the Certificates by the Issuer will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such Certificates held by DTC. In such event, DTC may implement, through its Book-Entry-Only System, a redemption of such Certificates held for the account of DTC participants in accordance with its rules or other agreements with DTC participants and then DTC participants and indirect participants may implement a redemption of such Certificates from the Beneficial Owners. Any such selection of Certificates to be redeemed will not be governed by the Ordinance and will not be conducted by the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Neither the Issuer nor the Paying Agent/Registrar will have any responsibility to DTC participants, indirect participants or the persons for whom DTC participants act as nominees, with respect to the payments on the Certificates or the providing of notice to DTC participants, indirect participants, or Beneficial Owners of the selection of portions of the Certificates for redemption. (See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein.)

Selection of Certificates to be Redeemed

The Certificates of a denomination larger than \$5,000 may be redeemed in part (in increments of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof). The Certificates to be partially redeemed must be surrendered in exchange for one or more new Certificates for the unredeemed portion of the principal. If less than all of the Certificates are to be redeemed, the Issuer will determine the amounts to be redeemed and will direct the Paying Agent/Registrar (or DTC while the Certificates are in Book-Entry-Only form) to select, at random and by lot, the particular Certificates, or portion thereof, to be redeemed. If a Certificate (or any portion of the principal sum thereof) will have been called for redemption and notice or such redemption will have been given, such Certificate (or the principal amount thereof to be redeemed), will become due and payable on such redemption date and interest thereon will cease to accrue from and after the redemption date, provided funds for the payment of the redemption price and accrued interest thereon are held by the Paying Agent/Registrar on the redemption date.

Payment Record

The City has never defaulted on the payment of its general obligation debt.

Legality

The Certificates are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approvals of legality by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., San Antonio, Texas, Bond Counsel. A form of the legal opinion of Bond Counsel appears in Appendix C attached hereto.

Defeasance

The Ordinance provides for the defeasance of the Certificates when the payment of the principal of and premium, if any, on the Certificates, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether such due date be by reason of maturity or otherwise) is provided by irrevocably depositing with the Paying Agent/Registrar or authorized escrow agent, in trust (1) money sufficient to make such payment and/or (2) Defeasance Securities that mature as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times to insure the availability, without reinvestment, of sufficient money to make such payment, and all necessary and proper fees, compensation and expenses of the paying agent for the defeased Certificates, and thereafter the City will have no further responsibility with respect to amounts available to such paying agent (or other financial institution permitted by applicable law) for the payment of such defeased Certificates, including any insufficiency therein caused by the failure of such paying agent (or other financial institution permitted by applicable law) to receive payment when due on the Defeasance Securities. The City has additionally reserved the right, subject to satisfying the requirements of (1) and (2) above, to substitute other Defeasance Securities originally deposited, to reinvest the uninvested moneys on deposit for such defeasance and to withdraw for the benefit of the City moneys in excess of the amount required for such defeasance. The Ordinance provides that "Defeasance Securities" means any securities and obligations now or hereafter authorized by State law that are eligible to discharge obligations such as the Certificates. Current State law permits defeasance with the following types of securities: (a) direct, noncallable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the City authorizes the defeasance of the Certificates, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that, on the date the City authorizes the defeasance of the Certificates, have been refunded and are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (d) any other then authorized securities or obligations under applicable state law that may be used to defease obligations such as the Certificates. City officials are authorized to restrict such eligible securities as deemed appropriate in connection with the sale of the Certificates. There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Certificates. Because the Ordinance does not contractually limit such investments, registered owners will be deemed to have consented to defeasance with such other investments, notwithstanding the fact that such investments may not be of the same investment quality as those currently permitted under State law. There is no assurance that the ratings for U.S. Treasury securities used for defeasance purposes or that for any other Defeasance Security will be maintained at any particular rating category.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Certificates shall no longer be regarded to be outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of Certificates have been made as described above, all rights of the City to initiate proceedings to call such Certificates for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of such Certificates are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call such Certificates for redemption is not extinguished if the City: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call such Certificates for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of such Certificates immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

Amendments

The City may amend the Ordinance without the consent of or notice to any registered owners in any manner not detrimental to the interests of the registered owners, including the curing of any ambiguity, inconsistency, or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the Issuer may, with the written consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Certificates then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to, or rescind any of the provisions of the Ordinance; except that, without the consent of the registered owners of all of the Certificates affected, no such amendment, addition, or rescission may (1) extend the time or times of payment of the principal of and interest on the Certificates, reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest thereon, (2) give any preference to any Certificate over any other Certificate, (3) extend any waiver of defaults to subsequent defaults, or (4) reduce the aggregate principal amount of Certificates required for consent to any such amendment, addition, or rescission.

Default and Remedies

If the City defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Certificates when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Ordinance, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Ordinance, the registered owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel City officials to carry out their legally imposed duties with respect to the Certificates, if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Certificates or the Ordinance and the City's obligations are not uncertain or disputed. The issuance of a writ of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles, so rests with the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Certificates in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of

mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Ordinance does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the bondholders upon any failure of the City to perform in accordance with the terms of the Ordinance, or upon any other condition and accordingly all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. The Texas Supreme Court ruled in Tooke v. City of Mexia, 197 S.W.3d 325 (Tex. 2006) that a waiver of sovereign immunity in a contractual dispute must be provided for by statute in "clear and unambiguous" language.

Furthermore, Tooke, and subsequent jurisprudence, held that a municipality is not immune from suit for torts committed in the performance of its proprietary functions, as it is for torts committed in the performance of its governmental functions (the "Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy"). Governmental functions are those that are enjoined on a municipality by law and are given by the State as a part of the State's sovereignty, to be exercised by the municipality in the interest of the general public, while proprietary functions are those that a municipality may, in its discretion, perform in the interest of the inhabitants of municipality.

In Wasson Interests, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 489 S.W.3d 427 (Tex. 2016) ("Wasson") the Texas Supreme Court (the "Court") addressed whether the distinction between governmental and proprietary acts (as found in tort-based causes of action) applies to breach of contract claims against municipalities. The Court analyzed the rationale behind the Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy to determine that "a city's proprietary functions are not done pursuant to the 'will of the people'" and protecting such municipalities "via the [S]tate's immunity is not an efficient way to ensure efficient allocation of [S]tate resources". While the Court recognized that the distinction between government and proprietary functions is not clear, the Wasson opinion held that Proprietary-Governmental Dichotomy applies in contract-claims context. The Court reviewed Wasson again in June 2018 and clarified that to determine whether governmental immunity applies to a breach of contract claim, the proper inquiry is whether the municipality was engaged in a governmental or proprietary function when it entered into the contract, not at the time of alleged breach. Therefore, in regard to municipal contract cases (as in tort claims), it is incumbent on the courts to determine whether a function was proprietary or governmental based upon the statutory guidance and definitions found in the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code.

Notwithstanding the foregoing case law issued by the Court, such sovereign immunity issues have not been adjudicated in relation to bond matters (specifically, in regard to the issuance of municipal debt). Each situation will be prospectively evaluated based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the contract in question to determine if a suit, and subsequently, a judgment, is justiciable against a municipality.

If a judgment against the City could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the City's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the City or sell property within the City to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Certificates. As noted above, the Ordinance provides that Certificate holders may exercise the remedy of mandamus to enforce the obligations of the City under the Ordinance. Neither the remedy of mandamus nor any other type of injunctive relief was at issue in Tooke, and it is unclear whether Tooke will be construed to have any effect with respect to the exercise of mandamus, as such remedy has been interpreted by Texas courts. In general, Texas courts have held that a writ of mandamus may be issued to require public officials to perform ministerial acts that clearly pertain to their duties. Texas courts have held that a ministerial act is defined as a legal duty that is prescribed and defined with a precision and certainty that leaves nothing to the exercise of discretion or iudament, though mandamus is not available to enforce purely contractual duties. However, mandamus may be used to require a public officer to perform legally imposed ministerial duties necessary for the performance of a valid contract to which the State or a political subdivision of the State is a party (including the payment of monies due under a contract). Furthermore, the City is eligible to seek relief from its creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or bondholders of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the City avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Ordinance and the Certificates are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors and general principles of equity that permit the exercise of judicial discretion.

Initially, the only registered owner of the Certificates will be Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein for a description of the duties of DTC with regard to ownership of the Certificates.

REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE

Paying Agent/Registrar

The initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Certificates is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas. In the Ordinance, the Issuer retains the right to replace the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the Issuer, the new Paying Agent/Registrar shall accept the previous Paying Agent/Registrar's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar, selected at the sole discretion of the Issuer, shall be a bank,

trust company, financial institution or other entity qualified and authorized to serve in such capacity and perform the duties and services of Paying Agent/Registrar. Upon a change in the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Certificates, the Issuer agrees to promptly cause written notice thereof to be sent to each registered owner of the Certificates by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid.

The Certificates will be issued in fully registered form in multiples of \$5,000 for any one stated maturity, and principal and semiannual interest will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar. Interest will be paid to the registered owners appearing on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar on the Record Date (as defined below) by check or draft mailed on each interest payment date until maturity or prior redemption of the Certificates, by the Paying Agent/Registrar to the last known address of the registered owner as it appears on the Paying Agent/Registrar's books or by such other method, acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar, requested by and at the risk and expense of the registered owner. Principal will be paid to the registered owner at stated maturity or prior redemption upon presentation to the Paying Agent/Registrar; provided however, that so long as DTC's Book-Entry-Only System is used, all payments will be made as described under "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Certificates shall be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day when banking institutions in the city where the designated payment/transfer office of the Paying Agent/Registrar is located are authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not such a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day when banking institutions are authorized to close; and payment on such date shall have the same force and effect as if made on the original date payment was due.

Record Date

The record date ("Record Date") for interest payable to the registered owner of a Certificate on any Interest Payment Date means the close of business on the fifteenth day of the month next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

In the event of a non-payment of interest on an Interest Payment Date, and for 30 days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar, if and when funds for the payment of such interest have been received from the Issuer. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest (which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of each registered owner appearing on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day next preceding the date of mailing of such notice.

Future Registration

The Certificates are initially to be issued utilizing the Book-Entry-Only System of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). In the event such Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, printed certificates will be issued to the owners of the Certificates and thereafter, the Certificates may be transferred, registered, and assigned on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar only upon presentation and surrender of such printed certificates to the Paying Agent/Registrar, and such registration and transfer shall be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such registration and transfer. A Certificate may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Certificate or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. A new Certificate or Certificates will be delivered by the Paying Agent/Registrar in lieu of the Certificates being transferred or exchanged at the designated office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, or sent by United States registered mail to the new registered owner at the registered owner's request, risk and expense. New Certificates issued in an exchange or transfer of Certificates will be delivered to the registered owner or assignee of the registered owner in not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Certificates to be canceled in the exchange or transfer and the written instrument of transfer or request for exchange duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent, in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. New Certificates registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in denominations of \$5,000 for any one stated maturity or any integral multiple thereof and for a like aggregate principal amount and rate of interest as the Certificate or Certificates surrendered for exchange or transfer. (See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" herein for a description of the system to be initially utilized in regard to ownership and transferability of the Certificates.)

Limitation on Transfer or Exchange of Certificates

The Paying Agent/Registrar shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Certificates or any portion thereof during the period commencing with the close of business on any Record Date and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or with respect to any Certificate or portion called for redemption prior to maturity, within 45 days prior to its redemption date, provided, however, such limitation of transfer shall not be applicable to an exchange by the registered owner of the uncalled balance of a Certificate called for redemption.

Replacement Certificates

In the Ordinance, provision is made for the replacement of mutilated, destroyed, lost, or stolen Certificates upon surrender of the mutilated Certificates to the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the receipt of satisfactory evidence of destruction, loss, or theft, and the receipt by the Issuer and Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity as may be required by either of them to hold them harmless. The Issuer may require payment of taxes, governmental charges, and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

This section describes how ownership of the Certificates is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Certificates are to be paid to and credited by DTC while the Certificates are registered in its nominee name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The City and the Financial Advisor believe the source of such information to be reliable, but take no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The City cannot and does not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Certificates, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Certificates), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Certificates. The Certificates will be issued as fully-registered Certificates registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Certificates, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). Direct Participants and Indirect Participants are jointly referred to as "Participants". DTC has a S&P Global Ratings rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Certificates under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Certificates on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Certificate ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Certificates are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Certificates, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Certificates is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Certificates deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Certificates with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Certificates; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Certificates are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Certificates may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Certificates, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Certificate documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Certificates may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Certificates for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices for the Certificates shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Certificates within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Certificates unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting

or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Certificates are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Certificates will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Certificates held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment on the Certificates to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Certificates at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of bookentry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Certificates will be printed and delivered.

Information concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been obtained from DTC and is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the City, the Financial Advisor, or the initial purchaser of the Certificates.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Certificates are in the Book-Entry-Only System, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which the Participant acquires an interest in the Certificates, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to registered owners under the Ordinance will be given only to DTC.

Effect of Termination of Book-Entry-Only System

In the event that the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by DTC or the use of the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by the City, printed certificates representing the Certificates will be issued to the holders and the Certificates will be subject to transfer, exchange and registration provisions as set forth in the Ordinance and summarized under "REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE – Future Registration."

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY AND INVESTMENT PRACTICES OF THE ISSUER

The City invests funds in instruments authorized by Texas law, specifically the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "PFIA"), in accordance with investment policies approved by the City Council. The City Council appoints the City Manager as the "Investment Officer" of the City. Both State law and the City's investment policies are subject to change.

Under State law, the City is authorized to invest in: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; (2) direct obligations of the State or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States; (5) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; (6) bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the State of Israel; (7) interest-bearing banking deposits that are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (the "NCUSIF") or their respective successors; (8) interest-bearing banking deposits, other than those described in clause (7), that (i) are invested through a broker or institution with a main office or branch office in this state and selected by the City in compliance with the PFIA. (ii) the broker or institution arranges for the deposit of the funds in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the City's account, (iii) the full amount of the principal and accrued interest of the banking deposits is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States, and (iv) the City appoints as its custodian of the banking deposits, in compliance with the PFIA, the institution in clause (8)(i) above, a bank, or a broker-dealer; (9) certificates of deposit and share certificates meeting the requirements of the PFIA (i) that are issued by an institution that has its main office or a branch office in the State and are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or the NCUSIF, or their respective successors, or are secured as to principal by obligations described in clauses (1) through (8), above, or secured in accordance with Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code, or in any other manner and amount provided by law for City deposits, or (ii) where (a) the funds are invested by the City through a broker or institution that has a main office or branch office in the State and selected by the City in compliance with the PFIA, (b) the broker or institution arranges for the deposit of the funds in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the account of the City, (c) the full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the certificates of deposit is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and (d) the City appoints, in compliance with the PFIA, the institution in clause (9)(ii)(a) above, a bank, or broker-dealer as custodian for the City with respect to the certificates of deposit; (10) fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date, are secured by a combination of cash and obligations described by clauses (1) or (12), which are pledged to the City, held in the City's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party selected and approved by the City, and are placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a financial institution doing business in the State; (11) certain bankers' acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or less, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank, or of the holding company of which the bank is the largest subsidiary, are rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency; (12) commercial paper with a stated maturity of 365 days or less that is rated at least A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent by either (i) two nationally recognized credit rating agencies, or (ii) one nationally recognized credit rating agency if the commercial paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a United States or state bank; (13) no-load money market mutual funds registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and complies with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a-7; (14) no-load mutual funds that are registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission that have a weighted maturity of less than two years and either (i) have a duration of one year or more and are invested exclusively in obligations approved in this paragraph, or (ii) have a duration of less than one year and the investment portfolio is limited to investment grade securities, excluding asset backed securities; (15) guaranteed investment contracts that have a defined termination date and are secured by obligations described in clause (1), excluding obligations which the City is explicitly prohibited from investing in, and in an amount at least equal to the amount of bond proceeds invested under such contract; and (16) securities lending programs if (i) the securities loaned under the program are 100% collateralized, including accrued income, (ii) a loan made under the program allows for termination at any time, (iii) a loan made under the program is either secured by (a) obligations described in clauses (1) through (8) above, (b) irrevocable letters of credit issued by a state or national bank that is continuously rated by a nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than A or its equivalent, or (c) cash invested in obligations described in clauses (1) through (8) above, clauses (12) through (14) above, or an authorized investment pool, (iv) the terms of a loan made under the program require that the securities being held as collateral be pledged to the City, held in the City's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or with a third party designated by the City, (v) a loan made under the program is placed through either a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State, and (vi) the agreement to lend securities has a term of one year or less.

City may invest in such obligations directly or through government investment pools that invest solely in such obligations provided that the pools are rated no lower than AAA or Aaam or an equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The City may also contract with an investment management firm registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control for a term up to two years, but the City retains ultimate responsibility as fiduciary of its assets. In order to renew or extend such a contract, the City must do so by order, ordinance, or resolution. The City is specifically prohibited from investing in: (1) obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal; (2) obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security and bears no interest; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity of greater than 10 years; and (4) collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

Governmental bodies in the State such as the City are authorized to implement securities lending programs if (i) the securities loaned under the program are 100% collateralized, a loan made under the program allows for termination at any time and a loan made under the program is either secured by (a) obligations that are described in clauses (1) through (6) of the second paragraph under this caption, (b) irrevocable letters of credit issued by a state or national bank that is continuously rated by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent, or (c) cash invested in obligations that are described in clauses (1) through (6) and (10) through (12) of the second paragraph under this caption, or an authorized investment pool; (ii) securities held as collateral under a loan are pledged to the governmental body, held in the name of the governmental body and deposited at the time the investment is made with the City or a third party designated by the City; (iii) a loan made under the program is placed through either a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas; and (iv) the agreement to lend securities has a term of one year or less.

Under Texas law, the City is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management; and that include a list of authorized investments for City funds, the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment and the maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund groups, methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds, a requirement for settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis, and procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments consistent with the PFIA. All City funds must be invested consistent with a formally adopted "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment. Each Investment Strategy Statement will describe its objectives concerning: (1) suitability of investment type, (2) preservation and safety of principal, (3) liquidity, (4) marketability of each investment, (5) diversification of the portfolio, and (6) yield.

Under Texas law, the City's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of capital and probable income to be derived." At least quarterly the City's investment officers must submit an investment report to the City Council detailing: (1) the investment position of the City, (2)

that all investment officers jointly prepared and signed the report, (3) the beginning market value, the ending market value and the fully accrued interest for the reporting period of each pooled fund group, (4) the book value and market value of each separately listed asset at the end of the reporting period, (5) the maturity date of each separately invested asset, (6) the account or fund or pooled fund group for which each individual investment was acquired, and (7) the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to: (a) adopted investment strategies and (b) Texas law. No person may invest City funds without express written authority from the City Council.

Under Texas law, the City is additionally required to: (1) annually review its adopted policies and strategies, (2) adopt a rule, order, ordinance or resolution stating that it has reviewed its investment policy and investment strategies and records any changes made to either its investment policy or investment strategy in the respective rule, order, ordinance or resolution, (3) require any investment officers with personal business relationships or relatives with firms seeking to sell securities to the entity to disclose the relationship and file a statement with the Texas Ethics Commission and the City Council; (4) require the qualified representative of firms offering to engage in an investment transaction with the City to: (a) receive and review the City's investment policy, (b) acknowledge that reasonable controls and procedures have been implemented to preclude investment transactions conducted between the City and the business organization that are not authorized by the City's investment policy (except to the extent that this authorization is dependent on an analysis of the makeup of the City's entire portfolio or requires an interpretation of subjective investment standards), and (c) deliver a written statement in a form acceptable to the City and the business organization attesting to these requirements; (5) perform an annual audit of the management controls on investments and adherence to the City's investment policy; (6) provide specific investment training for the City's designated Investment Officer; (7) restrict reverse repurchase agreements to not more than 90 days and restrict the investment of reverse repurchase agreement funds to no greater than the term of the reverse purchase agreement; (8) restrict the investment in no-load mutual funds in the aggregate to no more than 15% of the City's monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds and reserves and other funds held for debt service; (9) require local government investment pools to conform to the new disclosure, rating, net asset value, yield calculation, and advisory board requirements, and (10) at least annually review, revise, and adopt a list of qualified brokers that are authorized to engage in investment transactions with the Citv.

Current Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the City's investable funds were invested in the investment categories / percentage shown below:

Investment Description		Amount	Percent of Portfolio
TexPool		\$ 369,435	20.30%
TexStar Pool		1,220,518	67.08%
CD's		229,588	12.62%
	Total	\$1,819,541	100.00%

As of such date, the market value of such investments (as determined by the City by reference to published quotations, dealer bids, and comparable information) was approximately 100% of their book value. No funds of the City are invested in derivative securities, i.e., securities whose rate of return is determined by reference to some other instrument, index, or commodity.

The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over the Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool"). Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed both of participants in TexPool and of the other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, TexPool is rated AAA by S&P. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. As such, TexPool uses amortized cost to report net assets and share prices since that amount approximates fair value.

EMPLOYEE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Sections 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.org.

AD VALOREM TAXATION

The Issuer has never levied an ad valorem tax and does not anticipate doing so in order to repay the Certificates, though such a pledge has been made to secure repayment of the debt evidenced by the Certificates. The City anticipates repayment of the Certificates will be made from the Surplus Revenues of its combined utility systems and from available sales tax revenues. See Appendix A under Table 6 for information regarding the City's sales tax revenues and Tables 9 through 12 for information regarding the City's combined utility system.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of State law as it relates to ad valorem taxation and is not intended to be complete. Prospective investors are encouraged to review Title I of the Texas Tax Code, as amended (the "Property Tax Code"), for identification of property subject to ad valorem taxation, property exempt or which may be exempted from ad valorem taxation if claimed, the appraisal of property for ad valorem tax purposes, and the procedures and limitations applicable to the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes.

Valuation of Taxable Property

The Property Tax Code provides for countywide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State an appraisal district and an appraisal review board (the "Appraisal Review Board") responsible for appraising property for all taxing units within the county. The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Parker County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). Except as generally described below, the Appraisal District is required to appraise all property within the Appraisal District on the basis of 100% of its market value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. In determining market value of property, the Appraisal District is required to consider the cost method of appraisal, the income method of appraisal and the market data comparison method of appraisal, and use the method the chief appraiser of the Appraisal District considers most appropriate. The Property Tax Code requires appraisal districts to reappraise all property in its jurisdiction at least once every three years. A taxing unit may require annual review at its own expense, and is entitled to challenge the determination of appraised value of property within the taxing unit by petition filed with the Appraisal Review Board.

State law requires the appraised value of an owner's principal residence ("homestead" or "homesteads") to be based solely on the property's value as a homestead, regardless of whether residential use is considered to be the highest and best use of the property. State law further limits the appraised value of a homestead to the lesser of (1) the market value of the property or (2) 110% of the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year plus the market value of all new improvements to the property.

State law provides that eligible owners of both agricultural land and open-space land, including open-space land devoted to farm or ranch purposes or open-space land devoted to timber production, may elect to have such property appraised for property taxation on the basis of its productive capacity ("Productivity Value"). The same land may not be qualified as both agricultural and open-space land.

The appraisal values set by the Appraisal District are subject to review and change by the Appraisal Review Board. The appraisal rolls, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, are used by taxing units, such as the City, in establishing their tax rolls and tax rates. See "AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXATION – City and Taxpayer Remedies."

State Mandated Homestead Exemptions

State law grants, with respect to each taxing unit in the State, various exemptions for disabled veterans and their families, surviving spouses of members of the armed services killed in action and surviving spouses of first responders killed or fatally wounded in the line of duty.

Local Option Homestead Exemptions

The governing body of a taxing unit, including a city, county, school district, or special district, at its option may grant: (1) an exemption of up to 20% of the appraised value of all homesteads (but not less than \$5,000) and (2) an additional exemption of at least \$3,000 of the appraised value of the homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older and the disabled. Each taxing unit decides if it will offer the local option homestead exemptions and at what percentage or dollar amount, as applicable. The exemption described in (2), above, may also be created, increased, decreased or repealed at an election called by the governing body of a taxing unit upon presentment of a petition for such creation, increase, decrease, or repeal of at least 20% of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election of the taxing unit.

Local Option Freeze for the Elderly and Disabled

The governing body of a county, municipality or junior college district may, at its option, provide for a freeze on the total amount of ad valorem taxes levied on the homesteads of persons 65 years of age or older or of disabled persons above the amount of tax imposed in the year such residence qualified for such exemption. Also, upon voter initiative, an election may be held to determine by majority vote whether to establish such a freeze on ad valorem taxes. Once the freeze is established, the total amount of taxes imposed on such homesteads cannot be increased except for certain improvements, and such freeze cannot be repealed or rescinded.

Personal Property

Tangible personal property (furniture, machinery, supplies, inventories, etc.) used in the "production of income" is taxed based on the property's market value. Taxable personal property includes income-producing equipment and inventory. Intangibles such as goodwill, accounts receivable, and proprietary processes are not taxable. Tangible personal property not held or used for production of income, such as household goods, automobiles or light trucks, and boats, is exempt from ad valorem taxation unless the governing body of a taxing unit elects to tax such property.

Freeport and Goods-In-Transit Exemptions

Certain goods that are acquired in or imported into the State to be forwarded outside the State, and are detained in the State for 175 days or less for the purpose of assembly, storage, manufacturing, processing or fabrication ("Freeport Property") are exempt from ad valorem taxation unless a taxing unit took official action to tax Freeport Property before April 1, 1990 and has not subsequently taken official action to exempt Freeport Property. Decisions to continue taxing Freeport Property may be reversed in the future; decisions to exempt Freeport Property are not subject to reversal.

Certain goods, that are acquired in or imported into the State to be forwarded to another location within or without the State, stored in a location that is not owned by the owner of the goods and are transported to another location within or without the State within 175 days ("Goods-in-Transit"), are generally exempt from ad valorem taxation; however, the Property Tax Code permits a taxing unit, on a local option basis, to tax Goods-in-Transit if the taxing unit takes official action, after conducting a public hearing, before January 1 of the first tax year in which the taxing unit proposes to tax Goods-in-Transit. Goods-in-Transit and Freeport Property do not include oil, natural gas or petroleum products, and Goods-in-Transit does not include aircraft or special inventories such as manufactured housing inventory, or a dealer's motor vehicle, boat, or heavy equipment inventory.

A taxpayer may receive only one of the Goods-in-Transit or Freeport Property exemptions for items of personal property.

Other Exempt Property

Other major categories of exempt property include property owned by the State or its political subdivisions if used for public purposes, property exempt by federal law, property used for pollution control, farm products owned by producers, property of nonprofit corporations used for scientific research or educational activities benefitting a college or university, designated historic sites, solar and wind-powered energy devices, and certain classes of intangible personal property.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones

A city or county, by petition of the landowners or by action of its governing body, may create one or more tax increment reinvestment zones ("TIRZ") within its boundaries. At the time of the creation of the TIRZ, a "base value" for the real property in the TIRZ is established and the difference between any increase in the assessed valuation of taxable real property in the TIRZ in excess of the base value is known as the "tax increment". During the existence of the TIRZ, all or a portion of the taxes levied against the tax increment by a city or county, and all other overlapping taxing units that elected to participate, are restricted to paying only planned project and financing costs within the TIRZ and are not available for the payment of other obligations of such taxing units.

Tax Abatement Agreements - Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreements

Taxing units may also enter into tax abatement agreements to encourage economic development. Under the agreements, a property owner agrees to construct certain improvements on its property. The taxing unit, in turn, agrees not to levy a tax on all or part of the increased value attributable to the improvements until the expiration of the agreement. The abatement agreement could last for a period of up to 10 years.

Cities are also authorized, pursuant to Chapter 380, Texas Local Government Code, as amended ("Chapter 380") to establish programs to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the City. In accordance with a program established pursuant to Chapter 380, the City may make loans or grants of public funds for economic development purposes, however, no bonds secured by ad valorem taxes may be issued for such purposes unless approved by voters of the City.

Under its 380 agreement with HEB, the City is obligated to pay HEB: (1) three million five hundred and thirty four thousand dollars (\$3,534,000) as reimbursement for certain eligible expenses related to the design, construction, permitting and testing of certain public improvement, and (2) as reimbursement, the amount paid to acquire a 0.648-acre tract of land located along U.S. Highway No. 180.

Under its 380 agreement with Nextlink, the City is obligated to design, engineer, and construct a fiber optic network in certain sectors of the City. In consideration for Nextlink relocating and maintaining its corporate office in the City, the City has agreed to rebate all sales tax revenues received by the City from the revenues collected by Nextlink at its corporate office. The sales tax revenues include only the revenues derived from the City's 1.5% municipal sales tax, and shall only be rebated for taxable services provided outside of the City. The estimated total rebate per annum rebated to the Nextlink would be approximately \$110,000. The City did not rebate any sales tax for the year ended September 30, 2017 to Nextlink.

Under its 380 Agreement with Hudson Oaks, Creekside, Ltd., the City is obligated to rebate certain "payments in lieu of taxes" ("PILOT Payments"), stipulated by a development agreement, for a period of five years. The PILOT Payments are related to the value of commercial property in the development.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated November 14, 2016, with Hiller LLC, to reimburse the cost of developing a commercial retail building. The agreement requires the City to rebate to the Hiller LLC 50% of the City's sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for a period of four (4) years until the developed has been reimbursed the total sum \$46,137, whichever occurs first. The City did not rebate any sales tax for the year ended September 30, 2017 to Hiller LLC.

The City entered into an economic development agreement with Home Zone Furniture, DBA Bungalow Furniture, LLC, a Texas Corporation ("Home Zone") dated August 11, 2020, wherein Home Zone is required to install certain public and private improvements to serve a particular development. As an economic development incentive, upon Home Zone's satisfaction of certain prerequisites (including providing a total investment of at least four million dollars for the development to include a minimum thirty thousand square foot retail furniture store, and obtaining a certificate of occupancy for the furniture store within eighteen months from the date of execution of the agreement) the City agrees to reimburse 50% of the sales and use tax received by the City generated from sales at the retail furniture store on the development to be paid to Home Zone for a period of four years from the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for said retail furniture store or until Home Zone has been reimbursed the total sum of \$300,000, whichever occurs first.

The City entered into an economic development agreement with Karmali Holdings Inc. ("Karmali") dated November 1, 2022, wherein Karmali is required to construct improvements on a defined piece of property with a total investment of at least twelve million dollars for a Hilton Home 2 Suites hotel development with a minimum of ninety-nine guest rooms. As an economic development incentive, upon Karmali's satisfaction of its obligations under the agreement, the City agrees to reimburse Karmali for qualified expenditures in an amount equal to fifty percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected and remitted to the City from the hotel each calendar quarter from the opening date and for a period of ten years thereafter. Upon the completion of the initial ten year period, a renegotiation of the term is to occur.

The City entered into an economic development agreement with Cool River Holdings, LLC ("Cool River") March 9, 2023, wherein Cool River is required to construct a development on a defined lot for retail sales and service activities for a Sherwin Williams Retail Store. As an economic development incentive, upon Cool River's satisfaction of its obligations under the agreement, the City agrees to reimburse Cool River for 50% of the sales and use tax received by the City generated from the Sherwin Williams retail development for a period of seven years from the City's issuance of a certificate of occupancy or until Cool River has been reimbursed the total sum of \$200,000, whichever occurs first, subject to certain conditions..

Temporary Exemption for Qualified Property Damaged by a Disaster

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the City, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the City, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established by the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disasterdamaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised. For more information on the exemption, reference is made to Section 11.35 of the Property Tax Code. On April 13, 2020, the Attorney General of Texas released his opinion that "a court would likely conclude that the Legislature intended to limit the temporary tax exemption to apply to property physically harmed as a result of a declared disaster. Thus, purely economic, non-physical damage to property caused by the COVID-19 disaster is not eligible for the temporary tax exemption provided by section 11.35 of the Tax Code." Tex. Atty. Gen. Op. No. KP-0299 (2020).

City and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the City, may appeal the determinations of the Appraisal District by timely initiating a protest with the Appraisal Review Board. Additionally, taxing units such as the City may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

Owners of certain property with a taxable value in excess of the current year "minimum eligibility amount", as determined by the State Comptroller, and situated in a county with a population of one million or more, may protest the determinations of an appraisal district directly to a three-member special panel of the appraisal review board, appointed by the chairman of the appraisal review board, consisting of highly qualified professionals in the field of property tax appraisal. The minimum eligibility amount was set at \$50,000,000 for the 2020 tax year, \$50,600,000 million for the 2021 tax year, and \$52,978,200 for the 2022 tax year, and is adjusted annually by the State Comptroller to reflect the inflation rate.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the City and provides for taxpayer referenda that could result in the repeal of certain tax increases (see "TAX RATE LIMITATIONS – Public Hearing and Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate Limitations"). The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for providing notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property value, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The City is responsible for the collection of its taxes, unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to twenty percent (20%) if imposed by the City. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes for certain taxpayers. Furthermore, the City may provide, on a local option basis, for the split payment, partial payment, and discounts for early payment of taxes under certain circumstances.

City's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the City are a personal obligation of the owner of the property. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the City, having power to tax the property. The City's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the City is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the City may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the City must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property.

Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, adverse market conditions, taxpayer redemption rights, or bankruptcy proceedings which restrain the collection of a taxpayer's debt.

Federal bankruptcy law provides that an automatic stay of actions by creditors and other entities, including governmental units, goes into effect with the filing of any petition in bankruptcy. The automatic stay prevents governmental units from foreclosing on property and prevents liens for post-petition taxes from attaching to property and obtaining secured creditor status unless, in either case, an order lifting the stay is obtained from the bankruptcy court. In many cases, post-petition taxes are paid as an administrative expense of the estate in bankruptcy or by order of the bankruptcy court.

TAX RATE LIMITATIONS

Public Hearing and Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate Limitations

The following terms as used in this section have the meanings provided below:

"adjusted" means lost values are not included in the calculation of the prior year's taxes and new values are not included in the current year's taxable values.

"de minimis rate" means the maintenance and operations tax rate that will produce the prior year's total maintenance and operations tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's values (adjusted), plus the rate that produces an additional \$500,000 in tax revenue when applied to the current year's taxable value, plus the debt service tax rate.

"no-new-revenue tax rate" means the combined maintenance and operations tax rate and debt service tax rate that will produce the prior year's total tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's total taxable values (adjusted).

"special taxing unit" means a city for which the maintenance and operations tax rate proposed for the current tax year is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value.

"unused increment rate" means the cumulative difference between a city's voter-approval tax rate and its actual tax rate for each of the tax years 2020 through 2022, which may be applied to a city's tax rate in tax years 2021 through 2023 without impacting the voter-approval tax rate.

"voter-approval tax rate" means the maintenance and operations tax rate that will produce the prior year's total maintenance and operations tax levy (adjusted) from the current year's values (adjusted) multiplied by 1.035, plus the debt service tax rate, plus the "unused increment rate".

The City's tax rate consists of two components: (1) a rate for funding of maintenance and operations expenditures in the current year (the "maintenance and operations tax rate"), and (2) a rate for funding debt service in the current year (the "debt service tax rate"). Under State law, the assessor for the City must submit an appraisal roll showing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all property in the City to the City Council by August 1 or as soon as practicable thereafter.

A city must annually calculate its voter-approval tax rate and no-new-revenue tax rate in accordance with forms prescribed by the State Comptroller and provide notice of such rates to each owner of taxable property within the city and the county tax assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of the city is located. A city must adopt a tax rate before the later of September 30 or the 60th day after receipt of the certified appraisal roll, except that a tax rate that exceeds the voter-approval tax rate must be adopted not later than the 71st day before the next occurring November uniform election date. If a city fails to timely adopt a tax rate, the tax rate is statutorily set as the lower of the no-new-revenue tax rate for the current tax year or the tax rate adopted by the city for the preceding tax year.

As described below, the Property Tax Code provides that if a city adopts a tax rate that exceeds its voter-approval tax rate or, in certain cases, its de minimis rate, an election must be held to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

A city may not adopt a tax rate that exceeds the lower of the voter-approval tax rate or the no-new-revenue tax rate until each appraisal district in which such city participates has delivered notice to each taxpayer of the estimated total amount of property taxes owed and the city has held a public hearing on the proposed tax increase.

For cities with a population of 30,000 or more as of the most recent federal decennial census, if the adopted tax rate for any tax year exceeds the voter-approval tax rate, that city must conduct an election on the next occurring November uniform election date to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

For cities with a population less than 30,000 as of the most recent federal decennial census, if the adopted tax rate for any tax year exceeds the greater of (i) the voter-approval tax rate or (ii) the de minimis rate, the city must conduct an election on the next occurring November uniform election date to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate. However, for any tax year during which a city has a population of less than 30,000 as of the most recent federal decennial census and does not qualify as a special taxing unit, if a city's adopted tax rate is equal to or less than the de minimis rate but greater than both (a) the no-new-revenue tax rate, multiplied by 1.08, plus the debt service tax rate or (b) the city's voter-approval tax rate, then a valid petition signed by at least three percent of the registered voters in the city would require that an election be held to determine whether or not to reduce the adopted tax rate to the voter-approval tax rate.

Any city located at least partly within an area declared a disaster area by the Governor of the State or the President of the United States during the current year may calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a 1.08 multiplier, instead of 1.035, until the earlier of (i) the second tax year in which such city's total taxable appraised value exceeds the taxable appraised value on January 1 of the year the disaster occurred, or (ii) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.

State law provides cities and counties in the State the option of assessing a maximum one-half percent (1/2%) sales and use tax on retail sales of taxable items for the purpose of reducing its ad valorem taxes, if approved by a majority of the voters in a local option election. If the additional sales and use tax for ad valorem tax reduction is approved and levied, the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate must be reduced by the amount of the estimated sales tax revenues to be generated in the current tax year.

The calculations of the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate do not limit or impact the City's ability to set a debt service tax rate in each year sufficient to pay debt service on all of the City's tax-supported debt obligations, including the Certificates.

Reference is made to the Property Tax Code for definitive requirements for the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and the calculation of the various defined tax rates.

Debt Tax Rate Limitations

The City operates as a Type A municipality under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas. Article XI, Section 4 of the Constitution of the State provides that the ad valorem taxes levied by the City for general purposes and for the purpose of paying the principal of and interest on the City's indebtedness must not exceed \$1.50 for each \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property. There is no constitutional or statutory limitation within the \$1.50 rate for interest and sinking fund purposes; however, the Texas Attorney General has adopted an administrative policy that prohibits the issuance of debt by a municipality, such as the City, if its issuance produces debt service requirements exceeding that which can be paid from \$1.00 of the foregoing \$1.50 maximum tax rate calculated at 90% collection.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion

On the date of initial delivery of the Certificates, McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., San Antonio, Texas, Bond Counsel to the Issuer, will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof ("Existing Law"), (1) interest on the Certificates for federal income tax purposes will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (2) the Certificates will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Except as stated above, Bond Counsel to the Issuer will express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Certificates. See Appendix C -- Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) certain information and representations of the Issuer, including information and representations contained in the Issuer's federal tax certificate, and (b) covenants of the Issuer contained in the Certificate documents relating to certain matters, including arbitrage, and the use of the proceeds of the Certificates and the property financed or refinanced therewith. Failure by the Issuer to observe the aforementioned representations or covenants could cause the interest on the Certificates to become taxable retroactively to the date of issuance of the Certificates.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Certificates in order for interest on the Certificates to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Certificates to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Certificates. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the Issuer with such requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Certificates.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. Existing Law is subject to change by the Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury. There can be no assurance that Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Certificates.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service by the Issuer with respect to the Certificates or the property financed or refinanced with proceeds of the Certificates. No assurances can be given as to whether or not the Internal Revenue Service will commence an audit of the Certificates, or as to whether the Internal Revenue Service would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the Internal Revenue Service is likely to treat the Issuer as the taxpayer and the Owner may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Certificates may be less than the principal amount thereof or one or more periods for the payment of interest on the Certificates may not be equal to the accrual period or be in excess of one year (the "Original Issue Discount Certificates"). In such event, the difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Certificate, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Certificate would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the Certificates less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year.

Under Existing Law, any owner who has purchased an Original Issue Discount Certificate in the initial public offering is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Certificate equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the accrual period. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Certificate prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Certificate in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Certificate was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Certificate is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for accrual period and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Original Issue Discount Certificate for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the

close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Certificate.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Certificates which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Certificates should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Certificates and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Certificates.

Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Certificates. This discussion is based on Existing Law, which is subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with accumulated earnings and profits and excess passive investment income, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT CERTIFICATES BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE CERTIFICATES.

Interest on the Bonds may be includable in certain corporation's "adjusted financial statement income" determined under section 56A of the Code to calculate the alternative minimum tax imposed by section 55 of the Code.

Under section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Certificates, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation.

Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Certificates, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

Future and Proposed Legislation

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Certificates under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Certificates. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Certificates should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

State, Local and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Certificates under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Subject to certain exceptions, information reports describing interest income, including original issue discount, with respect to the Certificates will be sent to each registered holder and to the Internal Revenue Service. Payments of interest and principal may be subject to backup withholding under section 3406 of the Code if a recipient of the payments fails to furnish to the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), furnishes an incorrect TIN, or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from the backup withholding tax. Any amounts so withheld would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. Special rules apply to partnerships, estates and trusts, and in certain circumstances, and

in respect of foreign investors, certifications as to foreign status and other matters may be required to be provided by partners and beneficiaries thereof.

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions

Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible in determining the taxpayer's taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer that is a "financial institution" allocable to tax-exempt obligations, other than "private activity bonds," that are designated by a "qualified small issuer" as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any "on-behalf of" and "subordinate" issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year. Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as any "bank" described in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business that is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution. Notwithstanding the exception to the disallowance of the deduction of interest on indebtedness related to "qualified tax-exempt obligations" provided by Section 265(b) of the Code, Section 291 of the Code provides that the allowable deduction to a "bank," as defined in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase "qualified tax-exempt obligations" shall be reduced by twenty-percent (20%) as a "financial institution preference item."

The Issuer expects that the Certificates will be designated, or deemed designated, as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the Issuer will covenant to take such action that would assure, or to refrain from such action that would adversely affect, the treatment of the Certificates as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that if the issue price to the public exceed \$10,00,000 there is a reasonable basis to conclude that the payment of a de minimis amount of premium in excess of \$10,000,000 is disregarded; however, the Internal Revenue Service could take a contrary view. If the Internal Revenue Service takes the position that the amount of such premium is not disregarded, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the Certificates would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Ordinance, the City has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Certificates. The City is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Certificates. Under the agreement, the City will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of certain specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB").

Annual Reports

The Issuer will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB on an annual basis. The information to be updated includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the Issuer of the general type included in this Official Statement under "INVESTMENT AUTHORITY AND INVESTMENT PRACTICES OF THE ISSUER - Current Investments" herein and the information in Tables 1 through 12 of Appendix A. The Issuer will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each fiscal year ending in and after 2023.

The Issuer will additionally provide audited financial statements when and if available, and in any event, within 12 months after the end of each fiscal year ending in or after 2023. If the audit of such financial statements is not complete within 12 months after any such fiscal year end, then the Issuer will file unaudited financial statements within such 12-month period and audited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year, when and if the audit report on such statements becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in Appendix D or such other accounting principles as the Issuer may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to State law or regulation.

The financial information and operating data to be provided may be set forth in full in one or more documents or may be included by specific reference to any document available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Website or filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The updated information will include audited financial statements for the Issuer, if the Issuer commissions an audit and it is completed by the required time. If audited financial statements cannot be provided, the Issuer will provide notice that the audited financial statements are not available and will provide unaudited financial information of the type described in the preceding paragraph by the required time and audited financial statements when they become available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in the Issuer's annual financial statements, or such other accounting principles as the Issuer may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The Issuer's current fiscal year end is September 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated financial information and operating data by the last day in March in each year, unless the Issuer changes its fiscal year and audited financial statements for the preceding fiscal year (or unaudited financial statements if the audited financial statements are not yet available) as described above. If the Issuer changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Notice of Certain Events

The City will also provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB. The City will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Certificates to the MSRB in a timely manner (but not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event): (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Certificates, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Certificates; (7) modifications to rights of holders of the Certificates, if material; (8) Certificate calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Certificates, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the City, which shall occur as described below; (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the City or the sale of all or substantially all of its assets, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into of a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material: (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the City, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the City, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the City, any of which reflect financial difficulties. In addition, the City will provide timely notice of any failure by the City to provide annual financial information or operating data in accordance with their agreement described above under "Annual Reports".

For these purposes, any event described in (12) of the immediately preceding paragraph is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the City in a proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City.

For the purposes of the above described event notices (15) and (16), the term "financial obligation" means a (i) debt obligation, (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation, or (iii) a guarantee of (i) or (ii); provided however, that a "financial obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

Availability of Information from MSRB

The Issuer has agreed to provide the foregoing information only as described above. Investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB free of charge at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The Issuer has agreed to update information and to provide notices of certain specified events only as described above. The Issuer has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The Issuer makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Certificates at any future date. The Issuer disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders or beneficial owners of Certificates may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the Issuer to comply with its agreement.

The Issuer may amend its agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the Issuer, if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Certificates in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Certificates consent or any person unaffiliated with the Issuer (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Certificates. The Issuer may also repeal or amend its agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or any court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but in either case only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent an underwriter from lawfully purchasing or selling Certificates in the primary offering of the Certificates giving effect to (a) such provisions as so amended and (b) any amendments or interpretations of the Rule. If the Issuer amends its agreement, it must include with the next financial information and operating data provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of information and data provided.

Compliance with Prior Agreements

During the past five years, the City has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements made in accordance with the SEC Rule 15c2-12.

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

Registration and Qualification of Certificates for Sale

The sale of the Certificates has not been registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemption provided thereunder by Section 3(a)(2); and the Certificates have not been qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Certificates been qualified under the securities acts of any jurisdiction. The Issuer assumes no responsibility for qualification of the Certificates under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Certificates may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for qualification for sale or other disposition of the Certificates shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration provisions.

It is the obligation of the Purchaser to register or qualify the sale of the Certificates under the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The City agrees to cooperate, at the Purchaser's written request and sole expense, in registering or qualifying the Certificates or in obtaining an exemption from registration or qualification in any state where such action is necessary; provided, however, that the City shall not be required to qualify as a foreign corporation or to execute a general consent to service of process in any jurisdiction.

Litigation

In the opinion of the City Attorney, the Issuer is not a party to any litigation or other proceeding pending or to its knowledge, threatened, in any court, agency or other administrative body (either state or federal) which, if decided adversely to the Issuer, would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Future Debt Issuance

The City does not anticipate the issuance of any additional debt within the next twelve months.

Legal Investments and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

Section 1201.041 of the Public Security Procedures Act (Chapter 1201, Texas Government Code) provides that the Certificates are negotiable instruments governed by Chapter 8, Texas Business and Commerce Code, and are real and authorized investments for insurance companies, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for the sinking funds of municipalities or other political subdivisions or public agencies of the State. With respect to investment in the Certificates by municipalities or other political subdivisions or public agencies of the State, the PFIA requires that the Certificates be assigned a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent as to investment quality by a national rating agency. See "OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION - Ratings" herein. In addition, various provisions of the Texas Finance Code provide that, subject to a prudent investor standard, the Certificates are legal investments for state banks, savings banks, trust companies with capital of one million dollars or more, and savings and loan associations. The Certificates are eligible to secure deposits of any public funds of the State, its agencies, and its political subdivision, and are legal security for those deposits to the extent of their fair market value. No review by the City has been made of the laws in other states to determine whether the Certificates are legal investments for various institutions in those states.

No representation is made that the Certificates will be acceptable to public entities to secure their deposits or acceptable to such institutions for investment purposes. The City has made no investigation of other laws, rules, regulations or investment criteria which might apply to any such persons or entities or which might otherwise limit the suitability of the Certificates for any of the foregoing purposes or limit the authority of such persons or entities to purchase or invest in the Certificates for such purposes. Additionally, with respect to the Certificates, Section 271.051 of the Texas Local Government Code expressly provides that certificates of obligation approved by the Attorney General of Texas are legal authorized investments for banks, savings banks, trust companies, and savings and loan associations, insurance companies, fiduciaries, trustees, and guardians, and sinking funds of municipalities, counties, school districts, or other political corporations or subdivisions of the State.

Legal Opinions and No-Litigation Certificate

The Issuer will furnish the Purchaser with a complete transcript of proceedings incident to the authorization and issuance of the Certificates, including the unqualified approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas to the effect that the Certificates are valid and legally binding obligations of the Issuer, and based upon examination of such transcript of proceedings, the approval of certain legal matters by Bond Counsel, to the effect that the Certificates are valid and legally binding obligations of the Issuer and, subject to the qualifications set forth herein under "TAX MATTERS," the interest on the Certificates is excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions existing on the date of the initial delivery of the Certificates, including the alternative minimum tax on certain corporations. The customary closing papers, including a certificate to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is then pending to restrain the issuance and delivery of the Certificates, or which would

affect the provision made for their payment or security, or in any manner questioning the validity of the Certificates will also be furnished. Bond Counsel was not requested to participate, and did not take part, in the preparation of the Official Notice of Sale, the Official Bid Form and the Official Statement, and such firm has not assumed any responsibility with respect thereto or undertaken independently to verify any of the information contained therein, except that, in its capacity as Bond Counsel, such firm has reviewed the information describing the Certificates in the Official Statement to verify that such description conforms to the provisions of the Ordinance. Such firm has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the Issuer for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon such firm's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for, or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information contained herein. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Certificates are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Certificates. Though it may represent the Financial Advisor and certain entities that may bid on the Certificates from time to time in matters unrelated to the issuance of the Certificates, Bond Counsel has been engaged by and only represents the City in connection with the issuance of the Certificates.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Certificates express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction. Nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise from the transaction.

Rating

A municipal bond rating application has been made to S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"). The outcome of the result will be made available as soon as possible. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from the rating agency. A rating by a rating agency reflects only the view of such company at the time the rating is given, and the Issuer makes no representations as to the appropriateness of the rating. There is no assurance that such a rating will continue for any given period of time, or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if, in the judgment of such rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Certificates. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, hold, or sell securities.

Financial Advisor

SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. is employed as the Financial Advisor to the Issuer in connection with the issuance of the Certificates. In this capacity, the Financial Advisor has compiled certain data relating to the Certificates and has assisted in drafting this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has not independently verified any of the data contained herein or conducted a detailed investigation of the affairs of the Issuer to determine the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. Because of its limited participation, the Financial Advisor assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of the information contained herein. The fees for Financial Advisor are contingent upon the issuance, sale and delivery of the Certificates.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with its responsibilities to the City and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Winning Bidder

Certification of the Official Statement

At the time of payment for and delivery of the Certificates, the Purchaser will be furnished a certificate executed by the proper officials of the City acting in their official capacity, to the effect that: (a) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to the City contained in its Official Statement relating to the Certificates, and any addenda, supplement or amendment thereto, on the date of such Official Statement, on the date of the sale of said Certificates, and on the date of the delivery, were and are true and correct in all material respects; (b) insofar as the City and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, such Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statement therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; (c) to the best of their knowledge, insofar as the descriptions and statements, including financial data, of or pertaining to entities, other than the City and its activities, contained in such Official Statement are concerned, such statements and data have been obtained from sources which the City believes to be reliable and the City has no reason to believe that

they are untrue in any material respect; and (d) there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City since September 30, 2021, the date of the last audited financial statements of the Issuer, portions of which appear in the Official Statement.

The Official Statement will be approved as to form and content and the use thereof in the offering of the Certificates will be authorized, ratified and approved by the City Council on the date of sale, and the Purchaser will be furnished, upon request, at the time of payment for and the delivery of the Certificates, a certified copy of such approval, duly executed by the proper officials of the Issuer.

Links to Websites

The City has provided links to websites in this Official Statement to allow investors independent access to information or expertise that may be of value. INFORMATION ON SUCH WEBSITES IS NOT INCORPORATED INTO THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT BY REFERENCE OR OTHERWISE. The inclusion of any links does not imply a recommendation or endorsement of the information or views expressed within a website. The City has not participated in the preparation, compilation or selection of information or views in any website referenced in this Official Statement, and assumes no responsibility or liability for the information or views, or accuracy or completeness thereof, in any website referenced herein.

Forward-Looking Statements Disclaimer

The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in any other information provided by the City, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the City' expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the City on the date hereof, and the City assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. The City's actual results could differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements included herein are necessarily based on various assumptions and estimates and are inherently subject to various risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties relating to the possible invalidity of the underlying assumptions and estimates and possible changes or developments in social, economic, business, industry, market, legal, and regulatory circumstances and conditions and actions taken or omitted to be taken by third parties, including customers, suppliers, business partners and competitors, and legislative, judicial, and other governmental authorities and officials. Assumptions related to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond the control of the City. Any of such assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement will prove to be accurate.

Concluding Statement

The financial data and other information contained in this Official Statement have been obtained from the City's records, audited financial statements and other sources which are believed to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents and ordinances contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such statues, documents and ordinances. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information. Reference is made to original statutes, documents and ordinances in all respects.

This Official Statement will be approved by the City Council of the Issuer for distribution in accordance with the provisions of the SEC Rule 15c2-12.

CITY OF HIJDSON OAKS TEYAS

	CITT OF HODGON OARS, TEXAS
	/s/
	Mayor
	City of Hudson Oaks, Texas
ATTEST:	
/s/	
City Secretary	
City of Hudson Oaks, Texas	

APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE ISSUER

(This appendix contains quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the Issuer. The information is only a partial representation and does not purport to be complete. For further and more complete information, reference should be made to the original documents, which can be obtained from various sources, as noted.)



FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE ISSUER

ASSESSED VALUATION	TABLE 1
2022 Actual Certified Market Value of Taxable Property (100% of Market Value) ^(a)	\$ 590,971,025
Loss:	
General Homestead CapAgriculture Productivity	
Total Loss	\$ 18,895,680
2022 Assessed Value of Taxable Property	\$ 572,075,345
Deductions:	
General Disabled Veteran	\$ 9,644,164
Over 65 Disabled	2,925,000
General Exemptions	17,489,158 \$ 30,058,322
2022 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation.	
7 	\\ \psi \cdot \
See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES" and "CITY APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY TAX CODE" in the Official Statement for a description of the Issuer's taxation procedures.	
Source: Parker County Appraisal District	
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT	
Ownered Obligation Bakt Britaninal Outstanding (As of Marsh 4, 0000)	_
General Obligation Debt Principal Outstanding (As of March 1, 2023) Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007	\$ 615,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016A	3,380,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Taxable Series 2018	1,950,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	2,020,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A	2,055,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2021B Total Gross General Obligation Debt	<u>1,175,000</u> \$ 11,195,000
Current Issue General Obligation Debt Principal Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 (the "Certificates")	Ф Б 000 000 *
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023 (the Certificates)	\$ 5,000,000 *
Total Gross General Obligation Debt Outstanding (Following the Issuance of the Certificates):	\$ 16,195,000 *
Less: Self Supporting Debt	
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007 (100% Sales Tax)	\$ 615,000
Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016A (88.61% Water & Sewer and 11.39% Stormwater)	3,380,000
Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series Taxable Series 2018 (85.13% PID and 14.87% Water & Sewer)	1,950,000
General Obigation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (98.02% Water & Sewer and 1.98% Sales Tax)	2,020,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A (100% Water & Sewer) General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2021B (100% Water & Sewer)	2,055,000 1,175,000
Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023	5,000,000 *
(41% Sales Tax, 25% PID, 20% Water & Sewer, and 14% Stormwater)	
Total Self-Supporting Debt	\$ 16,195,000
Total Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding	<u> </u>
2022 Net Assessed Valuation	\$ 542,017,023
Ratio of Total Gross General Obligation Debt Principal to 2022 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	2.99%
Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to 2022 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	-

Population: 2000 - 1,637; 2010 - 1,662; 2020 - 2,174; 2023 - 2,478 Per Capita 2022 Certified Net Taxable Assessed Valuation - \$218,732 Per Capita Gross General Obligation Debt Principal - \$6,536

⁽a) See "AD VALOREM TAX PROCEDURES" and "CITY APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY TAX CODE" in the Official Statement for a description of the Issuer's taxation procedures.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

Capital Leases

Governmental Activities

On April 25, 2017, the general fund acquired acquired computers for police vehicles with a financed purchase. The financed purchase requires monthly payments of \$565 beginning June 2017. The interest rate is 5%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$0.

On January 23, 2020 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning January 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2021 was \$8,676.

On August 10, 2020 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning August 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$8.684.

On May 19, 2021 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,659 beginning May 2021. The interest rate was 2.25%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$16,731.

On December 10, 2021 the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,819 beginning December 2022. The interest rate was 2.49%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$25,193.

Business-type Activities:

On March 1, 2020, the water fund acquired two vehicles with a capital lease. The lease requires three annual payments of \$17,970 beginning March 2021. The interest rate is 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022 was \$17.393.

The following is an analysis of capital assets purchased under capital leases as of September 30, 2022:

	vernmental Activities	ness Type ctivities
Assets:		
Automobiles	\$ 254,862	\$ 67,703
Equipment	29,116	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciati	 (190,899)	 (39,494)
Total	\$ 93,079	\$ 28,209
Total	\$ 93,079	\$ 28,2

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net

	 ernmental ctivities	iness-type ctivities
2022	\$ 35,365	\$ 17,970
2023	\$ 17,478	\$ -
2024	 8,819	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 61,662	\$ 17,970
Amount Representing Interest	 (2,378)	 (577)
Present Value of future minimum payments	\$ 59,284	\$ 17,393

Source: The Issuer's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal Year Ending	urrent Total utstanding		The	Certificates	s*		Combined Debt	ess: Self- upporting	Total Net Debt
Sept. 30	Debt ^(a)	Principal		Interest		Total	Service ^(a) *	Debt*	Service*
2023	\$ 1,356,713	\$ 120,000	\$	77,292	\$	197,292	\$ 1,554,005	\$ 1,554,005	\$ -
2024	1,253,135	210,000		256,200		466,200	1,719,335	1,719,335	-
2025	1,065,603	225,000		245,175		470,175	1,535,778	1,535,778	-
2026	1,074,722	235,000		233,363		468,363	1,543,085	1,543,085	-
2027	1,072,488	245,000		221,025		466,025	1,538,513	1,538,513	_
2028	934,546	260,000		208,163		468,163	1,402,709	1,402,709	_
2029	927,281	275,000		194,513		469,513	1,396,794	1,396,794	_
2030	929,625	295,000		180,075		475,075	1,404,700	1,404,700	_
2031	926,550	300,000		164,588		464,588	1,391,138	1,391,138	-
2032	927,617	320,000		148,838		468,838	1,396,455	1,396,455	-
2033	752,798	195,000		132,038		327,038	1,079,836	1,079,836	_
2034	744,818	205,000		121,800		326,800	1,071,618	1,071,618	_
2035	751,382	220,000		111,038		331,038	1,082,420	1,082,420	_
2036	586,909	230,000		99,488		329,488	916,397	916,397	_
2037	170,000	245,000		87,413		332,413	502,413	502,413	_
2038	173,400	255,000		74,550		329,550	502,950	502,950	_
2039	-	270,000		61,163		331,163	331,163	331,163	_
2040	-	285,000		46,988		331,988	331,988	331,988	_
2041	-	300,000		32,025		332,025	332,025	332,025	-
2042	 <u> </u>	 310,000		16,275		326,275	326,275	 326,275	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ 13,647,587	\$ 5,000,000	\$	2,712,004	\$	7,712,004	\$ 21,359,591	\$ 21,359,591	\$

⁽a) Includes self-supporting debt*

* Preliminary, subject to change.

TAX ADEQUACY (Includes Self-Supporting Debt)

2022 Certified Freeze Adjusted Net Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 542,017,023
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (Fiscal Year Ending 9-30-24)	\$ 1,719,335 *
Indicated required I&S Fund Tax Rate at 98% Collections to produce Maximum Debt Service requirements	\$ 0.32368 *

^{*} Includes the Certificates. Preliminary, subject to change.

		•	_	Principal	Percent of			
Fiscal Year		Currently	The				Unpaid at	Principal
Ending 9-30		Outstanding ^(a)	Certificates*		<u>Total*</u>		End of Year*	Retired (%)*
2023	\$	690,000	\$ 120,000	\$	810,000	\$	15,385,000	5.00%
2024		995,000	210,000		1,205,000		14,180,000	12.44%
2025		830,000	225,000		1,055,000		13,125,000	18.96%
2026		860,000	235,000		1,095,000		12,030,000	25.72%
2027		880,000	245,000		1,125,000		10,905,000	32.66%
2028		765,000	260,000		1,025,000		9,880,000	38.99%
2029		775,000	275,000		1,050,000		8,830,000	45.48%
2030		795,000	295,000		1,090,000		7,740,000	52.21%
2031		810,000	300,000		1,110,000		6,630,000	59.06%
2032		830,000	320,000		1,150,000		5,480,000	66.16%
2033		675,000	195,000		870,000		4,610,000	71.53%
2034		685,000	205,000		890,000		3,720,000	77.03%
2035		710,000	220,000		930,000		2,790,000	82.77%
2036		565,000	230,000		795,000		1,995,000	87.68%
2037		160,000	245,000		405,000		1,590,000	90.18%
2038		170,000	255,000		425,000		1,165,000	92.81%
2039		-	270,000		270,000		895,000	94.47%
2040		-	285,000		285,000		610,000	96.23%
2041		-	300,000		300,000		310,000	98.09%
2042			 310,000		310,000		-	100.00%
Total	\$	11,195,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$	16,195,000			

⁽a) Includes self-supporting debt.

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION FOR TAX YEARS 2013-2022

TABLE 3

			Change from Proceding \		ding Year
Year	Assessed Valuation		Amo	unt (\$)	Percent
2013	\$	287,927,110	\$	30,342,320	11.78%
2014		282,133,660		(5,793,450)	-2.01%
2015		314,826,402		32,692,742	11.59%
2016		340,594,031		25,767,629	8.18%
2017		375,881,419		35,287,388	10.36%
2018		385,556,721		9,675,302	2.57%
2019		424,352,819		38,796,098	10.06%
2020		453,166,055		28,813,236	6.79%
2021		505,553,602		52,387,547	11.56%
2022		542,017,023		36,463,421	7.21%

Source: Parker Central Appraisal District.

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS TABLE 4

<u>Name</u>	Type of Business/Property	· -	2022 Net Taxable ssessed Valuation	% of Total 2022 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
900 Cinema Drive Partners	Apartments		\$ 38,200,000	7.05%
Durant Jerry	Auto Dealer		20,681,130	3.82%
Southwest Ford Inc	Auto Dealer		11,967,620	2.21%
HEB Grocery Company LP	Grocery		11,097,330	2.05%
William Kathy Trustee	Auto Dealer		10,554,370	1.95%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	Retail		10,200,000	1.88%
Gilchrist Charles Family	Auto Dealer		7,999,220	1.48%
Como Partners Estates LLC	Internet		6,935,340	1.28%
Durant Grantor Trust A&B	Auto Dealer		6,668,390	1.23%
HEB LP	Grocery		6,474,910	<u>1.19</u> %
		Total	\$ 130.778.310	24.13%

Source: Parker Central Appraisal District

TAX RATE DISTRIBUTION TABLE 5

The City does not currently levy an ad valorem tax or plan to levy an ad valorem tax to pay the debt service requirements on the Certificates and the City's other outstanding debt. The Certificates are expected to be 100% self-supporting. In the event the Utility System revenues and the sales tax revenues are insufficient to pay the debt service on the City's outstanding debt, the City will be obligated to levy and collect interest and sinking fund taxes to provide for the required debt service payments.

MUNICIPAL SALES TAX COLLECTIONS

TABLE 6

The Issuer has adopted the provisions of Chapter 321, as amended, Tax Code. In addition, some issuers are subject to a property tax relief and/or economic and industrial development tax. On August 14, 1999, the Issuer approved a ½¢ tax for Economic Development. The Issuer does not have a sales tax for property tax relief. The additional sales tax collection began January 1, 2000. In May 2002 the voters authorized an additional 1/4 of 1% sales tax for the benefit of the Issuer's crime control district, which became effective in November 2002. Voters of the City also approved a 1/4 of 1% sales tax for street maintenance and repair, which became effective on October, 2005. Net collections on calendar year basis are as follows:

Calendar		Total
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Collected
2013	1.50%	\$ 1,533,395
2014	1.50%	1,614,872
2015	1.50%	1,698,638
2016	1.50%	1,886,525
2017	1.50%	1,891,474
2018	1.50%	2,318,182
2019	1.50%	2,872,457
2020	1.50%	3,369,283
2021	1.50%	3,770,090
2022	1.50%	4,244,081
2023	1.50%	1,226,317 *

Source: State Comptroller's Office of the State of Texas.

*As of March, 2023.

(As of March 1, 2023)

The following table indicates the indebtedness, defined as outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities overlapping the City and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the City. Expenditures of the various taxing bodies overlapping the territory of the Issuer are paid out of ad valorem taxes levied by these taxing bodies on properties overlapping the Issuer. These political taxing bodies are independent of the Issuer and may incur borrowings to finance their expenditures. The following statements of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax bonds were developed from information contained in the "Texas Municipal Reports" published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amounts relating to the Issuer, the Issuer has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person should rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have authorized or issued additional bonds since the date stated below, and such entities may have programs requiring the authorization and/or issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined.

Gross Debt	%	Amount
<u>Principal</u>	Overlapping	Overlapping
\$ 92,299,460	10.02%	\$ 9,248,406
133,013,540	2.91%	3,870,694
-	0.00%	-
1,570,000	2.91%	45,687
\$ 226,883,000		<u>\$ 13,164,787</u>
		\$ 16,195,000 (1)
		\$ 29,359,787 (1)
		5.42%
		\$ 11,848.18
	Principal \$ 92,299,460 133,013,540 - 1,570,000	Principal Overlapping \$ 92,299,460 10.02% 133,013,540 2.91% - 0.00% 1,570,000 2.91%

Note: The above figures show Gross General Obligation Debt for Hudson Oaks, Texas. The Issuer's Net General Obligation Debt is \$0. Calculations on the basis of Net General Obligation Debt would change the above figures as follows:

Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 13,164,787
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2022 Assessed Valuation	2.43%
Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 5,312.67

Source: Texas Municipal Reports published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

ASSESSED VALUATION AND TAX RATE OF OVERLAPPING ISSUERS

2022 Assessed						
Governmental Subdivision	Valuation	% of Actual	202	2 Tax Rate		
Weatherford Independent School District	\$ 6,572,234,731	100%	\$	1.22219		
Parker County	19,975,593,535	100%		0.24955		
Parker County Hospital District	19,914,883,310	100%		0.10500		
Parker County Junior College District	19,914,879,443	100%		0.12248		

Source: Parker Central Appraisal District

⁽¹⁾ Includes the Certificates.

AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISIONS

Issuer	Date of Authorization	Purpose	Amount Authorized	Amount Issued To-Date	Unissued
City of Hudson Oaks	None				
Weatherford Independent School District	None				
Parker County	None				
Parker County Hospital District	None				
Parker County Junior College District	None				

Source: Texas Municipal Reports published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

GENERAL FUND COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

TABLE 7

	 9/30/2022	 9/30/2021	 9/30/2020	 9/30/2019	 9/30/2018
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,544,575	\$ 1,386,946	\$ 1,378,787	\$ 1,373,673
Revenues	5,586,481 3,530,168	4,699,995 3,458,437	4,252,314	4,064,227 3,392,413	3,007,361
Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of Revenues	 3,330,100	 3,436,43 <i>1</i>	 3,331,021	 3,392,413	 2,317,438
Over Expenditures	\$ 2,056,313	\$ 1,241,558	\$ 921,293	\$ 671,814	\$ 689,923
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In Proceeds from Notes Payable Capital Lease Issued	\$ 565,955 - 25,193	\$ - 25,193	\$ 55,146 (869,416) 50,606	\$ - 28,588 -	\$ - - 41,046
Operating Transfers In (Out)	 (1,330,282)	 (830,498)	 <u>-</u>	 (692,243)	 (725,855)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	\$ (739,134)	\$ (805,305)	\$ (763,664)	\$ (663,655)	\$ (684,809)
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3,298,007	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,544,575	\$ 1,386,946	\$ 1,378,787

Source: The Issuer's Audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

EMPLOYEE'S PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

TABLE 8

The City of participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement planc created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com. All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

For more information see the City's 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Page 47.

Source: The Issuer's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022.

- NONE -

Source: The Issuer's Audited Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE TABLE 9

(As of September 30, 2021)		
Land	\$ 1,541,780	
Construction in Progress	10,937,848	
Buildings	46,413	
Water Plant	4,333,489	
Distribution System	5,749,304	
Intangible Assets	787,886	
Wastewater Systems	3,840,683	
Automobiles	171,995	
Office Furniture and Equipment	173,636	
Total	\$ 27,583,034	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(7,483,712)	
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 20,099,322	

Source: The Issuer's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022.

WATERWORKS AND SEWER SYSTEM OPERATING STATEMENT

TABLE 10

The following condensed statements have been compiled using accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues available for debt service, and in all instances exclude depreciation, transfers, garbage, bad

	Fiscal Year Ended						
	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	<u>9/30/2018</u>		
Revenues Expenses	2,952,954 1,502,448	2,737,781 1,591,400	2,613,064 1,549,285	2,535,009 1,380,626	\$ 2,433,545 1,436,345		
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	<u>\$ 1.450.506</u>	\$ 1.146.381	\$ 1.063.779	\$ 1.154.383	\$ 997.200		
Customer Count: Water Sewer	1,188 212	1,180 207	1,187 202	1,170 194	1,153 182		

Source: The Issuer's Audited Comprehensive Financial Reports (2018-2021).

The City currently has 19 wells (1 is in the Trinity Aquifer and 18 are in the Paluxy Aquifer), a 250,000 gallon elevated storage tank, and 6 water plants with 11 ground storage tanks. Upon the sale and transfer of the Dyegard System, the City added 8 more wells (3 in the Trinity and 5 in the Paluxy), and 3 water plants with 6 ground storage tanks. The City also has a water purchase contract with the City of Weatherford, Texas. The City's administration believes that the City has enough water capacity to last until 2030 which would handle the expected build out of the City to a population of 8,000. The City entered into a wholesale water agreement on a take or pay basis with the City of Fort Worth, Texas, effective January 1, 2011 and expiring on September 30, 2031 to receive treated surface water from the City of Fort Worth. The City is currently transitioning from its wells to having a direct line into Fort Worth's water system which will serve as the City's primary water source.

WATER USAGE

Fiscal Year Ending	Gallons Purchased or Pumped Into the System	Gallons of Water Sold to Customers	Percentage Billed/Pumped
9/30/2013	303,751,900	175,366,617	57.73%
9/30/2014	192,674,206	176,597,113	91.66%
9/30/2015	195,881,380	181,457,492	92.64%
9/30/2016	191,223,700	180,189,000	94.23%
9/30/2017	188,959,200	172,927,000	91.52%
9/30/2018	213,704,600	187,197,147	87.60%
9/30/2019	196,400,499	179,456,650	91.37%
9/30/2020	195,112,374	177,888,997	91.17%
9/30/2021	198,447,000	181,686,091	91.55%
9/30/2022	170,673,950	167,518,289	98.15%

WATER RATES TABLE 11

[Based on Monthly Billing]

New Rates (Effective October 1, 2019)

Hudson Oaks Water System

Base Rate-Meter Chai	rge (Inside and Outside City Limits)
.75"	\$ 41.00
1.0"	78.00
1.5"	115.00
2.0"	245.00
3.0"	300.00

Residential Usage Charges-Consumption (Inside and Outside City Limits)

 Monthly Consumption
 Monthly Rate

 0-5,000 gallons
 \$4.29 per 1,000 gallons

 5,001 - 10,000 gallons
 \$4.95 per 1,000 gallons

 10,001-30,000 gallons
 \$6.33 per 1,000 gallons

 30,001 gallons or above
 \$7.57 per 1,000 gallons

Commercial Usage Charges-Consumption (Inside and Outside City Limits)

 Monthly Consumption
 Monthly Rate

 0-5,000 gallons
 \$5.49 per 1,000 gallons

 5,001 - 10,000 gallons
 \$7.23 per 1,000 gallons

 10,001-30,000 gallons
 \$8.49 per 1,000 gallons

 30,000 gallons or above
 \$9.99 per 1,000 gallons

Dyegard Water System

(Effective August 27, 2015)

Base Rate-Meter Charge (Inside and Outside City Limits)				
.75"	\$59.50			
1.00"	82.00			
1.50"	119.00			
2.00"	215.00			
Usage Charges-Cons	umption (Inside and Outside City Limits)			
Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate			
0-5,000 gallons	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons			

 Monthly Consumption
 Monthly Rate

 0-5,000 gallons
 \$4.29 per 1,000 gallons

 5,001-10,000
 \$4.95 per 1,000 gallons

 10,001-30,000
 \$6.33 per 1,000 gallons

 30,000 gallons or above
 \$7.57 per 1,000 gallons

SEWER RATES

TABLE 12

[Based on Monthly Billing]

(Effective April 24, 2008 - Ordinance 2008-12)

Residential

\$18.00 base Rate + \$4.78 per 1,000 gallons based upon winter averaging

<u>Commercial</u>

\$18.00 Base Rate + \$11.40 per 1,000 gallons based upon winter averaging







CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas, located in Parker County on Highway 180, just north of Interstate 20. The City is 27 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, Texas. The City is a Type A general law municipality and operates under an Administrator/Council form of government with a City Council comprised of the Mayor and five Councilmembers. Some of the services that the City provides are: public safety (police), highways and streets, water and sanitary sewer utilities, recycling, and general administrative services. The City's 2023 estimated population is 2,478. The City covers approximately 2.5 square miles.

The City is 20 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, which makes it an ideal location for people to live and commute. The City thrives on commercial development as a sales tax dependent City. Unemployment rates have dropped, while City and County sales tax receipts continue to increase.

The local economy is based between Weatherford, Texas and Fort Worth, Texas. With customers traveling into Hudson Oaks to shop. Approximately 70,000 vehicles a day travel through Hudson Oaks, which makes it an ideal place to do business. The local establishments provide outlets to meet the needs of area residents as well as a solid and growing retail base for the City. Sales tax collections are up 5% compared to the prior year.

New residential developments continue to grow; Red Eagle subdivision and a planned future mixed-use development, Creekside at Hudson Oaks.

PARKER COUNTY

Parker County, Texas (the "County") is located adjacent to the western boundary of Tarrant County. The County seat is the City of Weatherford, Texas. The County is traversed by Interstate 20 and U.S. Highways 80 and 180.

The County's economy is based on agribusiness, energy, and manufacturing. With its proximity to the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex, many residents commute to Fort Worth for employment. Agricultural products include: pecans, peanuts, peaches, horticulture, horses, hay, dairy, and cattle. Mineral production includes: stone, oil, clay, natural gas, gravel, and sand.

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS (1)

	2022 ⁽²⁾	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Civilian Labor Force	75,012	71,585	69,069	67,923	65,311
Total Employed	72,871	68,413	65,054	65,947	63,271
Total Unemployed	2,141	3,172	4,015	1,976	2,040
% Unemployment	2.9	4.4	5.8	2.9	3.1
Texas Unemployment (not adjusted)	3.6	5.7	7.7	3.5	3.9

⁽¹⁾ Source: Texas Workforce Commission.

⁽²⁾ As of December 31, 2022.



APPENDIX C FORM OF LEGAL OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL





[An opinion in substantially the following form will be delivered by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, upon the delivery of the Certificates, assuming no material changes in facts or law.]

May ___, 2023

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS COMBINATION TAX AND REVENUE CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, SERIES 2023 DATED AS OF APRIL 15, 2023 IN THE AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF \$______

AS BOND COUNSEL FOR THE CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS (the "City"), we have examined into the legality and validity of the Certificates of Obligation described above (the "Certificates"), which bear interest from the dates specified in the text of the Certificates until stated maturity or prior redemption, at the rates and payable on the dates, and which mature on the dates and are subject to redemption, all in accordance with the terms and conditions stated in the text of the Certificates. Terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given in the ordinance of the City authorizing the issuance and sale of the Certificates (the "Ordinance").

WE HAVE EXAMINED the applicable and pertinent provisions of the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas and a transcript of certified proceedings of the City, and other pertinent instruments authorizing and relating to the issuance of the Certificates including (i) the Ordinance, (ii) one of the executed Certificates (Certificate No. T-1), and (iii) the City's Federal Tax Certificate of even date herewith.

been duly authorized, issued and delivered in accordance with law; that except as the enforceability thereof may be limited by governmental immunity and bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, liquidation and other similar laws now or hereafter enacted relating to creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity which permit the exercise of judicial discretion, the Certificates constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the City; that ad valorem taxes sufficient to provide for the payment of the interest on and principal of the Certificates have been levied and pledged for such purpose, within the limit prescribed by law; and that "Surplus Revenues" (as such term is defined and described in the Ordinance) received by the City from the ownership and operation of the City's combined Waterworks and Sewer System have been pledged to further secure the payment of the Certificates in the manner set forth in the Ordinance.



IT IS FURTHER OUR OPINION, except as discussed below, that the interest on the Certificates is excludable from the gross income of the owners for federal income tax purposes under the statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions existing on the date of this opinion. We are further of the opinion that the Certificates are not "specified private activity bonds" and that, accordingly, interest on the Certificates will not be included as an individual alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). In expressing the aforementioned opinions, we have relied on certain representations, the accuracy of which we have not independently verified, and assumed compliance with certain covenants, regarding the use and investment of the proceeds of the Certificates and the use of the property financed therewith. We call your attention to the fact that if such representations are determined to be inaccurate or upon a failure by the City to comply with such covenants, interest on the Certificates may become includable in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Certificates.

EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE, we express no opinion as to any other federal, state, or local tax consequences of acquiring, carrying, owning, or disposing of the Certificates, including the amount, accrual, or receipt of interest on, the Certificates. Owners of the Certificates should consult their own tax advisors regarding the applicability of any collateral tax consequences of owning the Certificates.

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO THE FACT that the interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Certificates, may be includable in a corporation's adjusted financial statement income for purposes of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain corporations by section 55 of the Code.

WE EXPRESS NO OPINION as to insurance policies issued with respect to the payments due for the principal of and interest on the Certificates, if any, nor as to any such insurance policies issued in the future.

OUR OPINIONS ARE BASED ON EXISTING LAW, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, our opinions are not a guarantee of a result and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"); rather, such opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that we deem relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether the Service will commence an audit of the Certificates. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the City



as the taxpayer. We observe that the City has covenanted not to take any action, or omit to take any action within its control, that if taken or omitted, respectively, may result in the treatment of interest on the Certificates as includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

OUR SOLE ENGAGEMENT in connection with the issuance of the Certificates is as Bond Counsel for the City, and, in that capacity, we have been engaged by the City for the sole purpose of rendering an opinion with respect to the legality and validity of the Certificates under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, and with respect to the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the Certificates for federal income tax purposes, and for no other reason or purpose. The foregoing opinions represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result. We have not been requested to investigate or verify, and have not independently investigated or verified, any records, data, or other material relating to the financial condition or capabilities of the City, or the disclosure thereof in connection with the sale of the Certificates, and we have not assumed any responsibility with respect thereto. We express no opinion and make no comment with respect to the marketability of the Certificates and have relied solely on certificates executed by officials of the City as to the current outstanding indebtedness of, and assessed valuation of taxable property within, the City. Our role in connection with the City's Official Statement prepared for use in connection with the sale of the Certificates has been limited as described therein.

Respectfully,



APPENDIX D

THE CITY OF HUDSON OAKS AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, General Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements - not intended to be a complete statement of the Issuer's financial condition. Reference is made to the complete Annual Financial Report for further information.)



the annual comprehensive
financial report of the

City of Hudson Oaks, TX
for the fiscal year ending
September 30, 2022





ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

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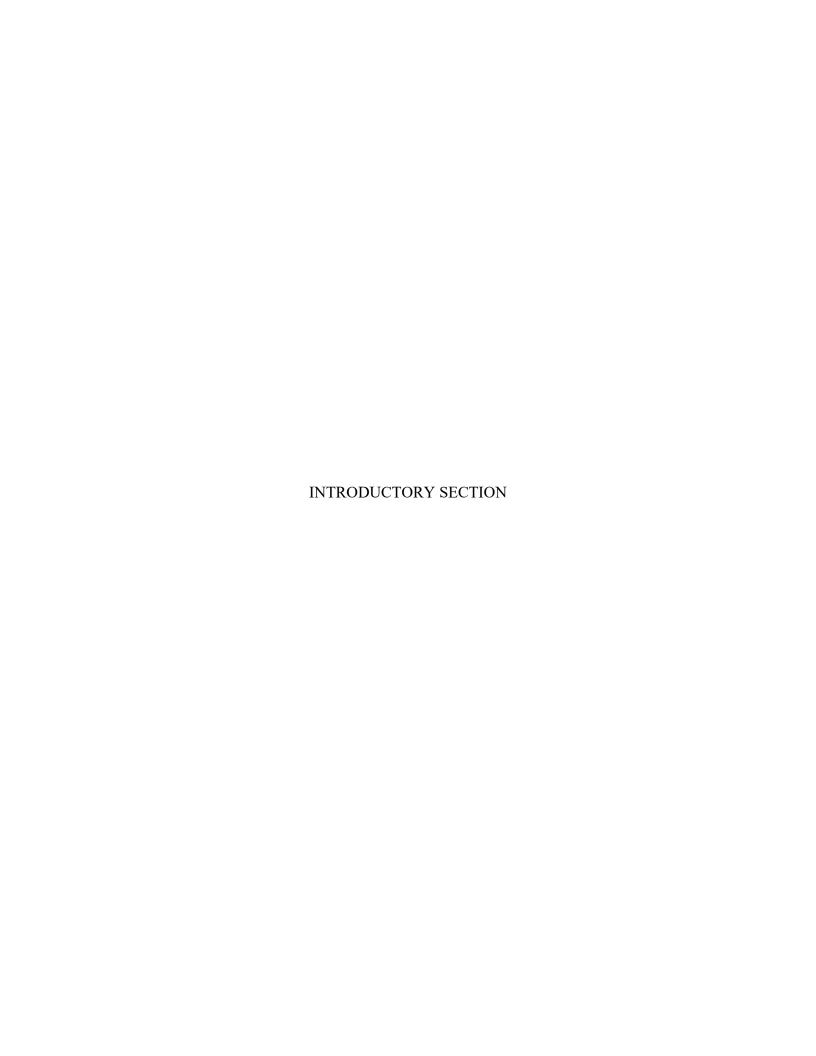
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March 20, 2023

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks, TX

Dear Mayor and City Council:

The City Administrator's Office is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is published to provide the City Council, residents, bondholders, city staff and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the City government. Responsibility for both accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the enclosed data are accurate in all respects and are organized in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of City operations, which are measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

THE REPORT

The reporting model issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). We believe our presentation provides better information to use the annual comprehensive financial report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Hudson Oaks' MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

CITY PROFILE

Location

Hudson Oaks is located in Parker County, just 20 miles west of Fort Worth. Hudson Oaks is home to approximately 2,633 people and serves as a prime location for residents who desire a short commute time with the luxury of living in a city with no property tax. There are currently 2.6 square miles of land within the City's boundaries.

Government Structure

Founded in 1978, Hudson Oaks is a Type A General Law Municipality that operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a mayor and five atlarge council members and is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members of various statutory and advisory boards, the

i

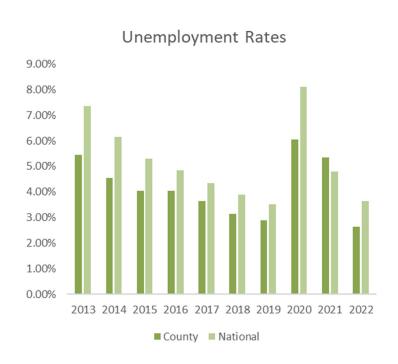
City Administrator, City Attorney, the City Secretary and the Municipal Judge. The City Administrator is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, the appointment and supervision of the directors and department heads, and the performance of functions within the municipal organization.

Services Provided

The City provides services that are meant to be necessary and meaningful to the City, while maintaining a low cost to the citizens, including the benefit of no property tax. Major services provided under the general government and enterprise functions are: police, water and wastewater utility services, stormwater utility services, park facilities, streets, and administrative services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.



Regional Economy

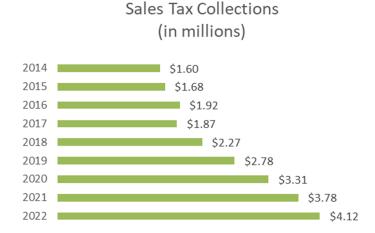
Hudson Oaks is 20 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, which makes it an ideal location for people to live and commute. Hudson Oaks has had strong economic growth over the past years, thriving on commercial development as a sales tax dependent City. Unemployment rates have dropped, while City and County sales tax receipts continue to increase.

Local Economy

Hudson Oaks is a thriving economy between Weatherford and Fort Worth. Customers come from all over to shop in Hudson Oaks.

Approximately 70,000 vehicles a day travel through Hudson Oaks, which makes it an ideal place to do business. The stability of the local Wal-Mart and HEB Grocery store along with a variety of food establishments and large employers consistently brings consumers to the area. Sales tax has maintained consistent growth and is the pillar of the City's income. The COVID-19 pandemic did not significantly affect the City and the sales tax during 2021-2022. Hudson Oaks has a wide variety of outlets that consistently bring in sales tax. The sales tax revenue for 2021-

2022 has been conservatively budgeted. The new apartment complex which is approximately 100% occupied will bring more population to the City and provide a base for even more growth.



The City's residential developments are almost at capacity which in turn has begun to generate fewer residential building permits. The increase in valuation is due to the large commercial projects ongoing in the City. The City expects more density in the future, with larger commercial projects.



FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing and maintaining the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but no absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial

statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City code provides that the City Council shall adopt the annual budget prepared by the City Administrator. This budget is reviewed by the City Council and is formally adopted by the passage of a budget ordinance. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budgetary control has been established at the individual fund and department level. Financial reports are produced showing budget and actual expenditures by line item and are distributed monthly to City department management and to others upon request.

Individual line items are reviewed and analyzed for budgetary compliance. Personnel expenditures are monitored and controlled at a position level and capital expenditures are monitored and controlled item by item. Revenue budgets are reviewed monthly.

In addition, the City has implemented a five-year strategic plan process that projects full lineitem and capital expenditure detail for all departments. The first year of this strategic plan is utilized as a starting basis for the annual budget.

Cash Management

As of October 1, 2020, the City's depository contract is with First Financial Bank, N.A. It is a three-year relationship period with two one-year extension options.

The remaining idle cash is invested in government securities and government investment pools as allowed by the State of Texas Statutes and by the City's investment policy.

The ending balance of the City's investment portfolio for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 was approximately \$1,864,760. The overall portfolio provided \$241,312 in investment income, representing interest revenue net of realized gains, unrealized gains and losses and investment expenses.

It is the City's policy that all demand deposits and time deposits will have a collateralization level of not less than 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest, less an amount of \$250,000, which represents insurance by the FDIC or FSLIC on certain types of bank deposits. Evidence of pledged collateral shall be documented by safekeeping or a master repurchase agreement with the collateral pledged clearly listed in the agreement and safekeeping confirmations. Collateral is monitored monthly to ensure that the market value of the pledged securities equals or exceeds the related deposit of investment balance.

All investments transacted by the City are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. That is, funds are not wired or paid until verification has been made that the correct security has been received by the Custodian. Securities are held in the name of the City of held on behalf of the City. The original copy of the safekeeping statements is delivered to the City.

The City will not accept as depository collateral any security that is not specifically allowed to be held as a direct investment by the City's portfolio, and the maximum maturity of the collateral securities may be no greater than five years. Collateral is held by an independent third party with whom the depository bank has a custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) is supplied to the City and retained. The safekeeping institution will be the Federal Reserve Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, or an institution not affiliated with the depository bank or the broker/dealer pledging the security. The safekeeping agreement includes the authorized signatories of the City and the depository bank.

All collateral shall be subject to verification and audit by the Financial Analyst or the City's independent auditors.

Long-Term Financing

The City intends that the length of any long-term financing matches the life of assets purchased with the financing. The City will generally use lease-purchase options of larger pieces of equipment with an expected useful life of at least five years. Certificates of Obligation or bonded indebtedness are issued for projects and other significant capital improvements with longer useful lives.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City develops a multi-year blueprint annually for planning the City's future capital expenditures, which coordinates and integrates community planning, development and financial capacity. This blueprint is the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP's goal is to implement necessary infrastructure and facility issues related to city growth and increased service demands and improve efficiency in the city. This strategic capital plan ensures that infrastructure needs projected over the next several years are identified, prioritized and properly funded.

<u>Transparency</u>

The City has been recognized by GFOA for both the Distinguished Budget award program and the Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Section 7.13 of the City code requires the City Council to direct that an independent annual audit be made of all accounts of the City. This requirement has been complied with, and the independent auditor's report has been included in this report.

It should be noted that the auditors included all funds in their audit, performed their audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and stated that, in their opinion, the statements herein present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the City at September 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hudson Oaks for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the fifth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgements</u>

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the full support and involvement of the City Administrator and staff that provided information and analyses contained within this document. In addition, we acknowledge the thorough, professional, and timely way our independent auditors, George, Morgan and Sneed, P.C., conducted the audit. Finally, we express appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued support for maintaining the highest standard and professionalism of the management of the City's finances.

Sincerely,

Sterling Naron

City Administrator

Staling L. Maru

MAYOR

Tom Fitzpatrick

MAYOR PRO-TEM

Daniel Cross

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Place 1 – Tom Marquardt

Place 2 – Brian Lixey

Place 3 – Marty Schrantz

Place 4 – Sean Cannon

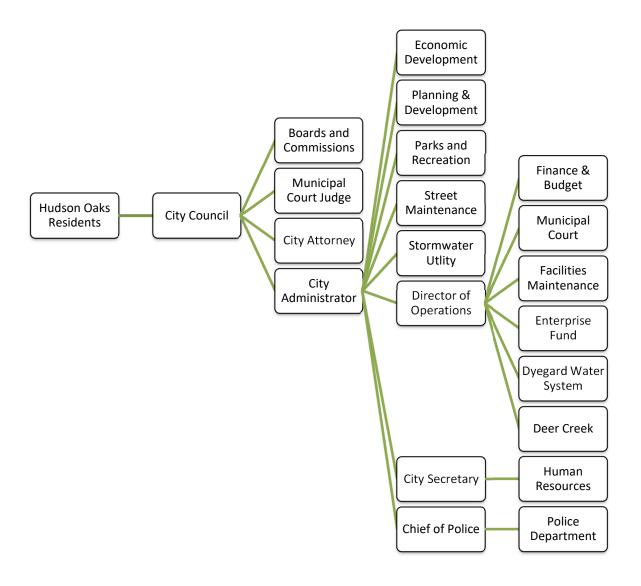
CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Sterling Naron

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Ricky King – Public Works Hayden Brodowsky - Operations Shelley Scazzero – City Secretary Paul Conner – Municipal Court Judge

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hudson Oaks Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 – 14 and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and related ratios, and schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 60 - 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained

during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund schedules and enterprise fund supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

George, Morgan & Sneed, P.C.

George, Morgan . Lnew P.C.

Weatherford, Texas March 20, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of The City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Hudson Oaks' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of The City of Hudson Oaks for the year ended September 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Hudson Oaks exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19,197,944 (net position) compared to \$16,862,895 for the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,230,500 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$2,275,049. The City's operations increased the governmental activities and increased business-type activities by \$1,917,437 and \$357,612 respectively.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,888,108 compared to \$1,161,223 for the prior year. 94% is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,272,030, or 93% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hudson Oaks' basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the differences reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and fees).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets and parks, mayor and council, and planning and development. The business-type activities of the City include waterworks, wastewater and stormwater. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's nearterm financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. The Enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and wastewater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for reimbursements for employee health care costs. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, wastewater and stormwater utility funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-59 of this report.

Other information.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on Exhibit A-1 through A-4.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds and enterprise fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These statements can be found on Exhibits B-1 through B-2 and Schedules 1 through 3 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,137,944 as of September 30, 2022. Below is a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2022 2021		2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 7,015,886	\$ 3,861,508	\$ 1,683,535	\$ 3,502,675	\$ 8,699,421	\$ 7,364,183		
Capital assets	15,830,167	16,175,362	20,099,321	18,690,531	35,929,488	34,865,893		
Total Assets	22,846,053	20,036,870	21,782,856	22,193,206	44,628,909	42,230,076		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	262,927	203,720	57,809	61,367	320,736	265,087		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	262,927	203,720	57,809	61,367	320,736	265,087		
Current liabilities	1,650,726	1,728,698	233,507	231,652	1,884,233	1,960,350		
Long-term liabilities	8,254,124	8,920,945	13,477,938	14,262,317	21,732,062	23,183,262		
Total liabilities	9,904,850	10,649,643	13,711,445	14,493,969	23,616,295	25,143,612		
Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	375,222	124,438	113,434	2,195,406	488,656		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	375,222	124,438	113,434	2,195,406	488,656		
Net Position:								
Net investment								
in capital assets	7,776,246	7,623,997	6,661,672	4,525,560	14,437,918	12,149,557		
Restricted Net Position (expendable)	170,641	99,247	298,885	233,675	469,526	332,922		
Unrestricted Net Position	3,186,275	1,492,481	1,044,225	2,887,935	4,230,500	4,380,416		
Total Net Position	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 19,137,944	\$ 16,862,895		

The largest portion of the City's net position (75%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, automobiles, improvements, infrastructure and construction in progress); less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay

this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$469,526) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$4,230,500 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The following is a summary of the City's Statement of Activities.

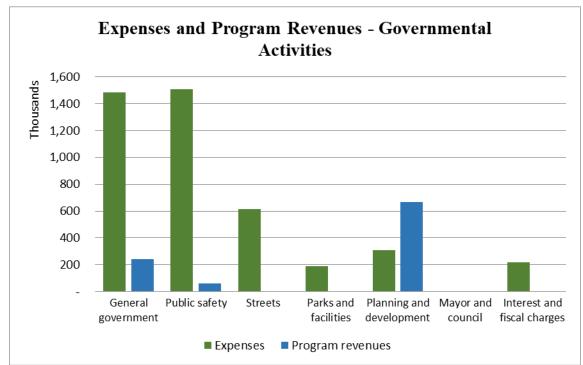
Condensed Statement of Activities

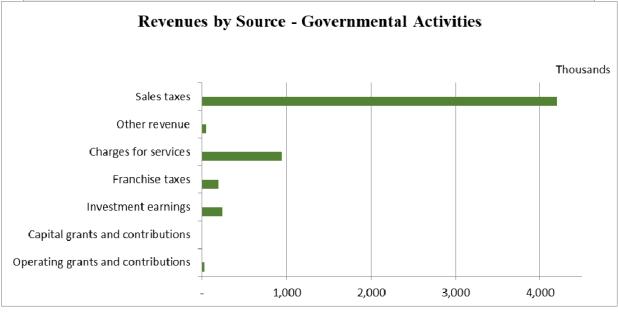
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:						_		
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 940,041	\$ 471,390	\$ 3,144,775	\$ 2,930,853	\$ 4,084,816 \$	3,402,243		
Operating grants and contributions	25,303	50,658	-	-	25,303	50,658		
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
General revenues:								
Sales taxes	4,113,485	3,844,619	-	-	4,113,485	3,844,619		
Franchise taxes	196,346	173,610	-	-	196,346	173,610		
Investment earnings	236,342	5,595	4,970	458	241,312	6,053		
Other Revenue	137,848	293,236	-	-	137,848	293,236		
Total revenues	5,649,365	4,839,108	3,149,745	2,931,311	8,799,110	7,770,419		
Expenses								
General government	1,481,771	1,166,363	-	-	1,481,771	1,166,363		
Public safety	1,505,214	1,432,360	-	-	1,505,214	1,432,360		
Streets	612,629	689,805	-	-	612,629	689,805		
Parks and facilities	187,880	191,756	-	-	187,880	191,756		
Planning and development	310,768	181,560	-	-	310,768	181,560		
Mayor and council	4,167	5,468	-	-	4,167	5,468		
Interest and fiscal charges	218,301	300,899	-	-	218,301	300,899		
Hudson Oaks water	-	-	1,566,712	1,595,882	1,566,712	1,595,882		
Dyegard Water System	-	-	200,654	173,989	200,654	173,989		
Deercreek Management	-	-	103,557	138,290	103,557	138,290		
Wastewater	-	-	320,281	388,516	320,281	388,516		
Stormwater	-	-	12,127	14,094	12,127	14,094		
Total expenses	4,320,730	3,968,211	2,203,331	2,310,772	6,524,061	6,278,983		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before transfers	1,328,635	870,897	946,414	620,539	2,275,049	1,491,436		
Transfers	588,802	25,924	(588,802)	(25,924)	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,917,437	896,821	357,612	594,615	2,275,049	1,491,436		
Net Position, Beginning	9,215,725	8,318,904	7,647,170	7,052,555	16,862,895	15,371,459		
Net Position, Ending	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 19,137,944 \$	16,862,895		

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,917,437. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues increased \$810,257. Charges for services increased \$468,651 due to additional permits for large commercial projects. Sales tax increased \$268,866 primarily due to growth, new businesses built in the city and inflation factors. Investment earnings increased due to an increase in interest rates and a market adjustment for investment property values the City owns.
- Expenses increased \$352,519. General governmental expenses increased approximately \$315,408 mainly because an employee increase and professional services. Streets decreased \$77,176 due to less maintenance. Planning and development expenses increased \$129,208 due to increased expenditures associated with additional development.

Below are two graphs summarizing governmental revenue and expense:

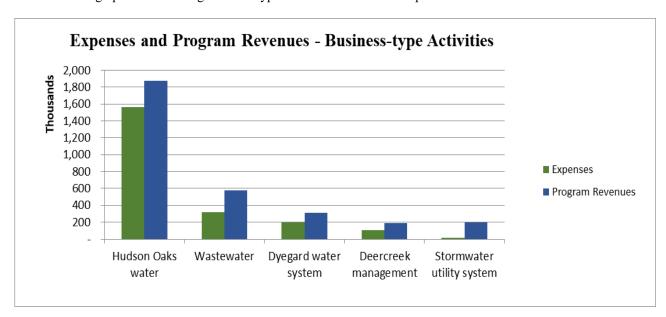


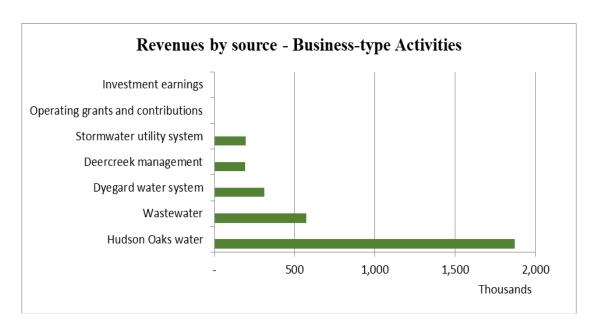


Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$357,612. Key elements are as follows.

- Revenues increased \$218,434. Charges for service increased \$213,922 due to an increase in water consumption. Investment earnings increased \$4,512 due to increasing interest rates.
- Expenses decreased \$107,441. Waterworks expenses decreased \$29,170 primarily due to a change in employees. Wastewater expenses decreased \$68,235 due to additional repairs and improvements made on the wastewater system in the prior year. Dyegard expenses increased due to additional repairs.

Below are two graphs summarizing business-type activities revenue and expense:





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,888,108. (94%) of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,272,030. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1,317,179. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Revenues increased about 19% or \$886,486 The City's sales tax revenues increased significantly during the year due to additional business and increased spending. Licenses and permit revenue increased 76% due to additional permits for large construction projects. Interest revenue increased due to an increase in interest rates and valuation assessment of property held for investments.
- Expenditures increased about 2% or \$71,731. General government expenditures increased \$224,066 as employee salary increases as well as adding an additional employee occurred. Public safety expenditures increased approximately 2% on increased police presence and overtime. Planning and development increased due to the growth in permits and the need for requirement more inspections.

Below is a comparison of the general fund's net change in fund balance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and September 30, 2021.

						Increase	Percent Increase		
	2022			2021	<u>(I</u>	Decrease)	(Decrease)		
Revenues:									
Taxes									
Sales and use	\$ 4,11	5,575	\$	3,777,991	\$	337,584	9%		
Franchise	189	9,890		177,967		11,923	7%		
Licenses and permits	66:	5,042		376,812		288,230	76%		
Charges for services	2.	5,341		11,419		13,922	122%		
Municipal court fines		8,004		15,603		(7,599)	-49%		
Interest	23:	5,493		5,352		230,141	4300%		
Intergovernmental	2:	5,303		49,523		(24,220)	0%		
Miscellaneous	32	1,833		285,328		36,505	13%		
Total revenues	5,58	36,481		4,699,995		886,486	19%		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	1,13	6,456		912,390		224,066	25%		
Public safety		8,739		1,462,237		36,502	2%		
Streets	35	5,038		319,270		35,768	11%		
Parks and facilities		9,714		521,863		(332,149)	-64%		
Planning and development	31	0,768		181,560		129,208	71%		
Mayor and council		4,167		5,468		(1,301)	-24%		
Debt service						, ,			
Principal	3:	2,803		53,157		(20,354)	-38%		
Interest and fiscal charges		2,483		2,492		(9)	0%		
Total expenditures	3,53	0,168		3,458,437		71,731	2%		
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers In	56:	5,955		_		565,955	0%		
Transfers Out		0,282)		(830,498)		(499,784)	60%		
Financed Purchases	•	5,193		25,193		-	0%		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,31	7,179	\$	436,253	\$	880,926	202%		

The general debt service fund is the other major government fund. Changes in this fund include transfers in from other funds to pay debt service and debt service payment. Proceeds and payments to escrow agents also contributed to changes in this funds balance.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Proprietary Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,044,225. The change in net position was a \$357,612 increase. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City amended the general fund budget once during fiscal year 2022. Budgeted revenues were increased \$686,957. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$686,957. The most significant changes to expenditures were to increase the general government, planning and development and transfers out. General fund budget exceeded expenditures by \$475,224.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$35,929,489 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water and wastewater systems, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- \$345,659 for trail improvements and construction in progress.
- \$33,840 for a new police vehicle.

Business-type activities:

- \$981,912 for land to build a new wastewater treatment plant.
- \$193,407 in stormwater improvements and repairs.
- \$748,737 water line to Fort Worth.

The City of Hudson Oaks Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-tyj	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 942,382	\$ 942,382	\$ 1,541,780	\$ 559,867	\$ 2,484,162	\$ 1,502,249		
Buildings	1,967,040	2,055,104	27,628	28,815	1,994,668	2,083,919		
Water plant	-	-	2,285,336	2,443,887	2,285,336	2,443,887		
Distribution systems	-	-	2,734,930	2,903,515	2,734,930	2,903,515		
Wastewater systems	-	-	2,120,147	2,251,989	2,120,147	2,251,989		
Automobiles	115,863	131,303	28,209	41,750	144,072	173,053		
Intangible Assets	-	-	405,587	434,135	405,587	434,135		
Equipment	96,650	145,724	17,857	30,869	114,507	176,593		
Improvements	63,176	76,410	-	-	63,176	76,410		
Infrastructure	11,982,479	12,530,016	=	=	11,982,479	12,530,016		
Leases	22,495	-	=	=	22,495	-		
Construction in progress	640,082	294,423	10,937,848	9,995,704	11,577,930	10,290,127		
Total	\$ 15,830,167	\$ 16,175,362	\$ 20,099,322	\$ 18,690,531	\$ 35,929,489	\$ 34,865,893		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hudson Oaks had total bonded debt, notes payable and capital leases payable of \$21,434,724.

City of Hudson Oaks' Outstanding Debt

	_	Governmer	ıtal A	Activities Business-		type Activities			T	otal	otal	
	_	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Financed Purchases	\$	59,290	\$	55,382	\$	17,393	\$	34,341	\$	76,683	\$	89,723
Lease financing		23,014		-		-		-		23,014		-
Certificates of Obligation		6,043,243		6,436,983		9,966,784		10,219,430		16,010,027		16,656,413
General Obligation bonds		1,881,500		2,059,000		3,443,500		3,911,200		5,325,000		5,970,200
Total	\$	8,007,047	\$	8,551,365	\$	13,427,677	\$	14,164,971	\$	21,434,724	\$	22,716,336

More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in note 7 to the financial statements.

Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Hudson Oaks commercial development again increased significantly in 2022. The new apartments are approximately 100% occupied bringing new residents into town. A continuing increase in major commercial construction projects continue to come into the City. As the City continues its mission for a no property tax City, the reliance on commercial development to produce sales tax is extremely important.

Looking ahead to 2023, inflation continues to impact sales tax. The sales tax base continues to grow over the inflation marks so far in fiscal year 2023. Infrastructure continues to improve in the City with additional access points, exits and other streets seeing improvements, paving the way for future development and more growth.

Much of the focus continues to be on growing the sales tax base as the City maintains its functionality without a property tax. A focus towards being a full-service City without a property tax is the main goal in Hudson Oaks and building a comprehensive and competitive sales tax marketplace accomplishes what the City strives to achieve.

The fiscal year 2023 general fund budget continues the City's conservative approach to fiscal matters. The budget includes additional funds for street maintenance, police protection, and employee retention while holding sales tax projections related to the developments to a minimum. This conservative approach will allow the City more flexibility if revenues exceed budget in the future to expand on developments to continue to grow the City. While the City expects business to continue to increase, some events have led to a more conservative approach than normal for 2023.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, 210 Hudson Oaks Drive, Hudson Oaks, Texas 76087.



CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

ASSETS: Governmental Activities Bisiness-typic Monitorities Total of Activities Activities Total of Activities Activities Activities \$ 3,407,800 \$ 1,864,760 \$ 1		Primary Government			
ASSETIS		Governmental	•		
Cach in cach equivalents \$2,332,633 \$1,075,277 \$3,407,804 Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles) 1,600,793 263,967 3,846,760 Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles) - 299,811 299,811 Accounts 754,468 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 16,128 Miscellaneous receivables 402,971 65,411 55,836 Miscellaneous receivables 15,995 3,166 19,161 Internal Balances 33,308 33,308 33,981 Restriced assets - 9,911 9,911 Captial assets (net of accumulated depreciation) - 9,911 9,911 Captial assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 1,582,466 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Deferred Outflow of Resource <td< th=""><th></th><th>Activities</th><th>Activities</th><th>Total</th></td<>		Activities	Activities	Total	
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles) Accounts					
Receivables (Net of allowanees for uncollectibles)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Sales tax 75.468 299,811 299,811 79,4468 For 75,4468 For 75,4468 Frunchise taxes 91,519 - 79,1519 - 79,1519 - 31,519 - 31,519 - 31,519 - 31,618 - 31,519 - 36,73,91 Perposid terms 1,673,731 - 1,573,91 Perposid terms 1,519,739 3,66 6,73,731 Perposid terms 1,519,739 3,66 1,519,739 - - 3,73,739 - - - 3,73,739 - - - - 9,911 - - - 9,911 - - 9,911 - - - 9,911 - - 9,911 - - - 9,911 - - - 9,911 - - - 9,911 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td>1,600,793</td> <td>263,967</td> <td>1,864,760</td>		1,600,793	263,967	1,864,760	
Sales tax 754,468 - 754,468 Franchise taxes 91,519 - 19,1519 Fines 36,128 - 16,128 Miscellaneous receivables 492,971 65,411 55,83,82 Leases 1,657,391 - 1,677,391 Prepaid items 1,597,391 - 1,677,391 Internal Balances 33,968 (33,068) - Restricted assets - 9,911 9,911 Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - 9,911 9,911 Nondepreciable 1,158,2464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,033 7,619,693 21,867,369 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,028,909 Deferred outflows of Resources 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred Outflow on Persources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow	,		200.011	200.011	
Fines		-			
Fines 36,128 - 36,128 Miscellaneous receivables 49,2971 65,411 55,838 Leases 1,657,391 1,657,391 Prepaid items 1,597,391 3,366 19,616 Internal Balances 33,968 33,968 - Restricted assets - 9,911 9,911 Capital cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): - 9,916 2,918 3,936 Nondepreciable 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,602,092 2,909 Deferred outflows of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,366 Deferred outflows on Persons 22,846,055 21,782,856 44,628,909 Deferred outflows on Persons 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on Persons 246,932 53,80 30,305 Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,800 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 23,108,980 21,840,665 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Miscellaneous receivables			-		
Cases			-		
Pepaid items			65,411		
Internal Balances 33,968 33,968 7.			2166		
Restricted assets: 3.9.91 9.911 9.911 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 1.582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Nondepreciable 1.2.82,460,533 21,782,856 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 23,108,980 21,840,665 \$44,949,645 LIABILITIES: 2 20,2927 57,809 320,736 Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 36,875 28,958 65,833 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year	•		,	19,161	
Cash and cash equivalents - 9,911 9,911 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred Outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources 23,108,980 21,840,665 \$44,949,645 LABILITIES: Accounts Payable 983,76 204,549 1,202,925 LAGGOUNT PURPORAGE 298,376 204,549 1,202,925 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 51,462 </td <td></td> <td>33,968</td> <td>(33,968)</td> <td>-</td>		33,968	(33,968)	-	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Nondepreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 1,582,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 12,867,368 14,062,092 12,867,368 14,062,090 12,287,368 14,062,090 12,287,368 14,062,090 14,247,703 12,872,856 14,628,090 14,247,703 12,872,856 14,628,090 14,247,703 12,872,856 14,628,090 14,247,703 14,248,090 14,248			0.011	0.011	
Nondepreciable 1,882,464 12,479,628 14,062,092 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 14,247,703 12,287,856 14,628,909 14,247,703 15,2461 15,995 14,491 12,0486 15,995 15,995 14,991,665 15,995 14,991,665 15,995 14,991,665 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,806 15,995 15,99	*	-	9,911	9,911	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 14,247,703 7,619,693 21,867,396 Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,909 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Assets 22,846,053 21,782,856 44,628,090 DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$23,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 LIABILITIES: ***********************************	•				
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Deferred Outflow of Resources 23,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 Deferred Outflows of Resources 32,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 Deferred Outflows of Resources 32,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 Deferred Outflows of Resources 36,875 28,958 65,835 Deferred influstries 36,875 28,958 65,833 Deferred inflows on pensions 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 20,156,336 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on PEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,161,361 - 1,161,361 Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 Deferred Inflow of Resources 3,333 9,911 105,244 105,406 Deferred Inflow of Resources 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 3,333 Restricted Net Position - Other Position -	Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	14,247,703	7,619,693	21,867,396	
Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4.491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$23,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Secounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncarned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Accrued interest payable 998,376 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 7 30,6875 28,958 65,833 Due within one year 755,002 780,724 1,575,726 60,833 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 20,156,336 Total Preferred inflows on Pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Def	Total Assets	22,846,053	21,782,856	44,628,909	
Deferred outflows on pensions 246,932 53,318 300,250 Deferred outflows on OPEB 15,995 4,491 20,486 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$23,108,980 \$21,840,665 \$44,949,645 LIABILITIES: 2 40,499,645 \$44,949,645 Liabilities 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Uncamed grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Accrued interest payable 998,376 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities 755,002 780,724 1,557,526 Due within one year 795,002 780,724 2,0156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,255 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows on Resources 2,070,968 124,438	DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows on OPEB		246 932	53 318	300.250	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 262,927 57,809 320,736 Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 4	*				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645 LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearmed grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 200,004,850 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: 8 124,438 2,195,406 Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Posit					
Company Comp	Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	262,927	57,809	320,736	
Accounts Payable 998,376 204,549 1,202,925 Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on oPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflow related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: NET POSITION: 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,911 1	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 23,108,980	\$ 21,840,665	\$ 44,949,645	
Unearned grant revenue 615,475 - 615,475 Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Deferred inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373<	LIABILITIES:				
Accrued interest payable 36,875 28,958 65,833 Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Other	Accounts Payable	998,376	204,549	1,202,925	
Noncurrent liabilities: 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due within one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438	Unearned grant revenue	615,475	-	615,475	
Due within one year 795,002 780,724 1,575,726 Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Deferred inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position <td< td=""><td>Accrued interest payable</td><td>36,875</td><td>28,958</td><td>65,833</td></td<>	Accrued interest payable	36,875	28,958	65,833	
Due in more than one year 7,459,122 12,697,214 20,156,336 Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflow of Resources 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Equital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 <td>Noncurrent liabilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Total Liabilities 9,904,850 13,711,445 23,616,295 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows or refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflow of Resources 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,	Due within one year	795,002	780,724	1,575,726	
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Due in more than one year	7,459,122	12,697,214	20,156,336	
Deferred inflows on pensions 400,130 112,331 512,461 Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 10,14,225 4,230,500	Total Liabilities	9,904,850	13,711,445	23,616,295	
Deferred inflows on OPEB 7,603 2,135 9,738 Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows on refunding 46,874 9,972 56,846 Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Deferred inflows on pensions	400,130	112,331	512,461	
Deferred inflows related to leases 1,616,361 - 1,616,361 Total Deferred Inflow of Resources 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Deferred inflows on OPEB	7,603	2,135	9,738	
NET POSITION: 2,070,968 124,438 2,195,406 NET POSITION: T,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Deferred inflows on refunding	46,874	9,972	56,846	
NET POSITION: Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Deferred inflows related to leases	1,616,361	-	1,616,361	
Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,070,968	124,438	2,195,406	
Net Investments in Capital Assets 7,776,246 6,661,672 14,437,918 Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	NET POSITION:				
Restricted Net Position - Public Safety 18,497 - 18,497 Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944		7,776,246	6,661,672	14,437,918	
Restricted Net Position - Debt Service 95,333 9,911 105,244 Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	*		-		
Restricted Net Position - Impact Fees - 288,974 288,974 Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	•		9,911		
Restricted Net Position - Capital Projects 3,373 3,373 Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944					
Restricted Net Position - Other 53,438 - 53,438 Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944	*		*		
Unrestricted Net Position 3,186,275 1,044,225 4,230,500 Total Net Position 11,133,162 8,004,782 19,137,944			-		
			1,044,225		
Total Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resourcs, and Net Position \$ 23,108,980 \$ 21,840,665 \$ 44,949,645	Total Net Position	11,133,162	8,004,782	19,137,944	
	Total Liability, Deferred Inflows of Resourcs, and Net Position	\$ 23,108,980	\$ 21,840,665	\$ 44,949,645	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

					Progra	m Revenues		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		apital nts and ributions
Primary Government		1						
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	1,481,771	\$	214,968	\$	25,303	\$	-
Public safety		1,505,214		60,031		-		-
Streets		612,629		-		-		-
Parks and facilities		187,880		-		-		-
Planning and development		310,768		665,042		-		-
Mayor and council		4,167		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		218,301		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		4,320,730		940,041		25,303		-
Business-type activities:								
Hudson Oaks water		1,566,712		1,872,034		-		-
Wastewater		320,281		574,750		-		-
Dyegard water system		200,654		310,363		-		-
Deercreek management		103,557		190,898		-		-
Stormwater utility system		12,127		196,730		-		-
Total business-type activities		2,203,331		3,144,775				-
Total primary government	_	6,524,061		4,084,816		25,303		-

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Investment Earnings

Other Revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position October 1

Net Position September 30

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			ry Government	
G	overnmental		siness-type	
	Activities	A	ctivities	 Total
\$	(1,241,500)	\$	-	\$ (1,241,500)
	(1,445,183)		-	(1,445,183)
	(612,629)		-	(612,629)
	(187,880)		-	(187,880)
	354,274		-	354,274
	(4,167)		-	(4,167)
	(218,301)		-	(218,301)
	(3,355,386)		-	 (3,355,386)
	-		305,322	305,322
	-		254,469	254,469
	-		109,709	109,709
	-		87,341	87,341
	-		184,603	184,603
	-		941,444	941,444
	(3,355,386)		941,444	 (2,413,942)
	4,113,485		-	4,113,485
	196,346		-	196,346
	236,342		4,970	241,312
	137,848		-	137,848
	588,802		(588,802)	-
	5,272,823		(583,832)	4,688,991
	1,917,437		357,612	2,275,049
	9,215,725		7,647,170	 16,862,895
\$	11,133,162	\$	8,004,782	\$ 19,137,944

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

ASSETS	General Debt Service General Fund Fund		bt Service	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
ABBETS								
Assets:								
Cash	\$	1,536,783	\$	95,333	\$	700,268	\$	2,332,384
Investments		1,600,763		=		30		1,600,793
Receivables								
Sales Tax		754,468		-		-		754,468
Franchise Tax		91,519		=		=		91,519
Fines and fees		36,128		-		-		36,128
Miscellaneous		491,309		-		1,662		492,971
Leases		1,657,391		-		-		1,657,391
Prepaid items		15,995		-		-		15,995
Due from other funds		102,242		-		41,706		143,948
Total assets	\$	6,286,598	\$	95,333	\$	743,666	\$	7,125,597
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		467,195		-		531,181		998,376
Unearned grant revenue		-		-		615,475		615,475
Due to Other Funds		7,738		-		102,242		109,980
Total liabilities	_	474,933		-		1,248,898		1,723,831
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Deferred revenue		897,297		-		-		897,297
Leases		1,616,361		-		-		1,616,361
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,513,658						2,513,658
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		15,995		-		-		15,995
Restricted fund balance								
Public, educational, and government access fees		9,982		-		-		9,982
Public Safety		-		-		18,497		18,497
Parks		-		-		2,924		2,924
Capital Projects		-		-		3,373		3,373
Special Events		-		-		40,532		40,532
Debt Service		-		95,333		-		95,333
Assigned fund balance								
Unassigned fund balance		3,272,030		-		(570,558)		2,701,472
Total fund balances		3,298,007		95,333		(505,232)		2,888,108
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	6,286,598	\$	95,333	\$	743,666	\$	7,125,597

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,888,108
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets was \$21,701,838 and the accumulated depreciation was \$5,871,671.	15,830,167
Long-term liabilities, including \$7,924,743 bonds payable, \$59,290 of capital leases payable, \$23,014 of lease financing, and \$169,331 compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(8,176,378)
Interest payable is not expected to be liquidated with available financial resources and is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements.	(36,875)
Franchise taxes receivable, sales tax receivable, and fines and fees receivable are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.	897,297
Deferred inflows on refunding is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. This resulted in a decrease to net position.	(46,874)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$21,706, a deferred resource inflow related to pensions of \$400,130 and a deferred resource outflow related to pensions in the amount of \$246,932. This resulted in a decrease to net position.	(174,904)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) as required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$56,040, a deferred inflow related to OPEB of \$7,603, a deferred outflow to OPEB of \$15,995. This results in a decrease to net position.	(47,648)
The City uses an internal service fund to charge costs of reimbursements to employees for health care costs above deductible amounts. The adjustment is to reflect the consolidation of the internal service fund activities related to governmental activities.	269
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,133,162

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	General Debt Service Fund				Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:								
Taxes								
Sales and Use	\$	4,115,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,115,575
Franchise		189,890		-		-		189,890
Licenses and permits		665,042		-		-		665,042
Charges for services		25,341		-		-		25,341
Municipal court fines		8,004		-		281		8,285
Interest		235,493		632		217		236,342
Intergovernmental		25,303		-		-		25,303
Miscellaneous		321,833		-		171,971		493,804
Total revenues		5,586,481		632		172,469		5,759,582
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		1,136,456		-		111,646		1,248,102
Public safety		1,498,739		-		-		1,498,739
Streets		355,038		-		-		355,038
Parks and facilities		189,714		-		-		189,714
Planning and development		310,768		-		-		310,768
Mayor and council		4,167		-		-		4,167
Capital outlay		-		-		213,095		213,095
Debt service:								
Principal		32,803		557,500		-		590,303
Interest and fiscal charges		2,483		234,283				236,766
Total expenditures		3,530,168		791,783		324,741		4,646,692
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		2,056,313		(791,151)		(152,272)		1,112,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		565,955		886,381		598,748		2,051,084
Transfers out		(1,330,282)		-		(132,000)		(1,462,282)
Issuance of financed purchases		25,193						25,193
Total other financing sources (uses):		(739,134)		886,381		466,748		613,995
Net change in fund balance		1,317,179		95,230		314,476		1,726,885
Fund balance, October 1		1,980,828		103		(819,708)		1,161,223
Fund balance, September 30	\$	3,298,007	\$	95,333	\$	(505,232)	\$	2,888,108

Exhibit 6

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of The Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,726,885
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including \$379,499 of capital outlays and \$590,303 of debt principal payments is to increase net position.	969,802
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(759,226)
Current year issuance of capital lease payables are other financing sources in the fund financial statements. The effect of \$25,193 increase in capital lease payable is a decrease to net position.	(25,193)
Current year interest payable and compensated absences of the governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the \$4,725 decrease in interest payable, \$28,403 increase in compensated absences payable and \$13,740 amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts is to decrease net position.	(9,938)
Sales tax, franchise tax, fines and fees, and other intergovernmental revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements.	(110,217)
GASB required the City to recognize their net pension liability, deferred resource inflow related to pensions and deferred resource outflow related to pensions. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	136,660
GASB required the City to recognize their other post employment benefit liability and deferred inflows related to OPEB. The changes in these balances decreased net position.	(5,932)
The City uses and internal service fund to charge the costs of health costs reimbursable to employees to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	(5,404)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,917,437

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2022

	September 30, 2022			
		Governmental		
		Business-type Activitie		Activities
	Water & Wastewater	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ 755,027	\$ 320,210	\$ 1,075,237	\$ 269
Investments	263,967	-	263,967	-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	279,680	20,131	299,811	-
Miscellaneous receivables	65,411	-	65,411	-
Due from other funds	7,738	-	7,738	-
Prepaid expense	3,166	-	3,166	-
Restricted cash	2,995	6,916	9,911	
Total current assets	1,377,984	347,257	1,725,241	269
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable	12,286,221	193,407	12,479,628	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	7,063,219	556,474	7,619,693	-
Total noncurrent assets	19,349,440	749,881	20,099,321	
Total assets	20,727,424	1,097,138	21,824,562	269
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	53,318	_	53,318	_
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	4,491		4,491	
Total deferred outflow of resources	57,809	-	57,809	_
			-	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	204,549	-	204,549	-
Compensated absences payable	28,435	-	28,435	-
Due to other funds	-	41,706	41,706	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Current portion of long-term debt	726,250	26,039	752,289	-
Accrued interest payable	27,254	1,704	28,958	
Total current liabilities	986,488	69,449	1,055,937	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Net pension liability	6,094	-	6,094	-
OPEB liability	15,732	-	15,732	
Certificates of obligation	12,277,134	398,254	12,675,388	
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,298,960	398,254	12,697,214	
Total liabilities	13,285,448	467,703	13,753,151	
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	112,331	_	112,331	_
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	2,135	_	2,135	_
Deferred Inflow on refunding	9,972		9,972	
Total deferred outflow of resources	124,438		124,438	
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets	6,336,084	325,588	6,661,672	-
Restricted for debt service (expendable)	2,995	6,916	9,911	-
Restricted for impact fees (expendable)	288,974	-	288,974	_
Unrestricted	747,294	296,931	1,044,225	269
Total net position	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 629,435	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 269
				·

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Business-type Activitie	s	Governmental Activities
	Water &	Other	Total	Internal Service
	Wastewater	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Fund
Operating revenues:				
Water, wastewater and Stormwater	\$ 2,545,462	\$ 196,730	\$ 2,742,192	\$ -
Management contract charges	190,898	-	190,898	-
Late payment charges	13,725	-	13,725	-
Tap Fees	26,000	-	26,000	-
Impact fees	62,577	-	62,577	-
Customer assessment fees	20,920	-	20,920	-
Miscellaneous fees & charges	88,463	-	88,463	30,000
Total operating revenues	2,948,045	196,730	3,144,775	30,000
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	281,071	_	281,071	_
Professional services	128,653	_	128,653	35,428
Supplies	109,785	_	109,785	-
Operations	643,297	_	643,297	_
Maintenance and repairs	191,551	_	191,551	_
Well utilities	148,091	_	148,091	_
Depreciation	512,691	2,575	515,266	_
Total operating expenses	2,015,139	2,575	2,017,714	35,428
Total operating expenses	2,013,137	2,373	2,017,711	33,120
Operating income (loss)	932,906	194,155	1,127,061	(5,428)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest	4,909	61	4,970	24
Interest expense	(176,065)	(9,552)	(185,617)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(171,156)	(9,491)	(180,647)	24
Contributions and transfers:				
Transfers out	(588,802)	-	(588,802)	-
	(588,802)		(588,802)	
Change in net position	172,948	184,664	357,612	(5,404)
Net Position, Beginning	7,202,399	444,771	7,647,170	5,673
Net Position, Ending	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 629,435	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 269

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities: Waseewater (Enterprise Funds) Total (Enterprise Funds) Fund (Funds) Cash necevited from customers and users \$ 3,024,627 \$ 197,111 \$ 3,221,738 \$ 3,000 Cash paid to supplices (1,353,281) (1,155,281) (35,428) Cash paid to employees (222,530) (322,530) (322,530) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,548,816 197,111 (37,529,227) (5,428) Cash flow from noncapital financing activities 8 41,706 41,706 6 4 Due from other funds 9 41,706 (58,802) 9 6 4 6 9 - Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (588,802) 41,706 (547,006) - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Busines</th> <th>ss-type Activities</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ernmental ctivities</th>				Busines	ss-type Activities				ernmental ctivities
Cash nows from operating activities:		_	Water &		Other		Total	Inter	nal Service
Cash proceived from customers and users			Wastewater	Ente	erprise Funds	Ente	erprise Funds		Fund
Cash paid to suppliers	Cash flows from operating activities:								
Cash provided (used) by operating activities 1,548,816 197,111 1,745,927 1,542,816 1,548,816 1,548,816 1,745,927 1,745,9	Cash received from customers and users	\$	3,024,627	\$	197,111	\$	3,221,738	\$	30,000
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities: Due to other funds	Cash paid to suppliers		(1,153,281)		-		(1,153,281)		(35,428)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities: Due to other funds - 41,706 41,706 - Due from other funds - - (588,802) - Transfers in (out) (588,802) 41,706 (547,096) - Net cash provided (used by noncapital financing activities (588,802) 41,706 (547,096) - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments - certificates of obligation (694,307) (25,000) (719,307) - Principal payments - fenanced purchases (16,947) - (16,947) - Purchase of property, plant and equipment (1,730,650) (193,407) (1,924,057) - Purchase of property, plant and equipment (2,26,438) (10,675) (23,7113) - Net cash flows from investing activities: Interest received 4,909 61 4,970 24 (Purchase) sale of investments 247,014 - 247,014 - Net cash provided by (used in) investing 251,923 61 251,984 24 Net increase (decrease) in cash (1,456,405) 9,796 (1,446,609) (5,404) Cash, October 1 2,214,427 317,330 2,531,757 5,673 Cash, September 30 5,758,022 3,327,126 1,085,148 2,209 Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 5,12,691 2,575 515,266 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 6,849 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 6	Cash paid to employees		(322,530)		-		(322,530)		-
Due to other funds	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,548,816		197,111		1,745,927		(5,428)
Due from other funds	Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers in (out) (588,802) - (588,80	Due to other funds		-		41,706		41,706		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	Due from other funds		-		-		-		_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	Transfers in (out)		(588,802)		-		(588,802)		_
Principal payments - certificates of obligation (694307) (25,000) (719,307) - Principal payments - financed purchases (16,947) (16,947) - Principal payments - financed purchases (16,947) (193,407) (1924,057) - Principal payments - financed purchases (1730,650) (193,407) (1924,057) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (26,68,342) (229,082) (2,897,424) - Principal payments (2,688,342) (2,998,342) (2	` '				41,706				
Principal payments - certificates of obligation (694307) (25,000) (719,307) - Principal payments - financed purchases (16,947) (16,947) - Principal payments - financed purchases (16,947) (193,407) (1924,057) - Principal payments - financed purchases (1730,650) (193,407) (1924,057) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (226,438) (10,675) (237,113) - Principal payments (26,68,342) (229,082) (2,897,424) - Principal payments (2,688,342) (2,998,342) (2	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal payments - financed purchases (16,947) - (16,947) - (16,947) - (16,947) - (16,947) - (16,947) - (16,947) - (1730,650) (193,407) (1,924,057) - (1,924,057)			(694,307)		(25,000)		(719,307)		_
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (1,730,650) (193,407) (1,924,057) 1.			` ' /		-				-
Interest payments C26.438 C10.675 C237.113 C			(1,730,650)		(193,407)				_
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities (2,668,342) (229,082) (2,897,424) -			(, , ,		. , ,				_
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received (Purchase) sale of investments 4,909 61 4,970 24 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities: 247,014 - 247,014 - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 251,923 61 251,984 24 Net increase (decrease) in cash (1,456,405) 9,796 (1,446,609) (5,404) Cash, October 1 2,214,427 317,330 2,531,757 5,673 Cash, September 30 5 758,022 327,126 1,085,148 269 Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations 8 932,906 194,155 1,127,061 (5,428) Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 512,691 2,575 515,266 - (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 76,582 381 76,963 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - 6,849 -			(===, ===)		(==,=,=)		(== /,===)		
Interest received			(2,668,342)		(229,082)		(2,897,424)		
Interest received	Cash flows from investing activities:								
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 251,923 61 251,984 24 Net increase (decrease) in cash (1,456,405) 9,796 (1,446,609) (5,404) Cash, October 1 2,214,427 317,330 2,531,757 5,673 Cash, September 30 2,214,427 317,330 2,531,757 5,673 Cash, September 30 3,758,022 3,327,126 3,1085,148 2,699 Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations 9,932,906 194,155 1,127,061 (5,428) Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 512,691 2,575 515,266 - (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 76,582 381 76,963 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - (Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources 3,558 - Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 61,247 - Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 61,247 - Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 61,247 - Increase (decrease) in ocompensated absences 3,136 - Increase (decrease) in of pension liability (48,373) - Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources 11,004 - Net adjustments 615,910 2,956 618,866			4,909		61		4,970		24
Ret increase (decrease) in cash (1,456,405) 9,796 (1,446,609) 25,404 Cash, October 1 2,214,427 317,330 2,531,757 5,673 Cash, September 30 \$ 758,022 \$ 327,126 \$ 1,085,148 \$ 269 Reconcilitation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations \$ 932,906 194,155 1,127,061 (5,428) Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 932,906 194,155 1,127,061 (5,428) Depreciation \$ 12,691 2,575 \$ 15,266 - (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 76,582 381 76,963 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - 6,849 - 6,849 - Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 61,247 - 61,247 - 61,247 - Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 3,136 - 8,936 - - 8,936 -	(Purchase) sale of investments		247,014		_		247,014		-
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Sash, September 30 Sasta	Net increase (decrease) in cash		(1,456,405)		9,796		(1,446,609)		(5,404)
Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation	Cash, October 1		2,214,427		317,330		2,531,757		5,673
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Income (loss) from operations \$ 932,906 194,155 1,127,061 (5,428) Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 512,691 2,575 515,266 - (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 76,582 381 76,963 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - (6,849	Reconciliation of income from operations								
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation 512,691 2,575 515,266 - (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 76,582 381 76,963 - (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 6,849 - 6,849 - (Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources 3,558 - Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 61,247 - 61,247 - Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll (8,936) - (8,936) - Increase (decrease) in compensated absences 3,136 - 3,136 - Increase (decrease) in net pension liability (48,373) - (48,373) - Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability (1,848) - (1,848) - Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources 11,004 - 11,004 -	to net cash provided by operating activities:								
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Net adjustments 615,910 2,956 618,866					-				-
	Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources		11,004		-		11,004		-
Net cash provided by operating activities <u>\$ 1,548,816</u> <u>\$ 197,111</u> <u>\$ 1,745,927</u> <u>\$ (5,428)</u>	· ·								
	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,548,816	\$	197,111	\$	1,745,927	\$	(5,428)



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

The City of Hudson Oaks (the "City") is a General Law Type A city which adopted a council-administrator form of government by ordinance in 2007. The City provides the following services as authorized by the State of Texas Local Government Code: public safety (police), public works, parks and recreation, water, wastewater, stormwater, and general administration.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds are included in the accompanying financial statements and conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Hudson Oaks has no component units.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all on the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and the internal service fund. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, however, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives payment.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges and transfers between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which cannot be eliminated.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax receipts and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the principal and interest payments on the city's general debt. Monthly transfers are made into this fund and debt payments are subsequently paid from this fund.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and wastewater fund is used for activities which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Combining schedules can be found on page 64 - 66 of the financial statements, under enterprise fund supplementary information. There are no external parties that require separate segment reporting for the supplementary information.

The City reports other enterprise funds as nonmajor funds:

The *stormwater utility fund* accounts for the operation of the Stormwater Utility and provides funding for storm drainage capital improvements and enhanced maintenance of the storm drainage system in order to reduce stormwater related pollutants from entering the City's waterways. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and internet for the stormwater debt.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *internal service fund* accounts for health insurance reimbursements and health card advancements to employees of the government. The internal service und charges various other funds containing personnel to provide these services for employees. Because these services predominately benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expense from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased. The City does not include cash in broker accounts pending investment or amounts invested in TexPool or TexStar as cash equivalents.

2) Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are presented net of allowance for uncollectible accounts. Water, dyegard, wastewater, and stormwater funds accounts receivable with final status comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$28,347. In the governmental activities the fines and fees receivable are reported net of an allowance of \$144,491 which is 80% of the outstanding receivable.

3) Unbilled Services

Utility operating revenues (water, dyegard, wastewater and stormwater) are billed on monthly cycles. The City records estimated revenues for services delivered during the current fiscal year, which will be billed during the next fiscal year. \$163,067 of unbilled services is reported with accounts receivable in the proprietary fund.

4) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The City has established Interest and Sinking Fund accounts in the utility capital projects fund. The use of these accounts is limited by bond ordinances and other legal restrictions.

6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. The



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	40 years
Water plant	7-25 years
Distribution system	30 years
Office equipment	5-7 years
Automobiles and trucks	3-5 years

7) <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualifies in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB, both reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items in this category. Unavailable revenues for governmental funds and deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statements are reported as deferred inflows of resources. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred inflows in the governmental funds were as follows:

Deferred Revenue	
Sales taxes	\$ 359,518
Franchise taxes	87,260
Court fines	36,642
Roadway assessments	413,877
	\$ 897,297



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

8) Compensated Absences

The City allows vacation leave with pay for all regular full-time employees after one full year of employment. Employees may carry no more than one-half of their earned vacations to the following year up to a maximum of thirty days (240 hours). Upon termination an employee may be allowed payment for accumulated vacation pay. Employees who terminate employment in good standing and who have not been terminated for disciplinary reasons are eligible to receive compensation for a portion of their accrued sick leave after their accrued hours exceed 100. All vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for vacation and sick pay is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

11) Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The City implemented GASB No. 54, Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance.

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to formal action by City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through formal action of City Council.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. City Council has designated the City Administrator the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 17). When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been first spent out of committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned as needed. The City's financial goal is to have sufficient balance in the General Fund with sufficient working capital and margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The City strives to maintain a General Fund Balance of 30% of the City's general fund annual operating expenditures.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

12) <u>Deficit fund equity</u>

On September 30, 2022, the general capital projects reported a deficit fund balance of \$570,558. The City will fund the general capital projects fund from the general fund for these deficits.

13) Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

14) Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the government's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

15) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The City is authorized within the guidelines provided by the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code Chapter 2256 and local ordinances to invest (1) in obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) collateralized mortgage obligations issued and guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality of not less than "A" or its equivalent by a nationally-recognized investment firm, (5) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in the State of Texas, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations described in (1) through (4) above that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, (6) investment pools authorized by the Act and (7) fully collateralized repurchase agreements. In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the government has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are with the



September 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool"), the Texas Short-Term Asset Reserve Investment Pool ("TexStar"), and in certificates of deposit.

Under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State Comptroller is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasurer Safekeeping Trust Company authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. Audited financial statements of the Pool are available at First Public, 12009 Research Blvd. Austin, Texas 78759. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. TexPool does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the government's policy to limit its investments to those investments rated at least AAAm. The credit quality rating for both TexPool and TexStar at year end was AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the government manages its exposure to decline in fair values by limiting the weight average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time pf purchase. The maximum allowable maturity for operating funds is five years and two years for debt service funds. The weight average maturity for the government's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the requirements of State law, it is the policy of the City to require full collateralization of all City deposits. An appropriate third-party safekeeping agent, as designated by the City, shall maintain collateral on deposits. This policy applies to any deposits held in an approved depository in excess on the amount protected by Federal Deposit.

Insurance Corporation insurance. The City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2022. The collateral is held by Frost National Bank in the City's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with First Financial Bank N.A.

The City invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexStar) and the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). TexStar and TexPool are local government investment pools organized under the authority of the Interlocal Corporation Act 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. All investments of TexStar and TexPool are stated at amortized cost, which in most cases approximates the fair value of the securities. The objectives of TexStar and TexPool are to maintain a stable \$1.00 net asset value, however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the pools themselves. TexStar does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

The City controls credit risk by limiting investments to those investments authorized by both the



September 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Public Funds Investment Act and by its investment policy.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs: Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

Property acquisitions valued at \$283,140 within City limits for economic development purposes using property brokers opinion from sales and purchases around the area (Level 3 input).

			Perc	entage			Weighted	Fair Value
		Fair	of '	Total	Standa	rd	Average	Measurements
Description	 Cost	 Value	Inves	stments	& P001	r's	Maturity	Using
TexPool	\$ 367,603	\$ 367,603	'	19.71%	AAAr	n	24 days	Amortized Cost
TexStar	1,214,017	1,214,017		65.10%	AAAr	n	16 days	Amortized Cost
Land	 96,526	 283,140		15.18%				Level 3
	\$ 1,678,146	\$ 1,864,760		100.00%				



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTES 3 – LEASES RECEIVABLE

The city is reporting leases receivable of \$1,616,361 on September 30, 2022. For 2022, the City reported lease revenue of \$90,032 and interest revenue of \$71,426 related to lease payments received. The leases are summarized as follows:

	Lease	Lease	L	ease Interest
Lease	Receivable	Revenue		Revenue
ESD No. 3 Lease	\$ 101,597	\$ 26,202	\$	1,298
Nextlink Lease	1,266,150	51,988		58,012
Water Tower Lease	248,614	11,842		12,116
	\$ 1,616,361	\$ 90,032	\$	71,426

Emergency Services District No. 3 (ESD NO. 3) Lease – On May 1, 2022, the City (lessor) entered into a lease agreement for building rent with ESD No. 3. The lease term is 2 years from the date of commencement. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2024.

Nextlink Lease – On October 1, 2018, the City (lessor) entered into an agreement with an internet provider (Nextlink) to provide Fiber internet services to the City and its residents. The lease term is 20 years from the date of commencement. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving quarterly payments through 2038.

Water Tower Lease – On January 27, 2005, the City (lessor) entered into a lease agreement for tower space to a wireless phone company. The lease term was 5 years with five available five year extensions with a 10% increase each extension period. Based on the agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2030.

Future payments receivable are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 130,296	\$ 69,662
2024	107,905	64,553
2025	74,669	60,886
2026	78,938	57,416
2027	82,575	53,779
2028-2032	481,076	207,721
2033-2037	527,891	89,750
2038-2041	133,011	4,488
	\$ 1,616,361	\$ 608,255



September 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance]	Balance
09	9/30/2021		Additions	Retirements		09	/30/2022
\$	942,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	942,382
	294,423		345,659		_		640,082
	1,236,805		345,659				1,582,464
	538,989		-		-		538,989
	363,513		33,840		-		397,353
	2,894,561		-		-		2,894,561
	267,429		-		-		267,429
1	5,986,510		-		-	1	5,986,510
	34,532		-		-		34,532
2	20,085,534		33,840			2	0,119,374
	(393,265)		(49,074)		-		(442,339)
	(232,210)		(49,280)		-		(281,490)
	(839,457)		(88,064)		-		(927,521)
	(191,019)		(13,234)		-		(204,253)
((3,456,494)		(547,537)		-	((4,004,031)
	-		(12,037)				(12,037)
	(5,112,445)		(759,226)			((5,871,671)
\$ 1	6,209,894	\$	(379,727)	\$	-	\$ 1	5,830,167
	1 2	\$ 942,382 294,423 1,236,805 538,989 363,513 2,894,561 267,429 15,986,510 34,532 20,085,534 (393,265) (232,210) (839,457)	\$ 942,382 \$ 294,423 1,236,805 \$ 538,989 363,513 2,894,561 267,429 15,986,510 34,532 20,085,534 (393,265) (232,210) (839,457) (191,019) (3,456,494)	09/30/2021 Additions \$ 942,382 \$ - 294,423 345,659 1,236,805 345,659 538,989 - 363,513 33,840 2,894,561 - 267,429 - 15,986,510 - 34,532 - 20,085,534 33,840 (393,265) (49,074) (232,210) (49,280) (839,457) (88,064) (191,019) (13,234) (3,456,494) (547,537) - (12,037) (5,112,445) (759,226)	09/30/2021 Additions Retirest \$ 942,382 \$ - \$ 294,423 345,659 \$ 1,236,805 345,659 538,989 - 363,513 33,840 2,894,561 - 267,429 - 15,986,510 - 34,532 - 20,085,534 33,840 (393,265) (49,074) (232,210) (49,280) (839,457) (88,064) (191,019) (13,234) (3,456,494) (547,537) - (12,037) (5,112,445) (759,226)	09/30/2021 Additions Retirements \$ 942,382 \$ - \$ - 294,423 345,659 - 1,236,805 345,659 - 538,989 - - 363,513 33,840 - 2,894,561 - - 267,429 - - 15,986,510 - - 34,532 - - 20,085,534 33,840 - (393,265) (49,074) - (232,210) (49,280) - (839,457) (88,064) - (191,019) (13,234) - (3,456,494) (547,537) - (5,112,445) (759,226) -	09/30/2021 Additions Retirements 09 \$ 942,382 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 294,423 345,659 - 1,236,805 345,659 - 538,989 - 363,513 33,840 - 2,894,561 - 267,429 - 15,986,510 - 34,532 - 20,085,534 33,840 2 (393,265) (49,074) - - (232,210) (49,280) - - (839,457) (88,064) - - (191,019) (13,234) - - (3,456,494) (547,537) - ((5,112,445) (759,226) - (



September 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business-type activities: 09/30/2021 Additions Retirements 09/30/2022 Non-Depreciable Assets: Land \$ 559,867 \$ 981,913 - \$ 1,541,780 Construction in Progress 9,995,704 942,144 - 10,937,848 Total non-depreciable assets 10,555,571 1,924,057 - 12,479,628 Buildings 46,413 - - 46,413 Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: 8 (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,7		Balance			Balance
Land \$ 559,867 \$ 981,913 - \$ 1,541,780 Construction in Progress 9,995,704 942,144 - 10,937,848 Total non-depreciable assets 10,555,571 1,924,057 - 12,479,628 Buildings 46,413 - - 46,413 Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: 8 11,510,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: 8 11,510,406 - - 15,103,406 Buildings (17,598) (1,187)	Business-type activities:	09/30/2021	Additions	Retirements	09/30/2022
Construction in Progress 9,995,704 942,144 - 10,937,848 Total non-depreciable assets 10,555,571 1,924,057 - 12,479,628 Buildings 46,413 - - 46,413 Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines <td< td=""><td>Non-Depreciable Assets:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Total non-depreciable assets 10,555,571 1,924,057 - 12,479,628 Buildings 46,413 - - 46,413 Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,24	Land	\$ 559,867	\$ 981,913	\$ -	\$ 1,541,780
Buildings	Construction in Progress	9,995,704	942,144		10,937,848
Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 5 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: 8 - - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Deprecia	Total non-depreciable assets	10,555,571	1,924,057		12,479,628
Water plant 4,333,489 - - 4,333,489 Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 5 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: 8 - - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Deprecia					
Water distribution 5,749,304 - - 5,749,304 Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>Buildings</td> <td>46,413</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>46,413</td>	Buildings	46,413	-	-	46,413
Wastewater systems 3,840,683 - - 3,840,683 Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: -	Water plant	4,333,489	-	-	4,333,489
Automobiles 171,995 - - 171,995 Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: -	Water distribution	5,749,304	-	-	5,749,304
Equipment 173,636 - - 173,636 Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets - - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: - - 15,103,406 Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712)	Wastewater systems	3,840,683	-	-	3,840,683
Intangible assets 787,886 - - 787,886 Total capital assets 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712)	Automobiles	171,995	-	-	171,995
Total capital assets 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712)	Equipment	173,636	-	-	173,636
being depreciated 15,103,406 - - 15,103,406 Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Intangible assets	787,886	-	-	787,886
Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Total capital assets				
Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	being depreciated	15,103,406			15,103,406
Buildings (17,598) (1,187) - (18,785) Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities					
Water plant (1,889,602) (158,551) - (2,048,153) Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Accumulated Depreciation:				
Water distribution (2,845,789) (168,585) - (3,014,374) Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Buildings	(17,598)	(1,187)	-	(18,785)
Wastewater lines (1,588,694) (131,842) - (1,720,536) Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Water plant	(1,889,602)	(158,551)	-	(2,048,153)
Automobiles (130,245) (13,541) - (143,786) Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Water distribution	(2,845,789)	(168,585)	-	(3,014,374)
Equipment (142,767) (13,012) - (155,779) Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Wastewater lines	(1,588,694)	(131,842)	-	(1,720,536)
Intangible assets (353,751) (28,548) - (382,299) Total accumulated depreciation (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712) Business-type activities	Automobiles	(130,245)	(13,541)	-	(143,786)
Total accumulated depreciation Business-type activities (6,968,446) (515,266) - (7,483,712)	Equipment	(142,767)	(13,012)	-	(155,779)
Business-type activities	Intangible assets	(353,751)	(28,548)	-	(382,299)
• 1	Total accumulated depreciation	(6,968,446)	(515,266)	-	(7,483,712)
capital assets, net \$ 18,690,531 \$ 1,408,791 \$ - \$ 20,099,322	Business-type activities				
	capital assets, net	\$ 18,690,531	\$ 1,408,791	\$ -	\$ 20,099,322



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 254,446
Public safety	105,348
Highways and streets and parks	399,432
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 759,226
Business-type activities:	
Hudson Oaks water system	\$ 268,586
Wastewater	138,143
Dyegard water system	105,318
Stormwater	644
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 512,691

Intangible Assets

June 20, 2003, the water and wastewater fund purchased raw water capacity rights in Benbrook Lake, capacity rights in the Benbrook Pipeline and capacity rights in the Weatherford Treatment Facility. The Enterprise Fund purchased these rights through an agreement with Parker County Utility District #1.

The total cost associated with the buy-ins was \$787,886. This cost was financed with the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003. The debt was refunded with the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010. The Benbrook Lake and Treatment Facility capacity rights were then sold back to the City of Weatherford for a credit balance towards future impact fees and demand charges. As of September 30, 2018, there was no credit remaining from the City of Weatherford related to this buy-in purchase.

In April of 2004 the water and wastewater fund paid an additional \$104,935 of legal fees associated with the rights purchased through the agreement with Parker County Utility District #1 (PCUD #1). Per amendment number 1 effective March 31, 2004, \$147,916 of the legal fees are related to initial organization cost.

August 24, 2009, the City entered into an agreement with Parker County Special Utility District (PCSUD) to purchase PCSUD's raw water capacity reservation for \$490,834. The raw water capacity reservation reserves the right for the City to receive raw water from Tarrant Regional Water District. The raw water capacity reservation is based on a projected 30-year average daily use of 1.0 MGD.



NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

A summary of intangible assets as of September 30, 2022, follows:

	Term	Asset	 cumulated epreciation	Net Asset
Depreciated intangible assets				
TRWD Raw Water Buy-in	28 years	\$ 134,839	\$ (88,301)	\$ 46,538
TRWD Raw Water Capacity	30 years	490,834	(190,916)	299,918
Legal Fees For Buy-ins	30 years	162,213	(103,082)	59,131
Total depreciated intangible assets		\$ 787,886	\$ (382,299)	\$ 405,587

Aggregate Intangible Depreciation Expense:

For the year ended September 30, 2022

\$ 28,548

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of the interfund balances for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	General capital projects	\$ 102,242
General fund	Stormwater fund	41,706
Total Governmental Funds		\$ 143,948
Water and wastewater	General fund	 7,738
Total business-type activities funds		\$ 7,738



September 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

The composition of the interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Am	ount	Purpose
General	Other governmental	\$	132,000	Debt service
Debt Service	General		731,534	Debt Service
Debt Service	Water and wastewater		154,847	Debt service
General fund	Water and wastewater		433,955	General projects
General capital projects	General		473,748	Capital Projects
Other governmental funds	General		125,000	Special events
Total Governmental Funds T	ransfer In	\$	2,051,084	

NOTE 6 – LEASES

The City, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving copiers and tasers. The total of the City's lease assets are recorded at a cost of \$34,532, less accumulated amortization of \$12,037. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

The lease agreements are summarized as follows:

					Total		
		Payment	Interest		Lease]	Balance
Description	Date	Terms	Rate	L	iability	09	9/30/2022
Copier	10/12/2018	60 months	4.25%	\$	2,023	\$	159
Tasers	04/01/2019	5 years	4.00%		23,977		16,296
Copier	08/04/2020	60 months	2.25%		8,532		6,559
Total				\$	34,532	\$	23,014

The future lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

			Leases	
	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	10,347	\$ 778	\$ 11,125
2024		10,558	407	10,965
2025		2,109	23	2,132
Total	\$	23,014	\$ 1,208	\$ 24,222



September 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Financed Purchases

Governmental Activities:

On April 25, 2017, the general fund acquired computers for police vehicles with a financed purchase. The financed purchase requires monthly payments of \$565 beginning June 2017. The interest rate is 5%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$0.

On January 23, 2020, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning January 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$8,676.

On August 10, 2020, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a capital lease. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,944 beginning August 2021. The interest rate was 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$8,684.

On May 19, 2021, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,659 beginning May 2021. The interest rate was 2.25%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$16,731.

On December 10, 2021, the general fund acquired a police vehicle with a financed purchase. The financed purchase required annual payments of \$8,819 beginning December 2022. The interest rate was 2.49%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$25,193.

Business-type Activities:

On March 1, 2020, the water fund acquired two vehicles with a financed purchase. The financed purchase requires three annual payments of \$17,970 beginning March 2021. The interest rate is 2.99%. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$17,393.



September 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Assets under finance purchase agreements and related accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2022:

	 vernmental Activities	siness-type activities
Automobiles	\$ 254,862	\$ 67,703
Equipment	29,116	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(190,899)	(39,494)
	\$ 93,079	\$ 28,209

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the financed purchases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments on September 30, 2022:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		
2023	\$ 35,365	\$	17,970		
2024	17,478		-		
2025	 8,819		_		
Total minimum lease payments	 61,662		17,970		
Amount representing interest	 (2,378)		(577)		
Present value of future			_		
minimum payments	\$ 59,284	\$	17,393		



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds, certificates of obligation payable on September 30, 2022, consist of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities

\$1,800,000 2007 Certificates of Obligation, for construction of street, bridge, curb, and sidewalk improvements, together with utility relocation and drainage improvements, due in annual installments through August 1, 2027, 4.10%.	\$ 615,000
\$4,195,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for construction of road projects and a downtown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 5.00%	3,190,000
\$2,325,000 2018 Certificates of Obligation, for contruction of City fiber internet lines and Public Improvements District No. 1. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2038, 2.00% - 5.00%	2,040,000
\$125,000 2020 General Obligation refunding bonds, issued to refund the 2010 General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2023, 1.65%.	40,000
\$644,000 2021A General Obligation bonds, issued to refund the 2012 Certificates of Obligation, due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 1.33%	591,500
\$1,330,000 2021B General Obligation bonds, issued to refund the 2016B Certificates of Obligation, due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 1.97%	1,250,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,726,500



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Business-type Activities

\$550,000 2016A Certificates of Obligation, for drainage projects associated with the new downtown development. The payments are due in annual installments through February 1, 2036, 2.00% - 5.00%	410,000
\$2,370,000 2020 General Obligation Refunding, issued to refund the Dyegard 2010 bonds and the 2010 General Obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2035, 1.65%.	1,980,000
\$6,986,104 2019 Certificates of Obligation 48% share, issued to fund the Fort Worth water line project in conjuction with the City of Willow Park, due in annual installments through February 1, 2040, 0.95%	6,532,890
\$1,736,000 2021A General Obligation Refunding, issued to refund the 2012 CO and the 2014 CO bonds, due in annual installments through February 1, 2035, 1.33%.	1,463,500
\$3,009,600 2021 Certificates of Obligation 48% share, issued to fund the Fort Worth water line project in conjuction with the City of Willow Park, due in annual installments through February 1, 2051, 3.25%	3,009,600
Total Business-type activities	\$ 13,395,990



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Go	vernmental Activ	ities	Business-type Activities			
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	567,750	217,842	785,592	733,857	173,496	907,353	
2024	546,000	200,789	746,789	750,007	164,958	914,965	
2025	566,000	187,817	753,817	567,407	152,711	720,118	
2026	582,750	170,883	753,633	580,657	146,205	726,862	
2027	599,500	153,060	752,560	586,265	139,328	725,593	
2028 - 2032	2,519,500	542,124	3,061,624	3,038,373	585,042	3,623,414	
2033 - 2037	2,175,000	187,020	2,362,020	2,286,725	395,533	2,682,258	
2038 - 2042	170,000	3,400	173,400	1,766,174	269,638	2,035,812	
2043 - 2047	-	-	-	1,884,698	149,918	2,034,616	
2048 - 2052				1,201,827	24,679	1,226,506	
Debt service requirements	\$ 7,726,500	\$ 1,662,935	\$ 9,389,435	\$ 13,395,990	\$ 2,201,507	\$ 15,597,497	
Best service requirements	Ψ 7,720,300	Ψ 1,002,733	Ψ 2,502,155	Ψ 13,373,770	Ψ 2,201,307	Ψ 15,551,151	
Add: Unamortized premium	198,243		198,243	14,294		14,294	
Total	\$ 7,924,743	\$ 1,662,935	\$ 9,587,678	\$ 13,410,284	\$ 2,201,507	\$ 15,611,791	



NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2022:

						Γ	Oue within
	 9/30/21	 Additions	F	Retirements	9/30/22		one year
Governmental Activities:							
Certificates of Obligation, 2007	\$ 720,000	\$ -	\$	105,000	\$ 615,000	\$	110,000
Certificates of Obligation, 2016A	3,380,000	-		190,000	3,190,000		195,000
2016A Premium on Bond	117,089	-		7,938	109,151		7,938
Certificates of Obligation, 2018	2,125,000	-		85,000	2,040,000		90,000
2018 Premium on Bond	94,894	-		5,802	89,092		5,802
2020 General Obligation Refunding	85,000	-		45,000	40,000		40,000
2021A General Obligation Bond	644,000	-		52,500	591,500		57,750
2021B General Obligation Refunding	1,330,000	-		80,000	1,250,000		75,000
Financed Purchase	55,382	25,193		21,285	59,290		33,834
Lease financing	34,532	-		11,518	23,014		10,347
Net pension liability	172,864	21,706		172,864	21,706		-
OPEB liability	55,791	56,040		55,791	56,040		-
Compensated Absences	140,928	169,331		140,928	169,331		169,331
Total Governmental Activities	8,955,480	 272,270		973,626	8,254,124		795,002
Business-type Activities:							
Certificates of Obligation, 2016A	435,000			25,000	410,000		25,000
2016A Premium on Bond	15,333			1,039	14,294		1,039
General Obligation Refunding, 2020	1,935,950	_		173,750	1,762,200		173,550
General Obligation Refunding, 2020	239,250	-		21,450	217,800		21,450
Fort Worth Water Line 2019 CO	6,759,497	_		226,607	6,532,890		226,607
Fort Worth Water Line 2021 CO	3,009,600	-		-	3,009,600		-
2021A General Obligation Refunding	1,736,000	-		272,500	1,463,500		287,250
Financed Purchases	34,341	-		16,948	17,393		17,393
Net pension liability	54,467	6,094		54,467	6,094		-
OPEB liability	17,580	15,732		17,580	15,732		-
Compensated Absences	 25,299	28,435		25,299	28,435		28,435
Total Business-type Activities	 14,262,317	50,261		834,640	13,477,938		780,724
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 23,217,797	\$ 322,531	\$	1,808,266	\$ 21,732,062	\$	1,575,726

For governmental activities, compensated absences payable, pension and OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.



September 30, 2022

NOTE 8 – CONDUIT DEBT AGREEMENTS

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to finance and refinance education facilities for the purpose of aiding intuitions of higher education and accredited primary and secondary schools within the limitations set forth in Chapter 53, Texas Education Code.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the board of directors of the Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") entered into a \$4,000,000 loan agreement with Lakehill Preparatory School (the "Borrower") and Frost National Bank (the "Lender"). According to the terms of the loan agreement the Lender is making a loan to the Corporation and the Corporation is making a loan to the Borrower. The proceeds will be used by Borrower to refinance the construction, improvement, and equipping of school buildings and athletic facilities on Borrower's campus and payment of the costs of issuance. The Corporation's obligations under the loan agreement are payable solely from the loan payments received from the Borrower and other amounts received, if any, from the enforcement of the security provided by the Borrower Note, and do not constitute, give rise to or impose upon the Corporation or the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas, a pecuniary liability, a charge upon the general credit thereof or a pledge of the general revenues of the City or the Corporation. The Corporation has assigned the Borrower Note to the Lender; therefore, the Lender will make loan payments directly to the Lender. The amount of Hudson Oaks Education Finance Corporation conduit debt obligations outstanding on September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Lakehill Preparatory School Loan Agreement

\$ 1,030,000

June 10, 2004, the City passed an ordinance authorizing and approving the creation of the Hudson Oaks Health Development Corporation (a non-profit corporation) to acquire, construct, provide, improve, finance, and refinance health facilities to assist the maintenance of the public health, subject to the Texas Health Facilities Development Act. As of September 30, 2022, this corporation has not issued any debt.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. <u>PLAN DESCRIPTION</u>

The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

HUDSON OAKS

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated as if the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Member may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

The plan provisions for the City for the Plan Year 2021 were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	/%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	24
Active employees	22
	60

C. CONTRIBUTIONS

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities crated from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 11.85% and 12.15% in calendar years 2022 and 2021, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$206,729, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. <u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u>

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Morality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality rates. The rates for actives, health retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a full generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for health retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and a 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs to TMRS.



CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
		Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core-Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$ 5,225,268	\$ 4,997,940	\$ 227,328	
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost	288,820		288,820	
Interest	358,917		358,917	
Change of benefit terms	-		-	
Difference between expected and actual				
performance	118,397		118,397	
Changes of assumptions	0		0	
Contributions- employer		199,929	(199,929)	
Contributions- employee		115,859	(115,859)	
Net investment income		652,868	(652,868)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(104,764)	(104,764)	-	
Administrative expense		(3,015)	3,015	
Other changes		21	(21)	
Net Changes	661,370	860,898	(199,528)	
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$ 5,886,638	\$ 5,858,838	\$ 27,800	

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET POSITION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$1,178,911	\$27,800	(874,452)

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

E. PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFEERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the city recognized pension expense of \$32,572.

On September 30, 2022, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	134,543	\$	179,279
	14,673		-
	-		333,182
	151,034		-
\$	300,250	\$	512,461
		Resources \$ 134,543	Resources R \$ 134,543 \$ 14,673

\$151,034 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ne	t deferred
Year ended December 31:	o	utflows
	(in	flows) of
	re	esources
2022	\$	(82,875)
2023		(160,720)
2024		(63,776)
2025		(55,874)
2026		-
Thereafter		
	\$	(363,245)



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

TMRS administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiveing benefits	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	4
Active employees	22
	34

C. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Discount Rate* 1.84% Retirees' share of benefit related costs \$0

*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2021.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Their rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 1.84%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	73,371
Changes for the Year		
Service Cost		3,972
Interest		1,499
Change of benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and actual		
performance		(8,810)
Changes of assumptions		2,568
Benefit payments		(828)
Net Changes		(1,599)
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	71,772

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (0.84%)	Discount Rate (1.84%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (2.84%)
City's OPEB liability	\$91,024	\$71,772	\$57,360

D. $\underline{\text{OPEB EXPENSE}}$ AND DEFERRED OUTLFOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$7,756.

On September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following sources:

	_	ed Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic				
experience	\$	2,939	\$	8,163
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		16,782		1,575
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		765		-
Total	\$	20,486	\$	9,738

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net	deferred
Year ended December 31:	οι	ıtflows
	(inf	lows) of
	res	sources
2022	\$	2,285
2023		2,285
2024		2,285
2025		1,964
2026		1,802
Thereafter		(638)
	\$	9,983



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft or damage of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the City's participation in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TMLIRP) for liability, property, and workers' compensation and in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool (TMLIEBP) for employee health insurance. These are self-sustaining risk pools operated on a statewide basis for the benefit of several hundred Texas cities and other public entities. The City pays annual premiums to the TMLIRP, which retains risk of loss up to \$3,000,000 and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. Monthly premiums are paid to the TMLIEBP, which retains risk of loss up to \$500,000 per individual and obtains independent coverage for losses more than that amount. There have been no reductions in coverage from the coverage in the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceeded coverage in the current or past four fiscal years.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Federal and State Programs

The City participates in certain federal and state-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") 457. The plan, as amended, is available to all employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) were placed in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and not the beneficiaries. This action is in accordance with changes made to IRS Section 457. The City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contribution to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities in the Plan in the basic financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 14 – WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICE CONTRACTS

A. Treated Water

During 2010, the City entered into a contract for treated water with the City of Weatherford wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to deliver treated water to an existing meter located at the City of Hudson Oaks LOR Water Plant #2. Charges to the City are based upon a volume charge. The wholesale water charge shall be recalculated annually and becomes effective on January 1st of each year.

B. Wastewater Service

The City entered into a 3-year wastewater service contract with the option of a 2-year extension upon mutual agreement with the City of Weatherford on May 13, 2020 wherein the City of Weatherford agreed to extend a wastewater collection line to the Weatherford city limits just west of the Hudson Oaks city limits and to provide sewage treatment service for amounts of wastewater collected by the City and delivered to the Weatherford System. The City constructed wastewater facilities including a wastewater collection line from the point of entry of the Weatherford System into the City and related lift stations. Charges to the City are based upon a flow charge for the transmission and treatment of wastewater received from the Hudson Oaks system and a capacity charge to compensate Weatherford for the capacity in the Weatherford system necessary to accept the maximum daily flow from the Hudson Oaks system.

C. Fort Worth Water Line Agreement with Willow Park

The City entered into an agreement with Willow park on November 15, 2018 for a 48% ownership in a shared water supply facility and transmission line from the City of Fort Worth. The subsequent debt issuance is shared between the two cities at the same percentage.

NOTE 15 – CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

- A. On August 26, 2010 the City entered into an interlocal agreement with the Town of Annetta, Texas in whereby the City agreed to assist Annetta in the operations and management of Annetta's water system.
- B. In November 2014, the City created the Hudson Oaks Public Improvements District No. 1, for the purposes of designing, acquiring and constructing public improvement projects in the District. The District includes approximately 46 acres in the City. The City has committed to fund improvements of up to \$3,534,000 in the District with \$2,000,000 being funded within 120 days of issuance of a notice to proceed on a new grocery store and once the store opens the remaining actual costs up to \$1,534,000. The City issued new bonds in 2018 to fund the initial \$2,000,000. There was no construction activity for the year ended September 30, 2022.

In July 2015 the City levied an annual assessment of \$.46 per \$100 of net taxable value against the properties in the District through year 2019. This assessment will be used to fund the long-term debt used to fund the public improvements. The City commenced assessments on October 1, 2017.

HUDSON OAKS

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City is authorized to provide assistance for economic development under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. The economic development must serve the purpose of promoting state or local economic development by stimulating business or commercial activity within the City. The assistance may be in the form of loans, grants, tax rebates and use of City personnel and services. The City has entered into Chapter 380 Economic Development Program Agreements with companies and has agreed to provide grants and rebates of sales tax.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated November 21, 2019, with a developer to reimburse the developer the cost of developing a commercial retail building. The agreement requires the City to rebate to the developer 50% of the City's sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for a period of four (4) years until the developer has been reimbursed the total sum of \$300,000, whichever occurs first. The City accrued \$95,946 on September 30, 2022 and previously paid \$31,304 in 2021 for a sales tax rebate for this economic development.

The City entered into an economic development agreement dated January 30, 2017, with a developer to construct a new facility and provide services to residents. The agreement requires the City to rebate all sales tax collected from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for taxable services provided outside City limits. The City rebated \$68,946 for the year September 30, 2022.

NOTE 17 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT

For 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements and did not have an effect on the beginning net position. On October 1, 2021, the City recognized \$22,495 in net book value for the intangible right to use and a lease liability of \$22,495. The City also recognized \$1,616,361 in lease receivable and \$1,616,361 in deferred inflows related to leases.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 has the following effect on net position as reported September 30, 2021.

	Governmental		General	
	Activities		Fund	
Net Position and Fund Balance September 30, 2021	\$ 9,215,725		\$	1,980,828
Adjustments				
Lease Receivable		1,706,393		1,706,393
Deferred Inflows - Leases		(1,706,393)		(1,706,393)
Net Book Value Leased Asset		34,532		
Lease Liability		(34,532)		
Restated Net Position September 30, 2021	\$	9,215,725	\$	1,980,828



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - CORONAVIRUS LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND

Under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CLFRF) provides emergency funding for eligible local governments. The City received \$615,475 that will be used for water and wastewater improvements. The \$615,475 is reported as unearned revenue in the ARPA Fund and will be recognized as revenue in the future when funds are spent on the projects.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 20, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.







General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
		dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 4,097,865	\$ 4,321,068	\$ 4,305,465	\$ (15,603)
Licenses and permits	220,000	620,000	665,042	45,042
Charges for services	3,000	3,000	25,341	22,341
Municipal court fines	10,500	10,500	8,004	(2,496)
Interest	5,000	5,000	235,493	230,493
Intergovernmental	-	-	25,303	25,303
Miscellaneous	152,682	191,243	321,833	130,590
Total revenues	4,489,047	5,150,811	5,586,481	435,670
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,406,967	1,578,711	1,136,456	442,255
Public safety	1,577,672	1,585,672	1,498,739	86,933
Streets	277,419	277,419	355,038	(77,619)
Parks and facilities	206,158	206,158	189,714	16,444
Planning and development	198,500	313,500	310,768	2,732
Mayor and council	9,500	9,500	4,167	5,333
Debt service:				
Principal	33,035	33,035	32,803	232
Interest and fiscal charges	1,397	1,397	2,483	(1,086)
Total expenditures	3,710,648	4,005,392	3,530,168	475,224
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	778,399	1,145,419	2,056,313	910,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	77,000	77,000	565,955	488,955
Transfers out	(855,399)	(1,247,612)	(1,330,282)	(82,670)
Issuance of financed purchases	-	25,193	25,193	-
Total other financing sources (uses):	(778,399)	(1,145,419)	(739,134)	406,285
Net change in fund balance	-	-	1,317,179	1,317,179
Fund balance, October 1	1,980,828	1,980,828	1,980,828	
Fund balance, September 30	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 3,298,007	\$ 1,317,179

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$ 288,820	\$ 282,323	\$ 283,930	\$ 252,831	\$ 248,257	\$ 224,824	\$ 208,249	\$ 199,076
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of benefit terms	358,917	343,534	299,378	261,963	246,144	233,278	214,601	195,208
Differences between expected and actual experience	118,397	(319,892)	83,445	66,530	(156,684)	(160,582)	36,888	(78,250)
Change of assumptions	(104.764)	-	39,975	(20,400)	(171.026)	- (65.411)	(26,499)	- (40.005)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(104,764)	(57,844)	(45,677)	(39,488)	(171,826)	(65,411)	(37,169)	(49,985)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	661,370	248,121	661,051	541,836	165,891	232,109	396,070	266,049
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	\$ 5,225,268	\$ 4,977,147	\$ 4,316,096	\$ 3,774,260	\$ 3,608,369	\$ 3,376,260	\$ 2,980,190	\$ 2,714,141
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$ 5,886,638	\$ 5,225,268	\$ 4,977,147	\$ 4,316,096	\$ 3,774,260	\$ 3,608,369	\$ 3,376,260	\$ 2,980,190
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions-Employer	199,929	210,447	201,522	190,898	196,686	173,428	152,320	134,567
Contributions-Employee	115,859	120,284	118,023	104,971	103,564	94,181	88,724	82,097
Net Investment Income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	652,868 (104,764)	334,227 (57,844)	552,930 (45,677)	(102,492) (39,488)	400,904 (171,826)	170,372 (65,411)	3,416 (37,169)	116,357 (49,985)
Administrative Expense	(3,015)	(2,158)	(3,118)	(1,979)	(2,076)	(1,923)	(2,081)	(1,214)
Other	21	(83)	(94)	(103)	(105)	(103)	(103)	(100)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	860,898	604,873	823,586	151,807	527,147	370,544	205,107	281,722
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning	4,997,940	4,393,067	3,569,481	3,417,674	2,890,527	2,519,983	2,314,876	2,033,154
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$ 5,858,838	\$ 4,997,940	\$ 4,393,067	\$ 3,569,481	\$ 3,417,674	\$ 2,890,527	\$ 2,519,983	\$ 2,314,876
Net Pension Liability-Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 27,800	\$ 227,328	\$ 584,080	\$ 746,615	\$ 356,586	\$ 717,842	\$ 856,277	\$ 665,314
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	99.53%	95.65%	88.26%	82.70%	90.55%	80.11%	74.64%	77.68%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,655,127	\$ 1,718,338	\$ 1,686,044	\$ 1,499,592	\$ 1,479,480	\$ 1,345,443	\$ 1,267,491	\$ 1,172,812
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.68%	13.23%	34.64%	49.79%	24.10%	53.35%	67.56%	56.73%

The Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios shows the changes in Total Pension Liability less the changes in Fiduciary Net Position, resulting in the net pension liability calculation for the city. Note that this is a 10-year schedule, to be created by the city prospectively, over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Employer Contributions and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 206,729	\$ 205,883	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
determined contribution	\$ 206,729	\$ 205,883	\$ 201,662	\$ 192,399	\$ 195,378	\$ 190,996	\$ 167,446	\$ 146,854	\$ 136,130
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -								
Covered payroll	\$ 1,732,947	\$ 1,694,100	\$ 1,662,931	\$ 1,596,310	\$ 1,507,121	\$ 1,446,119	\$ 1,325,824	\$ 1,237,245	\$ 1,204,317
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.93%	12.15%	12.13%	12.05%	12.96%	13.21%	12.63%	11.87%	11.30%

The Schedule of Employer Contributions shows the city's required annual contributions from the actuarial valuation, compared with the actual contributions remitted. This schedule is based on the city's respective fiscal year-end, and will be built over the next 10-year period.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	3,972	\$ 3,093	\$ 2,698	\$ 2,849	\$ 2,367
Interest (on the Total OPEB liability)		1,499	1,558	1,561	1,408	1,338
Changes of benefit terms						-
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		(8,810)	10,991	1,555	(1,312)	-
Changes of assumptions		2,568	2,793	8,896	(3,067)	3,396
Benefit payments		(828)	(344)	(337)	(150)	(296)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	-	(1,599)	18,091	14,373	(272)	6,805
Total OPEB liability - Beginning		73,371	55,280	40,907	41,179	34,374
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$	71,772	\$ 73,371	\$ 55,280	\$ 40,907	\$ 41,179
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,655,127	\$ 1,718,338	\$ 1,686,044	\$ 1,499,592	\$ 1,479,480
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		4.34%	4.27%	3.28%	2.73%	2.78%

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1) Budget

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

The first budget reading for the ensuing year is presented to the City Council no later than the August City Council meeting. A second budget reading, if necessary, is presented no later than the September City Council meeting. A final budget is approved prior to the beginning of the budget year, and the budget is effective September 1 of the budget year. From its date of submission, the proposed budget shall be a public record, and copies are available for the public upon request. One amendment to the budget for the fiscal year was enacted and approved by the City Council.

2) Encumbrances

The City does not record encumbrances for goods and services.

3) Expenditures in excess of appropriations over \$5,000

Streets department had expenditures in excess of appropriations greater than \$5,000. The streets department had \$77,619 in excess of appropriations in which additional expenditures related to additional maintenance that occurred. All expenditures were covered by increases in budgeted and actual revenues as well as savings from other departments.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information Sontombor 30, 2022

September 30, 2022

NOTE 2- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated

as of December 31

and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumtions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 23 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflatiom 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019

valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

2014 - 2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas

Mortality Table. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public

Safety table used for

males and the General Employee table used for females.

The rates are projected

on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes There were no changes during the year.

NOTE 3 – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Police Seizure Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for revenue from police seizures.

Municipal Court Technology – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court technology.

Court Building Security – This fund is used to account for Municipal Court fees collected for court building security.

Park Dedication – This fund is used to account for park dedication donations and expenditures of those funds.

Special Events – This fund is used to account for community event revenues and expenditures of those funds.

PID No. 1 – This fund is used to account for taxes collected within the District and expenditures associated within the District.

ARPA - American Rescue Plan Funds - This fund is used to account for the Relief funds distributed by the federal government and to track expenditures associated with the use of the funds.

General Capital Projects – This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of the government's major capital facilities and equipment, other than those financed by proprietary funds.



CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet Schedule September 30, 2022

30, 2022	S Fo	Police eizure rfeiture Fund	Tec	unicipal Court chnology Fund	E	Court Building Security Fund	De	Park dication Fund]	Special Events Fund		D No. 1 Fund	ARPA Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds		General oital Projects Fund		Total General ital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets	_						_				_								
Cash	\$	3,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$	2,924	\$	43,130	\$	1,711	\$ 615,475	\$ 681,737	\$	18,531	\$	18,531	\$ 700,268
Investments Miscellaneous receivable		-		-		-		-		-		1,662	-	1,662		30		30	30
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		1,002	-	1,002		41,706		41,706	1,662 41,706
Due from other funds															_	41,700		41,700	41,700
Total assets	_	3,587	_	1,944	_	12,966	_	2,924	_	43,130	_	3,373	615,475	683,399	_	60,267	_	60,267	743,666
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances																			
Liabilities:																			
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		2,598		-	-	2,598		528,583		528,583	531,181
Unearned grant revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-	615,475	615,475		-		-	615,475
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-				102,242		102,242	102,242
Total Liabilities		-				-		-		2,598		-	615,475	618,073		630,825		630,825	1,248,898
Fund Balance:																			
Restricted fund balance		3,587		1,944		12,966		2,924		40,532		3,373	_	65,326		_		_	65,326
Unassigned fund balance		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		(570,558)		(570,558)	(570,558)
Total Fund Balance		3,587		1,944		12,966		2,924		40,532		3,373		65,326		(570,558)		(570,558)	(505,232)
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows and Fund Balance	\$	3,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$	2,924	\$	43,130	\$	3,373	\$ 615,475	\$ 683,399	\$	60,267	\$	60,267	\$ 743,666

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS
Nonmajor Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Fo	Police Seizure orfeiture Fund	Tec	unicipal Court chnology Fund	E S	Court Building Security Fund	De	Park edication Fund	Special Events Fund	D No. 1 Fund	RPA Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds		Special Revenue		Special Revenue		Special Revenue		Special Revenue		Special Revenue		Special Revenue			General oital Projects Fund	Total General oital Projects Funds	Gov	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Revenue: Municipal court fines Interest Miscellaneous	s	- - -	\$	132	s	149 - -	\$	- - -	\$ - 104,620	\$ - - 67,351	\$ 	\$	281 - 171,971	s	217	\$ - 217 -	\$	281 217 171,971												
Total Revenues		-	_	132	_	149		-	104,620	67,351	-		172,252		217	 217	_	172,469												
Expenditures: Current General Government Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 111,646	<u>-</u>	 - -		111,646		213,095	 213,095		111,646 213,095												
Total Expenditures	_	-		-		-			111,646		 -		111,646		213,095	213,095	_	324,741												
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		132		149			 (7,026)	 67,351	 -		60,606		(212,878)	 (212,878)		(152,272)												
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		-	 125,000	(132,000)	-		125,000 (132,000)		473,748 -	 473,748 -		598,748 (132,000)												
Total other financing sources (uses):		-		-		-			 125,000	(132,000)	 -		(7,000)		473,748	473,748		466,748												
Net change in fund balance		-		132		149		-	117,974	(64,649)	-		53,606		260,870	260,870		314,476												
Fund balance, October 1		3,587		1,812		12,817		2,924	 (77,442)	68,022	-		11,720		(831,428)	 (831,428)	_	(819,708)												
Fund balance, September 30	\$	3,587	\$	1,944	\$	12,966	\$	2,924	\$ 40,532	\$ 3,373	\$ -	\$	65,326	\$	(570,558)	\$ (570,558)	\$	(505,232)												





CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Schedule of Net Position
September 30, 2022
With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility	То	tals
	Water	Wastewater	Water System	Management	Capital Projects	2022	2021
Assets					-		
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$ 311,034	\$ 159,420	\$ 194,156	\$ 90,417	\$ -	\$ 755,027	\$ 2,214,206
Investments	93,469	170,498	-	-	-	263,967	510,980
Accounts receivable							
(net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	183,411	55,614	40,655	-	-	279,680	356,262
Miscellaneous	-	65,411	-	-	-	65,411	65,411
Due from other funds	_	-	-	-	7,738	7,738	7,738
Prepaid items	3,166	-	-	-	-	3,166	10,015
Restricted Cash					2,995	2,995	221
Total current assets	591,080	450,943	234,811	90,417	10,733	1,377,984	3,164,833
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable	-	-	-	-	12,286,221	12,286,221	10,555,571
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation					7,063,219	7,063,219	7,575,911
Total assets	591,080	450,943	234,811	90,417	19,360,173	20,727,424	21,296,315
Deferred Outflow of Resources							
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	41,361	-	-	11,957	_	53,318	56,266
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	3,458			1,033		4,491	5,101
Total deferred outflow of resources	44,819			12,990		57,809	61,367
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	132,657	31,847	192	2,417	37,436	204,549	143,302
Accrued payroll	132,037	31,047	172	2,417	37,730	-	8,936
* *	10.056	-	-	9.470	-		
Compensated absences payable	19,956	-	-	8,479	-	28,435	25,299
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					726.250	726.250	710.040
Current portion of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	726,250	726,250	710,848
Accrued interest payable					27,254	27,254	77,627
Total current liabilities	152,613	31,847	192	10,896	790,940	986,488	966,012
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Capital lease payable	_	_	_	_	_	_	17,399
Net pension liability	4,693	_	_	1,401	_	6,094	54,467
OPEB liability	12,115	_	_	3,617	_	15,732	17,580
Certificates of obligation	12,113	_	_	5,017	12,277,134	12,277,134	12,986,391
certificates of obligation					12,277,131	12,277,131	12,700,371
Total liabilities	169,421	31,847	192	15,914	13,068,074	13,285,448	14,041,849
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	86,503	-	-	25,828	-	112,331	102,796
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1,644	-	-	491	-	2,135	666
Deferred amount of refunding					9,972	9,972	9,972
Total deferred outflow of resources	88,147			26,319	9,972	124,438	113,434
Net Position							
Net Investment in capital assets	-	_	-	-	6,346,056	6,346,056	4,416,844
Restricted for debt service (expendable)	-	_	_	-	2,995	2,995	221
Restricted for impact fees	288,974	_	-	-	-	288,974	226,397
Unrestricted	89,357	419,096	234,619	61,174	(66,924)	737,322	2,558,937
Total net position	\$ 378,331	\$ 419,096	\$ 234,619	\$ 61,174	\$ 6,282,127	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 7,202,399

Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Hudson Oaks		Dyegard	Deer Creek	Utility			tals
	Water	Wastewater	Water	Management	Capital Projects	Elimination	2022	2021
Operating revenues: Water & Wastewater sales	\$ 1,673,810	\$ 564,250	\$ 307,402	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,545,462	e 2 277 002
	\$ 1,6/3,810	\$ 564,250	\$ 307,402	\$ - 190,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,545,462 190,898	\$ 2,377,002 272,055
Management contract charges	11,264	-	2.461	190,898	-	-	190,898	11,940
Late payment charges	15,000	10.500	2,461 500	-	-	-	26,000	7,100
Tap Fees Impact fees	62,577	10,500	300	-	-	-	62,577	10,699
Customer assessment fees	20,920	-	-	-	-	-	20,920	5,826
Miscellaneous fees & Charges		-	-	-	-	-	20,920 88,463	52,711
9	88,463 1,872,034	574,750	310,363	190,898			2,948,045	2,737,333
Total operating revenues	1,8/2,034	374,730	310,303	190,898			2,948,043	2,/3/,333
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	199,779	-	-	81,292	-	-	281,071	490,478
Professional services	116,219	1,027	1,200	10,207	-	-	128,653	117,489
Supplies	103,978	-	775	5,032	-	-	109,785	108,111
Operations	478,214	159,350	4,499	1,207	27	-	643,297	577,417
Maintenance and repairs	146,979	378	38,375	5,819	-	-	191,551	191,192
Well utilities	123,434	6,110	18,547	-	-	-	148,091	106,713
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	512,691	-	512,691	513,405
Total operating expenses	1,168,603	166,865	63,396	103,557	512,718		2,015,139	2,104,805
Operating income (loss)	703,431	407,885	246,967	87,341	(512,718)		932,906	632,528
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest	656	2,334	_	-	1,919	_	4,909	448
Interest expense	-	-,	-	-	(176,065)	_	(176,065)	(155,021)
Debt issuance costs	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	(38,517)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	656	2,334			(174,146)		(171,156)	(193,090)
Income (loss) before transfers	704,087	410,219	246,967	87,341	(686,864)		761,750	439,438
Contributions and transfers:								
Transfers In	43,015	_	_	_	2,711,786	(2,754,801)	_	_
Transfers out	(1,473,761)	(1,178,125)	(230,888)	(380,829)	(80,000)	2,754,801	(588,802)	(25,924)
	(2,1,2,,22)	(1,1,0,120)	(===,===)	(000,020)	(00,000)		(***,**=)	(==,,==,)
Change in net position	(726,659)	(767,906)	16,079	(293,488)	1,944,922	-	172,948	413,514
Net Position, Beginning	1,104,990	1,187,002	218,540	354,662	4,337,205		7,202,399	6,788,885
Net Position, Ending	\$ 378,331	\$ 419,096	\$ 234,619	\$ 61,174	\$ 6,282,127	\$ -	\$ 7,375,347	\$ 7,202,399

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS, TEXAS Water and Wastewater Fund

Department Combining Schedule of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022
With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Hudson Oaks				Dyegard	D	eer Creek		Utility		To	tal	
	Water	W	Vastewater .		ater System	Ma	anagement	Cap	oital Projects		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities:	-											-	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 1,891,759	\$	570,272	\$	310,940	\$	251,656	\$	-	\$ 3	3,024,627	\$	2,744,404
Cash paid to suppliers	(923,042)		(175,670)		(64,814)		(27,164)		37,409	(1	,153,281)	(1,392,031)
Cash paid to employees	(236,811)		-		-		(85,719)		-		(322,530)		(539,114)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	731,906		394,602		246,126		138,773		37,409	1	,548,816		813,259
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:													
Due to other funds	17,969		_		_		_		(17,969)		_		102,533
Due from other funds	-		_		_		-		-		-		-
Transfers in (out)	(1,430,746)		(1,178,125)		(230,888)		(380,829)		2,631,786		(588,802)		(25,924)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,412,777)		(1,178,125)		(230,888)		(380,829)		2,613,817		(588,802)		76,609
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:													
Principal payments - certificates of obligation	_		_		_				(694,307)		(694,307)		(688,557)
Principal payments - loans payable	_		_		_		_		(0) 1,507)		(0) 1,507)		(000,557)
Principal payments - toans payable Principal payments - capital leases	_				_		_		(16,947)		(16,947)		(24,965)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	_				_		_		(1,730,650)	(1	,730,650)	((24,503)
Proceeds from bonds	_		_		_				(1,750,050)	(-	-		3,009,600
Proceeds from capital leases									_		_		-
Special assessments			_						_		_		41,026
Contribution for refunding bonds	_		_		_		_		_		_		(21,489)
Interest payments	_		_		_		_		(226,438)		(226,438)		(95,702)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and								_	(220, .50)		(220, 130)		(75,702)
related financing activities			-		-		-		(2,668,342)	(2	2,668,342)		(789,687)
Cash flows from investing activities:													
Interest received	656		2,334		_				1,919		4,909		448
(Purchase) sale of investments	(652)		247,666		_				-		247,014		(203)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing	(032)		247,000			-		_			247,014		(203)
activities	4		250,000		-		-		1,919		251,923		245
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(680,867)		(533,523)		15,238		(242,056)		(15,197)	(1	,456,405)		100,426
Cash, October 1	991,901		692,943		178,918		332,473		18,192	-	2,214,427		2,114,001
Cash, September 30	\$ 311,034	\$	159,420	\$	194,156	\$	90,417	\$	2,995	\$	758,022		2,214,427
		- 11											
Reconciliation of income from operations													
to net cash provided by operating activities:	¢ 702.421	e	107 005	¢	246 067	¢	97 241	e	(512.719)	¢.	932,906	e	622.520
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net	\$ 703,431	\$	407,885	\$	246,967	\$	87,341	\$	(512,718)	\$	932,900	\$	632,528
cash provided by (used in) operating activities													
Depreciation									512,691		512,691		513,405
Disposal of capital assets	_				-				512,091		512,091		515,405
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	19,725		(4,478)		577		60,758				76,582		(7,128)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables	19,723		(4,470)		-		-				70,362		14,199
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	6,849				_				_		6,849		(1,545)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources	2,236		_		_		1,322		_		3,558		11,872
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	38,933		(8,805)		(1,418)		(4,899)		37,436		61,247		(289,564)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	(6,438)		(0,005)		(1,410)		(2,498)		37, 4 30		(8,936)		(1,023)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	1,904		_		_		1,232		_		3,136		(14,421)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(38,658)		_		_		(9,715)		_		(48,373)		(89,625)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(1,877)		_		_		29		_		(1,848)		3,942
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources	5,801		_		_		5,203		_		11,004		40,619
Net adjustments	28,475		(13,283)		(841)		51,432	_	550,127		615,910		180,731
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 731,906	\$	394,602	\$	246,126	\$	138,773	\$	37,409	\$ 1	,548,816	\$	813,259
Noncash Investing Capital and Financing Activities													
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Increase in bonds due to refunding	¢	e		ø		ø		e		¢		¢	10 150
Capital lease	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,150
Total	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,150
								_					



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City of Hudson Oaks Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the City's most significant local revenue sources.

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Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

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Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year. There is no statistical analysis for property tax as the City of Hudson Oaks does not levy an ad valorem tax to its residents or businesses.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS

Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental Activities					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 7,776,246	\$ 7,623,997	\$ 6,444,911	\$ 6,126,451	\$ 5,941,949
Restricted	170,641	99,247	30,618	114,555	137,208
Unrestricted	3,186,275	1,492,481	1,843,375	1,882,630	1,104,308
Total governmental acitivities net position	\$ 11,133,162	\$ 9,215,725	\$ 8,318,904	\$ 8,123,636	\$ 7,183,465
Business-type activities					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 6,661,672	\$ 4,525,560	\$ 4,294,233	\$ 4,307,311	\$ 4,349,604
Restricted	298,885	233,675	368,387	224,914	234,001
Unrestricted	1,044,225	2,887,935	2,389,935	1,992,189	1,504,320
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,004,782	\$ 7,647,170	\$ 7,052,555	\$ 6,524,414	\$ 6,087,925
Primary government					
Net invesment in capital assets	\$ 14,437,918	\$ 12,149,557	\$ 10,739,144	\$ 10,433,762	\$ 10,291,553
Restricted	469,526	332,922	399,005	339,469	371,209
Unrestricted	4,230,500	4,380,416	4,233,310	3,874,819	2,608,628
m . I . i	Ф 10 127 044	ф 16 06 2 00 5	Ф 15 251 450	Ф 14 C40 050	ф 12 271 200
Total primary government net position	\$ 19,137,944	\$ 16,862,895	\$ 15,371,459	\$ 14,648,050	\$ 13,271,390

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS

Government-wide Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 5,531,794 69,903 1,121,028	\$ 4,788,636 50,298 1,532,330	\$ 4,525,800 44,541 1,208,501	\$ 4,153,576 693,884 737,230	\$ 3,945,645 26,372 1,349,162
\$ 6,722,725	\$ 6,371,264	\$ 5,778,842	\$ 5,584,690	\$ 5,321,179
\$ 4,426,001 187,735 1,340,693	\$ 3,371,107 751,048 2,038,621	\$ 4,087,015 138,725 1,762,069	\$ 3,819,660 115,489 1,932,239	\$ 4,845,486 132,025 727,281
\$ 5,954,429	\$ 6,160,776	\$ 5,987,809	\$ 5,867,388	\$ 5,704,792
\$ 9,957,795 257,638 2,461,721	\$ 8,159,743 801,346 3,570,951	\$ 8,612,815 183,266 2,970,570	\$ 7,973,236 809,373 2,669,469	\$ 8,791,131 158,397 2,076,443
\$ 12,677,154	\$ 12,532,040	\$ 11,766,651	\$ 11,452,078	\$ 11,025,971

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenses										
Governmental Activities			•	1.166.262	•	1 22 4 7 40	Φ.	1 450 500	Φ.	5 60 560
General government	\$	1,481,771 1,505,214	\$	1,166,363	\$	1,334,749	\$	1,479,708	\$	768,763
Public safety Streets		612,629		1,432,360 689,805		1,496,194 602,786		1,462,412 700,498		1,331,101 241,549
Parks and facilities		187,880		191,756		122,729		119,793		71,203
Planning and development		310,768		181,560		253,688		222,846		134,253
Mayor and council		4,167		5,468		8,679		4,530		15,666
Economic development grants		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		218,301		300,899		290,930		323,999		288,326
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-		91,036
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	4,320,730	\$	3,968,211	\$	4,109,755	\$	4,313,786	\$	2,941,897
Business-type activities										
Water	\$	1,566,712	\$	1,595,883	\$	1,621,068	\$	1,323,132	\$	1,435,879
Economic development grants	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Wastewater		320,281		388,516		327,188		343,883		325,990
Dyegard water system		200,654		173,989		172,839		216,573		210,994
Deercreek management		103,557		138,290		122,961		140,208		135,674
Stormwater		12,127		14,094		20,982		157,909		56,181
Total business-type activities net position		2,203,331		2,310,772		2,265,038		2,181,705		2,164,718
Total primary government expenses	\$	6,524,061	\$	6,278,983	\$	6,374,793	\$	6,495,491	\$	5,106,615
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities				.=		****				
Charges for services	\$	940,041	\$	471,390	\$	314,028	\$	673,812	\$	368,067
Operating grants and contributions		25,303		50,658		68,152		70,936		69,261
Capital grants and contributions	_	-	Φ.		_	59,900	Φ.	1,132,776	Φ.	78,922
Total governmental activities	\$	965,344	\$	522,048	\$	442,080	<u>\$</u>	1,877,524	\$	516,250
and the second second										
Business-type activities	e	2 144 775	•	2.020.052	e.	2 707 210	¢.	2 (07 012	d.	2.505.562
Water and sewer sales	\$	3,144,775	\$	2,930,853	\$	2,787,318	\$	2,687,013	\$	2,585,563
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	_	2 144 775		2 020 952				2,687,013		2 505 562
Total business-type activities Total primary government revenues	-\$	3,144,775 4,110,119	\$	2,930,853 3,452,901	\$	2,787,318 3,229,398	\$	4,564,537	\$	2,585,563 3,101,813
Total primary government revenues	Ф	4,110,119	φ	3,432,901	Φ	3,229,396	Ф	4,304,337	Ф	3,101,613
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(3,355,386)	\$	(3,446,163)	\$	(3,667,675)	\$	(2,436,262)	\$	(2,425,647)
Business-type Activities		941,444		620,081		522,280		505,308		420,845
Total primary government net expense	\$	(2,413,942)	\$	(2,826,082)	\$	(3,145,395)	\$	(1,930,954)	\$	(2,004,802)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Pos	sition								
Governmental Activities Sales tax	e	4 112 495	ø	2 044 (10	ø	2 200 240	ø	2 944 252	ø	2 200 050
	\$	4,113,485	\$	3,844,619	\$	3,380,340	\$	2,844,353	\$	2,300,050
Franchise tax		196,346		173,610		185,197		194,412		192,368
Investment earnings		236,342		5,595		33,143		72,907		60,797
Other revenue Transfers		137,848		293,236 25,924		264,263		178,071 86,690		65,560
Gain on sale of capital assets		588,802		23,924		-		80,090		291,523
Total governmental activities	\$	5,272,823	\$	4,342,984	\$	3,862,943	\$	3,376,433	\$	2,910,298
Total governmental activities	Ψ	3,272,023	Ψ	7,572,707	Ψ	3,002,743	Ψ	3,370,433	Ψ	2,710,270
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	\$	4,970	\$	458	\$	5,860	\$	17,871	\$	14,637
Transfers	Ψ	(588,802)	Ψ	(25,924)	Ψ	-	Ψ	(86,690)	Ψ	(291,523)
Total business-type activities	\$	(583,832)	\$	(25,466)	\$	5,860	\$	(68,819)	\$	(276,886)
Total primary government	\$	4,688,991	\$	4,317,518	\$	3,868,803	\$	3,307,614	\$	2,633,412
primary government	Ψ	.,000,771	Ψ	.,517,510	Ψ	2,000,003	Ψ	2,207,017	Ψ	2,000,112
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	1,917,437	\$	896,821	\$	195,268	\$	940,171	\$	484,651
Business-type Activities	_	357,612	_	594,615	_	528,140	_	436,489		143,959
Total primary government	\$	2,275,049	\$	1,491,436	\$	723,408	\$	1,376,660	\$	628,610

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Government-wide Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		,		
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
2017		2015		2015
\$ 673,893	\$ 666,538	\$ 705,554	\$ 695,185	\$ 622,322
1,324,595	1,277,695	1,140,082	1,127,251	1,032,743
262,374	368,670	292,149	296,496	248,484
71,223	==0			
144,939	146,778	165,319	-	-
8,244				
-	-	-	-	150,000
277,803	122,302	91,412	117,554	111,547
-	184,986	-	-	-
\$ 2,763,071	\$ 2,766,969	\$ 2,394,516	\$ 2,236,486	\$ 2,165,096
\$ 1,384,187	\$ 1,547,911	\$ 1,054,715	\$ 999,905	\$ 1,151,086
φ 1,504,107	Ψ 1,547,711	Ψ 1,054,715	\$ 777,703	150,000
222 200	206 690			130,000
333,288	306,680	207.000	202.010	256 591
208,995	215,052	297,909	292,818	256,581
119,280	117,217	111,352	121,835	132,622
90,027	223,515	258,116	288,412	240,266
2,135,777	2,410,375	1,722,092	1,702,970	1,930,555
\$ 4,898,848	\$ 5,177,344	\$ 4,116,608	\$ 3,939,456	\$ 4,095,651
\$ 398,530	\$ 441,274	\$ 423,587	\$ 537,689	\$ 460,030
70,000	12,242	-	-	-
125,000	149,528	375,567	_	301,627
\$ 593,530	\$ 603,044	\$ 799,154	\$ 537,689	\$ 761,657
\$ 373,330	\$ 005,044	\$ 777,134	337,007	\$ 701,037
\$ 2,211,119	\$ 2,035,354	\$ 2,016,359	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,831,601
31,029	116,571			
	640,475	188,161	113,440	82,450
2,242,148	2,792,400	2,204,520	1,980,308	1,914,051
\$ 2,835,678	\$ 3,395,444	\$ 3,003,674	\$ 2,517,997	\$ 2,675,708
\$ (2,169,541)	\$ (2,163,925)	\$ (1,595,362)	\$ (1,698,797)	\$ (1,403,439)
106,371	382,025	482,428	277,338	(16,504)
\$ (2,063,170)	\$ (1,781,900)	\$ (1,112,934)	\$ (1,421,459)	\$ (1,419,943)
\$ (2,003,170)	\$ (1,781,700)	\$ (1,112,734)	\$ (1,721,737)	\$ (1,717,773)
A 1005 215	ф	0 1 700	A 1 (1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	e 1 505 :==
\$ 1,902,946	\$ 1,940,291	\$ 1,703,568	\$ 1,615,229	\$ 1,527,473
170,423	177,958	193,272	169,518	137,113
48,843	63,084	3,478	4,464	7,004
80,745	438,764	96,822	57,541	71,699
318,045	136,250	187,536	115,556	(93)
-	-	8,200	-	-
\$ 2,521,002	\$ 2,756,347	\$ 2,192,876	\$ 1,962,308	\$ 1,743,196
\$ 5,327	\$ 2,192	\$ 898	\$ 814	\$ 182
			(115,556)	
(318,045)	(136,250)			93
\$ (312,718)	\$ (134,058)	\$ (186,638)	\$ (114,742)	\$ 275
\$ 2,208,284	\$ 2,622,289	\$ 2,006,238	\$ 1,847,566	\$ 1,743,471
\$ 351,461	\$ 592,422	\$ 597,514	\$ 263,511	\$ 339,757
(206,347)	247,967	295,790	162,596	(16,229)
\$ 145,114	\$ 840,389	\$ 893,304	\$ 426,107	\$ 323,528
,				

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 15,995	\$ 16,520	\$ 25,721	\$ 30,486	\$ 15,254
Restricted	9,982	9,982	9,972	9,972	8,540
Assigned	-	-	-	-	185,000
Unassigned	3,272,030	1,954,326	 1,508,882	1,346,488	1,169,993
Total general fund	\$ 3,298,007	\$ 1,980,828	\$ 1,544,575	\$ 1,386,946	\$ 1,378,787
All Other Governmental funds					
Unreserved, Designated	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ =
Nonspendable	-	-	_	_	2,198
Restricted	160,659	89,265	20,646	104,583	128,668
Assigned	-	-	_	_	_
Unassigned	 (570,558)	 (908,870)	 (122,063)	 (55,832)	 (4,256)
Total other governmental funds	\$ (409,899)	\$ (819,605)	\$ (101,417)	\$ 48,751	\$ 126,610

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2017	2016		2015	2015 201			2013	
Φ	10.506	Ф. 12.107	Ф	24.150	Ф		Ф	0.206	
\$	19,586	\$ 12,196	\$	34,170	\$	-	\$	8,396	
	6,830	4,990		2,740		1,732		1,732	
	185,000	335,000		235,000		-		-	
	1,162,257	1,273,229		1,132,955		1,115,147	1,025,655		
								_	
\$	1,373,673	\$ 1,625,415	\$	\$ 1,404,865		\$ 1,116,879		1,035,783	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	1,848	2,533		-		-		-	
	2,854,524	5,288,947		191,057		692,152		859,124	
	_	_		-		43,231		53,563	
	(43,465)	(28,961)		(9,441)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
\$	2,812,907	\$ 5,262,519	\$	181,616	\$	735,383	\$	912,687	

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,305,465	\$ 3,955,958	\$ 3,531,827	\$ 2,970,830	\$ 2,452,121
Licenses, fees, permits	665,042	376,812	296,401	600,157	280,676
Fines and penalties	8,285	16,098	12,665	21,371	39,209
Charges for services	25,341	11,419	4,962	5,927	3,155
Intergovernmental	25,303	49,523	25,201	-	80,183
Investment earnings	236,342	5,595	33,143	72,907	60,797
Other revenues	493,804	476,269	451,802	680,940	453,334
Total revenues	\$ 5,759,582	\$ 4,891,674	\$ 4,356,001	\$ 4,352,132	\$ 3,369,475
Expenditures					
General government	\$ 1,248,102	\$ 1,040,689	\$ 1,234,403	\$ 1,351,181	\$ 757,333
Public safety	1,498,739	1,462,237	1,450,893	1,370,287	1,441,122
Streets	355,038	319,270	426,391	444,480	64,319
Parks and facilities	189,714	521,863	155,843	119,238	72,159
Planning and development	310,768	181,560	253,688	222,846	134,253
Mayor and council	4,167	5,468	8,679	4,530	15,666
Capital outlay	213,095	831,540	14,784	146,045	5,510,941
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	590,303	565,407	537,012	505,919	476,881
Interest	236,766	264,364	320,537	372,584	260,553
Bond issuance costs	-	59,794	-	-	91,036
Total expenditures	\$ 4,646,692	\$ 5,252,192	\$ 4,402,230	\$ 4,537,110	\$ 8,824,263
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Proceeds from borrowings	-	1,974,000	50,606	28,588	2,482,082
Issuance of Financed purchases	25,193				
Other resources	-	(1,921,341)	3,084	-	-
Transfers in	2,051,084	856,422	924,562	871,455	1,017,378
Transfers out	(1,462,282)	(830,498)	(924,562)	(784,765)	(725,855)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 613,995	\$ 78,583	\$ 53,690	\$ 115,278	\$ 2,773,605
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,726,885	\$ (281,935)	\$ 7,461	\$ (69,700)	\$ (2,681,183)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	19.38%	20.51%	20.28%	20.12%	23.68%

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	2,067,663	\$	2,107,714	\$	1,871,133	\$	1,773,967	\$	1,669,995
Ψ	278,502	Ψ	2,014	Ψ	339,196	Ψ	414,691	Ψ	322,735
	73,611		84,302		113,374		103,801		121,207
	7,975		755		751		15,146		7,390
	139,572		12,242		129,280		-		216,000
	48,843		63,031		3,478		4,464		7,004
	291,336		186,156		96,822		57,541		78,965
\$	2,907,502	\$	2,456,214	\$	2,554,034	\$	2,369,610	\$	2,423,296
					, ,	_			
\$	617,406	\$	607,996	\$	729,223	\$	653,351	\$	584,677
	1,261,075		1,264,984		1,074,111		1,111,307		964,123
	83,678		309,874		176,048		299,554		496,790
	70,589		-		-		-		-
	144,939		146,778		165,319		-		-
	8,244		-		-		-		-
	3,064,538		758,915		659,038		174,276		1,149,639
	-		-		-		-		150,000
	404,828		282,548		282,577		266,232		110,797
	300,720		91,354		106,034		110,874		114,572
	-		184,986		-		-		-
\$	5,956,017	\$	3,647,435	\$	3,192,350	\$	2,615,594	\$	3,570,598
\$		\$		\$	185,000	\$		\$	
Ψ	29,116	Ψ	6,002,633	Φ	165,000	Ψ	34,220	Ψ	206,250
	27,110		0,002,033		_		34,220		200,230
	-		-		-		-		
	1,012,065		431,630		544,003		406,378		197,279
	(694,020)		(295,380)	_	(356,467)		(290,822)	_	(197,372)
\$	347,161	\$	6,138,883	\$	372,536	\$	149,776	\$	206,157
\$	(2,701,354)	\$	4,947,662	\$	(265,780)	\$	(96,208)	\$	(941,145)
		-							
	14.05%		13.78%		16.88%		16.93%		9.31%

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Revenue Source		2022	2021	2020	2019
Principal General Government Revenue Source	es				
Sales tax	\$	4,115,575	\$ 3,777,991	\$ 3,347,576	\$ 2,777,646
Franchise tax		189,890	177,967	184,251	193,184
Licenses and Permits		665,042	376,812	296,401	600,157
All Other Sources		789,075	558,904	527,773	781,145
	\$	5,759,582	\$ 4,891,674	\$ 4,356,001	\$ 4,352,132

Sales Tax is collected at point of purchase in the City of Hudson Oaks at a total rate of 8.25%. Of that total, 6.25% is State tax, .50% is County tax, and 1.5% is City tax.

Franchise taxes are charged for business conducted in the City but for which no location is available for ad valorem tax. The tax as a percentage of revenue is set by contractual agreements.

Licenses and Permits are charged to business performing various construction projects throughout the City. The revenue is collected before a permit is issued and follows an Ordinance passed by City Council.

Principal Water and Wastewater Funds Revenue Sources

Water Sales - Hudson Oaks	\$ 1,673,810	\$ 1,651,299	\$ 1,573,015	\$ 1,485,472
Wastewater Sales	564,250	446,026	431,579	401,672
All Other Sources	709,985	640,008	602,725	630,285
Total Enterprise Fund Revenue	\$ 2,948,045	\$ 2,737,333	\$ 2,607,319	\$ 2,517,429

Principal Sources of Revenue Government-Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

						Change:
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2013-2022
\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655	\$ 1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171	170.02%
184,118	175,008	180,364	183,415	165,438	145,824	30.22%
280,676	278,502	355,804	339,196	414,691	322,735	106.06%
636,678	561,337	346,786	343,705	180,952	430,566	83.26%
\$ 3,369,475	\$ 2,907,502	\$ 2,810,304	\$ 2,554,034	\$ 2,369,610	\$ 2,423,296	

\$ 1,431,124	\$ 1,124,593	\$ 1,126,216	\$ 1,133,462	\$ 1,011,033	\$ 980,713	70.67%
386,507	353,223	323,193	323,332	333,576	334,771	68.55%
601,455	560,456	585,945	559,565	522,259	516,117	37.56%
\$ 2,419,086	\$ 2,038,272	\$ 2,035,354	\$ 2,016,359	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,831,601	



CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Sales tax by Business Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Sales Tax by Category	2021	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Retail:										
Motor Vehicle & Parts	\$ 869,940	\$ 672,456	\$ 513,317	\$ 424,339	\$ 383,315	\$ 378,243	\$ 2,014	\$ 266,845	\$ 268,017	\$ 255,229
Furniture & Home furnishings	7,987	6,174	4,713	3,896	3,178	4,047	3,163	986	1,538	271
Electronics & Appliance	89,674	69,317	52,913	43,741	40,832	30,377	2,771	1,235	2,078	16,314
Building materials	5,662	4,377	3,341	2,762	1,961	4,285	3,816	6,028	3,861	5,010
Apparel stores	11,682	9,030	6,893	5,698	6,647	332	6,423	5,798	5,637	5,822
General merchandise	1,266,514	979,005	1,087,215	898,757	649,684	642,848	641,719	617,950	612,194	615,866
All other Retail	213,116	164,737	125,751	103,954	255,699	249,280	636,479	208,466	191,840	144,591
Total Retail	\$ 2,464,574	\$ 1,905,096	\$ 1,794,144	\$ 1,483,147	\$ 1,341,316	\$ 1,309,412	\$ 1,296,385	\$ 1,107,308	\$ 1,085,165	\$ 1,043,103
Agriculture/Manufacturing/Mining	103,440	144,565	78,240	35,353	32,393	42,581	18,513	21,636	21,044	22,199
Services	401,895	725,875	980,429	710,202	277,468	230,017	260,724	245,024	276,562	256,082
Wholesalers	166,787	137,107	88,808	99,286	37,060	14,913	10,980	17,030	21,639	22,745
Accomodation & Food	461,738	436,886	338,607	342,369	279,805	237,838	224,249	191,829	164,350	167,072
All Other	517,141	428,462	67,348	107,290	299,961	57,894	116,499	104,891	39,769	12,970
Total Sales Tax Received	\$ 4,115,575	\$ 3,777,991	\$ 3,347,576	\$ 2,777,646	\$ 2,268,003	\$ 1,892,655	\$ 1,927,350	\$ 1,687,718	\$ 1,608,529	\$ 1,524,171
City Sales Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%

Source:

Zactax Sales Tax Analysis

Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

Type of Customer		2022		2021	2020	2019
Residential (Hudson Oaks & Dyegard)	\$	1,273,499	\$	1,188,997	\$ 1,242,496	\$ 1,134,600
Commercial	\$	683,317	\$	730,824	\$ 584,390	\$ 581,591
Other	\$	24,396	\$	11,155	\$ 29,499	\$ 30,358
Total	\$	1,981,212	\$	1,930,976	\$ 1,856,385	\$ 1,746,549
	W	ASTEWA	TEI	R SALES		
Type of Customer		2022		2021	2020	2019
Residential	\$	73.036	\$	66.563	\$ 61 664	\$ 66 852

Type of Customer	2022	2021	2020	2019
Residential	\$ 73,036	\$ 66,563	\$ 61,664	\$ 66,852
Commercial	\$ 479,407	\$ 377,956	\$ 364,082	\$ 331,288
Other	\$ 11,807	\$ 1,507	\$ 5,833	\$ 3,532
Total	\$ 564,250	\$ 446,026	\$ 431,579	\$ 401,672

Note: Source data from monthly billing registers including adjustments.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Water Sales and Wastewater Sales By Type of Customer Last Ten Years

WATER SALES

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 1,258,970	\$ 991,231	\$ 942,041	\$ 1,021,365	\$ 933,875	\$ 897,228
\$ 424,169	\$ 362,011	\$ 397,720	\$ 356,589	\$ 307,777	\$ 311,011
\$ 28,679	\$ 11,552	\$ 33,012	\$ 91,573	\$ 112,740	\$ 107,591
\$ 1,711,818	\$ 1,364,794	\$ 1,372,773	\$ 1,469,527	\$ 1,354,392	\$ 1,315,830

WASTEWATER SALES

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 64,574	\$ 54,554	\$ 37,447	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,257	\$ 50,308
\$ 320,038	\$ 297,021	\$ 276,746	\$ 281,817	\$ 293,219	\$ 284,463
\$ 1,895	\$ 1,648	\$ 9,000	\$ 10,500	\$ 7,000	\$ 9,000
\$ 386,507	\$ 353,223	\$ 323,193	\$ 333,832	\$ 340,476	\$ 343,771

Top Ten Utility Rate Payers by Rate Type Compared to Five Years Ago (Unaudited) September 30, 2022

Ten Largest Water Customers

Annual Gallons Consumed (in hundreds of gallons)

(in nundreds of ganons)										
Customers	Rank	2022	Rank	2017						
Whitewater Express Carwash	1	515,890								
Splash Kingdom	2	335,850	1	261,060						
HEB Grocery	3	311,530								
Jerry's Chevrolet	4	209,490	2	222,460						
RLS II Property Management	5	184,590								
Southwest Ford	6	161,260								
Splash Kingdom	7	160,080								
BooRays Restaurant	8	147,280	7	140,570						
Cantrell Development West, LLC	9	139,940								
Jerry's Fleet	10	130,460								
Wal-Mart Stores			5	158,710						
Wal-Mart Stores Irrigation			6	144,040						
Southwest Nissan			3	187,050						
Wal-Mart Stores			8	128,760						
Jerry's Collision			9	101,300						
Jerry's Buick, Pontiac, GMC			10	95,030						
Jerry's Hyundai			4	175,750						

Utility Service Rates Water, Dyegard Water and Wastewater September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Hudson Oaks Water Rate Structure

Re	•			

Base Rate -	Meter Charge	Usage Char	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	115.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	245.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
3.00 inch meter	300.00	30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Commercial

Base Rate -	Meter Charge	Usage Chai	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	41.00	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	78.00	0 to 15,000	\$5.49 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	115.00	15,001 to 35,000	\$7.23 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	245.00	35,001 to 65,000	\$8.49 per 1,000 gallons				
3.00 inch meter	300.00	65,001 and above	\$9.99 per 1,000 gallons				

Dyegard Water Rate Structure

Base Rate -	Meter Charge	Usage Chai	Usage Charges - Consumption				
0.75 inch meter	59.50	Monthly Consumption	Monthly Rate				
1.00 inch meter	82.00	0 to 5,000	\$4.29 per 1,000 gallons				
1.50 inch meter	119.00	5,001 to 10,000	\$4.95 per 1,000 gallons				
2.00 inch meter	215.00	10,001 to 30,000	\$6.33 per 1,000 gallons				
		30,001 to above	\$7.57 per 1,000 gallons				

Wastewater charge: Based on winter averaged gallons of water use.

Residential: \$18.00 base rate + \$4.78 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging.

Commercial: \$18.00 base rate + \$11.40 per 1,000 gallons used upon winter averaging.

Government Wide Outstanding Debt Last Ten Years September 30, 2022

		G	overn	mental Activit	ies		Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Combined Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligations		Notes and Lease/ Purchases		General Obligation Bonds		Combined Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation		Notes and Lease/ Purchases	
2013	\$	890,000	\$	2,179,650	\$	226,701	\$	795,000	\$	4,785,350	\$	31,773
2014	\$	810,000	\$	2,072,250	\$	182,099	\$	665,000	\$	4,607,750	\$	-
2015	\$	730,000	\$	1,959,850	\$	91,922	\$	530,000	\$	5,620,150	\$	-
2016	\$	444,412	\$	7,829,045	\$	50,211	\$	612,519	\$	6,079,854	\$	-
2017	\$	348,236	\$	7,532,570	\$	53,248	\$	480,640	\$	5,810,875	\$	22,075
2018	\$	247,060	\$	9,804,278	\$	76,296	\$	343,761	\$	5,361,850	\$	39,484
2019	\$	185,884	\$	9,388,650	\$	58,965	\$	261,882	\$	4,989,124	\$	24,180
2020	\$	125,000	\$	8,917,220	\$	82,507	\$	2,370,000	\$	9,458,568	\$	59,306
2021	\$	2,059,000	\$	6,436,983	\$	55,382	\$	3,911,200	\$	10,219,430	\$	34,341
2022	\$	1,881,500	\$	6,043,243	\$	82,304	\$	3,443,500	\$	9,966,784	\$	17,393

Total Government-wide Indebtedness

Total rernment-wide ndebtedness	Estimated Population	Total Debt per Capita	Per Capita Income	Debt as Percent of Personal Income
\$ 8,908,474	1859	4,792.08	\$ 47,645	10%
\$ 8,337,099	1966	4,240.64	\$ 45,999	9%
\$ 8,931,922	2115	4,223.13	\$ 43,821	10%
\$ 15,016,041	2225	6,748.78	\$ 44,841	15%
\$ 14,247,644	2160	6,596.13	\$ 46,146	14%
\$ 15,872,729	2345	6,768.75	\$ 45,511	15%
\$ 14,908,685	2407	6,193.89	\$ 49,170	13%
\$ 21,012,601	2174	9,665.41	\$ 48,909	20%
\$ 22,716,336	2478	9,167.21	\$ 48,909	19%
\$ 21,434,724	2478	8,650.01	\$ 53,464	16%

Ratio of Annual Debt Service For General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest and Charges	Total Debt Service	otal General xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
2013	\$ 187,400	\$ 109,831	\$ 297,231	\$ 2,205,826	13.47%
2014	\$ 192,400	\$ 104,508	\$ 296,908	\$ 2,142,755	13.86%
2015	\$ 192,400	\$ 98,980	\$ 291,380	\$ 2,215,816	13.15%
2016	\$ 202,400	\$ 90,430	\$ 292,830	\$ 2,274,478	12.87%
2017	\$ 378,750	\$ 298,872	\$ 677,622	\$ 2,087,659	32.46%
2018	\$ 445,000	\$ 256,955	\$ 701,955	\$ 2,317,438	30.29%
2019	\$ 460,000	\$ 368,774	\$ 828,774	\$ 3,392,413	24.43%
2020	\$ 510,000	\$ 314,680	\$ 824,680	\$ 3,331,021	24.76%
2021	\$ 512,250	\$ 261,872	\$ 774,122	\$ 3,458,437	22.38%
2022	\$ 557,500	\$ 234,283	\$ 791,783	\$ 3,530,168	22.43%

Estimated Direct and Overlaping Supported Gross Debt Schedule as of September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

Government Subdivision		Gross Debt	Estimated Percent Applicable (1)	C	Direct and Estimated Overlapping Conded Debt
Direct:	Ф	0.007.047	1000/	Ф	0.005.045
City of Hudson Oaks	\$	8,007,047	100%	\$	8,007,047
Total direct debt				\$	8,007,047
Overlapping:					
Weatherford Independent School District		96,784,623	10.02%		9,697,819
Parker County		139,259,412	2.91%		4,052,449
Parker County Junior College District		1,570,000	2.91%		45,687
Total gross overlapping debt				\$	13,795,955
Total gross overlapping debt and direct debt				\$	21,803,002
Direct and overlapping gross debt per capita A.				\$	8,799

A. Based on population estimate of 2,478 as of 9/30/22.

Note 1: The "Estimated Percentage Overlapping" is determined by dividing the City's certified taxable value by the County and related other County entities certified taxable values. The share of market value for Weatherford Independent School District, Parker County and Parker County Junior College District are calculated by the Parker County appraisal district.

Demographic Statistics
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

	Unemployment Rate												
	Year Ended	Estimated	for	School		Per Capita							
_	September 30	Population	Parker County	Enrollment		Income							
	2013	1859	5.5%	355	\$	47,645							
	2014	1966	4.6%	368	\$	45,999							
	2015	2115	4.2%	431	\$	43,821							
	2016	2225	4.3%	453	\$	44,841							
	2017	2335	3.7%	509	\$	46,146							
	2018	2407	3.1%	527	\$	45,511							
	2019	2479	3.0%	541	\$	49,170							
	2020	2174	6.1%	N/A	\$	48,909							
	2021	2478	5.4%	N/A	\$	48,909							
	2022	2478	3.0%	N/A	\$	53,464							

Sources:

Population, school enrollment and Per capita income from http://data.census.gov Unemployment rates from Texas Workforce Commission Web site

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS City Employees by Job Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Count of Employees by Year

Job Classification	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Waterworkers	6	7	7	7	6	6	7	7	8	6
Police Officers	12	11	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Clerical-Office	8	8	7	6	7	6	6	7	8	9
Total	26	26	26	25	25	23	24	25	27	26

Source: Texas Municipal League Workers Compensation audit figures and current year approved, budgeted positions.

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019
C't				
City-owned Equipment				
Vehicles	19	18	17	15
Mobile equipment	5	5	5	5
Street Department				
Miles of roadway	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles
City Parks				
Maintained Public Parks	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres	4 acres
Water Department				
Water lines (in miles)	26.57	26.57	26.57	26.57
Wells	28	28	28	28
Water plant	8	8	8	8
Wastewater Department				
Lift Stations	6	6	6	6
Sewer Lines (in miles)	11.75	11.75	11.75	11.75

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
14	13	12	14	14	14
5	5	5	4	4	4
21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.86 miles	21.46 miles	21.46 miles	21.46 miles
4 acres					
i deles	racies	racies	racies	racies	rucies
26.57	26.23	25.73	25.53	24.46	21.22
27	27	27	27	27	27
8	8	8	8	8	8
6	6	5	5	5	5
11.75	11.51	10.71	10.51	9.7	9.7

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	FY 2022	 FY 2021	FY 2020	 FY 2019
Municipal Court Citations issued	35	67	56	110
Police Department				
Calls for Service	4421	*2793	6063	6968
Arrests	52	73	35	61
Accidents	213	226	185	187
Community Services				
Building Permits Issued	274	137	224	203
Building Permits Value	\$ 57,050,032	\$ 20,996,390	\$ 17,528,870	\$ 31,268,397
Utility Department				
Water connections	1,186	1,180	1,187	1,170
Sewer connections	213	207	202	194
Water Department, in gallons (000)				
Water purchased or pumped	236,920,800	198,447,000	195,112,374	196,400,499
Water sold to customers	190,269,300	181,686,091	177,888,997	179,456,650

Source: City of Hudson Oaks records from these departments.

^{*} Some data not available

CITY OF HUDSON OAKS Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
141	470	634	739	931	1,023
5,683	4,123	6,679	7,791	9,361	11,218
75	151	123	156	197	252
200	227	170	167	160	131
148	142	241	175	185	218
\$ 12,254,451	\$ 15,089,718	\$ 22,081,434	\$ 21,121,918	\$ 27,702,865	\$ 16,627,435
1,153	1,143	1,124	1,123	1,099	1,063
182	172	163	147	126	110
212.704.600	100 050 200	101 222 700	105 001 200	107 702 000	202 751 000
213,704,600	188,959,200	191,223,700	195,881,380	187,782,000	303,751,900
187,197,147	172,927,000	180,189,000	176,945,792	173,770,113	175,366,617









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Hudson Oaks, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Hudson Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weatherford, Texas March 20, 2023

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Financial Advisory Services Provided By:

