OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED NOVEMBER 18, 2021

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE DISTRICT, THE BONDS ARE VALID OBLIGATIONS OF DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10, AND, UNDER THE STATUTES, REGULATIONS PUBLISHED RULINGS AND COURT DECISIONS EXISTING ON THE DATE OF SUCH OPINION, INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR PURPOSES OF FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION, SUBJECT TO THE MATTERS DESCRIBED UNDER "TAX MATTERS" HEREIN.

THE BONDS ARE <u>NOT</u> "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. SEE "TAX MATTERS—NOT QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS."

NEW ISSUE-BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Insured Ratings (AGM): S&P "AA" (stable outlook) Moody's "A2" (stable outlook) Underlying Rating: Moody's "A2" See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

Due: September 1, as shown below

\$12,270,000

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Denton County)

UNLIMITED TAX BONDS

SERIES 2021

Dated Date: December 1, 2021 Interest Accrual Date: Date of Delivery

The 12,270,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (the "Bonds") are obligations solely of Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Denton County, the Town of Little Elm, the City of Aubrey, the Town of Prosper or any entity other than the District.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS IS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

Principal of the Bonds is payable at maturity or earlier redemption at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially, BOKF, NA in Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). Interest on the Bonds accrues from the date of initial delivery (expected December 21, 2021) (the "Date of Delivery"), and is payable each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2022, until maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in denominations of \$5,000 each or integral multiples thereof. The Bonds mature and are subject to redemption prior to their maturity, as shown below.

The Bonds will be registered and delivered only in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."



The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Initial Reoffering	Principal	Maturity	CUSIP	Interest	Initial Reoffering
Amount	(September 1)	Number (b)	Rate	Yield (c)	Amount	(September 1)	Number (b)	Rate	Yield (c)
\$ 450,000	2023	24879T TE4	2.00 %	0.45 %	***	***	***	***	***
450,000	2024	24879T TF1	2.00	0.65	\$ 550,000	2033 (a)	24879T TQ7	2.00 %	2.10 %
450,000	2025	24879T TG9	2.00	0.80	550,000	2034 (a)	24879T TR5	2.05	2.20
450,000	2026	24879T TH7	2.00	0.95	575,000	2035 (a)	24879T TS3	2.15	2.30
470,000	2027	24879T TJ3	2.00	1.10	575,000	2036 (a)	24879T TT1	2.25	2.37
475,000	2028 (a)	24879T TK0	2.00	1.25	575,000	2037 (a)	24879T TU8	2.35	2.45
475,000	2029 (a)	24879T TL8	2.00	1.50	575,000	2038 (a)	24879T TV6	2.40	2.50
525,000	2030 (a)	24879T TM6	2.00	1.75	575,000	2039 (a)	24879T TW4	2.45	2.55
	\$1,100,000	Term Bonds du	e September	· 1. 2032 (a).	24879T TP9 ((b). 2.00% Intere	st Rate. 2.00% Y	ield (c)	

\$1,100,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2032 (a), 24879T TP9 (b), 2.00% Interest Rate, 2.00% Yield (c) \$1,150,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2041 (a), 24879T TY0 (b), 2.50% Interest Rate, 2.65% Yield (c) \$1,150,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2043 (a), 24879T UA0 (b), 2.60% Interest Rate, 2.70% Yield (c) \$1,150,000 Term Bonds due September 1, 2045 (a), 24879T UC6 (b), 2.65% Interest Rate, 2.75% Yield (c)

(a) Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2028, are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity dates in whole, or from time to time, in part, on September 1, 2027, or on any date thereafter, at a price of par plus unpaid accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds (as defined herein) are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as more fully described herein. See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

(b) CUSIP Numbers will be assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Service Bureau and are included solely for the convenience of the purchasers of the Bonds.

Neither the District nor the Underwriter shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP Numbers set forth herein.
 (c) Initial Reoffering Yield represents the initial offering yield to the public, which has been established by the Underwriter for offers to the public and which

subsequently may be changed.

The Bonds are offered, when, as and if issued by the District, subject, among other things, to the approval of the Bonds by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel. See "LEGAL MATTERS." Delivery of the Bonds in book-entry form through the facilities of DTC is expected on or about December 21, 2021.

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USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT is not to be used in an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audited financial statements, engineering and other related reports set forth in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Crawford & Jordan LLP, 19 Briar Hollow Lane, Suite 245, Houston, Texas, 77027, upon payment of the costs of duplication thereof.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this OFFICIAL STATEMENT for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended.

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this OFFICIAL STATEMENT current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT until delivery of the Bonds to the Underwriter (as herein defined) and thereafter only as specified in "PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT—Updating the Official Statement."

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B—Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy."

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate, which bid was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Underwriter"), paying the interest rates shown on the cover page hereof, at a price of 98.8018% of the principal amount thereof which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 2.448200% as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended.

Prices and Marketability

Information concerning initial reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Underwriter.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time-to-time by the Underwriter after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Underwriter may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein and the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following is a brief summary of certain information contained herein which is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of the entire OFFICIAL STATEMENT and of the documents summarized or described therein.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTLOOK (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization and the President of the United States separately declared the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") to be a public health emergency. On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in the State of Texas (the "State") because of the effects of COVID-19. Subsequently, in response to a rise in COVID-19 infections in the State and pursuant to the Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor issued a number of executive orders intended to help limit the spread of COVID-19 and mitigate injury and the loss of life, including limitations imposed on business operations, social gatherings, and other activities.

Over the ensuing year, COVID-19 negatively affected commerce, travel and businesses locally and globally, and negatively affected economic growth worldwide and within the State. Following the widespread release and distribution of various COVID-19 vaccines in 2021 and a decrease in active COVID-19 cases generally in the United States, state governments (including Texas) have started to lift business and social limitations associated with COVID-19. Beginning in March 2021, the Governor issued various executive orders, which, among other things, rescinded and superseded prior executive orders and provide that there are currently no COVID-19 related operating limits for any business or other establishment. The Governor retains the right to impose additional restrictions on activities if needed to mitigate the effects of COVID-19. Additional information regarding executive orders issued by the Governor is accessible on the website of the Governor at https://gov.texas.gov/. Neither the information on, nor accessed through, such website of the Governor is incorporated by reference into this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

With the easing or removal of associated governmental restrictions, economic activity has increased. However, there are no assurances that such increased economic activity will continue or continue at the same rate, especially if there are future outbreaks of COVID-19. The District has not experienced any decrease in property values, unusual tax delinquencies, or interruptions to service as a result of COVID-19; however, the District cannot predict the long-term economic effect of COVID-19 or a similar virus should there be a reversal of economic activity and re-imposition of restrictions. See 'INVESTMENT CONSDIRATIONS—Infectious Disease Outlook (COVID-19)."

THE DISTRICT

The District was created by the Denton County Commissioners Court on September 12, 2000, as a fresh water supply district pursuant to Chapter 53, Texas Water Code, as amended. Pursuant to an election held on November 7, 2000, the District assumed sanitary sewer powers and road district powers, including those under Chapter 257, Texas Transportation Code. On November 30, 2000, the District converted to a water control and improvement district. The District is a conservation and reclamation district and political subdivision of the State of Texas and operates pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, and Chapters 49, 51 and, for certain purposes, 53, Texas Water Code, as amended. Creation of the District and certain actions of its Board were validated by Section 42 of Senate Bill 1444, Acts of 77th Legislature of the State of Texas, Regular Session 2001. The District currently contains approximately 1,580 acres of land. See "THE DISTRICT."

General...

Description...

Location	The District is located approximately 31 miles north of the central downtown business district of the City of Dallas. Portions of the District are within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Aubrey, the Town of Prosper, and the Town of Little Elm, and the remainder of the District is not within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of any municipality. Portions of the District have been annexed into the Town of Little Elm, Town of Prosper and the City of Aubrey for limited purposes. A portion of the District is located within the Denton Independent School District and a portion of the District is located in Prosper Independent School District. The District consists of six non-contiguous tracts containing approximately 636, 275, 479, 166, 2 and 22 acres, respectively. The six tracts are located generally northwest and northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 380 and Farm-to-Market 1385. See "THE DISTRICT—Description and Location" and "AERIAL LOCATION MAP."
The Developers	
And Major Property Owners	Bloomfield Homes, L.P. ("Bloomfield"), a Texas limited partnership has developed most of the land within the District being developed as ArrowBrooke. Bloomfield continues to own approximately 43 acres of developable land in the District for future development of ArrowBrooke, Phase VII.
	Mezzo Owner LLC ("Mezzo") owns approximately 16 acres of developable land with the District where a 378-unit apartment community is currently under construction.
	Field Street Development I, Ltd. ("Field Street") owns approximately 5 acres of developable land with the District. A shopping center has been developed on approximately 4 acres.
	JBJ/Calder Fund IX Prosper LLC ("JBJ/Calder") and Inwood Plaza Joint Venture ("Inwood Plaza") separately own two adjacent tracts of developable land within the District, sized approximately 11 acres and 13 acres, respectively. Currently, Phase 1 of a multi-family residential apartment community is currently under construction on the 11 acre tract, with a projected buildout of 196 units. Phase 2 of the apartment community is planned to be developed on the 13 acre tract.
	Bloomfield, Mezzo, JBJ/Calder and Field Street are collectively referred to herein as the "Developers." See "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."
Status of Development	The District is being developed as a predominantly single-family residential development. Development currently consists of Savannah (2,457 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 593 acres), Artesia (1,686 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 370 acres), and ArrowBrooke (1,518 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 354 acres). As of September 30, 2021, the District included 5,189 completed single-family homes (of which 5,152 were occupied, 29 unoccupied and 8 models), 218 new homes under construction or in the name of the builder and 254 vacant developed lots available for home construction. Homes being constructed in the District range in price from approximately \$300,000 to \$600,000, and based on the 2021 tax rolls, the average homestead value in the District is approximately \$314,385.
	A portion of the Estates 3Eighty, a 420-unit apartment community, is located on approximately 10 acres in the District. The portion of the apartment community in the District consists of approximately 359 units and includes the leasing office and community clubhouse with pool and fitness center. Additionally, Mezzo, a 378-unit apartment community, is under construction on approximately 16 acres and completion is expected in early 2022. Additionally, JBJ/Calder Fund IX Prosper LLC is constructing a 196-unit apartment community on approximately 11 acres within the District, and full build-out is expected in December 2022. See "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."
	In addition to residential development, approximately 20 acres has been developed as a Valero gas station and convenience store, Dollar General, liquor store, day care center, emergency medical center, Golf Cars for Fun, Electric Co-op, and restaurants, approximately 15 acres have been developed as a school site and community center and approximately 63 developable acres within the District have not been fully provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities. Approximately 5 acres has been developed as a church (which is not subject to ad valorem taxation by the District), approximately 47 acres are not developable and approximately 76 acres are devoted to parks, recreation and open space.
	Recreational amenities for residents within Savannah include a 20,000 square feet clubhouse with a ballroom, a kitchen and café area, a pool and water park, 4 tennis courts and a covered basketball court. Recreational facilities in Artesia include a 2,808 square feet clubhouse with a swimming pool. Recreational facilities in ArrowBrooke include a resort style pool, splash pad and spray park, playground and surrounding open spaces.

	The District is in the planning stage for the construction of a new administration building. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."
	In addition, Savannah Elementary School has been constructed within the boundaries of the District by the Denton Independent School District.
	See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use" and "—Status of Development."
The Builders	Homebuilding in Savannah is being conducted by Grand Acquisition, Inc. d/b/a Grand Homes.
	Homebuilding in Artesia is being conducted by Megatel Homes, Inc. d/b/a Megatel Homes.
	Homebuilding in ArrowBrooke is being conducted by Bloomfield Homes, History Maker Homes, Highland Homes, and Meritage Homes.
	See "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS—Homebuilders."
Payment Record	The District has previously issued fourteen series of unlimited tax bonds and four series of unlimited tax refunding bonds of which a total of \$120,385,000 principal amount of bonds is outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds") as of the date hereof. The District has never defaulted on principal and interest payments on the Outstanding Bonds. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Outstanding Bonds."
	THE BONDS
Description	The \$12,270,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (the "Bonds") are being issued as fully registered bonds pursuant to an order (the "Bond Order") authorizing the issuance of Bonds adopted by the District's Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Bonds are scheduled to mature serially on September 1 in each of the years 2023 through 2030, both inclusive, and 2033 through 2039, both inclusive, and as term bonds on September 1 in each of the years 2032, 2041, 2043 and 2045 (the "Term Bonds"). The Bonds will be issued in book-entry form only in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples of \$5,000. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the date of initial delivery (the "Date of Delivery"), and is payable on September 1, 2022, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter, until the earlier of maturity or redemption. See "THE BONDS" and "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."
Book-Entry-Only System	The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC or its designee. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."
Redemption	Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2028, are subject to redemption in whole or from time to time in part, at the option of the District, prior to their maturity dates on September 1, 2027, and on any date thereafter at a price of par plus unpaid accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Term Bonds (as defined herein) are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as more fully described herein See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."
Use of Proceeds	Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to pay for the water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities, District administration facilities and other related costs, including engineering fees, as shown herein under "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS. In addition, Bond proceeds will be used to pay interest on funds advanced by the Developers on behalf of the District and to pay certain other costs related to the issuance of the Bonds.
Authority for Issuance	The Bonds are the eighth series of new money bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$139,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters purpose of acquiring or constructing water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities. The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, the general laws of the State of Texas, including, without limitation, Chapters 49, 51, and for limited purposes, 53 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, elections held within the District and the Bond Order. See "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance."

Source of Payment	Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the Town of Little Elm, the Town of Prosper, the City of Aubrey, Denton County, the State of Texas or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS—Source and Security for Payment."
Municipal Bond Rating and	
Municipal Bond Insurance	S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "AA" (stable outlook) and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "A2" (stable outlook), respectively, to the Bonds with the understanding that, upon delivery of the Bonds, a Policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") for the Bonds. Moody's has also assigned an underlying rating of "A2" to the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings may be obtained from S&P and Moody's. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance," "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING," "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B."
Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations	The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. See "TAX MATTERS—Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."
Bond Counsel	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Dallas, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "LEGAL MATTERS" and "TAX MATTERS."
General Counsel	Crawford & Jordan LLP, Houston, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT."
Financial Advisor	Masterson Advisors LLC, Houston, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT."
Disclosure Counsel	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Houston, Texas. See "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT."
Paying Agent/Registrar	BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas. See "THE BONDS-Method of Payment of Principal and Interest."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds are subject to special investment considerations and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully this entire OFFICIAL STATEMENT with respect to the investment security of the Bonds, including particularly the section captioned "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAC	DITED)	
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021	\$1,655,393,182 \$1,738,208,963	(a) (b)
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding (after the issuance of the Bonds) Estimated Overlapping Debt Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt		
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt to: 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021 Ratios of Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt to:		
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation		
System Debt Service Funds Available as of September 16, 2021 Road Debt Service Funds Available as of September 16, 2021 Total Funds Available for Debt Service	<u>2,264,093</u>	(e)
Funds Available for Operations and Maintenance as of September 16, 2021 Funds Available for Capital Projects as of September 16, 2021	\$7,471,807 596,207	(f)
2021 Debt Service Tax Rate 2021 Maintenance Tax Rate 2021 Contract Tax Rate 2021 Total Tax Rate		
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2022-2045) Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2023)		
 Tax Rate Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service (2022-2045) at a 95% Collecti Based upon 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$0.48 \$0.45 Rate	(h)
Based upon Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021	\$0.62	
Status of Development as of September 30, 2021 (i): Developed Lots Homes Completed (5,152 occupied, 29 unoccupied and 8 models) Homes Under construction or in the Name of Homebuilder Lots Available for Home Construction Multi-Family Apartment Units Estimated population	5,189 218 254 (j) 18,750	(k)
 (a) As certified by the Denton Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "T (b) As provided by the Appraisal District. Such amount is an estimate of the taxable assess be revised upward or downward once certified by the Appraisal District. Increases in v and October 15, 2021, will be certified as of January 1, 2022, and provided for purpose See "TAXING PROCEDURES." 	sed value on October 15, 2021, and value occurring between January 1 oses of taxation in the summer of	1,2021
 (c) See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED (d) See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITE "—Overlapping Taxes." 	ED)—Estimated Overlapping Deb	
(e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any minimum System Debt Service Fund (as defined herein) is not pledged to the Road Bonds and herein) is not pledged to the System Bonds (as defined herein).	the Road Debt Service Fund (as o	defined
(f) Represents surplus construction funds, and interest thereon, derived from the Outstand issued, may produce additional surplus funds. Surplus funds for construction may b which surplus funds may be used, limited, however, to the purposes for which the	e expended for any lawful purp	ose for

or which surplus funds may be used, limited, however, to the purposes for which the issue of the Outstanding Bonds which produced the surplus funds were issued. Under certain circumstances, the approval of the TCEQ is required for the use of surplus funds derived from System Bonds. Of such amount, \$437,709 may be used to finance water, sewer and drainage facilities, with the approval of the TCEQ, and \$158,498 may be used to finance road facilities.

See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)-Debt Service Requirements." (g) (h)

See "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Possible Impact on District Tax Rates."

⁽i) See "THE DISTRICT-Land Use" and "-Status of Development."

See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development—Multi-Family Residential" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers." (j)

Based upon 3.5 persons per occupied single-family residence and 2.0 persons per apartment unit. See "THE DISTRICT-(k) Land Use" and "-Status of Development-Multi-Family Residential."

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$12,270,000 DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 (A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Denton County) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS SERIES 2021

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 (the "District") of its \$12,270,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, the general laws of the State of Texas, including, without limitation, Chapters 49, 51, and for limited purposes, 53 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, elections held within the District, and an order authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order") adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board").

This OFFICIAL STATEMENT includes descriptions, among others, of the Bonds and the Bond Order, and certain other information about the District, Bloomfield Homes, L.P. ("Bloomfield"), Mezzo Owner LLC ("Mezzo"), JBJ/Calder Fund IX Prosper LLC ("JBJ/Calder"), Field Street Development I, Ltd. ("Field Street"), and development activity in the District. Bloomfield, Mezzo, JBJ/Calder and Field Street are collectively referred to herein as the "Developers." All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each document. Copies of documents may be obtained from Crawford & Jordan LLP, General Counsel, 19 Briar Hollow Lane, Suite 245, Houston, Texas 77027.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Order. The Bond Order authorizes the issuance and sale of the Bonds and prescribes the terms, conditions and provisions for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the District.

Description

The Bonds will be dated December 1, 2021 and will accrue interest from the date of initial delivery (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable each March 1 and September 1, beginning September 1, 2022 (each an "Interest Payment Date"), and will mature on the dates and in the principal amounts and accrue interest at the rates shown on the cover page hereof. The Bonds are issued in fully registered form, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000. Interest calculations are based on a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") in its nominee name of Cede & Co., pursuant to the book-entry system described herein. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."

Authority for Issuance

At elections held within the District on May 4, 2002, and September 13, 2003, voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$139,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for purpose of acquiring or constructing water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to such authorizations.

The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant the terms and conditions of the Bond Order, Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49, 51, and for limited purposes, 53 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, the general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas, and an order of the TCEQ dated November 1, 2021.

Before the Bonds can be issued, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of certain related matters. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Source and Security for Payment

The Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds (hereinafter defined) and any additional unlimited tax bonds issued in the future, will be payable from and secured by a pledge of the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property located within the District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Bonds involve certain investment considerations, and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully this OFFICIAL STATEMENT with respect to the investment security of the Bonds. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS." The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Aubrey, the Town of Little Elm, the Town of Prosper, Denton County, the State of Texas or any political subdivision or entity other than the District.

Funds

The Bond Order creates the District's Series 2021 Debt Service Fund, which may be held as part of the Debt Service Fund for prior System Bonds (collectively, the "System Debt Service Fund"), which is to be used to pay debt service on bonds issued for water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities, or to refund such bonds ("System Bonds"). The System Debt Service Fund is a separate fund from the Road Debt Service Fund (the "Road Debt Service Fund") which is used to pay debt service on bonds issued to finance roads and improvements in aid thereof or to refund such bonds ("Road Bonds"). The Bond Order also creates the District's Series 2021 Capital Projects Fund, which may be held as part of the Capital Projects Fund created for the prior System Bonds (collectively, the "Capital Projects Funds"). The proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited in the Series 2021 Capital Projects Fund.

Redemption Provisions

<u>Mandatory Redemption</u>: The Bonds maturing on September 1 in each of the years 2032, 2041, 2043 and 2045 (the "Term Bonds") shall be redeemed by lot or other customary method of random selection, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, on September 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the following schedule (with each such scheduled principal amount reduced as described below):

\$1,100,000 Terr Due September		\$1,150,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2041		
Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount	Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount	
2031	\$ 550,000	2040	\$ 575,000	
2032 (maturity)	550,000	2041 (maturity)	575,000	

\$1,150,000 Terr Due September		\$1,150,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2045		
Mandatory	Principal	Mandatory	Principal	
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount	
2042	\$ 575,000	2044	\$ 575,000	
2043 (maturity)	575,000	2045 (maturity)	575,000	

The principal amount of the Term Bonds required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the direction of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds of the stated maturity which, at least 50 days prior to a mandatory redemption date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent/Registrar for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and canceled by the Paying Agent/Registrar at the request of the District with monies in the Debt Service Fund at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

<u>Optional Redemption</u>: The District reserves the right, at its option, to redeem the Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2028, prior to their scheduled maturities, in whole or from time to time in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, on September 1, 2027, or on any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

<u>Notice of Redemption</u>: Notice of any redemption identifying the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part shall be given by the Paying Agent/Registrar (as herein defined) at least thirty (30) days prior to the date fixed for redemption by sending written notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the register. By the date fixed for redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar (as herein defined) for payment of the redemption price of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. When Bonds have been called for redemption in whole or in part and due provision has been made to redeem the same as herein provided, the Bond or portions thereof so redeemed shall no longer be regarded as outstanding except for purpose of receiving payment solely from the funds so provided for redemption, and the rights of the Registered Owners to collect interest which would otherwise accrue after the redemption date on any Bond or portion thereof called for redemption shall terminate on the date fixed for redemption.

<u>Effects of Redemption</u>: If fewer than all of the Bonds are to be optionally redeemed, the particular maturity or maturities and the amounts thereof to be redeemed shall be determined by the District, provided that if fewer than all the Bonds within a particular maturity are redeemed at any time, the particular Bonds within each such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar from the Bonds which have not previously been called for redemption, by lot or other customary method of random selection. However, if during any period in which ownership of the Bonds is determined only by a book entry at a securities depository, if fewer than all of the Bonds of the same series and maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds shall be selected in accordance with arrangements between the District and the securities depository. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."

Method of Payment of Principal and Interest

The Board of Directors of the District has appointed BOKF, NA, having a designated payment office in Dallas, Texas, as the initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds (the "Paying Agent/Registrar," "Paying Agent," or "Registrar"). The principal of and interest on the Bonds shall be paid to DTC (hereinafter defined), which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." Interest calculations are based upon a thirty (30) day month and a three hundred sixty (360) day year.

Record Date

The record date for payment of the interest on any regularly scheduled Interest Payment Date is defined as the 15th day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such Interest Payment Date.

Registration and Transfer

Section (149(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, requires that all tax-exempt obligations (with certain exceptions that do not include the Bonds) be in registered form in order for the interest payable on such obligations to be excludable from a Beneficial Owners' income for federal income tax purposes. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System described herein. One fully-registered bond will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." So long as any Bonds remain outstanding, the District will maintain at least one Paying Agent/Registrar in the State of Texas for the purpose of maintaining the bond register on behalf of the District.

Replacement of Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Order for replacement of the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the District, the new paying agent/registrar shall be required to accept the previous Paying Agent/Registrar's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be either a duly qualified and competent bank or trust company organized under the laws of the State of Texas.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

"(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.

(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) authorizes bonds of the District (including the Bonds) to be eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which might apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District's voters have authorized the issuance of a total of \$139,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities and \$82,100,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing roads and improvements in aid thereof and could authorize additional amounts. The District is also authorized to issue unlimited tax refunding bonds in an amount equal to one and one-half of the principal amount of water, wastewater and storm drainage bonds previously issued by the District. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$60,855,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities authorized but unissued and no unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for roads and improvements in aid thereof. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt."

The Bond Order imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be authorized for issuance by the District's voters or the amount ultimately issued by the District. Except with respect to the issuance of bonds issued to acquire or construct roads and improvements in aid thereof, the District does not employ any formula with regard to assessed valuations or tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of bonds which may be issued. The total amount of bonds and other obligations of the District issued to acquire or construct roads and improvements in aid thereof (including its allocable share of obligations issued by Denton County for road purposes) may not exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property in the District.

After approval by the District's voters and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"), the District also has the power to issue unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of providing fire-fighting activities. The Board is further empowered to borrow money for any lawful purpose and to issue bond anticipation and tax anticipation notes. The District does not have the statutory authority to issue bonds supported by ad valorem taxes for the development of parks and recreational facilities.

Remedies in Event of Default

Texas law and the Bond Order provide that in the event the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on any of the Bonds when due, fails to make payments required by the Bond Order into the System Debt Service Fund or defaults in the observance or performance of any of the covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, any Registered Owner shall be entitled at any time to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of competent jurisdiction compelling and requiring the Board of Directors of the District to observe and perform any covenant, obligation or condition prescribed by the Bond Order. Such right is in addition to other rights the Registered Owners may be provided by the laws of the State of Texas.

If the District defaults in the payment of a principal, interest, or the redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Order, or defaults in the observance or performance of any other covenants, obligations or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order, a Registered Owner could petition for a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction compelling and requiring the District and the District's officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order. Such remedy might need to be enforced on a periodic basis. Except for a mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners. The enforcement of a claim for payment on the Bonds would be subject to the applicable provisions of the federal bankruptcy laws, any other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, and general principles of equity. Further, certain traditional legal remedies also may not be available. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations."

Defeasance

The Bond Order provides for the defeasance of the Bonds when the payment of the principal of the Bonds, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether such due date be by reason of maturity, redemption, or otherwise), is provided by irrevocably depositing with a paying agent, in trust (1) money sufficient to make such payment or (2) Defeasance Securities, maturing as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times to insure the availability, without reinvestment, of sufficient money to make such payment, and all necessary and proper fees, compensation and expenses of the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The Bond Order provides that "Defeasance Securities" means (a) direct, noncallable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent. The District has additionally reserved the right, subject to satisfying the requirements of (1) and (2) above, to substitute other Defeasance Securities for the Defeasance Securities originally deposited, to reinvest the uninvested moneys on deposit for such defeasance and to withdraw for the benefit of the District moneys in excess of the amount required for such defeasance.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded to be outstanding or unpaid and thereafter the District will have no further responsibility with respect to amounts available to paying agent (or other financial institution permitted by applicable law) for the payment of such defeased bonds. Provided, however, the District has reserved the option, to be exercised at the time of the defeasance of the Bonds, to call for redemption, at an earlier date, those Bonds which have been defeased to their maturity date, if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements, and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

Annexation

Chapter 42, Local Government Code, provides that, within the limits described therein, the unincorporated area contiguous to the corporate limits of a municipality comprises that municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction ("ETJ"). The size of the ETJ depends in part on the size of a municipality's population. With certain exceptions, a municipality may annex territory only within the confines of its ETJ. Absent an agreement with a neighboring municipality, when a municipality annexes additional territory, the municipality's ETJ expands automatically in conformity with such annexation up to the ETJ of a neighboring municipality. Under existing Texas law, the land within the District located in a municipality's ETJ may be annexed subject to compliance with the procedural requirements of Chapter 43, Local Government Code.

The Town of Little Elm and the Town of Prosper are each a home-rule municipality. The City of Aubrey is a Type A general law municipality. The District consists of six non- contiguous areas. Based upon maps provided by these municipalities and Denton County, the District believes the following information in this paragraph to be correct, but makes no guarantee as to its accuracy. A portion of the area of the District being developed as ArrowBrooke is located within the ETJ's of the City of Aubrey and the Town of Little Elm. The area being developed as Artesia is located wholly within the ETJ of the Town of Prosper. A portion of the area within the District being developed as Savannah is located within the Town of Prosper ETJ and the balance of Savannah is not located within any municipal ETJ.

Because the District lies partially in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of more than one municipality, none of such municipalities may annex the entire District and abolish the District in its entirety. Under certain circumstances provided in Chapter 43, Local Government Code, a municipality may annex less than all of the area within the District. Should a municipality annex only part of the area in the District, the governing bodies of the municipality and the District may make contracts relating to the allocation of overlapping duties, functions and dispositions of the assets, liabilities and obligations of the District, but the District is not abolished. Should a municipality annex all or part of the area in the District and the balance of the area within the District is located in one or more municipalities or one or more municipalities and an unincorporated area, the District may be abolished by agreement among the District and the municipalities in which the District is located. Such agreement must provide for the distribution among the municipalities of the assets of the District and pro rata assumption by the municipalities of all debts and obligations of the District. Annexation is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the governing body of each municipality and therefore, the District makes no representation regarding when or if the municipalities will ever act to annex the District.

A portion of land within the District lies within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the Town of Prosper. Pursuant to agreements dated March 5, 2002 and March 28, 2012, the Town of Prosper has agreed not to annex (for full purposes) a portion of the area within the District in its ETJ located west of Farm-to-Market 1385 (consisting of a portion of Savannah) until March 2027. Pursuant to an agreement, dated May 6, 2003, the Town of Prosper has agreed not to annex (for full purposes) the area within the District in its ETJ located east of Farm-to-Market 1385 (consisting of Artesia) until such time as certain conditions are met, including the reimbursement of certain Developers for funds advanced for the construction of water, wastewater and drainage facilities and roads to serve such acreage.

The District has entered into Strategic Partnership Agreements with the Town of Prosper pursuant to which the Town of Prosper annexed for limited purposes three (3) tracts of land consisting of approximately 22 acres of commercial property. One of such tracts is located within Savannah; one is located within ArrowBrooke; and one within Artesia. Furthermore, upon such limited purpose annexation, the Town of Prosper imposed its two percent (2%) sales and use taxes (but not its property tax) within the area. The District receives one-half of one percent ($\frac{1}{2}$ %) of such sales and use taxes collected by the Town of Prosper. Such amounts received by the District pursuant to the Strategic Partnership Agreements are not pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The terms of these Strategic Partnership Agreements run for 15 years from March 28, 2012. The Town of Prosper has also agreed not to annex all or part of the District during the term of such agreements.

A portion of land within the District lies within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Aubrey. Pursuant to an agreement dated June 26, 2018, the City of Aubrey has agreed not to annex (for full purposes) a portion of the area within the District comprised of the ArrowBrooke Development until June 2038, or upon dissolution of the District, whichever is earliest.

The District has entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the Town of Little Elm pursuant to which the Town of Little Elm annexed for limited purposes eight (8) tracts of land consisting of approximately 44 acres of commercial property. The tracts are located adjacent to the Savannah development along the north and south sides of U.S. 380. Furthermore, upon such limited purpose annexation, the Town of Little Elm imposed its two percent (2%) sales and use taxes (but not its property tax) within the area. The District does not receive any share of such sales and use taxes collected by the Town of Little Elm. The term of this Strategic Partnership Agreement runs for 50 years from March 28, 2012, or until the property is disannexed or annexed for full purposes.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the Town of Prosper, the Town of Little Elm, the City of Aubrey, Denton County or any entity other than the District.

Consolidation

The District has the legal authority, upon a favorable election in each district, to consolidate with one or more other districts, operating under Chapter 51, Texas Water Code, and, thereafter, to become one district and be governed as one district. However, debts created prior to consolidation, such as the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds, remain debts of the original districts, payable from taxes levied on land in the original districts as if they had not consolidated or from contributions from the consolidated district on terms stated in the consolidation agreement. No representation is made concerning whether the District will consolidate with any other district, but the District currently has no plans to do so.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

The section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") while the Bonds are registered in its nominee name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The District and the Financial Advisor believe the source of such information to be reliable, but neither of the District or the Financial Advisor takes any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurances that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each series and maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such series and maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post- trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has rating of "AA+" from S&P Global Ratings. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchase of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District (or the Trustee on behalf thereof) as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, premium, if any, interest payments and redemption proceeds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of DTC.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The items to be funded by the Bonds appearing below were approved by the TCEQ in its order dated November 1, 2021, authorizing the issuance of the Bonds. Non-construction costs are based upon either contract amounts or estimates of various costs by the City of Celina, who serves as the District's engineer, (the "Engineer") and Masterson Advisors LLC (the "Financial Advisor"). The actual amounts to be reimbursed by the District and the non-construction costs will be finalized after the sale of the Bonds and review by an independent auditor. Surplus funds, if any, may be expended for any lawful purpose for which surplus construction funds may be used, if approved by the TCEQ where required.

I. CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Water, Wastewater and Storm Drainage Facilities to Serve:

	ArrowBrooke, Phase 3-B.	\$ 768,226
	• ArrowBrooke, Phase 4-B.	842,789
	ArrowBrooke, Phase 6	1,294,954
	ArrowBrooke, Phase 4-B Lift Station	452,000
	North American Equity Addition	288,415
	Savannah Town Center	573,004
	Engineering and Testing	688,609
	Erosion Control	3,290
	Administration Building	 6,208,105
	Total Construction Costs	\$ 11,119,392
П.	NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
	Underwriter's Discount (a)	\$ 147,022
	Developer Interest	 265,518
	Total Non-Construction Costs	\$ 412,540
Ш.	ISSUANCE COSTS AND FEES	
	Issuance Costs and Professional Fees	\$ 543,840
	Bond Application Report.	55,675
	State Regulatory Fees	40,175
	• Contingency (a)	 98,378
	Total Issuance Costs and Fees	\$ 738,068
	TOTAL BOND ISSUE	\$ 12,270,000

(a) The TCEQ approved a maximum Underwriter's discount of 2.0%. Contingency represents the difference between the estimated and actual amount of Underwriter's discount.

THE DISTRICT

General

The District was created by the Denton County Commissioners Court on September 12, 2000, as a fresh water supply district pursuant to Chapter 53, Texas Water Code, as amended. Pursuant to an election held on November 7, 2000, the District assumed sanitary sewer powers and road district powers including those under Chapter 257, Texas Transportation Code. On November 30, 2000, the District converted to a water control and improvement district. The District is a conservation and reclamation district and political subdivision of the State of Texas and operates pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, and Chapters 49, 51 and, for certain purposes, 53, Texas Water Code, as amended. The District currently contains approximately 1,580 acres of land.

The creation of the District, and certain acts and proceedings of the District taken prior to June 17, 2001, were validated and confirmed in all respects by Senate Bill No. 1444, Acts of the 77th Legislature, Regular Session, 2001. Accordingly, the District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; the control and diversion of storm water; and the construction, operation and maintenance of macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, and improvements in aid thereof. The District may issue bonds and other forms of indebtedness to purchase or construct such facilities.

The District is also empowered to establish, operate, and maintain fire-fighting facilities, independently or with one or more conservation and reclamation districts, with the approval of the TCEQ. The District received approval from the TCEQ to implement a plan (the "Fire Plan") relating to fire-protection services within the District. The Fire Plan has been developed in coordination with several conservation and reclamation districts located near the District and includes a contract (the "Fire-Protection Contract") with the City of Aubrey to staff and operate an existing fire station located northeast of the District. The Fire Plan, which received voter approval at an election held on November 6, 2007, is funded through a monthly surcharge added to each customer's water bill and will not be funded with the proceeds of any bonds issued by the District. The current monthly surcharge is \$13.95. The District has the power to develop parks and recreational facilities; however, the District does not have the power to issue bonds supported by ad valorem taxes for such purpose.

Under Section 49.216, Texas Water Code, the District may contract for or employ its own peace officers. Pursuant to approval granted by the Texas Commission of Law Enforcement ("TCOLE"), at a publicly held Board meeting on February 15, 2018, the District's Board of Directors adopted a resolution authorizing the formation of the District Police Department to provide law enforcement services to the District. The District Police Department is funded through the collection of water and sewer operation revenues.

The TCEQ exercises continuing supervisory jurisdiction over the District. Construction and operation of the District's utility system is subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of additional governmental agencies. See "THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM—Regulation."

Description and Location

The District currently consists of approximately 1,580 acres of land in north Denton County. The District is located approximately 31 miles northwest of the central downtown business district of the City of Dallas and approximately 15 miles east of the central downtown business district of the City of Denton. The portions of the District developed as Savannah and ArrrowBrooke are within Denton Independent School District and the portion of the District being developed as Artesia is within Prosper Independent School District. A portion of the District is within the extraterritorial jurisdiction ("ETJ") of the Town of Prosper, a portion of the District is within the ETJ of the City of Aubrey and a portion of the District is within the ETJ of the Town of Little Elm. The remainder of the District is not within the ETJ of any municipality. Portions of the District have been annexed by the Town of Little Elm and the Town of Prosper for limited purposes. The District consists of six non-contiguous tracts containing approximately 636, 275, 479, 166, 2, and 22 acres, respectively. The six tracts are located generally northwest and northeast of the intersection of U.S. Highway 380 and Farm-to-Market 1385. See "AERIAL LOCATION MAP."

The following table represents a detailed breakdown of the current acreage and development in the District.

	Approximate	
Single-Family Residential:	Acres	Lots/Units
Savannah	593	2,457
Artesia	370	1,686
ArrowBrooke	354	1,518
Total Single-Family Residential	1,317	5,661
Commercial	20	
Multi-Family (a)	37	933
School and Community Center	15	
Church	5	
Parks, Recreational and Open Space	76	
Future Development	63	
Undevelopable (b)	47	
Subtotal	263	
Total	1,580	5,661

⁽a) Mezzo, a 378-unit apartment community, is under construction on approximately 16 acres and completion is expected in early 2022 and a 196unit apartment complex, is under construction on approximately 11 acres and completion is expected in late 2022. See "Status of Development—Multi-Family Residential" herein and "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS."

(b) Includes streets, easements and acreage located in the flood plain.

Status of Development

<u>Single-Family Residential</u>: The District is being developed as a predominantly single-family residential development. Development currently consists of Savannah (2,457 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 593 acres), Artesia (1,686 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 370 acres), and ArrowBrooke (1,518 single-family residential lots completed on approximately 354 acres). As of September 30, 2021, the District included 5,189 completed single-family homes (5,152 occupied, 29 unoccupied and 8 models), 218 new homes under construction or in the name of the builder and 254 vacant developed lots available for home construction. Homes being constructed in the District range in price from approximately \$300,000 to \$600,000, and based on the 2021 tax rolls, the average homestead value in the District is approximately \$314,385.

<u>Multi-Family Residential</u>: A portion of the Estates 3Eighty, a 420-unit apartment community, is located on approximately 10 acres in the District. The portion of the apartment community in the District consists of approximately 359 units and includes the leasing office and community clubhouse with pool and fitness center. Additionally, Mezzo, a 378-unit apartment community, is under construction on approximately 16 acres and completion is expected in early 2022, and a 196-unit apartment complex, is under construction on approximately 11 acres and completion is expected in late 2022. See "DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

In addition to residential development, approximately 20 acres has been developed as a Valero gas station and convenience store, Dollar General, liquor store, day care center, emergency medical center, Golf Cars for Fun, Electric Coop, and restaurants, approximately 15 acres have been developed as a school site and community center and approximately 63 developable acres within the District have not been fully provided with water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities. Approximately 5 acres has been developed as a church (which is not subject to ad valorem taxation by the District), approximately 47 acres are not developable and approximately 76 acres are devoted to parks, recreation and open space.

The District is in the planning stages for the construction of a new administration building. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

Recreational amenities for residents within Savannah include a 20,000 square feet clubhouse with a ballroom, a kitchen and café area, a pool and water park, 4 tennis courts and a covered basketball court. Recreational facilities in Artesia include a 2,808 square feet clubhouse with a swimming pool. Recreational facilities in ArrowBrooke include a resort style pool, splash pad and spray park, playground and surrounding open spaces.

In addition, Savannah Elementary School has been constructed within the boundaries of the District by the Denton Independent School District.

Future Development

The District is planned as a primarily single-family residential development. Approximately 63 developable acres of land in the District are not yet fully served with water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities or roads necessary for the construction of taxable improvements. While the Developers and other owners anticipate future development of this acreage as business conditions warrant, there can be no assurances if and when any of such undeveloped land will ultimately be developed. The District anticipates issuing additional bonds to accomplish full development of the District. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Possible Impact on District Tax Rates." The District believes that based upon current development plans, the remaining authorized but unissued bonds (\$60,855,000, principal amount for water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities) will be sufficient to finance the construction of water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities for full development of the District. The District has issued all of the authorized bonds for roads and road improvements for full development of the District's operation and maintenance tax, if available. See "THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM," "THE ROAD SYSTEM" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt."

THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS

Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer in a district such as the District include designing the project, defining a marketing program and setting building schedules; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities; and selling or leasing improved tracts or commercial reserves to other developers or third parties. A developer is under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities according to any particular plan or schedule. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which the developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform in the above-described capacities may affect the ability of a district to collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service and retire bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should note that the prior real estate experience of the Developers should not be construed as an indication that further development within the District will occur, or that construction of taxable improvements upon property within the District will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the District will be successful. Circumstances surrounding development within the District may differ from circumstances surrounding development of other land in several respects, including the existence of different economic conditions, financial arrangements, homebuilders, geographic location, market conditions, and regulatory climate. No representation is made as to the relative success of any of the projects mentioned above, and no assurance as to the future performance of the Developers should be inferred. Prospective purchasers are urged to inspect the District in order to acquaint themselves with the nature of the Developers' business activities. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Dependence on the Developers and Principal Taxpayers—Landowners/Developers/Homebuilders Under No Obligation to the District."

Bloomfield Homes, L.P.

Bloomfield Homes, L.P. ("Bloomfield"), a Texas limited partnership has developed most of the land within the District being developed as ArrowBrooke. Bloomfield continues to own approximately 43 acres of developable land in the District for future development of ArrowBrooke, Phase VII. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use Plan," "—Status of Development" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

Mezzo Owner LLC

Mezzo Owner LLC owns approximately 16 acres of developable land with the District where a 378-unit apartment community is currently under construction. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use Plan," "—Status of Development—Multi-Family Residential" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

Major Property Owners

<u>JBJ Calder Fund IX Prosper LLC and Inwood Plaza J/V</u>: JBJ/Calder Fund IX Prosper LLC ("JBJ/Calder") and Inwood Plaza Joint Venture ("Inwood Plaza") separately own two adjacent tracts of developable land within the District, sized approximately 11 acres and 13 acres, respectively. Currently, Phase 1 of a multi-family residential apartment community is currently under construction on the 11 acre tract, with a projected buildout of 196 units. Phase 2 of the apartment community is planned to be developed on the 13 acre tract.

<u>Field Street Development I, Ltd.</u>: Field Street Development I, Ltd. ("Field Street") owns approximately 5 acres of developable land with the District. A shopping center has been developed on approximately 4 acres. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use Plan," "—Status of Development" and "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers."

Homebuilders

Homebuilding in Savannah is being conducted by Grand Acquisition, Inc. d/b/a Grand Homes.

Homebuilding in Artesia is being conducted by Megatel Homes, Inc. d/b/a Megatel Homes, Highland Homes.

Homebuilding in ArrowBrooke is being conducted by Bloomfield Homes, History Maker Homes, Highland Homes, and Meritage Homes.

Future Debt

Certain Developers have advanced certain funds on behalf of the District for the construction of water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities and road improvements as well as under the Contracts (herein defined) with Upper Trinity (hereinafter defined). After reimbursement from Bond proceeds, the District will continue to owe approximately \$2,000,000 plus interest to the Developers for such advances. The District expects to issue additional bonds to finance water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities as soon as feasible and from time-to-time hereafter in order to fully reimburse the Developers. The District believes that the remaining authorized but unissued bonds will be sufficient to finance the water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities for full development of the District. The District has issued all of the authorized bonds for roads and road improvements for full development of the District, so under contracts with the Developers, the District shall reimburse the Developers for eligible road costs out of the District's operation and maintenance tax, if available.

MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT

Board of Directors

The District is governed by the Board, consisting of five (5) directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors are elected to four-year staggered terms and elections are held in May in even numbered years. All of the Board members reside and own land within the District. The current members and officers of the Board along with their titles and terms, are listed as follows:

Name	District Board Title	<u>Term Expires</u>
Rob W. Adams	President	May 2022
Jon TenBroeck	Vice President	May 2024
Robert W. Tague	Secretary	May 2022
Amy Myers	Assistant Secretary	May 2024
Maggie Hernandez	Director	May 2024

District Consultants

The District has twenty full-time employees. See "THE DISTRICT-General" and "-Law Enforcement Services."

The District provides retirement for all of its full and part-time non-temporary employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of approximately 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available on the TCDRS website (www.tcdrs.org). The District contributes to the defined contribution pension plan, which provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. During the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021, the District contributed \$125,551 to the plan. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar years 2019, 2020 and 2021 is 7.00%. See "APPENDIX A" for a description of the defined benefit pension plan. Other than the defined benefit pension plan, the District has no other pension plans or post-employment benefits to be funded by the District.

<u>Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel</u>: The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Dallas, Texas, as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the District's Bonds. The fees of Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>General Counsel</u>: The District has engaged Crawford & Jordan LLP, Houston, Texas, as General Counsel to the District. General Counsel also provides certain legal services in association with and as requested by Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. A portion of the fees of General Counsel are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>Financial Advisor</u>: Masterson Advisors LLC serves as the District's Financial Advisor. The fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

<u>Auditor</u>: The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021 were prepared by the independent accounting firm of McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, Houston, Texas. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021.

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The Denton Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") has the responsibility of appraising all property within the District. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The District also has contracted with Ms. Michele French, Denton County Tax Assessor-Collector, to perform the tax collection function.

Engineer: The District's consulting engineer is Andy Glasgow, Director of Engineering at the City of Celina (the "Engineer").

Bookkeeper: In December of 2019, the District hired Regina Van Dyke, CPA, as in-house financial director.

<u>Artesia Utility System Operator</u>: The operator of Artesia's internal water and wastewater system is the City of Celina.

THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM

Regulation

Construction and operation of the District's water, wastewater and storm drainage system (the "System") as it now exists or as it may be expanded from time to time is subject to regulatory jurisdiction of federal, state and local authorities. The TCEQ exercises continuing, supervisory authority over the District. Discharge of treated sewage into Texas waters is also subject to the regulatory authority of the TCEQ and the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

<u>Mustang Special Utility District Contracts Transfer Agreement – Waterworks and Sewer System Serving Savannah</u> <u>and ArrowBrooke</u>

Mustang Special Utility District ("Mustang") is a conservation and reclamation district operating pursuant to Chapter 65, Texas Water Code. It was created in May 13, 1966 as a non-profit rural water supply corporation and in 1985 secured a certificate of convenience and necessity ("CCN") to provide retail water service to a large area of southeast Denton County ("Mustang Service Area"), including those portions of the District being developed as Savannah and ArrowBrooke (formerly, Comanche Ridge). Mustang converted into a special utility district in May 2002 and secured a CCN to provide retail sewer service to the Mustang Service Area. Pursuant to agreements entered into between the District and Mustang in June of 2002 and October 1, 2007, Mustang agreed that the District would provide retail water and sewer service to that area which includes portions of Savannah and ArrowBrooke ("District West Service Area is included within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service Area is provider retail utility services to its District West Service Area since late 2003.

On or about October 9, 2017, the District and Mustang executed an Interlocal Agreement For Property Transfer And Allocation of Water And Wastewater Service Areas (the "Mustang Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties agreed that upon the approval of the Mustang Agreement (the "Approval Date") by the Public Utility Commission (the "PUC"), Mustang shall be the sole retail provider of retail water and wastewater services to the area within the District West Service Area, and all customers within such areas shall become retail customers of Mustang. The Mustang Agreement was approved by Upper Trinity Regional Water District ("Upper Trinity") on December 7, 2017. On or about August 3, 2018, the District filed the necessary application with the PUC to remove the District's West Service Area from the District's certificates of convenience and necessity and obtain approval of the Mustang Agreement. On or about April 25, 2019, the PUC approved such application.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District's existing and proposed retail water and wastewater facilities and improvements that serve or will serve the District's West Service Area were transferred to Mustang; and the District's service and capacity rights and payment obligations pertaining to the District's West Service Area under certain Upper Trinity Contracts (detailed in "Upper Trinity Regional Water District Contract" herein) assigned to Mustang. The Mustang Agreement did not relieve the District from any obligation it may have to acquire, construct, and reimburse the cost of internal water distribution, sanitary collection, and drainage lines and facilities pursuant to reimbursement agreements with developers or owners of land within Savannah and ArrowBrooke. However, with regard to ArrowBrooke, Mustang assumed the reimbursement obligation of the District for funds advanced for 105,000 gpd (gallons per day) of capacity in the Upper Trinity Doe Branch wastewater treatment plant.

As partial consideration for the transfer of facilities and improvements, assignment of Upper Trinity Contract rights, and other agreements by the District, Mustang agreed to make certain payments to compensate the District. During the period between the December 7, 2017, and the date of approval from the PUC, Mustang made payments to the District equivalent to the net revenues (after payment of the Upper Trinity Contract charges) it would have received under the prior agreements with Mustang as if the District were continuing to serve as the retail provider. Following the Approval Date, Mustang made monthly residual payments to the District until October of 2020, from net revenues generated from retail customers within Savannah, as calculated pursuant to the Mustang Agreement. As further consideration for such transfer and assignment, Mustang has agreed to: provide water service to District meters at Mustang's actual costs; maintain certain limitations on service rate increases to customers within the District West Service Area; and provide for billing and collection for solid waste services provided within the District West Service Area.

The District entered into a Non-Standard Service Contract, dated on or about August 15, 2013 ("Mustang Non-Standard Contract") with Mustang and 166 Bryan Road Partners, L.P., predecessor in interest to Development Solutions, regarding the financing and construction of water and sanitary sewer facilities to serve approximately 154 acres within the District being developed as the remaining portion of ArrowBrooke and located within the Mustang Service Area. The initial approximately 256 acres of the ArrowBrooke development is located within the District West Service Area and is not subject to the Mustang Non-Standard Contract. Pursuant to the Mustang Non-Standard Contract, the District did or shall construct facilities to serve this tract with funds advanced by Development Solutions and convey such facilities to Mustang which will serve as the retail water and sewer provider for customers residing within the 154 acres. The District retained the obligation to issue bonds to reimburse Development Solutions for funds advance for construction of these facilities upon certain terms and conditions.

Upper Trinity Regional Water District Contracts

The Upper Trinity Regional Water District ("Upper Trinity") was created by the State of Texas to create and operate regional water and wastewater systems in Denton County and surrounding areas. The District has entered into two separate contracts (defined herein as the "Contracts") with the Upper Trinity as follows: "Upper Trinity Regional Water District Regional Treated Water System Participating Customer Contract With Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10" (the "Water Contract"), and "Upper Trinity Regional Water District Northeast Regional Water Reclamation System Participating Customer County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10" (the "Sewer Contract"), each originally dated August 29, 2001 and subsequently amended.

Pursuant to the Contracts, Upper Trinity pledged to deliver certain wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services as required to serve the needs of the property owners within the District. The Upper Trinity system for providing water and wastewater to the District is financed by the Upper Trinity through the issuance of bonds payable from and secured by payments made under the Contracts and other similar contracts with other members and customers of Upper Trinity. Pursuant to the Contracts, the District agreed to fix and collect water and sewer rates and to levy and assess a contract tax, if funds are not otherwise available from water and wastewater system revenues, sufficient to meet its payment obligations under the Contracts. At an election on January 20, 2001, voters of the District approved the Contracts and authorized the levy of a contract tax, if necessary, to make payments under the Contracts. Pursuant to an order issued December 8, 2008, the TCEQ approved the Upper Trinity Contracts and authorized the levy of a tax in support thereof. Further, on December 18, 2009, the District adopted an order levying such tax in support of the Contracts. The District assessed a contract tax for 2010 and 2014 through 2021. See "TAX DATA—Contract Tax" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Upper Trinity Regional Water District Contracts."

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District agreed to transfer the rights and obligations under the Contracts for the Savannah and ArrowBrooke developments to Mustang. Under the Mustang Agreement, Mustang assumed the right to the delivery of wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services from Upper Trinity for the Savannah and ArrowBrooke developments and Mustang assumed the payment obligations under the Contracts for the Savannah and ArrowBrooke developments. Furthermore, under the Mustang Agreement, the District retained the right to the delivery of wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services from Upper Trinity for the Artesia development and the District retained the payment obligations under the Contracts for the Artesia development.

Water Supply

Under the Water Contract, the District obtains water from Upper Trinity and prior to the Mustang Agreement, the District subscribed for 2,400,000 gallons per day ("gpd") of treated water. This was sufficient to serve at least 2,777 single-family residential homes.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, effective February 1, 2018, the District entered into an amendment to the Water Contract that assigned to Mustang the rights to 1,580,000 gpd of treated water. Such treated water supply was sufficient to serve existing connections in Savannah and ArrowBrooke. In addition to the 1,580,000 gpd transferred to Mustang, Mustang also has additional subscribed rights of 2,900,000 gpd of treated water. Such additional subscription to treated water supply is sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots within all of Savannah and all of ArrowBrooke.

As of September 30, 2021, Mustang was serving 3,493 active connections in Savannah and ArrowBrooke. The water system serving these areas within the District includes approximately 2,275,000 gallons of capacity in an elevated storage tank owned and operated by Mustang.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District retained 820,000 gpd of treated water of the original 2,400,000 gpd subscription under the Water Contract to serve the Artesia Development. On or about June 1, 2020, the District increase its subscription for treated water to a total of 1,020,000 gpd to serve the Artesia development. The District believes it has treated water supply sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots within Artesia.

Effective October 1, 2021, for treated water, the District is required to pay an annual Demand Charge (as defined in the Water Contract) of \$465,055 per million gpd, and a monthly Volume Charge (as defined in the Contract) of \$1.34 per 1,000 gallons used. The Upper Trinity considers the necessity of rate increases in September of each year.

As of September 30, 2021, the District was serving 1,659 active connections in the Artesia development. The District provides water to Artesia from the Upper Trinity by means of an 18-inch water transmission line currently connected to the Savannah system. The Artesia water system also includes a pump station, a 100,000-gallon ground storage tank, and a 300,000 gallon elevated storage tank. Additionally, the District constructed an additional pumping station at the elevated water storage tank site, as well as a direct connection to a 24-inch Upper Trinity trunk water transmission line and a metering station located on Farm-to-Market 1385. The Artesia system has the capacity to serve Artesia's full build out under current land usage assumptions.

Wastewater Treatment

The District obtains wastewater treatment from the Upper Trinity Riverbend Plant and Doe Branch plant owned and operated by Upper Trinity. Prior to the Mustang Agreement, under the Sewer Contract, as amended, the District had total subscribed capacity in the Upper Trinity system of 682,500 gallons average daily flow (gpd). Out of the 682,500 gpd, 547,500 gpd was subscribed in the Riverbend Plant, sufficient to serve approximately 3,042 single-family residential homes, and 135,000 gpd was subscribed in the Doe Branch Plant, sufficient to serve approximately 750 additional single-family residential homes. The Riverbend Plant currently has a TCEQ rated capacity of 2,000,000 gpd. The Doe Branch Plant currently has a TCEQ rated capacity of 4,000,000 gpd.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, effective February 1, 2018, the District entered into an amendment to the Sewer Contract that assigned to Mustang the subscription rights to 526,500 gpd of treatment capacity. Such subscribed capacity was sufficient to serve existing connections in Savannah and lots currently under development in ArrowBrooke. In addition to the 526,500 gpd of treatment capacity transferred to Mustang, Mustang also has additional subscribed rights of 1,010,000 gpd of treatment capacity. Such additional subscription to treatment capacity is sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development within all of Savannah and all of ArrowBrooke.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District retained 156,000 gpd of treatment capacity of the original 682,500 gpd of treatment capacity under the Sewer Contract to serve the Artesia Development. Such treatment capacity is entirely contained in the Doe Branch Plant. Further, on or about July 1, 2018, the District executed an amendment to the Sewer Contract that increased the District's subscribed treatment capacity in the Doe Branch plant to a total of 365,000 gpd of treatment capacity. As a result, the District believes it has treatment capacity sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development within Artesia.

Effective October 1, 2021, for wastewater treatment, the District is required to pay an annual Joint Facilities Capital Charge of \$42,915, annual fixed operation and maintenance costs of \$589,650 per million gpd payable in equal monthly installments, and a monthly Volume Charge of \$1.34 per 1,000 gallons used. As of September 30, 2021, the District was serving 1,659 active connections.

Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection and Storm Drainage Facilities

Internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage facilities have been constructed to serve approximately 5,661 single-family residential lots (2,457 lots in Savannah, 1,686 lots in Artesia and 1,518 lots in ArrowBrooke).

Waterworks and Sewer System Serving Artesia

The District currently contracts with the City of Celina to operate and maintain that portion of its System serving the District East Service Area. The District has no agreement with any party for the transfer of ownership of that portion of the District's System serving the District East Service Area.

Flood Protection

"Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rain storm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes and other improvements must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance. An engineering or regulatory determination that an area is above the 100-year flood plain is not an assurance that homes or other improvements built in such area will not be flooded. According to the District's engineer, approximately 47 undevelopable acres within the District are within the 100- year flood plain. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use."

Waterworks and Sewer System Operating Statement

Principal and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of an unlimited tax levied against all taxable property within the District's boundaries. Net revenues, if any, derived from the operation of the District's System are available for any lawful purposes of the District, including, upon Board action, payment of debt service on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds. However, historically, the District's System has not produced material net revenues and no representation is made that net revenues will be produced in any material amount and available for payment of debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds.

The District currently estimates that it will continue to operate on a positive cash flow basis. However, the District cannot predict with any certainty that the District's net revenues will be sufficient to fund its future operation and maintenance obligations and expenses without an increase in its maintenance tax.

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the General Operating Fund as shown in the District's audited financial statements for the years ending July 31, 2017 through 2021. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and in all instances exclude depreciation. Reference is made to "APPENDIX A" for further and complete information on the audited financial statements.

	Fiscal Year Ended July 31							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017			
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$ 5,320,488	\$ 3,305,195	\$ 2,676,714	\$ 2,086,999	\$ 1,923,722			
Water Service	1,727,179	2,662,796	2,348,287	2,440,973	2,037,050			
Wastewater Service	1,001,385	1,762,173	2,096,666	2,053,402	1,718,030			
Fire Protection Services	877,604	556,186	420,263	362,138	301,348			
Solid Waste Services	1,145,084	691,667	126,034	-	-			
Franchise Fees	510,975	563,379	411,898	290,799	229,241			
Penalty and Interest	12,752	9,915	44,889	9,611	40,453			
Permit Revenues	43,991	102,070	317,455	595,181	679,758			
Sales Tax Revenue	40,668	29,861	18,750	16,733	16,829			
Grant Revenue	-	475,000	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous Revenues	59,617	344,128	314,886	218,625	132,306			
Total Revenues	\$10,739,743	\$10,502,370	\$ 8,775,842	\$ 8,074,461	\$ 7,078,737			
Expenditures								
Service Operations								
Professional Fees	\$ 379,661	\$ 379,599	\$ 398,825	\$ 476,279	\$ 382,325			
Contracted Services	2,254,623	2,670,724	2,320,532	2,147,758	1,769,494			
Purchased Water Service	901,317	1,527,333	1,471,652	1,558,991	1,442,460			
Purchased Wastewater Service	520,697	982,453	850,837	842,559	708,218			
Police Department	2,318,336	2,236,794	1,714,738	216,858	-			
Repairs and Maintenance	537,384	510,592	622,901	531,676	318,341			
Personnel Fees	325,161	-	-	-	-			
Developer Interest	31,650	-	-	-	-			
Other	136,946	160,744	247,844	295,071	352,190			
Capital Outlay (a)	1,851,842	2,243,005	4,899,539	2,039,127	4,185,521			
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,257,617	\$10,711,244	\$12,526,868	\$ 8,108,319	\$ 9,158,549			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 1,482,126	\$ (208,874)	\$ (3,751,026)	\$ (33,858)	\$ (2,079,812)			
Interfund Transfer In/(Out)	\$ -	\$ 98,569	\$ 1,514,648	\$ -	\$ -			
Developer Advances (a)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,685	\$ 2,876,763	\$ 5,544,183			
Fund Balance (Beginning of Year)	\$ 6,242,000	\$ 6,352,305	\$ 8,584,998	\$ 5,742,093	\$ 2,277,722			
Fund Balance (End of Year)	\$ 7,724,126	\$ 6,242,000	\$ 6,352,305	\$ 8,584,998	\$ 5,742,093			

(a)

Developers deposited funds with the District for certain projects including construction of an elevated storage tank, Teel Parkway improvements, repairs of various roads within Artesia, and construction of Upper Trinity's Doe Branch Wastewater Treatment Facility. The District made payments with funds advanced by the Developers for such projects, as reflected by the capital outlay.

THE ROAD SYSTEM

All of the roads and improvements in aid thereof ("Road System") that lie within the District's boundaries have been financed to date with a portion of the proceeds of the Outstanding Bonds and funds advanced by certain Developers. Roads within Savannah are constructed with reinforced concrete pavement with curbs on lime stabilized subgrade. Alleys within Savannah are constructed with reinforced concrete pavement on lime stabilized subgrade. Magnolia Boulevard is the principal arterial entering the project at two locations; US Highway 380 and Farm-to-Market 1385. Magnolia Boulevard is a 4-lane divided roadway for approximately 400 feet, then turning into a collector roadway between the two entrances. Savannah Boulevard and Gardenia Boulevard are two additional entrances into Savannah off Highway US Highway 380. The boulevards enter Savannah as 4-lane divided roadways. In addition, Brown Thrasher Boulevard and Plantation Parkway are two secondary entrances into Savannah off Fishtrap Road. Remaining streets provide local interior service within the project and are typically 30-feet wide (between curbs). Alleys are located at the rear of most residential lots. The alleys vary between 12 feet to 14 feet in width, depending upon their location. The Road System includes streetlights. Franchise utilities (power, gas, phone and cable) are typically located along the alley. Public utilities such as water, wastewater and storm drainage are typically located within street right of ways.

Roads within Artesia are constructed with reinforced concrete pavement with curbs on lime stabilized subgrade. Artesia Boulevard is currently the principal arterial entering the project off Fishtrap Road. Artesia Boulevard is a 4-lane divided roadway for approximately 3,600 feet, then turning into a collector roadway, and including a two-lane, 240-foot long bridge crossing the flood-plain area. Harper Road is a secondary entrance to Artesia off Fishtrap Road. The District constructed two (2) lanes of the Teel Parkway extending north along the western boundary of Artesia from Fishtrap Road. Such extension of Teel Parkway offers connection to one (1) street entering Artesia and two (2) streets entering Artesia North, which will serve as additional entrances to Artesia. Remaining streets provide local interior service within the project and are typically 30-feet wide (between curbs). The Road System includes streetlights. Franchise utilities (power, phone and cable) and public utilities such as water, wastewater and storm drainage are typically located within street right of ways.

Roads within ArrowBrooke are constructed with reinforced concrete pavement with curbs on lime stabilized subgrade. ArrowBrooke Avenue is the principal arterial entering ArrowBrooke off Farm-to-Market 1385 in the south and Frontier Parkway in the north. Remaining streets provide local interior service within the project and are typically 30-feet wide (between curbs). The Road System includes streetlights. Franchise utilities (power, phone and cable) and public utilities such as water, wastewater and storm drainage are typically located within street right of ways.

Roads within the District are designed and constructed in general accordance with Denton County and/or Town of Prosper design criteria and are maintained by the District.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)

2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021	\$1,655,393,182 \$1,738,208,963	(a) (b)
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding (after the issuance of the Bonds) Estimated Overlapping Debt Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt	92,204,935	(c) (d)
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt to: 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021		
Ratios of Gross Direct Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt to: 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021		
Total System Debt Service Funds Available as of September 16, 2021Total Road Debt Service Funds Available as of September 16, 2021Total Funds Available for Debt Service	2,264,093	
Funds Available for Operations and Maintenance as of September 16, 2021 Funds Available for Capital Projects as of September 16, 2021		(e) (f)

(a) As certified by the Denton Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

(b) As provided by the Appraisal District. Such amount is an estimate of the taxable assessed value on October 15, 2021, and may be revised upward or downward once certified by the Appraisal District. Increases in value occurring between January 1, 2021 and October 15, 2021, will be certified as of January 1, 2022, and provided for purposes of taxation in the summer of 2022. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

(c) See "Outstanding Bonds" herein.

(d) See "Estimated Overlapping Debt" and "Overlapping Taxes" herein.

(e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any minimum balance in the Debt Service Fund. The System Debt Service Fund (as defined herein) is not pledged to the Road Bonds and the Road Debt Service Fund (as defined herein) is not pledged to the System Bonds (as defined herein).

(f) Represents surplus construction funds, and interest thereon, derived from the Outstanding Bonds. The Bonds, if, as and when issued, may produce additional surplus funds. Surplus funds for construction may be expended for any lawful purpose for which surplus funds may be used, limited, however, to the purposes for which the issue of the Outstanding Bonds which produced the surplus funds were issued. Under certain circumstances, the approval of the TCEQ is required for the use of surplus funds derived from System Bonds. Of such amount, \$437,709 may be used to finance water, sewer and drainage facilities, with the approval of the TCEQ, and \$158,498 may be used to finance road facilities.

Investments of the District

The District has adopted an Investment Policy as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District will be invested in short term U.S. Treasuries, certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or secured by collateral evidenced by perfected safekeeping receipts held by a third party bank, and public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate, the inclusion of long-term securities or derivative products in the District portfolio.

Outstanding Bonds

The District has issued fourteen (14) series of unlimited tax bonds and four (4) series of unlimited tax refunding bonds, of which a total of \$120,385,000 principal amount remains outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds") as of the date hereof. The following table lists the original principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds and the principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds.

		Original		
		Principal	C	Outstanding
Series	-	Amount		Bonds
2005		\$ 8,125,000	\$	-
2005A	(a)	8,750,000		-
2006	(a)	8,000,000		-
2008		6,250,000		-
2008A	(a)	3,500,000		-
2010		1,430,000		-
2013	(a)	4,380,000		3,435,000
2014	(b)	6,380,000		4,265,000
2014	(c)	11,840,000		7,925,000
2014	(a)	9,500,000		7,400,000
2015		11,000,000		9,150,000
2016	(b)	6,415,000		5,600,000
2016	(c)	3,640,000		3,560,000
2016A		15,240,000		12,240,000
2017	(a)	34,500,000		31,180,000
2018		17,060,000		15,760,000
2019		7,270,000		6,970,000
2019	(a)	13,470,000		12,900,000
Total		\$ 176,750,000	\$	120,385,000

(a) Unlimited Tax Road Bonds.

(b) Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds.

(c) Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds.

Debt Service Requirements

The following sets forth the debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds.

Outstanding Bonds				Plus: Debt Service on the Bonds						Total	
Year	ar Debt Service		Debt Service Principal			Interest		Total		Debt Service	
2022	\$	9,583,043.75	\$	-	\$	190,972.22	\$	190,972.22	\$	9,774,015.9	
2023		9,505,106.25		450,000		275,000.00		725,000.00		10,230,106.2	
2024		9,434,156.25		450,000		266,000.00		716,000.00		10,150,156.2	
2025		9,320,343.75		450,000		257,000.00		707,000.00		10,027,343.7	
2026		9,287,937.50		450,000		248,000.00		698,000.00		9,985,937.5	
2027		9,245,993.75		470,000		239,000.00		709,000.00		9,954,993.7	
2028		9,193,943.75		475,000		229,600.00		704,600.00		9,898,543.7	
2029		9,159,637.50		475,000		220,100.00		695,100.00		9,854,737.5	
2030		9,093,637.50		525,000		210,600.00		735,600.00		9,829,237.5	
2031		8,621,431.25		550,000		200,100.00		750,100.00		9,371,531.2	
2032		8,092,068.75		550,000		189,100.00		739,100.00		8,831,168.7	
2033		7,936,781.25		550,000		178,100.00		728,100.00		8,664,881.2	
2034		7,439,218.75		550,000		167,100.00		717,100.00		8,156,318.7	
2035		7,046,850.00		575,000		155,825.00		730,825.00		7,777,675.0	
2036		6,875,375.00		575,000		143,462.50		718,462.50		7,593,837.5	
2037		6,549,537.50		575,000		130,525.00		705,525.00		7,255,062.5	
2038		6,254,600.00		575,000		117,012.50		692,012.50		6,946,612.5	
2039		6,066,662.50		575,000		103,212.50		678,212.50		6,744,875.0	
2040		5,325,700.00		575,000		89,125.00		664,125.00		5,989,825.0	
2041		3,659,650.00		575,000		74,750.00		649,750.00		4,309,400.0	
2042		3,541,200.00		575,000		60,375.00		635,375.00		4,176,575.	
2043		952,750.00		575,000		45,425.00		620,425.00		1,573,175.0	
2044		-		575,000		30,475.00		605,475.00		605,475.0	
2045		-		575,000		15,237.50		590,237.50		590,237.:	
Total	\$	162,185,625.00	\$	12,270,000	\$	3,836,097.22	\$	16,106,097.22	\$	178,291,722.	
iorogo A	nnual	Debt Service Req		(2022.204	-					ф 7 40 0 б	

Estimated Overlapping Debt

The following table indicates the outstanding debt payable from ad valorem taxes of governmental entities within which the District is located and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the District. Debt figures equated herein to outstanding obligations payable from ad valorem taxes are based upon data obtained from individual jurisdictions or Texas Municipal Reports compiled and published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Furthermore, certain entities listed below may have issued additional obligations since the date listed and may have plans to incur significant amounts of additional debt. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for the purposes of operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for the payment of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes is not included in these figures. The District has no control over the issuance of debt or tax levies of any such entities.

	Outstanding		Overlapp	ing			
Taxing Jurisdiction	Bonds	As of	Percent	Amount			
Denton County Denton ISD Prosper ISD Total Estimated Overlapping Debt	1,316,613,717 1,143,035,164	9/30/2021 9/30/2021 9/30/2021	1.32% 3.27% 3.64%	\$ 7,545,186 43,053,269 41,606,480 \$ 92,204,935			
The District	132,655,000	(a)	100.00%	<u>132,655,000</u> <u>224,859,935</u>			
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt. \$ 224,859,935 Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt as a Percentage of: 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$1,655,393,182 Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021 of \$1,738,208,963 13.58%							

(a) The portions of the District being developed as Savannah and ArrowBrooke are located in Denton Independent School District and the portion of the District being developed as Artesia is located in Prosper Independent School District.

(b) The Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds.

Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. On January 1 of each year a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest imposed on such property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of taxing authorities shown below. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to pay debt service on bonded debt of the District, are also authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below are all of the taxes levied for the 2021 tax year by all taxing jurisdictions overlapping the District and the 2021 tax rate of the District. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, fire department contributions, solid waste disposal charges or any other levy of entities other than political subdivisions.

	per \$	Tax Rate 100 of Taxable ssed Valuation
Denton County Prosper Independent School District (a)		0.233086 1.460300
Total Overlapping Tax Rate	. \$	1.693386
The District (b)	•	0.965000
Total Tax Rate	. \$	2.658386

⁽a) The portions of the District being developed as Savannah and ArrowBrooke are located within Denton Independent School District, which levied a 2021 tax rate of \$1.362 per \$100 taxable assessed valuation.

⁽b) See "TAX DATA—Tax Rate Distribution."

TAX DATA

Debt Service Tax

The Board covenants in the Bond Order to levy and assess, for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, a tax adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds. In 2021, the District levied a debt service tax of \$0.590 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation, of which \$0.285 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation was allocated to pay debt service on bonds issued for water, wastewater and storm drainage purposes and \$0.305 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation was allocated to pay debt service on bonds issued for road purposes. See "Tax Rate Distribution," and "Tax Roll Information," below and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Maintenance Tax

The Board has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District, if such a maintenance tax is authorized by the District's voters. A maintenance tax election was conducted November 7, 2000, and voters of the District authorized, among other things, the Board to levy a maintenance tax without legal limitation as to rate or amount. A maintenance tax is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds. The District levied a 2021 maintenance tax rate of \$0.310 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. See "Tax Rate Distribution" below.

Contract Tax

The Board has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax to make payments under a contract, if the provisions of the contract have been approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the District, and such tax is approved by the TCEQ. On January 20, 2001, voters in the District approved proposed contracts between the District and the Upper Trinity and the levy of a tax without legal limitation as to rate or amount in support thereof. Such tax is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on its bonds, taxes for any additional tax bonds which may be issued in the future, and taxes for the maintenance of the District's improvements. Pursuant to an order issued December 8, 2008, the TCEQ approved the Upper Trinity Contracts and authorized the levy of a tax in support thereof. Further, on December 18, 2009, the District adopted an order levying such tax in support of the Contracts. The District levied a 2021 contract tax rate of \$0.065 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. See "Tax Rate Distribution" below and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Upper Trinity."

Tax Exemptions

The District adopted a resolution exempting \$15,000 of assessed value of residential homesteads of persons sixtyfive (65) years or older or under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under the Federal Old-Age Survivors and Disability Insurance Act located within the District. In addition, according to the Appraisal District, as of January 1, 2021, no land within the District was designated for agricultural use, open space, or timberland.

Tax Rate Distribution

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Debt Service	\$ 0.590 (a)	\$ 0.610	\$ 0.720	\$ 0.730	\$0.730
Contract Tax	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.085	0.145
Maintenance and Operations	0.310	0.290	0.180	0.150	0.095
Total District Tax Rate	\$ 0.965	\$ 0.965	\$ 0.965	\$ 0.965	\$0.970

(a) Of such 2021 debt service tax rate in the amount of \$0.590 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation, \$0.285 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation was allocated to pay debt service on bonds issued for water, wastewater and storm drainage purposes and \$0.305 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation was allocated to pay debt service on bonds issued for road purposes. See "Debt Service Tax" herein.

Historical Tax Collections

The following table sets forth the historical tax collection experience of the District. Such table has been prepared for inclusion herein, based upon information obtained from the District's tax assessor/collector. Reference is made to such statements and records for further and complete information. See "Tax Roll Information" below.

	Certified Taxable			Total Coll	ections	
Tax	Assessed	Tax	Total (b)	As of 9/30/21 (c)		
Year	Valuation (a)	Rate	TaxLevy	Amount	Percent	
2016	\$ 641,290,581	\$ 1.000	\$6,412,906	\$ 6,411,886	99.98%	
2017	872,726,646	0.970	8,465,448	8,456,242	99.89%	
2018	1,143,694,126	0.965	11,036,648	11,025,228	99.90%	
2019	1,347,935,239	0.965	13,007,575	12,986,288	99.84%	
2020	1,502,177,375	0.965	14,496,012	14,453,012	99.70%	
2021	1,655,393,182	0.965	15,974,544	(d)	(d)	

(a) Net valuation represents final gross appraised value as certified by the Appraisal District less any exemptions granted. See "Tax Roll Information" below for gross appraised value and exemptions granted by the District.

(b) Represents actual tax levy, including any adjustments by the Appraisal District, as of the date of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

(c) Unaudited.

(d) In process of collection. Taxes for 2021 are due by January 31, 2022.

Tax Roll Information

The District's taxable assessed value as of January 1 of each year is used by the District in establishing its tax rate. See "TAXING PROCEDURES—Valuation of Property for Taxation." The following represents the composition of property comprising the 2017 through 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuations. A breakdown related to the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021, of \$1,738,208,963, is not available from the Appraisal District.

	 2021 rtified Taxable essed Valuation	 2020 rtified Taxable essed Valuation	 2019 artified Taxable essed Valuation	 2018 rtified Taxable essed Valuation	 2017 rtified Taxable essed Valuation
Land	\$ 390,729,249	\$ 378,167,635	\$ 353,941,401	\$ 328,424,362	\$ 283,794,163
Improvements	1,311,990,524	1,165,314,455	1,027,890,692	841,893,760	610,096,487
Personal Property	13,092,664	11,369,537	10,816,970	9,077,803	8,493,692
Exemptions	(60,419,255)	(52,674,252)	(44,713,824)	(35,701,799)	(29,657,696)
Total	\$ 1,655,393,182	\$ 1,502,177,375	\$ 1,347,935,239	\$ 1,143,694,126	\$ 872,726,646

Principal Taxpayers

The following table represents the principal taxpayers, the taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's taxable assessed value as a percentage of the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$1,655,393,182. A principal taxpayer list related to the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021, of \$1,738,208,963, is not available from the Appraisal District.

Taxpayer	Taxa	21 Certified able Assessed Valuation	% of 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Western Rim Investors 2014-4 LP (a)(b)	\$	40,752,197	2.46%		
Bloomfield Homes LP (c)(d)		16,590,080	1.00%		
Field Street Dev I Ltd. (c)		8,185,182	0.49%		
West Denton Properties Ltd.		6,619,600	0.40%		
Seg LLC		5,751,645	0.35%		
CoServ Electric Cooperative		5,003,200	0.30%		
Mezzo Owner LLC (b)(c)		4,863,189	0.29%		
Loescher Prosper Land LLC		4,721,615	0.29%		
Line 5 Holdings LP		4,644,041	0.28%		
Grand Homes 2011 LP (d)		4,239,807	0.26%		
Total	\$	101,370,556	6.12%		

(a) The 2021 certified taxable assessed valuation of all the land and improvements associated with The Estates 3Eighty apartment community is \$47,700,000. The 2021 certified taxable assessed valuation in the amount of \$40,752,197 shown above represents the portion of the 2021 certified taxable value associated with the land and improvements that are within the boundaries of the District. See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development—Multi-Family Residential."

(b) Apartment community. See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development—Multi-Family Residential."

(c) See "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS."

(d) See "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS—Homebuilders."

Tax Adequacy for Debt Service

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation which would be required to meet average annual and maximum annual debt service requirements on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds if no growth in the District's tax base occurred beyond the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$1,655,393,182 and Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021 of \$1,738,208,963. The calculations contained in the following table merely represent the tax rates required to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds when due, assuming no further increase or any decrease in the taxable value in the District, collection of ninety-five percent (95%) of taxes levied, the sale of no additional bonds, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Possible Impact on District Tax Rates."

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2022-2045) \$0.48 Tax Rate on the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation \$0.45 Tax Rate on Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021	\$ 7,548,593
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2023) \$0.66 Tax Rate on the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation \$0.62 Tax Rate on Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021	\$10,379,315

No representation or suggestion is made that the estimated value of land and improvements provided by the Appraisal District as of October 15, 2021, for the District will be certified as taxable value by the Appraisal District, and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds, the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt." The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully herein under "THE BONDS—Source and Security for Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas a single appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and a single appraisal review board with the responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Denton Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Denton County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Denton County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District) may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury if requested by any party. Absent any such appeal, the appraisal roll, as prepared by the Appraisal District and approved by the Appraisal Review Board, must be used by each taxing jurisdiction in establishing its tax roll and tax rate. The District is eligible, along with all other conservation and reclamation districts within Denton County, to participate in the nomination of and vote for a member of the Board of Directors of the Appraisal District.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property and tangible personal property in the District is subject to taxation by the District; however, it is expected that no effort will be made by the District to collect taxes on personal property other than on personal property rendered for taxation, business inventories and the property of privately-owned utilities. Principal categories of exempt property include: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies, and personal effects; farm products owned by the producer; all oil, gas and mineral interests owned by an institution of higher education; certain property owned by exclusively charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; solar and wind-powered energy devices; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt certain property owned by qualified organizations engaged primarily in charitable purposes, residential homesteads of persons sixty- five (65) years or older or under a disability for purposes of payment of disability insurance benefits under the Federal Old- Age Survivors and Disability Insurance Act to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District would be required to call an election on such residential homestead exemption upon petition by at least twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the District's preceding election and would be required to

offer such an exemption if a majority of voters approve it at such election. For the 2021 tax year, the District has granted a residential homestead exemption for persons sixty-five (65) years or older or under a disability in the amount of \$20,000. The District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, to between \$5,000 and \$12,000 of assessed valuation depending upon the disability rating of the veteran. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% and, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of such a veteran, is entitled to an exemption for the full amount of the veteran's residential homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if (i) the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization at no cost to the disabled veteran or (ii) the residence was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to the disabled veteran if such cost is less than or equal to fifty percent (50%) of the total good faith estimate of the market value of the residence as of the date the donation is made. Also, the surviving spouse of (i) a member of the armed forces or (ii) a first responder as defined under Texas law, who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2011 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption is limited to tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit personal property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January I of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken no official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property.

General Residential Homestead Exemption

The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State of Texas to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the market value of residential homesteads, but not less than \$5,000, if any exemption is granted, from ad valorem taxation. The law provides, however, that where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The District has never granted a general residential homestead exemption.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based upon one hundred percent (100%) of market value. The appraised value of residential homestead property may be limited to the lesser of the market value of the property, or the sum of the appraised value of the property for the last year in which it was appraised, plus ten percent (10%) of such appraised value multiplied by the number of years since the last appraisal, plus the market value of all new improvements on the property. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rate.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraised values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property by the Appraisal District at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the Governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a petition for review in district court within forty-five (45) days after notice is received that a final order has been entered. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to comply with the Property Tax Code. The District may challenge the level of appraisal of a certain category of property, the exclusion of property from the appraisal rolls or the grant, in whole or in part, of an exemption. The District may not, however, protest a valuation of any individual property.

The Property Tax Code establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals that are higher than renditions and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

<u>Special Taxing Units</u>: Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>Developed Districts</u>: Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

<u>Developing Districts</u>: Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>The District</u>: A determination as to a district's status as a Special Taxing Unit, Developed District or Developing District will be made by the Board of Directors on an annual basis, beginning with the 2020 tax rate. The District has been designated as a "Developing District" for the 2021 tax year. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

Agricultural, Open Space, Timberland, and Inventory Deferment

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use (including wildlife management), open space, or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agriculture or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits, under certain circumstances, that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who could continue the business. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of any of such designations must apply for the designation, and the Appraisal District is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. If a landowner of qualified open-space land is a member of the U.S. armed forces, subject to certain conditions, the appraisal of the land as qualified open-space land does not change while the landowner is deployed or stationed outside of Texas. If a claimant receives the designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including such taxes for a period of three (3) years for agricultural use and five (5) years for timberland or open space land prior to the loss of the designation.

Tax Abatement

Denton County may designate all or part of the District as a reinvestment zone, and the District, the Town of Little Elm, the Town of Prosper, and Denton County, under certain circumstances, may thereafter enter into tax abatement agreements with the owners of property within the zone. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem tax, by the applicable taxing jurisdictions, and by the District, for a period of up to ten years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with a comprehensive plan. To date, none of the area within the District has been designated as a reinvestment zone

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: (a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and (b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. However, a person who is (i) 65 years of age, (ii) older or disabled, or (iii) effective September 1, 2017, qualifies as a disabled veteran under Texas law, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on his residential homestead in installments or to receive a deferral or abatement of delinquent taxes without penalty during the time he owns or occupies his property as his residential homestead. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. For those taxes billed at a later date and that become delinquent on or after June 1, they will also incur an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, may be rejected. Additionally, a person who is delinquent on taxes for a residential homestead is entitled to an agreement with the District to pay such taxes in installments over a period of between 12 and 36 months (as determined by the District) when such person has not entered into another installment agreement with respect to delinquent taxes with the District in the preceding 24 months.

Tax Payment Installments After Disaster

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction, such as the District, if the taxpayer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

Additionally, the Property Tax Code authorizes a taxing jurisdiction such as the District, solely at the jurisdiction's discretion to adopt a similar installment payment option for taxes imposed on property that is located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and is owned or leased by certain qualified business entities, regardless of whether the property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency.
District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property against which the tax is levied. In addition, on January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of each taxing unit, including the District, having power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of other such taxing units. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Estimated Overlapping Debt." A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalties, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both except as described above under "Levy and Collection of Taxes." In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, or by taxpayer redemption rights (a taxpayer may redeem property that is a residence homestead or was designated for agricultural use within two (2) years after the deed issued at foreclosure is filed of record and all other property within six (6) months after the deed issued at foreclosure is filed of record) or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debt. The District's ability to foreclose its tax lien or collect penalties and interest may be limited on property owned by a financial institution which is under receivership by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act 12 U.S.C. 1825, as amended. Generally, the District's tax lien and a federal tax lien are on par with the ultimate priority being determined by applicable federal law. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Aubrey, the Town of Little Elm, the Town of Prosper, Denton County, the State of Texas, or any entity other than the District. Payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect taxes levied on taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to service the District's bonded debt or in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property in the District and the taxes levied by the District and other taxing authorities upon the property within the District. See "THE BONDS—Source and Security for Payment." The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by Registered Owners of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of taxable property within the District will accumulate or maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners or that there will be a market for the property or that owners of the property will have the ability to pay taxes. See "Registered Owners' Remedies" below.

Infectious Disease Outlook (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization and the President of the United States separately declared the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") to be a public health emergency. On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in the State of Texas (the "State") because of the effects of COVID-19. Subsequently, in response to a rise in COVID-19 infections in the State and pursuant to the Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor issued a number of executive orders intended to help limit the spread of COVID-19 and mitigate injury and the loss of life, including limitations imposed on business operations, social gatherings and other activities.

Over the ensuing year, COVID-19 negatively affected commerce, travel and businesses locally and globally, and negatively affected economic growth worldwide and within the State. Following the widespread release and distribution of various COVID-19 vaccines in 2021 and a decrease in active COVID-19 cases generally in the United States, state governments (including Texas) have started to lift business and social limitations associated with COVID-19. Beginning in March 2021, the Governor issued various executive orders, which, among other things, rescinded and superseded prior executive orders and provide that there are currently no COVID-19 related operating limits for any business or other establishment. The Governor retains the right to impose additional restrictions on activities if needed in order to mitigate the effects of COVID-19. Additional information regarding executive orders issued by the Governor is accessible on the website of the Governor at https://gov.texas.gov/. Neither the information on, nor accessed through, such website of the Governor is incorporated by reference into this Offering Memorandum.

With the easing or removal of associated governmental restrictions, economic activity has increased. However, there are no assurances that such increased economic activity will continue or continue at the same rate, especially if there are future outbreaks of COVID-19. The District has not experienced any decrease in property values, unusual tax delinquencies or interruptions to any service as a result of COVID 19; however, the District cannot predict the long-term economic effect of COVID-19 or a similar virus should there be a reversal of economic activity and reinstitution of restrictions.

Economic Factors and Interest Rates

A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of commercial, retail and multi-family properties and from single-family residences and developed lots which are currently being marketed by the Developers for sale to homebuilders for the construction of primary residences. The market value of such properties is related to general economic conditions affecting the demand for properties. Demand for commercial properties and lots of this type and the construction of residential dwellings thereon can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs, energy availability and the prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban center toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact such values.

Credit Markets and Liquidity in the Financial Markets

Interest rates and the availability of mortgage and development funding have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates at which developers are able to obtain financing for development costs. Interest rate levels may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete construction activities within the District. Because of the numerous and changing factors affecting the availability of funds, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued construction within the District. In addition, since the District is located approximately 31 miles from the central downtown business district of the City of Dallas, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Dallas metropolitan and regional economies and the national financial and credit markets. A downturn in the economic conditions of Dallas and the nation could adversely affect development and home-building plans in the District and restrain the growth of or reduce the value of the District's property tax base.

Competition

The demand for and construction of single-family homes in the District, which is 31 miles from downtown Dallas, could be affected by competition from other residential developments including other residential developments located in the vicinity of the District. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned homes in the area of the District and in more established neighborhoods closer to downtown Dallas. Such homes could represent additional competition for new homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of the Developers in the sale of developed lots and of prospective builders in the construction of single-family residential houses within the District is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position directly affects the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developers will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Development and Home Construction in the District

As of September 30, 2021, approximately 254 developed lots within the District remained vacant and 218 homes were under construction or in the name of the builder. Failure of builders to construct taxable improvements on developed lots could result in increases in the rate of taxation by the District during the term of the Bonds to pay debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds, and the contractual obligations of the District. Future increases in value will result primarily from the construction of homes by builders. See "Possible Impact on District Tax Rates" below and "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS— Homebuilders."

Undeveloped Acreage/Vacant Lots

There are approximately 63 developable acres of land within the District that have not been fully provided with water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities and roads. The District makes no representation as to when or if development of this acreage will occur. There are also 254 vacant developed lots. See "THE DISTRICT—Land Use."

Possible Impact on District Tax Rates

Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of owners of property within the District to pay their taxes. The 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation is \$1,655,393,182 and Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021 is \$1,738,208,963. After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement will be \$10,230,106 (2023), and the average annual debt service requirement will be \$7,428,822 (2022-2045), inclusive). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation, the issuance of no additional debt, and no other funds available for the payment of debt service, tax rates of \$0.66 and \$0.48 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation at a ninety-five percent (95%) collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement and the average annual debt service requirement, respectively. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Debt Service Requirements" and "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

The Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2021 is \$1,738,208,963, which reduces the above calculations to \$0.62 and \$0.45 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for the maximum annual debt service requirement and average annual debt service requirement, respectively. While the District anticipates future increases in taxable values, it makes no representations that over the term of the Bonds the property within the District will maintain a value sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners. Property within the District also is subject to taxes levied by other political subdivisions. See "Future Debt" in this section, "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Overlapping Taxes."

Landowners/Developers/Homebuilders Under No Obligation to the District

There are no commitments from or obligations of the Developers or homebuilders within the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or the construction of homes in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts and failure of landowners to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. The District is also dependent upon the Developers (see "TAX DATA—Principal Taxpayers") and the other landowners for the timely payment of ad valorem taxes, and the District cannot predict what the future financial condition of the Developers will be or what effect, if any, such condition may have on its ability to pay taxes. See "THE DEVELOPERS AND MAJOR PROPERTY OWNERS."

Tax Collections Limitations and Foreclosure Remedies

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by judicial foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time-consuming and expensive collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer, or (c) market conditions affecting the marketability of taxable property within the District and limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of such property. Moreover, the proceeds of any sale of property within the District available to pay debt service on the Bonds may be limited by the existence of other tax liens on the property (see "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED)—Overlapping Taxes"), by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, and by other factors (including the taxpayers' right to redeem property within two years of foreclosure for residential and agricultural use property and six months for other property). Finally, any bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer. In addition to the automatic stay against collection of delinquent taxes afforded a taxpayer during the pendency of a bankruptcy, a bankruptcy could affect payment of taxes in two other ways: first, a debtor's confirmation plan may allow a debtor to make installment payments on delinquent taxes for up to six years; and, second, a debtor may challenge, and a bankruptcy court may reduce, the amount of any taxes assessed against the debtor, including taxes that have already been paid.

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations

The Bond Order does not specify events of default with respect to the Bonds. If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due or the District defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, the registered owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District or District officials to carry out the legally imposed duties with respect to the Bonds if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Bonds or the Bond Order and the District's obligations are not uncertain or disputed. The issuance of a writ of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles, so rests with the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Bond Order does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the Bondholders upon any failure of the District to perform in accordance with the terms of the Bond Order, or upon any other condition and accordingly all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue or be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Order may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. Even if a judgment against the District could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

Furthermore, the District is eligible to seek relief from its creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or Bondholders of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the District avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce an obligation of the District would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Bonds are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors. The District may not be forced into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Future Debt

The District has the right to issue obligations other than the Bonds, including tax anticipation notes, bond anticipation notes and unlimited tax road bonds, and to borrow for any valid corporate purpose. Pursuant to elections held on May 4, 2002 and September 13, 2003, the resident electors authorized a total of \$139,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities, and \$82,100,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for roads and improvements in aid thereof. The District is also authorized to issue unlimited tax refunding bonds in an amount of one and one-half of the principal amount of bonds issued for water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities. After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$60,855,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for roads and improvements in authorized but unissued for roads and improvements in aid thereof for a total of \$60,855,000 principal amount in authorized but unissued unlimited tax debt. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds secured by ad valorem taxes. See "Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments" in this Section and "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance." The issuance of additional obligations may increase the District's tax rate and adversely affect the security for, and the investment quality and value of, the Bonds.

The Developers have also advanced funds on behalf of the District to finance the construction of water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities and roads already constructed as well as to pay amounts due under the Contracts with Upper Trinity. After payment from Bond proceeds, the District will owe approximately \$2,000,000 plus interest to the Developers. The District expects to issue additional bonds to finance water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities as soon as feasible and from time-to-time thereafter in order to fully reimburse the Developers.

Any future unlimited tax bonds will be on parity with the Bonds. The District does not employ any formula with respect to appraised valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. However, the total amount of bonds of the District issued for road purposes may not exceed one-fourth (1/4) of the assessed valuation of real property in the District. The issuance of additional bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities is subject to approval by the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds, but the issuance of bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing roads and improvements in and thereof is not. See "THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance—Issuance of Additional Debt."

The District believes that the remaining authorized but unissued bonds will be sufficient to finance the water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities for full development of the District. The District has issued all of the authorized bonds for roads and road improvements for full development of the District, so under contracts with the Developers, the District shall reimburse the Developers for eligible road costs out of the District's operation and maintenance tax, if available.

Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance

The Underwriter has entered into an agreement with ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM" or the "Insurer") for the purchase of a municipal bond insurance policy (the "Policy"). At the time of entering into the agreement, the Insurer was rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P and "A2" (stable outlook) by Moody's. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the insurer and its claim paying ability. The insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See description of "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

The obligations of the insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District nor the Underwriter has made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" for further information provided by the insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the insurer.

Future and Proposed Legislation

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

Marketability of the Bonds

The District has no understanding with the Underwriter regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactive to the date of original issuance. See "LEGAL MATTERS" and "TAX MATTERS."

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

The District will furnish to the Underwriter a transcript of certain certified proceedings incident to the issuance and authorization of the Bonds, including a certified copy of the approving opinion of the Attorney General of Texas, as recorded in the Bond Register of the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, to the effect that the Attorney General has examined a transcript of proceedings authorizing the issuance of the Bonds, and that based upon such examination, the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, levied without legal limitation as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. The District will also furnish the approving legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel, to the effect that, based upon an examination of such transcript, the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, except to the extent that enforcement of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners of the Bonds may be limited by laws relating to sovereign immunity and to bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will further state that the Bonds are payable, both as to principal and interest, from the levy of ad valorem taxes, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District.

The District will also furnish the legal opinion of Bond Counsel to the District to the effect that interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under existing law, subject to the matters discussed below under "TAX MATTERS."

The legal fees to be paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based upon a percentage of bonds actually issued, sold and delivered, and therefore such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

Legal Review

In its capacity as Bond Counsel, McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., has reviewed the information appearing in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the captioned sections "THE BONDS (except for information under the subheading "Annexation")," "MANAGEMENT OF THE DISTRICT—District Consultants—Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS—Legal Opinions," "TAX MATTERS" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" (except for the subheading "Compliance with Prior Undertakings") solely to determine whether such information fairly summarizes the documents and law referred to therein. In its capacity as General Counsel to the District, Crawford & Jordan LLP has reviewed the information appearing in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the captioned sections "THE BONDS—Annexation," "THE DISTRICT—General," and "—Law Enforcement Services," "THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM—Upper Trinity Regional Water District Contracts," and "Mustang Special Utility District Contracts/Phased Transfer of Portions of Waterworks and Sewer System" solely to determine whether such sections fairly summarize the documents and matters of law contained therein. Such firms have not independently verified factual information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, nor have such firms conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. No person is entitled to rely upon such firms' limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for, or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to, the accuracy or completeness of any of the other information contained herein.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion

On the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel, will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions on the date thereof ("Existing Law"), (1) interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (2) the Bonds will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) certain information and representations of the District, including information at representations contained in the District's federal tax certificate and (b) covenants of the District contained in the Bond documents relating to certain matters, including arbitrage and the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the property financed therewith. The failure by the District to observe the aforementioned representations or covenants, could cause the interest on the Bonds to become taxable retroactively to the date of issuance.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the District with such requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. The Existing Law is subject to change by the Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury. There can be no assurance that such Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service by the District with respect to the Bonds or the property financed or refinanced with proceeds of the Bonds. No assurances can be given as to whether or not the Internal Revenue Service will commence an audit of the Bonds, or as to whether the Internal Revenue Service would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an Internal Revenue Service audit is commenced, under current procedures the Internal Revenue Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Bonds (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds") is less than the principal amount thereof or one or more periods for the payment of interest on the bonds may not be equal to the accrual period or be in excess of one year. In such event, the difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Bond would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the bonds less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year. Under Existing Law, such an owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond continues to be owned by such owner. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Original Issue Discount Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds.

Collateral Federal Income Tax

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions, all of which are subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with accumulated earnings and profits and excess passive investment income, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM RECENTLY ENACTED LEGISLATION OR THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Under section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Subject to certain exceptions, information reports describing interest income, including original issue discount, with respect to the Bonds will be sent to each registered holder and to the IRS. Payments of interest and principal may be subject to backup withholding under section 3406 of the Code if a recipient of the payments fails to furnish the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), furnishes an incorrect TIN, or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from the backup withholding tax. Any amounts so withheld would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. Special rules apply to partnerships, estates and trusts, and in certain circumstances, and in respect of Non-U.S. Holders, certifications as to foreign status and other matters may be required to be proven by partners and beneficiaries thereof.

State, Local, and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions

The Bonds are <u>not</u> "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Code, as amended.

NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

The obligations of the Underwriter to take and pay for the Bonds, and the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of the sale.

NO-LITIGATION CERTIFICATE

With the delivery of the Bonds, the President or Vice President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board will, on behalf of the District, execute and deliver to the Underwriter a certificate dated as of the date of delivery, to the effect that no litigation of any nature of which the District has notice is pending against or, to the knowledge of the District's certifying officers, threatened against the District, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provision made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds, the corporate existence or boundaries of the District or the title of the then present officers and directors of the Board.

MUNICIPAL BOND RATING

S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "AA" (stable outlook) and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "A2" (stable outlook), respectively, to the Bonds with the understanding that, upon delivery of the Bonds, a Policy insuring the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. Moody's has also assigned an underlying rating of "A2" to the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings may be obtained from S&P and Moody's. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance" and "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Moody's, if in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as APPENDIX B to this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

AGM is a New York domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an indirect subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Ltd. ("AGL"), a Bermuda-based holding company whose shares are publicly traded and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AGO". AGL, through its operating subsidiaries, provides credit enhancement products to the U.S. and international public finance (including infrastructure) and structured finance markets and asset management services. Neither AGL nor any of its shareholders or affiliates, other than AGM, is obligated to pay any debts of AGM or any claims under any insurance policy issued by AGM.

AGM's financial strength is rated "AA" (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), "AA+" (stable outlook) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. ("KBRA") and "A2" (stable outlook) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). Each rating of AGM should be evaluated independently. An explanation of the significance of the above ratings may be obtained from the applicable rating agency. The above ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and such ratings are subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies, including withdrawal initiated at the request of AGM in its sole discretion. In addition, the rating agencies may at any time change AGM's long-term rating outlooks or place such ratings on a watch list for possible

downgrade in the near term. Any downward revision or withdrawal of any of the above ratings, the assignment of a negative outlook to such ratings or the placement of such ratings on a negative watch list may have an adverse effect on the market price of any security guaranteed by AGM. AGM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of bonds insured by AGM on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the relevant insurance policy), and does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the securities it insures, nor does it guarantee that the ratings on such securities will not be revised or withdrawn.

Current Financial Strength Ratings

On October 20, 2021, KBRA announced it had affirmed AGM's insurance financial strength rating of "AA+" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that KBRA may take.

On July 8, 2021, S&P announced it had affirmed AGM's financial strength rating of "AA" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that S&P may take.

On August 13, 2019, Moody's announced it had affirmed AGM's insurance financial strength rating of "A2" (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that Moody's may take.

For more information regarding AGM's financial strength ratings and the risks relating thereto, see AGL's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

Capitalization of AGM

At September 30, 2021:

- The policyholders' surplus of AGM was approximately \$2,910 million.
- The contingency reserve of AGM was approximately \$963 million.

• The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM and its subsidiaries (as described below) were approximately \$2,124 million. Such amount includes (i) 100% of the net unearned premium reserve and deferred ceding commission income of AGM, and (ii) the net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGM's wholly owned subsidiaries Assured Guaranty UK Limited ("AGUK") and Assured Guaranty (Europe) SA ("AGE").

The policyholders' surplus of AGM and the contingency reserves, net unearned premium reserves and deferred ceding commission income of AGM were determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGUK and AGE were determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

Portions of the following documents filed by AGL with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that relate to AGM are incorporated by reference into this OFFICIAL STATEMENT and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

(i) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 (filed by AGL with the SEC on February 26, 2021);

(ii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021 (filed by AGL with the SEC on May 7, 2021);

(iii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2021 (filed by AGL with the SEC on August 6, 2021); and

(iv) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021 (filed by AGL with the SEC on November 5, 2021).

All information relating to AGM included in, or as exhibits to, documents filed by AGL with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, excluding Current Reports or portions thereof "furnished" under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, after the filing of the last document referred to above and before the termination of the offering of the Bonds shall be deemed incorporated by reference into this OFFICIAL STATEMENT and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing such documents. Copies of materials incorporated by reference are available over the internet at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov, at AGL's website at http://www.assuredguaranty.com, or will be provided upon request to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.: 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Communications Department (telephone (212) 974-0100). Except for the information referred to above, no information available on or through AGL's website shall be deemed to be part of or incorporated in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Any information regarding AGM included herein under the caption "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE— Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp." or included in a document incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "AGM Information") shall be modified or superseded to the extent that any subsequently included AGM Information (either directly or through incorporation by reference) modifies or supersedes such previously included AGM Information. Any AGM Information so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, except as so modified or superseded.

Miscellaneous Matters

AGM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this OFFICIAL STATEMENT or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Sources and Compilation of Information

The financial data and other information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Developers, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Appraisal District and information from other sources. All of these sources are believed to be reliable, but no guarantee is made by the District as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the District, and its inclusion herein is not to be construed as a representation on the part of the District to such effect. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will be realized. The summaries of the agreements, reports, statutes, resolutions, engineering and other related information set forth in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT are included herein subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents for further information.

Financial Advisor

Masterson Advisors LLC is employed as the Financial Advisor to the District to render certain professional services, including advising the District on a plan of financing and preparing the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, including the OFFICIAL NOTICES OF SALE and the OFFICIAL BID FORMS for the sale of the Bonds. In its capacity as Financial Advisor, Masterson Advisors LLC has compiled and edited this OFFICIAL STATEMENT. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT in accordance with, and as a part of, its responsibilities to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Consultants

In approving this OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the District has relied upon the following consultants:

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to the breakdown of the District's historical assessed value and principal taxpayers, including particularly such information contained in the section entitled "TAX DATA" has been provided by the Denton Central Appraisal District and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of such acting as an expert in assessing property values and collecting taxes.

<u>Engineer</u>: The information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to engineering and to the description of the District's water and wastewater system and roads and improvements in aid thereof and, in particular that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT," "THE ROAD SYSTEM," and "THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM" has been provided by the Director of Engineering at the City of Celina, who serves as the District's Engineer, and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

<u>Auditor</u>: The District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021, were prepared by the independent accounting firm of McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, Houston, Texas. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021.

Updating the Official Statement

If subsequent to the date of the OFFICIAL STATEMENT, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Underwriter, of any adverse event which causes the OFFICIAL STATEMENT to be materially misleading, and unless the Underwriter elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Underwriter an appropriate amendment or supplement to the OFFICIAL STATEMENT satisfactory to the Underwriter, provided, however, that the obligation of the District to the Underwriter to so amend or supplement the OFFICIAL STATEMENT will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Underwriter, unless the Underwriter notifies the District on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to an ultimate customer.

Certification of Official Statement

The District, acting through its Board in its official capacity, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that the information, statements, and descriptions or any addenda, supplement and amendment thereto pertaining to the District and its affairs contained herein, to the best of its knowledge and belief, contain no untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. With respect to information included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT other than that relating to the District, the District has no reason to believe that such information contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; however, the Board has made no independent investigation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the District. In rendering such certificate, the official executing this certificate may state that he has relied in part on his examination of records of the District relating to matters within his own area of responsibility, and his discussions with, or certificates or correspondence signed by, certain other officials, employees, consultants and representatives of the District.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the registered and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"). This information will be available to the public without charge through its Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") internet portal at www.emma.msrb.org.

Annual Reports

The District will provide annually to the MSRB certain updated financial information and operating data. The information to be updated with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the headings "THE WATER, WASTEWATER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM—Waterworks and Sewer System Operating Statement," "FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED) (except for "Estimated Overlapping Debt")," and "TAX DATA," (most of which information is contained in the District's annual audit report) and in Appendix A. The District will update and provide this information within six (6) months after the end of each fiscal year ending in or after 2022.

The District may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The updated information will include audited financial statements, if the District commissions an audit and the audit is completed by the required time. If the audit of such financial statements is not complete within such period, then the District will provide unaudited financial statements by the required time, and audited financial statements when and if such audited financial statements become available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in the Bond Order or such other accounting principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The District's current fiscal year end is July 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by the following January 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Specified Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MRSB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, or other events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR § 240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material to a decision to purchase or sell Bonds; (15) incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of the Financial Obligation of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The term "Financial Obligation" when used in this paragraph means a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that "Financial Obligation" shall not include municipal securities (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Order makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide financial information, operating data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from the MSRB

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to the MSRB. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge through an internet portal at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of specified events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although registered and beneficial owners of the Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or operations of the District, but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments and interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as a nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of such Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid but in either case, only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the offering described herein. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reason for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance With Prior Undertakings

During the last five years, the District has complied in all material respects with all continuing disclosure agreements made by the District in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

All estimates, statements and assumptions in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT and the APPENDICES hereto have been made on the basis of the best information available and are believed to be reliable and accurate. Any statements in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such statements will be realized.

/s/ Rob W. Adams President, Board of Directors

ATTEST:

/s/ <u>Robert W. Tague</u> Secretary, Board of Directors

AERIAL LOCATION MAP

(Approximate boundaries as of September 2021)



PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT

(Taken September 2021)

























APPENDIX A

Financial Statement of the District for the year ended July 31, 2021

The information contained in this appendix includes the Annual Audit Report of Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 and certain supplemental information for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10

DENTON COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JULY 31, 2021

McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC Certified Public Accountants

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10

DENTON COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JULY 31, 2021

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McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Denton County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of July 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the *Water District Financial Management Guide* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements with auditional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

MCall Dibon Swedlund Barfort PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

November 3, 2021

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has three governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, police department expenditures, operating costs and administrative expenditures. The Debt Service Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond principal and interest on outstanding bonds. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI) and other supplementary information. RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, a schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and a schedule of District contributions to the pension plan.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$569,407 as of July 31, 2021. A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets and intangible assets (recreational facilities, water, wastewater and drainage facilities, land, roads, and vehicles and equipment less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The following is a comparative analysis of government-wide changes in the Statement of Net Position as of July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020:

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position				
	2021	2020	Change Positive (Negative)		
Current and Other Assets Capital and Intangible Assets (Net of	\$ 21,631,868	\$ 19,657,589	\$ 1,974,279		
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization)	118,203,162	120,264,726	(2,061,564)		
Total Assets	\$ 139,835,030	\$ 139,922,315	<u>\$ (87,285)</u>		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 846,995</u>	\$ 911,690	<u>\$ (64,695)</u>		
Due to Developer Bonds Payable Other Liabilities	\$ 13,039,947 125,790,530 	\$ 12,839,634 130,299,385 2,908,444	\$ (200,313) 4,508,855 488,666		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 141,250,255</u>	\$ 146,047,463	\$ 4,797,208		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,177	<u>\$ 1,345</u>	<u>\$ 168</u>		
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ (19,532,026) 10,858,566 8,104,053	\$ (22,239,914) 10,436,565 6,588,546	\$ 2,707,888 422,001 		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (569,407)</u>	<u>\$ (5,214,803)</u>	\$ 4,645,396		

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ended July 31, 2021, and July 31, 2020.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities					
		2021	2020		Change Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	14,493,536	\$	13,001,842	\$	1,491,694
Charges for Services		5,406,129		6,387,336		(981,207)
Grant and Other Revenues		119,639		966,158		(846,519)
Total Revenues	\$	20,019,304	\$	20,355,336	\$	(336,032)
Expenses for Services		15,373,908		19,180,086		3,806,178
Change in Net Position	\$	4,645,396	\$	1,175,250	\$	3,470,146
Net Position, Beginning of Year		(5,214,803)		(6,390,053)		1,175,250
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(569,407)	\$	(5,214,803)	\$	4,645,396
DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District's combined fund balances as of July 31, 2021, total \$20,826,986, an increase of \$1,892,517 from the prior year.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$1,542,597 due to service revenues and property tax revenues exceeding operating expenditures and capital costs.

The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased by \$349,093, primarily due to the structure of the District's outstanding debt.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by \$827.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of Directors adopted an unappropriated General Fund budget for the current fiscal year which was amended to decrease budgeted property tax revenues, services revenues, purchased water and wastewater costs, and various other categories of expenditures. Actual revenues were \$238,314 more than budgeted revenues and actual expenditures were \$978,803 less than budgeted expenditures which resulted in a positive variance of \$1,217,117. See the budget to actual comparison for more information.

LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

As of July 31, 2021, the District had total bond debt payable of \$125,865,000. The changes in the debt position of the District during the current fiscal year are summarized as follows:

Bond Debt Payable, August 1, 2020 Less: Bond Principal Paid	\$ 130,380,000 4,515,000
Bond Debt Payable, July 31, 2021	\$ 125,865,000

The District's Series 2014 Road, 2015, 2016 Road Refunding, 2016 Refunding, 2016A, 2017 Road, 2018, 2019, and 2019 Road Bonds carry insured ratings of "AA" or "A2" by virtue of bond insurance issued by either Assured Guaranty Municipal Corporation or Build America Mutual Assurance Company. The District's underlying rating is "A2" by Moody's. The above ratings include rating changes, if any, during the fiscal year ending July 31, 2021.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets as of July 31, 2021, total \$96,327,802 (net of accumulated depreciation) and include land, vehicles, equipment and roads as well as the water, wastewater and drainage systems. Capital asset additions included the purchase or construction of utilities infrastructure, park facilities, vehicles and equipment.

Capital Assets At Year-End, Net of Accumulated Depreciation						
		2021		2020		Change Positive (Negative)
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land and Land Improvements	\$	9,287,235	\$	9,116,434	\$	170,801
Construction in Progress		1,275,360		1,294,631		(19,271)
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation:						
Roads and Improvements		50,431,137		51,307,724		(876,587)
Water and Wastewater Systems		22,128,363		22,862,335		(733,972)
Drainage System		12,132,944		12,246,968		(114,024)
Vehicles and Equipment		548,656		610,326		(61,670)
Recreational Facilities		524,107				524,107
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	96,327,802	\$	97,438,418	\$	(1,110,616)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Per the Mustang Agreement (see Note 11), water and wastewater facilities that serve the District's West Service Area were conveyed to Mustang for operations and maintenance in accordance with an agreement with the Mustang. Mustang provides water and sewer service to residents of the District's West Service Area, which includes the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments. The cost of constructing the facilities in exchange for service has been recorded as an intangible asset and is being amortized over the term of the agreement.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10, c/o Crawford & Jordan, LLP, 19 Briar Hollow Lane, Suite 245, Houston, Texas 77027.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JULY 31, 2021

				Debt
	Ge	eneral Fund	S	ervice Fund
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	93,087	\$	8,581
Investments		7,717,863		12,436,600
Receivables:				
Property Taxes		36,254		76,278
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Taxes				
Service Accounts (Net of Allowance of \$1,000)		406,722		
Easement and Franchise		73,518		
Accrued Interest				1,527
Prepaid Costs		66,667		
Land				
Construction in Progress				
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)				
Intangible Assets (Net of Accumulated Amortization)				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,394,111	\$	12,522,986
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charges on Refunding Bonds	\$		\$	
Deferred Pension Plan Charges				
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	- 0 -	\$	- 0 -
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES	\$	8,394,111	\$	12,522,986

	Capital jects Fund		Total	Ad	justments		tatement of let Position
\$	674 595,507	\$	102,342 20,749,970	\$		\$	102,342 20,749,970
			112,532		14,161		112,532 14,161
			406,722 73,518		1,101		406,722 73,518
			1,527 66,667		104,429		1,527 171,096
					9,287,235 1,275,360		9,287,235 1,275,360
					85,765,207 21,875,360		85,765,207 21,875,360
\$	596,181	\$	21,513,278	<u>\$ 1</u>	18,321,752	\$	139,835,030
\$		\$		\$	647,521	\$	647,521
					199,474		199,474
<u>\$</u>	- 0 -	<u>\$</u>	- 0 -	<u>\$</u>	846,995	<u>\$</u>	846,995
\$	596,181	\$	21,513,278	<u>\$ 1</u>	19,168,747	\$	140,682,025

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JULY 31, 2021

	Ge	neral Fund	S	Debt ervice Fund
LIABILITIES	<u>_</u>		.	
Accounts Payable	\$	462,131	\$	500
Accrued Interest Payable				
Due to Developer		111 120		
Security Deposits Net Pension Liability		111,129		
Accrued Interest on Compound Interest Bonds				
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Bonds Payable, Due Within One Year				
Bonds Payable, Due After One Year				
•			<u></u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$</u>	573,260	\$	500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$	36,254	\$	76,278
Pension Plan Income				
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	36,254	\$	76,278
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable: Prepaid Costs	\$	66,667	\$	
Restricted for Authorized Construction				
Restricted for Debt Service				12,446,208
Committed for Construction		45,209		
Unassigned		7,672,721		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	7,784,597	\$	12,446,208
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,394,111	\$	12,522,986
NET DOCITION				

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted

TOTAL NET POSITION

Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
\$	\$ 462,631 111,129	\$ 1,678,081 13,039,947 19,524 148,413	\$ 462,631 1,678,081 13,039,947 111,129 19,524 148,413
\$ -0-	\$ 573,760	5,480,000 120,310,530 \$ 140,676,495	5,480,000 120,310,530 \$ 141,250,255
\$ <u>\$</u> - 0 -	\$ 112,532 \$ 112,532	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \$ & (112,532) \\ $	\$ \$
\$ 596,181	\$ 66,667 596,181 12,446,208 45,209 7,672,721	\$ (66,667) (596,181) (12,446,208) (45,209) (7,672,721)	\$
\$ 596,181	\$ 20,826,986	\$ (20,826,986)	\$ - 0 -
<u>\$ 596,181</u>	<u>\$ 21,513,278</u>		
		\$ (19,532,026) 10,858,566 8,104,053 \$ (569,407)	\$ (19,532,026) 10,858,566 8,104,053 \$ (569,407)

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JULY 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	20,826,986
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the different because:	Statement of Net Position are		
Portions of the changes in net pension liability or immediately recognized as pension expense or pe deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of includes the net pension liability as of year end.	nsion income are recorded as		178,773
Deferred charges on refunding bonds are amortized or the new debt, whichever is shorter. The District also over the life of the debt.			751,950
Capital assets and intangible assets used in governn financial resources and, therefore, are not reported funds.			118,203,162
Deferred inflows of resources related to property interest receivable on delinquent taxes for the 2020 a of recognized revenue in the governmental activities of	nd prior tax levies became part		126,693
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the c not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabi Due to Developer Accrued Interest Payable Bonds Payable	· · · ·	(<u>140,656,971</u>)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	(569,407)

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DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

				Debt
	G	eneral Fund	S	ervice Fund
REVENUES	¢	5 220 400	¢	0.150.050
Property Taxes Water Service	\$	5,320,488 1,787,650	\$	9,158,058
Water Service		1,001,385		
Fire Protection Services		877,604		
Solid Waste Services		1,145,084		
Penalty and Interest		12,752		18,053
Permit Revenues		43,991		
Easement and Franchise Revenues		510,975		
Sales Tax Revenues		40,668		10.507
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues		59,617		18,527
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	10,800,214	\$	9,194,638
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES				
Service Operations:	¢	225 1 (1	¢	
Personnel Des forsional Fors	\$	325,161	\$	
Professional Fees Contracted Services		379,661 2,254,623		90,076
Purchased Water Service		901,317		90,070
Purchased Wastewater Service		520,697		
Police Department		2,318,336		
Repairs and Maintenance		537,384		
Depreciation/Amortization		*		
Other		136,946		
Capital Outlay		1,851,842		
Developer Interest		31,650		
Debt Service: Bond Principal				4,515,000
Bond Interest				4,240,469
	<u>م</u>	0.057 (17	<u>ф</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	9,257,617	\$	8,845,545
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	1,542,597	\$	349,093
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - AUGUST 1, 2020		6,242,000		12,097,115
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - JULY 31, 2021	\$	7,784,597	\$	12,446,208

Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
\$	\$ 14,478,546 1,787,650 1,001,385 877,604	\$ 14,990	\$ 14,493,536 1,787,650 1,001,385 877,604
	$\begin{array}{r} 1,145,084\\ 30,805\\ 43,991\\ 510,975\\ 40,668\end{array}$	8,635	$1,145,084 \\39,440 \\43,991 \\510,975 \\40,668$
827	78,971		78,971
\$ 827	\$ 19,995,679	\$ 23,625	\$ 20,019,304
\$	\$ 325,161 379,661 2,344,699 901,317 520,607	\$	\$ 325,161 379,661 2,344,699 901,317 520,607
	520,697 2,318,336 537,384	32,242 103,093 3,632,664	520,697 2,350,578 640,477 3,632,664
	136,946 1,851,842 31,650	(1,851,842)	136,946 31,650
	4,515,000 4,240,469	(4,515,000) (130,411)	4,110,058
\$ -0-	\$ 18,103,162	<u>\$ (2,729,254)</u>	\$ 15,373,908
\$ 827	\$ 1,892,517	\$ (1,892,517)	\$
		4,645,396	4,645,396
595,354	18,934,469	(24,149,272)	(5,214,803)
\$ 596,181	\$ 20,826,986	\$ (21,396,393)	\$ (569,407)

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report tax revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the taxes are	14,000
levied.	14,990
Governmental funds report penalty and interest revenue on property taxes when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded when	° 625
penalties and interest are assessed.	8,635
Governmental funds do not account for depreciation and amortization. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets and intangible assets are depreciated or amortized and depreciation or amortization expense is recorded in the Statement of	
Activities.	(3,632,664)
Governmental funds report capital expenditures as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	1,748,749
The changes in the net pension liability, net pension asset and deferred pension plan costs are recorded as an expense in the government-wide financial statements.	(32,242)
Governmental funds report principal payments as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, principal payments are reported as decreases in long-term liabilities.	4,515,000
Governmental funds report interest expenditures on long-term debt as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, interest is accrued on the long-term debt through fiscal year-end.	130,411
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$	4,645,396

NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT

Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 (the "District") was created by Denton County Commissioners Court Order, effective September 12, 2000, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 53. At an election held on November 7, 2000, the District acquired sanitary sewer and road powers. On November 30, 2000, the District converted to a water control and improvement district in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 51. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49, 51, and, for limited purposes, Chapter 53 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission"). The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own, and operate waterworks, wastewater, and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District also has the authority to construct and maintain roads. The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five individuals who are owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In addition, the accounting records of the District are maintained generally in accordance with the *Water District Financial Management Guide* published by the Commission.

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected board. GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statement as component units.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense of the government-wide Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the District's fund financial statements are combined with the governmentwide financial statements. The fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Governmental Funds

The District has three governmental funds and considers each to be a major fund.

<u>General Fund</u> - To account for resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, police department expenditures, operating costs and general expenditures.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - To account for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond principal and interest on outstanding bonds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - To account for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenue reported in governmental funds to be available if they are collectable within 60 days after year end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are those taxes which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures.

Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund are reported as other financing sources or uses. Loans by one fund to another fund and amounts paid by one fund for another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet if there is intent to repay the amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund incurred and as an expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital asset additions, improvements and preservation costs that extend the life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Engineering fees and certain other costs are capitalized as part of the asset. Assets are capitalized, including infrastructure assets, if they have an original cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life over two years. Depreciation is calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method of depreciation. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Roads	30-45
Water System	7-45
Wastewater System	7-45
Drainage System	7-45
Vehicles and Equipment	5-10
Recreational Facilities	45

Intangible Assets

Certain water and wastewater facilities serving the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments purchased by the District have been conveyed to Mustang Special Utility District ("Mustang") for operations and maintenance in accordance with an agreement with Mustang. Mustang provides water and sewer service to residents of the District living within the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments. The cost of constructing the facilities in exchange for service has been recorded as an intangible asset and is being amortized over the term of the agreement.

Budgeting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The original General Fund budget for the current year was amended. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund presents the original budget and amended budget amounts compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

Employees of the District participate in the TCDRS pension plan. Further information is provided in Note 19.

The Internal Revenue Service has determined that the directors are considered to be employees for federal payroll tax purposes only. Directors do not participate in the TCDRS pension plan.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources. Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.

Committed: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District committed \$45,209 of its General Fund fund balance for a recreational facilities project.

Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances. The District does not have any assigned fund balances.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

Unassigned: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Series 2013	Series 2014 Refunding
Amounts Outstanding – July 31, 2021	\$3,575,000	\$4,645,000
Interest Rates	3.50% - 5.00%	3.00% - 4.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2021/2037	September 1, 2021/2030
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2023*	September 1, 2022*

* In whole or from time to time in part on the callable date or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Series 2013 term bonds maturing September 1, 2037 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2031. Series 2014 Refunding term bonds maturing September 1, 2022, 2028, 2030, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2021, 2027, and 2029, respectively.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

-	Series 2014 Road Refunding	Series 2014 Road	Series 2015
Amounts Outstanding – July 31, 2021	\$8,695,000	\$7,700,000	\$9,450,000
Interest Rates	3.00% - 4.00%	2.25% - 3.50%	2.00% - 3.75%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2021/2030	September 1, 2021/2039	September 1, 2021/2040
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2022*	September 1, 2023*	September 1, 2023*
		Series 2016 R	oad Refunding
_	Series 2016 Refunding	Compound Interest Bonds	Current Interest Bonds
Amounts Outstanding – July 31, 2021	\$5,920,000	\$10,000	\$3,560,000
Interest Rates	2.00% - 3.125%	2.00%	2.00% - 3.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2021/2036	September 1, 2021	September 1, 2022/2034
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/	At Maturity	September 1/ March 1
	March 1		March 1

* In whole or from time to time in part on the callable date or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Series 2014 Road Refunding term bonds maturing September 1, 2022, 2028, and 2030 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2021, 2027, and 2029, respectively. Series 2014 Road term bond maturing on September 1, 2038 is subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2037.

** The Premium Compound Interest Bonds are non-callable. The par value of these bonds is \$10,000 and the maturity value is \$160,000. Accrued interest of \$148,413 has been recorded as of July 31, 2021.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

-	Series 2016A	Series 2017 Road	Series 2018
Amounts Outstanding – July 31, 2021	\$12,840,000	\$32,320,000	\$16,410,000
Interest Rates	2.00% - 4.00%	2.00% - 3.50%	3.00% - 5.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2021/2040	September 1, 2021/2042	September 1, 2021/2042
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2024*	September 1, 2024*	September 1, 2025*
_	Series 2019	Series 2019 Road	
Amounts Outstanding – July 31, 2021	\$7,270,000	\$13,470,000	
Interest Rates	2.00% - 3.00%	2.00% - 3.00%	
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2021/2043	September 1, 2021/2043	
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	
Callable Dates	September 1, 2025*	September 1, 2025*	

* In whole or from time to time in part on the callable date or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Series 2016A term bonds maturing on September 1, 2028, 2036 and 2040, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2027, 2034 and 2037, respectively. Series 2017 Road term bonds maturing on September 1, 2032 and 2042, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2031 and 2040, respectively. Series 2018 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2037 and September 1, 2031, respectively. Series 2019 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2035, and September 1, 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2033, September 1, 2035, and September 1, 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2026, September 1, 2032, September 1, 2034, and September 1, 2040, respectively. Series 2019 road term bonds maturing September 1, 2028, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2026, September 1, 2032, September 1, 2034, and September 1, 2040, respectively. Series 2019 road term bonds maturing September 1, 2028 and September 1, 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2026, September 1, 2027, September 1, 2028 and September 1, 2040, respectively. Series 2019 road term bonds maturing September 1, 2028 and September 1, 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2027, September 1, 2028 and September 1, 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2027 and September 1, 2040, respectively.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of transactions regarding bonds payable for the year ended July 31, 2021:

	August 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	July 31, 2021
Bonds Payable Unamortized Discounts Unamortized Premium	\$ 130,380,000 (257,214) 176,599	\$	\$ 4,515,000 (14,036) 7,891	\$ 125,865,000 (243,178) 168,708
Bonds Payable	\$ 130,299,385	\$ -0-	\$ 4,508,855	\$ 125,790,530
		Amount Due With Amount Due After Bonds Payable, No	One Year	\$ 5,480,000 120,310,530 \$ 125,790,530

As of July 31, 2021, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$73,125,000 for utility facilities. The District is also authorized to issue unlimited tax refunding bonds in an amount of one and one-half of the principal amount of water, wastewater and drainage debt bonds previously issued by the District.

As of July 31, 2021, the debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	5,480,000	\$	4,085,718	\$	9,565,718
2023		5,725,000		3,769,074		9,494,074
2024		5,825,000		3,592,132		9,417,132
2025		5,930,000		3,412,248		9,342,248
2026		6,000,000		3,236,641		9,236,641
2027-2031		32,060,000		13,437,895		45,497,895
2032-2036		30,175,000		8,473,324		38,648,324
2037-2041		26,955,000		3,644,013		30,599,013
2042-2044		7,715,000		306,275		8,021,275
	\$	125,865,000	\$	43,957,320	\$	169,822,320

The bonds of the District are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property subject to taxation within the District, without limitation as to rate or amount.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax rate of \$0.610 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$9,163,282 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,502,177,370 for the 2020 tax year. The bond orders require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. See Note 7 for the maintenance tax levy and Note 8 for the contract tax levy.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the appraisal district. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

NOTE 4. SIGNIFICANT BOND ORDER AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

The bond orders state that the District is required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to provide continuing disclosure of certain general financial information and operating data with respect to the District to the certain information repositories. This information, along with the audited annual financial statements, is to be provided within six months after the end of each fiscal year and shall continue to be provided through the life of the bonds.

The District has covenanted that it will take all necessary steps to comply with the requirement that rebatable arbitrage earnings on the investment of the gross proceeds of the Bonds be rebated to the federal government, within the meaning of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code. The minimum requirement for determination of the rebatable amount is on the five-year anniversary of each issue.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes.

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,081,590 and the bank balances were \$1,117,697. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk at year-end.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits (Continued)

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at July 31, 2021, as listed below:

	 Cash	 ertificates f Deposit	 Total
GENERAL FUND	\$ 93,087	\$ 730,975	\$ 824,062
DEBT SERVICE FUND	8,581	248,273	256,854
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 674	 	 674
TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$ 102,342	\$ 979,248	\$ 1,081,590

Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest. This policy is reviewed annually. The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust ("Texas CLASS"), an external public funds investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Public Trust Advisors, LLC serves as the pool's administrator and investment advisor. The pool is subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees and its Advisory Board. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. serves as custodian for the pool. Investments held by Texas CLASS are priced to market on a weekly basis. The investments are considered to be Level I investments because their fair value

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

is measured by quoted prices in active markets. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from Texas CLASS.

The District invests in LOGIC (Local Government Investment Cooperative), an external public fund investment pool that is not SEC-registered. LOGIC is organized and existing as a business trust under the laws of the State of Texas with all participant funds and all investment assets held and managed in trust by a Board of Trustees for the benefit of the participants. Hilltop Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. serve as co-administrators of the pool. LOGIC measures all of its portfolio assets at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from LOGIC. The District measures its investments in LOGIC at amortized cost. Certificates of deposits are recorded at acquisition cost.

			Matu	urities in Years
Fund and				Less Than
Investment Type]	Fair Value	1 Year	
GENERAL FUND				
Texas CLASS	\$	3,084,336	\$	3,084,336
LOGIC		3,902,552		3,902,552
Certificates of Deposit		730,975		730,975
DEBT SERVICE FUND				
Texas CLASS		5,632,533		5,632,533
LOGIC		6,555,794		6,555,794
Certificate of Deposit		248,273		248,273
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND				
Texas CLASS		595,507		595,507
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$	20,749,970	\$	20,749,970

As of July 31, 2021, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS and LOGIC are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The District also manages credit risk by typically investing in certificates of deposit with balances below FDIC insurance coverage or those which are covered by securities pledged for balances in excess of FDIC insurance coverage.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District considers the investments in Texas CLASS and LOGIC to have maturities of less than one year due to the fact the share positions can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the District, unless there have been significant changes in values. The District also manages interest rate risk by investing in certificates of deposit with maturities of three years or less.

<u>Restrictions</u> - All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding bonds. All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for the purchase of capital assets.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	August 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	July 31, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 9,116,434	\$ 170,801	\$	\$ 9,287,235
Construction in Progress	1,294,631	1,400,299	1,419,570	1,275,360
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	\$ 10,411,065	\$ 1,571,100	\$ 1,419,570	\$ 10,562,595
Capital Assets Subject				
to Depreciation				
Roads and Improvements	\$ 62,052,321	\$ 613,118	\$	\$ 62,665,439
Water and Wastewater Systems	28,351,799	102 224		28,351,799
Drainage System	13,687,011	193,334		13,880,345
Vehicles and Equipment Recreational Facilities	817,111	82,158 530,960		899,269 530,960
		550,900		530,900
Total Capital Assets	© 104 000 040	© 1 410 570	Γ O	@ 10C 227 812
Subject to Depreciation	\$ 104,908,242	<u>\$ 1,419,570</u>	\$ -0-	\$ 106,327,812
Less Accumulated Depreciation	Ф 10 7 4 4 50 7	Ф 1 400 7 05	Φ	the section of the section o
Roads and Improvements	\$ 10,744,597 5 480 464	\$ 1,489,705 722,072	\$	\$ 12,234,302
Water and Wastewater Systems Drainage System	5,489,464 1,440,043	733,972 307,358		6,223,436 1,747,401
Vehicles and Equipment	206,785	143,828		350,613
Recreational Facilities	200,705	6,853		6,853
		0,000		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 17,880,889	\$ 2,681,716	\$ - 0 -	\$ 20,562,605
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 87,027,353	\$ (1,262,146)	\$ -0-	\$ 85,765,207
-		<u>· () ·) · ·)</u>	<u> </u>	
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 97,438,418	\$ 308,954	\$ 1,419,570	\$ 96,327,802
Depreciation	\$ 97,430,410	φ <u>508,954</u>	φ 1, 4 19,370	\$ 90,327,802

Capital asset activity for the year ended July 31, 2021 is as follows:

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible asset activity for the year ended July 31, 2021 is as follows:

	August 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	July 31, 2021
Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization				
Infrastructure Conveyed to Mustang	\$ 33,090,458	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 33,090,458
Less Accumulated Amortization Infrastructure Conveyed to Mustang	\$ 10,264,150	\$ 950,948	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	\$ 11,215,098
Total Intangible Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization	<u>\$ 22,826,308</u>	<u>\$ (950,948)</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 21,875,360</u>

NOTE 7. MAINTENANCE TAX

On November 7, 2000, voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a maintenance tax in an unlimited amount per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. The maintenance tax is for maintaining, repairing and operating all necessary facilities of the District and for other operational and administrative costs authorized by the Texas Water Code. During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax rate of \$0.290 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$4,356,314 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,502,177,370 for the 2020 tax year.

NOTE 8. CONTRACT TAX

On January 20, 2001, the voters within the District approved the levy and collection of an annual contract tax imposed on all taxable property within the boundaries of the District at an unlimited amount per \$100 of assessed valuation for purposes of making payments pursuant to the Upper Trinity Regional Water District Regional Treated Water System Participating Customer Contract and Upper Trinity Regional Water District Northeast Regional Water Reclamation System Participating Customer Contract (the "Contracts") relating to the allocation and cost of water supply and wastewater treatment capacity and service from Upper Trinity Regional Water District. By Order dated December 8, 2008, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality approved the levy of a contract tax by the District in a sufficient amount to make payments related to the Contracts (see Notes 9 and 10). During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021, the District levied a contract tax rate of \$0.065 per \$100 assessed valuation which resulted in a tax levy of \$976,416 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,502,177,370 for the 2020 tax year.

NOTE 9. WATER SUPPLY AGREEMENT

<u>Upper Trinity Regional Water District Regional Treated Water System Participating</u> <u>Customer Contract</u>

On August 29, 2001, District executed an agreement with the Upper Trinity Regional Water District (the "UTRWD") to provide treated water to the District as a Participating Customer of the UTRWD for a service area that includes the District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Amendments to Participating Customer Contract were executed on September 6, 2001, April 1, 2004, May 18, 2006, September 3, 2009, and February 1, 2018 respectively. The UTRWD has agreed to use its best efforts to build the facilities called for in this agreement and to issue debt to fund the cost of the facilities to serve the District.

The UTRWD is governed by a Board of directors that are appointed by the governing bodies of members and by the County. The District, as a Participating Customer, is not entitled to appoint a representative to the Board; however, the District will be represented by a Board member serving Denton County at-large.

Pursuant to the Third Amendment, the supply of water on a minimum demand decreased from 3.0 to 2.4 million gallons of water per day (MGD). The District is required to take or pay for the minimum amount of water to assure adequate funds to the UTRWD to fulfill its obligations under the contract. If daily demand is exceeded, the daily demand minimum will be increased by 100,000-gallon increments, per the UTRWD policy. Payments are comprised of three components including an Operation and Maintenance Component, a Capital Component and a special reserve for operation and maintenance cost of the system. Annual budgets are prepared for the system. The District pays its part of the annual requirement in monthly installments.

In accordance with the contract, the District was required to pay an Equity Fee on the initial 1.0 MGD to the UTRWD in the amount of \$139,171. Per the Second Amendment increase of 2.0 MGD, the District was required to pay an additional equity fee in the amount of \$333,500. The UTRWD established the Equity Fee to be paid by customers who contract for capacity in the Regional Treated Water System to help repurchase that portion of the system that was originally funded though the State Participation Program.

Pursuant to the Interlocal Agreement For Property Transfer And Allocation of Water And Wastewater Service Areas (the "Mustang Agreement"), effective February 1, 2018, the District entered into an amendment to the Water Contract that assigned to Mustang the rights to 1,580,000 gpd of treated water. Such treated water supply was sufficient to serve existing connections in Savannah and lots currently under development for 256 acres in Arrowbrooke. In addition to the 1,580,000 gpd of treated water. Such additional subscription to treated water supply is sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development water supply is sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development within all of Savannah and all of Arrowbrooke, including the 154 acres that were part of the Mustang Non-Standard Contract. Per the Fifth Amendment the District retained 820,000 gpd of treated water of the original 2,400,000 gpd subscription under the Water Contract to serve the Artesia

NOTE 9. WATER SUPPLY AGREEMENT (Continued)

<u>Upper Trinity Regional Water District Regional Treated Water System Participating</u> <u>Customer Contract</u> (Continued)

Development. Subsequently, on or about June 19, 2020, the District and UTRWD agreed to increase the treated water subscription by 200,000 gpd, resulting in a total current subscription of 1,020,000 gpd to serve the Artesia Development.

Effective October 1, 2021, the District is required to pay an annual Demand Charge (as defined in the Water Contract) of \$465,055 per million gpd, and a monthly Volume Charge (as defined in the Contract) of \$1.34 per 1,000 gallons used for treated water.

NOTE 10. SEWAGE TREATMENT SERVICE AGREEMENT

<u>Upper Trinity Regional Water District Northeast Regional Water Reclamation System</u> <u>Participating Customer Contract</u>

On August 29, 2001, the District executed an agreement with the Upper Trinity Regional Water District (the "UTRWD") to provide wastewater treatment service to the District as a Participating Customer of the UTRWD, as well as a service area that includes the District. Subsequently, on May 1, 2003, the parties executed an Amended and Restated Participating Customer Contract for the same purpose. This Amended and Restated agreement was amended on May 1, 2003, May 15, 2008, December 16, 2010, November 19, 2015 and February 1, 2018. The UTRWD has agreed to use its best efforts to build the facilities called for in this agreement and to issue debt, if necessary, to fund the cost of the facilities.

The UTRWD is governed by a Board of directors that are appointed by the governing bodies of members and by the County. The District as a Participating Customer, is not entitled to appoint a representative to the Board; however, the District will be represented by a Board member serving Denton County at-large.

The District's Developer advanced monies on behalf of the District to the UTRWD for the District's share of the construction cost of the Riverbend Wastewater Treatment Plant. The construction of the Riverbend Plant was completed in two phases. After completion of the first phase the District was entitled to wastewater capacity of 0.05 MGD on a minimum flow basis and 0.11 MGD for average annual flow. After completion of the second phase the District was entitled to wastewater capacity of 0.10 MGD on a minimum flow basis and 0.36 MGD for average annual flow. Pursuant to the December 16, 2010 Amendment, the District was entitled to 0.07 MGD minimum flow basis of wastewater, whether or not the District is required to pay based on the minimum flow basis of wastewater, whether or not the UTRWD to fulfill its obligations under the contract. Payments are comprised of three components including an Operation and Maintenance Component, a Capital Component and a special reserve for operation and maintenance cost of the system. Annual budgets are prepared for the system. The District pays its part of the annual requirement in monthly installments.

NOTE 10. SEWAGE TREATMENT SERVICE AGREEMENT (Continued)

Upper Trinity Regional Water District Northeast Regional Water Reclamation System Participating Customer Contract (Continued)

Effective May 15, 2008, the District subscribed to the expansion of the Doe Branch Plant. After completion, the District is entitled to 0.01 MGD on a minimum flow basis. The November 19, 2015 amendment increased the District's subscribed capacity from 0.10 MGD to 0.135 MGD. Subscription in the Doe Branch Plant is in addition to the District's existing subscribed capacity in the Riverbend Plant. Therefore, the total existing subscribed capacity in both plants was 0.6825 MGD.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, effective February 1, 2018, the District entered into an amendment to the Sewer Contract that assigned to Mustang the subscription rights to 0.5265 MGD of treatment capacity. Such subscribed capacity was sufficient to serve existing connections in Savannah and lots currently under development in Arrowbrooke. In addition to the 0.5265 MGD of treatment capacity transferred to Mustang, Mustang also has additional subscribed rights of 1.010 MGD of treatment capacity. Such additional subscription to treatment capacity is sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development within all of Savannah and all of Arrowbrooke.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District retained 0.1560 MGD of treatment capacity of the original 0.6825 MGD of treatment capacity under the Sewer Contract to serve the Artesia Development. Such treatment capacity is entirely contained in the Doe Branch Plant. Further, on or about July 1, 2018, the District executed an amendment to the Sewer Contract that increased the District's subscribed treatment capacity in the Doe Branch plant to a total of 0.3650 MGD of treatment capacity shall be part of the Doe Branch expansion. As a result, the District believes it has treatment capacity sufficient to serve connections on all developed lots and lots currently under development within Artesia.

Effective October 1, 2021, the District is required to pay an annual Joint Facilities Capital Charge of \$42,915, annual fixed operation and maintenance costs of \$589,650 per million gpd payable in equal monthly installments, and a monthly Volume Charge of \$1.34 per 1,000 gallons used for wastewater treatment.

NOTE 11. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT

On June of 2002, the District approved a Water Service Agreement and a Sewer Service Agreement with Mustang Water Supply Corporation, now known as Mustang Special Utility District ("Mustang"). At that time, the District held Certificates of Convenience and Necessity Nos. 13021 and 20923 ("CCN") to provide retail water and wastewater services to certain areas within Denton County, Texas, in which area the District is located.

NOTE 11. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT (Continued)

Effective October 1, 2007, the District entered into a Merged, Amended and Restated Agreement Relating to Water and Sanitary Sewer Service with Mustang. The purpose of this agreement was to merge, amend and restate the original agreements with Mustang to (1) facilitate the provisions of wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services to the District by the UTRWD, see Notes 9 and 10, (2) facilitate the provision of retail water supply and distribution service and wastewater collection and treatment service by the District within the District service area, and (3) establish the terms and provisions by which Mustang would operate and maintain the District's water and sanitary sewer facilities located within the District's service area, and provide for compensation for such services.

During the term of this agreement, Mustang agreed to perform the schedule of services as outlined in Exhibit "B" of the agreement. Mustang was responsible for the monthly meter reading and billing of each customer of the District. Mustang collected the amounts due the District for water and wastewater services and remitted the funds collected on behalf of the District at least once per month. In addition, Mustang billed and collected for solid waste collection from each District customer.

Compensation to Mustang for Exhibit "B" services will be based on an annual operations and maintenance budget beginning October 1 and ending September 30. The costs contained in the annual budget will be categorized as follows: 1.) Mustang only costs; 2.) District only costs; 3.) shared costs which are allocated based on the District's pro rata share of connections; and 4.) indirect shared administration costs, of which 20% will be allocated to the districts Mustang is providing service to. The District will be invoiced for actual costs plus a 15% overhead charge. The summation of categories 2 through 4 above plus a 15% charge will be allocated to the District. The number of District connections will be determined monthly and the District's pro rata share of costs for the upcoming month will be adjusted accordingly. In addition, the District will pay Mustang 30% of any disconnection, re-connection and return check fees charged by the District.

For other services provided by Mustang for installations, maintenance or repair of the District's system not listed on Exhibit "B", the District will pay for such costs based upon Mustang's actual and direct expenses. Mustang may add a 15% overhead charge to its actual and direct expenses for these services. The District will pay for such services within 30 days from the date of the invoice.

Pursuant to the agreements entered into between the District and Mustang in June of 2002 and October 1, 2007, Mustang agreed that the District would provide retail water and sewer service to approximately 849 acres within the Mustang Service Area. The District subsequently secured CCNs to provide retail water and sewer service to that area which includes Savannah and portions of Arrowbrooke ("District West Service Area"), as well as the portion of the District being developed as Artesia ("District East Service Area"). Although the District West Service Area is included within the Mustang Service Area, the District East Service Area is not within the Mustang Service area of any other retail service provider. The District has provided retail utility services to its District West Service Area since late 2003.

NOTE 11. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT (Continued)

On or about October 9, 2017, the District and Mustang executed an Interlocal Agreement For Property Transfer And Allocation of Water And Wastewater Service Areas (the "Mustang Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties agree that upon the approval of the Mustang Agreement (the "Approval Date") by the Public Utility Commission (the "PUC"), Mustang shall be the sole retail provider of retail water and wastewater services to the area within the District West Service Area, and all customers within such areas shall become retail customers of Mustang. The Mustang Agreement was approved by Upper Trinity Regional Water District ("Upper Trinity") on December 7, 2017. On or about August 3, 2018, the District filed the necessary application with the PUC to remove the District's West Service Area from the District's certificates of convenience and necessity and obtained approval of the Mustang Agreement. On or about April 25, 2019, the PUC approved such application.

Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District's existing and proposed retail water and wastewater facilities and improvements that serve or will serve the District's West Service Area were transferred to Mustang; and the District's service and capacity rights and payment obligations pertaining to the District's West Service Area under certain Upper Trinity Contracts were assigned to Mustang. The Mustang Agreement did not relieve the District from any obligation it may have to acquire, construct, and reimburse the cost of internal water distribution, sanitary collection, and drainage lines and facilities pursuant to reimbursement agreements with developers or owners of land within Savannah and Arrowbrooke. However, with regard to Arrowbrooke, Mustang assumed the reimbursement obligation of the District for funds advanced for 105,000 gpd of capacity in the Upper Trinity Doe Branch wastewater treatment plant.

As partial consideration for the transfer of facilities and improvements, assignment of Upper Trinity Contract rights, and other agreements by the District, Mustang agreed to make certain payments to compensate the District. During the period between the December 7, 2017, and the date of approval from the PUC, Mustang made payments to the District equivalent to the net revenues (after payment of the Upper Trinity Contract charges) it would have received under the prior agreements with Mustang as if the District were continuing to serve as the retail provider. After the Approval Date, Mustang was to make monthly residual payments to the District until June 1, 2023, from net revenues generated from retail customers within Savannah, as calculated pursuant to the Mustang Agreement. As further consideration for such transfer and assignment, Mustang agreed to: provide water service to District meters at Mustang's actual costs; maintain certain limitations on service rate increases to customers within the District West Service Area; and provide for billing and collection for solid waste services provided within the District West Service Area.

The District entered into a Non-Standard Service Contract, dated on or about August 15, 2013 ("Mustang Non-Standard Contract") with Mustang and 166 Bryan Road Partners, L.P., predecessor in interest to Development Solutions, regarding the financing and construction of water and sanitary sewer facilities to serve approximately 154 acres within the District being developed as the remaining portion of Arrowbrooke and located within the Mustang Service Area. The initial approximately 256 acres of the Arrowbrooke development is located within the

NOTE 11. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT (Continued)

District West Service Area and is not subject to the Mustang Non-Standard Contract. Pursuant to the Mustang Non-Standard Contract, the District did or shall construct facilities to serve this tract with funds advanced by Development Solutions and convey such facilities to Mustang which will serve as the retail water and sewer provider for customers residing within the 154 acres. The District retained the obligation to issue bonds to reimburse Development Solutions for funds advance for construction of these facilities upon certain terms and conditions.

On or about October 15, 2020, the District and Mustang mutually agreed to end the residual payment portion of the Mustang Agreement as of the October 15, 2020 date, due to the UTRWD capacity payments and Mustang operation costs exceeding the revenue generated from customers. Pursuant to the Mustang Agreement, the District agreed to transfer the rights and obligations under the UTRWD Water Supply and Sewer Treatment Participating Contracts (the "UTRWD Contracts") (see Note 9 and Note 10) for the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments to Mustang. Under the Mustang Agreement, Mustang assumed the right to the delivery of wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services from Upper Trinity for the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments and Mustang assumed the payment obligations under the Contracts for the Savannah and Arrowbrooke developments. Furthermore, under the Mustang Agreement, the District retained the right to the delivery of wholesale water supply and wastewater treatment services from Upper Trinity for the District's East Service Area, which is made up of the Artesia development and the District retained the payment obligations under the Contracts for the Artesia development. The District remains the retail provider of water and wastewater services to the Artesia Development under CCN Nos. 13021 and 20923.

From June of 2015 to June of 2021, the District contracted with Arcadia Water Company, LLC to provide operation and maintenance services to the District's water and sanitary sewer facilities located within the Artesia development. On or about June 21, 2021, the District entered into an Interlocal Agreement for Public Works and Utility Billing with the City of Celina which established the terms by which Celina would operate and maintain the District's water and sanitary sewer facilities located within the Artesia development.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant changes in coverage from the prior year and there have been no settlements of claims in the past three years.

NOTE 13. UNREIMBURSED COSTS

Financing agreements between the Developers and the District call for the Developers to fund costs associated with the construction of water, sewer, and drainage facilities and roads. Reimbursement to the Developers will come from future bond sales.

NOTE 14. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT - TOWN OF PROSPER

Effective March 28, 2012, the District entered into Strategic Partnership Agreements with the Town of Prosper, Texas ("Town"). The agreements provide for the limited purpose annexation of three tracts of land within the District. The Town will impose a sales and use tax within the boundaries of tracts one, two and three at the rate of 2% on the receipts from the sale and use at retail of taxable items or the rate specified under future amendments to Chapter 321 of the Tax Code. The Town and the District agree to share equally the 1% sales and use tax revenues remaining subsequent to payment of the other 1% sales and use tax revenues to the Prosper Economic Development Corporation and Town property tax relief as required by state law. The Town will deliver the District's portion of the sales and use tax revenues within 30 days of the Town's receipt of the sales report from the Comptroller. The Town agrees it will not annex all or part of the District during the term of the agreements. The term of the agreements are 15 years from the effective date of the agreements and may be extended thereafter at the sole discretion of the Town for up to two consecutive terms of 15 years. During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021, the District received sales tax revenues of \$40,668.

NOTE 15. AGREEMENTS WITH THE TOWN OF LITTLE ELM, TEXAS

Effective November 16, 2005, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the Town of Little Elm, Texas ("Town"). The agreement provides for the limited purpose annexation of certain tracts of land ("Limited Purpose Property") within the District, as described in Exhibit A to the agreement. The Town may impose a sales and use tax on all eligible commercial activities within the Limited Purpose Property pursuant to Chapter 321 of the Tax Code. The Town will retain the sales and use tax revenues collected on the Limited Purpose Property and will not be responsible for providing any municipal services to the Limited Purpose Property. The term of this agreement is 50 years from the effective date of the agreement, provided, however, the agreement would terminate should the Town annex the Limited Purpose Property for full purposes or disannex the Limited Purpose Property during the term of this agreement.

On November 16, 2005, the District entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the Town, in which the Town released its extraterritorial jurisdiction on all land within the District except for the Limited Purpose Property. This agreement is coterminous with the District's Strategic Partnership Agreement with the Town.

On or about June 19, 2018, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the Town of Little Elm pursuant to which the Town of Little Elm annexed for limited purposes a tract of land consisting of approximately 1.615 acres of property located to the west and adjacent to Arrowbrooke. Under this limited purposes annexation, the District agreed to construct portions of Winn Ridge Boulevard on the tract, with the Town of Little Elm accepting the constructed road for maintenance and operation purposes, including the exercise of its police powers. The term of this Strategic Partnership Agreement runs until the property is disannexed or annexed for full purposes.

NOTE 16. FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES AGREEMENT

The District, Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 8-A, Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 8-B, Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 9 (subsequently incorporated as the Town of Providence Village), Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10, Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 11-A, Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 11-B and Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 11-C have entered into a Fire Protection Services Agreement with the City of Aubrey, Texas (the "City"). The City agrees to provide fire protection services to persons, buildings and property located within the participating districts, including land added to the districts by annexation, in the same manner and to the same extent as it would within the City. The participating districts agree to make monthly payments to the City based on the number of full-time-equivalent employees determined necessary to staff the fire station. Under this agreement, each district's share of costs will be based on the number of connections within such district in proportion to the total number of connections within the districts. The number of connections is to be reassessed on at least a quarterly basis. The term of this agreement is ten years. The Fire Protection Services Agreement was further amended to extend the term to 15 years and to provide the District, beginning January 1, 2018, an option to exclude a defined portion of the area within its boundaries from service (and corresponding payment obligations) under this Agreement. The Fire Protection Services Agreement was further amended to extend the term to 18 years, so that the term is extended to December 31, 2025.

NOTE 17. LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

Under Section 49.216, Texas Water Code, the District may contract for or employ its own peace officers. Pursuant to approval granted by the Texas Commission of Law Enforcement ("TCOLE"), at a publicly held Board meeting on February 15, 2018, the District's Board of Directors adopted a resolution authorizing the formation of the District Police Department to provide law enforcement services to the District. The District Police Department is funded through the collection of water and sewer operation revenues. The District Police Department became fully operational January of 2019 and is responsible for providing full law enforcement services including emergency response.

NOTE 18. ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTIES

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a global pandemic. Since that time, the District has not experienced any decrease in property values, unusual tax delinquencies, or interruptions to service as a result of COVID-19. The District will continue to carefully monitor the situation and evaluate the financial statement impact, if any, that results from the pandemic.

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District provides retirement for all of its full and part-time non-temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of approximately 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available on the TCDRS website (www.tcdrs.org).

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing the TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service, regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the District.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credit. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the District within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic cost-of-living adjustments. Each year the District may elect an ad hoc cost-of-living adjustment for its retirees (if any).

As of the plan measurement date of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active employees	18

Contributions

The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for plan year 2020 was 7.00%.

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The following table summarize the actuarial assumptions used.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method Smoothing period Recognition method Corridor	5 years Non-asymptotic None
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	7.60% (Gross of administrative expenses)
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for the District are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments included in the funding valuation.
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Depletion of Plan Assets/ GASB Discount Rate

The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1) The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2) The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1) TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2) Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Depletion of Plan Assets/ GASB Discount Rate (Continued)

- 3) The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4) An increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes.

Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 10-year time horizon. Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in March, 2021.

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation)
US Equities	11.50 %	4.25 %
Global Equities	2.50	4.55
International Equities-Developed Markets	5.00	4.25
International Equities-Emerging Markets	6.00	4.75
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00	(0.85)
Strategic Credit	9.00	2.11
Direct Lending	16.00	6.70
Distressed Debt	4.00	5.70
REIT Equities	2.00	3.45
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.00	5.10
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00	4.90
Private Equity	25.00	7.25
Hedge Funds	6.00	1.85
Cash Equivalents	2.00	(0.70)
	100.00 %	

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	6.60%		7.60%		8.60%	
Total Pension Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$	543,550 438,757	\$	458,281 438,757	\$	389,569 438,757
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	<u>\$</u>	104,793	\$	19,524	\$	(49,188)

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension liability/(asset)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the measurement date December 31, 2020 are as follows:

—	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Pla	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension pility/(Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances of December 31, 2019	\$	195,095	\$	196,603	\$	(1,508)
Changes for the year:						
Service Costs		191,928				191,928
Interest on total pension liability		30,740				30,740
Effect of economic/demographic						
gains or losses		20,086				20,086
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		35,776				35,776
Refund of contributions		(13,747)		(13,747)		
Benefit payments		(1,597)		(1,597)		
Administrative Expense				(321)		321
Member contributions				105,127		(105,127)
Net investment income				20,750		(20,750)
Employer contributions				125,551		(125,551)
Other				6,391		(6,391)
Balances of December 31, 2020	\$	458,281	\$	438,757	\$	19,524

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

As of the most recent measurement date of December 31, 2020, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources			Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,177	\$	83,106 31,304	
Differences between projected and actual earnings				6,394	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date				78,670	
Total	\$	1,177	\$	199,474	

NOTE 19. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date total \$78,670. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense/(income) as follows:

Year ended December 31:					
2021	\$	16,916			
2022		16,918			
2023		16,783			
2024		15,801			
2025		15,006			
Thereafter		38,203			

NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENT – BOND SALE

On or about December 21, 2021, the District anticipates closing on the sale of its \$12,270,000 Series 2021 Unlimited Tax Bonds. Proceeds from the bond sale will be used to purchase or construct the following: water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities serving ArrowBrooke, Phases 3-B, 4-B, 6, and 4-B Lift Station; North American Equity Addition; Savannah Town Center; Administration Building; and related engineering and testing costs. Additional proceeds will be used to pay for developer interest and bond issuance costs.

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DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JULY 31, 2021

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Amended and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property Taxes Water Service Wastewater Service	\$ 5,381,770 2,615,700 1,735,230	\$ 5,206,800 1,852,250 1,029,350	\$ 5,320,488 1,787,650 1,001,385	\$ 113,688 (64,600) (27,965)	
Fire Protection Services Solid Waste Services Permit Revenues Easement and Franchise Revenues Sales Tax Revenues Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	$\begin{array}{r} 806,290\\ 1,039,690\\ 67,600\\ 491,120\\ 32,420\\ 105,720\end{array}$	$806,290 \\ 1,039,690 \\ 47,220 \\ 467,620 \\ 38,490 \\ 74,190$	877,604 1,145,084 43,991 510,975 40,668 72,369	71,314 105,394 (3,229) 43,355 2,178 (1,821)	
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 12,275,540</u>	\$ 10,561,900	\$ 10,800,214	\$ 238,314	
EXPENDITURES Service Operations:					
Personnel Professional Fees Contracted Services Police Department Purchased Water Service Purchased Wastewater Service Repairs and Maintenance Other Capital Outlay/Developer Reimbursement	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} \$ & 303,090 \\ & 394,000 \\ & 3,024,010 \\ & 2,408,410 \\ & 1,717,640 \\ & 1,173,230 \\ & 483,250 \\ & 181,130 \\ & 2,655,790 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccccc} \$ & 305,300 \\ & 410,000 \\ & 2,231,030 \\ & 2,337,230 \\ & 987,340 \\ & 509,690 \\ & 528,840 \\ & 189,980 \\ & 2,737,010 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} \$ & 325,161 \\ & 379,661 \\ & 2,254,623 \\ & 2,318,336 \\ & 901,317 \\ & 520,697 \\ & 537,384 \\ & 136,946 \\ & 1,883,492 \end{array}$	\$ (19,861) 30,339 (23,593) 18,894 86,023 (11,007) (8,544) 53,034 853,518	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 12,340,550</u>	<u>\$ 10,236,420</u>	<u>\$ 9,257,617</u>	<u>\$ 978,803</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE - AUGUST 1, 2020	\$ (65,010) 6,242,000	\$ 325,480 <u>6,242,000</u>	\$ 1,542,597 <u>6,242,000</u>	\$ 1,217,117	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 31, 2021	\$ 6,176,990	\$ 6,567,480	<u>\$ 7,784,597</u>	\$ 1,217,117	

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JULY 30, 2021

	Year Ended December 31 2020 2019 2018					2018
Total Pension Liability		2020		2019		2018
Service Cost	\$	191,929	\$	83,735	\$	20,950
Interest on total pension liability	Ψ	30,740	Ψ	8,481	Ψ	1,697
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		35,776		0,101		1,057
Effect of economic/demographic		20,,,,0				
(gains) or losses		20,086		81,913		(1,681)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(15,346)				
Net change in total pension liability	\$	263,185	\$	174,129	\$	20,966
Total pension liability, beginning		195,095		20,966	_	-0-
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	458,280	\$	195,095	\$	20,966
Fiduciary Net Position						
Employer contributions	\$	125,551	\$	89,095	\$	12,401
Member contributions		105,126		74,601		10,384
Investment income net of						
investment expenses		20,750		3,726		254
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(15,344)		(150)		(10)
Administrative Expense		(321)		(150)		(19)
Other		6,391		5,632		679
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	242,153	\$	172,904	\$	23,699
Fiduciary net position, beginning		196,603		23,699		-0-
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	438,756	\$	196,603	\$	23,699
Net pension liability/(asset), ending = $(a) - (b)$	\$	19,524	\$	(1,508)	\$	(2,733)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage		05 740/		100 770/		112 040/
of total pension liability		95.74%		100.77%		113.04%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	1,501,807	\$	1,065,731	\$	148,339
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of						
covered payroll		1.30%		(0.14%)		(1.84%)
1 2						

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS JULY 31, 2021

Year Ending December 31	Actuaria Determin Contribut	ned E	Actual Employer ontribution	De	ntribution ficiency Excess)	Pensionab Covered Payroll ⁽¹	as a Percentage of
2018 2019 2020	\$ 12,4 \$ 89,0 \$ 122,9	095 \$	12,401 89,095 125,551	\$ \$ \$	- 0 - - 0 - (2,553)	\$ 148,33 \$ 1,065,73 \$ 1,501,80	31 8.4%

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	20.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2020 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale of 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected. 2019: New mortality, inflation and other assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2018, 2019, 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

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DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE

JULY 31, 2021

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

a. SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DISTRICT DURING THE FISCAL YEAR:

Х	Retail Water		Wholesale Water	Х	Drainage
Х	Retail Wastewater		Wholesale Wastewater		Irrigation
Х	Parks/Recreation	Х	Fire Protection	Х	Security
Х	Solid Waste/Garbage	Х	Flood Control	Х	Roads
	Participates in joint venture	, regional	system and/or wastewater s	service (other than
Х	emergency interconnect)				

2. **RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS**

a. RETAIL RATES FOR A 5/8" METER (OR EQUIVALENT):

Based on the rate order dated November 19, 2020.

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1,000 Gallons over Minimum Use	Usage Levels
WATER:	\$ 22.77	-0-	Ν	\$ 3.00 \$ 4.00 \$ 5.00	0,001 to 5,000 5,001 to 10,000 10,001 and up
WASTEWATER: (includes trash)	\$ 49.30 \$ 51.30 \$ 54.30	5,000 5,000 to 10,000 Over 10,000	Y Y Y		
SURCHARGE: Fire Protection Services Fee TCEQ Assessments District employs wint	\$13.95 per resider 0.5% of actual wa and sewer bill eer averaging for wa	iter			Yes No

Total monthly charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water: \$57.77, Wastewater: \$51.30 Surcharge: \$14.50*

* As of October 15, 2020, residents of Savannah and Arrowbrooke became subject to Mustang SUD's rate order and corresponding rates.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

2. **RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS** (Continued)

b. WATER AND WASTEWATER RETAIL CONNECTIONS: (Unaudited)

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFCs
Unmetered			x 1.0	
<u><</u> ³ / ₄ "	4,315	4,315	x 1.0	4,315
1"	22	22	x 2.5	55
11/2"	4	4	x 5.0	20
2"	54	54	x 8.0	432
3"			x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water Connections	4,395	4,395		4,822
Total Wastewater Connections	4,408	4,382	x 1.0	4,382

3. TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST THOUSAND: (Unaudited)

Gallons billed to customers: 433,387,000

Note: The District purchases all of its water from the Upper Trinity Regional Water District. Certain customers are served by Mustang while other customers are served by the District. See Notes 9, 10, and 11 for further information.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

4.	STANDBY FEES (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):										
	Does the District have Debt Service standby fees? Yes	No <u>X</u>									
	Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees? Yes	No <u>X</u>									
5.	LOCATION OF DISTRICT:										
	Is the District located entirely within one county?										
	Yes X No										
	County in which District is located:										
	Denton County, Texas										
	Is the District located within a city?										
	Entirely Partly Not at all _X										
	Is the District located within a city's extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ)?										
	Entirely PartlyX Not at all										
	ETJ's in which District is located:										
	Town of Little Elm, Texas Town of Prosper, Texas City of Aubrey, Texas										
	Are Board Members appointed by an office outside the District?										
	Yes NoX										

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

PERSONNEL	\$	325,161
PROFESSIONAL FEES: Auditing and Developer Reimbursements Engineering Legal	\$	43,000 157,939 178,722
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES	\$	379,661
PURCHASED SERVICES FOR RESALE: Purchased Water Service Purchased Wastewater Service	\$	901,317 520,697
TOTAL PURCHASED SERVICES FOR RESALE	\$	1,422,014
CONTRACTED SERVICES: Operations and Billing Solid Waste Disposal Fire Fighting Tax Collector	\$	466,815 1,033,128 748,848 5,832
TOTAL CONTRACTED SERVICES	\$	2,254,623
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$	537,384
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES: Director Fees, Including Payroll Taxes Insurance Website, Meetings, Software and Other	\$	15,187 13,976 <u>33,649</u>
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	62,812
CAPITAL OUTLAY	\$	1,851,842
POLICE DEPARTMENT	<u>\$</u>	2,318,336
OTHER EXPENDITURES: Laboratory Fees Permit Fees Developer Interest Utilities Tap Connection Costs	\$	4,698 8,901 31,650 35,327 25,208
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	\$	105,784
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	9,257,617

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 INVESTMENTS JULY 31, 2021

Funds	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year	Accrued Interest Receivable at End of Year
CENEDAL ELINID					
<u>GENERAL FUND</u> Texas CLASS	XXXX0003	Varies	Daily	\$ 151,120	\$
Texas CLASS	XXXX0005 XXXX0006	Varies	Daily	2,664,376	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0000 XXXX0012	Varies	Daily	45,777	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0012 XXXX0013	Varies	Daily	51,881	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0013 XXXX0014	Varies	Daily	36,748	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0014 XXXX0019	Varies	Daily	134,434	
LOGIC	XXXX9001	Varies	Daily	3,902,552	
Certificate of Deposit	XXXX4667	0.75%	10/31/21	245,029	
Certificate of Deposit	XXXX0890	0.75%	10/31/21	245,029 245,946	
Certificate of Deposit	XXXX6764	0.33%	10/31/21	240,000	
Certificate of Deposit	ΛΛΛΛ0/04	0.40%	11/03/21	240,000	/03
TOTAL GENERAL FUND				\$ 7,717,863	\$ 3,073
DEBT SERVICE FUND					
Texas CLASS	XXXX0001	Varies	Daily	\$ 2,512,038	\$
Texas CLASS	XXXX0002	Varies	Daily	3,120,495	
LOGIC	XXXX9002	Varies	Daily	2,901,745	
LOGIC	XXXX9003	Varies	Daily	3,654,049	
Certificate of Deposit	XXXX1711	2.47%	03/30/22	248,273	1,527
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND				\$ 12,436,600	\$ 1,527
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND					
Texas CLASS	XXXX0007	Varies	Daily	\$ 40,398	\$
Texas CLASS	XXXX0009	Varies	Daily	56,970	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0018	Varies	Daily	191,785	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0020	Varies	Daily	245,231	
Texas CLASS	XXXX0021	Varies	Daily	61,123	
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS F	UND			<u>\$</u> 595,507	\$ -0-
TOTAL				\$ 20,749,970	\$ 4,600

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

	Maintena	intenance Taxes Contract Taxes				Debt Service Taxes			
TAXES RECEIVABLE - AUGUST 1, 2020 Adjustments to Beginning Balance	\$ 16,422 (462)	\$ 15,960	\$ 8,219 (167)	\$ 8,052	\$ 72,901 (1,847)	\$ 71,054			
Original 2020 Tax Levy	\$ 4,296,398		\$ 962,986		\$ 9,037,251				
Adjustment to 2020 Tax Levy	59,916	4,356,314	13,430	976,416	126,031	9,163,282			
TOTAL TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR		\$ 4,372,274		\$ 984,468		\$ 9,234,336			
TAX COLLECTIONS: Prior Years Current Year	\$ 9,046 	4,344,706	\$	975,782	\$ 38,221 9,119,837	9,158,058			
TAXES RECEIVABLE - JULY 31, 2021		<u>\$ 27,568</u>		<u>\$ 8,686</u>		<u>\$ 76,278</u>			
TAXES RECEIVABLE BY YEAR: 2020 2019 2018 and prior		\$ 20,654 4,137 <u>2,777</u>		\$ 4,630 1,494 2,562		\$ 43,445 16,548 16,285			
TOTAL		\$ 27,568		\$ 8,686		\$ 76,278			

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

	2020	2019	2018	2017
PROPERTY VALUATIONS: Land Improvements Personal Property Exemptions TOTAL PROPERTY VALUATIONS	\$ 378,167,633 1,165,314,455 11,369,537 (52,674,255) \$ 1,502,177,370	\$ 353,949,411 1,027,999,553 10,841,221 (44,606,120) \$ 1,348,184,065	\$ 328,928,730 842,206,889 9,099,320 (35,802,371) \$ 1,144,432,568	\$ 283,794,163 610,114,714 8,493,692 (29,512,505) \$ 872,890,064
TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION: Debt Service Maintenance Contract	\$ 0.610 0.290 0.065	\$ 0.720 0.180 0.065	\$ 0.730 0.150 0.085	\$ 0.730 0.095 0.145
TOTAL TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION ADJUSTED TAX LEVY*	<u>\$ 0.965</u> \$ 14,496,012	<u>\$ 0.965</u> \$ 13,009,977	<u>\$ 0.965</u> \$ 11,043,774	<u>\$ 0.970</u> \$ 8,467,034
PERCENTAGE OF TAXES COLLECTED TO TAXES LEVIED	99.53 %	99.83 %	<u>99.89</u> %	<u> </u>

* Based upon the adjusted tax levy at the time of the audit for the fiscal year in which the tax was levied.

Maintenance Tax – Maximum tax rate in an unlimited amount per \$100 of assessed valuation approved by voters on November 7, 2000.

	 SERIES-2013						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due eptember 1		nterest Due eptember 1/ March 1		Total		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043	\$ 140,000 145,000 150,000 160,000 170,000 175,000 205,000 205,000 235,000 235,000 260,000 275,000 300,000	\$	$164,212 \\159,044 \\153,325 \\147,124 \\140,313 \\132,872 \\124,881 \\116,209 \\106,831 \\96,856 \\86,125 \\74,625 \\62,500 \\49,750 \\36,375 \\22,250 \\7,500 \\\end{cases}$	\$	304,212 304,044 303,325 307,124 310,313 307,872 309,881 311,209 311,831 311,856 311,125 309,625 312,500 309,750 311,375 312,250 307,500		
2044	 						
	\$ 3,575,000	\$	1,680,792	\$	5,255,792		

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 3

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1/ March 1			Total
2022	\$	380,000	\$	161,050	\$	541,050
2023	•	395,000		149,425	*	544,425
2024		410,000		137,350		547,350
2025		425,000		124,294		549,294
2026		450,000		109,513		559,513
2027		470,000		93,119		563,119
2028		490,000		74,800		564,800
2029		515,000		54,700		569,700
2030		540,000		33,600		573,600
2031		570,000		11,400		581,400
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
	\$	4,645,000	\$	949,251	\$	5,594,251

SERIES-2014 REFUNDING

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1		Se	Interest Due September 1/ March 1		Total
2022	\$	770,000	\$	297,937	\$	1,067,937
2022	Ψ	795,000	Ψ	274,463	Ψ	1,069,463
2024		825,000		250,163		1,075,163
2025		860,000		223,813		1,083,813
2026		895,000		194,175		1,089,175
2027		930,000		161,656		1,091,656
2028		970,000		125,400		1,095,400
2029		1,015,000		85,700		1,100,700
2030		1,060,000		44,200		1,104,200
2031		575,000		11,500		586,500
2032		,		,		,
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
	\$	8,695,000	\$	1,669,007	\$	10,364,007

SERIES-2014 ROAD REFUNDING

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31		Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1/ March 1		Total
2022	\$	300,000	\$	244,531	\$	544,531
2022	Ψ	300,000	Ψ	236,656	Ψ	536,656
2023		300,000		227,656		527,656
2025		300,000		218,656		518,656
2025		300,000		209,656		509,656
2020		300,000		200,656		500,656
2028		300,000		191,656		491,656
2020		300,000		182,656		482,656
2029		300,000		173,656		473,656
2030		300,000		164,656		464,656
2032		475,000		152,439		627,439
2033		500,000		136,594		636,594
2034		500,000		120,344		620,344
2035		525,000		103,360		628,360
2036		525,000		85,314		610,314
2037		525,000		66,937		591,937
2038		550,000		48,125		598,125
2039		550,000		28,875		578,875
2040		550,000		9,625		559,625
2041		,		,		,
2042						
2043						
2044						
	\$	7,700,000	\$	2,802,048	\$	10,502,048

SERIES-2014 ROAD

	SERIES-2015						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31		PrincipalInterest DuDueSeptember 1September 1March 1		ptember 1/		Total	
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043	\$	300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 500,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 800,000 800,000	\$	302,812 296,813 290,437 283,688 276,562 268,687 260,062 251,063 242,062 233,656 221,625 203,750 183,875 163,250 142,250 121,250 99,875 74,500 45,000 15,000	\$	602,812 596,813 590,437 583,688 576,562 568,687 560,062 551,063 542,062 483,656 721,625 803,750 783,875 763,250 742,250 742,250 721,250 699,875 874,500 845,000	
2044	\$	9,450,000	\$	3,976,217	\$	13,426,217	

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 5

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31		Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1/ March 1		Total
2022	\$	320,000	\$	150,363	\$	470,363
2022	Ψ	325,000	Ψ	143,912	Ψ	468,912
2023		335,000		137,313		472,313
2025		345,000		130,512		475,512
2026		345,000		123,397		468,397
2027		355,000		115,738		470,738
2028		370,000		107,119		477,119
2029		380,000		97,506		477,506
2030		385,000		87,225		472,225
2031		430,000		76,019		506,019
2032		600,000		61,106		661,106
2033		605,000		43,031		648,031
2034		615,000		24,731		639,731
2035		175,000		12,881		187,881
2036		170,000		7,706		177,706
2037		165,000		2,578		167,578
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
	\$	5,920,000	\$	1,321,137	\$	7,241,137

SERIES-2016 REFUNDING

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1/ March 1			Total
2022	\$	10,000	\$	237,813	\$	247,813
2023	Ψ	165,000	Ψ	93,162	Ψ	258,162
2024		170,000		89,813		259,813
2025		170,000		86,412		256,412
2026		180,000		82,800		262,800
2027		185,000		78,806		263,806
2028		185,000		74,413		259,413
2029		190,000		69,606		259,606
2030		200,000		64,363		264,363
2031		735,000		51,506		786,506
2032		765,000		29,925		794,925
2033		200,000		15,450		215,450
2034		205,000		9,375		214,375
2035		210,000		3,150		213,150
2036						
2037						
2038						
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
	\$	3,570,000	\$	986,594	\$	4,556,594

SERIES-2016 ROAD REFUNDING

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total				
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000 675,000 675,000 680,000	 \$ 416,388 398,387 383,388 370,637 356,388 339,887 321,887 303,888 285,512 266,387 245,669 222,887 199,175 	 \$ 1,016,388 998,387 983,388 970,637 956,388 939,887 921,887 903,888 885,512 866,387 920,669 897,887 879,175 				
2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044	680,000 680,000 690,000 690,000 690,000 690,000 690,000	199,175 174,525 149,025 123,338 96,600 69,000 41,400 13,800	879,175 854,525 829,025 813,338 786,600 759,000 731,400 703,800				
	\$ 12,840,000	\$ 4,778,168	\$ 17,618,168				

SERIES-2016 A

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total		
2022	\$ 1,140,000	\$ 952,462	\$ 2,092,462		
2022	1,175,000	917,737	2,092,737		
2023	1,210,000	881,962	2,092,757		
2024 2025	· · ·	,			
	1,245,000	845,137	2,090,137		
2026	1,235,000	814,112	2,049,112		
2027	1,295,000	787,194	2,082,194		
2028	1,340,000	756,713	2,096,713		
2029	1,380,000	723,550	2,103,550		
2030	1,425,000	686,706	2,111,706		
2031	1,475,000	646,832	2,121,832		
2032	1,585,000	602,775	2,187,775		
2033	1,615,000	554,775	2,169,775		
2034	1,620,000	506,250	2,126,250		
2035	1,620,000	457,650	2,077,650		
2036	1,620,000	408,038	2,028,038		
2037	1,620,000	356,401	1,976,401		
2038	1,620,000	303,750	1,923,750		
2039	1,620,000	251,100	1,871,100		
2040	1,620,000	197,438	1,817,438		
2041	1,620,000	141,750	1,761,750		
2042	1,620,000	85,050	1,705,050		
2043	1,620,000	28,350	1,648,350		
2044	1,020,000	20,000	1,010,000		
2011	\$ 32,320,000	\$ 11,905,732	\$ 44,225,732		

SERIES-2017 ROAD

	5 E K I E 5 - 2 0 I 8					
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1	Due September 1/				
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039	\$ 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 650,000 710,000 775,000 775,000 850,	 \$ 627,425 594,925 562,425 529,925 503,925 484,425 464,113 442,987 421,456 399,113 374,869 347,469 318,406 287,937 255,000 221,000 187,000 153,000 	\$ 1,277,425 1,244,925 1,212,425 1,179,925 1,153,925 1,134,425 1,114,113 1,092,987 1,071,456 1,049,113 1,084,869 1,122,469 1,093,406 1,137,937 1,105,000 1,037,000 1,003,000			
2040 2041	850,000 850,000	119,000 85,000	969,000 935,000			
2042 2043 2044	850,000 850,000	51,000 17,000	901,000 867,000			
	\$ 16,410,000	\$ 7,447,400	\$ 23,857,400			

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 8

	SEKIES-2019					
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total			
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044	 \$ 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 320,000 325,000 	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	 \$ 486,769 477,769 468,769 459,769 450,769 450,769 443,269 437,269 431,269 444,869 442,813 435,500 427,781 419,656 411,531 403,405 395,078 386,344 377,405 368,469 359,125 349,375 339,625 329,875 			
	\$ 7,270,000	\$ 2,276,503	\$ 9,546,503			

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 9

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Princij Due Septemb	;	Sep	erest Due otember 1/ March 1	Total		
2022	\$ 57	0,000	\$	343,956	\$	913,956	
2022		0,000 75,000	φ	326,781	φ	913,930 901,781	
2023		5,000 75,000	,			884,531	
2024		5,000 75,000	309,531			867,281	
2023		2		292,281		<i>,</i>	
		5,000		275,031		850,031	
2027		5,000		260,656		835,656	
2028		5,000		249,156		824,156	
2029		5,000	237,656			812,656	
2030	575,000		226,156			801,156	
2031		5,000		214,297		789,297	
2032	57	5,000		201,719		776,719	
2033	57	5,000		188,063		763,063	
2034	575,000			173,688		748,688	
2035	600,000			159,000		759,000	
2036	60	0,000		144,000		744,000	
2037	60	0,000		128,625		728,625	
2038	60	0,000		112,875		712,875	
2039	60	0,000		96,750		696,750	
2040		00,000		80,250		680,250	
2041		0,000		63,000		663,000	
2042		00,000		45,000		645,000	
2043		0,000		27,000		627,000	
2044		0,000		9,000		609,000	
2011						<u> </u>	
	\$ 13,47	0,000	\$	4,164,471	\$	17,634,471	

SERIES-2019 ROAD

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Due During						Total	
Fiscal Years	,	Fotal		Total		Principal and	
Ending July 31	Princ	cipal Due	In	Interest Due		terest Due	
2022	\$	5,480,000	\$	4,085,718	\$	9,565,718	
2023		5,725,000		3,769,074		9,494,074	
2024		5,825,000		3,592,132		9,417,132	
2025		5,930,000		3,412,248		9,342,248	
2026		6,000,000		3,236,641		9,236,641	
2027		6,135,000		3,066,965		9,201,965	
2028		6,265,000		2,887,469		9,152,469	
2029		6,400,000		2,696,790		9,096,790	
2030		6,560,000		2,496,636		9,056,636	
2031		6,700,000		2,290,035		8,990,035	
2032		6,435,000		2,086,752		8,521,752	
2033		6,105,000		1,889,425		7,994,425	
2034		6,145,000		1,693,000		7,838,000	
2035		5,845,000		1,498,034		7,343,034	
2036		5,645,000		1,306,113		6,951,113	
2037		5,665,000		1,112,457		6,777,457	
2038		5,535,000		917,069		6,452,069	
2039		5,435,000		725,630		6,160,630	
2040		5,435,000		536,182		5,971,182	
2041		4,885,000		352,675		5,237,675	
2042		3,395,000		205,425		3,600,425	
2043		3,395,000		86,975		3,481,975	
2044		925,000		13,875		938,875	
	\$ 12	5,865,000	\$	43,957,320	\$	169,822,320	

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SERIES

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

Description	Or Bond			Bonds Outstanding August 1, 2020	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2010	\$	1,430,000	\$	10,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2013		4,380,000		3,705,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2014		6,380,000		5,010,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds - Series 2014		11,840,000		9,435,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2014		9,500,000		8,000,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2015		11,000,000		9,750,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2016		6,415,000		6,215,000	

Current Year Transactions							
Bonds Sold	Retirements Principal Interest			Bonds Outstanding July 31, 2021			
\$	\$	10,000	\$	238	<u> </u>	- 0 -	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
		130,000		168,775		3,575,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
		365,000		172,225		4,645,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
		740,000		320,588		8,695,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
		300,000		251,281		7,700,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
		300,000		311,813		9,450,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
		295,000		156,513		5,920,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2021

Description		В	Original onds Issued		Bonds Dutstanding Igust 1, 2020
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District M Unlimited Tax Road Refunding Bonds - Ser	\$	3,640,000	\$	3,590,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District N Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2016A	No. 10		15,240,000		13,440,000
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District M Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2017		34,500,000		33,425,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District M Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2018		17,060,000	17,060,000		
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District N Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2019		7,270,000		7,270,000	
Denton County Fresh Water Supply District M Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2019		13,470,000		13,470,000	
TOTAL		\$	142,125,000	\$	130,380,000
Bond Authority:	Utility Bonds	R	Road Bonds		
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$ 139,500,000	\$	82,100,000		
Amount Issued	66,375,000		82,100,000		
Remaining to be Issued	\$ 73,125,000	\$	- 0 -		
Debt Service Fund cash and investment balan		\$	12,445,181		
Average annual debt service payment (princip of all debt:	\$	7,383,579			

See Note 3 for interest rates, interest payment dates and maturity dates.

The District is also authorized to issue unlimited tax refunding bonds in an amount of one and one-half of the principal amount of water, wastewater and drainage debt bonds previously issued by the District.

C	urrent Y	ear Transacti	ons			
		Retire	ements		Bonds	
Bonds Sold	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest	outstanding ly 31, 2021	
\$	\$	20,000	\$	234,812	\$ 3,570,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
		600,000		434,387	12,840,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
		1,105,000		986,137	32,320,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
		650,000		659,925	16,410,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
				191,269	7,270,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
				352,506	 13,470,000	BOKF, NA Dallas, Texas
\$ - 0 -	\$	4,515,000	\$	4,240,469	\$ 125,865,000	

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND - FIVE YEARS

						Amounts
		2021		2020		2019
REVENUES Property Taxes Water Service	\$	5,320,488 1,787,650	\$	3,305,195 2,662,796	\$	2,676,714 2,348,287
Wastewater Service Fire Protection Service Solid Waste Services		1,001,385 877,604 1,145,084		1,762,173 556,186 691,667		2,096,666 420,263 126,034
Easement and Franchise Revenues Penalty and Interest		510,975 12,752		563,379 9,915		411,898 44,889
Permit Revenues Sales Tax Revenues Grant Revenues		43,991 40,668		102,070 29,861 475,000		317,455 18,750
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues		59,617		344,128		314,886
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	10,800,214	\$	10,502,370	\$	8,775,842
EXPENDITURES Personnel	\$	325,161	\$		\$	
Professional Fees Contracted Services Purchased Water Service		379,661 2,254,623 901,317		379,599 2,670,724 1,527,333		398,825 2,320,532 1,471,652
Purchased Wastewater Service Police Department		520,697 2,318,336		982,453 2,236,794		850,837 1,714,738
Repairs and Maintenance Other Capital Outlay/Developer Reimbursement		537,384 136,946 1,883,492		510,592 160,744 2,243,005		622,901 247,844 4,899,539
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	9,257,617	\$	10,711,244	\$	12,526,868
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	1,542,597	\$	(208,874)	\$	(3,751,026)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In(Out) Developer Advances	\$		\$	98,569	\$	1,514,648 3,685
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	- 0 -	\$	98,569	\$	1,518,333
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,542,597	\$	(110,305)	\$	(2,232,693)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	<u>م</u>	6,242,000	<u>.</u>	6,352,305	<u></u>	8,584,998
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	7,784,597	\$	6,242,000	\$	6,352,305

				Percentage of Total Revenues							-		
	2018		2017	2021		2020		2019		2018	_	2017	-
\$	2,086,999 2,440,973 2,053,402 362,138	\$	1,923,722 2,037,050 1,718,030 301,348	49.2 16.6 9.3 8.1	%	31.3 25.4 16.8 5.3	%	30.5 26.8 23.9 4.8	%	25.9 30.2 25.4 4.5	%	27.1 28.8 24.3 4.3	%
	290,799 9,611 595,181 16,733		229,241 40,453 679,758 16,829	$10.6 \\ 4.7 \\ 0.1 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4$		6.6 5.4 0.1 1.0 0.3		1.4 4.7 0.5 3.6 0.2		3.6 0.1 7.4 0.2		3.2 0.6 9.6 0.2	
	218,625		132,306	0.6		4.5 3.3		3.6		2.7		1.9	
\$	8,074,461	\$	7,078,737	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
\$ 	476,279 2,147,758 1,558,991 842,559 216,858 531,676 295,071 2,039,127 8,108,319	\$ 	382,325 1,769,494 1,442,460 708,218 318,341 352,190 4,185,521 9,158,549	$3.0 \\ 3.5 \\ 20.9 \\ 8.3 \\ 4.8 \\ 21.5 \\ 5.0 \\ 1.3 \\ 17.4 \\ 85.7$	% %	3.6 25.4 14.5 9.4 21.3 4.9 1.5 21.4 102.0	% %	4.5 26.4 16.8 9.7 19.5 7.1 2.8 55.8 142.6	°⁄0	5.9 26.6 19.3 10.4 2.7 6.6 3.7 25.3	%	5.4 25.0 20.4 10.0 4.5 5.0 59.1 129.4	% %
\$	(33,858)	\$	(2,079,812)	14.3	%	(2.0)	%	(42.6)	%	(0.5)	%	(29.4)	%
\$	2,876,763	\$	5,544,183			`							
\$	2,876,763	\$	5,544,183										
\$ <u>\$</u>	2,842,905 5,742,093 8,584,998	\$ <u>\$</u>	3,464,371 2,277,722 5,742,093										

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS

					Amounts
	2021		2020		2019
REVENUES Property Taxes Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	9,158,058 36,580	\$ 9,716,378 148,286	\$	8,313,988 149,534
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	9,194,638	\$ 9,864,664	<u>\$</u>	8,463,522
EXPENDITURES Tax Collection Expenditures Debt Service Principal Debt Service Interest and Fees	\$	90,076 4,515,000 4,240,469	\$ 84,195 3,870,000 3,845,812	\$	8,497 2,750,000 3,291,020
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	8,845,545	\$ 7,800,007	<u>\$</u>	6,049,517
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BEGINNING FUND BALANCE ENDING FUND BALANCE		349,093 12,097,115 12,446,208	\$ 2,064,657 10,032,458 12,097,115	\$ 	2,414,005 7,618,453 10,032,458
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS		4,395	 4,324		4,251
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS		4,382	 4,253		4,183

				Percentage of Total Revenues						-			
	2018		2017	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	-
\$	6,347,425 77,400	\$	4,498,168 114,724	99.6 0.4	%	98.5 1.5	%	98.2 1.8	%	98.8 1.2	%	97.5 2.5	%
\$	6,424,825	\$	4,612,892	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
\$	6,394 2,690,000 2,517,312	\$	32,603 1,625,000 2,116,703	1.0 49.1 46.1	%	0.9 39.2 39.0	%	0.1 32.5 38.9	%	0.1 41.9 39.2	%	0.7 35.2 45.9	%
\$	5,213,706	\$	3,774,306	96.2	%	79.1	%	71.5	%	81.2	%	81.8	%
\$ <u></u>	1,211,119 6,407,334 7,618,453	\$ <u></u>	838,586 5,568,748 6,407,334	3.8	%	20.9	%	28.5	%	18.8	%	18.2	%
	4,043		3,654										
	3,921		3,570										

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS JULY 31, 2021

District Mailing Address	- Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 10
	c/o Crawford & Jordan LLP
	19 Briar Hollow Lane, Suite 245
	Houston, TX 77027

District Telephone Number - (713) 621-3707

Board Members	Term of Office (Elected or <u>Appointed)</u>	ye	s of Office for the ar ended 7 31, 2021	Expo Reimbur for year e July 31	sements the ended	Title
Rob Adams	05/18 05/22 (Elected)	\$	4,350	\$	14	President
Jon TenBroeck	05/20 05/24 (Elected)	\$	3,975	\$	14	Vice President
Robert Tague	05/18 05/22 (Elected)	\$	2,175	\$	11	Secretary
Amy Myers	05/20 05/24 (Elected)	\$	1,800	\$	11	Assistant Secretary
Maggie Hernandez	05/20 05/24 (Appointed)	\$	1,800	\$	11	Director

<u>Notes</u>: No Director has any business or family relationships (as defined by the Texas Water Code) with major landowners in the District, with the District's developers or with any of the District's consultants.

Submission date of most recent District Registration Form: July 1, 2021

The limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year is \$7,200. Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's current fiscal year.

DENTON COUNTY FRESH WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT NO. 10 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS JULY 31, 2021

		Fees for the year ended	
Consultants:	Date Hired	July 31, 2021	Title
Crawford and Jordan LLP	09/18/00	\$ 177,666	General Counsel
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	07/16/09	\$ 36,000 \$ 7,000	Audit Related AUP and Other
McCall Parkhurst & Horton LLP		\$ 2,300	Bond Counsel
Huitt-Zollars, Inc.	05/18/17	\$ 32,903	Engineer
Masterson Advisors LLC	04/30/18	\$ -0-	Financial Advisor
Arcadia Water Management LLC	06/23/15	\$ 223,713	Prior Operator (Artesia)
City of Celina, Texas	06/17/21	\$ 212,467	Operator (Artesia) and District Engineer

APPENDIX B

Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER:

BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of



ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance of and securing the Bonds) for the Bonds, for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of AGM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the Business Day next following the Business Day on which AGM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, AGM will disburse to or for the benefit of each Owner of a Bond the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bond that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by AGM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of the principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in AGM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, if will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by AGM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by AGM for purposes of the preceding sentence and AGM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate who may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement in respect of a Bond, AGM shall become the owner of the Bond, any appurtenant coupon to the Bond or right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on the Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under the Bond, to the extent of any payment by AGM to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owner's hall, to the extent thereof, discharge the obligation of AGM under this Policy.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity unless AGM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment of principal or interest that is Due for Payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer which has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the

Page 2 of 2 Policy No. -N

United States Bankruptcy Code by a trustee in bankruptcy in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means telephonic or telecopied notice, subsequently confirmed in a signed writing, or written notice by registered or certified mail, from an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent to AGM which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount and (d) the date such claimed amount became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer or any person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

AGM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee and the Paying Agent specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee and the Paying Agent, (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to AGM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to AGM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by AGM under this Policy may be made directly by AGM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of AGM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of AGM only and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of AGM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, AGM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to AGM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of AGM, and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, (a) any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatspever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity and (b) this Policy may not be canceled or revoked. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW.

In witness whereof, ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.



ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP.

By _

Authorized Officer

A subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. 1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019 (212) 974-0100

Form 500NY (5/90)