

OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED OCTOBER 18, 2018

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL, THE BONDS ARE VALID OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT AND UNDER THE STATUTES, REGULATION, PUBLISHED RULINGS, AND COURT DECISIONS EXISTING ON THE DATE OF SUCH OPINION. INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION. SEE “LEGAL MATTERS” AND “TAX MATTERS.”

The District has designated the Bonds as “qualified tax-exempt obligations” for financial institutions.

NEW ISSUE – Book Entry Only

**RATINGS: S&P Global Ratings (AGM Insured)..... “AA” (stable outlook)
Moody’s Investors Service (AGM Insured) “A2” (stable outlook)
Moody’s Investors Service (Underlying) “Baa3”
See “MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE” and “RATINGS.”**

KAUFMAN COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 7	
(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Kaufman County)	
\$2,400,000	\$2,640,000
Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds	Unlimited Tax Road Bonds
Series 2018	Series 2018

Dated: November 1, 2018

Due: September 1, as shown on inside cover

The \$2,400,000 Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2018 (the “Utility Bonds”), and the \$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2018 (the “Road Bonds”), are obligations of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 (the “District”) and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Kaufman County, Texas; the City of Dallas, Texas; the City of Heath, Texas; or any entity other than the District. The Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds are referred to herein collectively as the “Bonds.” Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Texas; Kaufman County, Texas; the City of Dallas, Texas; the City of Heath, Texas; nor any entity other than the District is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds.

Interest on the Bonds accrues from November 1, 2018, and is payable on March 1, 2019, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter (each an “Interest Payment Date”) until the earlier of maturity or redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of 12, 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. So long as Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Paying Agent/Registrar (herein defined) to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District has designated Amegy Bank, a division of Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Houston, Texas, as the initial paying agent/registrar (the “Paying Agent/Registrar”) for the Bonds. See “THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System” and “– Paying Agent/Registrar”.

The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under separate insurance policies to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by **ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP.**



See “MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS AND CUSIPS” on inside cover hereof.

The Utility Bonds constitute the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of water, wastewater, and drainage improvements to serve the District (the “Utility System”), and the Road Bonds constitute the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of constructing or acquiring a road system to serve the District (the “Road System”). The District has also issued one series of unlimited tax bonds for refunding previously issued Utility System bonds. At an election held within the District on February 5, 2005, voters of the District authorized the District’s issuance of \$52,350,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System, at an election held within the District on May 10, 2008, voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$33,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System, and at an election held within the District on May 2, 2015, voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$78,525,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds and \$50,850,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$43,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System, \$23,845,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System, \$78,355,000 unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds and \$50,850,000 unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds will remain authorized but unissued. See “THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance.”

The Bonds, when issued, will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied by the District against all taxable property within the District. Investment in the Bonds is subject to risk factors as described herein. See “THE BONDS – Source of Payment” and “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS.”

The Bonds are offered when, as, and if issued by the District and are also offered subject, among other things, to the approval of the Attorney General of Texas and of Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds through the facilities of DTC is expected on or about November 6, 2018. See “LEGAL MATTERS.”

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS AND CUSIPS

\$2,400,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2018

\$2,400,000 Term Bonds

\$805,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2035 (c)(d) Interest Rate 5.000% (Price: \$106.594) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R DG4 (b)
 \$415,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2037 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.000% (Price: \$98.434) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R DJ8 (b)
 \$680,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2040 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.000% (Price: \$97.155) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R DM1 (b)
 \$500,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2042 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.125% (Price: \$98.428) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R DP4 (b)

\$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2018

\$610,000 Serial Bonds

Due (September 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 48619R (b)	Due (September 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 48619R (b)
2019	\$70,000	5.750%	2.250%	DQ2	2023	\$75,000	5.750%	3.000%	DU3
2020	70,000	5.750%	2.450%	DR0	2024(c)	80,000	5.750%	3.050%	DV1
2021	70,000	5.750%	2.650%	DS8	2025(c)	85,000	5.250%	3.100%	DW9
2022	70,000	5.750%	2.850%	DT6	2026(c)	90,000	5.250%	3.150%	DX7

\$2,030,000 Term Bonds

\$285,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2029 (c)(d) Interest Rate 3.625% (Price: \$98.455) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EA6 (b)
 \$215,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2031 (c)(d) Interest Rate 3.875% (Price: \$98.751) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EC2 (b)
 \$230,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2033 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.000% (Price: \$98.892) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EE8 (b)
 \$245,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2035 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.000% (Price: \$98.192) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EG3 (b)
 \$270,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2037 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.000% (Price: \$96.778) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EJ7 (b)
 \$295,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2039 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.125% (Price: \$97.603) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EL2 (b)
 \$490,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2042 (c)(d) Interest Rate 4.250% (Price: \$98.520) (a) CUSIP No. 48619R EP3 (b)

- (a) The initial reoffering yield has been provided by the Initial Purchaser (hereinafter defined) and represents the initial offering price to the public of a substantial amount of the Bonds for each maturity. Such initial reoffering yield may subsequently be changed. The initial reoffering yields indicated above represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date. Accrued interest from November 1, 2018, is to be added to the price.
- (b) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of the American Bankers Association and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the Bonds. None of the District, Financial Advisor, or Initial Purchaser shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers.
- (c) Bonds maturing on September 1, 2024, and thereafter, shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, as a whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2023, or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the par value thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions."
- (d) Subject to mandatory redemption by lot or other customary method of random selection on September 1 in the years and in the amounts set forth herein under the caption "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – Mandatory Redemption."

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District or the Initial Purchaser.

This Official Statement is not to be used in connection with an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. All of the summaries of the statutes, orders, contracts, records, and engineering and other related reports set forth in the Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the District, c/o Coats Rose, P.C., 14755 Preston Road, Suite 600, Dallas, Texas 75254, upon payment of the costs for duplication thereof.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District, and to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, other matters described in the Official Statement until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT - Updating the Official Statement" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX B - Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this final official statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as amended.

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SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Utility Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate, which was tendered by SAMCO Capital Markets, Inc. (the "Utility Bonds Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Utility Bonds bearing the interest rates shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, at a price of 97.00% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of delivery, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 4.456979%, calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended.

After requesting competitive bids for the Road Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate, which was tendered by George K. Baum & Co. (the "Road Bonds Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Road Bonds bearing the interest rates shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, at a price of 97.00% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of delivery, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 4.378993%, calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204, Texas Government Code, as amended.

The Utility Bonds Initial Purchaser and the Road Bonds Initial Purchaser are collectively referred to as the "Initial Purchaser" throughout this Official Statement.

Prices and Marketability

Subject to certain restrictions regarding the "hold-the-offering-price" rule as described in the Official Notice of Sale, the District has no control over the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds or over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sale, the prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdictions.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. ("AGM") will issue separate Municipal Bond Insurance Policies for the Bonds (collectively, the "Policies" and each a "Policy"). The Policy

guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as APPENDIX B to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut or Florida insurance law.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

AGM is a New York domiciled financial guaranty insurance company and an indirect subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Ltd. (“AGL”), a Bermuda-based holding company whose shares are publicly traded and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “AGO”. AGL, through its operating subsidiaries, provides credit enhancement products to the U.S. and global public finance, infrastructure and structured finance markets. Neither AGL nor any of its shareholders or affiliates, other than AGM, is obligated to pay any debts of AGM or any claims under any insurance policy issued by AGM.

AGM’s financial strength is rated “AA” (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“S&P”), “AA+” (stable outlook) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. (“KBRA”) and “A2” (stable outlook) by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”). Each rating of AGM should be evaluated independently. An explanation of the significance of the above ratings may be obtained from the applicable rating agency. The above ratings are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security, and such ratings are subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agencies, including withdrawal initiated at the request of AGM in its sole discretion. In addition, the rating agencies may at any time change AGM’s long-term rating outlooks or place such ratings on a watch list for possible downgrade in the near term. Any downward revision or withdrawal of any of the above ratings, the assignment of a negative outlook to such ratings or the placement of such ratings on a negative watch list may have an adverse effect on the market price of any security guaranteed by AGM. AGM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of bonds insured by AGM on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the relevant insurance policy), and does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the securities it insures, nor does it guarantee that the ratings on such securities will not be revised or withdrawn.

Current Financial Strength Ratings

On June 26, 2018, S&P announced it had affirmed AGM’s financial strength rating of “AA” (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that S&P may take.

On May 7, 2018, Moody’s announced it had affirmed AGM’s insurance financial strength rating of “A2” (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that Moody’s may take.

On January 23, 2018, KBRA announced it had affirmed AGM’s insurance financial strength rating of “AA+” (stable outlook). AGM can give no assurance as to any further ratings action that KBRA may take.

For more information regarding AGM’s financial strength ratings and the risks relating thereto, see AGL’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Capitalization of AGM

At June 30, 2018:

- The policyholders’ surplus of AGM was approximately \$2,221 million.
- The contingency reserves of AGM and its indirect subsidiary Municipal Assurance Corp. (“MAC”) (as described below) were approximately \$1,166 million. Such amount includes 100% of AGM’s contingency reserve and 60.7% of MAC’s contingency reserve.
- The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commission income of AGM and its subsidiaries (as described below) were approximately \$1,898 million. Such amount includes (i) 100% of the net unearned premium reserve and deferred ceding commission income of AGM, (ii) the consolidated net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGM’s wholly owned subsidiary Assured Guaranty (Europe) plc (“AGE”), and (iii) 60.7% of the net unearned premium reserve of MAC.

The policyholders' surplus of AGM and the contingency reserves, net unearned premium reserves and deferred ceding commission income of AGM and MAC were determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. The net unearned premium reserves and net deferred ceding commissions of AGE were determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Incorporation of Certain Documents by Reference

Portions of the following documents filed by AGL with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that relate to AGM are incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- i. the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 (filed by AGL with the SEC on February 23, 2018);
- ii. the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018 (filed by AGL with the SEC on May 4, 2018); and
- iii. the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018 (filed by AGL with the SEC on August 2, 2018).

All consolidated financial statements of AGM and all other information relating to AGM included in, or as exhibits to, documents filed by AGL with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, excluding Current Reports or portions thereof "furnished" under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of Form 8-K, after the filing of the last document referred to above and before the termination of the offering of the Bonds shall be deemed incorporated by reference into this Official Statement and to be a part hereof from the respective dates of filing such documents. Copies of materials incorporated by reference are available over the internet at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>, at AGL's website at <http://www.assuredguaranty.com>, or will be provided upon request to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.: 1633 Broadway, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Communications Department (telephone (212) 974-0100). Except for the information referred to above, no information available on or through AGL's website shall be deemed to be part of or incorporated in this Official Statement.

Any information regarding AGM included herein under the caption "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE - Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp." or included in a document incorporated by reference herein (collectively, the "AGM Information") shall be modified or superseded to the extent that any subsequently included AGM Information (either directly or through incorporation by reference) modifies or supersedes such previously included AGM Information. Any AGM Information so modified or superseded shall not constitute a part of this Official Statement, except as so modified or superseded.

Miscellaneous Matters

AGM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, AGM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding AGM supplied by AGM and presented under the heading "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."

RATINGS

S&P is located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone number (212) 208-8000 and has engaged in providing ratings for corporate bonds since 1923 and municipal bonds since 1940. Long-term debt ratings assigned by S&P reflect its analysis of the overall level of credit risk involved in financings. At present S&P assigns long-term debt ratings with symbols "AAA" (the highest rating) through "D" (the lowest rating). The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "AA" (stable outlook) from S&P solely in reliance upon the issuance of the municipal bond insurance policies issued by AGM at the time of the delivery of the Bonds.

The Bonds are expected to receive an insured rating of "A2" (stable outlook) from Moody's solely in reliance upon the issuance of the municipal bond insurance policies issued by AGM at the time of the delivery of the Bonds. Moody's has assigned an underlying credit rating of "Baa3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the

ratings may be obtained from Moody's, 7 World Trade Center at 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007.

The foregoing ratings express only the views of S&P and Moody's at the time such ratings are given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Moody's, if in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

The District is not aware of any rating assigned the Bonds other than the ratings of S&P and Moody's.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following information is a summary of certain information contained herein and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement.

THE BONDS

- The District..... Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 (the “District”), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located in Kaufman County, Texas. See “THE DISTRICT.”
- The Issue The District’s \$2,400,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2018 (the “Utility Bonds”), are dated November 1, 2018, and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts as shown on the inside cover page hereof. The District’s \$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2018 (the “Road Bonds”), are also dated November 1, 2018, and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts as shown on the inside cover page hereof. The Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds are hereinafter referred to collectively as the “Bonds.”
- Optional Redemption Interest on the Bonds accrues from November 1, 2018, and is payable on March 1, 2019, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds that mature on or after September 1, 2024, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2023, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption. See “THE BONDS – General,” and “– Redemption Provisions – *Optional Redemption.*”
- Mandatory Redemption The Utility Bonds that mature on September 1 in the years 2035, 2037, 2040 and 2042 and the Road Bonds that mature on September 1 in the years 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039 and 2042 are term bonds (the “Term Bonds”). The Term Bonds have certain mandatory redemption amounts as set forth herein under the caption “THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions – *Mandatory Redemption.*”
- Source of Payment..... Principal of and interest on the Bonds of each series are payable from the proceeds of two separate annual ad valorem taxes, each without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Kaufman County, Texas; the City of Dallas, Texas; the City of Heath, Texas; or any entity other than the District. See “THE BONDS – Source of Payment.”
- Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations..... The District has designated the Bonds as “qualified tax-exempt obligations” pursuant to section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), and will represent that the total amount of tax-exempt bonds (including the Bonds) issued by the District during calendar year 2018 is not reasonably expected to exceed \$10,000,000. See “QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS.”
- Short-Term Debt..... In connection with the Utility Bonds, the District has issued its \$1,333,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2017, dated November

7, 2017 (the “BAN”), and distributed proceeds from the sale of the BAN as described herein. The BAN accrues interest at a rate of 1.68% per year (computed on the basis of a 360-day year), matures on November 6, 2018, unless called for redemption prior to maturity, and is payable solely from the proceeds of the Utility Bonds. See “THE BONDS – Short-Term Debt.”

- Outstanding Bonds..... The District has previously issued its \$2,870,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2007; \$3,280,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2008; \$4,210,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014; \$4,775,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2015; and \$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017. As of September 1, 2018, \$11,685,000 in principal amount of such previous bond issues remained outstanding (the “Outstanding Bonds”).
- Use of Proceeds of Utility Bonds..... A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Utility Bonds will be used to redeem the District’s BAN, the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer (herein defined) for: (a) Travis Ranch Blvd. – Phase 2; (b) Travis Ranch – Phases 3B, 3G and 3D1; and (c) construction and engineering costs for items (a) and (b). In addition, the proceeds from the Utility Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for costs associated with items (a) through (c) above that were not fully reimbursed by the BAN, to pay developer interest, and to pay certain costs of issuance associated with the Utility Bonds and the BAN. See “THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Utility Bond Proceeds.”
- Use of Proceeds of Road Bonds..... Proceeds from the sale of the Road Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for the road construction costs set out herein under “THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Road Bond Proceeds.” Proceeds of the Road Bonds will also be used to pay costs of issuance associated with the Road Bonds.
- Payment Record..... The District has never defaulted on the timely payment of principal and interest on its bonded indebtedness. See “THE BONDS – Source of Payment.”
- Authority..... The rights, powers, privileges, authority and functions of the District are established by (i) the general laws of the State of Texas pertaining to municipal utility districts, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; (ii) Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution; and (iii) elections held within the District. The District is subject to continuing supervision of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the “TCEQ”). See “THE DISTRICT – General.”
- Municipal Bond Insurance Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (“AGM”). See “MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE.”
- Ratings S&P (AGM Insured) – “AA” (stable outlook). Moody’s – “A2” (stable outlook). Moody’s (underlying) – “Baa3.” See “MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE” and “RATINGS.”
- Legal Opinion..... Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel. See “LEGAL MATTERS.”
- Financial Advisor..... Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Houston, Texas.

Disclosure Counsel McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Houston, Texas.
 Paying Agent/Registrar Amegy Bank, a division of Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Houston, Texas.

THE DISTRICT

Description..... The District comprises approximately 392.3 acres and is part of the master-planned community known as “Travis Ranch,” a development that, in total, comprises approximately 761 acres. The District is located within Kaufman County, Texas, approximately 2 miles north of downtown Forney, Texas, and approximately 1 mile north of the intersection Farm-to-Market 460 (“F.M. 460”) and Farm-to-Market 740 (“F.M. 740”). The District is bordered by F.M. 740 on the east, Lake Ray Hubbard on the west, and Travis Ranch Blvd. on the south. All of the land within the District is either within the extraterritorial jurisdiction (“ETJ”) of the City of Dallas, Texas, or the City of Heath, Texas. See “THE DISTRICT – General” and “– Description.”

Travis Ranch..... Travis Ranch is comprised of three municipal utility districts: the District, Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 5 (“KC MUD 5”), and Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 6 (“KC MUD 6”). The District, KC MUD 5 and KC MUD 6 are collectively referred to herein as the “Travis Ranch Districts” and are being marketed as part of Travis Ranch. See “TRAVIS RANCH.”

Development Status of the District..... Of the approximately 392.30 acres of land within the District, approximately 233.00 acres (1,098 lots) have been developed as the single-family residential subdivisions of Travis Ranch, Phases 3A, 3B, 3D1 and 3D2 (162.10 acres and 840 lots), and Lakeside at Heath, Phases 3C1, 3G, 3G1 and 3G2 (70.90 acres and 258 lots). Additionally, approximately 30.82 acres (139 lots) are currently under development as single-family residential subdivision Travis Ranch, Phase 3E. As of September 1, 2018, development of said single-family subdivisions included 802 completed homes (782 occupied and 20 unoccupied), 62 homes under construction, and 234 vacant developed lots. The remaining acreage within the District consists of approximately 90.38 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 38.10 undevelopable acres. See “DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT.”

Developer/Principal Landowners The principal developer of land within the District is CTMGT Travis Ranch, LLC, a Texas limited liability company (“CTMGT” or the “Developer”). The Developer is comprised of two members, CTMGT LLC, a Texas limited liability company, and Centamtar Terras, L.L.C., a Texas limited liability company. The District is managed by Scarborough Management LLC a third-party management company controlled by James R. Feagin. CTMGT or related party entities, currently own approximately 30.82 acres in the District as well as approximately 206.83 undeveloped but developable acres in the remainder of Travis Ranch.

D.R. Horton-Texas, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, controlled by D.R. Horton, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a publicly traded corporation, is also developing certain lands in the District. D.R. Horton-Texas, Ltd. is the owner of approximately 97.48 acres of

land within the District on which it is currently developing the area known as Lakeside at Heath.

Travis Ranch Marina, LLC, a Texas limited liability company, and its related entities own approximately 24.30 acres of land within the District that will be used for future single-family residential development. See “DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS.”

Homebuilders Homebuilders active within the District include DR Horton, Oakdale Homes, Megatel Homes, and Castlerock Homes. The homes being marketed in the District range in price from approximately \$215,000 to \$360,000 and range in size from approximately 1,500 square feet to 3,500 square feet. See “DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT – Homebuilders” and “DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS – Lot-Sales Contracts.”

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS IS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD REVIEW THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT, INCLUDING PARTICULARLY THE SECTION OF THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT ENTITLED “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS,” BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION.

**SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION
(UNAUDITED)**

2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 171,225,179	(a)
See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."		
Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	\$ 175,000,000	(b)
See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."		
Direct Debt:		
The Outstanding Bonds	\$ 11,685,000	
The Utility Bonds.....	\$ 2,400,000	
The Road Bonds.....	<u>\$ 2,640,000</u>	
Total.....	\$ 16,725,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$ 14,204,795	(c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	\$ 30,929,795	
Direct Debt Ratios:		
As a percentage of 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	9.77	%
As a percentage of Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	9.56	%
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		
As a percentage of 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	18.06	%
As a percentage of Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	17.67	%
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018).....	\$342,431	(d)
Road System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018)	\$288,689	(e)
General Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018).....	\$1,165,226	
2018 Tax Rate		
Utility System Debt Service.....	\$0.305	(f)
Road System Debt Service.....	\$0.495	(f)
Contract Tax	<u>\$0.100</u>	(g)
Total.....	\$0.900	
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2019-2042).....	\$1,048,044	(h)
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2030).....	\$1,204,449	(h)
Combined Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2019-2042) at 95% Tax Collections		
Based on 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$171,225,179).....	\$0.65	
Based on Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018 (\$175,000,000)	\$0.64	
Combined Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2030) at 95% Tax Collections		
Based on 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$171,225,179).....	\$0.75	
Based on Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018 (\$175,000,000)	\$0.73	
Single-Family Homes (including 62 homes under construction) as of September 1, 2018.....	864	

-
- (a) Certified taxable assessed value of all taxable property within the District as of January 1, 2018, provided by the Kaufman County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). This amount includes \$844,757 of uncertified value, which represents 80% of the total uncertified value provided by the Appraisal District which is the estimated minimum amount of the uncertified value that will ultimately be certified. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
 - (b) Provided by Kaufman County Appraisal District for information purposes only. Reflects the addition of value of new construction within the District from January 1, 2018, to June 15, 2018. This estimate is based upon the same unit value used in the assessed value. No taxes will be levied on this estimate.
 - (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement."
 - (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund or the Road Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Road System (e.g. the Road Bonds).
 - (e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund or the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (e.g. the Utility Bonds).
 - (f) The District is authorized to levy separate taxes for payment of debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System and for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; both of which are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance."
 - (g) See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Contract Tax."
 - (h) Requirements of debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "DISTRICT DEBT – Debt Service Requirements."

KAUFMAN COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 7

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Kaufman County, Texas)

\$2,400,000
Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds
Series 2018

\$2,640,000
Unlimited Tax Road Bonds
Series 2018

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 (the "District"), of its \$2,400,000 Unlimited Tax Utility Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Utility Bonds"), and its \$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2018 (the "Road Bonds"). The Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds are hereinafter referred to collectively as the Bonds.

The Utility Bonds are issued pursuant to (i) an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board") on the date of the sale of the Utility Bonds (the "Utility Bond Order"); (ii) Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and general laws of the State of Texas, particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; (iii) an order issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"); and (iv) an election held by the District on February 5, 2005.

The Road Bonds are issued pursuant to (i) an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board") on the date of the sale of the Road Bonds (the "Road Bond Order"); (ii) Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution; (iii) the general laws of the State of Texas, particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; and (iv) an election held by the District on May 10, 2008.

The Utility Bond Order and the Road Bond Order are collectively referred to hereinafter as the "Bond Order," and unless otherwise indicated, certain capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Bond Order, except as otherwise indicated herein.

This Official Statement also includes information about the District and certain reports and other statistical data. The summaries and references to all documents, statutes, reports and other instruments referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and each summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document, statute, report or instrument.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of certain terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Order. A copy of the Bond Order may be obtained from the District upon request to Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel. The Bond Order authorizes the issuance and sale of the Bonds and prescribes the terms, conditions and provisions for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the District.

The Bonds are dated November 1, 2018, and will mature on September 1 of the years and in principal amounts indicated on the inside of the cover page hereof. The Bonds will accrue interest from November 1, 2018, at the stated interest rates indicated on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be payable March 1, 2019, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter (each an "Interest Payment Date") until maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Principal of the Bonds will be payable to a Bondholder thereof at maturity or earlier redemption upon presentation of Bonds at the principal payment office of Zions Bancorporation, National Association (Amegy Bank Division), Houston, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check, dated as of the interest payment date, and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Bondholders as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"), or by other such customary banking arrangements as may be acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Bondholder at the expense and risk of the Bondholder.

Book-Entry-Only System

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), while the Bonds are registered in its nominee’s name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participants, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the series of Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such series, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world’s largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has a Standard & Poor’s rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the

actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or The Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, The Paying Agent/Registrar or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the book-entry form, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which the Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the book-entry system, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to registered owners under the Bond Order will be given only to DTC.

Paying Agent/Registrar

The Board has selected Zions Bancorporation, National Association (Amegy Bank Division), Houston, Texas, as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The initial designated payment office for the Bonds is located in Houston, Texas. Provision is made in the Bond Order for removal of the Paying Agent/Registrar, provided that no such removal shall be effective until a successor paying agent/registrar shall have accepted the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar under the provisions of the Bond Order. Any successor paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or any state authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000, shall be subject to supervision or examination by federal or state

authority, shall be registered as a transfer agent with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and shall have a corporate trust office in the State of Texas.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only system is discontinued, the Bonds are transferable only on the bond register kept by the Paying Agent/Registrar upon surrender at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Houston, Texas. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. At any time after the date of initial delivery, any Bond may be transferred upon its presentation and surrender at the designated offices of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Bondholder. The Bonds are exchangeable upon presentation at the designated office(s) of the Paying Agent/Registrar, for an equal principal amount of Bonds of the same series and maturity in authorized denominations. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the Bondholder or assignee of the Bondholder within not more than three (3) business days after the receipt by the Paying Agent/Registrar of the request in proper form to transfer or exchange the Bonds. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 in principal amount for a Bond, or any integral multiple thereof for any one maturity and shall bear interest at the same rate and be for a like aggregate principal or maturity amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. Neither the Paying Agent/Registrar nor the District is required to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during a period beginning at the opening of business on a Record Date and ending at the close of business on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or to transfer or exchange any Bond selected for redemption, in whole or in part, beginning fifteen (15) calendar days prior to, and ending on the date of the mailing of notice of redemption, or where such redemption is scheduled to occur within thirty (30) calendar days. No service charge will be made for any transfer or exchange, but the District or Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Replacement of Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only system is discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds, receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and the Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity to hold them harmless. The District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

Authority for Issuance

The Utility Bonds constitute the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of water, wastewater, and drainage improvements to serve the District (the "Utility System"), and the Road Bonds constitute the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of constructing or acquiring a road system to serve the District (the "Road System"). At an election held within the District on February 5, 2005, voters of the District authorized the District's issuance of \$52,350,000 principal amount of unlimited tax Bonds for the Utility System, at an election held within the District on May 10, 2008, voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$33,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System, and at an election held within the District on May 2, 2015, voters of the District authorized \$78,525,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds and \$50,850,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$43,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System, \$23,845,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System, \$78,355,000 unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds and \$50,850,000 unlimited tax refunding bonds for Road System bonds will remain authorized but unissued. Bonds authorized by the resident electors of the District, the amount of bonds issued to date, and the remaining authorized but unissued bonds are as follows:

<u>Election Date</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount Authorized</u>	<u>Amount Issued</u>	<u>Remaining Authorized But Unissued</u>
February 5, 2005	Utility System	\$52,350,000	\$8,550,000(a)	\$43,800,000
May 10, 2008	Road System	33,900,000	10,055,000(b)	23,845,000
May 2, 2015	Refunding (Utility System)	78,525,000	170,000	78,355,000
May 2, 2015	Refunding (Road System)	50,850,000	-0-	50,850,000

(a) Includes the Utility Bonds.

(b) Includes the Road Bonds.

Source of Payment

The Bonds of each series, when issued, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District, and the principal thereof and the interest thereon, and such additional tax bonds of the District as may hereafter be authorized by District voters, if any, and subsequently issued, are payable from and secured by the proceeds of two separate annual ad valorem taxes, each without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. See "TAX PROCEDURES" and "TAX DATA - Tax Rate Calculations" for tax adequacy, manner of assessing and collecting taxes, and the remedy to the District in the event of tax delinquencies; and "Bondholders' Remedies" below for the remedies available to Bondholders in the event of default in the performance of any of the covenants set forth in the Bond Order or in the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption

The Bonds maturing September 1, 2024, and thereafter shall be subject to redemption at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2023, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Notice of the exercise of the reserved right of redemption will be given at least thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date by sending such notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the bond register. If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the series and maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District. If less than all of the Bonds of a certain series and maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar prior to the redemption date by a random selection method in integral multiples of \$5,000 within any one maturity. The Registered Owner of any Bond, all or a portion of which has been called for redemption, shall be required to present such Bond to the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price on the portion of the Bonds so called for redemption and issuance of a new Bond in the principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed.

Mandatory Redemption

The Utility Bonds that mature on September 1 in the years 2035, 2037, 2040 and 2042 and the Road Bonds that mature on September 1 in the years 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039 and 2042 are the term bonds (the "Term Bonds") are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption by the District by lot or other customary method of random selection prior to scheduled maturity on September 1 in the years ("Mandatory Redemption Dates") and in the amounts set forth below at a redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Utility Bonds

\$805,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2035

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2031	\$ 65,000
September 1, 2032	175,000
September 1, 2033	180,000
September 1, 2034	190,000
September 1, 2035 (maturity)	195,000

\$415,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2037

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2036	\$ 205,000
September 1, 2037 (maturity)	210,000

\$680,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2040

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2038	\$ 220,000
September 1, 2039	225,000
September 1, 2040 (maturity)	235,000

\$500,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2042

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2041	\$ 245,000
September 1, 2042 (maturity)	255,000

The Road Bonds

\$285,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2029

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2027	\$ 90,000
September 1, 2028	95,000
September 1, 2029 (maturity)	100,000

\$215,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2031

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2030	\$ 105,000
September 1, 2031 (maturity)	110,000

\$230,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2033

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2032	\$ 115,000
September 1, 2033 (maturity)	115,000

\$245,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2035

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2034	\$ 120,000
September 1, 2035 (maturity)	125,000

\$270,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2037

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2036	\$ 130,000
September 1, 2037 (maturity)	140,000

\$295,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2039

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2038	\$ 145,000
September 1, 2039 (maturity)	150,000

\$490,000 Term Bond due September 1, 2042

Mandatory Redemption Date	Principal Amount
September 1, 2040	\$ 155,000
September 1, 2041	165,000
September 1, 2042 (maturity)	170,000

The Principal Amount of the Term Bonds of a maturity required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the direction of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds of the stated maturity which, at least 50 days prior to a mandatory redemption date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent/Registrar for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and canceled by the Paying Agent/Registrar at the request of the District with monies in the Road Debt Service Fund at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement.

Short-Term Debt

In connection with the Utility Bonds, the District has issued its \$1,333,000 Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2017, dated November 7, 2018 (the "BAN"), and distributed proceeds from the sale of the BAN as described herein. The BAN accrues interest at a rate of 1.68% per year (computed on the basis of a 360-day year),

matures on November 6, 2018, unless called for redemption prior to maturity, and is payable solely from the proceeds of the Utility Bonds.

Outstanding Bonds

The District has previously issued its \$2,870,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2007; \$3,280,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2008; \$4,210,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014; \$4,775,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2015; and \$2,640,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017. As of September 1, 2018, \$11,685,000 in principal amount of such previous bond issues remains outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds").

Annexation

The District lies partly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction ("ETJ") of the City of Dallas, Texas, and partly within the ETJ of the City of Heath, Texas. Under legislation effective as of December 1, 2017 ("Senate Bill 6"), certain portions of the District may be annexed and dissolved by the City of Dallas or by the City of Heath only if (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50% of the land owners, consenting to annexation. If the District is annexed, the City of Dallas or the City of Heath must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and abolish the District within ninety (90) days of the date of annexation. Annexation of territory by the City of Dallas or the City of Heath is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the Mayors and City Councils of such cities, and therefore, the District makes no representation that the City of Dallas or the City of Heath will ever annex the District and assume its debt. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City of Dallas or the City of Heath to make debt service payments should annexation occur. The Bond Order provides for the termination of the pledge of taxes to the Bonds upon annexation and dissolution by a city.

Pursuant to the terms of that certain Settlement Agreement by and among the City of Heath, the City of Dallas and Travis Ranch Development, L.P., entered into following the filing of a lawsuit by the City of Heath against the City of Dallas seeking a declaration of the boundaries of the ETJs of both cities, the City of Heath has agreed not to annex any of the land located within its ETJ until all of the land in the District is fully developed with water, wastewater and drainage facilities and the District has issued all of its bonds to finance such facilities.

Consolidation

A district (such as the District) has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets, such as cash and the utility system, with the water and wastewater system of districts with which it is consolidating as well as its liabilities (which would include the Bonds). No representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation.

Defeasance

The Bond Order provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place or payment (paying agent) for obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes, amounts sufficient to provide for payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent; and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the

issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent. The foregoing obligations may be in book entry form, and shall mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds. If any of such Bonds are to be redeemed prior to their respective dates of maturity, provision must have been made for giving notice of redemption as provided in the Bond Order.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded to be outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes. In the Bond Order, the District has specifically reserved the right to call the Bonds for redemption after the defeasance thereof.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue additional bonds necessary to provide improvements and facilities for the Utility System and the Road System consistent with the purposes for which the District was created. Issuance of Utility System bonds is subject to the approval of the TCEQ.

The District's voters have authorized the issuance of \$52,350,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System, \$33,900,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System, \$78,525,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds and \$50,850,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds, and could authorize additional amounts.

The Utility Bonds are the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the Utility System and the Road Bonds are the third series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the Road System. The District has also issued one series of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System bonds. After the issuance of the Bonds, the following amounts will remain authorized but unissued: \$43,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System; \$23,845,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System; \$78,355,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System Bonds; and \$50,850,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds. According to the District's Engineer (herein defined), the remaining authorized but unissued bonds will be sufficient to reimburse the Developer for the existing facilities and finance the development of the remaining undeveloped land within the District. The Bond Order imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be issued by the District (if authorized by the District's voters and approved by the Board and, in the case of bonds for the Utility System, such as the Utility Bonds, approved by the TCEQ. The District's issuance of bonds for the Road System, such as the Road Bonds, is not subject to approval by the TCEQ.

Amendments to the Bond Order

The District may, without the consent of or notice to any Registered Owners, amend the Bond Order in any manner not detrimental to the interests of the Registered Owners, including the curing of any ambiguity, inconsistency or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the District may, with the written consent of the Registered Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to or rescind any of the provisions of the Bond Order, provided that, without the consent of the Registered Owners of all of the Bonds affected, and provided that it has not failed to make a timely payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, no such amendment, addition or rescission may (1) change the date specified as the date on which the principal of or any installment of interest on any Bond is due and payable, reduce the principal amount thereof, the redemption price thereof, or the rate of interest thereon, change the place or places at, or the coin or currency in which any Bond or the interest thereon is payable, or in any other way modify the terms or sources of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (2) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (3) modify any of the provisions of the Bond Order

relating to the amendment thereof, except to increase any percentage provided thereby or to provide that certain other provisions of the Bond Order cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each Bond affected thereby. In addition, a state, consistent with federal law, may, in the exercise of its police power, make such modifications in the terms and conditions of contractual covenants relating to the payment of indebtedness of a political subdivision as are reasonable and necessary for attainment of an important public purpose.

Registered Owners' Remedies

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Order, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, the Registered Owners have the right to seek of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of defaults and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners.

Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Order may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights and creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is an excerpt from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.

(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them.

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Use and Distribution of Utility Bond Proceeds

A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Utility Bonds will be used to redeem the District’s BAN, the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the Developer (here defined) for: (a) Travis Ranch Blvd. – Phase 2; (b) Travis Ranch – Phases 3B, 3G and 3D1; and (c) construction and engineering costs for items (a) and (b). In addition, the proceeds from the Utility Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for costs associated with items (a) through (c) above that were not fully reimbursed by the BAN, to pay developer interest, and to pay certain costs of issuance associated with the Utility Bonds and the BAN.

	<u>District’s Share</u>
CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Travis Ranch Blvd. – Phase 2, WS&D	\$ 345,721
B. Travis Ranch – Phase 3G	606,565
C. Travis Ranch – Phase 3D1	611,192
D. Travis Ranch – Phase 3D2	98,816
E. Engineering Fees – Item A	51,864
F. Engineering Fees – Travis Ranch – Phase 3B	12,272
G. Geotechnical Fees – Travis Ranch – Phase 3B	21,700
H. Geotechnical Fees – Item A	<u>20,720</u>
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 1,768,850
 NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Legal Fees	\$ 63,000
B. Fiscal Agent Fees	48,000
C. Bond Discount	72,000
D. Developer Interest	270,629
E. BAN Interest	22,332
F. BAN Issuance Costs	37,046
G. Bond Application Report	50,000
H. Bond Issuance Costs	48,750
I. TCEQ Fee	6,000
J. Attorney General Fee	2,400
K. Contingency (a)	<u>10,993</u>
TOTAL NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 631,150
<u>TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT</u>	<u>\$ 2,400,000</u>

(a) Contingency represents the sum of the difference between estimated and actual amounts for BAN interest, which may be expended for uses in accordance with the rules of the TCEQ.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed the actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for approved uses in accordance with the rules of the TCEQ. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

Use and Distribution of Road Bond Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Road Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for the road construction costs set below. Proceeds of the Road Bonds will also be used to pay costs of issuance associated with the Road Bonds.

	<u>District's Share</u>
CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Travis Ranch – Phase 3E Paving	\$ 1,368,520
B. Travis Ranch – Phase 3D2 Paving	734,079
C. Engineering – Items A & B	195,700
D. Contingency	<u>50,000</u>
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 2,348,299
NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Legal Fees	\$ 67,800
B. Fiscal Agent Fees	52,800
C. Bond Discount	79,200
D. Developer Interest	40,000
E. Engineering Report	10,000
F. Bond Issuance Costs	39,261
G. Attorney General Fee	<u>2,640</u>
TOTAL NONCONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 291,701
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	\$ 2,640,000

DISTRICT DEBT

General

2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 171,225,179	(a)
See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."		
Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	\$ 175,000,000	(b)
See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."		
Direct Debt:		
The Outstanding Bonds	\$ 11,685,000	
The Utility Bonds.....	\$ 2,400,000	
The Road Bonds.....	<u>\$ 2,640,000</u>	
Total.....	\$ 16,725,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$ 14,204,795	(c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	\$ 30,929,795	
Direct Debt Ratios:		
As a percentage of 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	9.77	%
As a percentage of Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	9.56	%
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		
As a percentage of 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	18.06	%
As a percentage of Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018.....	17.67	%
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018).....	\$342,431	(d)
Road System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018)	\$288,689	(e)
General Fund Balance (as of September 20, 2018).....	\$1,165,226	
2018 Tax Rate		
Utility System Debt Service.....	\$0.305	(f)
Road System Debt Service.....	\$0.495	(f)
Contract Tax	<u>\$0.120</u>	(g)
Total.....	\$0.900	
Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2019-2042).....	\$1,048,044	(h)
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2030).....	\$1,204,449	(h)
Combined Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2019-2042) at 95% Tax Collections		
Based on 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$171,225,179).....	\$0.65	
Based on Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018 (\$175,000,000)	\$0.64	
Combined Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Bonds and Outstanding Bonds (2030) at 95% Tax Collections		
Based on 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$171,225,179).....	\$0.75	
Based on Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018 (\$175,000,000)	\$0.73	
Single-Family Homes (including 62 homes under construction) as of September 1, 2018.....	864	

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- (a) Certified taxable assessed value of all taxable property within the District as of January 1, 2018, provided by the Kaufman County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). This amount includes \$844,757 of uncertified value, which represents 80% of the total uncertified value provided by the Appraisal District which is the estimated minimum amount of the uncertified value that will ultimately be certified. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
 - (b) Provided by Kaufman County Appraisal District for information purposes only. Reflects the addition of value of new construction within the District from January 1, 2018, to June 15, 2018. This estimate is based upon the same unit value used in the assessed value. No taxes will be levied on this estimate.
 - (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement."
 - (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund or the Road Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Road System (e.g. the Road Bonds).
 - (e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund or the Utility System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System (e.g. the Utility Bonds).
 - (f) The District is authorized to levy separate taxes for payment of debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Utility System and for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; both of which are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance."
 - (g) See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Contract Tax."
 - (h) Requirements of debt service on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds. See "DISTRICT DEBT – Debt Service Requirements."

Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement

The following table indicates the indebtedness, defined as outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes, of governmental entities overlapping the District and the estimated percentages and amounts of such indebtedness attributable to property within the District. This information is based upon data secured from the individual jurisdictions and/or *Texas Municipal Reports* prepared by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Such figures do not indicate the tax burden levied by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for operation and maintenance or for other purposes.

Taxing Jurisdiction	Outstanding Debt August 31, 2018	Overlapping	
		Percent	Amount
Forney Independent School District	\$267,313,708	4.17%	\$11,143,870
Kaufman County	\$62,054,016	1.89%	\$1,171,721
Master District Contract Revenue Bonds (a)	\$4,455,000	42.41%	<u>\$1,889,204</u>
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt.....			\$14,204,795
The District.....			\$16,725,000(b)
Total Direct & Estimated Overlapping Debt.....			\$30,929,795(b)

(a) See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM - The Master District" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Contract Tax."

(b) Includes the Bonds.

Debt Ratios

	2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	June 15, 2018 Estimated Valuation
Direct Debt (a)	9.77%	9.56%
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt (a)	18.06%	17.67%

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule sets forth the annual debt service requirements on the Outstanding Bonds, plus the principal and interest requirements of the Utility Bonds and the Road Bonds.

Year	Outstanding Debt Service	The Utility Bonds			The Road Bonds			Total Debt Service
		Principal	Interest	Total Utility Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total Road Debt Service	
2019	\$ 825,885	\$ -	\$ 87,229	\$ 87,229	\$ 70,000	\$ 96,380	\$ 166,380	\$ 1,079,494
2020	830,268	-	104,675	104,675	70,000	111,631	181,631	1,116,575
2021	838,879	-	104,675	104,675	70,000	107,606	177,606	1,121,160
2022	836,777	-	104,675	104,675	70,000	103,581	173,581	1,115,033
2023	848,942	-	104,675	104,675	75,000	99,556	174,556	1,128,173
2024	860,092	-	104,675	104,675	80,000	95,244	175,244	1,140,011
2025	860,258	-	104,675	104,675	85,000	90,644	175,644	1,140,577
2026	859,683	-	104,675	104,675	90,000	86,181	176,181	1,140,539
2027	868,124	-	104,675	104,675	90,000	81,456	171,456	1,144,255
2028	875,621	-	104,675	104,675	95,000	78,194	173,194	1,153,489
2029	887,542	-	104,675	104,675	100,000	74,750	174,750	1,166,967
2030	923,649	-	104,675	104,675	105,000	71,125	176,125	1,204,449
2031	698,554	65,000	104,675	169,675	110,000	67,056	177,056	1,045,285
2032	607,913	175,000	101,425	276,425	115,000	62,794	177,794	1,062,131
2033	611,788	180,000	92,675	272,675	115,000	58,194	173,194	1,057,656
2034	609,913	190,000	83,675	273,675	120,000	53,594	173,594	1,057,181
2035	612,475	195,000	74,175	269,175	125,000	48,794	173,794	1,055,444
2036	619,288	205,000	64,425	269,425	130,000	43,794	173,794	1,062,506
2037	620,800	210,000	56,225	266,225	140,000	38,594	178,594	1,065,619
2038	624,600	220,000	47,825	267,825	145,000	32,994	177,994	1,070,419
2039	627,400	225,000	39,025	264,025	150,000	27,013	177,013	1,068,438
2040	629,200	235,000	30,025	265,025	155,000	20,825	175,825	1,070,050
2041	-	245,000	20,625	265,625	165,000	14,238	179,238	444,863
2042	-	255,000	10,519	265,519	170,000	7,225	177,225	442,744
	<u>\$ 16,577,646</u>	<u>\$ 2,400,000</u>	<u>\$1,963,948</u>	<u>\$4,363,948</u>	<u>\$ 2,640,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,571,461</u>	<u>\$ 4,211,461</u>	<u>\$ 25,153,056</u>

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement: (2019-2042)..... \$1,048,044
 Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement: (2030) \$1,204,449

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect an annual ad valorem taxes for the operation and maintenance of the District and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA – Tax Rate Limitation."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code"), specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the Appraisal District. The Kaufman County Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within Kaufman County, including the District. Such appraisal values will be subject to review and change by the Kaufman County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, will be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District, by May 15 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to prepare appraisal records of property as of January 1 of each year based upon market value. The chief appraiser must give written notice before May 15, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to each property owner whose property value is appraised higher than the value in the prior tax year or the value rendered by the property owner, or whose property was not on the appraisal roll the preceding year, or whose property was reappraised in the current tax year. Notice must also be given if ownership of the property changed during the preceding year. The Appraisal Review Board has the ultimate responsibility for determining the value of all taxable property within the District; however, any property owner who has timely filed notice with the Appraisal Review Board may appeal a final determination by the Appraisal Review Board by filing suit in a Texas district court. Prior to such appeal or any tax delinquency date, however, the property owner must pay the tax due on the value of that portion of the property involved that is not in dispute or the amount of tax imposed in the prior year, whichever is greater, or the amount of tax due under the order from which the appeal is taken. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. In addition, taxing units, such as the District, are entitled to challenge certain matters before the Appraisal Review Board, including the level of appraisals of a certain category of property, the exclusion of property from the appraisal records of the granting in whole or in part of certain exemptions. A taxing unit may not, however, challenge the valuation of individual properties.

Although the District has the responsibility for establishing tax rates and levying and collecting its taxes each year, under the Property Tax Code, the District does not establish appraisal standards or determine the frequency of revaluation or reappraisal. The Appraisal District is governed by a board of directors elected by the governing bodies of the county and all cities, towns, school districts and, if entitled to vote, the conservation and reclamation districts that participate in the Appraisal District. The Property Tax Code requires each appraisal district to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraised values. Such plan must provide for reappraisal of all real property in the appraisal district at least once every three years. It is not known what frequency of future reappraisals will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

General: Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; and most individually-owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board of Directors of the District. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. For the 2018 tax year, the District has granted a \$10,000 homestead exemption for persons 65 years or older and disabled persons.

Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, but only to the maximum extent allowed by law. The disabled veteran exemption ranges between \$5,000 and \$12,000, depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption, and qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age or older will be entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption of the full value of the veteran's residential homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption also applies to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the service member's death and said property was the service member's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

Residential Homestead Exemption

The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised market value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted by May 1. The District has not adopted a general homestead exemption.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by KCAD at market value as of January 1 of each year. Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

Agricultural, Open Space, Timberland and Inventory Deferment

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use (including wildlife management), open space, or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agriculture or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits, under certain circumstances, that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of any of such designations must apply for the designation, and the Appraisal District is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions and not as to others. If a claimant receives the designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use for the three (3) to five (5) years prior to the loss of the designation for agricultural, timberland or open space land. According to the District's Tax Assessor/Collector, as of January 1, 2018, no land within the District was designated for agricultural use, open space, inventory deferment, or timberland.

Tax Abatement

Kaufman County may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, the District, at the option and discretion of the District, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement, which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdiction. None of the area within the District has been designated as a Reinvestment Zone to date, and the District has not approved any such tax abatement agreements.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes, unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The date of delinquency may be postponed if the tax bills are mailed after January 1. A person over sixty-five (65) years of age is entitled by law to pay current taxes on his residential homestead in installments or to defer tax without penalty during the time he owns and occupies the property as his residential homestead. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors of the District based on valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1.

Taxes are due September 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the

first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to twenty percent (20%) if imposed by the District. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency of taxes under certain circumstances. The owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) a person at least sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) under a disability for purpose of payment of disability insurance benefits under the Federal Old Age Survivors and Disability Insurance Act, or (iii) qualifies as a disabled veteran under Texas Law is also entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments or to defer the payment of taxes without penalty during the time of ownership. Additionally, a person who is delinquent on taxes for a residential homestead is entitled to an agreement with the District to pay such taxes in equal installments over a period of between 12 and 36 months (as determined by the District) when such person has not entered into another installment agreement with respect to delinquent taxes within the District in the preceding 24 months.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State and each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien, however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property within two (2) years for residential and agricultural property and six (6) months for commercial property and all other types of property after the purchasers deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records.

TAX DATA

General

Taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy and collection by the District of a continuing direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds, and any future tax-supported bonds which may be issued from time to time as authorized. Taxes are levied by the District each year against the District's assessed valuation as of January 1 of that year. Taxes become due October 1 of such year, or when billed, and generally become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. The Board covenants in the Bond Order to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The actual rate of such tax will be determined from year to year as a function of the District's tax base, its debt service requirements and available funds. In addition, the District has the power and authority to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes, not to exceed \$0.99 per \$100 of assessed valuation, for operation and maintenance purposes. The District levied 2018 tax rates of: \$0.305 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Utility System debt service purposes; \$0.495 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Road System debt service purposes; and \$0.100 per \$100

of assessed valuation for contract tax purposes. See “THE UTILITY SYSTEM – The Master District” and “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Contract Tax.” The District did not levy an operation and maintenance tax for the 2018 tax year.

Tax Rate Limitation

Utility System Debt Service:	Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Road System Debt Service:	Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Contract Tax:	Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Maintenance and Operations:	\$0.99 per \$100 Assessed Valuation.

Historical Tax Collections

The following table illustrates the collection history of the District for the 2014–2018 tax years:

Tax Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate (a)	Adjusted Levy	Percent of Collections Current Year(b)	Current Year Ended 9/30	Percent of Collections 8/30/2018
2014	\$86,327,493	\$0.900	\$776,947	98.63%	2015	100.00%
2015	101,421,290	\$0.900	912,792	99.49%	2016	100.00%
2016	115,892,894	\$0.900	1,043,036	98.88%	2017	99.99%
2017	132,279,758	\$0.900	1,190,518	99.50%	2018	99.50%
2018	171,225,179	\$0.900	1,541,027	(c)	2019	(c)

- (a) Total tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation for each respective tax year. See “Tax Rate Distribution” below.
- (b) For tax years 2014 through 2015, represents collections from October 1 of each respective tax year through September 30 of the year thereafter.
- (c) Collection for the 2018 tax year begins October 1, 2018.

Tax Rate Distribution

The following table illustrates the components of the tax rate levied by the District for each of tax years 2013–2018:

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Road System Debt Service	\$0.4950	\$0.3200	\$0.1700	\$0.1900	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
System Debt Service	0.3050	0.3100	0.3600	0.4100	0.4800	0.5900
Maintenance & Operation	0.0000	0.1200	0.2400	0.1100	0.1900	0.0450
Contract	<u>0.1000</u>	<u>0.1500</u>	<u>0.1300</u>	<u>0.1900</u>	<u>0.2300</u>	<u>0.2650</u>
	\$0.9000	\$0.9000	\$0.9000	\$0.9000	\$0.9000	\$0.9000

Analysis of Tax Base

The following table illustrates the District’s total taxable assessed value in the tax years 2014–2018 by type of property:

Property Type	2018 Assessed Valuation	2017 Assessed Valuation	2016 Assessed Valuation	2015 Assessed Valuation	2014 Assessed Valuation
Land	\$28,371,860	\$23,562,780	\$22,085,390	\$21,351,110	\$17,785,840
Improvements	147,601,652	109,353,541	94,355,903	80,319,725	68,883,182
Personal	90,630	82,580	175,350	292,510	81,790
Exemption	<u>(4,838,963)</u>	<u>(719,143)</u>	<u>(723,749)</u>	<u>(542,055)</u>	<u>(423,319)</u>
Total	\$171,225,179	\$132,279,758	\$115,892,894	\$101,421,290	\$86,327,493

Principal Taxpayers

The following represents the principal taxpayers within the District, types of property, and assessed taxable values as of January 1, 2018:

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Type of Property</u>	<u>2018 Assessed Taxable Value</u>	<u>Percent of District's AV</u>
DR Horton Texas LTD (a)	Land & Improvements	\$3,320,100	2.510%
AVH DFW LLC	Land & Improvements	1,754,220	1.326%
ARP 2014-1 Borrower LLC	Land	1,062,998	0.804%
AMH 2014-2 Borrower LLC	Land & Improvements	908,130	0.687%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	691,092	0.522%
HP Texas I LLC DBA HPA TX LLC	Land & Improvements	687,958	0.520%
AMH 2014-3 Borrower LLC	Land & Improvements	656,180	0.496%
Travis Ranch Marina LLC	Land & Improvements	558,850	0.422%
Megatel Homes Inc. (b)	Land & Improvements	549,740	0.416%
Homeowner Trust	Land & Improvements	<u>520,400</u>	<u>0.393%</u>
Total		\$10,709,668	6.255%

(a) See "DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNER."

(b) See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT - Homebuilders."

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation that would be required to meet certain debt service requirements of the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds if no growth in the District occurs beyond the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$171,225,179) or the Estimated Valuation as of June 15, 2018 (\$175,000,000). The following further assumes collection of 95% of taxes levied and the sale of no additional bonds:

Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2019–2042)	\$1,048,044
Tax Rate of \$0.65 on the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$1,057,315
Tax Rate of \$0.64 on the June 15, 2018 Estimated Valuation.....	\$1,064,000
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2030).....	\$1,204,449
Tax Rate of \$0.75 on the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$1,219,979
Tax Rate of \$0.73 on the June 15, 2018 Estimated Valuation.....	\$1,213,625

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions (see "DISTRICT DEBT - Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement"), certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is a compilation of all 2018 taxes levied by such jurisdictions per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such levies do not include local assessments for community associations, fire department contributions, charges for solid waste disposal, or any other dues or charges made by entities other than political subdivisions.

<u>Taxing Jurisdiction</u>	<u>2018 Tax Rate Per \$100 of Assessed Taxable Valuation</u>
The District	\$0.900000
Kaufman County	\$0.478700
Forney Independent School District	\$1.540000
Kaufman County Road and Bridge Fund	\$0.110000
Kaufman County Emergency Services District No. 6	<u>\$0.030000</u>
Total Tax Rate	\$3.058700

THE DISTRICT

General

The District is a limited-purpose political subdivision of the State of Texas operating as a municipal utility district pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution. The District was created by the TCEQ, on November 10, 2004, as Lake Vista Ranch Municipal Utility District No. 3 of Kaufman County, Texas. By order of the TCEQ dated August 2, 2005, the District's name was changed to Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7.

The District is vested with all the rights, privileges, authority and functions conferred by the laws of the State of Texas applicable to municipal utility districts, including without limitation those conferred by Chapters 49 and 54, Texas Water Code, as amended. The District is empowered to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of storm water, among other things. The District may also provide solid waste collection and disposal service and operate and maintain recreational facilities. Currently the District contracts for solid waste collection service. The District may operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters and the TCEQ. The District does not operate and/or maintain a fire department. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ and is located in either the ETJ of the City of Dallas or the City of Heath.

Description

The District comprises approximately 392.3 acres and is part of the master-planned community known as "Travis Ranch," a development that, in total, comprises approximately 761 acres. The District is located within Kaufman County, Texas, approximately 2 miles north of downtown Forney, Texas, and approximately 1 mile north of the intersection Farm-to-Market 460 ("F.M. 460") and Farm-to-Market 740 ("F.M. 740"). The District is bordered by F.M. 740 on the east, Lake Ray Hubbard on the west, and Travis Ranch Blvd. on the south. All of the land within the District is within either the ETJ of the City of Dallas, Texas, or the City of Heath, Texas.

Management of the District

The District is governed by a board of five directors which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Directors are elected in even-numbered years for four- year staggered terms. The present members and officers of the Board are listed below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires May</u>
Hugh Anderson, II	President	2022
Brooke Sammons	Vice President	2020
Holly Martin	Secretary	2022
Kim Moon	Assistant Secretary	2020
Jason Ruiz	Assistant Secretary	2020

The District has contracted with the following companies and individuals to operate its utilities and recreational facilities:

Tax Assessor/Collector: The District's Tax Assessor/Collector is Utility Tax Service, L.L.C.

Bookkeeper: The District contracts with Cindy Schmidt, for bookkeeping services.

Utility System Operator: The District's operator is Inframark.

Auditor: As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which annual audit is filed with the TCEQ. A copy of the District's audit prepared by McGrath & Co., PLLC for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2017, is included as "APPENDIX A" to this Official Statement.

Engineer: The consulting engineer retained by the District in connection with the design and construction of the District's facilities is Westwood Professional Services, Inc. (the "Engineer").

Bond Counsel: The District has engaged Coats Rose, P.C. as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds. Coats Rose, P.C. also acts as general counsel for the District.

Disclosure Counsel: The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton LLP, Houston, Texas, as Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The legal fees to be paid Disclosure Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Financial Advisor: The District has engaged the firm of Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated as financial advisor to the District. Payment to the Financial Advisor by the District is contingent upon the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT

Of the approximately 392.30 acres of land within the District, approximately 233.00 acres (1,098 lots) have been developed as the single-family residential subdivisions of Travis Ranch, Phases 3A, 3B, 3D1 and 3D2 (162.10 acres and 840 lots), and Lakeside at Heath, Phases 3C1, 3G, 3G1 and 3G2 (70.90 acres and 258 lots). Additionally, approximately 30.82 acres (139 lots) are currently under development as single-family residential subdivision Travis Ranch, Phase 3E. As of September 1, 2018, development of said single-family subdivisions included 802 completed homes (782 occupied and 20 unoccupied), 62 homes under construction, and 234 vacant developed lots. The remaining acreage within the District consists of approximately 90.38 undeveloped but developable acres and approximately 38.10 undevelopable acres.

The following table sets out the status of single-family development, by section, within the District construction of single-family housing within the District as of September 1, 2018:

	Acres	Total Lots	Homes		Vacant Lots
			Complete	Under Construction	
Travis Ranch, Phase 3A	60.50	308	308	0	0
Travis Ranch, Phase 3B	62.00	316	316	0	0
Lakeside at Heath, Phase 3C1	31.40	136	0	27	109
Travis Ranch, Phase 3D1	14.50	77	65	4	8
Travis Ranch, Phase 3D2	25.10	139	0	24	115
Lakeside at Heath, Phase 3G	15.50	45	44	0	1
Lakeside at Heath, Phase 3G1	15.20	51	49	1	1
Lakeside at Heath, Phase 3G2	8.80	26	20	6	0
Total Residential	233.00	1,098	802	62	234
Under Development	30.82				
Undeveloped but Developable	90.38				
Undevelopable	38.10				
District Total	392.30				

Homebuilders in the District

Homebuilders active within the District include DR Horton, Oakdale Homes, Megatel Homes, and Castlerock Homes. The homes being marketed in the District range in price from approximately \$215,000 to \$360,000 and range in size from approximately 1,500 square feet to 3,500 square feet. See “DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS – Lot-Sales Contracts.”

TRAVIS RANCH

The District is part of the master-planned community of Travis Ranch, a development that, in total, comprises approximately 761 acres of land. Travis Ranch is comprised of three municipal utility districts: the District, Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 5 (“KC MUD 5”) and Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 6 (“KC MUD 6”). The District, KC MUD 5 and KC MUD 6 are referred to herein as the “Travis Ranch Districts.” KC MUD 5 acts as the “Master District” and provides the trunkwater and sanitary sewer lines and off-site facilities to serve Travis Ranch. In addition, the Master District contracts with the providers of water supply (Forney Lake Water Supply Corporation) and sanitary sewer service (City of Heath) to Travis Ranch. See “THE UTILITY SYSTEM.”

Land within Travis Ranch has been developed as the single-family subdivisions Travis Ranch, Phases 2A, 2B, 2B1, 2C, 3A, 3B, 3D1, and 3D2, Travis Ranch, Marina Lots and Travis Ranch, Model Park (an aggregated total of 379.80 acres and 1,905 lots). Additionally, approximately 127.22 acres (671 lots) are currently under development as the single-family subdivisions Travis Ranch, Phases 2D, 2E, 2G, and 3E.

Travis Ranch, Phases 2A, 2B, 2B1, 2C, 2D, 2E and 2G, Travis Ranch, Marina Lots and Travis Ranch, Model Park are located within the KC MUD 6 and Travis Ranch, Phases 3A, 3B, 3D1, 3D2, and 3E are located within the District. As of September 1, 2018, Travis Ranch consisted of approximately 1,626 completed homes, 77 homes under construction, and 202 vacant developed lots. In addition, Travis Ranch contains approximately 183.93 undeveloped but developable acres, approximately 2.20 acres for commercial development and approximately 67.50 undevelopable acres.

In addition to single-family residential development, Travis Ranch currently includes an amenity center with pool, a splash park, a covered pavilion, playgrounds, an in-line skating rink, pocket parks and an elementary school, which serves the existing subdivisions.

Homebuilders in Travis Ranch

The active homebuilders within the Travis Ranch Districts are DR Horton, Oakdale Homes, Megatel Homes, Pulte Homes and Castlerock Homes. The homes being marketed in the Travis Ranch Districts range in price from approximately \$215,000 to \$360,000 and range in size from approximately 1,500 square feet to 3,500 square feet. In addition, the homes being marketed in the single-family residential subdivision known as Travis Ranch, Marina Lots range in price from approximately \$512,000 to \$570,000 and range in size from approximately 2,800 square feet to 3,300 square feet.

DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS

The Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district, such as the District, include the following: acquiring the land within the district, designing the subdivision, the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivision, and any community facilities to be built; defining a marketing program and building schedule; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities; and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders and other developers or other third parties. Pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, a developer can be required to pay up to 30% of the cost of constructing certain water, wastewater and drainage facilities in a municipal utility district. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in the development of property within a municipal utility district may have a profound effect on the security of the bonds issued by a district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a municipal utility district to develop the property that it owns in a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land that the developer owns within a municipal utility district.

The Developer

The principal developer of land within the District is CTMGT Travis Ranch, LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("CTMGT" or the "Developer"). The Developer is comprised of two members, CTMGT LLC, a Texas limited liability company, and Centamtar Terras, L.L.C., a Texas limited liability company. The District is managed by Scarborough Management LLC a third-party management company controlled by James R. Feagin. CTMGT or related party entities, currently own approximately 30.82 acres in the District as well as approximately 206.83 undeveloped but developable acres in the remainder of Travis Ranch.

D.R. Horton-Texas, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, controlled by D.R. Horton, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a publicly traded corporation, is also developing certain lands in the District. D.R. Horton-Texas, Ltd. is the owner of approximately 97.48 acres of land within the District on which it is currently developing the area known as Lakeside at Heath.

Travis Ranch Marina, LLC, a Texas limited liability company, and its related entities own approximately 24.30 acres of land within the District that will be used for future single-family residential development.

Development Financing

Currently, there are various loans on the property within Travis Ranch. As of September 17, 2018, Liberty Bankers Life Insurance Company has a first lien on Travis Ranch, Phase 2G with a loan balance of \$7,475,684. As of September 18, 2018, FC-IV Financial LLC has a first lien on Travis Ranch, Phase 3E with a loan balance of \$1,176,675. As of September 18, 2018 Citizens National Bank of Texas has a first lien on the remaining lots in Travis Ranch, Phase 3D-2 and Travis Ranch, Phase 2D with a balance of \$2,575,848. A subordinate lien covering the remainder of Travis Ranch is held by United Development Funding IV L.P. and by CTMGT with a loan balance of \$17,368,760. According to the Developer, it is in compliance with the terms of such loans.

Lot-Sales Contracts

The Developer entered into lot-sales contracts with each of Kimball Hill Homes and Ryland Homes for one-half of the lots in Travis Ranch, Phases 3A and 3B. As of June 1, 2015, Kimball Hill Homes and Ryland Homes have left the community. The remaining lots in Travis Ranch, Phases 3A and 3B were contracted to DR Horton, Lillian Custom Homes and Megatel Homes, who have taken down all of their respective lots. DR Horton contracted and purchased all 45 lots within Travis Ranch, Phase 3G. Megatel Homes contracted and

purchased 39 lots in Travis Ranch, Phase 3D1, and the remaining 38 lots in Travis Ranch, Phase 3D1 were contracted and purchased by Oakdale Homes. Travis Ranch, Phases 3C1, 3G1, and 3G2 are owned and developed by DR Horton. Travis Ranch, Phase 3D2 was contracted to Oakdale Homes and Megatel Homes, of which Oakdale Homes has purchased their contracted share of 59 lots while Megatel Homes has purchased 22 of their 80 contracted lots. Travis Ranch, Phase 3E is currently under construction with all 139 lots under contract to Castlerock Homes.

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PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT

(taken May 2018)



PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT

(taken May 2018)



THE UTILITY SYSTEM

The Master District

On October 5, 2004, the District executed a “Contract for Financing and Operation of Regional Waste Collection, Treatment and Disposal Facilities and Regional Water Supply and Delivery Facilities” with the Master District (the “Master District Contract”) relating to the following facilities and services: the Master District wastewater collection system, the Master District water distribution system, the water supply system and the off-site wastewater transportation system (collectively, the “Master District Facilities”). The Master District Contract was approved by the voters of the District at an election held on February 5, 2005. Similar contracts have been executed by KC MUD 6 and KC MUD 5. The Master District Contract provides that the District and all other districts that have executed similar contracts with the Master District pay a pro rata share, based on the proportion of the certified appraised valuation of each district to the combined total certified appraised valuation of all Travis Ranch Districts, of the debt service on contract revenue bonds issued by the Master District to finance the Master Facilities (the “Contract Revenue Bonds”). The District is obligated to pay its pro rata share of debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds from the proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied by the District for such purpose (the “Contract Tax”), from the proceeds of operation of the District’s water distribution and wastewater collection systems, or from any other legally available funds of the District. The Master District Contract also provides for operation and maintenance expenses for facilities constructed pursuant to the Master District Contract; duties of the parties; establishment and maintenance of funds; assignment; arbitration; amendments; force majeure; insurance; and other provisions.

To date, the Master District has issued \$10,025,000 in Contract Revenue Bonds, and, as of September 1, 2018, \$4,455,000 of such previously issued Contract Revenue Bonds remains outstanding. The Master District is authorized to issue Contract Revenue Bonds sufficient to complete acquisition and construction of the Master District Facilities. The District’s pro rata share (and that of all other Travis Ranch Districts) of the debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds is determined by dividing the District’s certified gross appraised value by the cumulative total of the certified gross appraised values of all the Travis Ranch Districts. The Master District Contract obligates the District to pay its pro rata share of debt service requirements on the Contract Revenue Bonds from the proceeds of the Contract Tax, revenues derived from the operation of the District’s water distribution and wastewater collection system or from any other legally available funds of the District. See “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Contract Tax.”

Each Travis Ranch District is responsible for constructing its internal water distribution, wastewater collection and storm drainage lines within its respective boundaries. The internal facilities are financed with unlimited tax bonds sold by each district. The Master District Facilities will be constructed in stages to meet the needs of a continually expanding population within Travis Ranch. Pursuant to the Master District Contract, in the event that the Master District fails to meet its obligations under the Master District Contract to provide Master District Facilities, each of the other Travis Ranch Districts has the right to design, acquire, construct, or expand the Master District Facilities needed to provide service to such district, and convey such Master District Facilities to the Master District in consideration of payment by the Master District of the actual reasonable necessary capital costs expended by such district for such Master District Facilities.

The District is further obligated to pay monthly charges for water and sewer services rendered pursuant to the Master District Contract. The monthly charges will be used to pay the District’s share of operation and maintenance expenses and to provide for an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operation and maintenance expenses. The District’s share of operation and maintenance expenses and reserve requirements is determined by dividing the total number of equivalent single family residential connections (“ESFCs”) for all of the Travis Ranch Districts by the number of ESFCs for the District, as of the first day of the month. The District’s monthly payment for operation and maintenance expenses is calculated by multiplying the District’s pro rata share by the actual operation and maintenance expenses of the Master District.

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the District is obligated to establish and maintain rates, fees and charges for services provided by the District’s water distribution system and wastewater collection system, together with taxes levied and funds received from any other lawful sources, sufficient at all times to pay the District’s operation and maintenance expenses, and the District’s obligations pursuant to the Master District

Contract, including the District's pro rata share of the Master District's debt service requirements and monthly charges. All sums payable by the District pursuant to the Master District Contract are to be paid by the District without set off, counterclaim, abatement, suspension or diminution. If the District fails to pay its share of these costs in a timely manner, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District shall be entitled to cancel, in whole or in part, any reservation or allocation of capacity in the Master District's Facilities by the District in addition to the Master District's other remedies. As a practical matter, the District has no alternative provider of these services rendered under the Master District Contract.

Regulation

According to the Engineer, the Utility System's water distribution and wastewater collection lines constructed by the District have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the requirements of all governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over the construction and operation of such facilities including, among others, the TCEQ, the City of Dallas, the City of Heath, and Kaufman County. According to the District's Engineer, the design of all such facilities has been approved by all required governmental agencies and inspected by the TCEQ.

Operation of the District's waterworks and sewer treatment facilities is subject to regulation by, among others, the Environmental Protection Agency and the TCEQ. In many cases, regulations promulgated by these agencies have become effective only recently and are subject to further development and revisions.

Description of the Utility System

- Wastewater Treatment and Conveyance System -

Wastewater treatment for Travis Ranch is being provided by the City of Heath through its participation in the North Texas Municipal Water District's ("NTMWD") South Mesquite Creek Sewage Treatment Plant ("NTMWD Plant"). Pursuant to an October 7, 2004 agreement between the City of Heath and the Master District, the City of Heath has agreed to provide wholesale wastewater service for the full development of Travis Ranch.

The NTMWD Plant is sized sufficient to treat 33 million gallons per day ("MGD") of wastewater and the current flows at the NTMWD Plant are approximately 14 MGD. Capacity in the NTMWD is available to its participants on a first come/first serve basis and NTMWD has committed to its participants to expand the NTMWD Plant or construct other facilities to serve its customers' needs.

- Water Supply and Distribution -

Water supply for Travis Ranch is provided by Forney Lake Water Supply Corporation ("FLWSC"), which holds a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity over a certain area, including all of Travis Ranch. FLWSC purchases wholesale water from the NTMWD. Pursuant to an August 11, 2003 agreement between FLWSC and the Travis Ranch Districts, as amended, FLWSC has committed 1,900 ESFCs of its existing capacity to Travis Ranch. FLWSC has contracted with NTMWD to purchase 1,500 gallons per minute ("gpm") of water supply. FLWSC owns and operates a 950,000 gallon ground storage tank, a 500,000 gallon ground storage tank, a 500,000 gallon elevated storage tank and 1,500 gpm supply line, which is sufficient to serve 2,500 ESFCs.

FLWSC operates and maintains the water lines serving the District and receives all of the revenue from the providing of retail water service.

The FLWSC currently is serving approximately 3,340 ESFCs, including 2,050 within Travis Ranch and the surrounding neighborhoods. As development proceeds within Travis Ranch, FLWSC will need to purchase additional water supply from NTMWD and the Master District has agreed to construct the water infrastructure necessary to serve Travis Ranch.

- Drainage -

Stormwater from within the District currently drains through underground lines leading to drainage channels, or through underground lines directly to natural tributaries, and then to Lake Ray Hubbard. One drainage ditch has been constructed jointly within the District and KC MUD 6.

Description of the Road System

Construction of the road improvements within the boundaries of the District has been financed with funds advanced by the Developer, to be reimbursed with bond proceeds. The roads within the District vary in width in accordance with standards adopted by Kaufman County, but are sized to accommodate the anticipated traffic demands of full build-out of the property within the District. The District owns and maintains the roads within the District.

Historical Operations of the Utility System

The following is a summary of the District's Operating Fund for the last five years. Such summary has been prepared by the Financial Advisor for inclusion herein, based upon information obtained from the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2013, through July 31, 2017, reference to which is hereby made. The District is required by statute to have a certified public accountant prepare and file an annual audit of its financial records with the TCEQ.

	For Fiscal Year Ended July 31,					
	2018 (a)	2017	2016	2015	201	2013
Revenues						
Sewer service	\$319,782	\$248,787	\$254,971	\$230,519	\$234,130	\$192,581
Property taxes	117,849	273,509	112,833	161,409	36,090	44,642
Penalties and interest	18,100	13,230	14,165	14,986	14,379	19,089
Garbage service	193,640	168,165	148,900	147,510	141,638	114,013
Connection and inspection	21,450	324,450	44,450	17,450	53,860	26,170
Storm water service	31,105	27,229	26,430	25,926	25,024	20,058
Investment earnings	3,251	1,424	997	818	631	519
Miscellaneous	<u>93,560</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues	\$798,738	\$1,056,794	\$602,746	\$598,618	\$505,752	\$417,072
Expenditures						
Purchased services	\$259,441	\$256,315	\$177,058	\$256,619	\$168,894	\$139,686
Professional fees	30,819	39,586	30,325	27,006	24,497	24,597
Contracted services	194,888	176,381	166,824	162,075	142,465	120,359
Repairs and maintenance	41,233	65,460	19,693	14,692	14,172	23,745
Utilities	16,199	14,473	11,480	13,196	11,797	12,898
Administrative	9,777	8,784	6,894	6,072	6,879	24,316
Other	<u>31,846</u>	<u>1,466</u>	<u>1,488</u>	<u>1,437</u>	<u>1,489</u>	<u>1,425</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$584,203</u>	<u>\$562,465</u>	<u>\$413,762</u>	<u>\$481,097</u>	<u>\$370,193</u>	<u>\$347,026</u>
Revenues over expenditures	\$214,535	\$494,329	\$188,984	\$117,521	\$135,559	\$ 70,046

(a) Unaudited as of July 31, 2018. Figures obtained from the District's bookkeeper.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Kaufman County, Texas, the City of Dallas, Texas, the City of Heath, Texas, or any political subdivision other than the District. The Bonds are secured by a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property located within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." The ultimate security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District taxes levied against all taxable property located within the District or, in the event taxes are not collected and foreclosure proceedings are instituted by the District, upon the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The District makes no representations that over the life of the Bonds the property within the District will maintain a value sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by the property owners. The potential increase in taxable valuation of District property is directly related to the economics of the

residential housing industry, not only due to general economic conditions, but also due to the particular factors discussed below.

Economic Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

The rate of development within the District is directly related to the vitality of the single-family housing in the Dallas metropolitan area. New single-family residential construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of single-family residential construction would restrict the growth of property values in the District. Although 864 single-family homes are either completed or under construction within the District as of September 1, 2018, the District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of any future development in the District. See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT."

Developer's Obligations to the District: There is no commitment by or legal requirement of the Developer or any other landowner to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land in the District, or of any home builder to proceed at any particular pace with the construction of homes in the District. Moreover, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Therefore, the District can make no representation about the profitability of future development, if any, or the rate of future home construction activity in the District. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District and result in higher tax rates. See "DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT," and "DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS."

Maximum Impact on District Tax Rate: Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners to pay their taxes. The 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation of property within the District is \$171,225,179 and the June 15, 2018 Estimated Valuation is \$175,000,000. After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$1,204,449 (2030) and the average annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$1,048,044 (2019 through 2042, inclusive). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation, a tax rate of \$0.75 per \$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement of \$1,204,449 and a tax rate of \$0.65 per \$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the average annual debt service requirement of \$1,048,044 (see "DISTRICT DEBT - Debt Service Requirements"). Assuming no increase or decrease from the June 15, 2018 Estimated Valuation, tax rates of \$0.73 and \$0.64 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the estimated maximum annual debt service requirement and the estimated average annual debt service requirement, respectively.

The District levied 2018 tax rates of: \$0.305 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Utility System debt service purposes; \$0.495 per \$100 of assessed valuation for Road System debt service purposes; and \$0.100 per \$100 of assessed valuation for contract tax purposes. The District did not levy an operation and maintenance tax for the 2018 tax year.

Contract Tax

The Master District is responsible for obtaining the water supply and wastewater treatment, as well as the regional water distribution and wastewater collection trunklines, necessary to serve Travis Ranch, which includes the District. By execution of the Master District Contract, the Master District, the District, and KC MUD 6 are obligated to pay a pro rata share, based on the certified assessed valuation of each district, of debt service on Contract Revenue Bonds issued by the Master District to finance the Master District Facilities. The District is obligated to pay its pro rata share of debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds from the proceeds of the Contract Tax or from any other lawful source of District income. As of September 1, 2018, \$4,455,000 principal amount of Contract Revenue Bonds are outstanding, and it is not anticipated that the Master District will issue additional bonds in 2018. The District levied a Contract Tax of \$0.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2018 tax year. The Master District is authorized, without additional voter approval, to issue Contract Revenue Bonds in an amount necessary to finance the Master District Facilities to serve the entire development of Travis Ranch.

The Master District still owes approximately \$1,580,000 to the Developer for Master District Facilities. The District cannot represent whether any of the development planned or occurring in the area within the Travis Ranch Districts served by the Master District Facilities will be successful. A levy of a Contract Tax to substantially high levels could have an adverse impact upon future development and upon development and home sales within the Travis Ranch Districts, including the District, and the ability of the District to collect, and the willingness of owners of property located within the Travis Ranch Districts to pay, the ad valorem taxes levied by the District (including the Contract Tax). See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM."

Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by difficulties in collecting ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by judicial foreclosure.

The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time consuming and expensive collection procedures; (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection proceedings against a taxpayer; or (c) market conditions affecting the marketability of taxable property within the District and limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of such property.

Moreover, the proceeds of any sale of property within the District available to pay debt service on the Bonds may be limited by the existence of other tax liens on the property (see "TAX DATA - Estimated Overlapping Taxes"), by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, and by other factors (including the taxpayers' right to redeem property after foreclosure). Finally, a bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer.

Registered Owners' Remedies

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Order, or defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Order, the Registered Owners have the right to seek of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Order. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of defaults and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners.

Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Order may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights and creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of Registered Owners may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Texas law requires a district, such as the District, to obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by the District with Texas law requirements, the District could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby invoking the protection of the automatic stay until bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceeds and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning District relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be appealable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the Registered Owner could potentially and adversely impair the value of the Registered Owners' claim.

If the petitioning District were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect Registered Owners by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners' claims against a district.

The District may not be placed into bankruptcy involuntarily.

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable Bond Insurance Policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the District which is recovered by the District from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the bond insurer at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absence such prepayment by the District unless the bond insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the bond insurer without appropriate consent. The bond insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the bond insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the bond insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the bond insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the bond insurer and its claim paying ability. The bond insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the bond insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the bond insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATINGS."

The obligations of the bond insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the bond insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District or Initial Purchaser (hereinafter defined) have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the bond insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the bond insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the

Bonds and the claims paying ability of the bond insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See “MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE” and “RATINGS” herein for further information provided by the bond insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the bond insurer.

Future Debt

After the issuance of the Bonds, the following amounts will remain authorized but unissued: \$43,800,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System; \$23,845,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System; \$78,355,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Utility System Bonds; and \$50,850,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding Road System bonds. The District reserves in the Bond Order the right to issue the remaining authorized but unissued bonds plus such additional bonds as may hereafter be authorized by voters in the District. The Bond Order imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be issued by the District (if authorized by the District’s voters and approved by the Board and, in the case of bonds for the Utility System (such as the Utility Bonds) and recreational facilities, approved by the TCEQ). The District’s issuance of bonds for the Road System is not subject to approval by the TCEQ, such as the Road Bonds. In addition, the District has the right to issue obligations, other than the Bonds, including tax anticipation notes and bond anticipation notes, and to borrow money for any valid public purpose. The issuance of additional obligations may increase the District’s tax rate and adversely affect the security for and the investment quality and value of the Bonds. See “DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE DISTRICT.”

Based on present engineering cost estimates and on development plans supplied by the Developer, in the opinion of the Engineer, following the issuance of the Bonds, the remaining \$43,800,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued water, sewer, and drainage bonds will be sufficient to fully reimburse the Developer for the construction of the Utility System to serve the remaining undeveloped but developable land within the District.

Based on present engineering cost estimates and on development plans supplied by the Developer, in the opinion of the Engineer, the remaining \$23,845,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued road bonds will be sufficient to fully reimburse the Developer for the construction of the Road System to serve the remaining undeveloped but developable land within the District.

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe the Developer approximately \$1,865,000 for expenditures to construct the Utility System that serves the developed land within the District. Following the issuance of the Road Bonds, the District will not owe any reimbursements to the Developer for the Road System.

Competitive Nature of Dallas Residential Market

The housing industry in the Dallas area is very competitive, and the District can give no assurance that the building programs which are planned by the Developer will be continued or completed. The respective competitive positions of the Developer and any of the homebuilders are affected by most of the factors discussed in this section, and such competitive positions are directly related to tax revenues received by the District and the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District.

Collection of Taxes

The District’s ability to pay debt service on the Bonds may be adversely affected by its ability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien on the property in favor of the District on a parity with the lien of all other state and local authorities. Such lien can be foreclosed in judicial proceedings. The District’s ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court’s stay of a tax collection procedure against a taxpayer or (c) market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property including the taxpayer’s right to redeem property for a specified period of time after foreclosure at the foreclosure sale price. See “TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes.”

Marketability of the Bonds

The District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers, since such bonds are more generally bought, sold and traded in the secondary market.

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS - Opinion."

Approval of the Bonds

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas, however, does not pass upon or guarantee the safety of the Bonds as an investment or the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Issuance of the Bonds is subject to the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from an annual ad valorem tax levied without limit as to rate or amount upon all taxable property within the District. Issuance of the Bonds is also subject to the legal opinion of Bond Counsel that, based upon examination of the transcript of the proceedings incident to authorization and issuance of the Bonds, the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, and are payable from annual ad valorem taxes, which are not limited by applicable law in rate or amount, levied against all property within the District which is not exempt from taxation by or under applicable law. The legal opinion will further state that the interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions as described below under "TAX MATTERS." The legal opinion of Bond Counsel will be printed on the Bonds, if certificated Bonds are issued. Such opinions will express no opinion with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton, L.L.P., Houston, Texas, Disclosure Counsel.

In addition to serving as Bond Counsel, Coats Rose, P.C., also acts as counsel to the District on matters not related to the issuance of bonds. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based upon a percentage of bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Legal Review

In its capacity as Bond Counsel, Coats Rose, P.C., has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under the captioned sections "THE BONDS" (except for information under the subsections "Book-Entry-Only System" and "Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds"), "THE DISTRICT - General" and - "Management of the District - Bond Counsel and General Counsel," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "THE UTILITY SYSTEM - The Master District," and "LEGAL MATTERS" solely to determine whether such information fairly summarizes the law and documents referred to therein. Such firm has not independently verified factual information contained in this Official Statement, nor has such firm conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon such firm's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for, or an

expression of opinion of any kind with regard to, the accuracy or completeness of any of the other information contained herein.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature is then pending against or, to the best knowledge and belief of the certifying officers, threatened against the District contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority of proceedings for the authorization, execution or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds, the corporate existence or boundaries of the District or the titles of the then present officers of the Board.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion

On the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, Coats Rose, P.C., Dallas, Texas, Bond Counsel, will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof ("Existing Law"), (1) interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (2) the Bonds will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) certain information and representations of the District, including information and representations contained in the District's federal tax certificate and (b) covenants of the District contained in the Bond documents relating to certain matters, including arbitrage and the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the property financed or refinanced therewith. Failure by the District to observe the aforementioned representations or covenants could cause the interest on the Bonds to become taxable retroactively to the date of issuance.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for interest on the Bonds to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the District with such requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. Existing Law is subject to change by Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury. There can be no assurance that such Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service by the District with respect to the Bonds or the property financed or refinanced with proceeds of the Bonds. No assurances can be given as to whether the Internal Revenue Service will commence an audit of the Bonds, or as to whether the Internal Revenue Service

would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an Internal Revenue Service audit is commenced, under current procedures the Internal Revenue Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

Federal Income Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Bonds is less than the principal amount thereof or one or more periods for the payment of interest on the Bonds may not be equal to the accrual period or be in excess of one year (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds"). In such event, the difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Bond would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the Bonds less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year.

Under Existing Law, any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond in the initial public offering is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the accrual period. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Original Issue Discount Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds.

Collateral Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on Existing Law, which is subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with accumulated earnings and profits and excess passive investment income, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium

assistance credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Under section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation. Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Bonds, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

State, Local and Foreign Taxes

Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

Section 265 of the Code provides, in general, that interest expense incurred to acquire or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible from the gross income of the owner thereof. In addition, interest expense incurred by certain owners that are "financial institutions" within the meaning of such section and which is allocable to tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986, is completely disallowed as a deduction for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to this rule for interest expense incurred by financial institutions and allocable to tax-exempt obligations (other than private activity bonds) which are designated by an issuer, such as the District, as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." An issue may be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" only where the amount of such issue, when added to all other tax-exempt obligations (other than private activity bonds) issued or reasonably anticipated to be issued by the issuer during the same calendar year, does not exceed \$10,000,000.

The District has, pursuant to the Bond Order, designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and certify its expectation that the above-described \$10,000,000 ceiling will not be exceeded for 2018. Accordingly, it is anticipated that financial institutions that purchase the Bonds will not be subject to the 100 percent disallowance of interest expense allocable to interest on the Bonds under Section 265(b) of the Code. However, 20 percent of the interest expense incurred by a financial institution which is allocable to the interest on the Bonds would not be deductible pursuant to Section 291 of the Code.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The MSRB has established the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system which is available at www.emma.msrb.org.

Annual Reports

The District shall file annually with the MSRB, (1) within six-months after the end of each fiscal year ending in or after 2018, financial information and operating data of the general type included in this Official Statement under the headings, "THE UTILITY SYSTEM – Historical Operations of the Utility System," "DISTRICT DEBT" (except for the subheading "– Estimated Overlapping Debt"), "TAX DATA," and financial statements of the District including supplemental schedules, if audited financial statements are then available and (2) if not provided as part of such financial information and operating data, audited financial statements when and if available. Any financial statements provided by the District shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within twelve months after any such fiscal year end, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements when and if the audit report becomes available.

The District's current fiscal year end is July 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by January 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR §240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material. The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Order makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide operating information, financial data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from MSRB

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing notices to the MSRB. The District is required to file its continuing disclosure information using EMMA, which is the format currently prescribed by the MSRB and has been established by the MSRB to make such continuing disclosure information available to investors free of charge. Investors may access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete

presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement, or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders and beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or operations of the District or the Developer but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments and interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the agreement if the United States Securities and Exchange Commission amends or repeals the applicable provisions of such rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid, but in either case only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the offering described herein. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the last five years, the District has complied in all material respects with its previous continuing disclosure agreements made in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

General

The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Engineer, the Developer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Auditor, the Kaufman County Appraisal District and other sources believed to be reliable; however, no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, except as described below. The summaries of the statutes, resolutions and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are included subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information.

The District's audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2017, were prepared by McGrath & Co. PLLC, and have been included herein as "APPENDIX A." McGrath & Co. PLLC, Certified Public Accountant, has consented to the publication of such financial statements in this Preliminary Official Statement.

Experts

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to development and the status of development within the District generally and, in particular, the information in the section captioned "DEVELOPER/PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS" has been provided by the Developer and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority and knowledge of each such party concerning the matters described therein.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to the District's audited financial statements, in particular, the information in "APPENDIX A," has been provided by the Auditor and has been included herein in reliance upon their authority and knowledge of such party concerning the matters described therein.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to engineering and to the description of the Utility System generally and, in particular, the engineering information included in the sections captioned

“THE DISTRICT” and “THE UTILITY SYSTEM” has been provided by the Engineer and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information contained in this Official Statement relating to assessed valuations of property generally and, in particular, that information concerning valuations, analysis of the tax base and percentages of tax collections contained in the sections captioned “TAX DATA” has been provided by the Kaufman County Appraisal District and the District’s Tax Assessor/Collector, and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of such parties as experts in the field of tax assessing and collecting.

Certification as to Official Statement

At the time of payment for and delivery of the Bonds, the District will furnish the Initial Purchasers a certificate, executed by the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors of the District, acting in their official capacities, to the effect that to the best of their knowledge and belief: (a) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to the District contained in this Official Statement, on the date thereof and on the date of delivery, were and are true and correct in all material respects; (b) insofar as the District and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, this Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated herein or necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (c) insofar as the descriptions and statements, including financial data, contained in this Official Statement, of or pertaining to entities other than the District, such statements and data have been obtained from sources which the District believes to be reliable, and the District has no reason to believe that they are untrue in any material respect.

Updating the Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide an Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the “end of the underwriting period” (as defined in the SEC Rule 15c2-12) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the “end of the underwriting period”), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser. The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the “end of the underwriting period” within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers on or before such date, in which case the obligation to update or change the Official Statement will extend for an additional period of time of 25 days after all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the “end of the underwriting period” as defined in SEC Rule 15c2-12.

CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District’s records, audited financial statements and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents and resolutions contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such statutes, documents and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 as of the date specified on the first page hereof.

/s/ Hugh Anderson, II
President, Board of Directors
Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7

ATTEST:

/s/ Holly Martin
Secretary, Board of Directors
Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7

APPENDIX A
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

**KAUFMAN COUNTY MUNICIPAL
UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 7**

KAUFMAN COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

July 31, 2017

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Kaufman County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7, as of and for the year ended July 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

***Board of Directors
Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Kaufman County, Texas***

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7, as of July 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The Texas Supplementary Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

McGlothlin & Co, P.C.

Houston, Texas
November 16, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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***Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2017***

Using this Annual Report

Within this section of the financial report of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 (the "District"), the District's Board of Directors provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2017. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the *Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

***Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
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The *Statement of Activities* reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*. The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at July 31, 2017, was negative \$2,629,256. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of July 31, 2017 and 2016, is as follows:

	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 2,415,474	\$ 1,943,854
Capital assets	11,494,660	8,138,522
Total assets	<u>13,910,134</u>	<u>10,082,376</u>
 Total deferred outflows of resources	 <u>126,543</u>	 <u>137,088</u>
 Current liabilities	 492,239	 464,666
Long-term liabilities	16,173,694	11,987,958
Total liabilities	<u>16,665,933</u>	<u>12,452,624</u>
 Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(4,700,007)	(3,879,380)
Restricted	697,290	771,540
Unrestricted	1,373,461	874,680
Total net position	<u>\$ (2,629,256)</u>	<u>\$ (2,233,160)</u>

***Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
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The total net position of the District decreased during the current fiscal year by \$396,096. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two years is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues		
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 1,067,517	\$ 940,486
Sewer and garbage services	416,952	403,871
Other	356,697	74,342
Total revenues	<u>1,841,166</u>	<u>1,418,699</u>
Expenses		
Current service operations	681,627	560,108
Interest and fees	575,217	635,612
Debt issuance costs	156,555	242,698
Master District contractual obligations	196,457	204,031
Depreciation	627,406	492,987
Total expenses	<u>2,237,262</u>	<u>2,135,436</u>
Change in net position	(396,096)	(716,737)
Net position, beginning of year	(2,233,160)	(1,516,423)
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ (2,629,256)</u>	<u>\$ (2,233,160)</u>

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of July 31, 2017, were \$2,332,360, which consists of \$1,372,006 in the General Fund, \$837,870 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$122,484 in the Capital Projects Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,427,174</u>	<u>\$ 933,172</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 48,713	\$ 53,492
Total deferred inflows	6,455	2,003
Total fund balance	1,372,006	877,677
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,427,174</u>	<u>\$ 933,172</u>

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A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total revenues	\$ 1,056,794	\$ 602,746
Total expenditures	(562,465)	(413,762)
Revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 494,329</u>	<u>\$ 188,984</u>

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, the provision of sewer and garbage services to customers within the District, sewer connection and inspection fees charged to homebuilders in the District. Financial resources are influenced by a variety of factors each year:

- Property tax revenues are dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. Property tax revenues increased from prior year because the District increased the maintenance and operations component of the levy and because assessed values increased from prior year.
- Sewer service revenues are dependent upon customer usage, which fluctuates from year to year as a result of factors beyond the District's control.
- Revenues from providing garbage collection services are based on the number of customers in the District. Garbage collection service revenues increased from prior year due to an increase in the number of connections within the District.
- Sewer connection and inspection fees fluctuate with homebuilding activity within the District.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 865,816</u>	<u>\$ 917,714</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 3,457	\$ 2,171
Total deferred inflows	24,489	15,877
Total fund balance	837,870	899,666
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	<u>\$ 865,816</u>	<u>\$ 917,714</u>

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A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total revenues	\$ 771,000	\$ 823,535
Total expenditures	<u>(832,796)</u>	<u>(739,962)</u>
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	(61,796)	83,573
Other changes in fund balance		276,661
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (61,796)</u>	<u>\$ 360,234</u>

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current year and prior year are from property tax revenues. During the prior year, financial resources also included capitalized interest from the sale of bonds. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements will result in changes in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

Capital Projects Fund

A comparative summary of the Capital Projects Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 122,484</u>	<u>\$ 92,968</u>
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 122,484</u>	<u>\$ 92,968</u>

A comparative summary of activities in the Capital Projects Fund for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total revenues	\$ 309	\$ 141
Total expenditures	<u>(2,533,733)</u>	<u>(4,365,791)</u>
Revenues under expenditures	(2,533,424)	(4,365,650)
Other changes in fund balance	2,562,940	4,366,670
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 29,516</u>	<u>\$ 1,020</u>

The District has had considerable capital asset activity in the last two years, which was financed with proceeds from the issuance of its \$2,640,000 Series 2017 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds in the current year and proceeds from the issuance of its \$4,775,000 Series 2015 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds in the prior year.

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General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board did not amend the budget during the fiscal year.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$243,459 greater than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 32 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developer for the financing of the construction of capital assets within the District. The developer will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. These developer funded capital assets are recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction.

Capital assets held by the District at July 31, 2017 and 2016 are summarized as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land and improvements	\$ 366,150	\$ 366,150
Capital assets being depreciated		
Water, wastewater and drainage facilities	7,189,040	4,857,676
Roads	6,686,019	5,033,839
	<u>13,875,059</u>	<u>9,891,515</u>
Less accumulated depreciation		
Water, wastewater and drainage facilities	(1,250,480)	(1,090,723)
Roads	(1,496,069)	(1,028,420)
	<u>(2,746,549)</u>	<u>(2,119,143)</u>
Depreciable capital assets, net	<u>11,128,510</u>	<u>7,772,372</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,494,660</u>	<u>\$ 8,138,522</u>

Capital asset additions during the current year include water, sewer, drainage and road facilities to serve Travis Ranch Boulevard, Phases 3D-1, 3G-1 and 3G-2.

Long-Term Debt and Related Liabilities

As of July 31, 2017, the District owes \$4,548,853 to the developer for completed projects and operating advances. As discussed in Note 6, the District has an additional commitment in the amount of \$251,232 for projects under construction by the developer. As previously mentioned, the District will owe its developer for these projects upon completion of construction, at which time the capital assets and related liability will be recorded on the District's financial statements. The District intends to reimburse the developer from proceeds of future bond issues.

***Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2017***

At July 31, 2017 and 2016, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series	2017	2016
2007	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000
2008	480,000	605,000
2014 Refunding	3,995,000	4,135,000
2015 Road	4,775,000	4,775,000
2017 Road	2,640,000	
	\$ 12,110,000	\$ 9,735,000

During the year, the District issued \$2,640,000 in unlimited tax road bonds. At July 31, 2017, the District had \$46,200,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District; \$26,485,000 for road improvements and \$78,355,000 for refunding purposes.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and sewer and garbage services and the projected cost of operating the District and providing services to customers. A comparison of next year's budget to current year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	2017 Actual	2018 Budget
Total revenues	\$ 1,056,794	\$ 701,850
Total expenditures	(562,465)	(513,325)
Revenues over expenditures	494,329	188,525
Beginning fund balance	877,677	1,372,006
Ending fund balance	\$ 1,372,006	\$ 1,560,531

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$14,309,000 for the 2017 tax year from \$115,892,894 to \$130,201,489. This increase was primarily due to new construction in the District. For the 2017 tax year, the District has levied a maintenance tax rate of \$0.12 per \$100 of assessed value, a contract tax rate of \$0.15 per \$100 of assessed value, a water, sewer, and drainage debt service tax rate of \$0.31 per \$100 of assessed value, and a road debt service tax rate of \$0.32 per \$100 of assessed value, for a total combined tax rate of \$0.90 per \$100. Tax rates for the 2016 tax year were \$0.24 per \$100 for maintenance and operations, \$0.13 per \$100 for contract tax, \$0.36 per \$100 for water, sewer, and drainage debt service, and \$0.17 per \$100 for road debt service.

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Basic Financial Statements

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
July 31, 2017

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets						
Cash	\$ 1,210,362	\$ 245,347	\$ 122,484	\$ 1,578,193	\$ -	\$ 1,578,193
Investments		595,564		595,564		595,564
Taxes receivable	6,455	24,489		30,944		30,944
Customer service receivables, net	51,137			51,137		51,137
Internal balances	823	(823)				
Other receivables	127	1,239		1,366		1,366
Due from other governments	117,376			117,376		117,376
Prepaid items	2,500			2,500		2,500
Operating reserve	38,394			38,394		38,394
Capital assets not being depreciated					366,150	366,150
Capital assets, net					11,128,510	11,128,510
Total Assets	\$ 1,427,174	\$ 865,816	\$ 122,484	\$ 2,415,474	11,494,660	13,910,134
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred difference on refunding					126,543	126,543
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 19,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,130		19,130
Other payables	866	594		1,460		1,460
Due to other governments	28,717			28,717		28,717
Accrued interest payable		2,863		2,863	165,069	167,932
Due to developer					4,548,853	4,548,853
Long-term debt						
Due within one year					275,000	275,000
Due after one year					11,624,841	11,624,841
Total Liabilities	48,713	3,457		52,170	16,613,763	16,665,933
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property taxes	6,455	24,489		30,944	(30,944)	
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	40,894			40,894	(40,894)	
Restricted		837,870	122,484	960,354	(960,354)	
Unassigned	1,331,112			1,331,112	(1,331,112)	
Total Fund Balances	1,372,006	837,870	122,484	2,332,360	(2,332,360)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,427,174	\$ 865,816	\$ 122,484	\$ 2,415,474		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets					(4,700,007)	(4,700,007)
Restricted for debt service					697,290	697,290
Unrestricted					1,373,461	1,373,461
Total Net Position					\$ (2,629,256)	\$ (2,629,256)

See notes to basic financial statements.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Sewer service	\$ 248,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,787	\$ -	\$ 248,787
Property taxes	273,509	758,531		1,032,040	11,137	1,043,177
Penalties and interest	13,230	9,184		22,414	1,926	24,340
Garbage service	168,165			168,165		168,165
Sewer connection and inspection	324,450			324,450		324,450
Storm water service	27,229			27,229		27,229
Investment earnings	1,424	3,285	309	5,018		5,018
Total Revenues	1,056,794	771,000	309	1,828,103	13,063	1,841,166
Expenditures/Expenses						
Current service operations						
Purchased services	256,315			256,315		256,315
Professional fees	39,586		91,376	130,962		130,962
Contracted services	176,381	23,606		199,987		199,987
Repairs and maintenance	65,460			65,460		65,460
Utilities	14,473			14,473		14,473
Administrative	8,784	3,625		12,409		12,409
Other	1,466	429	126	2,021		2,021
Capital outlay			2,096,798	2,096,798	(2,096,798)	
Debt service						
Principal		265,000		265,000	(265,000)	
Interest and fees		343,679	188,878	532,557	42,660	575,217
Debt issuance costs			156,555	156,555		156,555
Contractual obligations		196,457		196,457		196,457
Depreciation					627,406	627,406
Total Expenditures/Expenses	562,465	832,796	2,533,733	3,928,994	(1,691,732)	2,237,262
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	494,329	(61,796)	(2,533,424)	(2,100,891)	2,100,891	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of bonds			2,640,000	2,640,000	(2,640,000)	
Bond discount			(77,060)	(77,060)	77,060	
Net Change in Fund Balances	494,329	(61,796)	29,516	462,049	(462,049)	
Change in Net Position					(396,096)	(396,096)
Fund Balance/Net Position						
Beginning of the year	877,677	899,666	92,968	1,870,311	(4,103,471)	(2,233,160)
End of the year	\$ 1,372,006	\$ 837,870	\$ 122,484	\$ 2,332,360	\$ (4,961,616)	\$ (2,629,256)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 (the “District”) conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established as Lake Vista Ranch Municipal Utility District No. 3 pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality dated November 10, 2004, and operates in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on November 16, 2004 and the first bonds were sold on March 15, 2007. The District changed its name to Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7 on August 2, 2005.

The District’s primary activities include construction, maintenance and operation of water, sewer, drainage and road facilities. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District’s financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or “major” funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has three governmental funds, which are all considered major funds.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- The General Fund is used to account for the operations of the District's sewer system and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal sources of revenue are property taxes, sewer and garbage service fees. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt and payment of contract taxes to the Master District (See Note 9). The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the expenditures of bond proceeds for the construction of the District's water, sewer, drainage and road facilities.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, interest earned on investments and income from District operations. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made by the District reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At July 31, 2017, an allowance of \$4,500 was provided for possible uncollectible sewer accounts. An allowance for possible uncollectible property taxes receivable was not considered necessary.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of water, wastewater, drainage and road facilities, are depreciated using the straight-line method as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water, wastewater and drainage facilities	45 years
Roads	20 years

The District's drainage channels are considered improvements to land and are non-depreciable.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Deferred outflows of financial resources at the government-wide level are from a refunding bond transaction in which the amount required to repay the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is being amortized to interest expense.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District's nonspendable fund balance consists of prepaid items and operating reserves paid to Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 5 for the joint facilities.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Fund and property taxes levied for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectibility of receivables; the useful lives and impairment of capital assets; the value of amounts due to developer and the value of capital assets for which the developer has not been fully reimbursed. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* to the *Statement of Net Position*

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 2,332,360
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Historical cost	\$ 14,241,209	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,746,549)</u>	
Change due to capital assets		11,494,660
The difference between the face amount of bonds refunded and the amount paid to the escrow agent is recorded as a deferred difference on refunding in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> and amortized to interest expense. It is not recorded in the fund statements because it is not a financial resource.		126,543
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of:		
Bonds payable, net	(11,899,841)	
Interest payable on bonds	<u>(165,069)</u>	
Change due to long-term debt		(12,064,910)
Amounts due to the District's developer for prefunded construction and operating advances are recorded as a liability in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .		(4,548,853)
Property taxes receivable and related penalties and interest have been levied and are due, but are not available soon enough to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	25,420	
Penalty and interest receivable	<u>5,524</u>	
Change due to property taxes		30,944
Total net position - governmental activities		<u><u>\$ (2,629,256)</u></u>

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis (continued)

Reconciliation of the *Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* to the *Statement of Activities*

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 462,049
Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> when earned. The difference is for property taxes and related penalties and interest.	13,063
Capital outlays for developer reimbursements are recorded as expenditures in the fund, but reduce the liability for due to developer in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .	2,096,798
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal uses current financial resources. However, neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Other elements of debt financing are reported differently between the fund and government wide statements.	
Principal payments	\$ 265,000
Interest expense accrual	(42,660)
Issuance of long term debt	(2,640,000)
Bond discount	77,060
	<u>(2,340,600)</u>
In the <i>Statement of Activities</i> , the cost of capital assets is charged to depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of the asset.	(627,406)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (396,096)</u></u>

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash and certificates of deposit) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District’s deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District’s written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of July 31, 2017, the District's investments consist entirely of certificates of deposit in the District's Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$595,564. These investments in certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Note 4 – Amounts Due to/from Other Funds

Amounts due to/from other funds at July 31, 2017, consist of the following:

	Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$ 823	\$ -
Debt Service Fund		823
	<u>\$ 823</u>	<u>\$ 823</u>

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended July 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land and improvements	\$ 366,150	\$ -	\$ 366,150
Capital assets being depreciated			
Water, wastewater and drainage facilities	4,857,676	2,331,364	7,189,040
Roads	5,033,839	1,652,180	6,686,019
	<u>9,891,515</u>	<u>3,983,544</u>	<u>13,875,059</u>
Less accumulated depreciation			
Water, wastewater and drainage facilities	(1,090,723)	(159,757)	(1,250,480)
Roads	(1,028,420)	(467,649)	(1,496,069)
	<u>(2,119,143)</u>	<u>(627,406)</u>	<u>(2,746,549)</u>
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	<u>7,772,372</u>	<u>3,356,138</u>	<u>11,128,510</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,138,522</u>	<u>\$ 3,356,138</u>	<u>\$ 11,494,660</u>

Depreciation expense for the current year was \$627,406.

Note 6 – Due to Developer

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developer for the financing of the construction of water, sewer, drainage facilities and road improvements. Under the agreements, the developer will advance funds for the construction of facilities to serve the District. The developer will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds, subject to approval by TCEQ, as applicable. The District does not record the capital asset and related liability on the government-wide statements until construction of the facilities is complete. The District's developer has also advanced funds to the District for operating expenses.

Changes in amounts due to developers during the year are as follows:

Due to developer, beginning of year	\$ 2,662,107
Developer reimbursements	(1,530,575)
Developer funded construction and adjustments	3,417,321
Due to developer, end of year	<u>\$ 4,548,853</u>

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 6 – Due to Developer (continued)

In addition, the District will owe the developer approximately \$251,232, which is included in the following schedule of contractual commitments. The exact amount is not known until approved by the TCEQ and verified by the District’s auditor. As previously noted, these projects will be reported in the government-wide financial statements upon completion of construction.

	Contract Amount	Amounts Paid	Remaining Commitment
Travis Ranch, phase 3D-2 excavation	\$ 130,152	\$ -	\$ 130,152
Travis Ranch, phase 3C-1 excavation	121,080		121,080
	<u>\$ 251,232</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 251,232</u>

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 12,110,000
Unamortized discounts	(210,159)
	<u>\$ 11,899,841</u>
Due within one year	<u>\$ 275,000</u>

The District’s bonds payable at July 31, 2017, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

Series	Amounts Outstanding	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date, Serially, Beginning/ Ending	Interest Payment Dates	Call Dates
2007	\$ 220,000	\$ 2,870,000	4.0% - 6.5%	March 1, 2009/2030	September 1, March 1	March 1, 2014
2008	480,000	3,280,000	5.0% - 6.0%	March 1, 2011/2031	September 1, March 1	March 1, 2015
2014 Refunding	3,995,000	4,210,000	2.83%	March 1, 2015/2029	September 1, March 1	March 1, 2022
2015 Road	4,775,000	4,775,000	3.625% - 4.0%	September 1, 2031/2040	September 1, March 1	March 1, 2023
2017 Road	2,640,000	2,640,000	1.40% - 3.375%	September 1, 2018/2031	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2024
	<u>\$ 12,110,000</u>					

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At July 31, 2017, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$46,200,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities; \$26,485,000 for road improvements and \$78,355,000 for refunding purposes.

On March 16, 2017, the District issued its \$2,640,000 Series 2017 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds at a net effective interest rate of 3.219256%. Proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse the developer for the construction of capital assets within the District plus interest at the net effective interest rate of the bonds.

The change in the District's long term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$	9,735,000
Bonds issued		2,640,000
Bonds retired		(265,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$	<u>12,110,000</u>

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

As of July 31, 2017, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 275,000	\$ 399,801	\$ 674,801
2019	435,000	390,968	825,968
2020	445,000	380,613	825,613
2021	470,000	369,679	839,679
2022	480,000	357,863	837,863
2023	500,000	345,465	845,465
2024	525,000	332,122	857,122
2025	545,000	317,746	862,746
2026	555,000	302,505	857,505
2027	580,000	286,509	866,509
2028	605,000	269,478	874,478
2029	635,000	251,722	886,722
2030	695,000	233,091	928,091
2031	495,000	203,864	698,864
2032	260,000	182,609	442,609
2033	430,000	169,850	599,850
2034	450,000	153,350	603,350
2035	465,000	136,194	601,194
2036	485,000	118,381	603,381
2037	510,000	100,044	610,044
2038	530,000	80,200	610,200
2039	555,000	58,500	613,500
2040	580,000	35,800	615,800
2041	605,000	12,100	617,100
	<u>\$ 12,110,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,488,454</u>	<u>\$ 17,598,454</u>

Note 8 – Property Taxes

On February 15, 2005, the voters of the District authorized the District’s Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$0.99 per \$100 of assessed value. The District’s bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Kaufman County Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 8 – Property Taxes (continued)

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District’s 2017 fiscal year was financed through the 2016 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.90 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.24 was allocated to maintenance and operations, \$0.13 was allocated to contract tax, \$0.36 was allocated to water, sewer, and drainage debt service, and \$0.17 was allocated to road debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$1,043,036 on the adjusted taxable value of \$115,892,894.

Property taxes receivable, at July 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 23,179
Prior years taxes receivable	2,241
	<u>25,420</u>
Penalty and interest receivable	5,524
Property taxes receivable	<u><u>\$ 30,944</u></u>

Note 9 – Master District

On November 16, 2004, the District entered into a contract (the “Contract”) with Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 5 (the “Master District”) whereby the Master District agrees to provide or cause to be provided the regional water supply and distribution facilities and the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facilities necessary to serve all districts located within the Master District’s service area.

The Master District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose of acquiring and constructing facilities needed to provide services to all participating districts. The District shall contribute to the payment of debt service requirements based on its pro rata share of the total certified assessed valuation of all participating districts. As of July 31, 2017, the Master District has \$4,720,000 bonded debt outstanding. The District contributed \$196,457 to this debt service requirement during the year ended July 31, 2017.

The Contract authorizes the establishment of an operating and maintenance reserve by the Master District equivalent to three months’ operating and maintenance expenses, as set forth in the Master District’s annual budget. As of July 31, 2017, the District has a reserve of \$38,394. The Master District shall adjust the reserve as needed, not less than annually.

Monthly operating and maintenance expenses of the Master District are charged on a pro rata basis to each participating district, based on the number of equivalent single family connections in the District. As of July 31, 2017, the District has incurred \$256,315 for its share of the Master District operating and maintenance expenses.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
July 31, 2017

Note 10 – Water Service Contract

On August 11, 2003, the District entered into an agreement, as subsequently amended, with Forney Lake Water Supply Corporation ("Forney Lake"). Pursuant to the terms of this contract, the District is required to construct water facilities to serve customers within the service area. Forney Lake is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the water system and is entitled to all revenues derived from the operation of the water system. After the District's bonded debt and developer are paid in full for the water system, the District shall convey the water system to Forney Lake at Forney Lake's option.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 12 – Subsequent Event

On November 7, 2017, the District issued a bond anticipation note (BAN) in the amount of \$1,333,000. Proceeds of the BAN will be used to reimburse the developer for infrastructure improvements in the District. The BAN carries an interest rate of 1.68% and is due on November 6, 2018.

Required Supplementary Information

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Sewer service	\$ 309,000	\$ 248,787	\$ (60,213)
Property taxes	122,210	273,509	151,299
Penalties and interest	15,000	13,230	(1,770)
Garbage service	156,000	168,165	12,165
Sewer connection and inspection	68,250	324,450	256,200
Storm water service	27,600	27,229	(371)
Investment earnings	960	1,424	464
Total Revenues	699,020	1,056,794	357,774
Expenditures			
Current service operations			
Purchased services	199,130	256,315	(57,185)
Professional fees	31,900	39,586	(7,686)
Contracted services	177,150	176,381	769
Repairs and maintenance	18,000	65,460	(47,460)
Utilities	12,600	14,473	(1,873)
Administrative	7,225	8,784	(1,559)
Other	2,145	1,466	679
Total Expenditures	448,150	562,465	(114,315)
Revenues Over Expenditures	250,870	494,329	243,459
Fund Balance			
Beginning of the year	877,677	877,677	
End of the year	\$ 1,128,547	\$ 1,372,006	\$ 243,459

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
July 31, 2017

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. There were no amendments to the budget during the year.

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Texas Supplementary Information

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
TSI-1. Services and Rates
July 31, 2017

1. Services provided by the District During the Fiscal Year:

- | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Retail Water | <input type="checkbox"/> Wholesale Water | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Solid Waste/Garbage | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retail Wastewater | <input type="checkbox"/> Wholesale Wastewater | <input type="checkbox"/> Flood Control | <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parks/Recreation | <input type="checkbox"/> Fire Protection | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads | <input type="checkbox"/> Security |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Participates in joint venture, regional system and/or wastewater service (other than emergency interconnect) | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify): <u>Water services are provided by Forney Lake Water Supply Corporation</u> | | | |

2. Retail Service Providers

(You may omit this information if your district does not provide retail services)

a. Retail Rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	<u>Minimum Charge</u>	<u>Minimum Usage</u>	<u>Flat Rate (Y / N)</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum Usage</u>	<u>Usage Levels</u>	
Wastewater:	\$ 21.50	2,000	N	\$ 2.05	2,001	to 10,000
				\$ 2.45	10,001	to no limit
Storm water fee:	\$ 3.55	-0-	Y	N/A	N/A	to N/A

District employs winter averaging for wastewater usage? Yes No

Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water N/A Wastewater \$ 41.45

b. Water and Wastewater Retail Connections:

<u>Meter Size</u>	<u>Total Connections</u>	<u>Active Connections</u>	<u>ESFC Factor</u>	<u>Active ESFC'S</u>
Unmetered			x 1.0	
less than 3/4"			x 1.0	
1"			x 2.5	
1.5"			x 5.0	
2"			x 8.0	
3"			x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water				
Total Wastewater	<u>678</u>	<u>678</u>	x 1.0	<u>678</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-2 General Fund Expenditures
 For the Year Ended July 31, 2017*

Purchased services	\$ 256,315
Professional fees	
Legal	28,686
Audit	10,900
	<u>39,586</u>
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	7,726
Billing services	17,908
Operator	22,044
Garbage collection	128,388
Connection and inspection	315
	<u>176,381</u>
Repairs and maintenance	<u>65,460</u>
Utilities	<u>14,473</u>
Administrative	
Directors fees	4,800
Insurance	2,991
Other	993
	<u>8,784</u>
Other	<u>1,466</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 562,465</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
TSI-3. Investments
July 31, 2017

Fund	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year	Interest Receivable
Debt Service					
Certificate of deposit	9009010308	0.55%	08/25/17	\$ 102,000	\$ 243
Certificate of deposit	3289	0.60%	08/25/17	245,000	636
Certificate of deposit	1002052594	0.55%	08/25/17	248,564	592
				<u>\$ 595,564</u>	<u>\$ 1,471</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable
July 31, 2017

	Maintenance Taxes	Contract Taxes	W-S-D Debt Service Taxes	Road Debt Service Taxes	Totals
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$ 2,003	\$ 3,195	\$ 6,919	\$ 2,165	\$ 14,282
2016 Original Tax Levy	278,582	150,898	417,872	197,329	1,044,681
Adjustments	(439)	(238)	(657)	(311)	(1,645)
Adjusted Tax Levy	278,143	150,660	417,215	197,018	1,043,036
Total to be accounted for	280,146	153,855	424,134	199,183	1,057,318
Tax collections:					
Current year	271,962	147,312	407,943	192,640	1,019,857
Prior years	1,729	2,671	5,710	1,931	12,041
Total Collections	273,691	149,983	413,653	194,571	1,031,898
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$ 6,455	\$ 3,872	\$ 10,481	\$ 4,612	\$ 25,420
Taxes Receivable, By Years					
2016	\$ 6,181	\$ 3,348	\$ 9,272	\$ 4,378	\$ 23,179
2015	135	234	505	234	1,108
2010	139	290	704		1,133
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$ 6,455	\$ 3,872	\$ 10,481	\$ 4,612	\$ 25,420
		2016	2015	2014	2013
Property Valuations:					
Land		\$ 22,085,390	\$ 21,351,110	\$ 17,785,840	\$ 17,591,040
Improvements		98,963,355	80,339,917	68,955,861	59,383,188
Personal Property		175,350	292,510	81,790	65,310
Exemptions		(5,331,201)	(562,247)	(495,998)	(321,829)
Total Property Valuations		\$ 115,892,894	\$ 101,421,290	\$ 86,327,493	\$ 76,717,709
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:					
Maintenance tax rates		\$ 0.24	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.045
Contract tax rates		0.13	0.19	0.23	0.265
W-S-D debt service tax rates		0.36	0.41	0.48	0.590
Road debt service tax rates		0.17	0.19		
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation		\$ 0.90	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.90
Adjusted Tax Levy:		\$ 1,043,036	\$ 912,792	\$ 776,947	\$ 690,459
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **		97.78%	99.88%	100.00%	100.00%

* Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$0.99 on February 15, 2005

** Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 Series 2007--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due March 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ -	\$ 9,460	\$ 9,460
2019		9,460	9,460
2020		9,460	9,460
2021		9,460	9,460
2022		9,460	9,460
2023		9,460	9,460
2024		9,460	9,460
2025		9,460	9,460
2026		9,460	9,460
2027		9,460	9,460
2028		9,460	9,460
2029		9,460	9,460
2030	220,000	9,460	229,460
	<u>\$ 220,000</u>	<u>\$ 122,980</u>	<u>\$ 342,980</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 Series 2008--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due March 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ -	\$ 24,480	\$ 24,480
2019		24,480	24,480
2020		24,480	24,480
2021		24,480	24,480
2022		24,480	24,480
2023		24,480	24,480
2024		24,480	24,480
2025		24,480	24,480
2026		24,480	24,480
2027		24,480	24,480
2028		24,480	24,480
2029		24,480	24,480
2030	235,000	24,480	259,480
2031	245,000	12,495	257,495
	<u>\$ 480,000</u>	<u>\$ 330,735</u>	<u>\$ 810,735</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 Series 2014 Refunding--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due March 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 275,000	\$ 113,059	\$ 388,059
2019	285,000	105,276	390,276
2020	290,000	97,211	387,211
2021	305,000	89,003	394,003
2022	310,000	80,372	390,372
2023	325,000	71,599	396,599
2024	340,000	62,401	402,401
2025	350,000	52,780	402,780
2026	355,000	42,874	397,874
2027	370,000	32,828	402,828
2028	385,000	22,357	407,357
2029	405,000	11,461	416,461
	<u>\$ 3,995,000</u>	<u>\$ 781,221</u>	<u>\$ 4,776,221</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 Series 2015 Road--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ -	\$ 184,100	\$ 184,100
2019		184,100	184,100
2020		184,100	184,100
2021		184,100	184,100
2022		184,100	184,100
2023		184,100	184,100
2024		184,100	184,100
2025		184,100	184,100
2026		184,100	184,100
2027		184,100	184,100
2028		184,100	184,100
2029		184,100	184,100
2030		184,100	184,100
2031		184,100	184,100
2032	165,000	181,006	346,006
2033	430,000	169,850	599,850
2034	450,000	153,350	603,350
2035	465,000	136,194	601,194
2036	485,000	118,381	603,381
2037	510,000	100,044	610,044
2038	530,000	80,200	610,200
2039	555,000	58,500	613,500
2040	580,000	35,800	615,800
2041	605,000	12,100	617,100
	<u>\$ 4,775,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,622,825</u>	<u>\$ 8,397,825</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 Series 2017 Road--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ -	\$ 68,702	\$ 68,702
2019	150,000	67,652	217,652
2020	155,000	65,362	220,362
2021	165,000	62,636	227,636
2022	170,000	59,451	229,451
2023	175,000	55,826	230,826
2024	185,000	51,681	236,681
2025	195,000	46,926	241,926
2026	200,000	41,591	241,591
2027	210,000	35,641	245,641
2028	220,000	29,081	249,081
2029	230,000	22,221	252,221
2030	240,000	15,051	255,051
2031	250,000	7,269	257,269
2032	95,000	1,603	96,603
	<u>\$ 2,640,000</u>	<u>\$ 630,693</u>	<u>\$ 3,270,693</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

*Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
 All Bonded Debt Series--by Years
 July 31, 2017*

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1, March 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2018	\$ 275,000	\$ 399,801	\$ 674,801
2019	435,000	390,968	825,968
2020	445,000	380,613	825,613
2021	470,000	369,679	839,679
2022	480,000	357,863	837,863
2023	500,000	345,465	845,465
2024	525,000	332,122	857,122
2025	545,000	317,746	862,746
2026	555,000	302,505	857,505
2027	580,000	286,509	866,509
2028	605,000	269,478	874,478
2029	635,000	251,722	886,722
2030	695,000	233,091	928,091
2031	495,000	203,864	698,864
2032	260,000	182,609	442,609
2033	430,000	169,850	599,850
2034	450,000	153,350	603,350
2035	465,000	136,194	601,194
2036	485,000	118,381	603,381
2037	510,000	100,044	610,044
2038	530,000	80,200	610,200
2039	555,000	58,500	613,500
2040	580,000	35,800	615,800
2041	605,000	12,100	617,100
	<u>\$ 12,110,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,488,454</u>	<u>\$ 17,598,454</u>

See accompanying auditors' report.

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Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt
July 31, 2017

	Bond Issue			
	Series 2007	Series 2008	Series 2014 Refunding	Series 2015 Road
Interest rate	4.0% - 6.5%	5.0% - 6.0%	2.83%	3.625% - 4.0%
Dates interest payable	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1
Maturity dates	3/1/09 - 3/1/30	3/1/11 - 3/1/31	3/1/15 - 3/1/29	9/1/31 - 9/1/40
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$ 220,000	\$ 605,000	\$ 4,135,000	\$ 4,775,000
Bonds issued				
Bonds retired		(125,000)	(140,000)	
Ending bonds outstanding	<u>\$ 220,000</u>	<u>\$ 480,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,995,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,775,000</u>
Interest paid during fiscal year	<u>\$ 9,460</u>	<u>\$ 31,199</u>	<u>\$ 117,021</u>	<u>\$ 184,100</u>
Paying agent's name and city	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas			
Series 2007 & 2008				
Series 2014, 2015 Road and 2017 Road	Amegy Bank, N.A., Houston, Texas			
Bond Authority:	Water, Sewer and Drainage Bonds	Road Bonds	Refunding Bonds	
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$ 52,350,000	\$ 33,900,000	\$ 78,525,000	
Amount Issued	(6,150,000)	(7,415,000)	(170,000)	
Remaining To Be Issued	<u>\$ 46,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 26,485,000</u>	<u>\$ 78,355,000</u>	

All bonds are secured with tax revenues. Bonds may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

Debt Service Fund cash and investments balances as of July 31, 2017: \$ 840,911

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt: \$ 733,269

See accompanying auditors' report.

Series 2017 Road	Totals
1.40% - 3.375%	
9/1; 3/1	
9/1/18 -	
9/1/31	
\$ -	\$ 9,735,000
2,640,000	2,640,000
	(265,000)
\$ 2,640,000	\$ 12,110,000
\$ -	\$ 341,780

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7

**TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund
For the Last Five Fiscal Years**

	Amounts				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues					
Sewer service	\$ 248,787	\$ 254,971	\$ 230,519	\$ 234,130	\$ 192,581
Property taxes	273,509	112,833	161,409	36,090	44,642
Penalties and interest	13,230	14,165	14,986	14,379	19,089
Garbage service	168,165	148,900	147,510	141,638	114,013
Sewer connection and inspection	324,450	44,450	17,450	53,860	26,170
Storm water service	27,229	26,430	25,926	25,024	20,058
Investment earnings	1,424	997	818	631	519
Total Revenues	<u>1,056,794</u>	<u>602,746</u>	<u>598,618</u>	<u>505,752</u>	<u>417,072</u>
Expenditures					
Current service operations					
Purchased services	256,315	177,058	256,619	168,894	139,686
Professional fees	39,586	30,325	27,006	24,497	24,597
Contracted services	176,381	166,824	162,075	142,465	120,359
Repairs and maintenance	65,460	19,693	14,692	14,172	23,745
Utilities	14,473	11,480	13,196	11,797	12,898
Administrative	8,784	6,894	6,072	6,879	24,316
Other	1,466	1,488	1,437	1,489	1,425
Total Expenditures	<u>562,465</u>	<u>413,762</u>	<u>481,097</u>	<u>370,193</u>	<u>347,026</u>
Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 494,329</u>	<u>\$ 188,984</u>	<u>\$ 117,521</u>	<u>\$ 135,559</u>	<u>\$ 70,046</u>

*Percentage is negligible

See accompanying auditors' report.

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
24%	43%	38%	46%	46%
26%	19%	27%	7%	11%
1%	2%	3%	3%	5%
16%	25%	25%	28%	27%
30%	7%	3%	11%	6%
3%	4%	4%	5%	5%
*	*	*	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
24%	29%	43%	33%	33%
4%	5%	5%	5%	6%
17%	28%	27%	28%	29%
6%	3%	2%	3%	6%
1%	2%	2%	2%	3%
1%	1%	1%	1%	6%
*	*	*	*	*
53%	68%	80%	72%	83%
47%	32%	20%	28%	17%

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7

**TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund
For the Last Five Fiscal Years**

	Amounts				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 758,531	\$ 806,311	\$ 610,505	\$ 672,028	\$ 625,165
Penalties and interest	9,184	14,900	7,617	24,741	9,732
Investment earnings	3,285	2,324	1,139	1,645	1,361
Total Revenues	<u>771,000</u>	<u>823,535</u>	<u>619,261</u>	<u>698,414</u>	<u>636,258</u>
Expenditures					
Tax collection services	27,660	23,441	27,961	22,055	21,090
Debt service					
Principal	265,000	250,000	245,000	195,000	185,000
Interest and fees	343,679	262,490	213,240	260,903	272,428
Debt issuance costs			107,386		
Contractual obligation	196,457	204,031	253,089	168,180	215,774
Total Expenditures	<u>832,796</u>	<u>739,962</u>	<u>846,676</u>	<u>646,138</u>	<u>694,292</u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ (61,796)</u>	<u>\$ 83,573</u>	<u>\$ (227,415)</u>	<u>\$ 52,276</u>	<u>\$ (58,034)</u>
Total Active Retail Water Connections	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	<u>637</u>	<u>637</u>	<u>616</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>528</u>

*Percentage is negligible

See accompanying auditors' report.

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
99%	98%	99%	96%	98%
1%	2%	1%	4%	2%
*	*	*	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
4%	3%	5%	3%	3%
34%	30%	40%	28%	29%
45%	32%	34%	37%	43%
		17%		
25%	25%	41%	24%	34%
108%	90%	137%	92%	109%
(8%)	10%	(37%)	8%	(9%)

Kaufman County Municipal Utility District No. 7
TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants
For the Year Ended July 31, 2017

Complete District Mailing Address: 14755 Preston Road, Suite 600, Dallas, Texas 75254
District Business Telephone Number: (972) 788-1600
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): June 5, 2017
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200
(Set by Board Resolution -- TWC Section 49.0600)

Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees of Office Paid *	Expense Reimburse- ments	Title at Year End
Board Members				
Hugh F. Anderson, II	5/14 - 5/18	\$ 1,200	\$ -	President
Brooke Sammons	5/16 - 5/20	1,200		Vice President
Holly Martin	5/14 - 5/18	1,050		Secretary
Kim Moon	5/16 - 5/20	750		Assistant Secretary
Jason Ruiz	2/17 - 5/20	600		Assistant Secretary
Consultants				
		<u>Amounts Paid</u>		
Coats Rose, P.C.	2004	\$ 104,850		Attorney / Delinquent Tax Attorney
Severn Trent Environmental Services, Inc.	2004	39,565		Operator
L & S District Services, LLC	2015	8,626		Bookkeeper
Utility Tax Service	2005	13,600		Tax Collector
Kaufman County Appraisal District	Legislation	11,329		Property Valuation
Westwood Professional Services	2015	40,952		Engineer
McGrath & Co., PLLC	Annual	15,400		Auditor
H2O Services	2006	17,908		Billing Service
Robert W. Baird & Co. Inc.	2015	56,642		Financial Advisor

* *Fees of Office* are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.
See accompanying auditors' report.

APPENDIX B
SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER:

Policy No: -N

BONDS: \$ in aggregate principal amount of

Effective Date:

Premium: \$

ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. ("AGM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance of and securing the Bonds) for the Bonds, for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of AGM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the Business Day next following the Business Day on which AGM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, AGM will disburse to or for the benefit of each Owner of a Bond the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bond that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by AGM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of the principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in AGM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by AGM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by AGM for purposes of the preceding sentence and AGM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, who may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement in respect of a Bond, AGM shall become the owner of the Bond, any appurtenant coupon to the Bond or right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on the Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under the Bond, to the extent of any payment by AGM hereunder. Payment by AGM to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners shall, to the extent thereof, discharge the obligation of AGM under this Policy.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity unless AGM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment of principal or interest that is Due for Payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer which has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the

United States Bankruptcy Code by a trustee in bankruptcy in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means telephonic or telecopied notice, subsequently confirmed in a signed writing, or written notice by registered or certified mail, from an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent to AGM which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount and (d) the date such claimed amount became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer or any person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

AGM may appoint a fiscal agent (the "Insurer's Fiscal Agent") for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee and the Paying Agent specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee and the Paying Agent, (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to AGM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer's Fiscal Agent and to AGM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by AGM under this Policy may be made directly by AGM or by the Insurer's Fiscal Agent on behalf of AGM. The Insurer's Fiscal Agent is the agent of AGM only and the Insurer's Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to any Owner for any act of the Insurer's Fiscal Agent or any failure of AGM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, AGM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to AGM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of AGM, and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, (a) any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity and (b) this Policy may not be canceled or revoked. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW.

In witness whereof, ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP. has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

ASSURED GUARANTY MUNICIPAL CORP.

By _____
Authorized Officer

A subsidiary of Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc.
1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019
(212) 974-0100