OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED FEBRUARY 20, 2019

In the opinion of The Muller Law Group PLLC, Bond Counsel, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other tax consequences related to the ownership or disposition of, or the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. See "TAX MATTERS" herein.

The Bonds are <u>NOT</u> designated "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS – Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."

NEW ISSUE – Book Entry Only

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (underlying) "A3" S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured)"AA/Stable" See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATINGS"

\$10,480,000

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 113

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Montgomery County)

UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2019

Dated: March 1, 2019

Due: September 1, as shown on inside cover page

Interest on the \$10,480,000 Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Bonds") will accrue from March 1, 2019, and is payable on September 1, 2019, and on each March 1 and September 1 (each an "Interest Payment Date") thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check dated as of the Interest Payment Date, and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar (as defined below) to registered owners ("Registered Owners") as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding each interest payment date (the "Record Date"). The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for the Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent for the Bonds is Regions Bank, Houston, Texas, an Alabama banking corporation (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are obligations solely of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 (the "District") and are not obligations of Montgomery County, Texas; the City of Conroe, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District.

See "PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on inside cover page.

The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by **BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.**



The Bonds constitute the seventh series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a wastewater and storm drainage system (the "System") to serve the District. Voters in the District have authorized a total of \$170,220,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes. Additionally, the voters in the District have authorized a total of \$47,400,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$16,445,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$93,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes, \$16,035,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$10,745,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes will remain authorized but unissued. The Bonds. when issued will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."

The Bonds are offered by the winning bidder for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser") subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject, among other things to the approval of the Initial Bond by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by, The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, as Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas, as Disclosure Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds is expected on or about March 20, 2019.

PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS

\$10,480,000 Serial Bonds

			Initial					Initial	
Maturity	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP No.	Maturity	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP No.
September 1	Amount	Rate	Yield (a)	61371A (b)	September 1	Amount	Rate	Yield (a)	61371A (b)
2019	\$ 345,000	4.000%	1.750%	QR4	2032 (c)	\$ 415,000	3.000%	3.250%	RE2
2020	260,000	4.000%	1.850%	QS2	2033 (c)	430,000	3.125%	3.350%	RF9
2021	270,000	4.000%	1.900%	QT0	2034 (c)	450,000	3.125%	3.400%	RG7
2022	280,000	4.000%	2.000%	QU7	2035 (c)	465,000	3.250%	3.450%	RH5
2023	290,000	2.000%	2.050%	QV5	2036 (c)	485,000	3.375%	3.550%	RJ1
2024 (c)	305,000	2.000%	2.150%	QW3	2037 (c)	505,000	3.500%	3.610%	RK8
2025 (c)	315,000	2.250%	2.300%	QX1	2038 (c)	525,000	3.500%	3.670%	RL6
2026 (c)	330,000	2.250%	2.450%	QY9	2039 (c)	545,000	3.500%	3.720%	RM4
2027 (c)	340,000	3.000%	2.650%	QZ6	2040 (c)	570,000	3.625%	3.770%	RN2
2028 (c)	355,000	3.000%	2.800%	RA0	2041 (c)	590,000	3.625%	3.800%	RP7
2029 (c)	370,000	3.000%	2.900%	RB8	2042 (c)	615,000	3.750%	3.820%	RQ5
2030 (c)	385,000	3.000%	3.050%	RC6	2043 (c)	640,000	3.750%	3.840%	RR3
2031 (c)	400,000	3.000%	3.150%	RD4					

(a) Information with respect to the initial reoffering yields of the Bonds is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser (herein defined). Initial reoffering yields represent the initial offering price, which may be changed for subsequent purchasers. The initial yield indicated above represents the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date.

(b) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to this issue by the CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of the American Bankers Association, and are included solely for the convenience of the Purchasers of the Bonds. None of the District, the Financial Advisor or the Underwriter shall be responsible for the selection or the correctness of the CUSIP numbers shown herein.

(c) Bonds maturing on September 1, 2024, and thereafter, shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part on September 1, 2023, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. In addition, the Initial Purchaser may designate one or more maturities as term Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions."

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information, or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District or the Initial Purchaser.

This Official Statement does not alone constitute, and is not authorized by the District for use in connection with, an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audits, engineering and other related reports set forth in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Bond Counsel upon payment of duplication costs, for further information.

The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B - SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY".

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. The District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and to the extent such information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this Official Statement, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT - Updating of Official Statement" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this final official statement for any purpose.

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APPENDIX B - SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid of SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds at the interest rates shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement at a price of 97.434409% of par plus accrued interest to date of delivery, resulting in a net effective interest rate to the District of 3.553569%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended. No assurance can be given that any trading market will be developed for the Bonds after their sale by the District to the Initial Purchaser. The District has no control over the price at which the Bonds are subsequently sold, and the initial yields at which the Bonds are priced and reoffered are established by and are the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

Prices and Marketability

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the date of delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bond house, broker, dealer or similar person or organization acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sale, the prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time-to-time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") will issue its Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as an exhibit to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Build America Mutual Assurance Company

BAM is a New York domiciled mutual insurance corporation and is licensed to conduct financial guaranty insurance business in all fifty states of the United States and the District of Columbia. BAM provides credit enhancement products solely to issuers in the U.S. public finance markets. BAM will only insure obligations of states, political subdivisions, integral parts of states or political subdivisions or entities otherwise eligible for the exclusion of income under section 115 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. No member of BAM is liable for the obligations of BAM.

The address of the principal executive offices of BAM is: 200 Liberty Street, 27th Floor, New York, New York 10281, its telephone number is: 212-235-2500, and its website is located at: www.buildamerica.com.

BAM is licensed and subject to regulation as a financial guaranty insurance corporation under the laws of the State of New York and in particular Articles 41 and 69 of the New York Insurance Law.

BAM's financial strength is rated "AA/Stable" by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"). An explanation of the significance of the rating and current reports may be obtained from S&P at www.standardandpoors.com. The rating of BAM should be evaluated independently. The rating reflects the S&P's current assessment of the creditworthiness of BAM and its ability to pay claims on its policies of insurance. The above rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and such rating is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by S&P, including withdrawal initiated at the request of BAM in its sole discretion. Any downward revision or withdrawal of the above rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. BAM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of the Bonds on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Policy), and BAM does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the Bonds, nor does it guarantee that the rating on the Bonds will not be revised or withdrawn.

Capitalization of BAM

BAM's total admitted assets, total liabilities, and total capital and surplus, as of December 31, 2018, and as prepared in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the New York State Department of Financial Services were \$526 million, \$113 million and \$414 million, respectively.

BAM is party to a first loss reinsurance treaty that provides first loss protection up to a maximum of 15% of the par amount outstanding for each policy issued by BAM, subject to certain limitations and restrictions.

BAM's most recent Statutory Annual Statement, which has been filed with the New York State Insurance Department and posted on BAM's website at www.buildamerica.com, is incorporated herein by reference and may be obtained, without charge, upon request to BAM at its address provided above (Attention: Finance Department). Future financial statements will similarly be made available when published.

BAM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE".

Additional Information Available from BAM

Credit Insights Videos. For certain BAM-insured issues, BAM produces and posts a brief Credit Insights video that provides a discussion of the obligor and some of the key factors BAM's analysts and credit committee considered when approving the credit for insurance. The Credit Insights videos are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/creditinsights/. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Credit Profiles. Prior to the pricing of bonds that BAM has been selected to insure, BAM may prepare a presale Credit Profile for those bonds. These pre-sale Credit Profiles provide information about the sector designation (e.g. general obligation, sales tax); a preliminary summary of financial information and key ratios; and demographic and economic data relevant to the obligor, if available. Subsequent to closing, for any offering that includes bonds insured by BAM, any pre-sale Credit Profile will be updated and superseded by a final Credit Profile to include information about the gross par insured by CUSIP, maturity and coupon. BAM pre-sale and final Credit Profiles are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/obligor/. BAM will produce a Credit Profile for all bonds insured by BAM, whether or not a pre-sale Credit Profile has been prepared for such bonds. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Disclaimers. The Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos and the information contained therein are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities or to make any investment decisions. Credit-related and other analyses and statements in the Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos are statements of opinion as of the date expressed, and BAM assumes no responsibility to update the content of such material. The Credit Profiles and Credit Insight videos are prepared by BAM; they have not been reviewed or approved by the issuer of or the underwriter for the Bonds, and the issuer and underwriter assume no responsibility for their content.

BAM receives compensation (an insurance premium) for the insurance that it is providing with respect to the Bonds. Neither BAM nor any affiliate of BAM has purchased, or committed to purchase, any of the Bonds, whether at the initial offering or otherwise.

RATINGS

S&P is a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., a New York corporation. S&P is located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone number (212) 208-8000 and has engaged in providing ratings for corporate bonds since 1923 and municipal bonds since 1940. Long-term debt ratings assigned by S&P reflect its analysis of the overall level of credit risk involved in financings. At present, S&P assigns long-term debt ratings with symbols "AAA" (the highest rating) through "D" (the lowest rating).

The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "AA/Stable" from S&P solely in reliance upon the insurance of the municipal bond insurance policy issued by BAM at the time of delivery of the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings of S&P may only be obtained from S&P. The ratings express only the view of S&P at the time the ratings are given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. The District is not aware of any rating other than the insured rating to be assigned to the Bonds by S&P upon the issuance of the municipal bond insurance policy issued by BAM at the time of delivery of the Bonds.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has also assigned an underlying credit rating of "A3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the rating of Moody's may be obtained from Moody's, 7 World Trade Center at 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that such rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by Moody's, if, in its judgement, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

The District is not aware of any rating assigned to the Bonds other than the insured rating of S&P and the underlying rating of Moody's.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. No person is authorized to detach this summary from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement.

THE BONDS

Description	The \$10,480,000 Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Bonds") are dated March 1, 2019, and mature on September 1 in the years and amounts set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest accrues from March 1, 2019, at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page hereof and is payable September 1, 2019, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption. The Bonds are offered in fully registered form in integral multiples of \$5,000 of principal amount for any one maturity. See "THE BONDS – General."
Redemption	Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2024, are subject to redemption, in whole or from time to time in part, at the option of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 (the "District") on September 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date of redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions."
Source of Payment	Principal and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the District without legal limitation as to rate or amount. The Bonds are obligations solely of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Montgomery County, Texas; the City of Conroe, Texas; or any other political subdivision or entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of Payment."
Authority for Issuance	The Bonds constitute the seventh series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a wastewater and storm drainage system (the "System") to serve the District. Voters in the District have authorized a total of \$170,220,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes. Additionally, the voters in the District have authorized a total of \$47,400,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$16,445,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$93,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes, \$16,035,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$10,745,000 for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes will remain authorized but unissued. The Bonds, when issued will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended; Chapter 8212 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code; a resolution authorizing issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Supervisors of the District (the "Board"); and an election held within the boundaries of the District on May 10, 2008. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance" and "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

Use of Proceeds A portion of the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds will be used to (i) redeem the \$5,960,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2018 (the "BAN"), the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer (as defined herein) for a portion of the improvements and related costs shown under "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." In addition, a portion of the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to pay developer interest, BAN interest, and other issuance costs relating to the BAN and the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF UTILITY BOND PROCEEDS."

Outstanding Bonds The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the System and refunding purposes: \$3,700,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 System Bonds"), \$1,765,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2012 (the "Series 2012 System Bonds"), \$5,935,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 System Bonds") \$17,200,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 System Bonds"), \$24,910,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2015 (the "Series 2015 System Bonds"), \$2,705,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Refunding System Bonds") and \$11,930,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 System Bonds"). Of such bonds, \$59,665,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding System Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for road improvements and refunding purposes: \$3,590,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Series 2011 Road Bonds"), \$3,700,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2012 (the "Series 2012 Road Bonds"), \$5,650,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Road Bonds"), \$4,100,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 Road Bonds"), \$5,745,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the "Series 2015 Road Bonds"), \$2,645,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Road Refunding Bonds") and \$8,100,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Road Bonds"). Of such bonds, \$28,490,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes: \$5,700,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Series 2018 Park Bonds"). Of such bonds, all \$5,700,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Park Bonds") The Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Road Bonds and the Outstanding Park Bonds are collectively referred to herein as the "Outstanding Bonds." See "THE BONDS - Outstanding Bonds."

Municipal Bond Insurance	Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM"). See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."
Ratings	Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (underlying) – "A3". S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured) – "AA/Stable". See "RATINGS."
Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations	The District did NOT designate the Bonds as "Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS –Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."
General & Bond Counsel	The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas. See "LEGAL MATTERS."
Disclosure Counsel	Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas.
Financial Advisor	Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Houston, Texas.
District Engineer	LJA Engineering, Inc., Houston, Texas.
	THE DISTRICT
The Issuer	The District was created under Section 59, Article XVI, and Section 52, Article III, Texas Constitution by Senate Bill 1963 of the Texas Legislature, 80 th Regular Session, effective June 16, 2007, as codified in Chapter 8212 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code. The District is part of an approximately 3,150-acre master-planned community known as "Woodforest." The District contains approximately 2,159.88 acres. See "THE DISTRICT – General."
Location	The District is located in central Montgomery County, Texas (the "County"), approximately 38 miles northwest of downtown Houston and is located entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Conroe, Texas (the "City"). The District lies approximately 6.5 miles west of Interstate Highway 45 and approximately 4 miles north of FM 1488. The District is generally bordered on the north by existing Ridge Lake Shores Development, on the east by Fish Creek, on the south by Lake Creek and on the west by Mound Creek. See "LOCATION MAP."
Developer and Principal Landowner	Woodforest Development, Inc. ("WDI" or the "Developer"), a Texas corporation, is the principal developer in the District. Its president is Larry D. Johnson of Johnson Development Corp. Woodforest Partners, L.P. ("WPLP"), a Texas limited partnership whose general partner is Woodforest GP L.L.C. and whose limited partner is Riverway 2006 Partners, L.P., is an affiliated entity of WDI. Together, these two entities currently own approximately 366 acres in the District.
Development within the District	Land within the District has been developed as the single-family subdivision of Woodforest, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 71, 72, 73, 93, 94, 99 and 100; Elk Trace Golf Estates, Section 1; Pine Island at Woodforest, Sections 1 and 2; and Bonterra at Woodforest, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 (aggregating approximately 1,390.42 acres and 3,424 single-family lots). As of January 16, 2019, the District consisted of 2,787 complete and occupied homes, 48 complete and unoccupied homes, 25 model homes, 198 homes under construction and 366 vacant developed lots. Conroe Independent School District has constructed an elementary school on approximately 15.40 acres. A fire station has been constructed on 1.18 acres. In addition, the District contains approximately

552.88 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 200.00 undevelopable acres. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Homebuilders Within the District...... Homebuilders active within the District include Gracepoint Homes, Chesmar Homes, Taylor Morrison Homes, Huntington Homes, Perry Homes, Partners-in-Building, Empire Homes, Westin Homes, Wendell Legacy Homes, Lennar Homes, Highland Homes, Village Builders, Darling Homes, Jeff Paul Custom Homes, Tipler Design & Build and Coventry Homes. The homes being marketed in the District range in price from \$180,000 to over \$1,000,000.

Currently, all of the residential development in Woodforest has Woodforest..... occurred in the District and Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 121. Inside the boundaries of the District, WDI has constructed 9 parks and open playgrounds; an approximately 14 mile trail system; 5 fountains; 4 lakes; a baseball field; 3 soccer fields; a dog park; a multi-sport sportsplex center; and a nature park. The Developer has also constructed Forest Island, a 20-acre recreational facility that includes a 6,500 square foot resort-style pool, a 10,000 square foot pool deck, a 5 lane lap pool, 2 water slides, a basketball court, 5,000 square foot splash pad, 2 tennis courts, restroom facilities, playground area and a food vending area. There is also a member-only 10,000 square foot club house for the Bonterra at Woodforest Active-Adult Community. In addition, Conroe Independent School District has an elementary school and fire protection service in the District is provided by Montgomery County Emergency Services District No. 3 ("ESD No. 3"), which has constructed a fire station in the District. Other amenities located within Woodforest, but outside the boundaries of the District, are a 27-hole golf course and renovated clubhouse, and a driving range. See "WOODFOREST."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CAREFULLY EXAMINE THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INCLUDING PARTICULARLY THE SECTION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT ENTITLED "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

(OMIODILD)		
2018 Assessed Valuation (100% of market value as of January 1, 2018) See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."	\$	977,282,922 (a)
Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018 (100% of estimated market value as of December 1, 2018) See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."	\$1	1,077,896,317 (b)
Direct Debt: The Outstanding System Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Outstanding Road Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Outstanding Park Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Bonds Total Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$	$59,665,000 \\28,490,000 \\5,700,000 \\10,480,000 \\104,335,000 \\55,100,095 \\150,425,005 \\$
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$	159,435,095
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of 2018 Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (December 1, 2018) Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		10.68 % 9.68 %
As a percentage of 2018 Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (December 1, 2018)		16.31 % 14.79 %
System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Road Debt Service Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) System Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Road Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Park Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Operating Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019)	\$ \$ \$ \$	5,321,054 (c) 2,185,044 (d) 1,347,723 2,148,401 407,749 2,992,236
2018 Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation System Debt Service Road Debt Service Maintenance & Operation Total		\$ 0.440 0.200 <u>0.250</u> \$ 0.890 (e)
Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2019-2043)	\$	4,389,430 (f)
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2035)	\$	5,345,419 (f)
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2019-2043) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon the 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$977,282,922) Based Upon the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (\$1,077,896,317)		\$ 0.48 \$ 0.43
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2035) at 95% Tax Collections:		b 575
Based Upon the 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$977,282,922)		\$ 0.58
Based Upon the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (\$1,077,896,317)		\$ 0.53

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2019-2042) \$	1,72	4,141
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2035)\$	2,11	5,579
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Remaining Outstanding Road Bonds (2019-2042) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$977,282,922) Based Upon the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (\$1,077,896,317)	\$ \$	0.19 0.17
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Remaining Outstanding Road Bonds (2035) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$977,282,922) Based Upon the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (\$1,077,896,317)	\$	0.23 0.21
Number of Single-Family Homes (including 138 homes in various stages of construction) as of January 1, 2019	ų ,	2,984

(a) Certified Taxable Assessed Value within the District as provided by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District ("MCAD").

(b) Provided by the MCAD for informational purposes only, this amount is an estimate of the value of all taxable property located within the District as of December 1, 2018, and includes an estimate of values resulting from the construction of taxable improvements from January 1, 2018, through December 1, 2018. No taxes will be levied against this amount.

(c) Neither Texas Law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the System Debt Service Fund. The funds in the System Debt Service Fund are pledged only to pay the debt service on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds, not to the Outstanding Road Bonds.

(d) Neither Texas Law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road Debt Service Fund. The funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are pledged only to pay the debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds, not the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds.

(e) See "TAX DATA - Tax Rate Calculations."

(f) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Debt Service Requirements."

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

relating to

\$10,480,000

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 113 (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Montgomery County, Texas)

Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 (the "District") of its \$10,480,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended; Chapter 8212 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code; a resolution authorizing issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Supervisors of the District (the "Board"); and an election held within the boundaries of the District on May 10, 2008.

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Resolution.

Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Bonds and certain information about the District and its finances. ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE ONLY SUMMARIES AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the District at The Muller Law Group, PLLC, 202 Century Square Boulevard, Sugar Land, Texas 77478 or during the offering period from the District's Financial Advisor, Robert W. Baird and Co. Incorporated, Attn: Jan Bartholomew, 1331 Lamar Street, Suite 1360, Houston, Texas 77010 upon payment of reasonable copying, mailing and handling charges.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will bear interest from March 1, 2019, and will mature on September 1 of the years and in the principal amounts, and will bear interest at the rates per annum, set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be paid on September 1, 2019, and on each March 1 and September 1 (each an "Interest Payment Date") thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 of principal amount or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent and registrar for the Bonds is Regions Bank, Houston, Texas, an Alabama banking corporation (the "Paying Agent/Registrar").

Record Date for Interest Payment

Interest on the Bonds will be paid to the registered owner (the "Registered Owners") appearing on the registration and transfer books (the "Register") of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the "Record Date" (the fifteenth calendar day of the month next preceding each interest payment date) and shall be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar (i) by check sent United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner recorded in the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar or (ii) by such other method, acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar, requested by, and at the risk and expense of, the registered owner. If the date for the payment of the principal or interest on the Bonds shall be a Saturday, Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day when banking institutions in the city where the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar is located are authorized by law or executive order to

close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not such a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day when banking institutions are authorized to close; and payment on such date shall have the same force and effect as if made on the original date payment was due.

In the event of non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date and for thirty (30) days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar when funds for the payment of such interest have been received. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest ("Special Payment Date" which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the address of each registered owner of a Bond appearing in the registration and transfer books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day next preceding the date of mailing such notice.

Redemption Provisions

The Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2024, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest from the most recent payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Paying Agent/Registrar shall give written notice of redemption, by registered mail, overnight delivery, or other comparably secure means, not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date, to each registered securities depository (and to each national information service that disseminates redemption notices) known to the Paying Agent/Registrar, but neither the failure to give such notice nor any defect therein shall affect the sufficiency of notice given to the Registered Owner as herein above stated. The Paying Agent/Registrar may provide written notice of redemption to DTC by facsimile.

The Bonds of a denomination larger than \$5,000 may be redeemed in part (\$5,000 or any multiple thereof). Any Bond to be partially redeemed must be surrendered in exchange for one or more new Bonds of the same maturity for the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Bonds so surrendered. In the event of redemption of less than all of the Bonds, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District; if less than all of the Bonds of a particular maturity are to be redeemed; the Paying Agent/Registrar is required to select the Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed by lot.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System (herein defined) should be discontinued, the Bonds are transferred and exchanged on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent/Registrar or its corporate trust office and such transfer or exchange shall be without expenses or service charge to the Registered Owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such registration, exchange and transfer. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. A new Bond or Bonds will be delivered by the Paying Agent/Registrar, in lieu of the Bonds being transferred or exchanged, at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, or sent by the United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, to the new Registered Owner or his designee. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the Registered Owner or assignee of the Registered Owner in not more than three business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be cancelled, and the written instrument of transfer or request for exchange duly executed by the Registered Owner or his duly authorized agent, in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in any integral multiple of \$5,000 for any one maturity and for a like aggregate principal amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" for a description of the system to be utilized initially in regard to ownership and transferability of the Bonds.

Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only system should be discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds, receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and the Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity to hold them harmless. Upon the issuance of a new bond the District may require payment of taxes,

governmental charges and other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Paying Agent/Registrar), bond printing and legal fees in connection with any such replacement.

Replacement of Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacement of the Paying Agent/Registrar by the District. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the District, the new Paying Agent/Registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the District shall be a national or state banking institution, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any State, authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, to act as paying agent for the Bonds.

Source of Payment

While the Bonds or any part of the principal thereof or interest thereon remain outstanding and unpaid, the District covenants to levy and annually assess and collect in due time, form and manner, and at the same time as other District taxes are assessed, levied and collected, in each year, beginning with the current year, a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property in the District sufficient to pay the interest on the Bonds as the same becomes due and to pay each installment of the principal of the Bonds as the same matures, with full allowance being made for delinquencies and cost of collection. In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants that said taxes are irrevocably pledged to the payment of the interest and principal of the Bonds and any unlimited tax bonds hereafter issued. The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas; Montgomery County, Texas (the "County"); the City of Conroe, Texas (the "City"); or any other political subdivision or any entity other than the District.

Payment Record

The District has never defaulted on the timely payment of principal and interest on its bonded indebtedness. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds constitute the seventh series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a wastewater and storm drainage system (the "System") to serve the District. Voters in the District authorized a total of \$170,220,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$93,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes will remain authorized but unissued.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order by the TCEQ; Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended; Chapter 8212 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code; the Bond Resolution adopted by the Board; and an election held within the boundaries of the District on May 10, 2008.

Outstanding Bonds

The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the System and refunding purposes: \$3,700,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 System Bonds"), \$1,765,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2012 (the "Series 2012 System Bonds"), \$5,935,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 System Bonds") \$17,200,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 System Bonds"), \$24,910,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2015 (the "Series 2015 System Bonds"), \$2,705,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Refunding System Bonds") and \$11,930,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 System Bonds"). Of such bonds, \$59,665,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding System Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for road improvements and refunding purposes: \$3,590,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Series 2011 Road Bonds"), \$3,700,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2012 (the "Series 2012 Road Bonds"), \$5,650,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Road Bonds"), \$4,100,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 Road Bonds"), \$5,745,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the "Series 2015 Road Bonds"), \$2,645,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Road Refunding Bonds") and \$8,100,000 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Road Bonds"). Of such bonds,

\$28,490,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes: \$5,700,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Series 2018 Park Bonds"). Of such bonds, all \$5,700,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of February 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Park Bonds") The Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Road Bonds and the Outstanding Park Bonds are collectively referred to herein as the "Outstanding Bonds."

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue additional bonds. In addition to the \$170,220,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes, the District's voters authorized \$47,400,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$16,445,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$93,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the System and refunding purposes, \$16,035,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for road improvements and refunding purposes, and \$10,745,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and refunding purposes, and \$10,745,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes will remain authorized but unissued.

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe Woodforest Development, Inc. ("WDI" or the "Developer"), a Texas corporation, approximately \$8,500,000 in reimbursable expenses for District projects, the funds for which were advanced by the Developer.

Based on present engineering cost estimates and on development plans provided by the Developer, in the opinion of the District's consulting engineer, LJA Engineering, Inc. (the "Engineer"), following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have adequate authorized but unissued bonds to repay the Developer the remaining amounts owed for the existing utility facilities, and to finance the extension of water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities and services to serve the remaining undeveloped land and road improvements within the District. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT," "THE SYSTEM," and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Future Debt."

Registered Owners' Remedies

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners have the right to seek a writ of mandamus, requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Limitation to Registered Owners' Remedies."

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

"(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic."

"(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the

acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by DTC while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participant, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the posttrade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the bookentry system for the Bonds in discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from District or Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or

registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent/Registrar or District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of District or Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in the section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but Issuer takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the book-entry form, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which the Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the book-entry system, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to registered owners under the Bond Resolution will be given only to DTC.

USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

A portion of the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds will be used to (i) redeem the \$5,960,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2018 (the "BAN"), the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer for a portion of the improvements and related costs shown below. In addition, a portion of the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to pay developer interest, BAN interest, and other issuance costs relating to the BAN and the Bonds.

CONSTRUCTION COSTS	То	tal Costs
	<u>10</u>	<u>lai cosis</u>
A. Developer Contribution Items	¢	040 475
 Woodforest, Section 62 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 64 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 	\$	840,475 710,033
 Woodforest, Section 64 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 65 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 		289,778
 Woodforest, Section 65 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 66 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 		103,428
 Woodforest, Section 71 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 71 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 		343,744
 Woodforest, Section 71 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 72 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 		280,669
 Woodforest, Section 92 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing Woodforest, Section 94 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing 		277,872
8. Woodforest, Section 99 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		315,736
9. Bonterra at Woodforest, Section 4 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		306,504
10. Bonterra at Woodforest, Section 5 – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		363,670
11. Woodforest Parkway North – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		335,372
12. Woodforest Parkway Northwest – Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		494,822
13. Deerbourne Ridge Drive Extension and Taylor Crossing Street		
– Wastewater, Drainage and Clearing		353,398
14. Lift Station No. 1 – Phase 1		587,666
15. Woodforest Ditch 4P		233,193
16. Montgomery County MUD No. 113 Detention Pond		1,084,235
17. Engineering, Surveying and Testing		957,727
18. Material Testing		145,381
19. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans		<u>297,227</u>
Total Developer Contribution Items	<u>\$</u>	8,320,930
B. District Items		
1. Wastewater Treatment Plant Phase 3 Expansion	<u>\$</u>	600,000
Total District Items	\$	<u>600,000</u>
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	<u>\$</u>	8,920,930
NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS		
	<i>.</i>	000 400
A. Legal Fees B. Financial Advisor Fees	\$	238,400
		177,200
C. Interest		412 207
 Developer Interest BAN Interest 		413,307 85,236
D. Bond Discount		268,874
E. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee		26,200
F. Attorney General Fee		20,200 9,500
G. Bond Engineering Report		45,000
H. BAN Issuance Expenses		135,349
I. Bond Issuance Expenses		50,714
J. Contingency (a)		109,290
TOTAL NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$	1,559,070
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT		10,480,000
	Ψ	100,000

(a) Represents the difference between the estimated and actual amounts of BAN Interest and Bond Discount.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ. In the instance that actual costs exceed previously approved estimated amounts and contingencies, additional TCEQ approval and the issuance of additional bonds may be required. The Engineer has advised the District that proceeds of the sale of the Bonds should be sufficient to pay the costs of the above-described facilities. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (Taken January 2019)













PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (Taken January 2019)



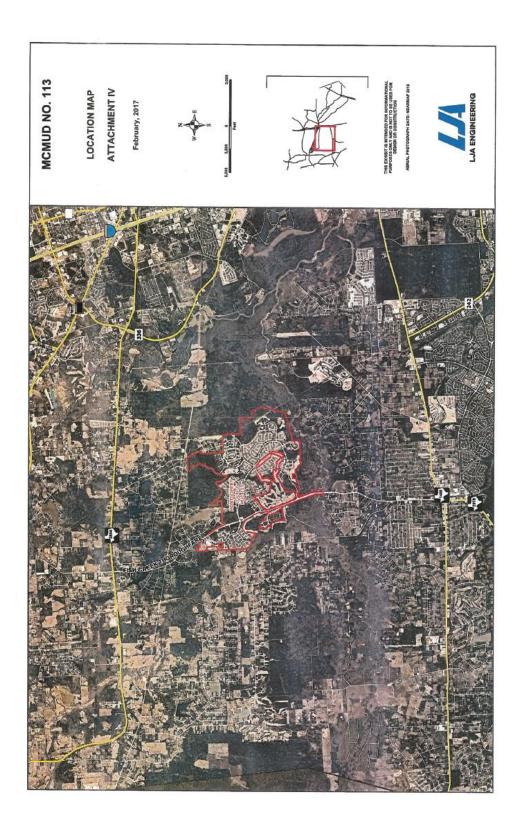












THE DISTRICT

General

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas, operating as a municipal utility district pursuant to Article III, Section 52 and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 8212 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code. The District is vested with all the rights, privileges, authority and functions conferred by the laws of the State of Texas applicable to municipal utility districts, including without limitation to those conferred by Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended. The District is empowered to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of storm water, among other things. The District is also empowered to finance certain road improvements, as long as they meet the County or City criteria for a thoroughfare, arterial, or collector road. The District may also provide solid waste collection and disposal service and operate, maintain and construct recreational facilities.

The District may operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters and the TCEQ. The District does not operate and/or maintain a fire department. However, fire protection service in the District is provided by Montgomery County Emergency Services District No. 3 ("ESD No. 3"), which has constructed a fire station in the District. ESD No. 3 levies an ad valorem tax separate and apart from the District. See "TAX DATA – Estimated Overlapping Taxes." The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ.

Location

The District encompasses approximately 2,159.88 acres and is located in central Montgomery County, Texas, approximately 38 miles northwest of downtown Houston, and is located entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. The District lies approximately 6.5 miles west of Interstate Highway 45 and approximately 4 miles north of FM 1488. The District is generally bordered on the north by existing Ridge Lake Shores Development, on the east by Fish Creek, on the south by Lake Creek and on the west by Mound Creek. See "LOCATION MAP."

Management of the District

- Board of Directors -

The District is governed by a board, consisting of five directors, which has control over and management and supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors serve staggered four year terms, with elections held within the District on the second Saturday in May in each even numbered year. One director owns property in the District and the other four directors are residents of the District.

Name	Title	Precinct	Term Expires May
David Garrett	President	4	2020
Robert Green	Vice President	1	2022
Chris Uzelmeier	Secretary	3	2020
Ryan Wade	Assistant Vice President	5	2022
Cato McDaniel	Assistant Secretary	2	2022

- Consultants -

Tax Assessor/Collector – Land and improvements in the District are being appraised by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District. The Tax Assessor/Collector for the District is Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.

Bookkeeper - The District contracts with Myrtle Cruz, Inc. as Bookkeeper for the District.

Engineer – The District's consulting engineer is LJA Engineering, Inc.

Auditor - As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which annual audit is filed with the TCEQ. A copy of the District's audit prepared by McGrath & Co., PLLC for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2018, is included as APPENDIX A to this Official Statement.

Financial Advisor - Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated serves as the District's financial advisor ("the "Financial Advisor"). The fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on the percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

Bond & General Counsel - The District has engaged The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the District's Bonds. The fees of Bond Counsel are based on the percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. The Muller Law Group, PLLC, Sugar Land, Texas, also serves as the District's general counsel.

Disclosure Counsel – Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas has been designated as Disclosure Counsel. The fees of Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE DEVELOPER AND PRINCIPAL LANDOWNER

The Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include purchasing the land within the District, designing the subdivision, designing the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivisions, designing any community facilities to be built, defining a marketing program and building schedule, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, wastewater, and drainage facilities pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, as well as gas, telephone, and electric service) and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders, developers, or other third parties. In certain instances, the developer will be required to pay up to thirty percent of the cost of constructing certain water, wastewater and drainage facilities in a municipal utility district pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in development of property within a municipal utility district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a district to develop the property which it owns in the district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which it owns within a district. In addition, a developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within a municipal utility district during the development phase of the property.

Description of the Developer and Principal Landowner

The District is part of an approximately 3,150 acre master-planned community known as "Woodforest." The Developer is a principal taxpayer in the District. Its president is Larry D. Johnson of Johnson Development Corp. Woodforest Partners, L.P. ("WPLP"), a Texas limited partnership whose general partner is Woodforest GP L.L.C. and whose limited partner is Riverway 2006 Partners, L.P., is an affiliated entity of WDI. Together, these two entities currently own approximately 366 acres in the District.

Development Financing

In April, 2007, WDI and WPLP obtained a revolving credit development loan for the Woodforest project from Woodforest National Bank. The loan, which was modified in December, 2017, may have a maximum principal balance of \$11,000,000, bears interest at 1.00% over the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate and matures on September 30, 2020. The loan is secured by a first lien deed of trust on approximately 2,800 acres of land in the Woodforest project, owned by WDI and WPLP. The outstanding balance on the loan as of January 1, 2019, was \$748,550. According to WDI, the borrowers are in compliance with all material conditions of the loan.

The principals of WDI and WPLP obtained a \$41,340,400 mezzanine loan in August, 2006, from Residential Funding Corporation ("RFC") to finance the acquisition of the property within the Woodforest project. This loan was sold by RFC to FC Houston Note, LLC and modified simultaneously with the modification of the Woodforest National Bank development loan to extend the term of the loan until the earlier of the sale of all property in the Woodforest project or December 31, 2026. This loan is fully funded and no additional borrowings are permitted. According to WDI, the borrowers are in compliance with all material conditions of this loan. In August 2012, FC Houston Note, LLC sold the loan to JP Woodforest, LP.

In addition to the loans described above, simultaneously with the modification of the Woodforest National Bank development loan and the modification of the mezzanine loan now owned by JP Woodforest, LP, WDI and WPLP obtained a \$9,800,000 loan from Woodforest Second Lien Holder, LP ("Woodforest Second Lien Holder"), the proceeds of which were used primarily to pay down the principal balance of the Woodforest National Bank loan. This loan is secured by a deed of trust lien on the property in the Woodforest project subordinate to the liens which secure the Woodforest National Bank loan, bears interest at the rate of 10% per annum and has a maturity date of the earlier of the sale of all property in the Woodforest project or December 31, 2026. This loan is fully funded and no additional borrowings are permitted. The principal balance of the loan was paid to \$0 in January, 2015, but there are continuing participations to be paid based upon further cash flows. According to WDI, the borrowers are in compliance with all material conditions of this loan. The partners of Woodforest Second Lien Holder are entities affiliated with Larry D. Johnson and PAR Real Estate Holdings, LLC, a Houston area investor group and an affiliate of Woodforest National Bank.

Lot Sales Contracts

The Developer has entered into current lot sales contracts with the following homebuilders: Gracepoint Homes, Huntington Homes, Taylor Morrison Homes, Highland Homes, Ltd., Lennar Homes, Perry Homes, Chesmar Homes, Darling Homes, Empire Homes, Westin Homes, Partners in Building, Coventry Homes and Wendell Legacy Homes. The homebuilders have contracted to purchase 3,417 lots since the inception of the District. As of January 1, 2019, the homebuilders have purchased 3,345 of such lots. According to the Developer, all of the homebuilders are in compliance with their respective lot sales contracts. The Developer has also entered into lot sales contracts with the following custom homebuilders in Pine Island at Woodforest Section 1: Jeff Paul Custom Homes and Tipler Design & Build. The Developer has a program of selling lots to individuals, under which the individual must begin construction of a home within two years. As of January 1, 2019, the custom homebuilders and various individuals have purchased 11 lots. As of January 1, 2019, there were 3 custom homes under construction in the District. According to the Developer, all of the custom homes under construction in the District. According to the Developer, all of the custom homebuilders are in compliance with their respective lot sales contracts.

On December 21, 2012, WDI entered into a lot sale contract to sell 718 lots to Taylor Morrison Homes of Texas, Inc. ("Taylor Morrison") to be developed as Bonterra at Woodforest, an active adult community. To date, Taylor Morrison has purchased 455 lots under the lot sale contract. Taylor Morrison is a publicly traded company on the New York Stock Exchange and a national homebuilder, which is actively building homes in six states. For more information, visit www.taylormorrison.com. Development of Bonterra at Woodforest, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 have been completed. Taylor Morrison has constructed 9 model homes and a members-only, 10,000 square foot clubhouse that is currently open for the Bonterra at Woodforest Active-Adult Community.

DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT

Land within the District has been developed as the single-family subdivision of Woodforest, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 71, 72, 73, 93, 94, 99 and 100; Elk Trace Golf Estates, Section 1; Pine Island at Woodforest, Sections 1 and 2; and Bonterra at

Woodforest, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 (aggregating approximately 1,390.42 acres and 3,424 single-family lots). As of January 16, 2019, the District consisted of 2,787 complete and occupied homes, 48 complete and unoccupied homes, 25 model homes, 198 homes under construction and 366 vacant developed lots. Conroe Independent School District has constructed an elementary school on approximately 15.40 acres. A fire station has been constructed on 1.18 acres. In addition, the District contains approximately 552.88 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 200.00 undevelopable acres.

WOODFOREST

Currently, all of the residential development in Woodforest has occurred in the District and Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 121. Inside the boundaries of the District, WDI has constructed 9 parks and open playgrounds; an approximately 14 mile trail system; 5 fountains; 4 lakes; a baseball field; 3 soccer fields; a dog park; a multi-sport sportsplex center; and a nature park. The Developer has also constructed Forest Island, a 20-acre recreational facility that includes a 6,500 square foot resort-style pool, a 10,000 square foot pool deck, a 5 lane lap pool, 2 water slides, a basketball court, 5,000 square foot splash pad, 2 tennis courts, restroom facilities, playground area and a food vending area. There is also a member-only 10,000 square foot club house for the Bonterra at Woodforest Active-Adult Community. In addition, Conroe Independent School District has an elementary school and fire protection service in the District is provided by ESD No. 3, which has constructed a fire station within the District. Other amenities located within Woodforest, but outside the boundaries of the District, are a 27-hole golf course and renovated clubhouse, and a driving range.

DISTRICT DEBT

Debt Service Requirement Schedule

The following schedule sets forth the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds and the debt service requirements for the Outstanding Bonds.

			Plus: The Bonds				
Year Ending 12/31	Outstanding System and Park Debt Service (a)	Outstanding Road Debt Service (a)	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Total System and Park Debt Service	Total Debt Service Requirements
2019	\$ 4,147,807	\$ 1,917,865	\$ 345,000	\$ 171,891	\$ 516,891	\$ 4,664,698	\$ 6,582,563
2020	4,192,169	1,932,825	260,000	329,981	589,981	4,782,150	6,714,975
2021	4,232,669	1,946,101	270,000	319,581	589,581	4,822,250	6,768,351
2022	4,264,889	1,964,661	280,000	308,781	588,781	4,853,670	6,818,331
2023	4,309,069	1,976,111	290,000	297,581	587,581	4,896,650	6,872,761
2024	4,354,689	1,995,193	305,000	291,781	596,781	4,951,470	6,946,663
2025	4,393,841	2,006,633	315,000	285,681	600,681	4,994,522	7,001,155
2026	4,428,751	2,009,278	330,000	278,594	608,594	5,037,345	7,046,623
2027	4,475,661	2,023,628	340,000	271,169	611,169	5,086,830	7,110,458
2028	4,501,561	2,045,295	355,000	260,969	615,969	5,117,530	7,162,825
2029	4,531,640	2,054,833	370,000	250,319	620,319	5,151,959	7,206,792
2030	4,567,028	2,060,685	385,000	239,219	624,219	5,191,247	7,251,932
2031	4,606,276	2,079,515	400,000	227,669	627,669	5,233,945	7,313,460
2032	4,632,269	2,088,505	415,000	215,669	630,669	5,262,938	7,351,443
2033	4,645,056	2,089,291	430,000	203,219	633,219	5,278,275	7,367,566
2034	4,681,906	2,106,844	450,000	189,781	639,781	5,321,687	7,428,531
2035	4,704,700	2,115,579	465,000	175,719	640,719	5,345,419	7,460,998
2036	4,450,063	1,845,221	485,000	160,606	645,606	5,095,669	6,940,890
2037	4,340,388	1,565,488	505,000	144,238	649,238	4,989,626	6,555,114
2038	3,938,388	1,138,650	525,000	126,563	651,563	4,589,951	5,728,601
2039	2,749,050	874,975	545,000	108,188	653,188	3,402,238	4,277,213
2040	1,135,375	510,400	570,000	89,113	659,113	1,794,488	2,304,888
2041	1,141,750	514,300	590,000	68,450	658,450	1,800,200	2,314,500
2042	371,438	517,500	615,000	47,063	662,063	1,033,501	1,551,001
2043	373,500		640,000	24,000	664,000	1,037,500	1,037,500
	\$ 94,169,933	\$ 41,379,376	\$ 10,480,000	\$ 5,085,825	\$ 15,565,825	\$ 109,735,758	\$ 151,115,134

(a) Outstanding debt as of February 1, 2019.

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements	
on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds	
and the Bonds (2019-2043)	\$ 4,389,430
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement	
on the Outstanding System Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds	
and the Bonds (2035)	\$ 5,345,419
Average Annual Debt Service Requirements	
on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2019-2042)	\$ 1,724,141
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement	
on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2035)	\$ 2,115,579

DISTRICT FINANCIAL DATA

Assessed	Value
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2018 Assessed Valuation	\$	977,282,922 (a)
See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES." Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018 (100% of estimated market value as of December 1, 2018) See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."	\$1	l,077,896,317 (b)
Direct Debt: The Outstanding System Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Outstanding Road Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Outstanding Park Bonds (as of February 1, 2019) The Bonds Total	\$	59,665,000 28,490,000 5,700,000 <u>10,480,000</u> 104,335,000
Estimated Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt		<u>55,100,095</u> <u>159,435,095</u>
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of 2018 Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (December 1, 2018) Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		10.68 % 9.68 %
As a percentage of 2018 Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimate of Assessed Valuation (December 1, 2018)		16.31 % 14.79 %
System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Road Debt Service Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) System Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Road Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Park Construction Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019) Operating Fund Balance (as of February 18, 2019)	\$ \$ \$	5,321,054 (c) 2,185,044 (d) 1,347,723 2,148,401 407,749 2,992,236

(a) Certified Taxable Assessed Value within the District as provided by the Montgomery Central Appraisal District ("MCAD").

(b) Provided by the MCAD for informational purposes only, this amount is an estimate of the value of all taxable property located within the District as of December 1, 2018, and includes an estimate of values resulting from the construction of taxable improvements from January 1, 2018, through December 1, 2018. No taxes will be levied against this amount.

⁽c) Neither Texas Law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the System Debt Service Fund. The funds in the System Debt Service Fund are pledged only to pay the debt service on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds, not to the Outstanding Road Bonds.

⁽d) Neither Texas Law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road Debt Service Fund. The funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are pledged only to pay the debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds, not the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds.

Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued

Election				
Date	Purpose	Authorized	Issued to Date	Unissued
	Water, Wastewater, Drainage			
05/10/08	and Refunding	\$ 170,220,000	\$ 76,415,000 (a)	\$ 93,805,000
05/10/08	Roads and Refunding	47,400,000	31,365,000	16,035,000
05/10/08	Parks and Refunding	16,445,000	5,700,000	10,745,000

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Investment Authority and Investment Practices of the District

The District has adopted an Investment Policy (the "Policy") as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act"). The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity in a diversified portfolio while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District are to be invested only in accordance with the Policy. The Policy states that the funds of the District may be invested in short term obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities, in certificates of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and secured by collateral authorized by the Acts, and in TexPool and Texas Class, which are public fund investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from several sources, including information contained in the "Texas Municipal Report," published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot presently be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes is not included in these figures.

	Outstanding Debt as of	Estimated Overlapping	
Taxing Jurisdiction	December 31, 2018	Percent	Amount
Montgomery County Montgomery Independent School District Conroe Independent School District Lone Star College District	\$ 457,975,000 343,550,000 1,261,400,000 611,710,000	1.55% 7.52% 1.41% 0.51%	\$ 8,478,506 25,819,685 17,681,972 <u>3,119,932</u>
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt			<u>\$ 55,100,095</u>
The District			<u>\$ 104,335,000</u> (a)
Total Direct & Estimated Overlapping Debt			<u>\$_159,435,095</u> (a)

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Debt Ratios

	Direct Debt (a)	Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt (a)
2018 Certified Assessed Valuation (\$977,282,922)	10.68%	16.31%
Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018 (\$1,077,896,317)	9.68%	14.79%

(a) Includes the Bonds.

TAX DATA

General

All taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy and collection by the District of a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds (and any future tax-supported bonds which may be issued from time to time as authorized). Taxes are levied by the District each year against the District's assessed valuation as of January 1 of that year. Taxes become due October 1 of such year, or when billed, and generally become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. The Board covenants in the Bond Resolution to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The actual rate of such tax will be determined from year to year as a function of the District's tax base, its debt service requirements and available funds. In addition, the District has the power and authority to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes, in an amount not to exceed \$1.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation for operation and maintenance purposes and \$0.25 for road facilities maintenance. The Board levied 2018 tax rates of \$0.440 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Road debt service and \$0.250 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Road debt service and \$0.250 per \$100 of assessed valuation for operation and maintenance purposes.

Tax Rate Limitation

System Debt Service:	Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Road Debt Service:	Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Maintenance:	\$1.25 per \$100 of Assessed Valuation.
Road Facilities Maintenance:	\$0.25 per \$100 of Assessed Valuation.

Debt Service Tax

The Board covenants in the Bond Resolution to levy and assess, for each year that all of or any part of the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, a tax adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds or the Bonds.

In the Bond Resolution, the Board covenants to deposit to the System Debt Service Fund the proceeds from all taxes levied, appraised and collected for payment of the Outstanding System Bonds and the Bonds authorized by the Bond Resolution.

The District also maintains a separate debt service fund for the Outstanding Road Bonds that is not pledged to the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds. Funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are not available to pay principal or interest on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds or the Bonds, and the funds in the System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay principal or interest on the Outstanding Road Bonds.

Accrued interest on the Bonds will be deposited into the System Debt Service Fund. The remaining proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited into the System Construction Fund, to be used for the purpose of reimbursing the Developer for certain construction costs and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds and the BAN. Any monies remaining in the System Construction Fund after completion of construction of the projects funded by the Bonds will be used as permitted by the Bond Resolution and TCEQ rules or ultimately transferred to the System Debt Service Fund.

Maintenance and Operations Tax

The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance of the District's improvements if such maintenance tax is authorized by vote of the District's electors. On May 10, 2008, the Board was authorized to levy such maintenance and operations tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation and a road facilities maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The District levied a maintenance and operations tax for 2018 at the rate of \$0.250 per \$100 assessed valuation. Such tax is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the District's bonds.

Tax Exemption

For the 2018 tax year, the District has adopted an exemption from ad valorem taxation of \$10,000 of the approved value of residence homestead of individuals who are disabled or are sixty-five (65) years of age or older. To date, the District has not adopted a general residential homestead exemption. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Additional Penalties

The District has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District established an additional penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either; (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than May 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Texas Tax Code.

Historical Collections

The following table illustrates the collection history of the District for the 2008-2018 tax years:

	Assessed	Tax Rate/	A.1 1.1	% Collections Current	Fiscal Year Ending	% Collections as of
Tax Year	Valuation	\$100	Adjusted Levy	Year	5/31	12/31/2018
2008	\$ 373,410	\$ 1.10	\$ 4,108	100.00%	2009	100.00%
2009	8,290,577	1.10	91,196	99.75%	2010	100.00%
2010	26,715,682	1.19	317,917	100.00%	2011	100.00%
2011	57,669,556	1.19	686,268	99.49%	2012	100.00%
2012	94,248,870	1.19	1,121,481	99.48%	2013	100.00%
2013	175,252,789	1.17	2,050,458	99.07%	2014	100.00%
2014	360,130,940	1.12	4,033,467	98.50%	2015	100.00%
2015	585,065,482	1.02	5,967,668	98.57%	2016	99.99%
2016	772,204,238	0.92	7,104,279	98.95%	2017	99.93%
2017	877,608,061	0.90	7,898,473	99.39%	2018	99.76%
2018	977,282,922	0.89	8,698,431	61.70% (a)	2019	61.70% (a)

(a) In process of collection.

Tax Rate Distribution

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
System Debt Service	\$0.440	\$0.470	\$0.550	\$0.585	\$0.600
Road Debt Service	0.200	0.240	0.205	0.260	0.240
Maintenance	0.250	0.190	0.165	0.175	0.280
	<u>\$0.890</u>	<u>\$0.900</u>	<u>\$0.920</u>	<u>\$1.020</u>	<u>\$1.120</u>

Analysis of Tax Base

The following table illustrates the District's total taxable assessed value for the 2014 – 2018 tax years by type of property.

Type of Property	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Land Improvements Personal Property Exemptions Total	\$ 206,052,620 813,492,140 13,722,112 (55,983,950) \$ 977,282,922	\$ 182,776,290 735,974,840 13,090,766 <u>(54,233,835</u>) \$ 877,608,061	$ \begin{array}{c} $ 163,575,670 \\ $	$ \begin{array}{c} 132,300,340\\ 488,336,680\\ 4,803,782\\ (40,375,320)\\ $585,065,482 \end{array} $	\$ 94,663,070 271,200,710 3,613,791 <u>(9,346,631)</u> \$ 360,130,940

Principal Taxpayers

The following represents the principal taxpayers, type of property, and their assessed values as of January 1, 2018:

Taxpayer	Type of Property	Assessed Valuation 2018 Tax Roll
Taylor Morrison of Texas Inc.	Land & Improvements	\$ 9,195,670
Woodforest Development Inc. (a)	Land & Improvements	7,120,931
Perry Homes LLC	Land & Improvements	3,210,686
Ward Family Living Trust	Land & Improvements	3,136,900
Darling Homes of Texas LLC	Land & Improvements	2,999,170
Chesmar Homes of Texas LTD	Land & Improvements	2,642,630
Highland Homes LTD	Land & Improvements	2,476,870
LKE 3029 LLC	Personal Property	2,118,580
Dooley Revocable Living Trust	Land & Improvements	2,063,610
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	2,000,000
Total		<u>\$ 36,965,047</u>
% of Respective Tax Roll		<u>3.782</u> %

(a) See "THE DEVELOPER AND PRINCIPAL LANDOWNER."

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation that would be required to meet certain debt service requirements if no growth in the District occurs beyond the 2018 Assessed Valuation of \$977,282,922 or the Estimated of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018, of \$1,077,896,317. The foregoing further assumes collection of 95% of taxes levied and the sale of no additional bonds by the District:

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2019-2043) Tax Rate of \$0.48 on the 2018 Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces Tax Rate of \$0.43 on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces	\$ 4,389,430 \$ 4,456,410 \$ 4,403,206
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds (2035) Tax Rate of \$0.58 on the 2018 Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces Tax Rate of \$0.53 on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces	\$ 5,345,419 \$ 5,384,829 \$ 5,427,208
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2019-2042) Tax Rate of \$0.19 on the 2018 Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces Tax Rate of \$0.17 on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces	\$ 1,724,141 \$ 1,763,996 \$ 1,740,803
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Road Bonds (2035) Tax Rate of \$0.23 on the 2018 Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces Tax Rate of \$0.21 on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces	\$2,115,579 \$2,135,363 \$2,150,403

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions (see "DISTRICT FINANCIAL DATA - Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is an estimation of all 2018 taxes levied by such jurisdictions per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such levies do not include local assessments for community associations, fire department contributions, charges for solid waste disposal, or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions.

	<u>2018 Tax Rat</u>	<u>2018 Tax Rate Per \$100 of A.V.</u>	
Taxing Jurisdiction	Conroe ISD	Montgomery ISD	
The District	\$0.89000	\$0.89000	
Montgomery County	0.46670	0.46670	
Montgomery County Hospital District	0.05990	0.05990	
Montgomery ISD		1.37000	
Conroe ISD	1.28000		
Lone Star College District	0.10780	0.10780	
Montgomery County ESD No. 3	0.10000	0.10000	
Total Tax Rate	<u>\$2.90440</u>	<u>\$2.99440</u>	

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds, and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Future Debt"), and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Resolution to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board is also authorized to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District's water and wastewater system and road system and for the payment of certain contractual obligations if authorized by its voters. See "TAX DATA – Tax Rate Limitation."

Property Tax Code and County-wide Appraisal District

The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Montgomery Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District" or "MCAD") has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within the County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Montgomery Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, must be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; travel trailers; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years of age or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board of Directors of the District. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve the same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax-supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption of full value of the veteran's residential homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse, and surviving spouses of a deceased veteran who had received a disability rating of 100% are entitled to receive a residential homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse until such surviving spouse remarries.

A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption also applies to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised

value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

The District has granted a \$10,000 exemption for residents who are disabled or 65 and older for the 2018 tax year.

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised market value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted by April 30. The District does not grant a residential homestead exemption at this time.

Freeport Goods Exemption: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption includes tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-intransit property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the MCAD at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and formally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. The Texas Constitution limits increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads to 10 percent annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits, under certain circumstances, that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for

the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years for agricultural use and taxes for the previous five years for open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the MCAD to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all property in the MCAD at least once every three years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisals will be utilized by the MCAD or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense, has the right to obtain from the MCAD a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the MCAD chooses to formally include such values on its appraisal roll.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District) may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the MCAD to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals that are higher than renditions and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes, unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors of the District based upon a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent tax accrues a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent tax attorney. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, may be rejected.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

The qualified voters of the District have the right to petition for a rollback of the District's operation and maintenance tax rate only if the total tax bill on the average residence homestead increases by more than eight percent. If a rollback election is called and passes, the rollback tax rate is the current year's debt service and contract tax rates plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate. Thus, debt service and contract tax rates cannot be changed by a rollback election.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State and each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. However, the District is required to enter into a payment plan agreement upon the request of a taxpayer on residential homestead. Such agreement must be in writing, provide for monthly payments of the taxes due over a period of time from 12 – 36 months. A taxpayer may only request a payment plan if they have not previously entered into such an agreement in the preceding 24 months. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property within six (6) months for commercial property and two (2) years for residential and other types of property after the purchaser's deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records.

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THE SYSTEM

General

The wastewater treatment and conveyance system, the purchase, acquisition and construction of which has been financed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds, has been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the recommendation of certain governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over construction and operation of such facilities. According to the Engineer, the design of the wastewater treatment and conveyance system has been approved by all governmental agencies, which have jurisdiction over the District.

Historical Operations of the System

		Fisc	al Year Ended May	/ 31	
	2019 (a)	2018	2017	2016	2015
REVENUES:					
Sewer Service	\$ 916,680	\$ 1,028,389	\$ 1,264,400	\$ 1,027,838	\$ 732,305
Garbage Service		395,736			
Property Taxes	307,534	1,665,884	1,269,464	1,024,040	997,306
Penalties and Interest	16,575	16,364	6,581		
Tap Connection & Inspection Fees	37,127	62,980	78,110	84,015	207,443
Miscellaneous		26,886	16,286	15,875	11,432
Investment Earnings		18,421	12,242	4,496	2,959
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 1,277,916</u>	<u>\$ 3,214,660</u>	<u>\$ 2,647,083</u>	<u>\$2,156,264</u>	<u>\$ 1,951,445</u>
EXPENDITURES:					
Current Service Operations					
Professional Fees	\$ 157,678	\$ 369,039	\$ 384,264	\$ 211,681	\$ 142,208
Contracted Services	643,534	976,310	769,135	592,307	383,854
Repairs and Maintenance	585,184	916,009	875,607	387,476	268,035
Utilities	109,222	197,517	144,696	118,901	76,633
Leases		228,000	93,000		
Administrative	72,453	110,283	71,130	51,739	50,322
Other	28,089	42,408	12,166	11,971	9,358
Capital Outlay	18,250	53,500			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 1,614,410</u>	<u>\$ 2,893,066</u>	<u>\$ 2,349,998</u>	<u>\$1,373,265</u>	<u>\$ 930,410</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	<u>\$ (336,494)</u>	<u>\$ 321,594</u>	<u>\$ 297,085</u>	<u>\$ 782,999</u>	<u>\$ 1,021,035</u>

(a) Unaudited. As of January 21, 2019.

Description of the System

- Water Supply and Distribution -

All of the District's water is provided by MSEC Enterprises, Inc. ("MSEC") which holds the Certificate of Convenience and Necessity ("CCN") for the area of the District. MSEC receives approximately 1.3 million gallons per day ("MGD") of surface water from the San Jacinto River Authority ("SJRA"). In addition to the surface water, MSEC owns and operates four water plants with a total of six wells that serve the District, with a total capacity of 4.82 MGD, bringing the total capacity of the system to 6.481 MGD. The District has purchased sufficient water capacity to serve 3,189 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFCs") from MSEC.

- Wastewater Treatment and Conveyance System -

The District recently completed construction of a 600,000 gallon per day permanent wastewater treatment plant. According to the design engineer, Brown & Gay Engineers, the plant has capacity to serve approximately 3,529 ESFCs, based on rated capacity (170 gpd/ESFC) and as many as 4,500 ESFCs based on historical flows. The District has started construction of the expansion of the plant to 0.945 MGD. The expansion is expected to be complete in March, 2020, and would bring the total plant capacity to 5,588 ESFCs.

- Drainage -

Stormwater runoff from the District discharges into two watersheds, Fish Creek Tributary and Mound Creek Tributary both drain to Lake Creek which ultimately drains to the West Fork of the San Jacinto River.

- Roads -

The roads within the District vary in width in accordance with standards adopted by the City and the County, but are sized to accommodate the anticipated traffic demands of full build-out of the property within the District.

Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District

On October 10, 2017 the Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District board of directors approved new recommendations for future increases in groundwater pumping in Montgomery County based upon the results of a three-year scientific study. Lone Star commissioned its "Strategic Water Resources Planning Study" in October 2014 to evaluate the impacts to local aquifers of its 2016 groundwater pumping reductions, to evaluate whether and how additional groundwater supplies could be safely developed in the county, and to develop other related information and recommendations for use in the next five-year cycle of joint planning for establishing goals for future aquifer conditions in a multi-county region of the Gulf Coast known as Groundwater Management Area 14 ("GMA 14"). As part of the study, Lone Star surveyed all of the large water well permit holders in the county to determine how much additional declines in the water levels of the aquifers that they could tolerate in their water wells. The new recommended planning goal for the aquifers in Montgomery County would allow groundwater pumping to increase from the current goal of 64,000 acre-feet per year to 100,000 acre-feet per year. The study found that increased pumping would result in greater declines in water levels in the aquifers over the 50-year planning period than under the current goal, but that the survey results supported the board making such a policy decision because of the limited number of well owners who may have to lower their wells to accommodate the water-level declines.

The board of directors' decision was unanimous to approve the increased groundwater pumping levels and resulting aquifer conditions included in what is referred to as groundwater availability model "Run D" in the Final Report for Task 3 of the study as the Board's recommended model scenario. The board of directors also approved a recommendation that Lone Star's general manager and technical consultants present the results of the study, including the board's new recommendation for Run D, to the other groundwater conservation district representatives of GMA 14, with a request that Run D be considered in the new round of joint planning for the aquifers as either an amendment to the current desired future conditions for the aquifers or as a new proposal. By law, GMA 14 must adopt desired future conditions for the aquifers at least once every five years, with the current five-year cycle ending no later than January 5, 2022. However, GMA 14 can adopt new or amended desired future conditions for the aquifers earlier than those deadlines. In order to be finally approved, any new proposal or amendment must go through a lengthy technical evaluation and public hearings process prescribed by law and must receive an affirmative vote of at least four out of the five member groundwater conservation districts in GMA 14.

In 2015, dissatisfied with the production limits Lone Star created through the rulemaking authority delegated to it by the Texas Legislature, a group of large water producers filed suit claiming that the rules Lone Star created imposing per-producer yearly production limits on their production of groundwater were invalid because they purported to regulate the production of groundwater in ways the Texas Legislature never authorized. On October 2, 2018, the 284th District Court of Montgomery County, ruled that, as a matter of law, the core groundwater regulation, which Lone Star imposed on large groundwater producers, is outside of Lone Star's authority under the Texas Water Code and is not valid. Under the ruling, Lone Star could appeal directly to the Beaumont Court of Appeals for review of the decision. However, at the Lone Star board meeting held on January 23, 2019, the board announced that they unanimously agreed on a settlement offer with the large water producers, but the specifics of the settlement will not be made public until all parties have reviewed and signed it. As a result of the District Court's ruling on October 2, 2018, it is expected that the Lone Star board will consider and adopt new groundwater regulations in the future.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; the County; the City; or any political subdivision, will be secured by a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax, levied without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all property located within the District. (See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment.") The ultimate security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends on the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District all taxes levied against the property, or in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by

the District and by other taxing authorities. The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by the registered owners of the District's obligations to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of property within the District will accumulate or maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment by property owners or that there will be a market for the property. See "Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights" below.

Economic Factors: The rate of development within the District is directly related to the vitality of the single-family housing industry in the Houston metropolitan area. New single-family housing construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of such construction activity would restrict the growth of property values in the District. The District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of any future development in the District. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Location and Access: The District is located in an outlying area of the Houston metropolitan area, approximately 38 miles northwest from the central business district of the City of Houston. Many of the single-family developments with which the District competes are in a more developed state and have lower taxes. As a result, particularly during times of increased competition, the Developer (herein defined) within the District may be at a competitive disadvantage to the developer in other single-family projects located closer to major urban centers or in a more developed state. See "THE DISTRICT" and "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Competition: The demand for and construction of taxable improvements in the District could be affected by competition from other developments near the District. In addition to competition for new single-family home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned single-family homes in more established commercial centers and neighborhoods closer to Houston that are for sale. Such existing developments could represent additional competition for new development proposed to be constructed within the District.

The competitive position of the Developer in the sale of the land, and the sale or leasing of residents is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Developer Under No Obligation to the District: The Developer has informed the District of its current plans to continue to develop land in the District for residential purposes. However, the Developer is not obligated to implement such plan on any particular schedule or at all. Thus, the furnishing of information related to the proposed development by the Developer should not be interpreted as such a commitment. The District makes no representation about the probability of development continuing in a timely manner or about the ability of the Developer, or any other subsequent landowners to whom a party may sell all or a portion of their holdings within the District, to implement any plan of development. Furthermore, there is no restriction on the Developer's right to sell its land. The District can make no prediction as to the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances may have on any plans of the Developer. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts and failure of the Developer to develop its land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. The District is also dependent upon the Developer and its affiliate, WPLP (see "TAX DATA - Principal Taxpayers") for the timely payment of ad valorem taxes, and the District cannot predict what the future financial condition of the Developer and WPLP will be or what effect, if any, such conditions may have on their collective and respective ability to pay taxes. See "THE DEVELOPER AND PRINCIPAL LANDOWNER" and "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development or construction of taxable improvements, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners within the District to pay their taxes. The 2018 Assessed Valuation of property located within the District is \$977,282,922 and the Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018, is \$1,077,896,317 (see "TAX DATA"). After issuance of the Bonds, the Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds will be \$5,345,419 (2035) and the Average Annual Debt Service Requirements will be \$4,389,430 (2019-2043, inclusive). Based on the 2018 Assessed

Valuation and no use of funds on hand, a tax rate of \$0.58 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds and a tax rate of \$0.48 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% tax collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Average Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds. Based on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018, and no use of funds on hand, a tax rate of \$0.53 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds and a tax rate of \$0.43 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% tax collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Average Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding System Bonds, Outstanding Park Bonds and the Bonds. The Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding Road Bonds is \$2,115,579 (2035) and the Average Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding Road Bonds is \$1,724,141 (2019 through 2042, inclusive). Based on the 2018 Assessed Valuation and no use of funds on hand, a tax rate of \$0.23 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Road Bonds and a tax rate of \$0.19 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% tax collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Average Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding Road Bonds. Based on the Estimate of Assessed Valuation as of December 1, 2018, and no use of funds on hand, a tax rate of \$0.21 per \$100 of assessed valuation, at a 95% collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Road Bonds and a tax rate of \$0.17 per \$100 of assessed valuation. at a 95% tax collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Average Annual Debt Service Requirement for the Outstanding Road Bonds.

Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies

The District has a right to seek judicial foreclosure on a tax lien, but such remedy may prove to be costly and time consuming and, since the future market or resale market, if any, of the taxable real property within the District is uncertain, there can be no assurance that such property could be sold and delinquent taxes paid. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Limitation to Registered Owners' Remedies

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners have the right to seek a writ of mandamus, requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interest of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year.

Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of registered owners of the Bonds may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Subject to the requirements of Texas law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, 11 USC sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of Registered Owners' remedies, including mandamus and the foreclosure of tax liens upon property within the District discussed above. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismisses the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision, such as the District, may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (1) is generally authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law. (2) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (3) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (4) has either obtained the agreement of or has negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiations are impracticable. Under Texas law, a municipal utility district, such as the District, must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its right and powers under Texas law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with Texas law requirements, a district could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby involving the protection of the automatic stay until the

bankruptcy court, after a hearing, enters an order granting relief from the stay or dismisses the petition. A federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in determining the decision of whether to grant the petitioning district relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be applicable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the Registered Owners could potentially and adversely impair the value of the Registered Owners' claims.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect a Registered Owner by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the registered owner's claim against a district. A district cannot be placed into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Environmental Regulations

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

Air Quality Issues. Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ") may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act ("CAA") Amendments of 1990, the eight-county Houston Galveston area ("HGB area") – Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery and Liberty counties – has been designated a nonattainment area under three separate federal ozone standards: the one-hour (124 parts per billion ("ppb")) and eight-hour (84 ppb) standards promulgated by the EPA in 1997 ("the 1997 Ozone Standards"); the tighter, eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 ("the 2008 Ozone Standard"), and the EPA's most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015 ("the 2015 Ozone Standard). While the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB area, the HGB area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB area is currently designated as a severe ozone nonattainment area under the the 1997 Ozone Standards. While the EPA has revoked the 1997 Ozone Standards, EPA historically has not formally redesignated nonattainment areas for a revoked standard. As a result, the HGB area remained subject to continuing severe nonattainment area "anti-backsliding" requirements, despite the fact that HGB area air quality has been attaining the 1997 Ozone Standards since 2014. In late 2015, EPA approved the TCEQ's "redesignation substitute" for the HGB area under the revoked 1997 Ozone Standards, leaving the HGB area subject only to the nonattainment area requirements under the 2008 Ozone Standard (and later, the 2015 Ozone Standard).

In February 2018, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit issued an opinion in *South Coast Air Quality Management District v. EPA*, 882 F.3d 1138 (D.C. Cir. 2018) vacating the EPA redesignation substitute rule that provided the basis for EPA's decision to eliminate the anti-backsliding requirements that had applied in the HGB area under the 1997 Ozone Standard. The court has not responded to EPA's April

2018 request for rehearing of the case. To address the uncertainty created by the *South Coast* court's ruling, the TCEQ has developed a formal request that the HGB area be redesignated to attainment under the 1997 Ozone Standards. The TCEQ Commissioners approved publication of a proposed HGB area redesignation request under the 1997 Ozone Standards on September 5, 2018.

The HGB area is currently designated as a "moderate" nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2018. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more-stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB area is currently designated as a "marginal" nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB area consists of only six counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA's ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan ("SIP") for the HGB area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA's attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB area's economic growth and development.

<u>*Water Supply & Discharge Issues.*</u> Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) public water supply systems, (2) waste water discharges from treatment facilities, (3) storm water discharges, and (4) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and Environmental Protection Agency's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system.

Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2018, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain nonstormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

In 2015, the EPA and the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") promulgated a rule known as the Clean Water Rule ("CWR") aimed at redefining "waters of the United States" over which the EPA and USACE have jurisdiction under the CWA. The CWR significantly expands the scope of the federal government's CWA jurisdiction over intrastate water bodies and wetlands. The CWR could have an adverse impact on municipal utility districts, including the District, particularly with respect to jurisdictional wetland determinations, and could increase the size and scope of activities requiring USACE permits. The CWR has been challenged in various jurisdictions, including the Southern District of Texas, and the litigation challenging the CWR is still pending.

On February 28, 2017, the President signed an executive order ordering the EPA and USACE to modify or rescind the CWR. In response, the EPA and the USACE subsequently released a proposed rule rescinding the CWR, reinstating the regulatory text that existed prior to the adoption of the CWR and proposing the development of a revised definition of "waters of the United States." In June 2018, the EPA and USACE issued a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking to the 2017 proposed action to repeal the 2015 definition of "waters of the United States" to clarify that the agencies are proposing to permanently repeal the CWR in its entirety and reinstate language in place before the adoption of the CWR while developing a revised definition of "waters of the United States." Meanwhile, in January 2018, the EPA and the USACE finalized a rule extending the effective date of the CWR until 2020 while the agencies finalize actions to repeal and replace the CWR. This rule delaying the effective date of the CWR was challenged in court and, on August 16, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the District of South Carolina issued a nationwide injunction rendering the rule extending the effective date of the CWR void, thereby reinstating the CWR in 26 states, including Texas. However, on September 12, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas temporarily enjoined the implementation of the CWR in Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi until the case filed by the States of Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi in 2015 is finally resolved.

On December 11, 2018, the EPA and USACE released the proposed replacement definition of "waters of the United States." The proposed definition outlines six categories of waters that would be considered "waters of the United States," including traditional navigable waters, tributaries to those waters, certain ditches, certain lakes and ponds, impoundments of jurisdictional waters, and wetlands adjacent to jurisdictional waters. The proposed rule also details what are not 'waters of the United States," including traditional waters, certain lakes and ponds, impoundments of jurisdictional waters of the United States," including traditional navigable waters, tributaries to those waters, certain ditches, certain lakes and ponds, impoundments of jurisdictional waters and wetlands adjacent to jurisdictional waters the proposed rule also details what are not "waters of the United States," such as features that only contain water during or in response to rainfall (e.g., ephemeral features) groundwater, many ditches, including most roadside or farm ditches; prior converted cropland; stormwater control features; and waste treatment systems. The agencies will take comment on the proposal for 60 days after publication in the Federal Register. If finalized, the proposed rule would apply nationwide, replacing the patchwork framework for Clean Water Act jurisdiction that has resulted from litigation challenging the CWR.

Due to the pending rulemaking activity and rule challenge litigation, there is sufficient uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and to the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction. Depending on the final outcome of such proceedings, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including permitting requirements.

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

Hurricane Harvey

The Texas Gulf Coast, including the County, sustained widespread rain damage and flooding as a result of Hurricane Harvey's landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 25, 2017, and historic levels of rainfall during the succeeding four days.

According to the District's engineer and operator, the District's system sustained no material damage and there was no interruption of water and sewer service as a result of Hurricane Harvey. According to the District's operator and engineer, approximately 33 homes within the District out of a total of 2,613 homes in the District at the time of the storm experienced flooding from the overflow of Lake Creek immediately south of the District. According to the District's engineer, water levels in Lake Creek exceeded the 100-year flood event by 4.5 feet.

The District cannot predict the effect that additional extreme weather events may have upon the District and the Texas Gulf Coast. Additional extreme weather events have the potential to cause damage within the District and along the Texas Gulf Coast generally that could have a negative effect on taxable assessed valuations in the District and the economy of the District and the region. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – Valuation of Property for Taxation."

Potential Impact of Natural Disaster

The District is located approximately 95 miles from the Texas Gulf Coast and, as it has in the past, could be impacted by wide-spread fires, earthquakes, or weather events such as hurricanes, tornadoes, tropical storms, or other severe weather events that could produce high winds, heavy rains, hail, and flooding. In the event that a natural disaster should damage or destroy improvements and personal property in the District, the assessed value of such taxable properties could be substantially reduced, resulting in a decrease in the taxable assessed value of the District or an increase in the District's tax rates.

There can be no assurance that a casualty will be covered by insurance (certain casualties, including flood, are usually excepted unless specific insurance is purchased), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild, repair, or replace any taxable properties in the District that were damaged. Even if insurance proceeds are available and damaged properties are rebuilt, there could a lengthy period in which assessed values in the District would be adversely affected. There can be no assurance the District will not sustain damage from such natural disasters.

Marketability

The District has no understanding with the winning bidder of the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser") regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over the trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made for the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the issuer which is recovered by the issuer from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the Insurer at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absence such prepayment by the District unless the bond insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the bond insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the bond insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the bond insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the bond insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the bond insurer and its claim paying ability. The bond insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the bond insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the bond insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATINGS."

The obligations of the bond insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the bond insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District or Initial Purchaser has made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the bond insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the bond insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the bond insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "Bond Insurance" herein for further information provided by the bond insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the bond insurer.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with such covenants contained in the Bond Resolution on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issue. See "TAX MATTERS."

Future Debt

After the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$93,805,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the System and refunding purposes, \$16,035,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for road improvements and refunding purposes and \$10,745,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for parks and recreational facilities and refunding purposes (see "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt"), and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board and voters of the District. The District also has the right to issue certain other additional bonds, special project bonds, and other obligations described in the Bond Resolution. If additional bonds are issued in the future and property values have not increased proportionately, such issuance may increase gross debt/property valuation ratios and thereby adversely affect the investment quality or security of the Bonds.

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will still owe the Developer approximately \$8,500,000 in reimbursable expenses for District projects, the funds for which were advanced by the Developer. See "THE SYSTEM" and "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Annexation by and Strategic Partnership with the City of Conroe, Texas

Chapter 42, Texas Local Government Code, provides that, within the limits described therein, the unincorporated area contiguous to the corporate limits of any city comprises that city's extraterritorial jurisdiction. The size of the extraterritorial jurisdiction depends in part on the city's population. For the City, the extraterritorial jurisdiction consists of all the contiguous unincorporated areas, not a part of any other city or any other city's extraterritorial jurisdiction and within two (2) miles of the corporate limits of the City. With certain exceptions, a city may annex territory only within the confines of its extraterritorial jurisdiction. When a city annexes additional territory, the city's extraterritorial jurisdiction expands in conformity with such annexation.

The District lies entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. The District and the City entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") to establish the conditions of annexation. Under the Agreement, the City has the right to annex the District for "limited purposes," specifically for the levy of the City's sales and use tax within the District's boundaries. The limited purpose annexation shall be converted to a full purpose annexation upon the earlier of the following dates: (i) the date on which all of the debt of the District that is payable from ad valorem taxes is fully paid and the District has fully reimbursed any developers within the District in accordance with any written reimbursement agreement or (ii) December 31, 2037. On the full purpose annexation date, the land included within the boundaries of the District shall be deemed to be within the full purpose boundary limits of the City without the need for any further action. Upon such date, all taxable property within the territory of the District shall become subject to ad valorem taxation by the City. If debt of the District remains outstanding on the full purpose annexation date or if the District has not fully reimbursed any developers within the District in accordance with any written reimbursement agreement, then the District shall become a "limited district." The "limited district" shall continue to be known as Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 and shall continue for a term not to exceed ten years or until all outstanding debt (including reimbursement obligations) of the limited district has been fully paid. The City may extend the existence of the limited district for successive ten year terms for so long as any debt of the limited district remains. The powers of the "limited district" are restricted to the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes sufficient to meet the outstanding debt service requirements. The "limited district" ceases to exist 60 days after all debt is paid at which time title to all assets and improvements formerly owned by the District vests in the City.

Consolidation

Under Texas law, the District may be consolidated with other municipal utility districts, with the assets and liabilities of the consolidated districts belonging to the consolidated district. No representation is made that the District will ever consolidate with one or more districts, although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District.

Approval of the Bonds

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas does not pass upon or guarantee the security of the Bonds as an investment, nor does he pass upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

Changes in Tax Legislation

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District and based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds; the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a like effect and to the effect that (i) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes under existing law, and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under "THE BONDS (except for information under the subheading "Book-Entry-Only-System" and "Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds"), "THE DISTRICT – General," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS – Legal Opinions," "TAX MATTERS," and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE," solely to determine whether such information fairly summarizes matters of law and the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District or the Developer for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President, Vice President, or Assistant Vice President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is to their knowledge then pending or threatened, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attaching the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of

or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds.

TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of The Muller Law Group PLLC, Bond Counsel ("Bond Counsel"), based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Bond Counsel is of the further opinion that interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax.

To the extent the issue price of any maturity of the Bonds is less than the amount to be paid at maturity of such Bonds (excluding amounts stated to be interest and payable at least annually over the term of such Bonds), the difference constitutes "original issue discount," the accrual of which, to the extent properly allocable to each Beneficial Owner thereof, is treated as interest on the Bonds which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. For this purpose, the issue price of a particular maturity of the Bonds is the first price at which a substantial amount of such maturity of the Bonds is sold to the public (excluding bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). The original issue discount with respect to any maturity of the Bonds accrues daily over the term to maturity of such Bonds on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded semiannually (with straight-line interpolations between compounding dates). The accruing original issue discount is added to the adjusted basis of such Bonds to determine taxable gain or loss upon disposition (including sale, redemption, or payment on maturity) of such Bonds. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of ownership of Bonds with original issue discount, including the treatment of Owners who do not purchase such Bonds in the original offering to the public at the first price at which a substantial amount of such Bonds is sold to the public.

Bonds purchased, whether at original issuance or otherwise, for an amount higher than their principal amount payable at maturity (or, in some cases, at their earlier call date) ("Premium Bonds") will be treated as having amortizable bond premium. No deduction is allowable for the amortizable bond premium in the case of obligations, like the Premium Bonds, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. However, the amount of tax-exempt interest received, and a Beneficial Owner's basis in a Premium Bond, will be reduced by the amount of amortizable bond premium properly allocable to such Beneficial Owner. Beneficial Owners of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the proper treatment of amortizable bond premium in their particular circumstances.

The Code imposes various restrictions, conditions and requirements relating to the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on obligations such as the Bonds. The District has made certain representations and covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions and requirements designed to ensure that interest on the Bonds will not be included in federal gross income. Inaccuracy of these representations or failure to comply with these covenants may result in interest on the Bonds being included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, possibly from the date of original issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel assumes the accuracy of these representations and compliance with these covenants. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to determine (or to inform any person) whether any actions taken (or not taken), or events occurring (or not occurring), or any other matters coming to Bond Counsel's attention after the date of issuance of the Bonds may adversely affect the value of, or the tax status of interest on, the Bonds. Accordingly, the opinion of Bond Counsel is not intended to, and may not, be relied upon in connection with any such actions, events or matters.

Although Bond Counsel is of the opinion that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of amounts treated as interest on, the Bonds may otherwise affect a Beneficial Owner's federal, state or local tax liability. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences depends upon the particular tax status of the Beneficial Owner or the Beneficial Owner's other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such other tax consequences.

Current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, clarification of the Code or court decisions may cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to federal income taxation or otherwise prevent Beneficial Owners from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. The introduction or enactment of any such legislature proposals or clarification of the Code or court decisions may also affect, perhaps significantly, the market price for, or marketability of, the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential impact of any pending or proposed federal or state tax legislation, regulations or litigation, as to which Bond Counsel is expected to express no opinion.

The opinion of Bond Counsel is based on current legal authority, covers certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities, and represents Bond Counsel's judgment as to the proper treatment of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes. It is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") or the courts. Furthermore, Bond Counsel cannot give and has not given any opinion or assurance about the future activities of the District or about the effect of future changes in the Code, the applicable regulations, the interpretation thereof or the enforcement thereof by the IRS. The District has covenanted, however, to comply with the requirements of the Code.

Bond Counsel's engagement with respect to the Bonds ends with the issuance of the Bonds, and, unless separately engaged, Bond Counsel is not obligated to defend the District or the Beneficial Owners regarding the tax-exempt status of the Bonds in the event of an audit examination by the IRS. Under current procedures, parties other than the District and its appointed counsel, including the Beneficial Owners, would have little, if any, right to participate in the audit examination process. Moreover, because achieving judicial review in connection with an audit examination of tax-exempt bonds is difficult, obtaining an independent review of IRS positions with which the District legitimately disagrees, may not be practicable. Any action of the IRS, including but not limited to selection of the Bonds for audit, or the course or result of such audit, or an audit of bonds presenting similar tax issues may affect the market price for, or the marketability of, the Bonds, and may cause the District or the Beneficial Owners to incur significant expense.

Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the code.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In the Bond Resolution, the District has the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, audited financial statements and timely notice of specified material events, in an electronic format as prescribed by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The MSRB has established the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system.

Annual Reports

The information to be updated with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this Official Statement under the headings "DISTRICT FINANCIAL DATA" (except under the subheading "Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), "TAX DATA," and "APPENDIX A" (Financial Statements of the District). The District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2019. The District will provide the updated information to EMMA.

Any information so provided shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within a six month period. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to EMMA within such six month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available.

The District's current fiscal year end is May 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by November 30 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify EMMA of the change.

Material Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of

Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the taxexempt status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR §240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of the financial obligation of the District or obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from EMMA

The District has agreed to provide the information only to the MSRB. The MSRB has prescribed that such information must be filed via EMMA. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge and investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of material events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders or beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt the changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, if but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering made hereby in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent to the amendment or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may amend or repeal the agreement in the Bond Resolution if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid or unenforceable, but only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the initial offering. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance With Prior Undertakings

On December 1, 2017, S&P published a report indicating that its financial strength rating on National Public Finance Guarantee Corp. ("NPFG") was affirmed as an "A" rating. However, in the same report S&P

subsequently withdrew its rating at the District's request. A material event notice for the District's bonds affected by the ratings withdrawal for NPFG was filed by the District on September 14, 2018. Such filing date was not made within ten business days of the event because the District was not timely notified of the occurrence of the event. All required information has been filed.

The District is not aware of any other failure to comply, in the last five years, with any other continuing disclosure agreements made by them in accordance with the Rule. A review of the District's disclosure undertakings and filings history, beginning in 2010, is available at www.emma.msrb.org.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Preparation

The information in this Official Statement has been obtained from sources as set forth herein under the following captions:

"THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM," – LJA Engineering, Inc. ("Engineer"); "THE DEVELOPER AND PRINCIPAL LANDOWNER," and "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT" – the Developer; "TAX DATA – Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement" – Municipal Advisory Council of Texas; "TAX DATA" – Assessments of the Southwest, Inc." and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Annexation by and Strategic Partnership Agreement with City of Conroe," "THE BONDS", "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE", "TAXING PROCEDURES", "LEGAL MATTERS" and "TAX MATTERS" – The Muller Law Group, PLLC.

Experts

In approving this Official Statement, the District has relied upon the following experts in addition to the Financial Advisor:

The Engineer: The information contained in the Official Statement relating to engineering matters and to the description of the System and, in particular, that information included in the sections entitles "THE DISTRICT," and "THE SYSTEM," has been provided by LJA Engineering, Inc., and has been included in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

Tax Assessor/Collector and Appraisal District: The information in the Official Statement relating to principal taxpayers and tax collection rates and the certified assessed valuation of property in the District and, in particular such information contained in the sections captioned "TAX DATA" has been provided by the Assessments of the Southwest, Inc. and Montgomery Central Appraisal District, in reliance upon their authority as experts in appraising and tax assessing.

Updating of Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes the Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to so amend or supplement the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District in writing on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time (but not more than 90 days after the date the District delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

Certification as to Official Statement

The District, acting by and through its Board of Directors in its official capacity, in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, description and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof.

Official Statement "Deemed Final"

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the SEC, this document, as the same may be supplemented or corrected by the District from time-to-time, may be treated as an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds described herein "deemed final" by the District as of the date hereof (or of any such supplement or correction) except for the omission of certain information referred to in the succeeding paragraph.

The Official Statement, when further supplemented by adding information specifying the interest rates and certain other information relating to the Bonds, shall constitute a "Final Official Statement" of the District with respect to the Bonds, as that term is defined in the Rule.

CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District's records, audited financial statements and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents and resolutions contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such statutes, documents and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 as of the date shown on the first page hereof.

/s/ Robert Green

Assistant Vice President, Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113

ATTEST:

/s/ <u>Chris Uzelmeier</u> Secretary, Board of Directors

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113

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APPENDIX A FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

MONTGOMERY COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 113

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

May 31, 2018

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Houston, Texas 77277

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Colette M. Garcia CPA colette@mcgrath-co.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Montgomery County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113, as of and for the year ended May 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113, as of May 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, beginning net position has been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other-Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The Texas Supplementary Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Ul-Grathe & Co, Pecc

Houston, Texas September 17, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Using this Annual Report

Within this section of the financial report of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 (the "District"), the District's Board of Directors provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2018. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the *Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.* Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

The *Statement of Activities* reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.* The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at May 31, 2018, was negative \$26,942,153. This amount is negative because the District incurs debt to construct public roads which it conveys to Montgomery County. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of May 31, 2018 and 2017, is as follows:

	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 16,713,835	\$ 24,367,430
Capital assets	62,227,691	52,145,810
Total assets	78,941,526	76,513,240
Total deferred outflows of resources	722,861	763,021
Current liabilities	7,813,404	3,993,393
Long-term liabilities	98,793,136	101,311,963
Total liabilities	106,606,540	105,305,356
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(14,953,527)	(13,149,743)
Restricted	7,203,207	6,589,430
Unrestricted	(19,191,833)	(21,468,782)
Total net position	\$ (26,942,153)	\$ (28,029,095)

As further discussed in Note 3, amounts reported for 2017 capital assets and net position have been restated.

The total net position of the District increased during the current fiscal year by \$1,086,942. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two years is as follows:

	2018	2017
Revenues		
Sewer and garbage service	\$ 1,424,125	\$ 1,264,4 00
Property taxes, penalties and interest	7,950,448	7,162,201
Other	275,973	160,272
Total revenues	9,650,546	8,586,873
Expenses		
Current service operations	3,153,737	2,555,561
Debt interest and fees	3,240,019	2,797,861
Developer interest	88,961	480,687
Debt issuance costs	78,499	1,217,049
Depreciation	1,537,131	1,458,544
Total expenses	8,098,347	8,509,702
Change in net position before other item	1,552,199	77,171
Other item		
Transfers to other governments	(465,257)	(1,510,081)
Change in net position	1,086,942	(1,432,910)
Net position, beginning of year	(28,029,095)	(26,596,185)
Net position, end of year	\$ (26,942,153)	\$ (28,029,095)

Prior year amounts for depreciation, transfers to other governments, beginning net position, and ending net position and current year beginning net position have been restated as discussed in Note 3.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of May 31, 2018, were \$15,506,683, which consists of \$2,427,598 in the General Fund, \$7,897,188 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$5,181,897 in the Capital Projects Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of May 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Total assets		2018		2017
		2,716,822	\$	2,365,899
Total liabilities	\$	266,495	\$	238,470
Total deferred inflows		22,729		21,425
Total fund balance		2,427,598		2,106,004
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	2,716,822	\$	2,365,899

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2018	2017
Total revenues	\$ 3,214,660	\$ 2,647,083
Total expenditures	(2,893,066)	(2,349,998)
Revenues over expenditures	321,594	297,085
Other changes in fund balance		(769,570)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 321,594	\$ (472,485)

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy and the provision of sewer and garbage service to customers within the District. Financial resources are influenced by a variety of factors each year:

- Property tax revenues are dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. Property tax revenues increased from prior year because the District increased the maintenance and operations component of the levy and because assessed values increased from prior year.
- Sewer and garbage service revenues are dependent upon the number of connections in the District.

During the prior year, the District transferred \$769,570 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fund various construction projects.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of May 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Total assets		2018	2017		
		\$ 8,019,293		7,335,248	
Total liabilities	\$	20,278	\$	22,994	
Total deferred inflows		101,827		113,753	
Total fund balance		7,897,188		7,198,501	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	8,019,293	\$	7,335,248	

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2018		2017
Total revenues	\$ 6,340,688	\$	5,879,545
Total expenditures	(5,642,001)		(4,952,684)
Revenues over expenditures	\$ 698,687	\$	926,861

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current year and prior year are from property tax revenues. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in an increase in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

Capital Projects Fund

A comparative summary of the Capital Projects Fund's financial position as of May 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	2018		2017	
Total assets	\$	5,977,720	\$	14,666,283
Total liabilities	\$	795,823	\$	529,105
Total fund balance		5,181,897		14,137,178
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	5,977,720	\$	14,666,283

A comparative summary of activities in the Capital Projects Fund for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2018		.7
Total revenues	\$ 105,820	\$	32,260
Total expenditures	(12,361,101)	(13,7	56,819)
Revenues under expenditures	(12,255,281)	(13,7	24,559)
Other changes in fund balance	3,300,000	20,2	76,111
Net change in fund balance	\$ (8,955,281)	\$ 6,5	51,552

The District has had considerable capital asset activity in the last two years, which was financed with proceeds from the issuance of its \$3,300,000 Series 2017 Bond Anticipation Note in the current year. During the previous fiscal year, the District financed its capital asset activity from the issuance of its \$11,930,000 Series 2017 Unlimited Tax Bonds, \$8,100,000 Series 2017 Unlimited Tax Road Improvement Bonds, and \$7,312,000 Series 2017 Bond Anticipation Note.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board amended the budget during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues and expenditures.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$711,703 greater than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 40 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developers for the financing of the construction of capital assets within the District. Developers will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. These developer funded capital assets are recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction.

	2018	2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land and improvements	\$ 551,632	\$ 680,884	
Construction in progress	7,832,231	1,177,822	
	8,383,863	1,858,706	
Capital assets being depreciated			
Sewer and drainage systems	54,565,742	50,851,423	
Parks and recreational facilities	5,838,128	4,941,344	
Landscaping improvements	482,752		
	60,886,622	55,792,767	
Less accumulated depreciation			
Sewer and drainage systems	(5,874,552)	(4,652,381)	
Parks and recreational facilities	(1,144,104)	(853,282)	
Landscaping improvements	(24,138)		
	(7,042,794)	(5,505,663)	
Depreciable capital assets, net	53,843,828	50,287,104	
Capital assets, net	\$ 62,227,691	\$ 52,145,810	

Capital assets held by the District at May 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

As further discussed in Note 3, amounts reported for 2017 have been restated to remove road facilities constructed by the District, but maintained by Montgomery County. Capital asset additions during the current year include the following:

- Sanitary sewer and storm sewer systems to serve Woodforest, Sections 62, 66, 71 and 99
- Sanitary sewer and storm sewer systems to serve Bonterra at Woodforest, Sections 4 and 5
- Fox Trail Road park
- Sanitary sewer and storm sewer systems to serve commercial tract 1n-1
- Drainage intersection improvements to serve Fish Creek Thoroughfare
- Kinderwood Park, Phase 2
- Fish Creek Thoroughfare median landscaping
- Generator for wastewater treatment plant and lift stations

The District's construction in progress is for the construction of the permanent wastewater treatment plant, Phase 2 and paving to serve Deerbourne Ridge Drive extension (Woodforest 64 to Woodforest 69) and Taylor Crossing.

Montgomery County assumes responsibility for public road facilities constructed within the county. Consequently, these facilities are not recorded as capital assets of the District, but are recorded as transfers to other governments upon completion of construction. For the year ended May 31, 2018, capital assets in the amount of \$465,257 have been completed and recorded as transfers to other governments in the government-wide statements. Additional information is presented in Note 11.

Long-Term Debt and Related Liabilities

As of May 31, 2018, the District owes \$12,672,635 to developers for completed projects and operating advances. As discussed in Note 8, the District has an additional commitment in the amount of \$8,483,230 for projects under construction by the developers. As previously mentioned, the District will owe its developers for these projects upon completion of construction, at which time the capital assets and related liability will be recorded on the District's financial statements. The District intends to reimburse the developers from proceeds of future bond issues.

2018 2017 Series 2010 1,040,000 1,140,000 \$ 2011 Road 1,000,000 1,095,000 2012 1,570,000 1,615,000 2012 Road 3,330,000 3,430,000 5,350,000 5,510,000 2013 2013 Road 5,235,000 5,380,000 2014 15,935,000 16,375,000 2014 Road 3,750,000 3,865,000 2015 23,415,000 24,075,000 2015 Road 5,380,000 5,535,000 2016 Refunding 2,615,000 2,640,000 2016 Road Refunding 2,555,000 2,580,000 11,515,000 2017 11,930,000 2017 Road 8,100,000 8,100,000 93,270,000 90,790,000 \$

At May 31, 2018 and 2017, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

At May 31, 2018, the District had \$104,285,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the wastewater and storm drainage systems within the District, and refunding the same; \$16,445,000 for parks and recreational facilities, and refunding of the same; and \$16,035,000 for road improvements, and refunding of the same.

During the year, the District issued a \$3,300,000 bond anticipation note (BAN) to provide short term financing for developer reimbursements. The District intends to repay the BAN with proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt. See Note 7 for additional information.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and sewer services and the projected cost of operating the District and providing services to customers. A comparison of next year's budget to current year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	2018 Actual	2019 Budget
Total revenues	\$ 3,214,660	\$ 3,072,500
Total expenditures	(2,893,066)	(2,898,758)
Revenues over expenditures	321,594	173,742
Beginning fund balance	2,106,004	2,427,598
Ending fund balance	\$ 2,427,598	\$ 2,601,340

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$76,093,000 (based on certified values) for the 2018 tax year from \$877,928,936 to \$954,021,444. The District has an additional \$24,611,330 in uncertified values. This increase was primarily due to new construction in the District. For the 2018 tax year, the District will levy a maintenance tax rate of \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value, a water, sewer, drainage, and parks debt service tax rate of \$0.44 per \$100 of assessed value, and a road debt service tax rate of \$0.20 per \$100 of assessed value, for a total combined tax rate of \$0.89 per \$100. Tax rates for the 2017 tax year were \$0.19 for maintenance and operations, \$0.47 for water, sewer, drainage, and park bonds debt service, and \$0.24 for road improvement bonds debt service.

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Basic Financial Statements

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet May 31, 2018

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets Cash Investments Taxes receivable Customer service receivables Internal balances	\$ 627,424 1,733,104 22,729 140,784	\$ 1,180,922 6,741,063 101,827	\$ 526,684 5,563,485	\$ 2,335,030 14,037,652 124,556 140,784	\$ -	<pre>\$ 2,335,030 14,037,652 124,556 140,784</pre>
Other receivables Prepaid items Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net	142,444 14,409 35,928	(9,245) 4,726	(133,199) 20,750	39,885 35,928	8,383,863 53,843,828	39,885 35,928 8,383,863 53,843,828
Total Assets	\$ 2,716,822	\$ 8,019,293	\$ 5,977,720	\$ 16,713,835	62,227,691	78,941,526
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred difference on refunding					722,861	722,861
Liabilities Accounts payable Retainage payable Other payables Customer meter deposits Accrued interest payable Bond anticipation note payable Due to developers Long-term debt Due within one year	\$ 263,111 1,884 1,500	\$ - 20,278	\$ 430,245 365,578	\$ 693,356 365,578 22,162 1,500	795,808 3,300,000 12,672,635 2,635,000	693,356 365,578 22,162 1,500 795,808 3,300,000 12,672,635 2,635,000
Due after one year Total Liabilities	266 405	20.279	705.022	1.092.50/	86,120,501	86,120,501
	266,495	20,278	795,823	1,082,596	105,523,944	106,606,540
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred property taxes	22,729	101,827		124,556	(124,556)	
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	35,928 2,391,670	7,897,188	5,181,897	35,928 13,079,085 2,391,670	(35,928) (13,079,085) (2,391,670)	
Total Fund Balances	2,427,598	7,897,188	5,181,897	15,506,683	(15,506,683)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,716,822	\$ 8,019,293	\$ 5,977,720	\$ 16,713,835		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted Total Net Position See notes to basic financial statements	ş.				(14,953,527) 7,203,207 (19,191,833) \$ (26,942,153)	(14,953,527) 7,203,207 (19,191,833) \$ (26,942,153)

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended May 31, 2018

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues	¢ 1 0 2 0 200	đ	đ٢	¢ 1.0 2 0.200	đ٢	¢ 1.0 2 0.200
Sewer service	\$ 1,028,389	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,028,389	\$ -	\$ 1,028,389
Garbage service	395,736	6 024 005		395,736	(10.270)	395,736
Property taxes	1,665,884	6,231,925		7,897,809	(10,378)	7,887,431
Penalties and interest	16,364	46,897		63,261	(244)	63,017
Tap connection and inspection	62,980			62,980		62,980
Miscellaneous	26,886	(1.9()	105.920	26,886		26,886
Investment earnings	18,421	61,866	105,820	186,107	(10, (22))	186,107
Total Revenues	3,214,660	6,340,688	105,820	9,661,168	(10,622)	9,650,546
Expenditures/Expenses Current service operations						
Professional fees	369,039		184,926	553,965		553,965
Contracted services	976,310	118,102		1,094,412		1,094,412
Repairs and maintenance	916,009			916,009		916,009
Utilities	197,517			197,517		197,517
Lease	228,000			228,000		228,000
Administrative	110,283	3,643		113,926		113,926
Other	42,408	7,500		49,908		49,908
Capital outlay	53,500		12,008,715	12,062,215	(12,062,215)	
Debt service					. ,	
Principal		2,480,000		2,480,000	(2,480,000)	
Interest and fees		3,032,756		3,032,756	207,263	3,240,019
Developer interest			88,961	88,961		88,961
Debt issuance costs			78,499	78,499		78,499
Depreciation					1,537,131	1,537,131
Total Expenditures/Expenses	2,893,066	5,642,001	12,361,101	20,896,168	(12,797,821)	8,098,347
Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures/Expenses	321,594	698,687	(12,255,281)	(11,235,000)	12,787,199	1,552,199
Other Financing Sources						
Proceeds from bond anticipation note			3,300,000	3,300,000	(3,300,000)	
Other Items						
Transfers to other governments					(465,257)	(465,257)
Net Change in Fund Balances	321,594	698,687	(8,955,281)	(7,935,000)	7,935,000	
Change in Net Position					1,086,942	1,086,942
Fund Balance/Net Position						
Beginning of the year (See Note 3)	2,106,004	7,198,501	14,137,178	23,441,683	(51,470,778)	(28,029,095)
End of the year	\$ 2,427,598	\$ 7,897,188	\$ 5,181,897	\$ 15,506,683	\$ (42,448,836)	\$ (26,942,153)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 (the "District") conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established pursuant to Senate Bill No. 1963 in the 80th Regular Session of the Texas Legislature, codified as Chapter 8212, Special District Local Laws Code (the "Act") dated June 15, 2007, in accordance with Article III, Section 52 and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the Act. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on August 31, 2007, and the first bonds were sold on December 1, 2010.

The District's primary activities include construction, maintenance and operation of wastewater, drainage, roads, parks and recreational facilities. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or "major" funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has three governmental funds, which are all considered major funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- <u>The General Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the District's sewer and drainage system and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal sources of revenue are property taxes and sewer and garbage service fees. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- <u>The Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt. The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.
- <u>The Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the expenditures of bond proceeds for the construction of the District's sewer, drainage and road facilities.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, interest earned on investments and income from District operations. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made by the District reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At May 31, 2018, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of wastewater, drainage, and parks and recreational facilities, are depreciated using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Sewer and drainage system	45 years
Parks and recreational facilities	10-20 years
Landscaping improvements	20 years

The District's detention facilities are considered improvements to land and are non-depreciable.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Deferred outflows of financial resources at the government-wide level are from a refunding bond transaction in which the amount required to repay the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is being amortized to interest expense.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District's nonspendable fund balance consists of prepaid items.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Fund and property taxes levied for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (continued)

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables; the useful lives and impairment of capital assets; the value of amounts due to developer; the value of capital assets transferred to Montgomery County, and the value of capital assets for which the developer has not been fully reimbursed. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 15,506,683
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Historical cost \$ Less accumulated depreciation Change due to capital assets	69,270,485 (7,042,794)	62,227,691
The difference between the face amount of bonds refunded and the amount paid to the escrow agent is recorded as a deferred difference on refunding in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> and amortized to interest expense. It is not recorded in the fund statements because it is not a financial resource.		722,861
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of: Bonds payable, net Bond anticipation note payable Interest payable Change due to long-term debt	(88,755,501) (3,300,000) (795,808)	(92,851,309)
Amounts due to the District's developers for prefunded construction and operating advances are recorded as a liability in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> . Property taxes receivable and related penalties and interest have been levied		(12,672,635)
Property taxes receivable and related penalties and interest have been levied and are due, but are not available soon enough to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Penalty and interest receivable Change due to property taxes	108,732 15,824	124,556
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ (26,942,153)

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis (continued)

Reconciliation of the *Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* to the *Statement of Activities*

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (7,935,000)
Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the <i>Statement</i> <i>of Activities</i> when earned. The difference is for property taxes and related penalties and interest.		(10,622)
Governmental funds report capital outlays for developer reimbursements and construction costs as expenditures in the funds; however, in the <i>Statement of Activities,</i> the cost of capital assets is charged to expense over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital outlays	\$ 12,062,215	
Depreciation expense	(1,537,131)	10,525,084
Montgomery County assumes responsibility for the maintenance of public roads constructed within the boundaries of the District. Since these improvements are funded by the developer, financial resources are not expended in the fund financial statements; however, in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> , these amounts are reported as transfers to other governments.		(465,257)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal uses current financial resources. However, neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Other elements of debt financing are reported differently between the fund and government wide statements.		
Proceeds from issuance of bond anticipation note Principal payments	(3,300,000) 2,480,000	
Interest expense accrual	(207,263)	
		(1,027,263)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,086,942

Note 3 – Prior Period Adjustment

During the current year, it was determined that public road facilities constructed by the District in previous years and recorded as capital assets, should have been recorded as transfers to other governments because Montgomery County assumes responsibility for maintenance. As a result, capital assets and net position for the District as of May 31, 2017 were overstated by \$15,432,722, which is the net book value of these facilities. During the current year, a prior period adjustment was recorded to correct net position and capital assets. This adjustment decreased beginning net position as follows:

Beginning net position, as reported	\$ (12,596,373)
Change due to correction	 (15,432,722)
Beginning net position, restated	\$ (28,029,095)

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash and certificates of deposit) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District's deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District's written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

As of May 31, 2018, the District's investments consist of the following:

Туре	Fund		Carrying Value	Percentage of Total	Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Certificates of deposit	General	\$	584,295			
	Debt Service		1,822,893			
			2,407,188	17%	N/A	N/A
TexSTAR	General		1,148,809			
	Debt Service		4,918,170			
	Capital Projects		5,563,485			
		1	1,630,464	83%	AAAm	29 days
Total		\$ 1	4,037,652	100%		

The District's investments in certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

TexSTAR

The District participates in Texas Short Term Asset Reserve fund (TexSTAR) which is managed by First Southwest, a division of Hilltop Securities, Inc., and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. First Southwest provides participant and marketing services while J.P. Morgan provides investment management services. Custodial and depository services are provided by J.P. Morgan Chase Bank N.A. or its subsidiary.

The District's investment in TexSTAR is reported at fair value because TexSTAR uses fair value to report investments. Governmental accounting standards establish the following hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets, Level 2 inputs are based on significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are based on significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment in TexSTAR is measured using published fair value per share (level 1 inputs).

Investments in TexSTAR may be withdrawn via wire transfer on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 4 p.m. ACH withdrawals made by 4 p.m. will settle on the next business day.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District's investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 5 – Interfund Balances

Amounts due to/from other funds at May 31, 2018, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amounts	Purpose
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 9,245	Maintenance tax collections not
			remitted as of year end
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	133,199	Bond application fees paid by the
			General Fund

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended May 31, 2018, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$ 680,884 1,177,822 1,858,706	\$ (129,252) 6,654,409 6,525,157	\$ 551,632 7,832,231 8,383,863	
Capital assets being depreciated Sewer and drainage systems Parks and recreational facilities Landscaping improvements	50,851,423 4,941,344 55,792,767	3,714,319 896,784 482,752 5,093,855	54,565,742 5,838,128 482,752 60,886,622	
Less accumulated depreciation Sewer and drainage systems Parks and recreational facilities Landscaping improvements	(4,652,381) (853,282) (5,505,663)	$(1,222,171) \\ (290,822) \\ (24,138) \\ (1,537,131)$	$(5,874,552) \\ (1,144,104) \\ (24,138) \\ (7,042,794)$	
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	50,287,104	3,556,724	53,843,828	
Capital assets, net	\$ 52,145,810	\$ 10,081,881	\$ 62,227,691	

Depreciation expense for the current year was \$1,537,131. Beginning capital asset values have been restated as discussed in Note 3.

In addition, the District has contractual commitments for ongoing construction projects as follows:

	Contract Amounts		Remaining
	Amount	Paid	Commitment
Permanent Wastewater Treatment Plant	\$ 7,190,089	\$ 6,305,262	\$ 884,827
Deerbourne Ridge Drive Extension (Woodforest 64	680,197	574,029	106,168
Woodforest 69)			
	\$ 7,870,286	\$ 6,879,291	\$ 990,995

Note 7 – Bond Anticipation Note

The District uses a bond anticipation note (BAN) to provide short term financing for reimbursements to its developers. Despite its short term nature, a BAN is not recorded as a fund liability, since it will not be repaid from current financial resources and will be repaid through the issuance of long term debt or another BAN. It is, however, recorded as a liability at the government-wide level.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 7 - Bond Anticipation Note (continued)

On December 21, 2017, the District issued a \$3,300,000 BAN with an interest rate of 1.65%, which is due on December 20, 2018. This BAN was repaid subsequent to year end. See Note 17 for additional information.

The effect of this transaction on the District's short term obligations are as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ -
Amount borrowed	3,300,000
Ending balance	\$ 3,300,000

Note 8 – Due to Developers

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developers for the financing of the construction of sewer, drainage, park and recreational facilities, and road improvements. Under the agreements, the developers will advance funds for the construction of facilities to serve the District. The developers will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds, subject to approval by TCEQ, as applicable. The District does not record the capital asset and related liability on the government-wide statements until construction of the facilities is complete.

The District's developers have also advanced funds to the District for operating expenses.

Changes in amounts due to developers during the year are as follows:

Due to developers, beginning of year	\$ 12,650,581
Developer reimbursements	(4,379,603)
Developer funded construction and adjustments	 4,401,657
Due to developers, end of year	\$ 12,672,635

Note 8 – Due to Developers (continued)

In addition, the District will owe the developers approximately \$8,483,230 which is included in the following schedule of contractual commitments. The exact amount is not known until approved by the TCEQ and verified by the District's auditor. As previously noted, these projects will be reported in the government-wide financial statements upon completion of construction.

	Contract Amounts		Remaining	
	Amount	Paid	Commitment	
Woodforest Parkway North (Overland Trace Drive to	\$ 575,829	\$ 503,839	\$ 71,990	
Elk Trace Parkway) - paving				
Woodforest Parkway South extension (Woodforest	503,994	474,110	29,884	
45 to Woodforest 46) - paving				
Woodforest Parkway South extension (Woodforest	308,780	282,971	25,809	
46 to Woodforest 53) - paving				
Lift Station No. 1, Phase 1	587,750	486,235	101,515	
Woodforest 2017 Trails	255,276	109,227	146,049	
Kingsley Park landscaping improvements	431,314	388,193	43,121	
Woodforest Section 94 - sewer and drainage	276,114	251,849	24,265	
Woodforest Section 69 and 73 - sewer and drainage	929,455	787,619	141,836	
Bonterra at Woodforest, Section 6 - paving	166,579	91,672	74,907	
Woodforest Section 93 - sewer and drainage	121,738	92,366	29,372	
Stampede Sportsplex - Phase 2 - landscaping improvements	964,856		964,856	
Stampede Sportsplex - sewer, drainage and paving	382,474	288,700	93,774	
Christine Allen Nature Park - sewer, drainage and paving	360,917	100,065	260,852	
Central Pint Street extension (Woodforest 71 to Ditch	117,960		117,960	
4P) - sewer and drainage				
Bonterra Boulevard extension (Bonterra 3 to Bonterra	209,842	82,528	127,314	
6 - paving				
Christine Allen Nature Park, Phase 1	1,503,860	18,000	1,485,860	
Deerbourne Ridge Drive Extension (WF, Section 64	360,999	319,750	41,249	
to 69) - sewer and drainage				
Bonterra at Woodforest, Section 6 - sewer and drainage	425,493	354,194	71,299	
	\$ 8,483,230	\$ 4,631,318	\$ 3,851,912	

Note 9 – Long–Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 90,790,000
Unamortized discounts	(2,034,499)
	\$ 88,755,501
Due within one year	\$ 2,635,000

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 9 – Long–Term Debt (continued)

The District's bonds payable at May 31, 2018, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

	Maturity Date,					
				Serially,	Interest	
	Amounts	Original	Interest	Beginning/	Payment	Call
Series	Outstanding	Issue	Rates	Ending	Dates	Dates
2010	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 3,700,000	4.0% - 5.25%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2013 - 2025	March 1	2018
2011 Road	1,000,000	3,590,000	3.5% - 5.1%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2013 - 2025	March 1	2018
2012	1,570,000	1,765,000	3.0% - 5.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2013 - 2036	March 1	2019
2012 Road	3,330,000	3,700,000	2.5% - 4.2%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2014 - 2036	March 1	2019
2013	5,350,000	5,935,000	2.5% - 5.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2014 - 2037	March 1	2021
2013 Road	5,235,000	5,650,000	3.0% - 5.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2015 - 2037	March 1	2021
2014	15,935,000	17,200,000	2.0% - 4.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2015 - 2038	March 1	2022
2014 Road	3,750,000	4,100,000	2.0% - 4.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2015 - 2038	March 1	2022
2015	23,415,000	24,910,000	2.0% - 3.625%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2016 - 2039	March 1	2023
2015 Road	5,380,000	5,745,000	2.0% - 4.0%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
2017	0 (15 000	0 705 000	2 00/ 2 050/	2016 - 2039	March 1	2023
2016	2,615,000	2,705,000	2.0% - 3.25%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2016 - 2035	March 1	2023
2016 Road	2,555,000	2,645,000	2.0% - 3.25%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2016 - 2035	March 1	2023
2017	11,515,000	11,930,000	2.0% - 3.75%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
	, ,	, ,		2017 - 2041	March 1	2024
2017 Road	8,100,000	8,100,000	3.0% - 3.5%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2018 - 2042	March 1	2024
	\$ 90,790,000					

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

Note 9 – Long–Term Debt (continued)

At May 31, 2018, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$104,285,000 for wastewater and storm drainage facilities and refunding of same; \$16,445,000 for park and recreational facilities and refunding of same; and \$16,035,000 for road improvements and refunding of same.

In the 2016 fiscal year, the District issued refunding bonds to advance refund portions of the District's Series 2010 and Series 2011 bonds. Since the refunded bonds were not yet subject to redemption, the District defeased them by placing proceeds of the bonds into an account with an escrow agent and irrevocably pledging the escrow account to the payment of future debt service payments. Accordingly, the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds is \$4,375,000 at May 31, 2018.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 93,270,000
Bonds retired	(2,480,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$ 90,790,000

Note 9 – Long–Term Debt (continued)

As of May 31, 2018, annua	l debt service requirements	s on bonds outstanding are as follows:
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Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$ 2,635,000	\$ 3,020,153	\$ 5,655,153
2020	2,755,000	2,953,289	5,708,289
2021	2,875,000	2,883,492	5,758,492
2022	3,000,000	2,805,048	5,805,048
2023	3,135,000	2,717,675	5,852,675
2024	3,280,000	2,624,919	5,904,919
2025	3,435,000	2,524,864	5,959,864
2026	3,590,000	2,416,466	6,006,466
2027	3,740,000	2,303,545	6,043,545
2028	3,910,000	2,183,361	6,093,361
2029	4,085,000	2,052,578	6,137,578
2030	4,255,000	1,913,983	6,168,983
2031	4,435,000	1,767,678	6,202,678
2032	4,640,000	1,611,195	6,251,195
2033	4,840,000	1,442,844	6,282,844
2034	5,025,000	1,264,742	6,289,742
2035	5,260,000	1,076,105	6,336,105
2036	5,485,000	875,628	6,360,628
2037	5,165,000	672,689	5,837,689
2038	4,970,000	475,944	5,445,944
2039	4,335,000	298,032	4,633,032
2040	3,040,000	161,057	3,201,057
2041	1,175,000	83,694	1,258,694
2042	1,225,000	39,869	1,264,869
2043	500,000	8,750	508,750
	\$ 90,790,000	\$ 40,177,600	\$ 130,967,600

Note 10 – Property Taxes

On May 10, 2008, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$1.25 per \$100 of assessed value, and used in financing the maintenance of road facilities, limited to \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value. The District's bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Montgomery County Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Note 10 – Property Taxes (continued)

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District's 2018 fiscal year was financed through the 2017 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.90 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.19 was allocated to maintenance and operations, \$0.47 was allocated to water, sewer and drainage debt service, and \$0.24 was allocated to road debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$7,901,360 on the adjusted taxable value of \$877,928,936.

Total property taxes receivable, at May 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 99,514
Prior years taxes receivable	 9,218
	 108,732
Penalty and interest receivable	 15,824
Property taxes receivable	\$ 124,556

Note 11 – Transfers to Other Governments

Montgomery County assumes responsibility for the maintenance of public roads constructed within the boundaries of the District. Accordingly, these facilities are considered to be capital assets of Montgomery County, not the District. For the year ended May 31, 2018, the District recorded transfers to other governments in the amount of \$465,257 for road facilities constructed by developers within the District.

Note 12 – Lease Agreement

On February 7, 2017, the District entered into a twelve month operating lease agreement for a temporary wastewater treatment plant. The District has the option to extend the lease on a month to month basis following expiration of the twelve month term. Total costs for the lease for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2018, was \$228,000. The District is responsible for all ordinary expenses related to repairing and maintaining the equipment. This agreement was terminated as of July 25, 2018.

Standard lease terms require the District to prepay the last month's lease payment upon inception of the lease. All such amounts are recorded as a prepaid expense on the *Statement of Net Position*. As of May 31, 2018 the District has completed the initial term of the agreement.

Note 13 – Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective September 23, 2008, the District and the City of Conroe (the "City") entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement under which the City may annex the District for limited purposes. The District continues (1) to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district and (2) to provide certain services described in the agreement, and the City agrees to remit one half of all retail sales tax collected from retailers located within the District's boundaries. The City has not yet annexed the District for limited purposes. Accordingly, the City has not yet imposed a sales tax in the District and therefore, no rebate was due or paid.

Note 14 – Strategic Partnership Agreement (continued)

The City agrees that it will not annex all or part of the District during the initial ten year term of this agreement. The District will be converted to full purpose annexation upon the earlier of the following dates: (1) the date on which all debt of the District that is payable from ad valorem taxes is fully paid and the District has fully reimbursed the developer within the District in accordance with any written reimbursement agreement or (2) December 31, 2037. On the full purpose annexation date, the land included within the boundaries of the District shall be deemed to be within the full purpose boundary limits of the City without the need for any further action. Upon such date, all taxable property within the territory of the District shall become subject to ad valorem taxation by the City.

If debt of the District remains outstanding on the full purpose annexation conversion date or if the District has not fully reimbursed any developer within the District in accordance with any written reimbursement agreement, then the District shall become a "limited district". The "limited district" shall be known as Montgomery Utility District No. 113 and shall continue for a term through the earlier of ten additional years or all outstanding debt has been fully paid. The powers of the "limited district" are restricted to the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes sufficient to meet the outstanding debt service requirements.

The City may extend the existence of the "limited district" for successive ten year terms for so long as any debt of the "limited district" remains. The "limited district" ceases to exist 60 days after all debt is paid and title to all assets and improvements vests in the City.

Note 15 – Water Supply Agreement

MSEC Enterprises ("MSEC") supplies water to District residents pursuant to an agreement with the District's developer. MSEC owns, constructs, operates and maintains the water supply and water distribution systems that serve residents within the District. The District's developer has committed to pay all capital connection fees, which may be reimbursed by the District.

Note 16 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 17 – Subsequent Events

Issuance of Bond Anticipation Note

On July 2, 2018, the District issued its \$5,960,000 Series 2018 BAN with an interest rate of 2.00%, which is due on July 1, 2019. Proceeds of the BAN were used to reimburse the District's developers for infrastructure improvements in the District.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Notes to Basic Financial Statements May 31, 2018

Note 17 – Subsequent Events (continued)

Issuance of Long-Term Debt

On August 20, 2018, the District approved a preliminary official statement and notice of sale for its Series 2018 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds in the amount of \$5,700,000. The Board accepted bids and awarded the sale of the bonds on September 17, 2018. Proceeds of the bonds will primarily be used to reimburse developers for amounts currently reported in "Due to developers" and to repay a \$3,300,000 BAN issued during the fiscal year.

Agreement for the Joint Construction and Operation of Regional Facilities

On August 20, 2018, The District entered into a fifty-year agreement with Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 121 ("MUD 121"). The purpose of the agreement is to establish a wastewater collection and treatment system, a drainage system and parks. Each of these projects are referred to as an Element and is planned to be designed, constructed and funded in Segments. MUD 121 will reimburse the District for its proportionate share of the constructions costs, plus interest, of certain completed and funded Elements of the project that were originally paid by the District. Each District agrees to fund its portion of future project costs on or before the due date by depositing its proportionate share in a separate account dedicated to payment of construction costs. The District is responsible for the design and construction of all Elements.

The District will hold legal title to the facilities for the benefit of both districts. However, each District will have an equitable interest in their share of purchased capacity. The District will also establish and operate a separate fund to account for the operation, maintenance and construction costs of the wastewater plant. Unless otherwise agreed, each district is required to advance funds to establish an operating reserve of at least three months of budgeted operating and maintenance costs, which is held in the regional water facilities account.

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Required Supplementary Information

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2018

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues	 	 	 	 <i>/</i>
Sewer service	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,028,389	\$ (221,611)
Garbage service			395,736	395,736
Property taxes	1,251,000	1,625,000	1,665,884	40,884
Penalties and interest			16,364	16,364
Tap connection and inspection	50,000	50,000	62,980	12,980
Miscellaneous			26,886	26,886
Investment earnings	 7,500	 7,500	 18,421	 10,921
Total Revenues	 2,558,500	 2,932,500	 3,214,660	 282,160
Expenditures				
Current service operations				
Professional fees	334,500	334,500	369,039	(34,539)
Contracted services	970,000	1,045,000	976,310	68,690
Repairs and maintenance	1,041,200	1,294,400	916,009	378,391
Utilities	75,000	150,000	197,517	(47,517)
Leases	195,000	195,000	228,000	(33,000)
Administrative	75,265	101,120	110,283	(9,163)
Other	27,000	27,000	42,408	(15,408)
Capital outlay		175,589	53,500	122,089
Total Expenditures	 2,717,965	 3,322,609	 2,893,066	429,543
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(159,465)	(390,109)	321,594	711,703
Fund Balance				
Beginning of the year	 2,106,004	 2,106,004	 2,106,004	
End of the year	\$ 1,946,539	\$ 1,715,895	\$ 2,427,598	\$ 711,703

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The budget was amended during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues and expenditures.

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Texas Supplementary Information

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-1. Services and Rates May 31, 2018

1. Services provided by the District During the Fiscal Year: Retail Water Solid Waste/Garbage Wholesale Water Х Drainage Х Х Retail Wastewater Wholesale Wastewater Х Flood Control Irrigation Fire Protection Х Parks / Recreation Roads Security Х Х Participates in joint venture, regional system and/or wastewater service (other than emergency interconnect) Other (Specify): 2. **Retail Service Providers**

(You may omit this information if your district does not provide retail services)

a. Retail Rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	Minimu Charg			Rate per 1,0 e Gallons Ov Minimum Us	er	Usaş	ge L	evels
Wastewater:	\$ 4	7.55 -0-	Y	N/A		-0-	to	unlimited
District empl	loys winter	r averaging for w	astewater usage?	Yes	Χ	No		
Total charg	ges per 10,	000 gallons usag	2:	Water	Wa	astewater	\$	47.55

b. Water and Wastewater Retail Connections:

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC'S
Unmetered			x 1.0	
less than 3/4"			x 1.0	
1"			x 2.5	
1.5"			x 5.0	
2"			x 8.0	
3"			x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water				
Total Wastewater	2,811	2,811	x 1.0	2,811

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-1. Services and Rates May 31, 2018

3. Total Water Consumption during the fiscal year (rounded to the nearest thousand): (You may omit this information if your district does not provide water)

	Gallons pumped into system:	N/A	Water Accountal (Gallons billed /	-	a d)
	Gallons billed to customers:	N/A	N/A	Gallons pump	jed)
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under T (You may omit this information if			es)	
	Does the District have Debt Servic	ce standby fees?		Yes	NoX
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	nmission Order:			
	Does the District have Operation a	and Maintenance sta	andby fees?	Yes	NoX
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	nmission Order:			
5.	Location of District (required for first otherwise this information may be	•	information chang	ges,	
	Is the District located entirely with	in one county?	Yes X	No	
	County(ies) in which the District is	located:	Montg	omery County	,
	Is the District located within a city	2	Entirely	Partly Not	t at all X
	City(ies) in which the District is loc	cated:			
	Is the District located within a city	's extra territorial jui	risdiction (ETJ)?		
			Entirely X I	Partly Not	t at all
	ETJs in which the District is locate	ed:	City	of Conroe	
	Are Board members appointed by	an office outside the	e district?	Yes	No X
	If Yes, by whom?				

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-2 General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended May 31, 2018

Professional fees	
Legal	\$ 179,246
Audit	14,500
Engineering	 175,293
	 369,039
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	18,488
Operator	176,279
Garbage collection	484,180
Tap connection and inspection	40,254
Security	 257,109
	 976,310
Repairs and maintenance	 916,009
Utilities	 197,517
Lease	 228,000
Administrative	
Directors fees	12,000
Printing and office supplies	67,100
Insurance	18,982
Other	 12,201
	 110,283
Other	 42,408
Capital outlay	 53,5 00
Total expenditures	\$ 2,893,066

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-3. Investments May 31, 2018

Fund	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year	Interest Receivable
General			/ -		
TexSTAR	1702522220	Variable	N/A	\$ 1,148,809	\$ -
Certificate of deposit	66000417	1.86%	10/17/18	244,295	534
Certificate of deposit	498030	2.00%	05/27/19	240,000	53
Certificate of deposit	6750676624	1.27%	07/13/18	100,000	1,120
				1,733,104	1,707
Debt Service					
TexSTAR	1702510230	Variable	N/A	3,573,427	
TexSTAR	1702510231	Variable	N/A	1,344,743	
Certificate of deposit	83224402	2.30%	05/25/19	240,000	91
Certificate of deposit	1852002097	2.10%	05/27/19	102,893	24
Certificate of deposit	107362781	1.70%	09/14/18	240,000	850
Certificate of deposit	6757526733	1.61%	09/13/18	1,000,000	3,396
Certificate of deposit	9009003842	1.85%	11/19/18	240,000	122
Ĩ				6,741,063	4,483
Capital Projects					
TexSTAR	1702510300	Variable	N/A	1,423,190	
TexSTAR	1702510301	Variable	N/A	4,140,295	
				5,563,485	
Total - All Funds				\$ 14,037,652	\$ 6,190

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable May 31, 2018

Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year \$ 21,425 \$ 71,077 \$ 26,608 \$ 119,110 Adjusted Receivable 20,035 $(2,631)$ $(2,631)$ $(2,432)$ 2017 Original Tax Levy 1,655,729 $4,095,751$ $2,001,447$ $7,842,927$ Adjusted Receivable 12,336 $30,515$ $15,582$ $58,433$ Adjusted Tax Levy 1,668,005 $4,126,266$ $2,107,029$ $7,901,360$ Total to be accounted for 1,688,700 $4,194,712$ $2,132,656$ $8,016,068$ Tax collections:		1	Maintenance Taxes		W-S-D Debt ervice Taxes		Road Debt ervice Taxes		Totals
Adjusted Receivable 20,035 68,446 25,627 114,708 2017 Original Tax Levy 1,655,729 4,095,751 2,091,447 7,842,927 Adjusted Tax Levy 1,668,065 4,126,266 2,107,029 7,901,360 Total to be accounted for 1,668,700 4,194,712 2,132,656 8,016,068 Tax collections:		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2017 Original Tax Levy $1,655,729$ $4,095,751$ $2,091,447$ $7,842,927$ Adjusted Tax Levy $1,668,065$ $4,126,266$ $2,107,029$ $7,901,360$ Total to be accounted for $1,668,065$ $4,126,266$ $2,107,029$ $7,901,360$ Total to be accounted for $1,668,065$ $4,126,266$ $2,107,029$ $7,901,360$ Current year $1,647,056$ $4,074,298$ $2,080,492$ $7,801,846$ Prior years $18,915$ $63,071$ $23,504$ $105,490$ Total Collections $1,665,971$ $4,137,369$ $2,105,996$ $7,907,336$ Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ $22,729$ \$ $51,968$ \$ $26,537$ \$ $99,514$ 2017 \$ $21,009$ \$ $51,968$ \$ $26,537$ \$ $99,514$ 2015 411 $1,375$ 611 $2,397$ 2014 3066 658 2666 $108,732$ Property Valuations \$ $182,776,290$ \$ $132,300,400$ \$ $94,663,070$ Land \$ $182,776,290$ \$ $132,300,400$ </td <td>,</td> <td></td> <td> ×</td> <td></td> <td>· · · ·</td> <td></td> <td> (</td> <td></td> <td></td>	,		×		· · · ·		(
Adjustments 12,336 30,515 15,582 58,433 Adjusted Tax Levy 1,668,065 4,126,266 2,107,029 7,901,360 Total to be accounted for Tax collections: 1,647,056 4,074,298 2,080,492 7,801,846 Prior years 18,915 63,071 23,504 105,490 Total Collections 1,665,971 4,137,369 2,105,996 7,907,336 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 \$ 21,009 \$ 51,968 26,537 \$ 99,514 2015 411 1,375 611 2,397 2014 306 658 2666 1,230 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Property Valuations \$ 21,009 \$ 132,300,400 \$ 48,63,760 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Land \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 \$ 271,200,710 Peroperty Valuations \$ 58,779,283,03	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Adjusted Tax Levy 1,668,065 4,126,266 2,107,029 7,901,360 Total to be accounted for 1,688,700 4,194,712 2,132,656 8,016,068 Tax collections: 1,647,056 4,074,298 2,080,492 7,801,846 Prior years 1,665,971 4,137,369 2,103,996 7,907,336 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 \$ 21,003 3,342 1,246 5,591 2015 411 1,375 611 2,397 2014 306 658 266 1,230 1015 411 1,375 611 2,397 2014 2015 2014 Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,574,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 29,3614 \$ 360,130,940 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 36,6									
Total to be accounted for Tax collections: Current year 1,688,700 4,194,712 2,132,656 8,016,068 Tax collections: Current year 1,647,056 4,074,298 2,080,492 7,801,846 Prior years 18,915 63,071 23,504 105,490 Total Collections 1,665,971 4,137,369 2,103,996 7,907,336 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 \$ 21,009 \$ 51,968 \$ 26,537 \$ 99,514 2015 411 1,375 611 2,397 2014 3066 658 2666 1,230 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Land \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710	,		-		-				
Tax collections: Current year 1,647,056 4,074,298 2,080,492 7,801,846 Prior years 18,915 63,071 23,504 105,490 Total Collections 1,665,971 4,137,369 2,103,996 7,907,336 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 \$ 21,009 \$ 51,968 \$ 26,537 \$ 99,514 2016 1,003 3,342 1,246 5,591 2015 2014 2,306 \$ 108,732 2014 306 658 2666 1,230 \$ 108,732 \$ 2017 2016 2015 2014 Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 77,223,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,13,791 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 77,223,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,13,0940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 80,900 9,0205 0.260 0	Aujusticu Tax Levy		1,000,005		4,120,200		2,107,027		7,701,500
Current year 1,647,056 4,074,298 2,080,492 7,801,846 Prior years 18,915 63,071 23,504 105,490 Total Collections 1,665,971 4,137,369 2,103,996 7,907,336 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 \$ 21,000 \$ 51,968 \$ 26,537 \$ 99,514 2016 1,003 3,342 1,246 5,591 2015 411 1,375 611 2,397 2014 306 658 2666 1,230 Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 77,2293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1,688,700</td><td></td><td>4,194,712</td><td></td><td>2,132,656</td><td></td><td>8,016,068</td></t<>			1,688,700		4,194,712		2,132,656		8,016,068
Prior years18,915 $63,071$ $23,504$ $105,490$ Total Collections1,665,971 $4,137,369$ $2,103,996$ $7,907,336$ Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ $22,729$ \$ $57,343$ \$ $28,660$ \$ $108,732$ Taxes Receivable, By Years2017\$ $21,009$ \$ $51,968$ \$ $26,537$ \$ $99,514$ 20161,003 $3,342$ $1,246$ $5,591$ 2015411 $1,375$ 611 $2,397$ 2014 306 658 $226,600$ \$ $108,732$ Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ $22,729$ \$ $57,343$ \$ $28,660$ \$ $108,732$ Property Valuations\$ $182,776,290$ \$ $163,575,670$ \$ $132,300,340$ \$ $94,663,070$ Improvements $735,974,830$ $644,736,800$ $488,336,680$ $271,200,710$ $(43,375,220)$ $(2,346,631)$ Personal Property $13,090,766$ $11,215,770$ $4,803,782$ $3,601,3791$ $(2,346,631)$ Tax Rates per \$100 Valuations\$ $877,928,936$ \$ $772,293,614$ \$ $585,065,482$ \$ $360,130,940$ Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation\$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Maintenance tax rates\$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$Adjusted Tax Levy:\$ $7,901,360$ \$ $7,105,101$ \$ $5,967,668$ \$ $4,033,467$ Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes					4.074.200		2 000 402		7 001 046
Total Collections $1,665,971$ $4,137,369$ $2,103,996$ $7,907,336$ Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ 22,729\$ 57,343\$ 28,660\$ 108,732Taxes Receivable, By Years2017\$ 21,009\$ 51,968\$ 26,537\$ 99,51420161,003 $3,342$ 1,2465,59120154111,3756112,3972014 306 658 2666 1,230Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ 22,729\$ 57,343\$ 28,660\$ 108,732Property ValuationsLand\$ 182,776,290\$ 163,575,670\$ 132,300,340\$ 94,663,070Improvements735,974,830 $644,736,800$ $488,336,680$ 271,200,710Personal Property13,090,76611,215,770 $4,803,782$ $3,613,791$ Exemptions $(53,912,950)$ $(47,234,626)$ $(40,375,320)$ $(9,346,631)$ Total Property Valuations\$ 877,928,936\$ 772,293,614\$ 585,065,482\$ 300,130,940Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation\$ 0.190\$ 0.165\$ 0.175\$ 0.280Debt service tax rates\$ 0.190\$ 0.165\$ 0.175\$ 0.280Cold Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900\$ 0.920\$ 1.020\$ 1.120Adjusted Tax Levy:\$ 7,901,360\$ 7,105,101\$ 5,967,668\$ 4,033,467Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** $98,74\%$ $99,92\%$ $99,92\%$ $99,97\%$ * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Appro	-								
Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ $22,729$ \$ $57,343$ \$ $28,660$ \$ $108,732$ Taxes Receivable, By Years2017\$ $21,009$ \$ $51,968$ \$ $26,537$ \$ $99,514$ 20161,003 $3,342$ 1,246 $5,591$ 20154111,3756112,3972014 306 658 2266 $1,230$ Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ $22,729$ \$ $57,343$ \$ $28,660$ \$Property Valuations\$ 2017 2016 2015 2014 Property Valuations\$ $182,776,290$ \$ $163,575,670$ \$ $132,300,340$ \$ $94,663,070$ Improvements $735,974,830$ $644,736,800$ $488,336,680$ $271,200,710$ Personal Property $13,090,766$ $11,215,770$ $4,803,782$ $3,613,791$ Exemptions $(53,912,950)$ $(47,234,626)$ $(40,375,320)$ $(9,346,631)$ Total Property Valuations\$ $877,928,936$ \$ $772,293,614$ \$ $585,065,482$ \$Road 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 9.0920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy:\$ $7,901,360$ \$ $7,105,101$ \$ $5,967,668$ \$ $4,033,467$ Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** $98,74\%$ $99,92\%$ $99,96\%$ <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	•		-				-		
Taxes Receivable, By Years2017\$ 21,009\$ 51,968\$ 26,537\$ 99,51420161,0033,3421,2465,59120154111,3756112,39720143066582661,230Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ 22,729\$ 57,343\$ 28,660\$ 108,7322017201620152014Property ValuationsLand\$ 182,776,290\$ 163,575,670\$ 132,300,340\$ 94,663,070Improvements735,974,830644,736,800488,336,680271,200,710Personal Property13,090,76611,215,7704,803,7823,613,791Exemptions $(53,912,950)$ $(47,234,626)$ $(40,375,520)$ $(9,346,631)$ Total Property Valuations\$ 877,928,936\$ 772,293,614\$ 585,065,482\$ 360,130,940Tax Rates per \$100 ValuationMaintenance tax rates\$ 0.190\$ 0.165\$ 0.175\$ 0.280Debt service tax rates\$ 0.190\$ 0.2050.2600.240Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900\$ 0.920\$ 1.020\$ 1.120Adjusted Tax Levy:\$ 7,901,360\$ 7,105,101\$ 5,967,668\$ 4,033,467Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** $98,74\%$ 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters:\$ 1.25onMay 10, 2008		•		•				•	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Taxes Receivable, End of Tear	φ	22,129	φ	57,545	Ŷ	28,000	Ŷ	100,732
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
20143066582661,230Taxes Receivable, End of Year\$ 22,729\$ 57,343\$ 28,660\$ 108,732Property Valuations2017201620152014Land\$ 182,776,290\$ 163,575,670\$ 132,300,340\$ 94,663,070Improvements735,974,830644,736,800488,336,680271,200,710Personal Property13,090,76611,215,7704,803,7823,613,791Exemptions(53,912,950)(47,234,626)(40,375,320)(9,346,631)Total Property Valuations\$ 877,928,936\$ 772,293,614\$ 585,065,482\$ 360,130,940Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation\$ 0.190\$ 0.165\$ 0.175\$ 0.280Debt service tax rates\$ 0.190\$ 0.165\$ 0.175\$ 0.280Natinenance tax rates\$ 0.900\$ 0.920\$ 1.020\$ 1.120Adjusted Tax Levy:\$ 7,901,360\$ 7,105,101\$ 5,967,668\$ 4,033,467Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters:\$ 1.25onMay 10, 2008			-				-		
Taxes Receivable, End of Year \$ 22,729 \$ 57,343 \$ 28,660 \$ 108,732 Property Valuations 2017 2016 2015 2014 Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 4,033,467 <									
2017 2016 2015 2014 Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 0.9200 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected \$ 98.74% \$ 99.92% \$ 99.96%		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Property Valuations \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage \$ 0.470 \$ 0.550 \$ 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,9	Taxes receivable, End of Tear	Ŷ		Ψ		¥		Ψ	
Land \$ 182,776,290 \$ 163,575,670 \$ 132,300,340 \$ 94,663,070 Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92%			2017		2016		2015		2014
Improvements 735,974,830 644,736,800 488,336,680 271,200,710 Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.900 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 0.900 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.25 0 May 10, 2008	A 7	¢	192 774 200	¢	1(2 575 (70	đ	122 200 240	¢	04 ((2.070
Personal Property 13,090,766 11,215,770 4,803,782 3,613,791 Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.9200 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 1.200		\$		\$		\$		2	
Exemptions (53,912,950) (47,234,626) (40,375,320) (9,346,631) Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 1.200									
Total Property Valuations \$ 877,928,936 \$ 772,293,614 \$ 585,065,482 \$ 360,130,940 Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Water, sewer and drainage 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 1.20									
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 \$ 0.165 \$ 0.175 \$ 0.280 Debt service tax rates 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008	*	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Maintenance tax rates \$ 0.190 0.165 0.175 0.280 Debt service tax rates 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected \$ 98.74% \$ 99.92% \$ 99.96% \$ 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 1.25									
Debt service tax rates 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$	*	¢	0.190	\$	0 165	¢	0 175	\$	0.280
Road 0.240 0.205 0.260 0.240 Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 1.208		φ	0.190	φ	0.105	φ	0.175	φ	0.200
Water, sewer and drainage 0.470 0.550 0.585 0.600 \$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$ 1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$ 10.208			0 240		0.205		0.260		0 240
\$ 0.900 \$ 0.920 \$ 1.020 \$ 1.120 Adjusted Tax Levy: \$ 7,901,360 \$ 7,105,101 \$ 5,967,668 \$ 4,033,467 Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.25 on May 10, 2008									
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% 99.92% <		\$		\$		\$		\$	
to Taxes Levied ** 98.74% 99.92% 99.96% 99.97% * Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.25 on May 10, 2008 \$1.25 May 10, 2008 \$1.25 State Approved by Coters: State Approved by Coters: \$1.25 State Approved by Coters: State Approved by Coters:	Adjusted Tax Levy:	\$	7,901,360	\$	7,105,101	\$	5,967,668	\$	4,033,467
	0		98.74%		99.92%		99.96%		99.97%
	* Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Ar	oprov	ved by Vote r s		\$1.25	on	May 10 20	008	
	1			ters:					

** Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year. See accompanying auditors' report.

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2010--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total		
2019	\$ 105,000	\$ 48,719	\$ 153,719		
2020	110,000	44,012	154,012		
2021	120,000	38,687	158,687		
2022	125,000	32,712	157,712		
2023	130,000	26,338	156,338		
2024	140,000	19,588	159,588		
2025	150,000	12,244	162,244		
2026	160,000	4,200	164,200		
	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 226,500	\$ 1,266,500		

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2011 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,		
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total	
2019	\$ 100,000	\$ 43,570	\$ 143,570	
2020	105,000	39,595	144,595	
2021	115,000	35,080	150,080	
2022	120,000	30,025	150,025	
2023	125,000	24,510	149,510	
2024	135,000	18,395	153,395	
2025	145,000	11,530	156,530	
2026	155,000	3,953	158,953	
	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 206,658	\$ 1,206,658	

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2012--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,		
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total	
2019	\$ 45,000	\$ 64,521	\$ 109,521	
2020	50,000	63,034	113,034	
2021	50,000	61,346	111,346	
2022	55,000	59,481	114,481	
2023	60,000	57,381	117,381	
2024	60,000	55,131	115,131	
2025	65,000	52,724	117,724	
2026	70,000	50,056	120,056	
2027	75,000	47,119	122,119	
2028	80,000	43,931	123,931	
2029	85,000	40,528	125,528	
2030	90,000	36,863	126,863	
2031	95,000	32,872	127,872	
2032	100,000	28,606	128,606	
2033	105,000	24,122	129,122	
2034	110,000	19,350	129,350	
2035	120,000	14,175	134,175	
2036	125,000	8,663	133,663	
2037	130,000	2,926	132,926	
	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 762,829	\$ 2,332,829	

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2012 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	Interest Due September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 105,000	\$ 129,155	\$ 234,155
2020	110,000	126,169	236,169
2021	115,000	122,777	237,777
2022	120,000	119,000	239,000
2023	130,000	114,745	244,745
2024	135,000	109,973	244,973
2025	145,000	104,720	249,720
2026	150,000	98,965	248,965
2027	160,000	92,765	252,765
2028	170,000	86,079	256,079
2029	175,000	79,008	254,008
2030	185,000	71,628	256,628
2031	195,000	63,838	258,838
2032	210,000	55,535	265,535
2033	220,000	46,720	266,720
2034	230,000	37,380	267,380
2035	245,000	27,404	272,404
2036	260,000	16,800	276,800
2037	270,000	5,669	275,669
	\$ 3,330,000	\$ 1,508,330	\$ 4,838,330

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2013--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 165,000	\$ 238,070	\$ 403,070
2020	175,000	233,135	408,135
2021	180,000	227,585	407,585
2022	190,000	221,335	411,335
2023	200,000	214,260	414,260
2024	210,000	206,310	416,310
2025	220,000	197,710	417,710
2026	230,000	188,365	418,365
2027	240,000	178,200	418,200
2028	250,000	167,355	417,355
2029	265,000	155,635	420,635
2030	275,000	143,077	418,077
2031	290,0 00	129,655	419,655
2032	305,000	115,223	420,223
2033	320,000	99,750	419,750
2034	335,000	83,375	418,375
2035	350,000	66,250	416,250
2036	365,000	48,375	413,375
2037	385,000	29,625	414,625
2038	400,000	10,000	410,000
	\$ 5,350,000	\$ 2,953,290	\$ 8,303,290

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2013 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 155,000	\$ 230,800	\$ 385,800
2020	165,000	226,000	391,000
2021	170,000	220,975	390,975
2022	180,000	214,825	394,825
2023	190,000	207,425	397,425
2024	200,000	199,625	399,625
2025	210,000	191,425	401,425
2026	220,000	182,825	402,825
2027	230,000	173,825	403,825
2028	245,000	164,019	409,019
2029	255,000	153,394	408,394
2030	270,000	141,900	411,900
2031	285,000	129,412	414,412
2032	300,000	115,500	415,500
2033	315,000	100,125	415,125
2034	330,000	84,000	414,000
2035	350,000	67,000	417,000
2036	370,000	49,000	419,000
2037	385,000	30,125	415,125
2038	410,000	10,250	420,250
	\$ 5,235,000	\$ 2,892,450	\$ 8,127,450

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2014--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 460,000	\$ 523,156	\$ 983,156
2020	480,000	513,756	993,756
2021	505,000	503,906	1,008,906
2022	525,000	490,982	1,015,982
2023	550,000	474,856	1,024,856
2024	580,000	457,906	1,037,906
2025	605,000	440,131	1,045,131
2026	635,000	421,532	1,056,532
2027	665,000	402,031	1,067,031
2028	695,000	381,632	1,076,632
2029	730,000	359,344	1,089,344
2030	765,000	335,050	1,100,050
2031	800,000	309,119	1,109,119
2032	840,000	280,919	1,120,919
2033	880,000	250,819	1,130,819
2034	920,000	219,319	1,139,319
2035	965,000	185,728	1,150,728
2036	1,010,000	149,300	1,159,300
2037	1,055,000	110,581	1,165,581
2038	1,110,000	68,600	1,178,600
2039	1,160,000	23,200	1,183,200
	\$ 15,935,000	\$ 6,901,867	\$ 22,836,867

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2014 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	Interest Due September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 120,000	\$ 121,787	\$ 241,787
2020	120,000	119,388	239,388
2021	125,000	116,937	241,937
2022	130,000	113,738	243,738
2023	135,000	109,762	244,762
2024	145,000	105,563	250,563
2025	150,000	101,137	251,137
2026	155,000	96,563	251,563
2027	160,000	91,837	251,837
2028	165,000	86,963	251,963
2029	175,000	81,862	256,862
2030	180,000	76,313	256,313
2031	190,000	70,300	260,300
2032	195,000	63,800	258,800
2033	205,000	56,800	261,800
2034	210,000	49,406	259,406
2035	220,000	41,612	261,612
2036	230,000	33,313	263,313
2037	240,000	24,500	264,500
2038	245,000	15,100	260,100
2039	255,000	5,100	260,100
	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 1,581,781	\$ 5,331,781

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2015--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	Interest Due September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 685,000	\$ 680,962	\$ 1,365,962
2020	710,000	* 667,013	1,377,013
2021	740,000	652,512	1,392,512
2022	770,000	637,413	1,407,413
2023	800,000	621,712	1,421,712
2024	830,000	605,413	1,435,413
2025	865,000	587,381	1,452,381
2026	900,000	567,525	1,467,525
2027	935,000	545,713	1,480,713
2028	975,000	519,400	1,494,400
2029	1,010,000	489,625	1,499,625
2030	1,050,000	458,725	1,508,725
2031	1,095,000	426,550	1,521,550
2032	1,140,000	392,312	1,532,312
2033	1,185,000	355,244	1,540,244
2034	1,230,000	316,000	1,546,000
2035	1,280,000	274,412	1,554,412
2036	1,330,000	230,369	1,560,369
2037	1,385,000	183,687	1,568,687
2038	1,440,000	134,250	1,574,250
2039	1,500,000	82,800	1,582,800
2040	1,560,000	28,275	1,588,275
	\$ 23,415,000	\$ 9,457,293	\$ 32,872,293

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2015 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	Interest Due September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 160,000	\$ 168,194	\$ 328,194
2020	φ 100,000 170,000	164,894	334,894
2020	175,000	161,444	336,444
2022	180,000	157,894	337,894
2022	190,000	154,194	344,194
2023	195,000	150,222	345,222
2024	200,000	145,900	345,900
2026	210,000	140,500	350,500
2027	215,000	134,125	349,125
2028	225,000	127,525	352,525
2029	235,000	120,625	355,625
2030	245,000	113,119	358,119
2031	250,000	105,075	355,075
2032	260,000	96,625	356,625
2033	270,000	87,512	357,512
2034	280,000	77,887	357,887
2035	290,000	67,731	357,731
2036	300,000	57,038	357,038
2037	315,000	45,694	360,694
2038	325,000	33,694	358,694
2039	340,000	20,800	360,800
2040	350,000	7,000	357,000
	\$ 5,380,000	\$ 2,337,692	\$ 7,717,692

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016 Refunding--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2019	\$ 30,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 109,000
2020	30,000	78,100	108,100
2021	30,000	77,200	107,200
2022	30,000	76,300	106,300
2023	30,000	75,400	105,400
2024	35,000	74,425	109,425
2025	35,000	73,375	108,375
2026	35,000	72,325	107,325
2027	200,000	68,800	268,800
2028	215,000	62,575	277,575
2029	220,000	56,050	276,050
2030	225,000	49,375	274,375
2031	230,000	42,550	272,550
2032	240,000	35,500	275,500
2033	250,000	28,150	278,150
2034	250,000	20,650	270,650
2035	260,000	12,837	272,837
2036	270,000	4,388	274,388
	\$ 2,615,000	\$ 987,000	\$ 3,602,000

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016 Road Refunding--by Years May 31, 2018

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2019	\$ 25,000	\$ 77,263	\$ 102,263
2020	30,000	76,438	106,438
2021	30,000	75,538	105,538
2022	30,000	74,638	104,638
2023	30,000	73,738	103,738
2024	30,000	72,837	102,837
2025	35,000	71,862	106,862
2026	35,000	70,812	105,812
2027	195,000	67,362	262,362
2028	200,000	61,437	261,437
2029	215,000	55,213	270,213
2030	220,000	48,688	268,688
2031	225,000	42,013	267,013
2032	235,000	35,112	270,112
2033	245,000	27,912	272,912
2034	250,000	20,488	270,488
2035	260,000	12,675	272,675
2036	265,000	4,306	269,306
	\$ 2,555,000	\$ 968,332	\$ 3,523,332

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2017--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 285,000	\$ 356,169	\$ 641,169
2020	300,000	348,893	648,893
2021	310,000	342,793	652,793
2022	325,000	336,443	661,443
2023	335,000	329,843	664,843
2024	350,000	322,993	672,993
2025	365,000	315,388	680,388
2026	380,000	307,007	687,007
2027	400,000	297,731	697,731
2028	415,000	286,507	701,507
2029	430,000	273,831	703,831
2030	450,000	260,632	710,632
2031	470,000	246,831	716,831
2032	490,000	232,125	722,125
2033	510,000	215,862	725,862
2034	530,000	197,981	727,981
2035	555,000	178,994	733,994
2036	580,000	159,132	739,132
2037	605,000	138,016	743,016
2038	630,000	116,025	746,025
2039	655,000	92,719	747,719
2040	685,000	67,594	752,594
2041	715,000	41,344	756,344
2042	745,000	13,969	758,969
	\$ 11,515,000	\$ 5,478,822	\$ 16,993,822

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2017 Road--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 195,000	\$ 258,787	\$ 453,787
2020	200,000	252,862	452,862
2021	210,000	246,712	456,712
2022	220,000	240,262	460,262
2023	230,000	233,511	463,511
2024	235,000	226,538	461,538
2025	245,000	219,337	464,337
2026	255,000	211,838	466,838
2027	265,000	204,037	469,037
2028	275,000	195,938	470,938
2029	290,000	187,463	477,463
2030	300,000	178,613	478,613
2031	310,000	169,463	479,463
2032	325,000	159,938	484,938
2033	335,000	149,828	484,828
2034	350,000	138,906	488,906
2035	365,000	127,287	492,287
2036	380,000	114,944	494,944
2037	395,000	101,866	496,866
2038	410,000	88,025	498,025
2039	425,000	73,413	498,413
2040	445,000	58,188	503,188
2041	460,000	42,350	502,350
2042	480,000	25,900	505,900
2043	500,000	8,750	508,750
	\$ 8,100,000	\$ 3,914,756	\$ 12,014,756

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements All Bonded Debt Series--by Years May 31, 2018

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2019	\$ 2,635,000	\$ 3,020,153	\$ 5,655,153
2020	2,755,000	2,953,289	5,708,289
2021	2,875,000	2,883,492	5,758,492
2022	3,000,000	2,805,048	5,805,048
2023	3,135,000	2,717,675	5,852,675
2024	3,280,000	2,624,919	5,904,919
2025	3,435,000	2,524,864	5,959,864
2026	3,590,000	2,416,466	6,006,466
2027	3,740,000	2,303,545	6,043,545
2028	3,910,000	2,183,361	6,093,361
2029	4,085,000	2,052,578	6,137,578
2030	4,255,000	1,913,983	6,168,983
2031	4,435,000	1,767,678	6,202,678
2032	4,640,000	1,611,195	6,251,195
2033	4,840,000	1,442,844	6,282,844
2034	5,025,000	1,264,742	6,289,742
2035	5,260,000	1,076,105	6,336,105
2036	5,485,000	875,628	6,360,628
2037	5,165,000	672,689	5,837,689
2038	4,970,000	475,944	5,445,944
2039	4,335,000	298,032	4,633,032
2040	3,040,000	161,057	3,201,057
2041	1,175,000	83,694	1,258,694
2042	1,225,000	39,869	1,264,869
2043	500,000	8,750	508,750
	\$ 90,790,000	\$ 40,177,600	\$ 130,967,600

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Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt May 31, 2018

		Bond Issue								
	S	Series 2010		eries 2011 Road	S	eries 2012	Series 2012 Road			
Interest rate Dates interest payable Maturity dates				9/1; 3/1 9/1/13 -		0% - 5.10% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/13 - 9/1/25		0% - 5.0% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/13 - 9/1/36		0% - 4.20% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/14 - 9/1/36
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$	1,140,000	\$	1,095,000	\$	1,615,000	\$	3,430,000		
Bonds retired		(100,000)		(95,000)		(45,000)		(100,000)		
Ending bonds outstanding	\$	1,040,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,570,000	\$	3,330,000		
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$	52,950	\$	47,108	\$	65,871	\$	131,796		
Paying agent's name and city Series 2010 and 2011 Road				Wells Fai	rgo Ba	nk, N.A., Hou	ston,	TX		
Series 2012, 2012 Road, 2013, 20 2014 Road, 2015, 2015 Road, 20 Road Refunding, 2017 and 2017	16 Ref			Reg	ions E	ank, Houston,	TX			
Bond Authority	D	er, Sewer and rainage and		ad and Road	D	ark Bonds				

	D	rainage and	Ro	ad and Road			
Bond Authority:	Ref	unding Bonds	Refi	unding Bonds	Park Bonds		
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$	170,220,000	\$	47,400,000	\$	16,445,000	
Amount Issued		(65,935,000)		(31,365,000)			
Remaining To Be Issued	\$	104,285,000	\$	16,035,000	\$	16,445,000	

All bonds are secured with tax revenues. Bonds may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

Debt Service Fund cash and investments balances as of May 31, 2018:	\$	7,921,985
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:	\$	5,238,704
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of an debt.	ې	5,236,704

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt May 31, 2018

			Bond Issue			
	Samiaa 2012	Series 2013	Samaa 2 014	Series 2014	Savias 2015	
	Series 2013	Road	Series 2014	Road	Series 2015	
Interest rate	2.50% - 5.00%	3.0% - 5.0%	2.0% - 4.0%	2.0% - 4.0%	2.0% - 3.625%	
Dates interest payable	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	
Maturity dates	9/1/14 -	9/1/15 -	9/1/15 -	9/1/15 -	9/1/16 -	
	9/1/37	9/1/37	9/1/38	9/1/38	9/1/39	
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$ 5,510,000	\$ 5,380,000	\$ 16,375,000	\$ 3,865,000	\$ 24,075,000	
Bonds retired	(160,000)	(145,000)	(440,000)	(115,000)	(660,000)	
Ending bonds outstanding	\$ 5,350,000	\$ 5,235,000	\$ 15,935,000	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 23,415,000	
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$ 242,380	\$ 235,3 00	\$ 532,156	\$ 124,137	\$ 694,413	

				Е	Bond Issue						
S	eries 2015	S	eries 2016		Road			S	eries 2017		
	Road	ŀ	Refunding	ŀ	Refunding	S	beries 2017		Road		Totals
2.	0% - 4.0%	2.0	0% - 3.25%	2.0)% - 3.25%	2.	0% - 3.75%	3.	0% - 3.5%		
	9/1; 3/1		9/1; 3/1		9/1; 3/1		9/1; 3/1		9/1; 3/1		
Ģ	9/1/16 -		9/1/16 -		9/1/16 -		9/1/17 -		9/1/18 -		
	9/1/39		9/1/35		9/1/35		9/1/41		9/1/42		
\$	5,535,000	\$	2,640,000	\$	2,580,000	\$	11,930,000	\$	8,100,000	\$	93,270,000
π	-,,	π	_,,	π	_,,	π	,,	π	0,200,000	π	, ,,_, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	(155,000)		(25,000)		(25,000)		(415,000)				(2,480,000)
\$	5,380,000	\$	2,615,000	\$	2,555,000	\$	11,515,000	\$	8,100,000	\$	90,790,000
\$	171,344	\$	79,825	\$	78,013	\$	366,669	\$	218,094	\$	3,040,056

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

			Amounts		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues					
Sewer service	\$ 1,028,389	\$ 1,264,400	\$ 1,027,838	\$ 732,305	\$ 483,472
Garbage service	395,736				
Property taxes	1,665,884	1,269,464	1,024,040	997,306	541,894
Penalties and interest	16,364	6,581			
Tap connection and inspection	62,980	78,110	84,015	207,443	85,875
Miscellaneous	26,886	16,286	15,875	11,432	9,200
Investment earnings	18,421	12,242	4,496	2,959	913
Total Revenues	3,214,660	2,647,083	2,156,264	1,951,445	1,121,354
Expenditures					
Current service operations					
Professional fees	369,039	384,264	211,681	142,208	134,599
Contracted services	976,310	769,135	592,307	383,854	278,692
Repairs and maintenance	916,009	875,607	387,476	268,035	174,566
Utilities	197,517	144,696	118,091	76,633	39,439
Leases	228,000	93,000			
Administrative	110,283	71,130	51,739	50,322	37,956
Other	42,408	12,166	11,971	9,358	4,088
Capital outlay	53,500	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	2,893,066	2,349,998	1,373,265	930,410	669,340
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 321,594	\$ 297,085	\$ 782,999	\$ 1,021,035	\$ 452,014
*Percentage is negligible					

8 88

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
43%	37%	48%	48%	31%
				12%
48%	51%	47%	48%	52%
			*	1%
8%	11%	4%	3%	2%
1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
×	*	*	*	1%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
12%	7% 20%	10% 27%	15% 29%	11% 30%
050/				
			33%	78%
16%	14%	18%		28%
16%	14% 4%	5%	5%	6%
16% 4%	4%	5%	5% 4%	6% 7%
16% 4%	4% 3%	5% 2%	5% 4% 3%	6% 7% 3%
25% 16% 4%	4%	5%	5% 4%	6% 7% 3% 1%
16% 4%	4% 3% *	5% 2% 1%	5% 4% 3% *	6% 7% 3% 1% 2%
16% 4%	4% 3%	5% 2%	5% 4% 3%	6% 7% 3% 1%

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113

TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

				Amou	nts			
	 2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
Revenues		-					_	
Property taxes	\$ 6,231,925	\$	5,812,871	\$ 4,917	,233	\$ 2,985,802	\$	1,500,376
Penalties and interest	46,897		45,300	25	,349	11,444		10,019
Accrued interest on bonds sold				51	,033	11,830		25,790
Miscellaneous								160
Investment earnings	 61,866		21,374	10	,546	7,584		3,378
Total Revenues	6,340,688		5,879,545	5,004	,161	3,016,660	_	1,539,723
Expenditures								
Tax collection services	121,745		109,256	75	,958	48,388		27,183
Other	7,500				,000			
Debt service								
Principal	2,480,000		2,315,000	1,110	,000	415,000		190,000
Interest and fees	3,032,756		2,528,428	1,909	,143	1,420,756		849,668
Debt issuance costs				187	,091			
Total Expenditures	 5,642,001		4,952,684	3,287	,192	1,884,144		1,066,851
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 698,687	\$	926,861	\$ 1,716	,969	\$ 1,132,516	\$	472,872
Total Active Retail Wastewater	• • • • •				~~~			
Connections	 2,811		2,533	2	,005	1,739		1,252

*Percentage is negligible

	Percent of	Fund Total Re	venues	
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
98%	99%	98%	100%	97%
1%	1%	1%	*	1%
		1%	*	2%
				*
1%	*	*	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2% *	2%	2% *	2%	2%
39%	39%	22%	14%	12%
48%	43%	38%	47%	55%
		4%		
89%	84%	66%	63%	69%
11%	16%	34%	37%	31%

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 113 TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended May 31, 2018

Complete District Mailing Address:	C/O The Muller Law Group, PLLC 202 Century Square Boulevard, Sugar Land, TX 77478					77478	
District Business Telephone Number:	(281) 500-6050						
Submission Date of the most recent Distri	ct Registration Form	n					
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): August 7, 2017							
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director ma	y receive during a f	iscal y	ear:	\$		7,200	
(Set by Board Resolution TWC Section 4	49.0600)						
Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired		ees of fice Paid *	Rei	xpense mburse- nents	Title at Year End	
Board Members			_				
David Garrett	05/16 - 05/20	\$	1,800	\$	534	President	
Amy Scott	05/18 - 05/22		3,000		1,147	Vice President	
Chris Uzelmeier	05/16 - 05/20		2,550		836	Secretary	
Robert Green	05/18 - 05/22		3,000		583	Assistant Vice President	
Cato McDaniel	05/18 - 05/22		1,650		56	Assistant Secretary	
Consultants The Muller Law Group, PLLC	03/14		nounts Paid 255,637			Attorney	
Municipal Operations & Consulting, Inc.	12/16		998,167			Operator	
Municipal Operations & Consuming, Inc. Myrtle Cruz, Inc.	08/07		22,869			Bookkeeper	
Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.	08/07		38,526			Tax Collector	
Montgomery Central Appraisal District	Legislation		68,014			Property Valuation	
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, LLP	04/09		11,562			Delinquent Tax Attorney	
LJA Engineering, Inc. Amounts paid directly by district Amounts paid from developer reimbursements	08/07		232,099 156,071			Engineer	
McGrath & Co., PLLC	Annual		25,600			Auditor	
Robert W. Baird & Co.	02/15		33,000			Financial Advisor	
TBG Partners, Inc. Amounts paid directly by district Amounts paid from developer reimbursements	10/07		31,668 380,994			Landscape Architect	

* Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

APPENDIX B

SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: [NAME OF ISSUER]

MEMBER: [NAME OF MEMBER]

BONDS: \$______ in aggregate principal amount of [NAME OF TRANSACTION] [and maturing on]

Policy No:
Effective Date:
Risk Premium: \$
Member Surplus Contribution: \$
Total Insurance Payment: \$

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY ("BAM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") for the Bonds named above (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance and securing of the Bonds), for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of BAM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the first Business Day following the Business Day on which BAM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, BAM will disburse (but without duplication in the case of duplicate claims for the same Nonpayment) to or for the benefit of each Owner of the Bonds, the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bonds that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by BAM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of such principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in BAM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by BAM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by BAM for purposes of the preceding sentence, and BAM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, any of whom may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement under this Policy in respect of a Bond and to the extent of such payment, BAM shall become the owner of Nonpayment's right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payment of principal of and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payment such Bond. Payment, BAM either to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owner's right to receive payments under such Bond. Payment shall discharge the obligation of BAM under this Policy with respect to said Nonpayment.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent (as defined herein) are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity (unless BAM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration) and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer of principal or interest that is Due for Payment, which payment has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means delivery to BAM of a notice of claim and certificate, by certified mail, email or telecopy as set forth on the attached Schedule or other acceptable electronic delivery, in a form satisfactory to BAM, from and signed by an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent, which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount, (d) payment instructions and (e) the date such claimed amount becomes or became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer, the Member or any other person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

BAM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member and the Issuer specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member or the Issuer (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to BAM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to BAM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by BAM under this Policy may be made directly by BAM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of BAM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent of BAM only, and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to the Trustee, Paying Agent or any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of BAM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, BAM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to BAM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy. This Policy may not be canceled or revoked.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of BAM and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW. THIS POLICY IS ISSUED WITHOUT CONTINGENT MUTUAL LIABILITY FOR ASSESSMENT.

In witness whereof, BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

By:	
	Authorized Officer

Notices (Unless Otherwise Specified by BAM)

Email: <u>claims@buildamerica.com</u> Address: 1 World Financial Center, 27th floor 200 Liberty Street New York, New York 10281 Telecopy: 212-962-1524 (attention: Claims)