OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED MARCH 18, 2019

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL, INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES UNDER EXISTING LAW AND INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX ON INDIVIDUALS. SEE "TAX MATTERS" FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL.

The District (herein defined) has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS."

NEW ISSUE - Book Entry Only

S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured)...... "AA/Stable"

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Tarrant County)

\$2,100,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds Series 2019 \$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series 2019

Interest accrues from: March 1, 2019

Due: September 1, as shown on inside cover

The \$2,100,000 Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Utility Bonds") and the \$2,660,000 Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Road Bonds") are obligations of Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Tarrant County, Texas; the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"); or any entity other than the District. The Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds are herein referred to collectively as the "Bonds." Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Texas; Tarrant County, Texas, the City, nor any entity other than the District is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds.

The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial Owners (as defined herein) of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such Beneficial Owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas, or any successor paying agent/registrar (the "Paying Agent/Registrar") directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System."

Principal of the Bonds is payable to the registered owner(s) of the Bonds (the "Bondholder(s)") at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar upon surrender of the Bonds for payment at maturity or upon prior redemption. Interest on the Bonds is payable on September 1, 2019, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter to the person in whose name the Bonds are registered as of the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each interest payment date (the "Record Date"). Unless otherwise agreed between the Paying Agent/Registrar and a Bondholder, such interest is payable by check mailed to such persons or by other means acceptable to such person and the Paying Agent/Registrar. The Bonds are issuable in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof in fully registered form only.

See "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on inside cover.

The scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under separate municipal bond insurance policies to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by **BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY**.



The Bonds, when issued, will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District.

Investment in the Bonds is subject to special RISK FACTORS as described herein. See "RISK FACTORS" herein.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the District, subject among other things to the approval of the initial Bonds by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel to the District. The Bonds are expected to be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC on or about March 29, 2019. See "LEGAL MATTERS."

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS

Due (September 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP Nos. 538081 (c)	Due (September 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP Nos. 538081 (c)
2020	\$ 50,000	5.000%	1.750%	FZ8	2028 (b)	\$ 75,000	3.000%	2.650%	GH7
2021	55,000	5.000%	1.900%	GA2	2029 (b)	75,000	3.000%	2.750%	GJ3
2022	55,000	4.750%	2.000%	GB0	-	-	-	-	-
2023	60,000	4.750%	2.150%	GC8	2036 (b)	100,000	3.250%	3.400%	GR5
2024	60,000	4.750%	2.250%	GD6	2037 (b)	105,000	3.250%	3.450%	GS3
2025 (b)	65,000	3.000%	2.350%	GE4	2038 (b)	110,000	3.250%	3.500%	GT1
2026 (b)	65,000	3.000%	2.450%	GF1	2039 (b)	115,000	3.375%	3.550%	GU8
2027 (b)	70,000	3.000%	2.550%	GG9					

\$2,100,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2019

\$165,000 Utility Term Bonds Due September 1, 2031 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.000% (Price: \$100.00) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 GL8 (c) \$175,000 Utility Term Bonds Due September 1, 2033 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.000% (Price: \$98.270) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 GN4 (c) \$190,000 Utility Term Bonds Due September 1, 2035 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.125% (Price: \$97.174) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 GQ7 (c) \$245,000 Utility Term Bonds Due September 1, 2041 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.500% (Price: \$98.468) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 GW4 (c) \$265,000 Utility Term Bonds Due September 1, 2043 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.500% (Price: \$98.063) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 GY0 (c)

\$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019

			Initial					Initial	
Due	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP Nos.	Due	Principal	Interest	Reoffering	CUSIP Nos.
(September 1)	Amount	Rate	Yield (a)	538081 (c)	(September 1)	Amount	Rate	Yield (a)	538081 (c)
2020	\$ 65,000	4.750%	1.750%	EZ9	2030 (b)	\$ 100,000	3.000%	2.850%	FK1
2021	70,000	4.750%	1.900%	FA3	2031 (b)	105,000	3.000%	3.000%	FL9
2022	70,000	4.750%	2.000%	FB1	2032 (b)	110,000	3.000%	3.070%	FM7
2023	75,000	4.500%	2.150%	FC9	2033 (b)	115,000	3.000%	3.150%	FN5
2024	75,000	4.500%	2.250%	FD7	2034 (b)	120,000	3.000%	3.250%	FP0
2025 (b)	80,000	3.000%	2.350%	FE5	2035 (b)	125,000	3.125%	3.350%	FQ8
2026 (b)	85,000	3.000%	2.450%	FF2	2036 (b)	130,000	3.250%	3.400%	FR6
2027 (b)	90,000	3.000%	2.550%	FG0	2037 (b)	135,000	3.250%	3.450%	FS4
2028 (b)	90,000	3.000%	2.650%	FH8	2038 (b)	140,000	3.250%	3.500%	FT2
2029 (b)	95,000	3.000%	2.750%	FJ4	2039 (b)	145,000	3.375%	3.550%	FU9

\$305,000 Road Term Bonds Due September 1, 2041 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.500% (Price: \$98.468) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 FW5 (c) \$335,000 Road Term Bonds Due September 1, 2043 (b)(d), Interest Rate: 3.500% (Price: \$98.063) (a), CUSIP No. 538081 FY1 (c)

⁽a) The initial reoffering yield has been provided by the Initial Purchaser (defined herein) and represents the initial offering price to the public of a substantial amount of the Bonds for each maturity. Such initial reoffering yield may subsequently be changed. The initial reoffering yields indicated above represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date. Accrued interest from March 1, 2019, is to be added to the price.

 ⁽b) Bonds maturing on September 1, 2025, and thereafter, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2024, or any date thereafter at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – *Optional Redemption.*"
 (c) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of

⁽c) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of the American Bankers Association and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the Bonds. None of the District, Financial Advisor (herein defined) or Initial Purchaser shall be responsible for the selection or the correctness of the CUSIP numbers.

⁽d) Subject to mandatory redemption by lot or other customary method of random selection on September 1 in the years and in the amounts set forth herein under "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – *Mandatory Redemption*."

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This Official Statement does not constitute, and is not authorized by the District for use in connection with, an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, orders, resolutions, contracts, audits, and engineering and other related reports set forth in the Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the District, c/o Coats Rose, P.C, 14755 Preston Road, Suite 600, Dallas, Texas 75254, Bond Counsel to the District.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in the Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibility to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B - SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY".

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in the Official Statement until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, and thereafter only as specified in "SOURCES OF INFORMATION - Updating of Official Statement" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this final official statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Rule 15c2-12.

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SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Utility Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net interest cost, which was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Utility Bonds Initial Purchaser"). The Utility Bonds Initial Purchaser has agreed to purchase the Utility Bonds, bearing the interest rates shown under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, at a price of 97.005037% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of delivery, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 3.531326%, calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended.

After requesting competitive bids for the Road Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net interest cost, which was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Road Bonds Initial Purchaser"). The Road Bonds Initial Purchaser has agreed to purchase the Road Bonds, bearing the interest rates shown under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, at a price of 97.000000% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of delivery, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 3.518369%, calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended.

The Utility Bonds Initial Purchaser and the Road Bonds Initial Purchaser are collectively referred to as the "Initial Purchaser" through this Official Statement.

Prices and Marketability

The District has no control over the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds or over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the date of delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bond house, broker or similar person acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial reoffering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") will issue separate Municipal Bond Insurance Policies for the Bonds (collectively, the "Policies" and each a "Policy"). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as an exhibit to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Build America Mutual Assurance Company

BAM is a New York domiciled mutual insurance corporation and is licensed to conduct financial guaranty insurance business in all fifty states of the United States and the District of Columbia. BAM provides credit enhancement products solely to issuers in the U.S. public finance markets. BAM will only insure obligations of states, political subdivisions, integral parts of states or political subdivisions or entities otherwise eligible for the exclusion of income under section 115 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. No member of BAM is liable for the obligations of BAM.

The address of the principal executive offices of BAM is: 200 Liberty Street, 27th Floor, New York, New York 10281, its telephone number is: 212-235-2500, and its website is located at: www.buildamerica.com.

BAM is licensed and subject to regulation as a financial guaranty insurance corporation under the laws of the State of New York and in particular Articles 41 and 69 of the New York Insurance Law.

BAM's financial strength is rated "AA/Stable" by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"). An explanation of the significance of the rating and current reports may be obtained from S&P at www.standardandpoors.com. The rating of BAM should be evaluated independently. The rating reflects the S&P's current assessment of the creditworthiness of BAM and its ability to pay claims on its policies of insurance. The above rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and such rating is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by S&P, including withdrawal initiated at the request of BAM in its sole discretion. Any downward revision or withdrawal of the above rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. BAM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of the Bonds on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Policy), and BAM does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the Bonds, nor does it guarantee that the rating on the Bonds will not be revised or withdrawn.

Capitalization of BAM

BAM's total admitted assets, total liabilities, and total capital and surplus, as of December 31, 2018, and as prepared in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the New York State Department of Financial Services were \$526 million, \$113 million and \$414 million, respectively.

BAM is party to a first loss reinsurance treaty that provides first loss protection up to a maximum of 15% of the par amount outstanding for each policy issued by BAM, subject to certain limitations and restrictions.

BAM's most recent Statutory Annual Statement, which has been filed with the New York State Insurance Department and posted on BAM's website at www.buildamerica.com, is incorporated herein by reference and may be obtained, without charge, upon request to BAM at its address provided above (Attention: Finance Department). Future financial statements will similarly be made available when published.

BAM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE".

Additional Information Available from BAM

Credit Insights Videos. For certain BAM-insured issues, BAM produces and posts a brief Credit Insights video that provides a discussion of the obligor and some of the key factors BAM's analysts and credit committee considered when approving the credit for insurance. The Credit Insights videos are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/creditinsights/. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Credit Profiles. Prior to the pricing of bonds that BAM has been selected to insure, BAM may prepare a presale Credit Profile for those bonds. These pre-sale Credit Profiles provide information about the sector designation (e.g. general obligation, sales tax); a preliminary summary of financial information and key ratios; and demographic and economic data relevant to the obligor, if available. Subsequent to closing, for any offering that includes bonds insured by BAM, any pre-sale Credit Profile will be updated and superseded by a final Credit Profile to include information about the gross par insured by CUSIP, maturity and coupon. BAM pre-sale and final Credit Profiles are easily accessible on BAM's website at buildamerica.com/obligor/. BAM will produce a Credit Profile for all bonds insured by BAM, whether or not a pre-sale Credit Profile has been prepared for such bonds. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Disclaimers. The Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos and the information contained therein are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities or to make any investment decisions. Credit-related and other analyses and statements in the Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos are statements of opinion as of the date expressed, and BAM assumes no responsibility to update the content of such material. The Credit Profiles and Credit Insight videos are prepared by BAM; they have not been reviewed or approved by the issuer of or the underwriter for the Bonds, and the issuer and underwriter assume no responsibility for their content.

BAM receives compensation (an insurance premium) for the insurance that it is providing with respect to the Bonds. Neither BAM nor any affiliate of BAM has purchased, or committed to purchase, any of the Bonds, whether at the initial offering or otherwise.

MUNICIPAL BOND RATING

S&P is a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., a New York corporation. S&P is located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone number (212) 208-8000 and has engaged in providing ratings for corporate bonds since 1923 and municipal bonds since 1940. Long-term debt ratings assigned by S&P reflect its analysis of the overall level of credit risk involved in financings. At present, S&P assigns long-term debt ratings with symbols "AAA" (the highest rating) through "D" (the lowest rating).

The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "AA/Stable" from S&P solely in reliance upon the insurance of the municipal bond insurance policy issued by BAM at the time of delivery of the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings of S&P may only be obtained from S&P. The ratings express only the view of S&P at the time the ratings are given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. The District is not aware of any rating other than the insured rating to be assigned to the Bonds by S&P upon the issuance of the municipal bond insurance policy issued by BAM at the time of delivery of the Bonds.

The District is not aware of any rating assigned to the Bonds other than the insured rating of S&P.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is a summary of certain information contained herein and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement.

THE BONDS

The Issuer	. Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located approximately 14 miles west of downtown Fort Worth, Texas, and wholly in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"), and within Tarrant County, Texas. See "THE DISTRICT."
The Issue	The District is issuing \$2,100,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Utility Bonds") and \$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Road Bonds"). The Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds are herein referred to collectively as the "Bonds." Interest accrues from March 1, 2019, and the Bonds mature in installments on September 1 of each of the years and in the amounts shown on the inside cover hereof. Interest is payable September 1, 2019, and on each March 1 and September 1 thereafter until maturity or prior redemption.
Redemption	. The Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2025, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or in part, on September 1, 2024, or on any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – General" and "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – <i>Optional Redemption.</i> "
	The Utility Bonds that mature on September 1 in each of the years 2031, 2033, 2035, 2041 and 2043, and the Road Bonds that mature on September 1 in each of the years 2041 and 2043 are term bonds that are also subject to the mandatory redemption provisions set out herein under "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – <i>Mandatory Redemption</i> ."
Authority for Issuance	. The Utility Bonds are the second series of bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$52,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a waterworks, wastewater and storm drainage system (the "Utility System") to serve the District. The Road Bonds are the fifth series of bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$22,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a mount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a road system (the "Road System") to serve the District.
	The Utility Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the order of the District's Board of Directors authorizing the issuance of the Utility Bonds (the "Utility Bond Order"), an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas.

The Road Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the order of the District's Board of Directors authorizing the issuance of the Road Bonds (the "Road Bond Order"), Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas. See "THE BONDS - Authority for Issuance" and "THE BONDS - Issuance of Additional Debt." The Utility Bond Order and the Road Bond Order are herein referred to collectively as the "Bond Order." Source of Payment Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against taxable property located within the District. The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Tarrant County, the City or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS - Sources of Payment." Use of Utility Bond Proceeds..... Proceeds from the sale of the Utility Bonds will be used to redeem the District's \$1,305,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2018 (the "BAN"), the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer (herein defined) for the improvements and related engineering and land costs shown herein under "THE BONDS - Use and Distribution of Utility Bond Proceeds." Additionally, a portion of the proceeds from the Utility Bonds will be used to pay BAN interest and certain costs associated with the issuance of the BAN and the Utility Bonds. Use of Road Bond Proceeds A portion of the proceeds of the Road Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for the improvements and related engineering and land costs shown herein under "THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Road Bond Proceeds." Additionally, a portion of the proceeds from the Road Bonds will be used to pay six (6) months of capitalized interest and certain costs associated with the issuance of the Road Bonds. Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations...... The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and will represent that the total amount of tax-exempt bonds (including the Bonds) issued by the District during calendar year 2019 is not reasonably expected \$10,000,000. See "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT to exceed **OBLIGATIONS.**" Outstanding Bonds The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the Road System to serve the District: \$1,585,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Road Bonds"), \$1,090,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2013A (the "Series 2013A Road Bonds"), \$1,040,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 Road Bonds") and \$1,450,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Road Bonds"). Of

Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Road Bonds"). Of such bonds, a total of \$4,725,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of March 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the Utility System to serve the District: \$2,165,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Series 2011 Utility Bonds"). Of such bonds, a total of \$1,895,000 principal amount remains outstanding

	as of March 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Utility Bonds"). The Outstanding Road Bonds and the Outstanding Utility Bonds are referred to herein collectively as the "Outstanding Bonds." See "THE BONDS – Outstanding Bonds."
Payment Record	The District has never defaulted on the timely payment of principal and interest on its Outstanding Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."
Municipal Bond Insurance	Build America Mutual Assurance Company. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."
Municipal Bond Rating	S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured): "AA/Stable." See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING."
Legal Opinion	Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel. See "LEGAL MATTERS."
Disclosure Counsel	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton LLP, Houston, Texas.
Financial Advisor	Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Houston, Texas.
Paying Agent	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas.
	THE DISTRICT
Description	The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas, and is located in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City in Tarrant County, Texas, approximately 14 miles west of the City. The District is located in the White Settlement Independent School District. See "THE DISTRICT – General, and – Description."
Authority	The rights, powers, privileges, authority and functions of the District are established by the general laws of the State of Texas pertaining to municipal utility districts, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. See "THE DISTRICT – General."
Status of Development	
Within the District	The District contains approximately 264.528 acres. Land within the District has been developed as the single-family subdivision of Live Oak Creek, Phase 1 (92.263 acres as 237 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 2 (9.706 acres as 40 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 3A (12.602 acres as 61 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 3B (11.109 acres as 57 single-family lots) and Live Oak Creek, Phase 4 (27.202 acres as 100 single-family lots). As of December 1, 2018, the District consisted of 323 completed homes, 13 homes under construction and 159 vacant developed lots. The remaining acreage within the District is comprised of approximately 111.646 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 17.014 undevelopable acres (included in the Live Oak Creek, Phase 1 acreage). See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT."
Developers/Principal Landowners	The current developer of land located within the District is 351 Development LLC, a Texas limited liability company (the "Developer"). L.O. Haywire Investments LP, a Texas limited partnership ("L.O. Haywire Investments"), is a related entity of the Developer that has purchased and holds the land to be developed within the District by the Developer. L.O. Haywire LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("L.O. Haywire"), is another related entity

of the Developer that owns the rights to reimbursement from the development activities of the Developer. The Developer, L.O. Haywire Investments and L.O. Haywire are under common control and management. L.O. Haywire Investments currently owns approximately 111.646 acres that are being held for future development. There can be no assurance given as to when, if ever, such development will occur. See "THE DEVELOPER."

Homebuilders Within the District...... The active homebuilders within the District are Sandlin Custom Homes, Impression Homes and Stonehollow Homes. The homebuilders are constructing homes on the remaining lots within Live Oak Creek, Phases 1, 2, 3A, 3B and 4. The homes being marketed in the District range in size from approximately 1,866 square feet to approximately 3,823 square feet and range price from approximately \$249,990 to approximately \$326,938. Homebuilding began in Live Oak Creek in late 2008. See "HOMEBUILDERS."

RISK FACTORS

INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS IS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RISK FACTORS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD REVIEW THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INCLUDING PARTICULARLY THE SECTION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT ENTITLED "RISK FACTORS."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	72,150,907 (a)
Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (100% of estimated taxable value as of January 11, 2019)	\$	96,877,032 (b)
Direct Debt: The Outstanding Bonds (as of March 1, 2019) The Utility Bonds The Road Bonds Total	\$	6,620,000 2,100,000 <u>2,660,000</u> 11,380,000
Estimated Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,501,411</u> (c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	16,881,411
Ratio of Direct Debt to: 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)		15.77 % 11.75 %
Ratio of Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt to: 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)		23.40 % 17.43 %
Utility Debt Service Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Road Debt Service Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Utility Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Road Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) General Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019)	\$ \$ \$ \$	270,768 (d) 459,512 (e) 78,529 4,139 465,299
2018 Tax Rate Utility Debt Service Road Debt Service Maintenance & Operation Total	\$	0.225 0.480 <u>0.295</u> <u>1.000</u> (f)
Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2019-2043) Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (2036)	\$ \$	682,786 (g) 815,921 (g)
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2019-2043) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Based Upon Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)	\$ \$	1.00 0.75
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2036) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907)	\$	1.20
Based Upon Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)	\$	0.89
Single-Family Homes (including 13 homes under construction)		336 (h)

(a) As certified by the Tarrant County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽b) Provided by the Appraisal District for information purposes only. This value is net of estimated exemptions. Such amount is only an estimate of the assessed value on December 1, 2018, and may be revised upward or downward once certified by the Appraisal District. Reflects the addition of value of new construction within the District from January 1, 2018, to January 11, 2019. No taxes will be levied on this estimate. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
 (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Overlapping Debt."

- (d) Neither Texas law nor the Utility Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund. At the time of closing on the Utility Bonds, accrued interest from March 1, 2019, will be deposited into the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds or the Road Bonds.
- (e) Neither Texas law nor the Road Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. At the time of closing on the Road Bonds, six (6) months of capitalized interest and accrued interest from March 1, 2019, will be deposited into the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Utility Bonds or the Utility Bonds.
- (f) See "TAX DATA Tax Rate Distribution."
- (g) Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "DISTRICT DEBT Debt Service Requirements."
- (h) Approximate as of December 1, 2018.

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County, Texas (the "District"), of its \$2,100,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Utility Bonds") and \$2,660,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Road Bonds"). The Utility Bonds and Road Bonds are herein referred to collectively as the "Bonds."

The Utility Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the order of the District's Board of Directors authorizing the issuance of the Utility Bonds (the "Utility Bond Order"), an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"), Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas.

The Road Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the order of the District's Board of Directors authorizing the issuance of the Road Bonds (the "Road Bond Order"), Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas.

The Utility Bond Order and the Road Bond Order are herein referred to collectively as the "Bond Order."

Certain capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Bond Order, except as otherwise indicated herein.

This Official Statement also includes information about the District and certain reports and other statistical data. The summaries and references to all documents, statutes, reports and other instruments referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and each summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document, statute, report or instrument.

RISK FACTORS

General

The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Tarrant County, Texas, the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"), or any political subdivision other than the District. The Bonds are secured by a continuing direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property located within the District. See "THE BONDS - Source of Payment." The ultimate security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District taxes levied against all taxable property located within the District or, in the event taxes are not collected and foreclosure proceedings are instituted by the District, upon the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The District makes no representations that over the life of the Bonds the property owners. The potential increase in taxable valuation of District property is directly related to the economics of the residential housing industry, not only due to general economic conditions, but also due to the particular factors discussed below.

Economic Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

The rate of development within the District is directly related to the vitality of the single-family housing in the Fort Worth, Texas, metropolitan area, particularly in the price range (\$250,000 - \$350,000) of homes in the District. New single-family residential construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of single-family residential construction would restrict the growth of property values in the District. Although approximately 336 single-family homes are built or under construction as of December 1, 2018, the District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of any future development in the District. See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT."

Developer's Obligations to the District: There is no commitment by or legal requirement of the Developer (herein defined), or any other landowner to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land in the District, or of any home builder to proceed at any particular pace with the construction of homes in the District. Moreover, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Therefore, the District can make no representation about the profitability of future development, if any, or the rate of future home construction activity in the District. Failure to

construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District and result in higher tax rates. See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT," and "DEVELOPER."

Dependence on Major Taxpayers and the Developer: The top ten principal taxpayers represent \$7,207,823 or 9.99% of the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation, which represents ownership as of January 1, 2018. The Developer represents \$2,507,370 or 3.48% of such value. If these or other principal taxpayers were to default in the payment of taxes in an amount which exceeds the District's debt service fund surplus, the ability of the District to make timely payment of debt service on the Bonds would be dependent on its ability to enforce and liquidate its tax lien, which is a time-consuming process, or to sell tax anticipation notes. Failure to recover or borrow funds in a timely fashion could result in an excessive District tax rate, hindering growth and leading to further defaults in the payment of taxes. The District is not required by law or the Bond Order to maintain any specified amount of surplus in its debt service fund. See "Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies" in this section, "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers" and "TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Maximum Impact on District Tax Rate: Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners to pay their taxes. The 2018 Assessed Valuation of property within the District (see "SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION") is \$72,150,907 and the January 11, 2019, Estimated Valuation is \$96,877,032. After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement will be \$815,921 (2036) and the average annual debt service requirement will be \$682,786 (2019 through 2043, inclusive). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2018 Assessed Valuation, tax rates of \$1.20 and \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirements"). Assuming no increase to nor decrease from the January 11, 2019, Estimated Valuation, tax rates of \$0.89 and \$0.75 per \$100 of Assessed Valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement and the average annual debt service requirement of \$0.705 per \$100 of assessed valuation for maintenance purposes in 2018.

Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by difficulties in collecting ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by judicial foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time consuming and expensive collection procedures; (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection proceedings against a taxpayer; or (c) market conditions affecting the marketability of taxable property within the District and limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of such property.

Moreover, the proceeds of any sale of property within the District available to pay debt service on the Bonds may be limited by the existence of other tax liens on the property (see "TAX DATA – Estimated Overlapping Taxes"), by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, and by other factors (including the taxpayer's right to redeem property after foreclosure). Finally, a bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer.

Registered Owners' Remedies

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Order, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, the registered owners of the Bonds (the "Registered Owners") have the right to seek of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners.

Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Order may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may further be limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of Registered Owners may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Texas law requires a district, such as the District, to obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by the District with Texas law requirements, the District could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby invoking the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning District relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be appealable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the Registered Owner could potentially and adversely impair the value of the Registered Owner's claim.

If the petitioning District were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect Registered Owners by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners' claims against a district. The District may not be placed into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Future Debt

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$47,735,000 in principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a waterworks, wastewater and storm drainage system (the "Utility System") to serve the District and \$14,175,000 in principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a road system (the "Road System") to serve the District. The District reserves in the Bond Order the right to issue the remaining authorized but unissued bonds plus such additional bonds as may hereafter be authorized by voters in the District. In addition, the District has the right to issue obligations, other than the Bonds, including tax anticipation notes and bond anticipation notes, and to borrow money for any valid public purpose. The issuance of additional obligations may increase the District's tax rate and adversely affect the security for and the investment quality and value of the Bonds. See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT."

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe the Developer approximately \$5,800,000 for the expenditures relating to the Utility System to serve the developed land within the District and approximately \$1,100,000 for the expenditures relating to the Road System to serve the developed land within the District.

Based on present engineering cost estimates and on development plans supplied by the Developer, in the opinion of the Engineer (herein defined), following the issuance of the Bonds, the remaining principal amount

of authorized but unissued bonds will be sufficient to fully reimburse the Developer for the existing facilities and finance the water, sewer and drainage facilities and roads necessary to serve the remaining undeveloped but developable land within the District.

Bonds issued by the District for the Utility System are subject to prior approval by the TCEQ. Such agency has in place certain "economic feasibility rules" which for districts located in Tarrant County limit the amount of bonds which can be issued to an amount that can be amortized with a tax rate not exceeding \$1.20 per \$100 valuation, including all other obligations of the issuer secured by ad valorem taxes. Bonds to be issued by the District for roads currently are not subject to such "economic feasibility rules" but are subject to a "no growth tax rate limitation" of \$2.50 per \$100 valuation imposed by the Office of the Attorney General of Texas. See "SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION."

Future and Proposed Legislation

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

Collection of Taxes

The District's ability to pay debt service on the Bonds may be adversely affected by its ability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien on the property in favor of the District on a parity with the lien of all other state and local authorities. Such lien can be foreclosed in judicial proceedings. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of a tax collection procedure against a taxpayer or (c) market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property including the taxpayer's right to redeem property for a specified period of time after foreclosure at the foreclosure sale price. See "TAXING PROCEDURES –Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Marketability of the Bonds

The District has no understanding with the winning bidder for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser") regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers, since such bonds are more generally bought, sold and traded in the secondary market.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "LEGAL MATTERS - Tax Exemption."

Approval of the Bonds

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas, however, does not pass upon or guarantee the safety of the Bonds as an investment or the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable Bond Insurance Policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and

interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the issuer which is recovered by the issuer from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the Bond Insurer at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absence such prepayment by the District unless the Bond Insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the Bond Insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the Bond Insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the Bond Insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the Bond Insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the Bond Insurer and its claim paying ability. The Bond Insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Bond Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Bond Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING."

The obligations of the Bond Insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the Bond Insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies. Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the Bond Insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Bond Insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the Bond Insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING" herein for further information provided by the Bond Insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the Bond Insurer.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of certain terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Order. A copy of the Bond Order may be obtained from the District upon request to Bond Counsel. The Bond Order authorizes the issuance and sale of the Bonds and prescribes the terms, conditions and provisions for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the District.

The Bonds will mature on September 1 of the years and in principal amounts, and will bear interest from March 1, 2019, at the rates per annum, set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Interest on the Bonds will be payable September 1, 2019, and semiannually thereafter on each March 1 and September 1 until maturity or redemption.

The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in any integral multiples of \$5,000 of principal amount for any one maturity and will be initially registered and delivered only to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), in its nominee name of Cede & Co., pursuant to the book-entry-only system described herein. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the owners thereof. Initially, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"), the Paying Agent/Registrar to Cede & Co., as registered owner. DTC will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "Book-Entry-Only System" Below.

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued and physical bond certificates issued, interest on the Bonds shall be payable by check mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar on or before each interest payment date, to the registered owners ("Registered Owners") as shown on the bond register (the "Register") kept by

the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month immediately preceding each interest payment date to the address of such Registered Owner as shown on the Register, or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Registered Owner at the risk and expense of such Registered Owner.

If the date for payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond is not a business day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding business day without additional interest and with the same force and effect as if made on the specified date for such payment.

Book-Entry-Only System

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The DTC, New York, New York, while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the posttrade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the bookentry system for the Bonds in discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the book-entry form, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which the Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the book-entry system, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to registered owners under the Bond Order will be given only to DTC.

Paying Agent/Registrar

The Board has selected The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas, as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The initial designated payment office for the Bonds is located in Dallas, Texas. Provision is made in the Bond Order for removal of the Paying Agent/Registrar, provided that no such

removal shall be effective until a successor paying agent/registrar shall have accepted the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar under the provisions of the Bond Order. Any successor paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any state authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000, shall be subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, shall be registered as a transfer agent with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and shall have a corporate trust office in the State of Texas.

Record Date

The record date for payment of the interest on any regularly scheduled Interest Payment Date is defined as the 15th day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such Interest Payment Date.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, the Bonds may be transferred and exchanged on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent/Registrar or its corporate trust office and such transfer or exchange shall be without expenses or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such registration, exchange and transfer. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. A new Bond or Bonds will be delivered by the Paying Agent/Registrar, in lieu of the Bonds being transferred or exchanged, at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar, or sent by the United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, to the new registered owner or his designee. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of the Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner or assignee of the registered owner in not more than three business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be cancelled, and the written instrument of transfer or request for exchange duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent, in form satisfactory to the Paying Agent/Registrar. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be of the same series and in any integral multiple of \$5,000 for any one maturity and for a like aggregate principal amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. See "Book-Entry-Only System" herein defined for a description of the system to be utilized initially in regard to ownership and transferability of the Bonds.

Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds to the Paying Agent/Registrar, or receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and the Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity which they determine to be sufficient to hold them harmless. The District may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

Authority for Issuance

The bonds authorized by the resident electors of the District, the amount of bonds issued and the remaining authorized but unissued bonds are as follows:

				Remaining
		Amount		Authorized But
Election Date	Purpose	Authorized	Amount Issued	Unissued
November 7, 2006	Water, Sewer, and Drainage	\$ 52,000,000	\$ 4,265,000 (a)	\$ 47,735,000
November 7, 2006	Road	22,000,000	7,825,000 (a)	14,175,000

(a) Includes the Bonds.

The Utility Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the Utility Bond Order, an order of the TCEQ, Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas.

The Road Bonds are issued pursuant to the legislation creating the District, the Road Bond Order, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, an election held within the District on November 7, 2006, and the general laws of the State of Texas.

Before the Bonds can be issued, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of certain related matters. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Source of Payment

The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied without legal limitation as to rate or amount against taxable property located within the District. In the Bond Order, the District covenants to levy a sufficient tax to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, with full allowance being made for delinquencies and costs of collection. Collected taxes will be placed in the District's Debt Service Fund and used to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and on any additional bonds payable from taxes which may hereafter be issued by the District.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption

The Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2025, shall be subject to redemption at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2024, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Notice of the exercise of the reserved right of redemption will be given at least thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date by sending such notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the bond register. If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the series and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar prior to the redemption date by a random selection method in integral multiples of \$5,000 within any one maturity. The Registered Owner of any Bond, all or a portion of which has been called for redemption, shall be required to present such Bond to the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the Bonds so called for redemption and issuance of a new Bond of the same series in the principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed.

Mandatory Redemption

The Utility Bonds that mature on September 1 in each of the years 2031, 2033, 2035, 2041 and 2043 are term bonds (the "Utility Term Bonds") and shall be redeemed by lot or other customary method of random selection (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Utility Bonds are in book-entry-only form) prior to maturity, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption (the "Mandatory Redemption Date"), on September 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the following schedule:

\$165,000 Utility Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2031

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2030	\$80,000
September 1, 2031 (Maturity)	\$85,000

\$175,000 Utility Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2033

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2032	\$85,000
September 1, 2033 (Maturity)	\$90,000

\$190,000 Utility Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2035

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2034	\$95,000
September 1, 2035 (Maturity)	\$95,000

\$245,000 Utility Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2041

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2040	\$120,000
September 1, 2041 (Maturity)	\$125,000

\$265,000 Utility Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2043

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2042	\$130,000
September 1, 2043 (Maturity)	\$135,000

The Road Bonds that mature on September 1 in each of the years 2041 and 2043 are term bonds (the "Road Term Bonds") and shall be redeemed by lot or other customary method of random selection (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Road Bonds are in book-entry-only form) prior to maturity, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption (the "Mandatory Redemption Date"), on September 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the following schedule:

\$305,000 Road Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2041

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2040	\$150,000
September 1, 2041 (Maturity)	\$155,000

\$335,000 Road Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2043

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2042	\$165,000
September 1, 2043 (Maturity)	\$170,000

The Utility Term Bonds and the Road Term Bonds are collectively referred to as the "Term Bonds." The principal amount of the Term Bonds required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the direction of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds which, at least 50 days prior to a Mandatory Redemption Date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent/Registrar for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and cancelled by the Paying Agent/Registrar at the request of the District with monies in the Debt Service Fund, as applicable, at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

Outstanding Bonds

The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the Road System to serve the District: \$1,585,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Road Bonds"), \$1,090,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2013A (the "Series 2013A Road Bonds"), \$1,040,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2014 (the "Series 2014 Road Bonds") and \$1,450,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Road Bonds"). Of such bonds, a total of \$4,725,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of March 1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The following bonds have been previously issued by the District for the Utility System to serve the District: \$2,165,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Series 2011 Utility Bonds"). Of such bonds, a total of \$1,895,000 principal amount remains outstanding as of March

1, 2019 (the "Outstanding Utility Bonds"). The Outstanding Road Bonds and the Outstanding Utility Bonds are referred to herein collectively as the "Outstanding Bonds."

Annexation

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, the District may be annexed for full purposes by the City without the District's consent, subject to compliance by the City with various requirements of Chapter 43 of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and abolish the District within ninety (90) days of the date of annexation. Annexation of territory by the City is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the Mayor and City Council of the City, and, therefore, the District makes no representation that the City will ever annex the District for full purposes and assume its debt. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City to make debt service payments should annexation occur.

Consolidation

A district (such as the District) has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets, such as cash and the utility system, with the water and wastewater system of districts with which it is consolidating as well as its liabilities (which would include the Bonds). No representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation, but the District currently has no plans to do so.

Defeasance

The Bond Order provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place or payment (paying agent) for obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes, amounts sufficient to provide for payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent; and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent. The foregoing obligations may be in book entry form, and shall mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds. If any of such Bonds are to be redeemed prior to their respective dates of maturity, provision must have been made for giving notice of redemption as provided in the Bond Order.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded to be outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes. In the Bond Order, the District has specifically reserved the right to call the Bonds for redemption after the defeasance thereof.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District intends to issue additional bonds from its voted authorization. The District's voters have authorized a total of \$52,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining the Utility System to serve the District and \$22,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a Road System to serve the District.

The Utility Bonds are the second series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the Utility System and the Road Bonds are the fifth series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the Road System. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$47,735,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining the Utility System to serve the District and \$14,175,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining the Utility System to serve the District and \$14,175,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring and maintaining a Road System to serve the District remain authorized and unissued. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance." Any bonds issued by the District, however, must be approved by the Attorney General of Texas. Currently, approval of the TCEQ is not necessary for the issuance of bonds issued to finance the acquisition or construction of roads and roadway improvements. However, if the issuance of debt is for the purpose of financing water, sewer or drainage facilities, approval of the TCEQ is required. See "THE DISTRICT – General."

The Bond Order imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be authorized for issuance by the District's voters or the amount ultimately issued by the District. Except with respect to the issuance of bonds for road purposes, the District does not employ any formula with regard to assessed valuations or tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of bonds which may be issued. The total amount of bonds and other obligations of the District issued for road purposes may not exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property in the District.

Amendments to the Bond Order

The District may, without the consent of or notice to any Registered Owners, amend the Bond Order in any manner not detrimental to the interests of the Registered Owners, including the curing of any ambiguity, inconsistency or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the District may, with the written consent of the Registered Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to or rescind any of the provisions of the Bond Order, provided that, without the consent of the Registered Owners of all of the Bonds affected, and provided that it has not failed to make a timely payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, no such amendment, addition or rescission may (1) change the date specified as the date on which the principal of or any installment of interest on any Bond is due and payable, reduce the principal amount thereof, the redemption price thereof, or the rate of interest thereon, change the place or places at, or the coin or currency in which any Bond or the interest thereon is payable, or in any other way modify the terms or sources of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (2) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (3) modify any of the provisions of the Bond Order relating to the amendment thereof, except to increase any percentage provided thereby or to provide that certain other provisions of the Bond Order cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each Bond affected thereby. In addition, a state, consistent with federal law, may, in the exercise of its police power, make such modifications in the terms and conditions of contractual covenants relating to the payment of indebtedness of a political subdivision as are reasonable and necessary for attainment of an important public purpose.

Registered Owners' Remedies

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Order, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, the Registered Owners have the right to seek of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of defaults and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners.

Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Order may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights and creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is an excerpt from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.

(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them.

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Use and Distribution of Utility Bond Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Utility Bonds will be used to redeem the District's \$1,305,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2018 (the "BAN"), the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer for the improvements and related engineering and land costs as shown below. Additionally, a portion of the proceeds from the Utility Bonds will be used to pay BAN interest and certain costs associated with the issuance of the BAN and the Utility Bonds.

The construction costs described below were compiled by the Engineer, based, in some cases, on the estimated costs of facilities. Non-construction costs are based upon either contract amounts or estimates of various costs by the Engineer and the District's financial advisor, Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (the "Financial Advisor").

		Amount
CONSTRUCTION COSTS		
A. Developer Contribution Items		
1. Live Oak Phase 1 – Section 1 – Water, Wastewater and Drainage	\$	944,000
2. Engineering		513,593
3. City Construction Fees (Inspection, Testing, etc.)		189,803
Total Developer Contribution Items	\$	1,647,396
B. District Items		
None	<u>\$</u>	-
Total District Items	<u>\$</u>	-
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$	1,647,396
NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS		
A. Legal Fees	\$	62,500
B. Fiscal Agent Fees		42,000
C. Interest		
1. BAN Interest		20,518
D. Bond Discount		62,894
E. Bond Issuance Expenses		40,981
F. BAN Issuance Expenses		50,768
G. Appraisal Cost		5,000
H. Operating Expenses		27,400
I. Bond Application Report Costs		40,000
J. Creation Costs		74,455
K. Attorney General Fee		2,100
L. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee		5,250
M. Contingency (a)		18,738
TOTAL NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$	452,604
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,100,000</u>

(a) Represents the difference between the estimated and actual amounts of BAN interest and discount used on the Utility Bonds.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed the actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ. In the instance that actual costs exceed previously approved estimated amounts and contingencies, additional TCEQ approval and the issuance of additional bonds may be required. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

Use and Distribution of Road Bond Proceeds

A portion of the proceeds of the Road Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for the improvements and related engineering and land costs as shown below. Additionally, a portion of the proceeds from the Road Bonds will be used to pay six (6) months of capitalized interest and certain costs associated with the issuance of the Road Bonds.

The construction costs described below were compiled by the Engineer, based, in some cases, on the estimated costs of facilities. Non-construction costs are based upon either contract amounts or estimates of various costs by the Engineer and the District's Financial Advisor.

		District's Share
CONSTRU	JCTION COSTS	
A.	Phase 2 – Sections 1 & 2 Roadway Infrastructure Cost	\$ 478,404
B.	Phase 2 – Sections 1 & 2 Roadway Right-of-Way Cost	78,838
C.	Phase 3A Roadway Infrastructure Cost	525,670
D.	Phase 3A Engineering and Surveying	82,500
E.	Phase 3A Roadway Right-of-Way Cost	97,705
F.	Phase 3A City Fees (Materials Testing and Inspection)	32,427
G.	Phase 3B Roadway Infrastructure Cost	303,000
H.	Phase 3B Engineering and Surveying	42,250
I.	Phase 3B Roadway and Right-of-Way Cost	84,902
J.	Phase 3B City Fees (Materials Testing and Inspection)	20,649
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS		\$ 1,746,345
NON-CON	ISTRUCTION COSTS	
A.	Legal Fees	\$ 76,500
B.	Financial Advisor Fees	53,200
С.	Interest	
	a. Developer Interest	613,339
	b. Capitalized Interest	45,275
D.	Bond Discount	79,800
E.	Bond Issuance Expenses	19,931
F.	Attorney General Fee	2,660
G.	Engineering Fees	20,000
H.	Contingency (a)	2,950
ТОТА	L NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 913,655

TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT

<u>\$ 2,660,000</u>

(a) Represents the difference between the estimated and actual amount of capitalized interest used on the Road Bonds.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed the actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ. In the instance that actual costs exceed previously approved estimated amounts and contingencies, additional TCEQ approval and the issuance of additional bonds may be required. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

DISTRICT DEBT

General

The following tables and calculations relate to the Bonds. The District and various other political subdivisions of government which overlap all or a portion of the District are empowered to incur debt to be raised by taxation against all or a portion of the property within the District.

2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	72,150,907 (a)
Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019	\$	96,877,032 (b)
Direct Debt: The Outstanding Bonds (as of March 1, 2019) The Utility Bonds The Road Bonds Total	\$ \$	6,620,000 2,100,000 <u>2,660,000</u> 11,380,000
Estimated Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,501,411</u> (c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	16,881,411
Ratio of Direct Debt to: 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032) Ratio of Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt to:		15.77 % 11.75 %
2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)		23.40 % 17.43 %
Utility Debt Service Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Road Debt Service Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Utility Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) Road Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019) General Fund Balance (as of March 18, 2019)	\$ \$ \$ \$	270,768 (d) 459,512 (e) 78,529 4,139 465,299
2018 Tax Rate Utility Debt Service Road Debt Service Maintenance & Operation Total	\$	0.225 0.480 <u>0.295</u> <u>1.000</u> (f)
Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2019-2043) Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (2036)	\$ \$	682,786 (g) 815,921 (g)
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2019-2043) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) Based Upon Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)	\$ \$	1.00 0.75
Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2036) at 95% Tax Collections: Based Upon 2018 Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907)	\$	1.20
Based Upon Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032)	\$	0.89
Single-Family Homes (including 13 homes under construction)		336 (h)

⁽a) As certified by the Tarrant County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

⁽b) Provided by the Appraisal District for information purposes only. This value is net of estimated exemptions. Such amount is only an estimate of the assessed value on December 1, 2018, and may be revised upward or downward once certified by the Appraisal

District. Reflects the addition of value of new construction within the District from January 1, 2018, to January 11, 2019. No taxes will be levied on this estimate. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

- (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT Estimated Overlapping Debt."
- (d) Neither Texas law nor the Utility Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund. At the time of closing on the Utility Bonds, accrued interest from March 1, 2019, will be deposited into the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds or the Road Bonds.
- (e) Neither Texas law nor the Road Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. At the time of closing on the Road Bonds, six (6) months of capitalized interest and accrued interest from March 1, 2019, will be deposited into the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Utility Bonds or the Utility Bonds.
- (f) See "TAX DATA Tax Rate Distribution."
- (g) Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "DISTRICT DEBT Debt Service Requirements."
- (h) Approximate as of December 1, 2018.

Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement

The following table indicates the indebtedness, defined as outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities overlapping the District and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the District. This information is based upon data secured from the individual jurisdictions and/or the Texas Municipal Reports prepared by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Such figures do not indicate the tax burden levied by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for operation and maintenance or for other purposes.

Taxing Jurisdiction	Outstanding Debt as of February 28, 2019	Percent of Assessed Valuation	Overlapping Amount
Tarrant County Tarrant County Hospital District White Settlement Independent School District	\$ 294,500,000 17,735,000 155,967,000	0.04 % 0.04 3.45	\$ 117,974 7,098 <u>5,376,339</u>
TOTAL ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 5,501,412
Direct Debt			<u> 11,380,000</u> (a)
TOTAL DIRECT & ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT			<u>\$ 16,881,412</u> (a)

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Debt Ratios

		January 11, 2019,
	2018 Taxable	Estimated
	Assessed Valuation	Valuation
Direct Debt	15.77%	11.75%
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	23.40%	17.43%

Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule sets forth the debt service requirements on the Outstanding Bonds, plus the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds.

Calendar	C	outstanding		Plus: The Utility Bonds Plus: The Road Bonds							Total					
Year	De	bt Service (a)	F	Principal	I	nterest	D	ebt Service	bt Service Principal Interest Debt Set		Principal Interest		ebt Service	e Debt Service		
2019	\$	357,883		-	\$	36,084	\$	36,084		-	\$	45,275	\$	45,275	\$	439,242
2020		494,290	\$	50,000		72,169		122,169	\$	65,000		90,550		155,550		772,009
2021		497,478		55,000		69,669		124,669		70,000		87,463		157,463		779,610
2022		499,943		55,000		66,919		121,919		70,000		84,138		154,138		776,000
2023		501,610		60,000		64,306		124,306		75,000		80,813		155,813		781,729
2024		502,600		60,000		61,456		121,456		75,000		77,438		152,438		776,494
2025		502,550		65,000		58,606		123,606		80,000		74,063		154,063		780,219
2026		506,675		65,000		56,656		121,656		85,000		71,663		156,663		784,994
2027		504,665		70,000		54,706		124,706		90,000		69,113		159,113		788,484
2028		507,059		75,000		52,606		127,606		90,000		66,413		156,413		791,078
2029		508,660		75,000		50,356		125,356		95,000		63,713		158,713		792,729
2030		509,073		80,000		48,106		128,106		100,000		60,863		160,863		798,042
2031		508,804		85,000		45,706		130,706		105,000		57,863		162,863		802,373
2032		512,754		85,000		43,156		128,156		110,000		54,713		164,713		805,623
2033		510,723		90,000		40,606		130,606		115,000		51,413		166,413		807,742
2034		512,545		95,000		37,906		132,906		120,000		47,963		167,963		813,414
2035		508,390		95,000		34,938		129,938		125,000		44,363		169,363		807,691
2036		513,496		100,000		31,969		131,969		130,000		40,456		170,456		815,921
2037		342,269		105,000		28,719		133,719		135,000		36,231		171,231		647,219
2038		254,138		110,000		25,306		135,306		140,000		31,844		171,844		561,288
2039		94,000		115,000		21,731		136,731		145,000		27,294		172,294		403,025
2040		95,800		120,000		17,850		137,850		150,000		22,400		172,400		406,050
2041		97,400		125,000		13,650		138,650		155,000		17,150		172,150		408,200
2042		98,800		130,000		9,275		139,275		165,000		11,725		176,725		414,800
2043		-		135,000		4,725		139,725		170,000		5,950		175,950		315,675
Total	\$	9,941,605	\$	2,100,000	\$	1,047,176	\$	3,147,176	\$	2,660,000	\$	1,320,870	\$	3,980,870	\$ 1	17,069,651

(a) Outstanding Debt Service as of March 1, 2019.

Average Annual Requirements – (2019-2043)	\$ 682,786
Maximum Annual Requirement – (2036)	\$ 815,921

TAXING PROCEDURES

Set forth below is a summary of certain provisions of the Texas Property Tax Code relating to the District's ability to levy and collect property taxes on property within the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. Reference is made to the Property Tax Code for more complete information, including the identification of property subject to taxation; property exempt or which may be exempted from taxation, if claimed; the appraisal of property for ad valorem tax purposes, and the procedures and limitations applicable to the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes.

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS - Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the operation and maintenance of the District and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. The District levied a debt service tax rate of \$0.705 per \$100 of assessed valuation and a maintenance and operation tax rate of \$0.295 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2018 tax year. See "TAX DATA- Tax Rate Limitation."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code"), specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the Appraisal District. The Tarrant County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District.") has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within Tarrant County, including the District. Such appraisal values will be subject to review and change by the Tarrant County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, will be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

The Property Tax Code requires the appraisal district, by May 15 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to prepare appraisal records of property as of January 1 of each year based upon market value. The chief appraiser must give written notice before May 15, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to each property owner whose property value is appraised higher than the value in the prior tax year or the value rendered by the property owner, or whose property was not on the appraisal roll the preceding year, or whose property was reappraised in the current tax year. Notice must also be given if ownership of the property changed during the preceding year. The appraisal review board has the ultimate responsibility for determining the value of all taxable property within the District; however, any property owner who has timely filed notice with the appraisal review board may appeal a final determination by the appraisal review board by filing suit in a Texas district court. Prior to such appeal or any tax delinquency date, however, the property owner must pay the tax due on the value of that portion of the property involved that is not in dispute or the amount of tax imposed in the prior year, whichever is greater, or the amount of tax due under the order from which the appeal is taken. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. In addition, taxing units, such as the District, are entitled to challenge certain matters before the appraisal review board, including the level of appraisals of a certain category of property, the exclusion of property from the appraisal records of the granting in whole or in part of certain exemptions. A taxing unit may not, however, challenge the valuation of individual properties.

Although the District has the responsibility for establishing tax rates and levying and collecting its taxes each year, under the Property Tax Code, the District does not establish appraisal standards or determine the frequency of revaluation or reappraisal. The appraisal district is governed by a board of directors elected by the governing bodies of the county and all cities, towns, school districts and, if entitled to vote, the conservation and reclamation districts that participate in the appraisal district. The Property Tax Code

requires each appraisal district to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraised values. Such plan must provide for reappraisal of all real property in the appraisal district at least once every three years. It is not known what frequency of future reappraisals will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; and most individually-owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or the surviving spouse or children of a deceased veteran who died while on active duty in the armed forces, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of one hundred percent (100%) is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization at no cost to the veteran. This exemption applies to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. The surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferrable to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

The District granted a \$5,000 resident homestead exemption for persons 65 years of age or older or disabled for the 2019 tax year.

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State of Texas to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised value of residential homesteads, but not less than \$5,000, if any exemption is granted, from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The District has never adopted a general homestead exemption.

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: Freeport goods are goods, wares, merchandise, other tangible personal property and ores, other than oil, natural gas and other petroleum products, which have been acquired or brought into the state for assembling, storing, manufacturing, repair, maintenance, processing or fabricating purposes, or used to repair or maintain aircraft of a certified air carrier, and shipped out of the state within one hundred seventy-five (175) days. Freeport goods are exempt from taxation by the District. Article VIII, Section 1-n of the Texas Constitution provides for the exemption from taxation of "goodsin-transit." "Goods-in-transit" is defined by a provision of the Tax Code, which is effective for tax year 2016 and prior applicable years, as personal property acquired or imported into Texas and transported to another location in the State or outside the State within 175 days of the date the property was acquired or imported into Texas. The exemption excludes oil, natural gas, petroleum products, aircraft and special inventory. For tax year 2016 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption is limited to tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes and which is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. The Tax Code provision permits local governmental entities, on a local option basis, to take official action by January 1 of the year preceding a tax year, after holding a public hearing, to tax goods-intransit during the following tax year. The District has taken action to tax Goods-in-Transit. A taxpayer may receive only one of the Freeport exemptions or the goods-in-transit exemptions for items of personal property.

Tax Abatement

Tarrant County may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, the District, at the option and discretion of the District, and the County may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement, which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdiction. None of the area within the District has been designated as a reinvestment zone to date, and the District has not approved any such tax abatement agreements.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years for agricultural use and taxes for the previous five years for open space land and timberland.

Notice and Hearing Procedures

The Property Tax Code establishes procedures for providing notice and the opportunity for a hearing for taxpayers in the event of certain proposed tax increases and provides for taxpayers referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. Effective September 1, 2003, the District was required to publish a notice of a public hearing regarding the tax rate proposed to be levied in the current year and comparing the proposed tax rate to the tax rate set in the preceding year. If the proposed combined debt service, operation and maintenance and contract tax rates imposes a tax more than 1.08 times the amount of tax imposed in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, disregarding any homestead exemption available to the disabled or persons 65 years of age or older, the qualified voters of the taxing jurisdiction by petition of ten percent of the registered voters in the taxing jurisdiction may require that an election be held to determine whether to reduce the operation and maintenance tax to the rollback tax rate.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

The qualified voters of the District have the right to petition for a rollback of the District's operation and maintenance tax rate only if the total tax bill on the average residence homestead increases by more than eight percent. If a rollback election is called and passes, the rollback tax rate is the District's current year's debt service tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the District in the preceding year on the average residence homestead, disregarding exemptions. The District's debt service tax rate cannot be changed by a rollback election.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes, unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The date of delinquency may be postponed if the tax bills are mailed after January 1. A person over sixty-five (65) years of age is entitled by law to pay current taxes on his residential homestead in installments or to defer tax without penalty during the time he owns and occupies the property as his residential homestead. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors of the District based on valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1.

Taxes are due September 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to twenty percent (20%) if imposed by the District. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency of taxes under certain circumstances. The owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) a person at least sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) under a disability for purpose of payment of disability insurance benefits under the Federal Old Age Survivors and Disability Insurance Act, or (iii) qualifies as a disabled veteran under Texas Law is also entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments or to defer the payment of taxes without penalty during the time of ownership. Additionally, a person who is delinquent on taxes for a residential homestead is entitled to an agreement with the District to pay such taxes in equal installments over a period of between 12 and 36 months (as determined by the District) when such person has not entered into another installment agreement with respect to delinquent taxes within the District in the preceding 24 months.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State and each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien, however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property within two (2) years for residential and agricultural property and six (6) months for commercial property and all other types of property after the purchasers deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records.

TAX DATA

General

Taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy and collection by the District of a continuing direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds (and any future tax-supported bonds which may be issued from time to time as authorized). Taxes are levied by the District each year against the District's assessed valuation as of January 1 of that year. Taxes become due October 1 of such year, or when billed, and generally become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. The Board covenants in the Bond Order to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The actual rate of such tax will be determined from year to year as a function of the District's tax base, its debt service requirements and available funds. In addition, the District has the power and authority to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes, not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation, for operation and maintenance purposes. The District levied a 2018 tax rate of \$0.705 per \$100 of assessed valuation for debt service purposes and \$0.295 per \$100 of assessed valuation for operation and maintenance purposes.

Tax Rate Limitation

Utility System Debt Service: Road System Debt Service: Operations and Maintenance: Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount). Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount). \$1.00 per \$100 Assessed Valuation.

Historical Tax Collections

The following table illustrates the collection history of the District for the 2014-2018 tax years:

				% of	Fiscal Year	% of
Tax	Certified Assessed	Tax Rate/		Collections	Ending	Collections as
Year	Valuation	\$100 (a)	Adjusted Levy	Current Year	9/30	of 02/28/2019
2014	\$ 40,623,941	0.990	\$ 402,177	100.00 %	2015	100.00 %
2015	47,567,549	0.990	470,919	100.00 %	2016	100.00 %
2016	56,743,371	0.990	561,759	100.00 %	2017	100.00 %
2017	64,404,339	0.990	637,603	100.00 %	2018	100.00 %
2018	72,150,907	1.000	721,509	97.62 % (b)	2019	97.62 % (b)

(a) Includes a tax for maintenance and operation purposes. See "- Tax Rate Distribution" below.(b) In process of collection.

Tax Rate Distribution

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Utility Debt Service	\$0.225	\$0.270	\$0.310	\$0.340	\$0.330
Road Debt Service	0.480	0.560	0.475	0.525	0.520
Maintenance	0.295	0.160	0.205	0.125	0.140
	<u>\$1.000</u>	<u>\$0.990</u>	<u>\$0.990</u>	<u>\$0.990</u>	<u>\$0.990</u>

Analysis of Tax Base

The following table illustrates the District's total taxable assessed value in the tax years 2014-2018 by type of property.

	2018 Assessed	2017 Assessed	2016 Assessed	2015 Assessed	2014 Assessed
Type of Property	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Land	\$ 14,294,583	\$ 12,414,142	\$ 10,260,208	\$ 9,793,022	\$ 9,453,915
Improvements	59,567,885	52,726,635	47,303,555	38,321,661	31,239,528
Personal Property	228,277	552,985	650,975	27,835	14,839
Less Exemption	<u>(1,939,838</u>)	<u>(1,289,423)</u>	<u>(1,471,367</u>)	<u>(574,969</u>)	<u>(84,341</u>)
Total	<u>\$ 72,150,907</u>	<u>\$ 64,404,339</u>	<u>\$ 56,743,371</u>	<u>\$ 47,567,549</u>	<u>\$ 40,623,941</u>

Principal Taxpayers

The following represents the principal taxpayers, type of property, and their assessed values as of January 1, 2018:

Taxpayer 351 Development LLC/LO Haywire Investments LP (a) Stonehollow Homes LLC (b) Impression Homes LLC (b) TLS Homes Inc. (c) Homeowner Homeowner Homeowner Homeowner	Type of Property Land & Improvements Land & Improvements	Assessed Valuation 2018 Tax Roll \$ 2,507,370 1,577,619 512,532 416,530 381,644 366,051 363,458 363,286 363,052	Percentage of 2018 Tax Roll 3.48 % 2.19 0.71 0.58 0.53 0.51 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	363,052	0.50
Homeowner Total	Land & Improvements	<u> </u>	<u>0.49</u> <u>9.99</u> %

(a) See "DEVELOPER" and "RISK FACTORS – Economic Factors Affecting Taxable Value and Tax Payments."

(b) See "HOMEBUILDERS."
(c) Such property is controlled by Sandlin Custom Homes. See "HOMEBUILDERS."

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 of Taxable Assessed Valuation that would be required to meet certain debt service requirements if no growth in the District occurs beyond the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$72,150,907) or the Estimated Valuation as of January 11, 2019 (\$96,877,032). The foregoing further assumes collection of 95% of taxes levied and the sale of no additional bonds:

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds		
and the Outstanding Bonds (2019-2043)	\$	682,786
Tax Rate of \$1.00 on the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation		
at 95% collection produces	\$	685,434
Tax Rate of \$0.75 on the January 11, 2019, Estimated Valuation		
at 95% collection produces	\$	690,249
Maximum Annual Dobt Sarvica Paguiraments on the Bands		
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds		
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds (2036)	\$	815,921
*	\$	815,921
and the Outstanding Bonds (2036)	\$ \$	815,921 822,520
and the Outstanding Bonds (2036) Tax Rate of \$1.20 on the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ \$,-
and the Outstanding Bonds (2036) Tax Rate of \$1.20 on the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation at 95% collection produces	\$ \$ \$,-

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions (see "DISTRICT DEBT - Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is a compilation of all 2018 taxes levied by such jurisdictions per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such levies do not include local assessments for community associations, fire department contributions, charges for solid waste disposal, or any other dues or charges made by entities other than political subdivisions.

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Taxing Jurisdiction	2018 Tax Rate/ Per \$100 of A.V.
The District	\$1.000000
Tarrant County	0.234000
Tarrant County College District	0.136070
Tarrant County Hospital District	0.224429
Tarrant County Emergency Service District No. 1	0.082500
White Settlement ISD	1.520000
Estimated Total Tax Rate	<u>\$3.196999</u>

THE DISTRICT

General

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas operating as a municipal utility district pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution. The District was created by Special Act of the Texas Legislature, House Bill No. 3530, passed in May 2005 (now codified as Chapter 8139; Texas Special District Local Laws Code). The District was originally named City of Fort Worth Municipal Utility District No. 2 of Tarrant County in the Special Act. The District's name was changed to Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County by Order issued by the TCEQ on June 13, 2007. The District is vested with all the rights, privileges, authority and functions conferred by the laws of the State of Texas applicable to municipal utility districts, including without limitation those conferred by Chapters 49 and 54,

Texas Water Code, as amended. In addition, the District is authorized to purchase, construct, operate and maintain roads. The District is also authorized to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation and treatment of wastewater; the control and diversion of storm water. The District may also provide solid waste collection and disposal service and operate and maintain recreational facilities. The District may operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters and the TCEQ. The District does not operate and/or maintain a fire department. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ.

Description

The District is located in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City in Tarrant County, Texas, approximately 14 miles west of the City. The District is located in the White Settlement Independent School District. The District contains approximately 264.528 acres.

Management of the District

The District is governed by a board of five directors which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors are elected in even-numbered years for four-year staggered terms. The present members and officers of the Board are listed below:

Name	Position	Term Expires May
Neal Morris	President	2022
Amy May	Vice President	2022
Mark Ratliff	Secretary	2020
Nathan Golik	Assistant Secretary	2020
Brian Shiller	Assistant Secretary	2022

The District has contracted with following companies and individuals to operate its utilities and recreational facilities:

Tax Assessor/Collector – The District's Tax Assessor/Collector is the Tarrant County Tax Office.

Bookkeeper – The District contracts with Cindy Schmidt for bookkeeping services. Ms. Schmidt presently serves as bookkeeper to more than 100 utility districts.

Utility System Operator – The District's operator is Inframark.

Auditor – As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which annual audit is filed with the TCEQ. A copy of the District's audit prepared by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2018, is included as "APPENDIX A" to this Official Statement.

Engineer – The consulting engineer engaged by the District in connection with the design and construction of the District's facilities is Peloton Land Solutions (the "Engineer").

Bond Counsel – The District employs Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds. Coats Rose, P.C. also acts as general counsel for the District.

Disclosure Counsel – The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton LLP, Houston, Texas, as Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The legal fees to be paid Disclosure Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Financial Advisor – The District has engaged the firm of Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated as financial advisor to the District. Payment to the Financial Advisor by the District is contingent upon the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

Utility Agreement with the City

The District and the Developer entered into an agreement with the City (the "Utility Agreement") in 2006. Pursuant to the Utility Agreement, the District has agreed to acquire and construct, for ultimate conveyance to the City, the water distribution, wastewater collection and certain drainage facilities to serve development occurring within the boundaries of the District (the "District Utility Facilities").

The District Facilities: The Utility Agreement provides that the District Utility Facilities will be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's requirements and criteria. See "THE SYSTEM – Description of the System".

Authority of District to Issue Bonds: The District has the authority to issue, sell, and deliver bonds as permitted by law and the City's consent resolution. Bonds issued by the District are obligations solely of the District and shall not be construed to be obligations or indebtedness of the City.

Ownership, Operation, and Maintenance of the District Utility Facilities: Upon approval and acceptance of the District Utility Facilities by the City, the District shall convey legal title to the District Utility Facilities to the City. Upon acceptance of the District Utility Facilities by the District, the District will acquire a capacity interest in the District Utility Facilities in an amount equal to the capacity funded by or on behalf of the District, which capacity interest shall be reserved for and available to provide water and wastewater service to customers within the District, provided development occurs in substantial compliance with the development agreement between the City and the Developer.

Upon dedication of the District Utility Facilities to the City, the City will operate and maintain such facilities. If repairs to roads within the District are needed as a result of repair or maintenance of the District Utility Facilities by the City, the District shall perform such repairs at its own expense.

Water and Sewer Capacity and Service: The District pays impact fees to the City for water and wastewater capacity in the City's water and wastewater treatment plants. The City also charges tap and service connection fees in an amount equal to the amount if the services were provided within the City's corporate limits. The City bills and collects for retail water and sewer service to customers within the District at the rates established by the City for service within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction. See "THE SYSTEM – Description of the System."

DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT

The District contains approximately 264.528 acres. Land within the District has been developed as the single-family subdivision of Live Oak Creek, Phase 1 (92.263 acres as 237 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 2 (9.706 acres as 40 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 3A (12.602 acres as 61 single-family lots), Live Oak Creek, Phase 3B (11.109 acres as 57 single-family lots) and Live Oak Creek, Phase 4 (27.202 acres as 100 single-family lots). As of December 1, 2018, the District consisted of 323 completed homes, 13 homes under construction and 159 vacant developed lots. The remaining acreage within the District is comprised of approximately 111.646 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 17.014 undevelopable acres (included in the Live Oak Creek, Phase 1 acreage).

The table below summarizes the development within the District as of December 1, 2018, by section.

			Но	omes	
	Approximate Acreage	Lots	Completed	Under Construction	Vacant Developed Lots
Live Oak Creek, Phase 1	92.263	237	232	1	4
Live Oak Creek, Phase 2	9.706	40	29	-	11
Live Oak Creek, Phase 3A	12.602	61	39	12	10
Live Oak Creek, Phase 3B	11.109	57	23	-	34
Live Oak Creek, Phase 4	27.202	100	-	-	100
Totals	152.882	495	323	13	159
Remaining Undeveloped but Developable Acres	111.646				
Undevelopable Acres	17.014 (a)				
Total	<u>264.528</u>				

(a) Included in the Live Oak Creek, Phase 1 acreage.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (Taken January, 2019)













PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (Taken January, 2019)













DEVELOPER

The Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district, such as the District, include the following: acquiring the land within the district, designing the subdivision, the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivision, and any community facilities to be built; defining a marketing program and building schedule; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities; and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders and other developers or other third parties. Pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, a developer can be required to pay up to 30% of the cost of constructing certain water, wastewater and drainage facilities in a municipal utility district. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in the development of property within a municipal utility district may have a profound effect on the security of the bonds issued by a district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a municipal utility district to develop the property that it owns in a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land that the developer owns within a municipal utility district.

The Developer

The current developer of land located within the District is 351 Development LLC, a Texas limited liability company (the "Developer"). L.O. Haywire Investments LP, a Texas limited partnership ("L.O. Haywire Investments"), is a related entity of the Developer that has purchased and holds the land to be developed within the District by the Developer. L.O. Haywire LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("L.O. Haywire"), is another related entity of the Developer that owns the rights to reimbursement from the development activities of the Developer. The Developer, L.O. Haywire Investments and L.O. Haywire are under common control and management. L.O. Haywire Investments currently owns approximately 111.646 acres that are being held for future development. There can be no assurance given as to when, if ever, such development will occur.

Development Financing

The Developer is financing the development of the land within the District with available cash on hand.

Lot Sales Contracts

The Developer has entered into lot sales contracts with Impression Homes and Stonehollow Homes to purchase the 218 lots that are planned for development as Live Oak Creek, Phases 3A, 3B and 4, upon completion of the lot construction.

HOMEBUILDERS

The active homebuilders within the District are Sandlin Custom Homes, Impression Homes and Stonehollow Homes. The homebuilders are constructing homes on the remaining lots within Live Oak Creek, Phases 1, 2, 3A, 3B and 4. The homes being marketed in the District range in size from approximately 1,866 square feet to approximately 3,823 square feet and range price from approximately \$249,990 to approximately \$326,938. Homebuilding began in Live Oak Creek in late 2008.

THE SYSTEM

General

The Utility System and Road System improvements, the purchase, acquisition and construction of which will be financed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds, have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the recommendation of certain governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over construction and operation of such facilities. According to Peloton Land Solutions (the "Engineer"), the design of the improvements has been approved by all governmental agencies, which have jurisdiction over the District.

Description of the System

- Wastewater Treatment and Conveyance System -

The District has contracted with the City for wastewater service to the District (see "THE DISTRICT – Utility Agreement with the City"). The District's wastewater ultimately flows to the Village Creek Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "WWTP"), which is owned and operated by the City. According to the District's Engineer, the City has sufficient capacity in the WWTP to serve the District at the projected full development of 845 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFCs").

- Water Supply and Distribution -

The District's water supply is provided by the City. The City holds a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity ("CCN") issued by the TCEQ to provide retail water service. The City has contracted to provide water service to the District. According to the District's Engineer, the City has sufficient capacity to supply water to the District at the projected full development of 845 ESFCs.

- Drainage -

Stormwater runoff within the District drains through a storm sewer system consisting of inlets and storm sewer piping which eventually discharges into Live Oak Creek. None of the developable acreage within the District lies within the 100-year floodplain.

- Roads -

Construction of the road improvements within the boundaries of the District has been financed with funds advanced by the Developer and reimbursed with proceeds of the Outstanding Road Bonds and the Bonds. The roads within the District vary in width in accordance with standards adopted by Tarrant County, but are sized to accommodate the anticipated traffic demands of full build-out of the property within the District. The District owns and maintains the roads within the District.

Historical Operations of the System

Since the District receives water supply and wastewater services from the City, it is anticipated that the District maintenance tax proceeds will be the sole source of revenue available to the District to pay for District operations. The following is a summary of the District's Operating Fund for the last 5 years. The figures for the fiscal years ending February 28, 2015, through February 28, 2018, were obtained from the District's annual financial reports, reference to which is hereby made. The figures for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2019, were obtained from the District's Bookkeeper and are unaudited. The District is required by statute to have a certified public accountant prepare and file an annual audit of its financial records with the TCEQ.

	Four Years Ended February 28 and One Year Ended February 29,									
<u>Revenues</u>	2019 (a)	2018	2017	2016	2015					
Property taxes	\$ 2,668	\$106,438	\$114,084	\$ 58,140	\$ 57,087					
Penalties and interest	-	-	10	177	-					
Investment income	2,623	1,469	625	490	558					
Total	\$ 5,291	\$ 107,907	\$114,719	\$ 58,807	\$ 57,645					
<u>Expenditures</u>										
Professional Fees	\$ 37,435	\$ 67,548	\$ 34,563	\$ 23,098	\$ 28,938					
Contracted Services	5,560	6,728	6,415	4,183	4,237					
Utilities	11,683	11,699	10,481	10,023	10,262					
Repairs & Maintenance	7,516	7,651	3,791	4,977	-					
Other Expenditures	5,188	8,626	13,638	6,530	8,435					
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	11,790					
Total	\$ 67,382	\$ 102,252	\$ 68,888	\$ 48,811	\$ 63,662					
NET REVENUES (Deficit)	\$ (62,091)	\$ 5,655	\$ 45,831	\$ 9,996	\$ (6,017)					
Beginning fund balance	\$ 401,484	\$ 395,829	\$ 349,998	\$ 340,002	\$346,019					
Ending fund balance	\$ 339,393	\$ 401,484	\$ 395,829	\$ 349,998	\$ 340,002					

(a) Unaudited. As of December 18, 2018.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Proceedings

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem property tax levied, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District and based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds; the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a like effect, and to the effect that interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the holders for federal tax purposes under existing law, statutes, regulations, published rulings, and court decisions and interest on the Bonds will not be subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under the caption "THE DISTRICT - General," "THE BONDS," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "LEGAL MATTERS – Legal Proceedings," "TAX MATTERS", and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION," solely to determine whether such

information fairly summarizes matters of law and the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District or the Developer for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. Certain matters will be passed upon for the District by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton LLP, Houston, Texas, Disclosure Counsel. The fees of Disclosure Counsel are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature is then pending against or, to the best knowledge and belief of the certifying officers, threatened against the District contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority of proceedings for the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds, the corporate existence or boundaries of the District or the titles of the then present officers of the Board.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion

In the opinion of Coats Rose, P.C., Bond Counsel, (i) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under existing law, and (ii) interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of proceeds and the source of repayment, limitations on the investment of proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"). The District has covenanted in the Bond Order that is will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Order pertaining to those sections of the Code which affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purpose, and in addition, will rely on representations by the District and the Initial Purchaser with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District and the Initial Purchaser, respectively, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District should fail to comply with the covenants in the Bond Order or if the foregoing representations or report should be determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become taxable from the date of delivery of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such taxability occurs.

Under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax-exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received, or accrued during the year. Payments of interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds are in many cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any owner who is not an "exempt recipient" and who fails to provide

certain identifying information. Individuals generally are not exempt recipients, whereas corporations and certain other entities generally are exempt recipients.

Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any federal, state, or local tax consequences resulting from the ownership of, receipt of interest on, or disposition of, the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations, taxpayers owning an interest in a FASIT that holds tax-exempt obligations, and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the "branch profits tax" on their effectively connected earnings and profits, including tax-exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds. These categories of prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The issue price of certain of the Bonds (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds") is less than the stated redemption price at maturity. In such case, under existing law, and based upon the assumptions hereinafter stated (a) the difference between (i) the stated amount payable at the maturity of each Original Issue Discount Bond and (ii) the issue price of such Original Issue Discount Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond at the initial public offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds; and (b) such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such Original Issue Discount Bond continues to be owned by such owner.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income. (Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussion regarding interest on the Bonds under the caption "TAX MATTERS" generally applies, except as otherwise provided below, to original issue discount on an Original Issue Discount Bond held by an owner who purchased such Bond at the initial offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds, and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.)

The foregoing is based on the assumptions that (a) the Initial Purchaser has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the general public and not for investment purposes, and (b) all of the Original Issue Discount Bonds have been offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a cash price (and with no other consideration being included)

equal to the initial offering prices thereof stated on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, and (c) the respective initial offering prices of the Original Issue Discount Bonds to the general public are equal to the fair market value thereof. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel warrants that the Original Issue Discount Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price plus the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds.

Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on Existing Law, which is subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with accumulated earnings and profits and excess passive investment income, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Interest on the Bonds will be includable as an adjustment for "adjusted current earnings" to calculate the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations by section 55 of the Code.

Under section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation. Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Bonds, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

State, Local and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The Code requires a pro rata reduction in the interest expense deduction of a financial institution to reflect such financial institution's investment in tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986. An exception to the foregoing provision is provided in the Code for "qualified tax-exempt obligations," which include tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, (a) designated by the issuer as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and (b) issued by or on behalf of a political subdivision for which the aggregate amount of tax-exempt obligations (not including private activity bonds other than qualified 501(c)(3) bonds) to be issued during the calendar year is not expected to exceed \$10,000,000.

The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and will represent that the aggregate amount of tax-exempt bonds (including the Bonds) issued by the District and entities aggregated with the District under the Code during calendar year 2019 is not expected to exceed \$10,000,000 and that the District and entities aggregated with the District under the Code have not designated more than \$10,000,000 in "qualified tax-exempt obligations" (including the Bonds) during calendar year 2019.

Notwithstanding these exceptions, financial institutions acquiring the Bonds will be subject to a 20% disallowance of allocable interest expense.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified material events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The MSRB has established the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system which is available at www.emma.msrb.org.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data, which is customarily prepared and publicly available, via EMMA annually.

The financial information and operating data which will be provided with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this Official Statement under the headings "DISTRICT DEBT" (with the exception of the information under the subheading "Estimated Overlapping Debt"), "TAX DATA" and "APPENDIX A." The District will update and provide this information to EMMA within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2019. Any information so provided shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to EMMA within such six month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available.

The District's fiscal year end is currently February 28. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by August 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify EMMA of the change.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial

difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR §240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of the financial obligation of the District or obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Order makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing notices to the MSRB. The District is required to file its continuing disclosure information using EMMA, which is the format currently prescribed by the MSRB and has been established by the MSRB to make such continuing disclosure information available to investors free of charge. Investors may access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of material events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement, or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders and beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The Developer has agreed to provide to the District the information that the District has agreed to provide with respect to the Developer. The Developer has also agreed with the District that it will not assign any of its rights to receive payment from the District out of proceeds of the Bonds (except as collateral), unless the assignee assumes the Developer's agreement to provide such information, but the Developer may sell its property within the District without any such assumption. The District's ability to provide information about the Developer or others, as well as the accuracy and completeness of such information, is completely dependent on such persons' compliance with their contractual agreements with the District.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or operations of the District or the Developer, but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments and interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel)

determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the agreement if the United States Securities and Exchange Commission amends or repeals the applicable provisions of such rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid, but in either case only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the offering described herein. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

The District has complied in all material respects with its prior continuing disclosure agreements in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

General

The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the District Engineer, the Developer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Auditor, information publicly available from the Tarrant County Appraisal District and other sources believed to be reliable; however, no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, except as described below. The summaries of the statutes, resolutions and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are included subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information.

The District's audited financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2018, were prepared by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC, and have been included herein as "APPENDIX A." McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC, Certified Public Accountant, has consented to the publication of such financial statements in this Official Statement.

Experts

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to engineering and to the description of the System generally and, in particular, the engineering information included in the sections captioned "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM" has been provided by the Engineer and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to development and the status of development within the District generally and, in particular, the information in the section captioned "DEVELOPER" and "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT" has been provided by the Developer and has been included herein in reliance upon their authority and knowledge of such party concerning the matters described therein.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to the District's financial statements, in particular, the information in APPENDIX A, has been provided by the Auditor and has been included herein in reliance upon their authority and knowledge of such party concerning the matters described therein.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to assessed valuations of property generally and, in particular, that information concerning valuations, analysis of the tax base and percentages of tax collections contained in the sections captioned "TAX DATA" has been provided by the Tarrant Appraisal District and the District's Tax Assessor/Collector, and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of such parties as experts in the field of tax assessing and collecting.

Certification as to Official Statement

At the time of payment for and delivery of the Bonds, the District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, executed by the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors of the District, acting in their official capacities, to the effect that to the best of their knowledge and belief: (a) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to the District contained in this Official Statement, on the date thereof and on the

date of delivery, were and are true and correct in all material respects; (b) insofar as the District and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, this Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated herein or necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (c) insofar as the descriptions and statements, including financial data, contained in this Official Statement, of or pertaining to entities other than the District, such statements and data have been obtained from sources which the District believes to be reliable, and the District has no reason to believe that they are untrue in any material respect.

Updating the Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide and Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to the Rule (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser. The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers on or before such date, in which case the obligation to update or change the Official Statement will extend for an additional period of time of 25 days after all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District's records, audited financial statements and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents and resolutions contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such statutes, documents and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County as of the date specified on the first page hereof.

/s/ <u>Neal Morris</u> President, Board of Directors Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County

ATTEST:

/s/ <u>Mark Ratcliff</u> Secretary, Board of Directors Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County

APPENDIX A

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY

TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FEBRUARY 28, 2018

McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC Certified Public Accountants

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY

TARRANT COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FEBRUARY 28, 2018

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McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County Tarrant County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County (the "District"), as of and for the year ended February 28, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of February 28, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the *Water District Financial Management Guide* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

July 11, 2018

Management's discussion and analysis of Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has three governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, maintenance tax revenues, costs and general expenditures. The Debt Service Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicino of facilities and related costs.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI"). A budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for the General Fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets by \$2,181,558 as of February 28, 2018.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (drainage and road facilities, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding).

The following is a comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position					
	2018 2017		Change Positive (Negative)			
Current and Other Assets	\$	1,327,397	\$	1,219,125	\$	108,272
Capital and Intangible Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		7,660,802		6,577,002		1,083,800
Total Assets	\$	8,988,199	\$	7,796,127	\$	1,192,072
Due to Developer Long -Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	\$	3,799,441 6,685,938 149,821	\$	3,321,037 5,393,468 154,085	\$	(478,404) (1,292,470) <u>4,264</u>
Total Liabilities	\$	10,635,200	\$	8,868,590	\$	(1,766,610)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	534,557	\$	442,959	\$	(91,598)
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	(2,767,223) 207,167 <u>378,498</u>	\$	(2,083,652) 192,643 375,587	\$	(683,571) 14,524 2,911
Total Net Position	\$	(2,181,558)	\$	(1,515,422)	\$	(666,136)

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ending February 28, 2018, and February 28, 2017. The District's net position decreased by \$666,136.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities						
		2018 2017		Change Positive (Negative)			
D		2018	2017		(.	Negative)	
Revenues: Property Taxes Other Revenues	\$	549,135 5,168	\$	528,286 2,742	\$	20,849 2,426	
Total Revenues	\$	554,303	\$	531,028	\$	23,275	
Expenses for Services		1,220,439		496,503		(723,936)	
Change in Net Position	\$	(666,136)	\$	34,525	\$	(700,661)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year		(1,515,422)		(1,549,947)		34,525	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(2,181,558)	\$	(1,515,422)	\$	(666,136)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District's combined fund balances as of February 28, 2018, was \$782,668, an increase of \$45,412 from the prior year.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$5,655, primarily due to property tax revenues exceeding operating costs.

The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased by \$36,254, primarily due to the structure of the District's outstanding long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by \$3,503.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of Directors did not amend the budget during the current fiscal year. Actual revenues were \$3,207 more than budgeted primarily due to higher than anticipated maintenance tax revenues. Actual expenditures were \$39,107 more than budgeted primarily due to higher than anticipated professional fees.

CAPITAL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Capital assets as of February 28, 2018, total \$4,698,459. These capital assets include drainage and road facilities which the District will be responsible for maintaining. Significant capital asset activity during the current fiscal year was the developer reimbursement for Haywire Ranch phase 1 and phase 2 paving.

	ar-End, Net of Accumulat		 2017		Change Positive (Negative)	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:	\$	298,541	\$ 298,541	\$		
Drainage System		1,401,180	1,440,927		(39,747)	
Road Facilities		2,998,738	 1,791,081		1,207,657	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	4,698,459	\$ 3,530,549	\$	1,167,910	

CAPITAL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The District is located within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"). In accordance with a Utility Agreement with the City, all water and wastewater facilities are conveyed to the City once constructed and placed in service. The City operates the facilities and is responsible for the maintenance. The District has recognized an intangible asset for the cost of the facilities conveyed which has a February 28, 2018 balance, net of accumulated amortization, of \$2,962,343.

LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

As of February 28, 2018, the District had total bond debt payable of \$6,830,000. The changes in the debt position of the District during the year ended February 28, 2018, are summarized as follows:

Bond Debt Payable, March 1, 2017	\$ 5,530,000
Add: Bond Sale - Series 2017	1,450,000
Less: Bond Principal Paid	 150,000
Bond Debt Payable, February 28, 2018	\$ 6,830,000

The Series 2011, 2013, Series 2013A, Series 2014 and Series 2017 Bonds do not carry an underlying or insured rating.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County, c/o Coats Rose, P.C., 14755 Preston Road, Suite 600, Dallas, Texas 75254.

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	Gen		Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	408,910	\$	431,707
Investments				304,000
Cash with Fiscal Agent				141,062
Receivables:				
Property Taxes		1,414		7,336
Accrued Interest				14
Due from Other Funds		1,066		
Intangible Assets - Right to Receive Service				
(Net of Accumulated Amortization)				
Land				
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation)				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	411,390	<u>\$</u>	884,119

Statement of Net Position		Adjustments		Total		Capital Projects Fund	
873,571	\$			873,571	\$	32,954	\$
304,000				304,000			
141,062				141,062			
8,750				8,750			
14				14			
		(1,066)		1,066			
2,962,343		2,962,343					
298,541		298,541					
4,399,918		4,399,918	_				
8,988,199	\$	7,659,736		1,328,463	\$	32,954	\$

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	Gene	eral Fund	Ser	Debt vice Fund
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable	\$	8,492	\$	266
Due to Developer Due to Other Funds Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year				1,066
Due After One Year TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,492	\$	1,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$	1,414	\$	534,557
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Authorized Construction Restricted for Debt Service Unassigned	\$	401,484	\$	348,230
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	401,484	\$	348,230
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	411,390	\$	884,119

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted

TOTAL NET POSITION

Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
\$	\$ 8,758 1,066	\$ 141,063 3,799,441 (1,066)	\$ 8,758 141,063 3,799,441
<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 9,824</u>	210,000 6,475,938 \$ 10,625,376	210,000 6,475,938 \$ 10,635,200
<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 535,971	<u>\$ (1,414)</u>	<u>\$ 534,557</u>
\$ 32,954	\$ 32,954 348,230 401,484	\$ (32,954) (348,230) (401,484)	\$
\$ 32,954	\$ 782,668	\$ (782,668)	\$ -0-
<u>\$ 32,954</u>	<u>\$ 1,328,463</u>		
		\$ (2,767,223) 207,167 378,498	\$ (2,767,223) 207,167 <u>378,498</u>
		<u>\$ (2,181,558)</u>	<u>\$ (2,181,558)</u>

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FEBRUARY 28, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 782,668
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s different because:	Statement of Net Position are	
Capital and intangible assets used in governmenta financial resources and, therefore, are not reported a funds.	7,660,802	
Deferred inflows of resources related to property ta prior maintenance tax levies and the 2016 and prior d part of recognized revenue in the governmental activity	1,414	
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the curr not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. consist of:		
Due to Developer	\$ (3,799,441)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(141,063)	
Bonds Payable	(6,685,938)	 (10,626,442)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (2,181,558)

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LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	Gei	neral Fund	Ser	Debt vice Fund
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	106,438	\$	115 111
Penalty and Interest	φ	100,438	Φ	445,441 1,054
Investment Revenues		1,469		2,645
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	107,907	\$	449,140
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES				
Service Operations:				
Professional Fees	\$	67,548	\$	
Contracted Services		6,728		5,400
Utilities		11,699		
Repairs and Maintenance		7,651		
Amortization and Depreciation		9 (2)		250
Other Conital Outlay		8,626		259
Capital Outlay Debt Service:				
Bond Principal				150,000
Bond Interest				257,227
Bond Issuance Costs				237,227
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	102,252	\$	412,886
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	5,655	\$	36,254
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued	\$		\$	
Bond Discount				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	-0-	\$	-0-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	5,655	\$	36,254
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - MARCH 1, 2017		395,829		311,976
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - FEBRUARY 28, 2018	¢	101 191	¢	348,230
FEDRUARI 20, 2010	\$	401,484	\$	340,230

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

Capital Projects Fund				A	Adjustments		Statement of Activities		
\$		\$	551,879 1,054 4,114	\$	(2,744)	\$	549,135 1,054 4,114		
\$	- 0 -	\$	557,047	\$	(2,744)	<u></u>	554,303		
\$	75,877	\$	143,425 12,128 11,699 7,651	\$		\$	143,425 12,128 11,699 7,651		
	636		9,521		619,617		619,617 9,521		
	1,225,013		1,225,013		(1,225,013)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
			150,000		(150,000)				
	130,247		257,227 130,247		28,924		286,151 130,247		
\$	1,431,773	\$	1,946,911	\$	(726,472)	\$	1,220,439		
Ψ	1,131,775	Ψ	1,9 10,9 11	Ψ	(120,112)	Ψ	1,220,137		
\$	(1,431,773)	\$	(1,389,864)	\$	723,728	<u></u>	(666,136)		
\$	1,450,000 (14,724)	\$	1,450,000 (14,724)	\$	(1,450,000) 14,724	\$			
\$	1,435,276	\$	1,435,276	\$	(1,435,276)	\$	-0-		
\$	3,503	\$	45,412	\$	(45,412)	\$			
					(666,136)		(666,136)		
	29,451		737,256		(2,252,678)		(1,515,422)		
\$	32,954	\$	782,668	\$	(2,964,226)	\$	(2,181,558)		

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 45,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report tax revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the taxes are levied.	(2,744)
Governmental funds do not account for amortization and depreciation. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital and intangible assets are amortized and depreciated and expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	(619,617)
Governmental funds report capital expenditures as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	1,225,013
Governmental funds report bond discounts as other financing uses in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, bond discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds and the current year amortized portion is recorded in the Statement of Activities as interest expense.	14,724
Governmental funds report bond principal payments as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, bond principal payments are reported as decreases in long-term liabilities.	150,000
Governmental funds report interest expenditures on long-term debt as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, interest is accrued on the long-term debt through fiscal year-end.	(28,924)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as other financing sources. Issued bonds increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	 (1,450,000)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (666,136)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT

The City of Fort Worth Municipal Utility District No. 2 of Tarrant County, now known as Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County (the "District"), was created effective June 18, 2005, by House Bill 3530, Texas Legislature, as a conservation district created under and essential to accomplishing the purposes of Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution. The District is under the oversight of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission"). Pursuant to its creation legislation, the District also has the authority to provide roads under Section 52 Article II of the Texas Constitution. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and H.B. No. 3530, the District is empowered to purchase, operate and maintain all facilities, plants, and improvements necessary to provide water, wastewater, storm sewer drainage, irrigation, roads, solid waste collection and disposal, including recycling. The District is also empowered to contract for or employ its own peace officers with powers to make arrests and to establish, operate and maintain a fire department to perform all fire-fighting activities within the District. The Board of Directors held its organizational meeting on August 29, 2006, and the first bonds were sold on December 15, 2011.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In addition, the accounting records of the District are maintained generally in accordance with the *Water District Financial Management Guide* published by the Commission.

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected board. GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statement as component units.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Asset; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense of the government-wide Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the District's fund financial statements are combined with the governmentwide statements. The fund statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Governmental Funds

The District has three governmental funds and considers each to be a major fund.

<u>General Fund</u> – To account for resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, maintenance tax revenues, operating costs and general expenditures.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - To account for ad valorem taxes restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – To account for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenue reported in governmental funds to be available if they are collectable with 60 days after year-end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are those taxes which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures. Recognition of revenues for the 2017 debt service tax levied in the current fiscal year has been deferred until the next fiscal year.

Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund are reported as other financing sources or uses. Loans by one fund to another fund and amounts paid by one fund for another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet if there is intent to repay the amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund incurred and as an expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital asset additions, improvements and preservation costs that extend the life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Interest costs, including developer interest, engineering fees and certain other costs are capitalized as part of the asset.

Assets are capitalized, including infrastructure assets, if they have an original cost greater than \$10,000 and a useful life over two years. Depreciation is calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method of depreciation. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Drainage System	10-45
Roads	10-50

Budgeting

In compliance with governmental accounting principles, the Board of Directors annually adopts an unappropriated budget for the General Fund. The budget was not amended during the current fiscal year.

Pensions

A pension plan has not been established. The District does not have employees, except that the Internal Revenue Service has determined that the directors are considered to be employees for federal payroll tax purposes only.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources. Fund balances are classified in governmental funds using the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.

Committed: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Series 2011 Series 2013		
Amount Outstanding - February 28, 2018	\$ 1,955,000	\$ 1,420,000	
Interest Rates	4.00% - 5.40%	2.80% - 4.00%	
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2018/2036	September 1, 2018/2037	
Interest Payment Dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1	
Callable Dates	September 1, 2019*	September 1, 2021*	
	Series 2013A	Series 2014	Series 2017
Amount Outstanding - February 28, 2018	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 990,000	\$ 1,450,000
Interest Rates	3.00% - 5.125%	2.25% - 4.125%	2.00% - 4.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	September 1, 2018/2038	September 1, 2018/2038	September 1, 2018/2042
Interest Payment Dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2021*	September 1, 2022*	September 1, 2025*

* On any date thereafter, at a price equal to the par value plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Series 2011 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2028, September 1, 2032, and September 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2026, September 1, 2029, and September 1, 2033, respectively. The Series 2013 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2032, and September 1, 2037, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2034, term bonds maturing on September 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2039, and September 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2039, and September 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2037, respectively. The Series 2014 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036 and September 1, 2035, and September 1, 2037, respectively. The Series 2017 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2042 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2037, respectively. The Series 2017 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2042 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2037, respectively. The Series 2017 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2042 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2036.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of transactions regarding long-term liabilities for the year ended February 28, 2018:

	March 1,					Fe	ebruary 28,
	 2017		Additions	Re	etirements		2018
Bonds Payable Unamortized Discounts	\$ 5,530,000 (136,532)	\$	1,450,000 (14,724)	\$	150,000 (7,194)	\$	6,830,000 (144,062)
Bonds Payable, net	\$ 5,393,468	\$	1,435,276	\$	142,806	\$	6,685,938
		Amount Due Within One Year Amount Due After One Year				\$	210,000 6,475,938
		Bon	ds Payable, ne	t		\$	6,685,938

As of February 28, 2018, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$49,835,000 for utility bonds and \$16,835,000 for road bonds.

As of February 28, 2018, the debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Total
2019	\$	210,000	\$ 282,126	\$ 492,126
2020		220,000	275,766	495,766
2021		225,000	269,290	494,290
2022		235,000	262,477	497,477
2023		245,000	254,943	499,943
2024-2028		1,385,000	1,133,100	2,518,100
2029-2033		1,730,000	816,348	2,546,348
2034-2038		2,000,000	387,425	2,387,425
2039-2043		580,000	 60,138	 640,138
	\$	6,830,000	\$ 3,741,613	\$ 10,571,613

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property subject to taxation within the District, without limitation as to rate or amount.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.83 (\$0.27 for utility bonds and \$0.56 for road bonds) per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$534,557 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$64,404,339 for the 2017 tax year. The bond orders require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. See Note 7 for maintenance tax levy.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The District's tax calendar is as follows:

Levy Date - October 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

Lien Date - January 1.

Due Date - Not later than January 31.

Delinquent Date - February 1, at which time the taxpayer is liable for penalty and interest.

NOTE 4. SIGNIFICANT BOND ORDER AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

The bond orders state that the District is required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to provide continuing disclosure of certain general financial information and operating data to each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository and the state information depository. This information, along with the audited annual financial statements, is to be provided within six months after the end of each fiscal year and shall continue to be provided through the life of the bonds.

The District has covenanted that it will take all necessary steps to comply with the requirement that rebatable arbitrage earnings on the investment of the gross proceeds of the bonds, within the meaning of section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, be rebated to the federal government. The minimum requirement for determination of the rebatable amount is on the five year anniversary of the issue.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes.

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year end, the

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,177,571 and the bank balance was \$1,177,109. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk at year-end.

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at February 28, 2018, as listed below:

	Certificates						
	Cash		of Deposit			Total	
GENERAL FUND	\$	408,910	\$		\$	408,910	
DEBT SERVICE FUND		431,707		304,000		735,707	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		32,954				32,954	
TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$	873,571	\$	304,000	\$	1,177,571	

Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived."

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest. This policy is reviewed annually. The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

All investments are recorded at cost. As of February 28, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities.

		Maturities of
Fund and		Less Than
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 Year
DEBT SERVICE FUND Certificates of Deposit	\$ 304,000	\$ 304,000

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District manages credit risk by typically investing in certificates of deposit with balances below FDIC coverage.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages interest rate risk by investing in certificates of deposit with maturities of less than one year.

Restrictions

All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of debt service and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for the purchase of capital assets.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended February 28, 2018:

	March 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	February 28, 2018
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2017	meredses	Decreases	2010
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 298,541	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 298,541
Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation				
Drainage Facilities	\$ 1,788,621	\$	\$	\$ 1,788,621
Roads	2,183,191	1,703,417		3,886,608
Total Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation	\$ 3,971,812	\$ 1,703,417	\$ -0-	\$ 5,675,229
Accumulated Depreciation				
Drainage Facilities	\$ 347,694	\$ 39,747	\$	\$ 387,441
Roads	392,110	495,760		887,870
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 739,804	\$ 535,507	\$ -0-	\$ 1,275,311
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,232,008	\$ 1,167,910	\$ -0-	\$ 4,399,918
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,530,549	\$ 1,167,910	\$ -0-	\$ 4,698,459

In accordance with the Utility Agreement, see Note 8, the water and wastewater assets constructed by the District's Developer, for which the District has recorded a liability in the Statement of Net Position, have been submitted for conveyance to the City of Fort Worth for operations and maintenance. The District has recognized an intangible asset for the costs of the assets conveyed to the City. Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$2,962,343 as of February 28, 2018. Current year amortization expense was recorded in the amount of \$84,110.

NOTE 7. MAINTENANCE TAX

On November 7, 2006, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. This maintenance tax is to be used by the General Fund to pay expenditures of operating the District's facilities. During the current fiscal year, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax rate of \$0.16 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$103,046 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$64,404,339 for the 2017 tax year.

NOTE 8. UTILITY AGREEMENT

On November 15, 2006, the District approved a Utility Agreement (the "Agreement") between the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City") and a Developer in the District. The Agreement acknowledges that the District lies within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction. The Agreement provides that the District will acquire, for the benefit of and conveyance to the City, the water and wastewater facilities needed to serve lands being developed within and near the boundaries of the District in order to enhance the economic feasibility of the District.

As facilities are acquired, constructed and conveyed to the City, the City will assume responsibility for operation and maintenance of the water and wastewater facilities. The City will bill and collect for water and wastewater services from the customers within the District at the same rates as those the City charges its other customers.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, error and omission and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant changes in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 10. UNREIMBURSED DEVELOPER COSTS

The District has executed a Facilities and Operating Costs Reimbursement Agreement with a Developer within the District. The agreement calls for the Developer to fund costs associated with water, sewer, drainage and road facilities until such time as the District can sell bonds. As reflected in the Statement of Net Position, \$3,775,041 has been recorded as a liability for facilities financed by Developer. The District expects to reimburse the Developer from future bond proceeds.

The Developer has also advanced money to the District's General Fund in order for the District to meet its ongoing financial obligations. Through February 28, 2018, the Developer advanced directly to the District a total of \$24,400 to help cover the operating deficits. The District has recorded a Due to Developer for this amount in the Statement of Net Position at February 28, 2018.

NOTE 11. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

Effective March 6, 2007, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the City of Fort Worth, Texas (the "City"). The agreement provides for the City to annex the land that has been determined as commercial property for the limited purposes of imposing and collecting revenues from the sales and use tax authorized to be imposed by the City on sales

NOTE 11. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT (Continued)

consummated at locations within the annexed properties pursuant to Chapter 321 of the Texas Tax Code. The sales and use tax will be imposed on all eligible commercial activities at the rate of 1% or other rate allowed under future amendments to Chapter 321 of the Tax Code and imposed by the City. The City will pay to the District an amount equal to 50% of the sales and use tax revenues collected within the annexed properties commencing upon the effective date of the limited purpose annexation of the properties and continuing for nineteen (19) years. The City is required to pay the District's share within 30 days after the City receives the sales tax report reflecting such revenues from the Comptroller of the State of Texas. Any payment not submitted within the 30-day period shall bear interest calculated in accordance with the Texas Government Code. The agreement allows the City, in the nineteenth year of the limited purpose annexation, to retain \$300,000 from the 50% payment in order to defray the cost of maintaining the roads within the District upon full purpose annexation. Commencing on the first day of the twentieth (20) year of the limited purpose annexation, the City will reduce the payment to the District to 25% of the sales and use tax revenues collected by the City within the annexed properties. To date, no sales tax revenues have been received from the City.

NOTE 12. INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

As of February 28, 2018, the General Fund has recorded a receivable of \$1,066 from the Debt Service Fund for maintenance tax revenue collected.

NOTE 13. ROAD BOND SALE

On April 13, 2017, the District closed on the sale of its \$1,450,000 Series 2017 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds. Proceeds from the bond sale were used to reimburse the Developer for certain Phase I and Phase II road improvements within the District. Additional proceeds were used to pay issuance costs of the bonds.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT – SALE OF BOND ANTICIPATION NOTE

On June 11, 2018, subsequent to year end, the District closed on the sale of its \$1,305,000 Series 2018 Bond Anticipation Note (BAN). Proceeds from the BAN sale were used to reimburse the Developer for a portion of the costs associated with construction and engineering for water, wastewater and drainage facilities for Haywire Ranch, Section 1 and to pay for issuance costs of the BAN.

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LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FEBRUARY 28, 2018

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	Original and Final Budget		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 104,100	,	\$ 2,338
Investment Revenues TOTAL REVENUES	600 \$ 104,700		<u>869</u> \$ 3,207
EXPENDITURES Services Operations: Professional Fees Contracted Services Utilities Repairs and Maintenance Other	\$ 32,250 6,500 10,000 5,500 8,895) 6,728) 11,699) 7,651	\$ (35,298) (228) (1,699) (2,151) 269
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 63,145		\$ (39,107)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 41,555	5 \$ 5,655	\$ (35,900)
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 1, 2017	395,829	395,829	
FUND BALANCE - FEBRUARY 28, 2018	\$ 437,384	4 \$ 401,484	\$ (35,900)

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LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REQUIRED BY THE

WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE

FEBRUARY 28, 2018

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

1. SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DISTRICT DURING THE FISCAL YEAR:

N/A	Retail Water	N/A	Wholesale Water	X	Drainage
N/A	Retail Wastewater	N/A	Wholesale Wastewater	N/A	Irrigation
N/A	Parks/Recreation	N/A	Fire Protection	N/A	Security
N/A	Solid Waste/Garbage	N/A	Flood Control	Х	Roads
	Participates in joint venture,	, regional	system and/or wastewater	service (c	other than
N/A	emergency interconnect)				
N/A	Other (specify):				

Pursuant to the Utility Agreement, the water and wastewater facilities constructed by the District have been conveyed to the City. The District retains ownership of the drainage and road facilities. The City owns, operates and maintains facilities which the District conveys to it for the benefit of the residents of the District.

2. **RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS**

a. RETAIL RATES FOR A 5/8" METER (OR EQUIVALENT):

Based on the rate order approved or effective N/A.

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1,000 Gallons over Minimum Use	Usage Levels
WATER:	N/A				
WASTEWATER:	N/A				
SURCHARGE:	N/A				

Total monthly charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water: \$N/A Wastewater: \$N/A Surcharge: \$N/A Total: \$N/A

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

2. **RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS** (Continued)

b. WATER AND WASTEWATER RETAIL CONNECTIONS: (Unaudited)

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFCs
Unmetered			x 1.0	
<u><</u> 3⁄4"			x 1.0	
1"			x 2.5	
11/2"			x 5.0	
2"			x 8.0	
3"			x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water Connections	N/A	N/A		N/A
Total Wastewater Connections	N/A	N/A	x 1.0	<u>N/A</u>

3. TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST THOUSAND: (Not Applicable)

4. **STANDBY FEES** (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):

Does the District have Debt Service standby fees?	Yes	No <u>X</u>
Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees?	Yes	No <u>X</u>

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY SERVICES AND RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

4. Is the District located entirely within one county?

	Yes	X	No		
Count	y in which	District is loc	eated:		
	Tarrant C	County, Texas	;		
Is the	District loc	ated within a	city?		
	Entirely		Partly	Not at all	X
Is the	District loc	ated within a	city's extraterritorial jurise	diction (ETJ)?	
	Entirely	X	Partly	Not at all	
ETJ in	which Dis	strict is located	d:		
	City of F	ort Worth, Te	exas		

Are Board Members appointed by an office outside the District?

Yes No X

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

PROFESSIONAL FEES: Auditing Engineering Legal	\$	10,250 25,679 31,619
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES	\$	67,548
CONTRACTED SERVICES: Bookkeeping	<u>\$</u>	6,728
UTILITIES:		
Electricity	\$	11,699
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$	7,651
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES: Director Fees Insurance Payroll Taxes Travel and Meetings	\$	3,900 3,123 298 194
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES	\$	7,515
OTHER EXPENDITURES	\$	1,111
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	102,252

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY INVESTMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2018

							erued erest
Fund	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	_	alance at nd of Year		vable at of Year
DEBT SERVICE FUND Certificate of Deposit	XXXX1553	1.25%	08/26/18	\$	124,000	\$	8
Certificate of Deposit	XXXX0535	1.25%	08/27/18	•	180,000	-	6
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUNI)			\$	304,000	\$	14

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	 Maintena	nce Ta	ixes	 Debt Serv	vice Ta	axes
TAXES RECEIVABLE - MARCH 1, 2017 Adjustments to Beginning	\$ 4,158			\$ 15,915		
Balance	 648	\$	4,806	 2,483	\$	18,398
Original 2017 Tax Levy Adjustment to 2017 Tax Levy	\$ 96,613 6,433		103,046	\$ 501,179 33,378		534,557
TOTAL TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR		\$	107,852		\$	552,955
TAX COLLECTIONS:						
Prior Years Current Year	\$ 4,805 101,633		106,438	\$ 18,397 527,222		545,619
TAXES RECEIVABLE - FEBRUARY 28, 2018		<u>\$</u>	1,414		<u>\$</u>	7,336
TAXES RECEIVABLE BY YEAR:						
2017 2016 and prior		\$	1,413 1		\$	7,335 1
TOTAL		\$	1,414		\$	7,336

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

	2017	2016	2015	2014
TOTAL PROPERTY VALUATIONS	<u>\$ 64,404,339</u>	<u>\$ 56,427,906</u>	<u>\$ 46,648,085</u>	<u>\$ 40,642,920</u>
TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION: Debt Service Maintenance	\$ 0.83 0.16	\$ 0.785 0.205	\$ 0.865 0.125	\$ 0.85 0.14
TOTAL TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION ADJUSTED TAX LEVY*	<u>\$ 0.99</u> <u>\$ 637,603</u>	<u>\$ 0.99</u> <u>\$ 558,636</u>	<u>\$ 0.99</u> <u>\$ 461,816</u>	<u>\$ 0.99</u> <u>\$ 402,365</u>
PERCENTAGE OF TAXES COLLECTED TO TAXES LEVIED	<u>98.63</u> %	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

* Based upon the adjusted tax levy at the time of the audit for the fiscal year in which the tax was levied.

Maintenance Tax – Maximum tax rate in an amount not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation approved by voters on November 7, 2006.

		SER	1ES-2011			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	Principal Due eptember 1	Interest Due March 1/ September 1		Total		
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	\$ 60,000 65,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 85,000 90,000 95,000 100,000 105,000 110,000	\$	97,998 95,598 92,998 90,235 87,085 83,710 80,110 76,073 71,798 67,048 62,048 56,798	\$	157,998 $160,598$ $157,998$ $160,235$ $162,085$ $163,710$ $165,110$ $166,073$ $166,798$ $167,048$ $167,048$ $167,048$ $166,798$	
2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043	115,000 115,000 120,000 130,000 135,000 145,000 150,000 160,000		51,023 44,985 38,685 31,860 24,570 16,740 8,640		166,023 164,985 168,685 166,860 169,570 166,740 168,640	
2013	\$ 1,955,000	\$	1,178,002	\$	3,133,002	

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		SEK	IES-2013		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due March 1/ September 1		Total
2019	\$ 45,000	\$	53,200	\$	98,200
2020	50,000		51,940		101,940
2021	50,000		50,540		100,540
2022	50,000		49,140		99,140
2023	55,000		47,640		102,640
2024	55,000		45,935		100,935
2025	60,000		44,120		104,120
2026	60,000		42,020		102,020
2027	65,000		39,800		104,800
2028	65,000		37,200		102,200
2029	70,000		34,600		104,600
2030	75,000		31,800		106,800
2031	75,000		28,800		103,800
2032	80,000		25,800		105,800
2033	85,000		22,600		107,600
2034	90,000		19,200		109,200
2035	90,000		15,600		105,600
2036	95,000		12,000		107,000
2037	100,000		8,200		108,200
2038	105,000		4,200		109,200
2039					
2040					
2041					
2042					
2043					
	\$ 1,420,000	\$	664,335	\$	2,084,335

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		SEKI	E S - 2013 A		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	Principal Due eptember 1	Interest Due March 1/ September 1		Total	
2019	\$ 30,000	\$	46,615	\$	76,615
2020	30,000		45,715		75,715
2021	30,000		44,815		74,815
2022	30,000		43,915		73,915
2023	35,000		42,955		77,955
2024	35,000		41,765		76,765
2025	35,000		40,470		75,470
2026	40,000		39,070		79,070
2027	40,000		37,390		77,390
2028	45,000		35,630		80,630
2029	45,000		33,605		78,603
2030	50,000		31,512		81,512
2031	50,000		29,014		79,014
2032	55,000		26,512		81,512
2033	55,000		23,762		78,762
2034	60,000		21,012		81,012
2035	65,000		17,937		82,93
2036	65,000		14,606		79,60
2037	70,000		11,276		81,27
2038	75,000		7,687		82,68
2039	75,000		3,844		78,844
2040					
2041					
2042					
2043	 				
	\$ 1,015,000	\$	639,107	\$	1,654,10

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		SEK	1 = 5 - 2014		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	rincipal Due ptember 1	Interest Due March 1/ September 1		Total	
2019	\$ 30,000	\$	35,894	\$	65,894
2020	30,000	·	34,994	·	64,994
2021	30,000		34,318		64,318
2022	30,000		33,568		63,568
2023	35,000		32,744		67,744
2024	35,000		31,694		66,694
2025	35,000		30,644		65,644
2026	40,000		29,506		69,506
2027	40,000		28,156		68,156
2028	45,000		26,756		71,756
2029	45,000		25,180		70,180
2030	45,000		23,550		68,550
2031	50,000		21,862		71,862
2032	50,000		19,987		69,98
2033	55,000		18,112		73,112
2034	60,000		15,981		75,98
2035	60,000		13,582		73,582
2036	65,000		11,182		76,182
2037	65,000		8,582		73,582
2038	70,000		5,982		75,982
2039	75,000		3,094		78,094
2040					
2041					
2042					
2043	 				
	\$ 990,000	\$	485,368	\$	1,475,368

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Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	Principal Due September 1		tterest Due March 1/ eptember 1	Total		
2019	\$	45,000	\$ 48,419	\$	93,419	
2020		45,000	47,519		92,519	
2021		50,000	46,619		96,619	
2022		55,000	45,619		100,619	
2023		45,000	44,519		89,519	
2024		50,000	43,506		93,506	
2025		50,000	42,256		92,256	
2026		45,000	40,881		85,881	
2027		50,000	39,531		89,531	
2028		45,000	38,031		83,031	
2029		50,000	36,625		86,625	
2030		50,000	35,000		85,000	
2031		55,000	33,375		88,375	
2032		55,000	31,519		86,519	
2033		55,000	29,594		84,594	
2034		50,000	27,669		77,669	
2035		55,000	25,856		80,856	
2036		55,000	23,863		78,863	
2037		60,000	21,800		81,800	
2038		55,000	19,400		74,400	
2039		80,000	17,200		97,200	
2040		80,000	14,000		94,000	
2041		85,000	10,800		95,800	
2042		90,000	7,400		97,400	
2043		95,000	 3,800		98,800	
	\$	1,450,000	\$ 774,801	\$	2,224,801	

Due During Fiscal Years Ending February 28	Pri	Total incipal Due	Ir	Total nterest Due		Total rincipal and nterest Due
2019	\$	210,000	\$	282,126	\$	492,126
2020	Ψ	220,000	Ŷ	275,766	Ψ	495,766
2021		225,000		269,290		494,290
2022		235,000		262,477		497,477
2023		245,000		254,943		499,943
2024		255,000		246,610		501,610
2025		265,000		237,600		502,600
2026		275,000		227,550		502,550
2027		290,000		216,675		506,675
2028		300,000		204,665		504,665
2029		315,000		192,058		507,058
2030		330,000		178,660		508,660
2031		345,000		164,074		509,074
2032		360,000		148,803		508,803
2033		380,000		132,753		512,753
2034		395,000		115,722		510,722
2035		415,000		97,545		512,545
2036		430,000		78,391		508,391
2037		455,000		58,498		513,498
2038		305,000		37,269		342,269
2039		230,000		24,138		254,138
2040		80,000		14,000		94,000
2041		85,000		10,800		95,800
2042		90,000		7,400		97,400
2043		95,000		3,800		98,800
	\$	6,830,000	\$	3,741,613	\$	10,571,613

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SERIES

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY CHANGE IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

Description	Original Bonds Issued	Bonds Outstanding March 1, 2017	
Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2011	\$ 2,165,000	\$ 2,010,000	
Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2013	1,585,000	1,465,000	
Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2013A	1,090,000	1,040,000	
Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2014	1,040,000	1,015,000	
Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2017 TOTAL	1,450,000 \$ 7,330,000	\$ 5,530,000	

Bond Authority:	Utility Bonds			Road Bonds
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$	52,000,000	\$	22,000,000
Amount Issued		2,165,000		5,165,000
Remaining to be Issued	\$	49,835,000	\$	16,835,000

See Note 3 for interest rates, interest payment dates and maturity dates.

Retirements					0	Bonds				
Bonds Sold	Principal		Interest		Outstanding February 28, 2018		Paying Agent			
\$	\$ 55,000		\$	100,197	\$	1,955,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A Dallas, TX			
		45 000		54 460		1 420 000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A			
		45,000		54,460		1,420,000	Dallas, TX			
		25,000		47,365		1,015,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A Dallas, TX			
		25,000		36,644		990,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A Dallas, TX			
1 450 000				10 5 (1		1 450 000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A			
1,450,000				18,561		1,450,000	Dallas, TX			
\$ 1,450,000	\$	150,000	\$	257,227	\$	6,830,000				

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

\$ 422,865

See Note 3 for interest rate, interest payment dates and maturity dates.

* Includes all bonds secured with tax revenues. Bonds in this category may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND - FIVE YEARS

					Amounts
	2018 2017			 2016	
REVENUES Property Taxes Investment Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	106,438 1,469	\$	114,084 625 10	\$ 58,140 490 177
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	107,907	\$	114,719	\$ 58,807
EXPENDITURES					
Professional Fees Contracted Services Utilities Repairs and Maintenance Other Capital Outlay	\$	67,548 6,728 11,699 7,651 8,626	\$	34,563 6,415 10,481 3,791 13,638	\$ 23,098 4,183 10,023 4,977 6,530
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	102,252	\$	68,888	\$ 48,811
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	5,655	\$	45,831	\$ 9,996
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		395,829		349,998	 340,002
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	401,484	\$	395,829	\$ 349,998

		Percentage of Total Revenue							
 2015	 2014	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	
\$ 57,087 558	\$ 56,098 650	98.6 1.4	%	99.5 0.5	%	98.9 % 0.8 0.3	99.0 % 1.0	98.9 % 1.1	ó
\$ 57,645	\$ 56,748	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0 %	100.0 %	<u> </u>	ó
\$ 28,938 4,237 10,262	\$ 24,280 4,219 10,190 994	62.6 6.2 10.8 7.1	%	30.1 5.6 9.1 3.3	%	39.3 % 7.1 17.0 8.5	50.2 % 7.4 17.8	0 42.8 % 7.4 18.0 1.8	ó
8,435 11,790	8,605	8.0		11.9		11.1	14.6 20.5	15.2	
\$ 63,662	\$ 48,288	94.7	%	60.0	%	83.0 %	110.5 %	85.2 %	ó
\$ (6,017)	\$ 8,460	5.3	%	40.0	%	17.0 %	(10.5) %	<u> </u>	ó
 346,019	 337,559								
\$ 340,002	\$ 346,019								

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS

			Amounts
	2018	2017	2016
REVENUES Property Taxes Penalty and Interest Investment Revenues	\$ 445,441 1,054 2,645	\$ 411,459 920 1,187	\$ 347,397 59 1,018
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 449,140	\$ 413,566	\$ 348,474
EXPENDITURES Tax Collection Expenditures Debt Service Principal Debt Service Interest and Fees	\$ 3,909 150,000 258,977	\$ 3,449 145,000 245,737	\$ 3,439 115,000 243,583
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 412,886	\$ 394,186	\$ 362,022
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 36,254</u>	<u>\$ 19,380</u>	<u>\$ (13,548)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-Term Debt Issued	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	\$ -0-	\$-0-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 36,254	\$ 19,380	\$ (13,548)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	311,976	292,596	306,144
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 348,230	\$ 311,976	<u>\$ 292,596</u>
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS	N/A	N/A	N/A

				Percentage of Total Revenue						
	2015	 2014	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	_
\$	270,011 862 929	\$ 159,077 825	99.2 0.2 0.6	%	99.5 0.2 0.3	%	99.7 % 0.3	99.4 % 0.3 0.3	99.5 0.5	
\$	271,802	\$ 159,902	100.0	%	100.0	%	<u> 100.0</u> %	100.0 %	100.0	
\$	2,992 90,000 201,009	\$ 3,500 142,571	0.9 33.4 57.7		0.8 35.1 59.4	%	1.0 % 33.0 69.9	1.1 % 33.1 74.0	2.2 	
\$	294,001	\$ 146,071	92.0	%	95.3	%	103.9 %	108.2 %	91.4	
<u>\$</u>	(22,199)	\$ 13,831	8.0	%	4.7	%	(3.9)	(8.2) %	8.6	%
\$	18,697	\$ 73,298								
\$	(3,502)	\$ 87,129								
	309,646	 222,517								
\$	306,144	\$ 309,646								
	N/A	 N/A								
	N/A	 N/A								

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS FEBRUARY 28, 2018

District Mailing Address	-	Live Oak Creek Municipal Utility District No. 1 of Tarrant County c/o Coats Rose, P.C. 14755 Preston Road, Suite 600
		Dallas, TX 75254

District Telephone Number - (972) 982-8450

Board Members	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed)	foi year	Fees of Office for the year ended February 28, 2018		Expense Reimbursements for the year ended February 28, 2018		
Neal Morris	05/14 05/18 (Elected)	\$	900	\$	25	President	
Amy May	05/14 05/18 (Elected)	\$	900	\$	44	Vice President	
Brannon Hamblen	05/14 05/18 (Elected)	\$	450	\$	32	Secretary	
Mark Ratliff	08/17 05/20 (Appointed)	\$	450	\$	23	Assistant Secretary	
Nathan Golik	05/16 05/20 (Elected)	\$	900	\$	70	Assistant Secretary	

<u>Notes</u>: No Director has any business or family relationships (as defined by the Texas Water Code) with major landowners in the District, with the District's developers or with any of the District's consultants.

Submission date of most recent District Registration Form (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): April 17, 2018.

The limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year is \$7,200 as set by Board Resolution (TWC Section 49.060) on August 29, 2006. Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's current fiscal year.

LIVE OAK CREEK MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF TARRANT COUNTY BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS FEBRUARY 28, 2018

Consultants:	Date Hired	ye	es for the ar ended ary 28, 2018	Title
Coats Rose, P.C.	09/27/06	\$ \$	31,619 46,803	General Counsel Bond Counsel
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	02/17/11	\$ \$	10,250 3,900	Auditor Bond Related
L&S District Services, LLC	09/27/06	\$	7,628	Bookkeeper/ Investment Officer
Peloton Land Solutions, Inc.	03/02/17	\$	25,679	Engineer
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	06/12/15	\$	33,989	Financial Advisor
Tarrant County Tax Office	09/15/09	\$	266	Tax Assessor/ Collector

APPENDIX B

SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: [NAME OF ISSUER]

MEMBER: [NAME OF MEMBER]

BONDS: \$______ in aggregate principal amount of [NAME OF TRANSACTION] [and maturing on]

Policy No:
Effective Date:
Risk Premium: \$
Member Surplus Contribution: \$
Total Insurance Payment: \$

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY ("BAM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") for the Bonds named above (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance and securing of the Bonds), for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of BAM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the first Business Day following the Business Day on which BAM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, BAM will disburse (but without duplication in the case of duplicate claims for the same Nonpayment) to or for the benefit of each Owner of the Bonds, the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bonds that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by BAM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of such principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in BAM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by BAM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by BAM for purposes of the preceding sentence, and BAM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, any of whom may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement under this Policy in respect of a Bond and to the extent of such payment, BAM shall become the owner of Nonpayment's right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under such Bond. Payment by BAM either to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owner's right to receive payments of an on payment by BAM either to the obligation of BAM under this Policy with respect to said Nonpayment.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent (as defined herein) are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity (unless BAM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration) and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer of principal or interest that is Due for Payment, which payment has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means delivery to BAM of a notice of claim and certificate, by certified mail, email or telecopy as set forth on the attached Schedule or other acceptable electronic delivery, in a form satisfactory to BAM, from and signed by an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent, which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount, (d) payment instructions and (e) the date such claimed amount becomes or became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer, the Member or any other person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

BAM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member and the Issuer specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member or the Issuer (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to BAM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to BAM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by BAM under this Policy may be made directly by BAM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of BAM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent of BAM only, and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to the Trustee, Paying Agent or any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of BAM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, BAM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to BAM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy. This Policy may not be canceled or revoked.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of BAM and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW. THIS POLICY IS ISSUED WITHOUT CONTINGENT MUTUAL LIABILITY FOR ASSESSMENT.

In witness whereof, BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY
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By:		
	Authorized Officer	
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Notices (Unless Otherwise Specified by BAM)

Email: <u>claims@buildamerica.com</u> Address: 1 World Financial Center, 27th floor 200 Liberty Street New York, New York 10281 Telecopy: 212-962-1524 (attention: Claims)